Microsoft Word: Character Formatting | Microsoft 365

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- To access the updated handouts, please click on the following link: https://yasirbhutta.github.io/msword/docs/character-formatting.html
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Formatting

- The process of defining the appearance of a document is called formatting. It includes the following options:
 - Changing the font and font size of text
 - Applying boarder and shadings

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Adding picture and graphics etc.

Types Of Formatting:

There are three types of formatting:

- 1. Character Formatting
- A type of formatting that is applied to an individual character is called Character Formatting.
- Important character formatting are typeface, font size, font color, font style and character spacing etc.
- 2. Paragraph Formatting
 - A type of formatting that is applied to a complete paragraph is called Paragraph formatting.
 - Paragraph is a collection of text that ends with Enter key.
 - Word inserts a new paragraph in the document wherever the user presses the Enter key.
 - o Example: Text Alignment, Indentation, Line space, Bullets and Numbering
- 3. Page Formatting
 - Page formatting: The formatting applied on page is called page formatting.
 - o It includes the following: Page Size, Margins, Page Orientation, Headers and Footer

1. CHARACTER FORMATTING

1.1. Font

- The appearance of text in the document is called font or typeface.
- Fonts are used to make the text of different styles and sizes. Fonts by Category http://www.fontpool.com/categories/ Change the Font

1.2 Font Size

- Size of text is document is called Font Size.
- Font size is measured in points.
- There are 72 points in an inch.

Change Font Size

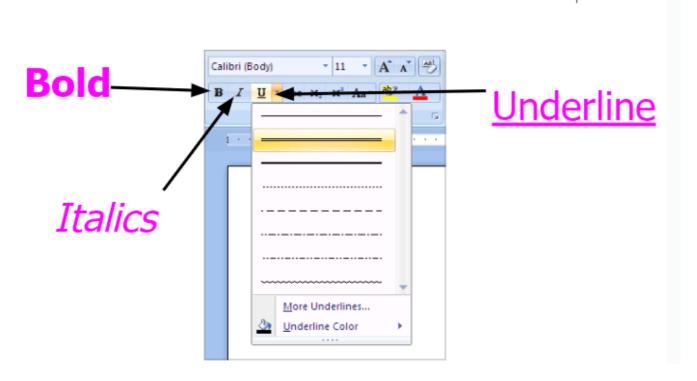
Click on the Arrow sign of Font Size in Font group

OR

Keyboard shortcut for Grow Font: CTRL+SHIFT + > Keyboard shortcut for Shrink Font: CTRL+SHIFT + <

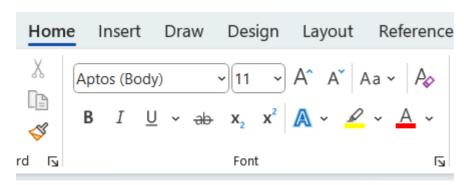
1.3. Font Style

• Font Style is used to bold, Italicize and underline the text.



Change Font Style:

• On the **Home** tab, in the **Font** group, click **Font Style**



Underline words, but not the spaces between them:

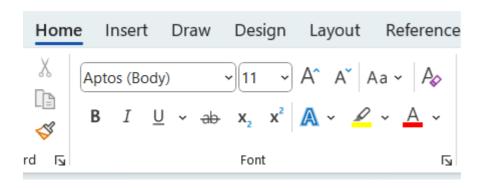
- Select the text that you want to underline.
- On the Home tab, click the Font Dialog Box Launcher, and then click the Font tab.
- In the Underline style box, click Words only.

1.4. Font Color

• Font color is used to change the color of the text.

Change Font Color:

• On the Home tab, in the Font group, click Font Color

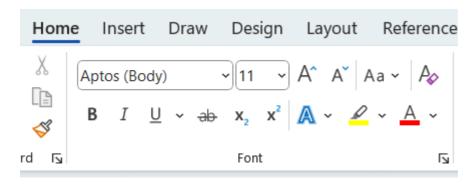


1.5. Text Highlight Color

• Make text look like it was marked with highlighter pen

Text Highlight Color:

• On the **Home** tab, in the **Font** group, click **Text Highlight** Color

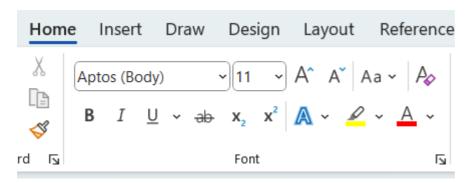


1.6. Subscript

• Create small letters below the text baseline

H2O Change Subscript

• On the **Home** tab, in the **Font** group, click **Subscript**



OR

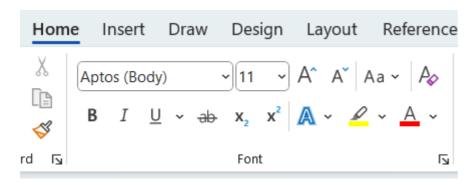
• Keyboard shortcut: Ctrl+Shift+_

1.7. Superscript

• Create small letters above the line of text.

5th Change Superscript:

• On the Home tab, in the Font group, click Superscript



OR

Keyboard shortcut: Ctrl+Shift++

Task: Applying Subscript and Superscript in Microsoft Word

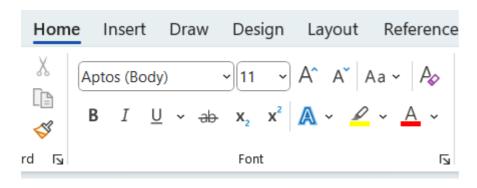
- 1. Write "H2O" and convert "2" to subscript.
- 2. Write "10⁵" and apply superscript to "5".

1.8. Strikethrough

• Draw a line through the middle of the selected text.

Apply Strikethrough:

• On the Home tab, in the Font group, click Strikethrough



Task: Applying Strikethrough in Microsoft Word

- 1. Write the sentence:
 - "The deadline for the project is Monday Friday."
- 2. Use the **Strikethrough** feature to cross out the word **Monday**.

Task: Applying Double Strikethrough in Microsoft Word

- 1. Write the sentence:
 - "The initial budget of \$1000 has been revised."
- 2. Apply **Double Strikethrough** to the text **\$1000** to indicate its removal.

Steps:

- 1. Highlight **\$1000**.
- 2. Open the **Font** dialog box (right-click and select **Font** or press **Ctrl + D**).
- 3. Check the **Double Strikethrough** option.
- 4. Click **OK** to apply.

1.9. Character Case

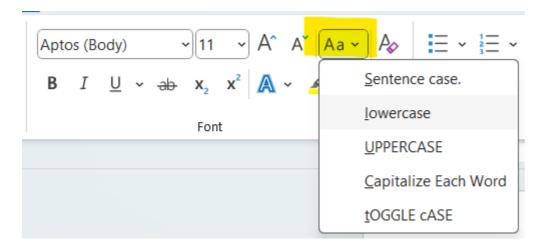
- The character in which text is written is called case of the text.
- Capital letters are called upper case letters.
- Small letters are call lower case letters.
- **Sentence case:** It changes the first character of sentence to upper case and all other characters to the lower case.
- **lower case:** it changes all characters to lowercase
- UPPER CASE: IT CHANGES ALL CHARACTERS TO UPPER CASE.
- Capitalize Each Word: It Changes The First Characters Of Each Word To Uppercase And All Other Characters To Lowercase.
- tOGGLE cASE: iT sWITCHES uPPERCASE tO IOWERCASE aND VICE VERSA.

Using the Ribbon Menu

- 1. Highlight the text.
- 2. Go to the **Home** tab.
- 3. Click on the **Change Case** button (represented by "Aa") in the **Font** group.
- 4. Select the desired case option from the dropdown menu.

Using Keyboard Shortcut

- Select the text
- Press **Shift** + **F3** until the required case is achieved.



Task: Practicing Character Case Formatting in Microsoft Word

1. Write the sentence:

"microsoft word is a powerful word processing tool."

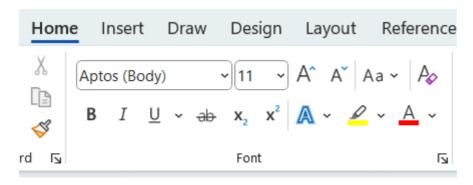
- 2. Perform the following tasks to change the case:
 - Convert the entire sentence to UPPERCASE.
 - Convert the entire sentence to **lowercase**.
 - Use Capitalize Each Word to make it: "Microsoft Word Is A Powerful Word Processing Tool."
 - Apply Toggle Case to make it: "MICROSOFT wORD IS A POWERFUL WORD PROCESSING TOOL."

1.10. Clear Formatting

• Clear formatting command clear all the formatting from the selection and leave only plain text.

Using the Ribbon Menu

- 1. Highlight the formatted text.
- 2. Go to the **Home** tab.
- 3. In the **Font** group, click on the **Clear All Formatting** button (represented by an eraser icon).



Using Keyboard Shortcut

Press Ctrl + Spacebar to clear character formatting (such as bold, font, and font size) from selected text 2.

Task: Removing Text Formatting in Microsoft Word

1. Write the sentence:

"This is a sample text with bold, italic, underline, and color formatting."

- 2. Perform the following tasks:
 - Apply **Bold**, **Italic**, **Underline**, and a text color (e.g., Red) to the sentence.
 - Use the Clear Formatting feature to remove all the formatting, returning the text to its default style.

1.11. Using Font Dialog Box

The font dialog box can be used to apply different formatting option on the text

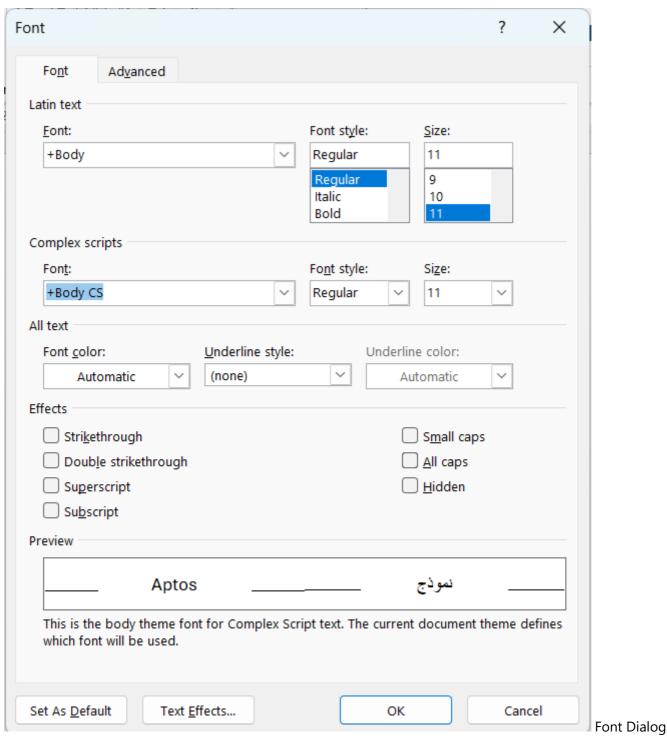
Font Dialog Box

• Click on the Arrow sign of Font group

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Using Keyboard Shortcut

Keyboard shortcut: CTRL+D



Box

1.11.1. Character Spacing

- The distance between two characters is called character spacing.
- It can be specified in two ways:
 - Character Spacing is used to increase or decrease distance between characters.
 - Kerning automatically adjusts the distance between characters.

Using the Ribbon Menu

- 1. Highlight the text.
- 2. Go to the **Home** tab and click the small arrow in the **Font** group to open the **Font dialog box**.
- 3. In the dialog box, click the **Advanced** tab.
- 4. Under **Character Spacing**, adjust the **Spacing** dropdown to **Expanded** or **Condensed**, and set the point size.
- 5. Click **OK** to apply the changes.

Task: Adjusting Character Spacing in Microsoft Word

1. Write the sentence:

"Text formatting can improve document presentation."

- 2. Perform the following tasks to adjust character spacing:
 - Increase the **spacing between letters** to make the text more spread out.
 - Decrease the **spacing between letters** to bring the text closer together.
 - Apply **Expanded** spacing by 2 pt for a wider effect.
 - Apply **Condensed** spacing by 1 pt for a tighter look.

1.12. Mini Toolbar

 When we select text, we can show or hide a handy, miniature, semitransparent toolbar called the Mini toolbar • To use toolbar, click any of the available command.

1.13. Format Painter

• The Format Painter is a tool that is used to copy formats from existing text and apply it to other text in the document.

Using the Ribbon Menu

- Select the text or graphic that has the formatting that you want to copy.
- On the Home tab, in the Clipboard group, click Format Painter.
- Select the text or graphic that you want to format.
- To stop formatting, press **ESC**.

•

Important: Double-click the Format Painter button if you want to change the format of multiple selections in your document.

Using Keyboard Shortcut

• Select the text already formatted to copy format. • Press **Alt+Ctrl+C** • Select the text to apply format. • Press **Alt+Ctrl+V**

Task: Using Format Painter in Microsoft Word

- 1. Write two sentences:
 - **Sentence 1:** "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog."
 - **Sentence 2:** "A journey of a thousand miles begins with a single step."

- 2. Perform the following tasks using **Format Painter**:
 - Copy the formatting (font size, color, and bold) from Sentence 1 and apply it to Sentence 2.
 - Use the Format Painter multiple times to apply the same formatting to other pieces of text in the document.

Steps:

- 1. Highlight the text that has the formatting you want to copy (Sentence 1).
- 2. Go to the **Home** tab and click on the **Format Painter** button (paintbrush icon).
- 3. Highlight the text you want to apply the formatting to (Sentence 2).
- 4. If you want to apply the same formatting to multiple sections, double-click the Format Painter button to keep it active, then click on other text sections to apply the format.

Key Terms

Font Font size Font style Character spacing Kerning Mini toolbar Format painter

True/False (Mark T for True and F for False)

- 1. Bold and italic are considered the same type of character formatting.
- 2. Character spacing refers to the distance between lines of text in a paragraph.
- 3. The format painter tool allows you to copy formatting from one text section and apply it to another.
- 4. Clearing formatting removes all character styles/formatting and returns the text to its default settings.
- 5. Strikethrough formatting is used to highlight important text.

Answer Key (True/False):

- 1. False
- 2. False
- 3. True
- 4. True
- 5. False

Multiple Choice (Select the best answer)

Which of the following is NOT a type of formatting in Microsoft Word?				
1. \square Character formatting				
2. Paragraph formatting				
3. Document formatting				
4. Page formatting				
Which knyboard chartcut can be used to increase the font size?				

- 1. CTRL+F
- 2. CTRL+SHIFT+>
- 3. ALT+S
- 4. CTRL+B

What does the Font Style option in Microsoft Word allow you to do?

 Change the font color Change the font size Bold, italicize, or underline text Adjust line spacing
Which command is used to change the color of text in Microsoft Word?
 Font Size Font Style Font Color Text Highlight Color
What is the purpose of the Subscript feature in Microsoft Word?
 To create small letters above the line of text To draw a line through the middle of selected text To create small letters below the text baseline To change the font case
How can you access the Font Dialog Box in Microsoft Word?
 Click on the Arrow sign of Font group Press CTRL+D Both a and b None of the above
What is the function of the Mini Toolbar in Microsoft Word?
 To provide access to frequently used commands To change the page size To show or hide formatting marks To insert page breaks
Which of the following is NOT a component of character formatting?
 Font style Paragraph alignment Font color Font size
What unit is used to measure font size in Microsoft Word documents?
 Pixels Points Inches Millimeters
What is the result of pressing Shift + F3 on selected text in Microsoft Word?
 It applies subscript formatting. It changes the case of the text.

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3. It applies superscript formatting.4. It clears all formatting.	
Which feature would you use to make text look like it was marked with a highlighter pen?	
 Font Color Text Highlight Color Font Style 	
4. Clear Formatting	

Fill in the Blanks

1. The process of customizing the appearance of a document, including fonts and colors, is called				
·				
2. A small toolbar that appears when you select text, offering formatting options, is called the				
3. The	tool lets you copy formatting from one text section and ap	ply it elsewhere.		
4. Clearing formatt	ting removes all character styles, returning the text to its	settings.		

Answer Key (Fill in the Blanks):

- 1. formatting
- 2. mini toolbar
- 3. format painter
- 4. default

Exercises

- Format a selected text in Microsoft Word to make it bold and underline.
- Change the font size of a paragraph to 14 points.
- Apply subscript to the text "H2O".
- Copy formatting from one sentence to another using the Format Painter tool.

Review Questions

- What is formatting?
- Briefly explain the difference between character formatting and paragraph formatting.
- What is the purpose of using subscript and superscript formatting?
- How can you access the Font dialog box to explore more character formatting options?
- Describe the difference between character formatting, paragraph formatting, and page formatting.
- What are the common font styles used in document editing? How do you apply them?
- Explain the function of the "Clear Formatting" command in Microsoft Word.
- Describe the steps to access and use the Font Dialog Box in Microsoft Word.

References and Bibliography

[1] "Word: Formatting Text," GCFGlobal.org. https://edu.gcfglobal.org/en/word/formatting-text/1/ [2] "Format your Word document," support.microsoft.com. https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/format-your-word-document-fb9ef2d6-e2ad-4721-abc1-55f88864617f