Donaumes possour. Mucun Napos (?): павние попр. и дисперени по. (N17) R1 4 0 -1 34 X2 2-3-2 12 23 3 2 2 1-3  $\underline{T}, \qquad \chi = \begin{cases}
4 & 2 & 3 \\
0 & -3 & 2 \\
-1 & -2 & 2
\end{cases}$  $\overline{X} = |2 \circ 1\rangle$ Xe-yeunpup.  $\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 2 & 2 \\ -2 & -3 & 1 \\ -3 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 2^{-4} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 22 & 21 & -9 \\ 21 & 22 & -9 \\ -9 & -9 & 22 \end{pmatrix}$  $C = X_c^T X_c = \begin{pmatrix} 2 - 2 - 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 - 3 & -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$  $C_{k} = \frac{1}{N-1} \cdot C = \frac{1}{5-1} \cdot C = \frac{1}{4} C$ собсив. вен-ра наприне С Co. no cocurb. Tuena 4 det/C-AI)=0, en no

 $\frac{\det\left(\frac{22-3}{24},\frac{21}{22-3}\right)}{-9} = 0$   $\frac{\cot\left(\frac{21}{24},\frac{22-3}{22-3}\right)}{-\frac{9}{24-66}} = 0$   $\frac{\cot\left(\frac{21}{24},\frac{21-9}{22-3}\right)}{-\frac{12+66}{2^2-21-9^2}} = 0$   $\frac{\cot\left(\frac{21}{24},\frac{21-9}{22-3}\right)}{-\frac{12+66}{22-9^2}} = 0$   $\frac{\cot\left(\frac{21}{24},\frac{21-9}{22-21-9^2}\right)}{-\frac{12+66}{22-9^2}} = 0$   $\frac{\cot\left(\frac{21}{24},\frac{21-9}{22-21-9^2}\right)}{-\frac{12+66}{22-9^2}} = 0$ 

$$-3^{3}+663^{2}-8497+784=0$$

$$A_{1}=49, A_{2}=16, A_{3}=1$$

Ti, Va, Vz - mabure

1) 
$$A_1 = 4.9$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -27 & 2/-9 \\ 21 & -27 & -9 \\ -9 & -9 & -27 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} : \frac{3}{V_1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{22}} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

2) 
$$\lambda_2 = 16$$
 | 6 21 -9 | 0 3-1 |  $t_2 = \frac{1}{3}$  | 1 |  $t_2 = \frac{1}{3}$  | 1 |  $t_3 = \frac{1}{3}$  | 1 |  $t_4 = \frac{1}{3}$  |  $t_5 = \frac{1}{3}$  |  $t_7 = \frac{1}{3}$  |

$$\frac{5_2 = \left| \frac{1}{3} \right|}{5_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}} \left| \frac{1}{3} \right|}$$

$$A(C_k) = \frac{4}{3}(C)$$

$$\int A_1 = \frac{49}{4} = 6,^2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{16}{4} = 6,^2$$

$$A_3 = \frac{4}{4} = 6,^2$$

4. JII. D

ROX-76: \$\frac{\to = \times }{\to : & = min go Wa} \\ \left( garmon \text{yenth.uy.}) \\ \times \left( i = 1, N \right) \end{a}

 $Q = \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - v_o - \sum_{j} (x_i - v_o, v_j)v_j, x_i - v_o - \sum_{i} (x_i - v_o, v_j)v_j) =$  $= \int \left( x_i, x_i \right) - 2(x_i, V_0) + |V_0, V_0| - 2 = \left( x_i - V_0, V_j \right) |V_j, \chi_i| +$  $= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \left( x_i - v_0, v_j \right) \middle| \left( v_0, v_j \right) + \sum_{i} \left( x_i - v_0, v_i \right)^2 \right] = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( \left( x_i, x_i \right) - 2 \middle| x_i, v_0 \right)$ + / (To, To) - 5/x, - (5, 5) 2 ] PQ= E 1-2x: +200 +2 E |x: -00, vi) vij=0  $\frac{\mathcal{Z}}{\mathcal{Z}}\left(\mathcal{V}_{0},\mathcal{Z}_{i}\right)\mathcal{Z}_{i}\right)=\frac{\mathcal{Z}}{\mathcal{Z}}\left(\mathcal{X}_{i}-\mathcal{Z}_{i}\right)\mathcal{V}_{0}\right)$  $\nabla^2 Q = \sum_{i=1}^{N} 2 \vec{1} - 2 \sum_{i=1}^{k} t_0 t_i^{T} = 0$ Com unione pan-e go No: Eto= ∑n: <=> to= √ En: = Xi P2Q=2I>0 10= X