

# Customers' Purchasing Behavior Analysis

Using Google BigQuery SQL

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#### Introduction

DVD rental dataset is one of the classical exemplary datasets for learning SQL.

I have chosen here to use the payments table in order to prepare a summary table of all customers with their first payment, total revenue, and customer value for 30, and 60 days.

The correlated subqueries technique has been used to generate the 30 and 60 days customer value for each customer as shown below.

Payment Table:

#### Storage info @

Number of rows	14,596
Total logical bytes	684.19 KB
Active logical bytes	0 B
Long term logical bytes	684.19 KB
Total physical bytes	177.47 KB
Active physical bytes	0 B
Long term physical bytes	177.47 KB
Time travel physical	0 B
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Schema:

Field name	Туре	Mode
payment_id	INTEGER	NULLABLE
customer_id	INTEGER	NULLABLE
staff_id	INTEGER	NULLABLE
rental_id	INTEGER	NULLABLE
amount	FLOAT	NULLABLE
payment_date	TIMESTAMP	NULLABLE

### Customers' summary table with CLV values for 30, and 60 days:

```
WITH
  customers_first_order AS(
     customer_id,
      amount,
      payment_date,
      ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY customer_id ORDER BY payment_date) AS order_nth
    order_nth = 1 ),
  summary_so_far AS (
    p.customer_id,
    c.amount AS first_order_amount,
    MIN(p.payment_date) AS first_order_date,
    ROUND(SUM(p.amount), 2) AS total_revenue,
    ROUND(c.amount / SUM(p.amount) * 100, 2) || '%' AS first_order_as_pct_total_revenue
     <code>jrjames83-1171.sampledata.payments` AS p</code>
    customers_first_order AS c
    c.customer_id = p.customer_id
```

```
2
ORDER BY
4 DESC)

SELECT

sf.*,
(
SELECT
SUM(p2.amount)
FROM
'jrjames83-1171.sampledata.payments' AS p2
WHERE
sf.customer_id = p2.customer_id
AND DATE(p2.payment_date) BETWEEN DATE(sf.first_order_date)
AND DATE_ADD(DATE(sf.first_order_date), INTERVAL 30 DAY)) AS

first_30_days_customer_value,
(
SELECT
SUM(p2.amount)
FROM
'jrjames83-1171.sampledata.payments' AS p2
WHERE
sf.customer_id = p2.customer_id
AND DATE_ADD(DATE(sf.first_order_date)
AND DATE_ADD(DATE(sf.first_order_date), INTERVAL 60 DAY)) AS

first_60_days_customer_value
FROM
summary_so_far AS sf
```

#### **Summary Output:**

customer_ =	first_order_amount =	first_order_date =	total_revenue =	first_order_as_pct_total_re =	first_30_days_customer_value =	first_60_days_customer_ =
576	4.99	2/15/2007 12:49:27	135.68	3.68%	43.91	90.79
155	1.99	2/15/2007 22:23:54	106.76	1.86%	38.93	76.83
349	2.99	2/15/2007 0:11:13	133.72	2.24%	42.92	103.8
467	8.99	2/16/2007 14:28:11	134.72	6.67%	55.9	90.8
510	5.99	2/15/2007 17:00:57	102.77	5.83%	46.9	70.83
517	4.99	2/16/2007 8:03:12	100.76	4.95%	37.91	91.78
232	0.99	2/16/2007 5:42:40	86.77	1.14%	17.96	37.89
274	1.99	3/1/2007 20:07:04	116.73	1.7%	69.84	115.74
508	4.99	2/16/2007 8:41:24	121.77	4.1%	23.96	68.88
532	4.99	2/16/2007 11:08:50	149.69	3.33%	45.91	131.74
93	4.99	2/18/2007 3:50:23	76.8	6.5%	36.92	72.82
106	4.99	2/18/2007 6:24:45	95.79	5.21%	33.93	60.86
180	2.99	2/19/2007 12:00:19	95.78	3.12%	41.91	73.84
186	4.99	2/14/2007 23:47:06	111.71	4.47%	26.93	86.79