MATH 318, Assignment 3

Due date: October 17, in class

- 1. (4 points) Write truth tables of the following formulas. Which of them are tautologies?

- $\begin{array}{ll} \text{(A) } (\neg p) \to q, \\ \text{(C) } p \to ((\neg p) \to q), \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{ll} \text{(B) } (p \wedge q) \vee (\neg p), \\ \text{(D) } q \vee (p \to (q \wedge (p \to q))). \end{array} \end{array}$
- 2. (2 points) Devise formulas (using \vee, \wedge and \neg) and switching circuits (using gates OR, AND and NOT) which realize each of the following Boolean functions:
 - (A) $\begin{vmatrix} q \\ p \end{vmatrix} = 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$
- 3. (2 points) Write DNF and CNF formulas equivalent to the following formula

$$((p \vee \neg q) \wedge (r \vee p)) \vee r.$$

- 4. (1) (1 point) Write a formula equivalent to $p \to q$ using only the connective NAND,
 - (2) (1 point) Write a formula equivalent to $(p \land q) \lor \neg p$ using only the connective NOR,
- (4 points) Show that the set $\{\vee, \wedge\}$ is not complete.
- (4 points) Show that the set {XOR} is not complete.
- 7. (2 points) Consider the formula

$$(\dots((p \to p) \to p) \to \dots) \to p,$$

- where the variable p occurs n many times. For which n is the above formula a tautology? Justify your answer.
- 8. (4 points) Suppose φ is a formula written using only the biconditional connective \leftrightarrow (besides variables and parentheses). Show that φ is a tautology if and only if every variable occurs in φ an even number of times.