

# Command-Line Exercises

## Assignment 1

---

### Basic Commands

#### 1. strcount - Count characters in a string

Usage:

```
./strcount "hello"          # Output: 5  
./strcount -w "hello world" # Count words: 2
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-c` : Count characters (default)
  - `-w` : Count words
- 

#### 2. strupper - Convert string to uppercase

Usage:

```
./strupper "hello"          # Output: HELLO  
./strupper -f input.txt     # Convert file contents
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-f` : Read from file
- 

#### 3. strlower - Convert string to lowercase

Usage:

```
./strlower "HELLO"          # Output: hello  
./strlower -f input.txt     # Convert file contents
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-f` : Read from file
-

## 4. strrev - Reverse a string

Usage:

```
./strrev "hello"          # Output: olleh  
./strrev -w "hello world" # Reverse words: world hello
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-w` : Reverse word order
- 

## 5. strcat - Concatenate strings

Usage:

```
./strcat "hello" "world"      # Output: helloworld  
./strcat -s " " "hello" "world" # Output: hello world
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-s` : Separator character
- 

## 6. strcmp - Compare two strings

Usage:

```
./strcmp "abc" "abc"          # Output: Equal  
./strcmp "abc" "xyz"          # Output: Not equal  
./strcmp -i "ABC" "abc"       # Case insensitive
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-i` : Case insensitive comparison
- 

## 7. substr - Extract substring

Usage:

```
./substr "hello" -s 1 -e 4    # Output: ell  
./substr "hello" -n 3           # First 3 chars: hel  
./substr "hello" -l 2           # Last 2 chars: lo
```

## Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-s` : Start position
  - `-e` : End position
  - `-n` : First N characters
  - `-l` : Last N characters
- 

## 8. strfind - Find character in string

### Usage:

```
./strfind "hello" -c 'l'          # Output: Found at position 2
./strfind "hello" -c 'x'          # Output: Not found
./strfind "hello" -c 'l' -a       # All positions: 2, 3
```

## Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-c` : Character to find
- `-a` : Find all occurrences

**Learning Goals:** Linear search, strchr() function

---

## 9. strreplace - Replace character

### Usage:

```
./strreplace "hello" -o 'l' -n 'x' # Output: hexxo
./strreplace "hello" -o 'l' -n 'x' -f # First only: hexlo
```

## Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-o` : Old character
  - `-n` : New character
  - `-f` : Replace first occurrence only
- 

## 10. strrepeat - Repeat string N times

### Usage:

```
./strrepeat "abc" -n 3           # Output: abcabcabc
```

```
./strrepeat "Hi" -n 5 -s " " # Output: Hi Hi Hi Hi Hi
```

#### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-n` : Number of repetitions
  - `-s` : Separator between repetitions
- 

## 11. strvowel - Count vowels

#### Usage:

```
./strvowel "hello"           # Output: 2 vowels  
./strvowel -i "HELLO"       # Case insensitive: 2 vowels
```

#### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-i` : Case insensitive
- 

## 12. strconsonant - Count consonants

#### Usage:

```
./strconsonant "hello"      # Output: 3 consonants  
./strconsonant -i "HELLO"   # Case insensitive
```

#### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-i` : Case insensitive
- 

## 13. strpalindrome - Check if palindrome

#### Usage:

```
./strpalindrome "racecar"    # Output: Yes, palindrome  
./strpalindrome "hello"      # Output: Not palindrome  
./strpalindrome -i "RaceCar" # Case insensitive
```

#### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-i` : Case insensitive check

---

## 14. strspace - Count spaces

Usage:

```
./strspace "hello world"          # Output: 1 space
./strspace "a b c d"            # Output: 3 spaces
./strspace -a "hello\tworld"    # All whitespace: 1
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-a` : Count all whitespace (tabs, newlines)
- 

## 15. strdigit - Count digits in string

Usage:

```
./strdigit "hello123"           # Output: 3 digits
./strdigit "abc123xyz456"       # Output: 6 digits
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-l` : List all digits found
- 

## Basic Arithmetic Operations (16-30)

### 16. calc - Simple calculator

Usage:

```
./calc -a 5 3                  # Add: 8
./calc -s 5 3                  # Subtract: 2
./calc -m 5 3                  # Multiply: 15
./calc -d 6 3                  # Divide: 2
./calc -p 2 3                  # Power: 8
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-a` : Addition
- `-s` : Subtraction
- `-m` : Multiplication
- `-d` : Division

- `-p` : Power
- 

## 17. sum - Sum of numbers

Usage:

```
./sum 1 2 3 4 5          # Output: 15  
./sum -f numbers.txt     # Sum from file
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-f` : Read numbers from file
- 

## 18. avg - Average of numbers

Usage:

```
./avg 10 20 30          # Output: 20.00  
./avg -i 10 20 30       # Integer average: 20
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-i` : Integer average
  - `-f` : Floating point average (default)
- 

## 19. max - Find maximum

Usage:

```
./max 5 10 3 8          # Output: 10  
./max -f numbers.txt     # Max from file
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-f` : Read from file
- 

## 20. min - Find minimum

Usage:

```
./min 5 10 3 8          # Output: 3  
./min -f numbers.txt    # Min from file
```

#### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-f` : Read from file
- 

## 21. factorial - Calculate factorial

#### Usage:

```
./factorial 5            # Output: 120  
./factorial -r 5         # Recursive: 120
```

#### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-r` : Use recursive algorithm
  - `-i` : Use iterative algorithm (default)
- 

## 22. power - Calculate power

#### Usage:

```
./power 2 3              # Output: 8 (2^3)  
./power -b 2 -e 10        # Output: 1024
```

#### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-b` : Base number
  - `-e` : Exponent
- 

## 23. sqrt - Square root

#### Usage:

```
./sqrt 16                # Output: 4  
./sqrt -p 2 25            # Precision 2: 5.00
```

#### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-p` : Decimal precision
- 

## 24. even - Check if even

Usage:

```
./even 4                      # Output: Yes, even  
./even 5                      # Output: No, odd  
./even -r 1 10                 # Range: 2,4,6,8,10
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-r` : Check range
- 

## 25. prime - Check if prime

Usage:

```
./prime 7                      # Output: Yes, prime  
./prime 8                      # Output: Not prime  
./prime -r 1 20                # List primes: 2,3,5,7,11,13,17,19
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-r` : Find primes in range
- 

## 26. fibo - Fibonacci sequence

Usage:

```
./fibo 7                      # Output: 0 1 1 2 3 5 8  
./fibo -n 10                   # First 10: 0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-n` : Number of terms
- 

## 27. digits - Count digits in number

## Usage:

```
./digits 12345          # Output: 5 digits  
./digits -s 12345       # Sum: 15
```

## Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-s` : Sum of digits
- 

## 28. reverse - Reverse a number

### Usage:

```
./reverse 12345          # Output: 54321  
./reverse -c 12321       # Check palindrome: Yes
```

## Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-c` : Check if palindrome
- 

## 29. strsum - Sum of digits in string

### Usage:

```
./strsum "abc123xyz456"      # Output: 21 (1+2+3+4+5+6)  
./strsum "hello123"           # Output: 6
```

## Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-v` : Verbose (show which digits found)
- 

## 30. stralpha - Count alphabets

### Usage:

```
./stralpha "hello123"        # Output: 5 alphabets  
./stralpha -u "Hello"        # Uppercase only: 1  
./stralpha -l "Hello"        # Lowercase only: 4
```

## Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-u` : Count uppercase only
  - `-l` : Count lowercase only
- 

## 31. stralphadigit - Count alpha and digits separately

Usage:

```
./stralphadigit "hello123"      # Output: Alpha: 5, Digits: 3  
./stralphadigit "test456!@#"    # Alpha: 4, Digits: 3, Other: 3
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-a` : Show all character types
- 

## 32. strascii - Show ASCII values

Usage:

```
./strascii "ABC"                # Output: A=65, B=66, C=67  
./strascii -d 65                 # Decode: A
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-d` : Decode ASCII value to character
- 

## 33. strhex - Convert string to hex

Usage:

```
./strhex "ABC"                  # Output: 41 42 43  
./strhex -d "41 42 43"         # Decode: ABC
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-d` : Decode hex to string

Learning Goals: Hexadecimal conversion, printf formatting

---

## 34. numtostr - Number to words

Usage:

```
./numtostr 123          # Output: one two three  
./numtostr -w 123       # Words: one hundred twenty three
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-w` : Full words (not digit by digit)

Learning Goals: Number to string conversion, arrays

---

## 35. strtonum - Extract numbers from string

Usage:

```
./strtonum "abc123xyz456"      # Output: 123, 456  
./strtonum -s "price: $99.99"   # Output: 99.99
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-s` : Sum extracted numbers

Learning Goals: Pattern extraction, number parsing

---

## 36. caesar - Caesar cipher encryption

Usage:

```
./caesar "hello" -k 3          # Output: khoor (shift by 3)  
./caesar "khoor" -k -3        # Decrypt: hello
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-k` : Shift key (positive or negative)

Learning Goals: Cipher algorithms, modular arithmetic

---

## 37. strfreq - Character frequency

Usage:

```
./strfreq "hello"          # Output: h:1, e:1, l:2, o:1  
./strfreq -s "hello"      # Sorted: e:1, h:1, l:2, o:1
```

#### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-s` : Sort by character
- `-f` : Sort by frequency

**Learning Goals:** Frequency counting, arrays/maps

---

## 38. strunique - Count unique characters

#### Usage:

```
./strunique "hello"          # Output: 4 unique chars  
./strunique -l "hello"      # List: h, e, l, o
```

#### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-l` : List unique characters

**Learning Goals:** Unique element detection, sets

---

## 39. strduplicate - Find duplicate characters

#### Usage:

```
./strduplicate "hello"        # Output: l appears 2 times  
./strduplicate -a "hello world" # All duplicates
```

#### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-a` : Show all duplicates

**Learning Goals:** Duplicate detection, frequency analysis

---

## 40. strfirst - First N characters

#### Usage:

```
./strfirst "hello" -n 3       # Output: hel  
./strfirst "hello world" -w 2  # First 2 words: hello world
```

### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-n` : Number of characters
- `-w` : Number of words

**Learning Goals:** String slicing, boundary checking

---

## 41. strlast - Last N characters

### Usage:

```
./strlast "hello" -n 3          # Output: llo  
./strlast "hello world" -w 1    # Last word: world
```

### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-n` : Number of characters
- `-w` : Number of words

---

## 42. wordcount - Count words in string

### Usage:

```
./wordcount "hello world from C"      # Output: 4 words  
./wordcount -l "hello\nworld"         # Lines: 2
```

---

### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
- `-w` : Count words (default)
- `-l` : Count lines
- `-c` : Count characters

---

## 43. strremove - Remove character from string

### Usage:

```
./strremove "hello" -c 'l'        # Output: heo  
./strremove "hello" -c 'l' -f     # First only: helo
```

---

### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-c` : Character to remove
  - `-f` : Remove first occurrence only
- 

## 44. triangle - Print number triangle

Usage:

```
./triangle 5  
# Output:  
# 1  
# 1 2  
# 1 2 3  
# 1 2 3 4  
# 1 2 3 4 5  
  
. ./triangle -r 5          # Right aligned  
. ./triangle -i 5          # Inverted
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-r` : Right aligned
  - `-i` : Inverted triangle
- 

## 45. table - Multiplication table

Usage:

```
./table 5 -n 10  
# Output: 5x1=5, 5x2=10, ... 5x10=50  
  
. ./table -r 1 10          # Full table 1-10
```

Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-n` : Number of rows
  - `-r` : Range (from-to)
- 

## 46. pattern - Print patterns

Usage:

```

./pattern -s '*' -n 5
# Output:
# *
# **
# ***
# ****
# *****

./pattern -s '#' -n 4 -p pyramid
# Output:
#   #
#   ###
#  #####
# ######

```

### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-s` : Symbol to use
  - `-n` : Number of rows
  - `-p` : Pattern type (triangle, pyramid, diamond)
- 

## 47. armstrong - Check Armstrong number

### Usage:

```

./armstrong 153          # Output: Yes (1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3 = 153)
./armstrong 123          # Output: No
./armstrong -r 1 1000    # Find all in range

```

### Options:

- `-h` : Show help
  - `-r` : Find in range
  - `-v` : Verbose (show calculation)
- 

## 48. perfect - Check perfect number

### Usage:

```

./perfect 28          # Output: Yes (1+2+4+7+14=28)
./perfect 12          # Output: No
./perfect -r 1 1000    # Find all perfect numbers

```

## Options:

- -h : Show help
  - -r : Find in range
  - -v : Verbose (show divisors)
- 

## ## Example Template to Start

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <getopt.h>

void print_usage(const char *prog) {
    printf("Usage: %s [OPTIONS]\n", prog);
    printf("Options:\n");
    printf(" -h, --help      Show help\n");
    // Add more options
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    int opt;

    static struct option long_options[] = {
        {"help", no_argument, 0, 'h'},
        {0, 0, 0, 0}
    };

    while ((opt = getopt_long(argc, argv, "h", long_options, NULL)) != -1) {
        switch (opt) {
            case 'h':
                print_usage(argv[0]);
                exit(0);
            default:
                print_usage(argv[0]);
                exit(1);
        }
    }

    // Your program logic

    return 0;
}
```