```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
# Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('/content/InstagramThreads_Reviews-Data-1.csv')
```

```
#exploring the dataset
df.head()
```

	source	review_description	rating	review_date
0	Google Play	Meh. Not the greatest experience on a Chromebo...	2	7/8/2023 14:18
1	Google Play	Pretty good for a first launch!! Its easy to u...	3	7/19/2023 20:52
2	Google Play	For a brand new app, it's very well optimized....	3	7/6/2023 23:03
3	Google Play	Great app with a lot of potential! However, th...	3	7/10/2023 0:53
4	Google Play	The app is good, but it needs a lot of functio...	3	7/6/2023 16:57

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```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 32910 entries, 0 to 32909
Data columns (total 4 columns):
 #   Column              Non-Null Count  Dtype 
---  ------              --------------  ----- 
 0   source              32910 non-null  object
 1   review_description  32910 non-null  object
 2   rating              32910 non-null  int64 
 3   review_date         32910 non-null  object
dtypes: int64(1), object(3)
memory usage: 1.0+ MB
```

```
df.describe()
```

	rating
count	32910.000000
mean	3.398481
std	1.751480
min	1.000000
25%	1.000000
50%	4.000000
75%	5.000000
max	5.000000

```
#Data preprocessing and cleaning
df.isnull().sum()
```

```
source                0
review_description    0
rating                0
review_date           0
dtype: int64
```

```
#dropping NA values if any
df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
df.describe()
```

	rating
count	32910.000000
mean	3.398481
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 3   review_date         32910 non-null  object
dtypes: int64(1), object(3)
memory usage: 1.0+ MB
```

```
#Convert 'review_date' to datetime

df['review_date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['review_date'])
```

```
df.head()
```

	source	review_description	rating	review_date
0	Google Play	Meh. Not the greatest experience on a Chromebo...	2	2023-07-08 14:18:00
1	Google Play	Pretty good for a first launch!! Its easy to u...	3	2023-07-19 20:52:00
2	Google Play	For a brand new app, it's very well optimized....	3	2023-07-06 23:03:00
3	Google	Great app with a lot of potential! However,	2	2023-07-10

Next steps: Generate code with df View recommended plots

```
#exploritory data analysis

#Mean rating by platform
mean_rating_by_platform = df.groupby('source')['rating'].mean()
print(mean_rating_by_platform)


print('\n')

#median rating by platform
median_rating_by_platform = df.groupby('source')['rating'].median()
print(median_rating_by_platform)

print('\n')

#mode rating by platform
mode_rating_by_platform = df.groupby('source')['rating'].agg(pd.Series.mode)
print(mode_rating_by_platform)
```

```
source
App Store      2.813258
Google Play    3.449521
Name: rating, dtype: float64


source
App Store      3.0
Google Play    4.0
Name: rating, dtype: float64
```

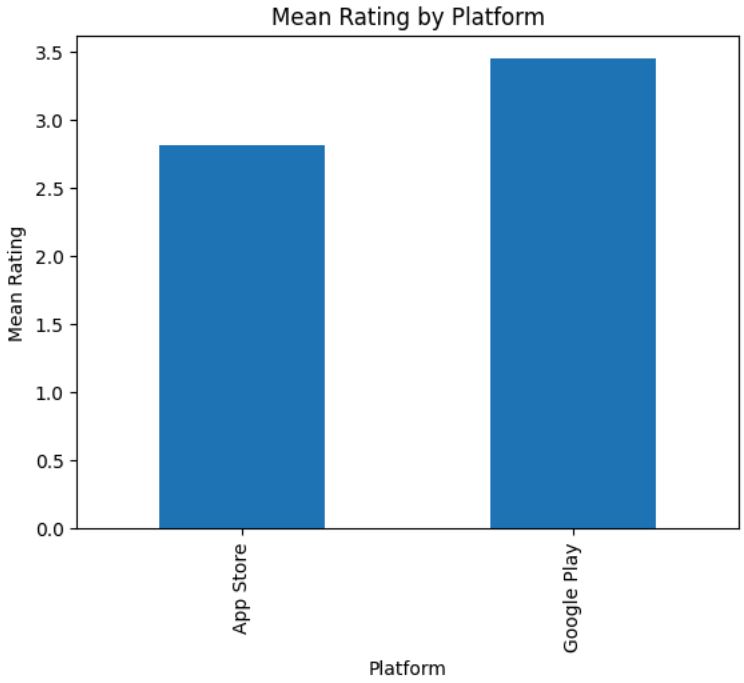
```
source
App Store      1
Google Play    5
Name: rating, dtype: int64
```

```
#visual represntation

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
#bar graph for mean ratings

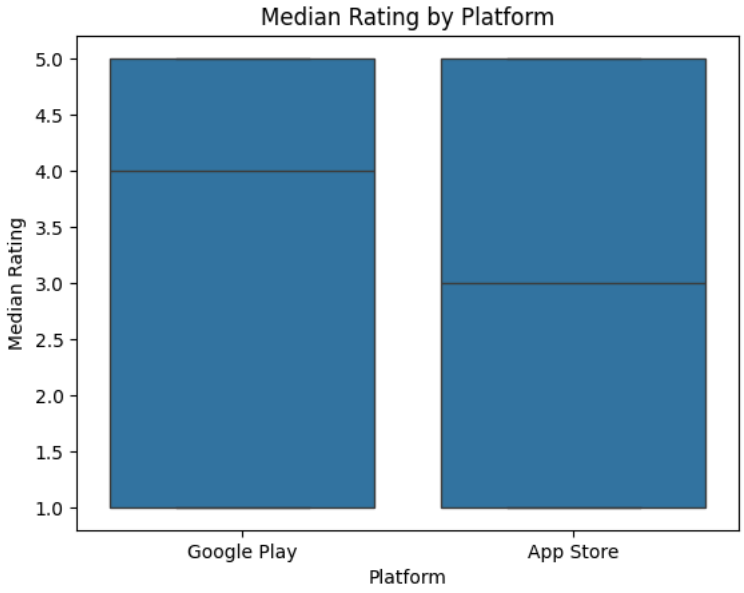

mean_rating_by_platform.plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Mean Rating by Platform')
plt.xlabel('Platform')
plt.ylabel('Mean Rating')
plt.show()

#Mean rating is better on google play store
```



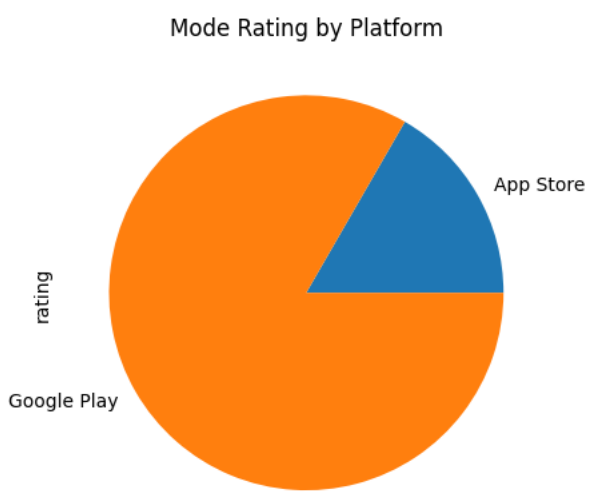

```
#boxplot for median rating by platform
sns.boxplot(x='source', y='rating', data=df)
plt.title('Median Rating by Platform')
plt.xlabel('Platform')
plt.ylabel('Median Rating')
plt.show()


#median is better on the google playstore
```




```
#pie chart for number of ratings per platform
mode_rating_by_platform.plot(kind='pie')
plt.title('Mode Rating by Platform')
plt.show()

#Google play has substantially better mode rating
```




```
#Number of reviews by platform
reviews_by_platform = df['source'].value_counts()
print(reviews_by_platform)
```

```
source
Google Play    30270
App Store       2640
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
#Mean rating over time

mean_rating_over_time = df.groupby('review_date')['rating'].mean()
print(mean_rating_over_time)
'''plt.plot(mean_rating_over_time)
plt.title('Mean Rating Over Time')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Mean Rating')
plt.show()'''
```

```
review_date
2023-07-05 22:53:00    3.0
2023-07-05 22:54:00    5.0
2023-07-05 22:56:00    5.0
2023-07-05 22:59:00    4.0
2023-07-05 23:00:00    5.0
                      ...
2023-07-25 09:21:00    1.0
2023-07-25 09:32:00    2.0
2023-07-25 09:35:00    1.0
2023-07-25 09:37:00    5.0
2023-07-25 09:42:00    5.0
Name: rating, Length: 11749, dtype: float64
'plt.plot(mean_rating_over_time)\nplt.title('Mean Rating Over Time')\nplt.xlabel('Da
te')\nplt.ylabel('Mean Rating')\nplt.show()'
```

```
#Number of reviews over time
reviews_over_time = df['review_date'].value_counts()
print(reviews_over_time.head())
print(reviews_over_time.tail())

print('\n')

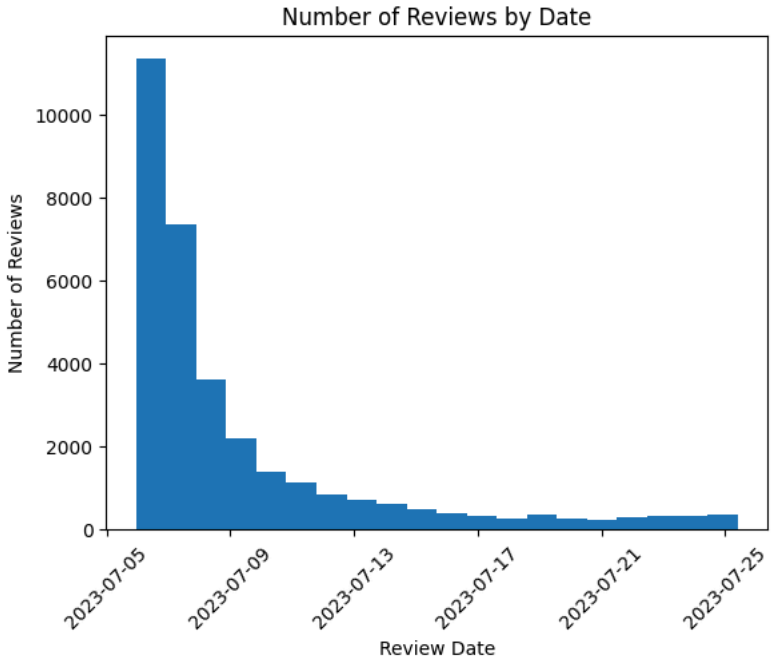
#visualization

plt.hist(df['review_date'],bins = 20)

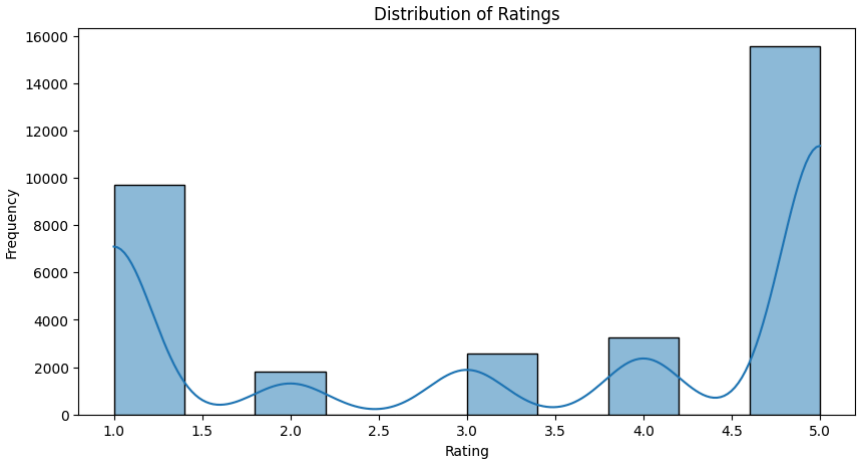
plt.xlabel('Review Date')
plt.ylabel('Number of Reviews')
plt.title('Number of Reviews by Date')


# Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```

```
review_date
2023-07-06 16:43:00    22
2023-07-06 13:35:00    20
2023-07-06 16:49:00    20
2023-07-06 13:36:00    19
2023-07-06 14:22:00    19
Name: count, dtype: int64
review_date
2023-07-16 13:52:00    1
2023-07-10 03:35:00    1
2023-07-16 14:50:00    1
2023-07-14 04:26:00    1
2023-07-17 06:39:00    1
Name: count, dtype: int64
```



```
# Distribution of ratings
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.histplot(df['rating'], bins=10, kde=True)
plt.title('Distribution of Ratings')
plt.xlabel('Rating')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```




```
#generating word cloud

from wordcloud import WordCloud
# Randomly select 30-50 reviews
sample_reviews = df['review_description'].sample(50).values

# Generate
wordcloud = WordCloud(width=800, height=400, background_color='white').generate(' '.join(sample_reviews))

# Display
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```

```
#difference in the reviews by stars per platform
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.countplot(data=df, x='rating', hue='source')
plt.title('Count of Star Ratings by Platform')
plt.xlabel('Rating')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```