

Python: Language Basics

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Classes

- Classes act as blueprints for creating objects.

What are instance attributes?:

- Unique to each instance (object) of a class.
- Store data specific to that object.
- Defined within the **init()** constructor method, using the self parameter.

[Video: How to Create a Class](#)

Example #: How to create a Class

```
# Class Definition
class Student:
    # Constructor
    def __init__(self, name, age, grade): # self refers to the current object
being created.
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.grade = grade
    # Method
    def info(self):
        print(f"Name = {self.name} Age = {self.age} Grade = {self.grade}")

# Object Creation

student1 = Student("Hamza", 8, 3)
student2 = Student("Muhammad", 15, 10)

# Accessing Attributes and Methods
```

```
print(student1.name)
student1.info()
student2.info()
```

Key Points:

- Classes act as blueprints for creating objects.
- Objects are instances of classes, each with their own attributes (data) and methods (behaviors).
- The `__init__()` method initializes objects when they're created.
- Methods are functions defined within a class that operate on the object's data.
- `self` is used to access the object's attributes and methods within its methods.

Example #:

```
class Student:
    """Represents a student with their name, age, and grade."""

    def __init__(self, name, age, grade):
        """Initializes a Student object with the given attributes."""
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.grade = grade

    def get_name(self):
        """Returns the student's name."""
        return self.name

    def get_age(self):
        """Returns the student's age."""
        return self.age

    def get_grade(self):
        """Returns the student's grade."""
        return self.grade

    def set_grade(self, new_grade):
        """Updates the student's grade."""
        self.grade = new_grade

    def introduce(self):
        """Prints a self-introduction message."""
        print("Hello, my name is", self.name, "and I'm in grade", self.grade)

# Example usage
student1 = Student("Hamza", 8, 3)
student2 = Student("Muhammad", 16, 10)

student1.introduce() # Output: Hello, my name is Alice and I'm in grade 9
print(student2.get_name()) # Output: Bob
student2.set_grade(11)
```

```
print(student2.get_grade()) # Output: 11
```

Class and Instance Attributes in Python:

- In Python, class attributes are the variables defined directly in the class that are shared by all objects of the class.
- Instance attributes are attributes or properties attached to an instance of a class. Instance attributes are defined in the constructor using the `self` parameter.

The following table lists the difference between class attribute and instance attribute:

Class Attribute	Instance Attribute
Defined directly inside a class.	Defined inside a constructor using the <code>self</code> parameter.
Shared across all objects.	Specific to object.
Accessed using class name as well as using object with dot notation, e.g. <code>classname.class_attribute</code> or <code>object.class_attribute</code> .	Accessed using object dot notation e.g. <code>object.instance_attribute</code> .
Changing value by using <code>classname.class_attribute = value</code> will be reflected to all the objects.	Changing value of instance attribute will not be reflected to other objects.

Key Terms

True/False (Mark T for True and F for False)

Multiple Choice (Select the best answer)

Fill in the Blanks

Exercises

Review Questions

References and Bibliography

- [Classes - Python documentation](#)
- [Python Attributes – Class and Instance Attribute Examples - freecodecamp.org](#)