

# Microsoft Word: Character Formatting | Microsoft 365

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- [Slides: Character Formatting](#)

## Formatting

- The process of defining the appearance of a document is called formatting. It includes the following options:
  - Changing the font and font size of text
  - Applying boarder and shadings
  - Adding picture and graphics etc.

**Types Of Formatting:** There are three types of formatting:

### 1. Character Formatting

- A type of formatting that is applied to an individual character is called Character Formatting.
- Important character formatting are typeface, font size , font color, font style and character spacing etc.

### 2. Paragraph Formatting

- A type of formatting that is applied to a complete paragraph is called Paragraph formatting.
- Paragraph is a collection of text that ends with Enter key.
- Word inserts a new paragraph in the document wherever the user presses the Enter key.
- **Example:** Text Alignment, Indentation, Line space , Bullets and Numbering

### 3. Page Formatting

- Page formatting: The formatting applied on page is called page formatting.
- It includes the following: Page Size, Margins, Page Orientation, Headers and Footer

## 1. CHARACTER FORMATTING

### 1.1. Font

- The appearance of text in the document is called font or typeface. • Fonts are used to make the text of different styles and sizes. Fonts by Category <http://www.fontpool.com/categories/> Change the Font

### 1.2 Font Size

- Size of text is document is called Font Size.
- Font size is measured in points.
- There are 72 points in an inch.

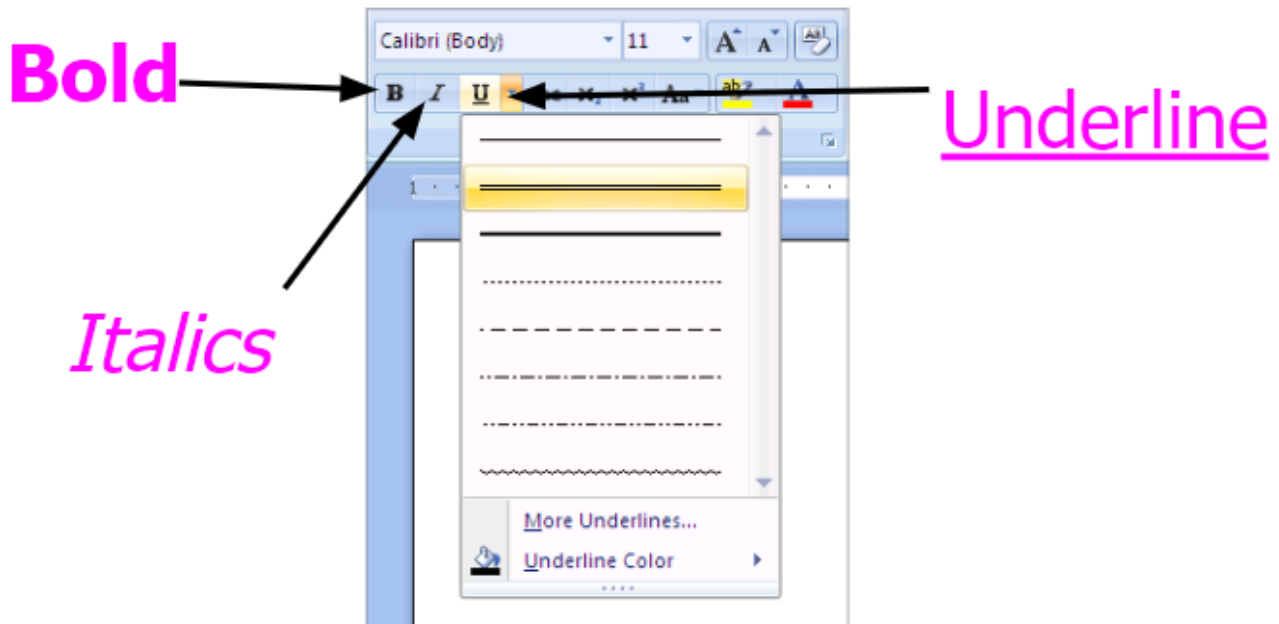
#### Change Font Size

- Click on the Arrow sign of Font Size in Font group

OR Keyboard shortcut for Grow Font: **CTRL+SHIFT + >** Keyboard shortcut for Shrink Font: **CTRL+SHIFT + <**

### 1.3. Font Style

- Font Style is used to bold, Italicize and underline the text.



#### Change Font Style:

- On the Home tab, in the Font group, click Font Style

#### Underline words, but not the spaces between them:

- Select the text that you want to underline.
- On the Home tab, click the Font Dialog Box Launcher, and then click the Font tab.
- In the Underline style box, click **Words only**.

### 1.4. Font Color

- Font color is used to change the color of the text.

**Change Font Color:** • On the Home tab, in the Font group, click Font Color

### 1.5. Text Highlight Color

- Make text look like it was marked with highlighter pen

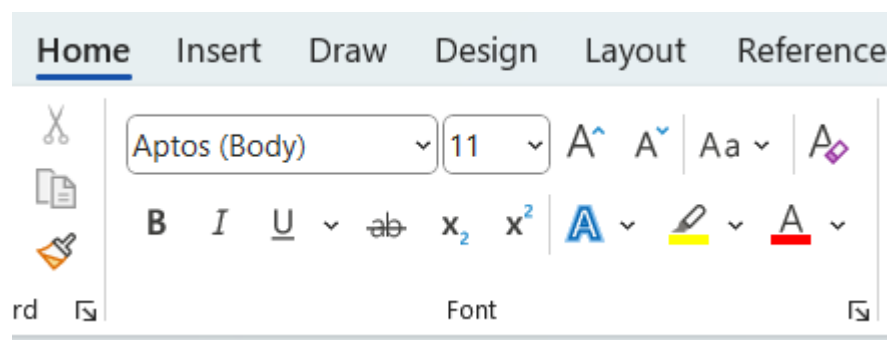
**Text Highlight Color:** • On the Home tab, in the Font group, click Text Highlight Color

### 1.6. Subscript

- Create small letters below the text baseline

H<sub>2</sub>O Change Subscript

- On the **Home** tab, in the **Font** group, click **Subscript**



OR

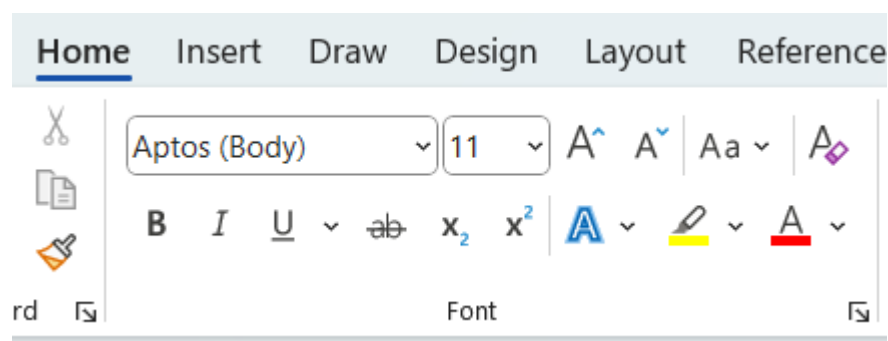
- Keyboard shortcut: **CTRL+=**

## 1.7. Superscript

- Create small letters above the line of text.

### 5th **Change Superscript:**

- On the **Home** tab, in the **Font** group, click **Superscript**



OR

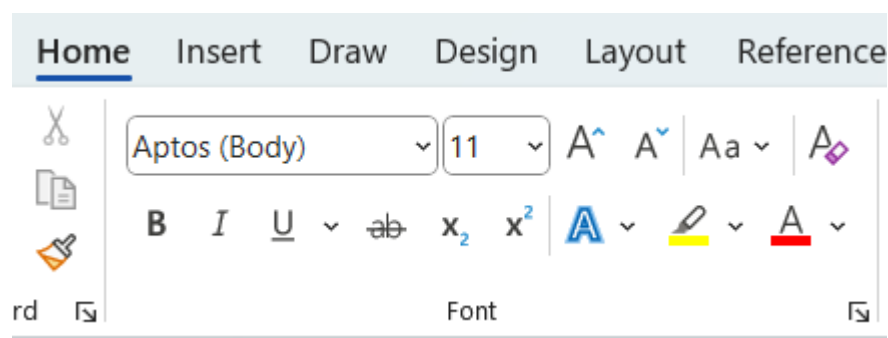
- Keyboard shortcut: **CTRL+Shift++**

## 1.8. Strikethrough

- Draw a line through the middle of the selected text.

### **Apply Strikethrough:**

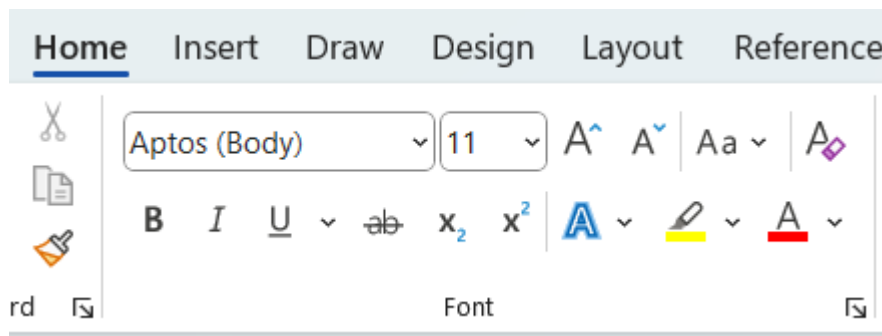
- On the Home tab, in the Font group, click Strikethrough



## 1.9. Character Case

- The character in which text is written is called case of the text.
- Capital letters are called upper case letters.
- Small letters are called lower case letters.

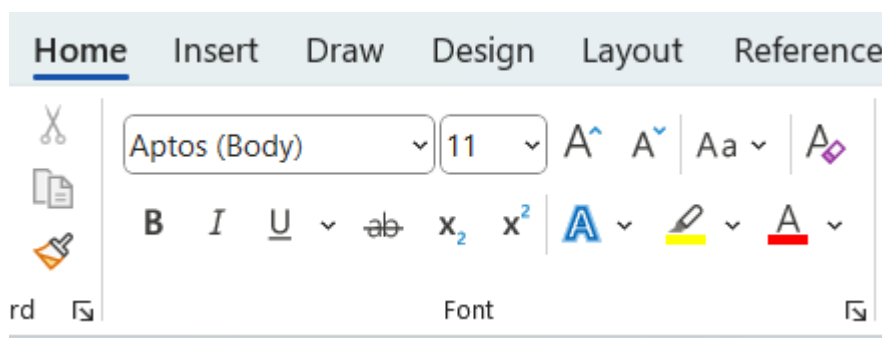
Character Case • Select the text • Press **Shift + F3** until the required case is achieved. OR • Select the text • Home tab > Font group > Change Case



## 1.10. Clear Formatting

- Clear formatting command clear all the formatting from the selection and leave only plain text.

**Clear Formatting:** • On the **Home** tab, in the **Font** group, click Clear All Formatting

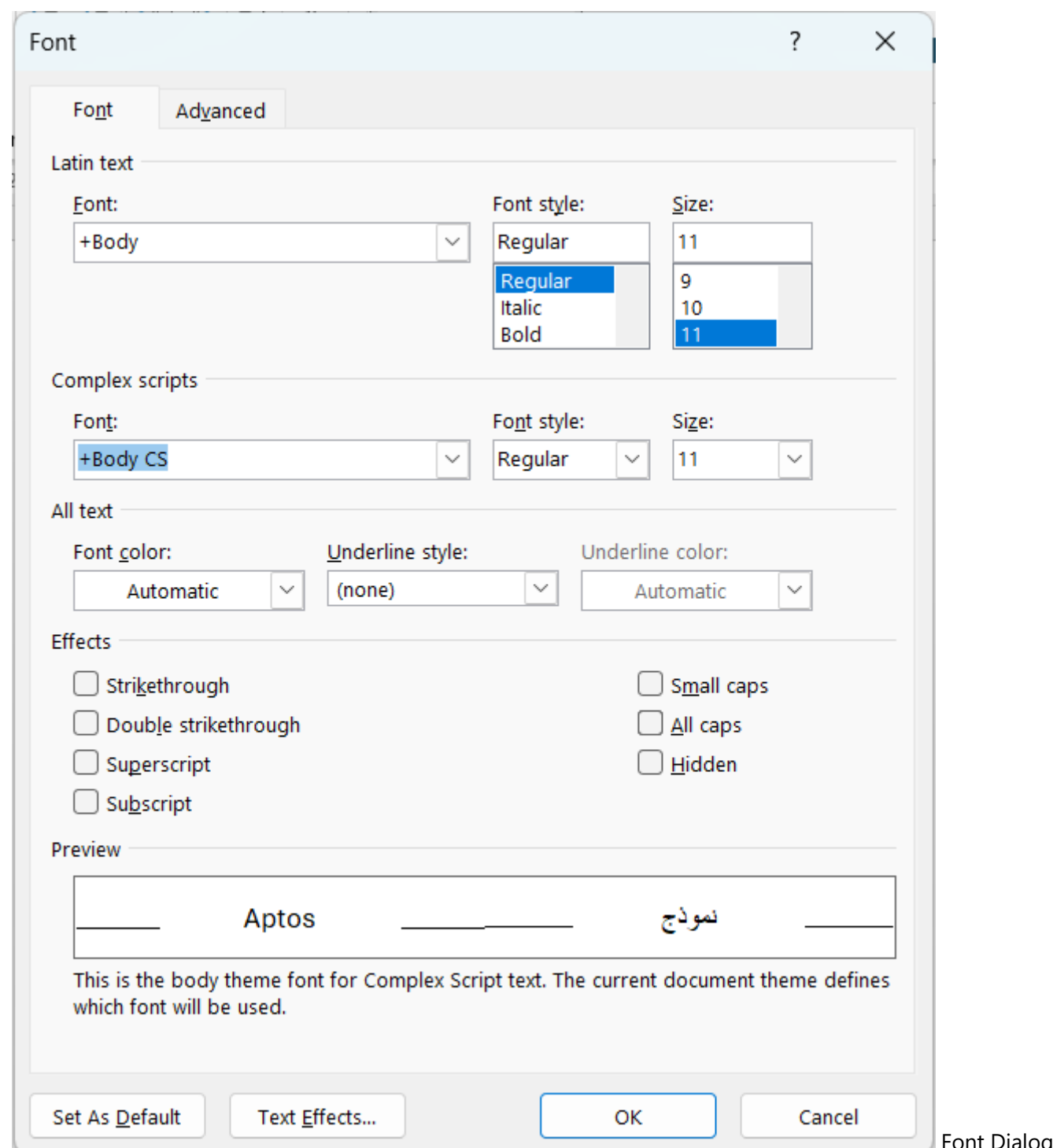


## 1.11. Using Font Dialog Box

- The font dialog box can be used to apply different formatting option on the text

Font Dialog Box • Click on the Arrow sign of Font group

OR • Keyboard shortcut: **CTRL+D**



Box

### 1.11.1. Character Spacing

- The distance between two characters is called character spacing.
- It can be specified in two ways:
  - Character Spacing is used to increase or decrease distance between characters.
  - Kerning automatically adjusts the distance between characters.

#### Character Spacing:

- Select the text that you want to change.
- On the Home tab, click the Font Dialog Box Launcher, and then click the **Advanced** tab.

- In the Spacing box, click **Expanded** or **Condensed**, and then specify how much space you want in the By box.

## Character spacing Changing Character Spacing

### 1.12. Mini Toolbar

- When we select text, we can show or hide a handy, miniature, semitransparent toolbar called the Mini toolbar • To use toolbar, click any of the available command.

### 1.13. Format Painter

- The Format Painter is a tool that is used to copy formats from existing text and apply it to other text in the document. Format Painter
- Select the text or graphic that has the formatting that you want to copy.
- On the Home tab, in the Clipboard group, click Format Painter.
- Select the text or graphic that you want to format.
- To stop formatting, press **ESC**. **Important:** Double-click the Format Painter button if you want to change the format of multiple selections in your document.

**Copying Formatting using Keyboard:** • Select the text already formatted • Press **CTRL+SHIFT+C** • Select the text to apply format. • Press **CTRL+SHIFT+V**

## Key Terms

### True/False (Mark T for True and F for False)

**Answer Key (True/False):**

### Multiple Choice (Select the best answer)

### Fill in the Blanks

**Answer Key (Fill in the Blanks):**

## Exercises

## Review Questions

## References and Bibliography