



# ISA/IEC 62443: Intro & How To

Jim Gilsinn



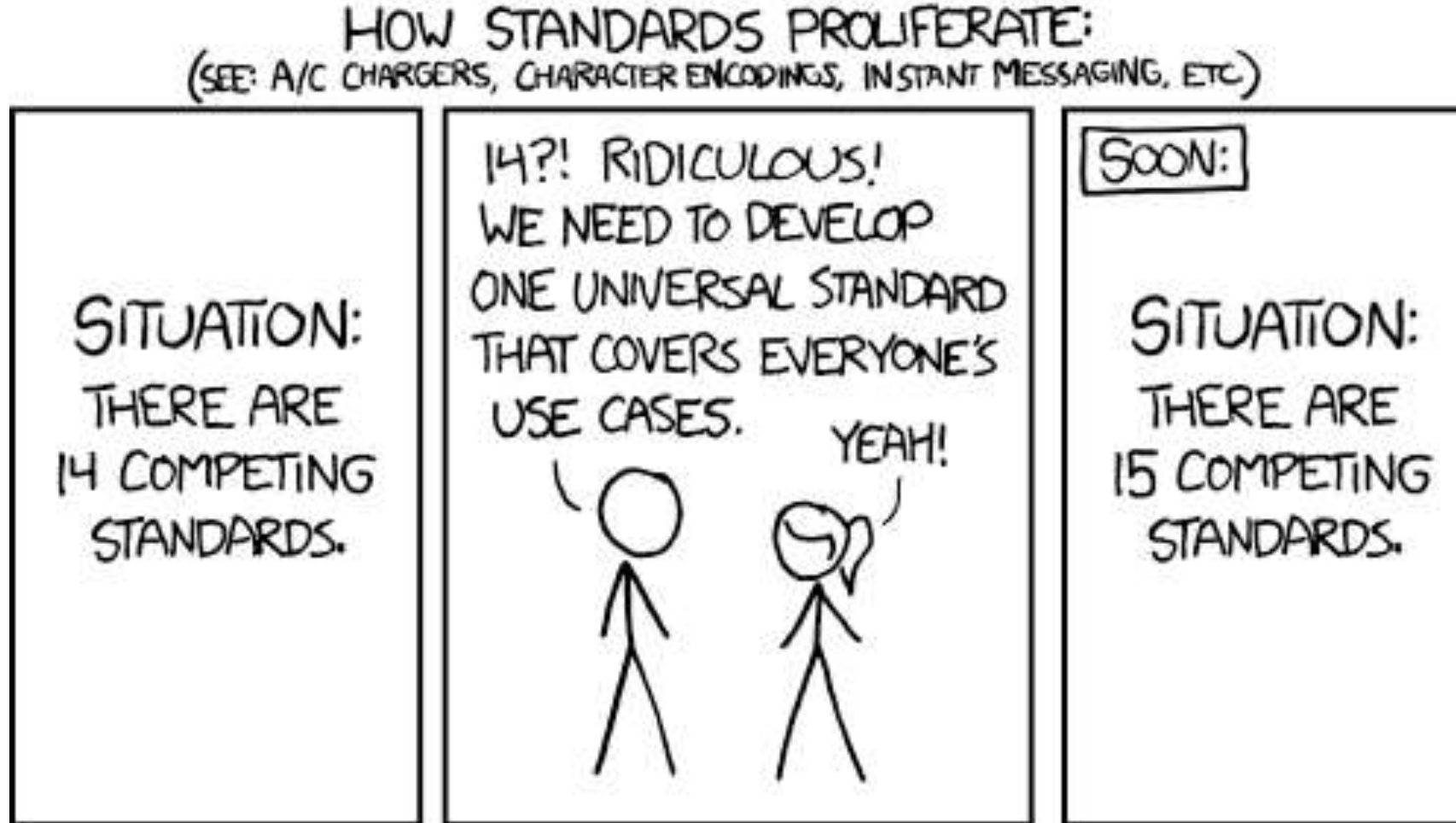
# Jim Gilsinn

- Principal Consultant, Kenexis
- Previously, Engineering Lab @ NIST
- ISA99 Committee, Co-Chair
  - ISA99, Working Group 2, Co-Chair
  - ISA99, General Editor
- MSEE, Controls



ISA/IEC 62443  
Cybersecurity Expert

# To Many Standards!



# Interrelated IACS Cyber Security Standards



ISA-62443



Cybersecurity Framework  
SP800-53, SP800-82



ISO/IEC 2700x  
IEC 62443



**Center for  
Internet Security®**

20 Critical Security Controls

# How Do You Pick The Right Standard?

- Regulation
  - Regulated industries may have compliance requirements
  - NERC CIP, NRC/NEI, API, CFATS
- Industry Guidance
  - Some industries have preferred sets of requirements
  - Chemical, Transportation, Oil & Gas
- Corporate Preference/Culture
  - Who owns cyber security for production?

# ISA99 & ISA/IEC-62443 Basics

# ISA99 Committee

The International Society of Automation (ISA) Committee on Security for Industrial Automation & Control Systems (ISA99)

- 500+ members
- Representing companies across all sectors, including:
  - Chemical Processing
  - Petroleum Refining
  - Food and Beverage
  - Energy
  - Pharmaceuticals
  - Water
  - Manufacturing



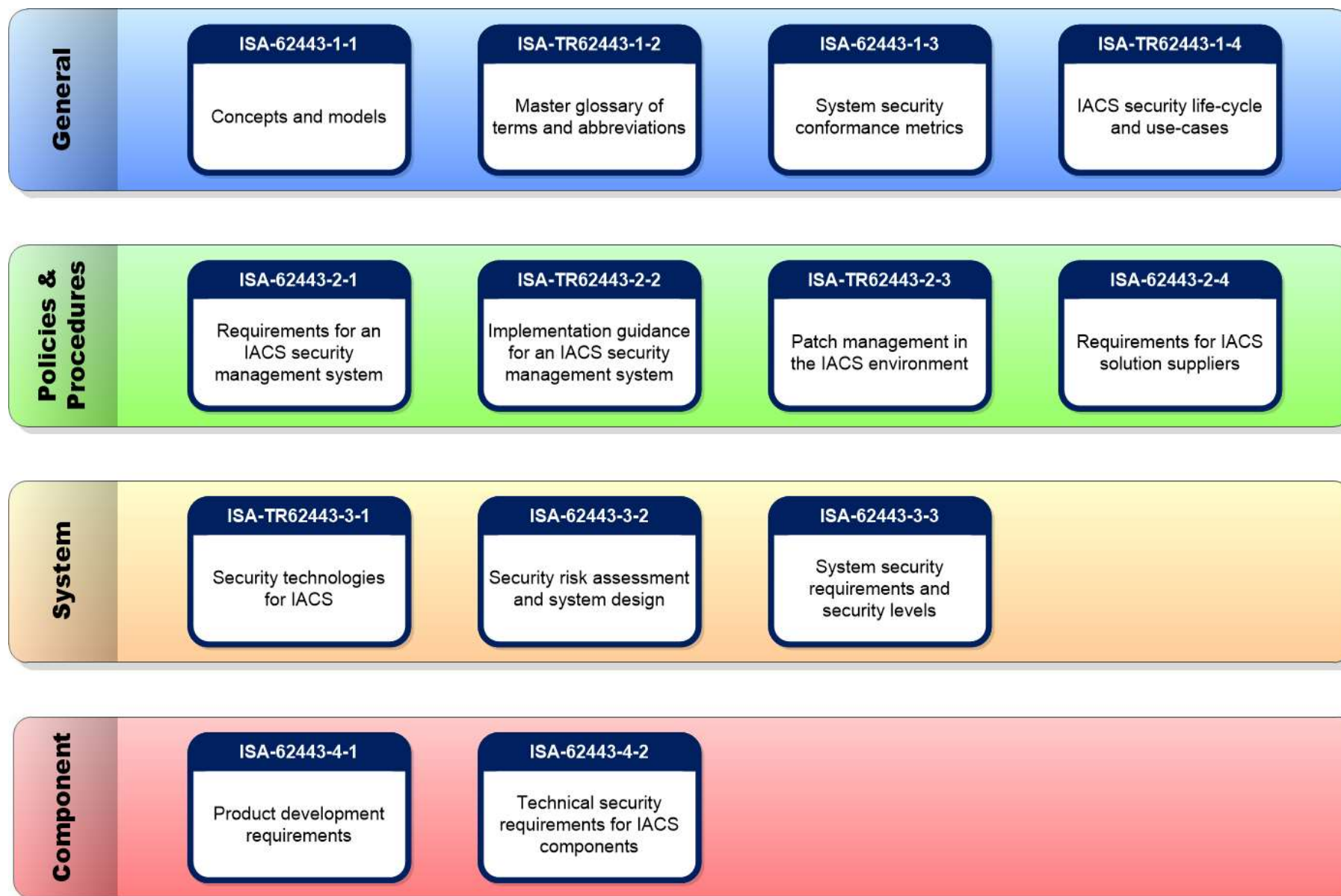
# ISA99 & ISA/IEC 62443

- ISA/IEC 62443 is a series of standards being developed by two groups:
  - ISA99 → ANSI/ISA-62443
  - IEC TC65/WG10 → IEC 62443
- In consultation with:
  - ISO/IEC JTC1/SC27 → ISO/IEC 2700x



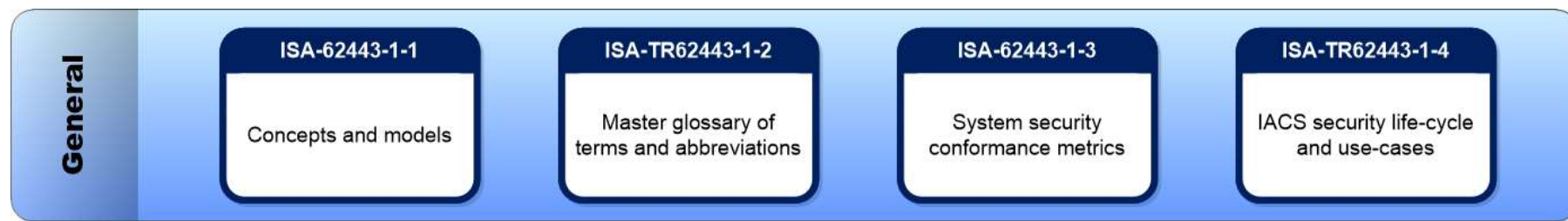


# ISA/IEC 62443 Series

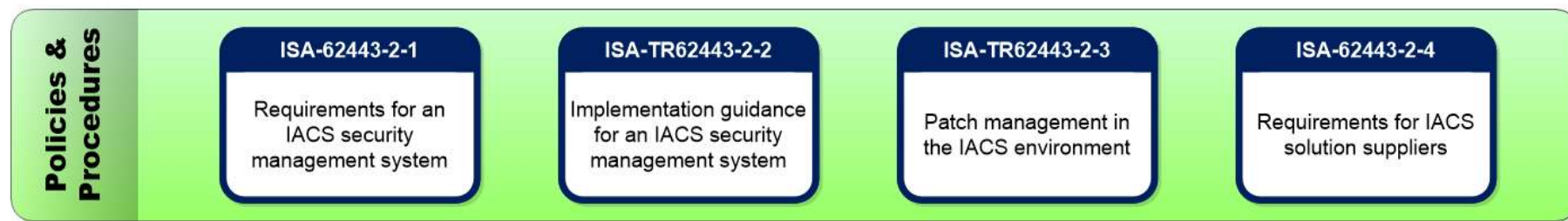


# Roles

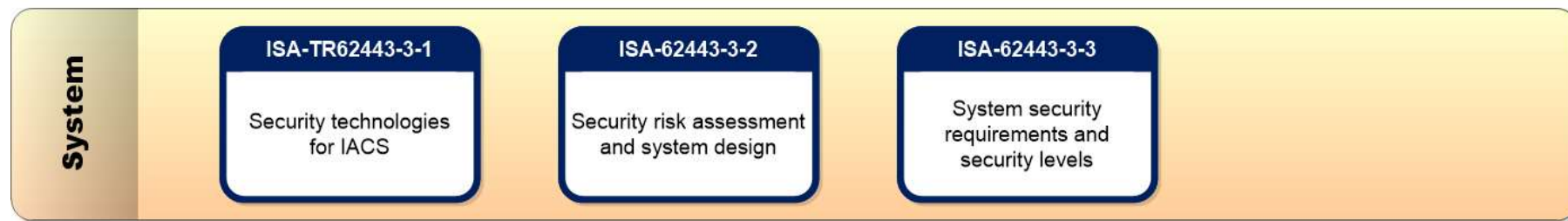
## General/Everyone



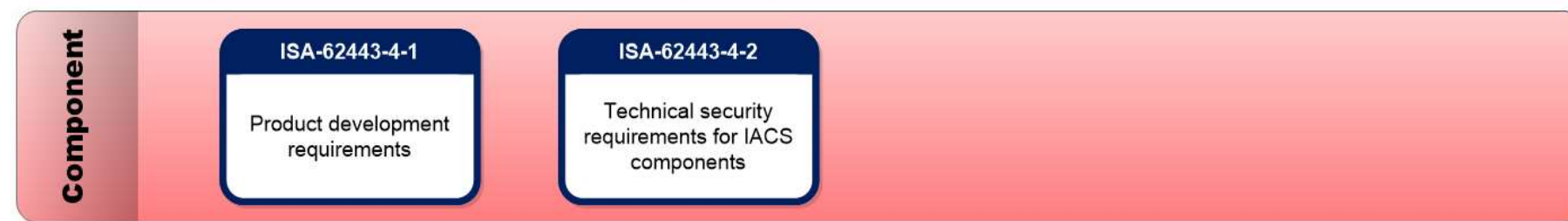
## Asset Owners



## System Integrators



## Vendors



# How Do We Use ISA/IEC 62443?

# Creating a Security Program

- As a consultant, how do we help our customers create a security program?
- No one standard has everything
- Don't try to be an expert in everything
  - Pick one and become an expert
  - Pick one or two others and become knowledgeable
  - Get exposed to the others
  - Pick individuals to gain knowledge on different ones
  - Many of them have similar requirements
- Customers generally have one in mind
  - As part of RFP, customers generally indicate which one they want to use as their base

# Creating a Security Program (cont'd)

- Try to avoid one-off solutions
  - Start with a main standard
  - Integrate good parts of other standards
  - Create a repeatable process
- But, don't create a cookie-cutter solution
  - Customers all have different needs and priorities
  - Security program will need to be tailored
- Include a checklist, but don't focus on it
  - Everyone talks about not using a checklist approach
  - Customers want a simple assessment tool to evaluate whether they met their design goals
  - Checklists provide “add-on value” for customers

# Creating a Security Program (cont'd)

- Avoid approaching this from a purely security point of view
  - If security is seen as insurance, it will be difficult to justify
  - Risk management or incident response is a good tact
  - System reliability and production uptime are also another tact
- A viable security program is difficult to design without an assessment
  - A security program shouldn't exist in a vacuum
  - Understand what you have and how you work

# Assess Current State

## Identify the SUC

- Clear definition of scope
- Identify organizations as well

## Conduct High-Level Risk Assessment

- Reuse existing information
- General risk assessment categories
- Not comprehensive

## Define Zones & Conduits

- Network segmentation
- Logical/physical breakdown
- Consider safety, wireless, temporary, vendors/contractors

## Conduct Detailed Risk Assessment

- Identification & classification
- Asset inventory
- Network diagrams
- Data captures
- Infrastructure configs/rules
- Identify existing vulnerabilities
- Define potential consequences
- Determine potential threats



# Design The Solution

## Define Targets

- Don't overcomplicate
- Utilize similar target levels

## Evaluate Countermeasures

- Evaluate data from detailed risk assessment
- Compare to "industry" recommendations
- Understand OT is different

## Design & Integrate

- Design solutions
- Pick equipment
- Integrate in test environment, if possible

## Reevaluate Countermeasures

- Redo detailed risk-assessment analysis

# Questions?

- Contact Information

- Jim Gilsinn
- [jim.gilsinn@kenexis.com](mailto:jim.gilsinn@kenexis.com)
- <https://www.kenexis.com>
- +1-614-323-2254
- @JimGilsinn

- ISA99 Information

- <http://isa99.isa.org>

## Security Is Not About Compliance!

