

15CSE201 : Data Structures and Algorithms

Lecture 1 : Introduction

Ritwik M

Based on the reference materials by Prof. Goodrich, OCW METU and Dr. Vidhya Balasubramanian

Course Outline

- Introduction to Data Structures
- Introduction to Abstract Data Types
- Linear Data Structures
 - Stacks
 - Queues
 - Vectors and Sequences
 - Lists
- Non-linear Data Structures
 - Trees, Graphs
- Dictionaries and Hashing

Evaluation Pattern

- Theory
 - Goal: Understand data structures and study the application of data structures in problem solving
 - Periodicals : 2 (15 + 20)
 - Quizzes, Tutorials and Assignments : 10
- Lab
 - Goal: Implementation and effective use of data structures
 - Periodical labs – 20+20
 - End Semester Lab – 20
 - Continuous Assessment – 40

Enter !!

Why Data Structures!!!

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"I am not disorganized — I know *exactly* where everything is!
The newer stuff is on top and the older stuff is on the bottom."



- Huge volumes of data in different formats, need to be organized!!!

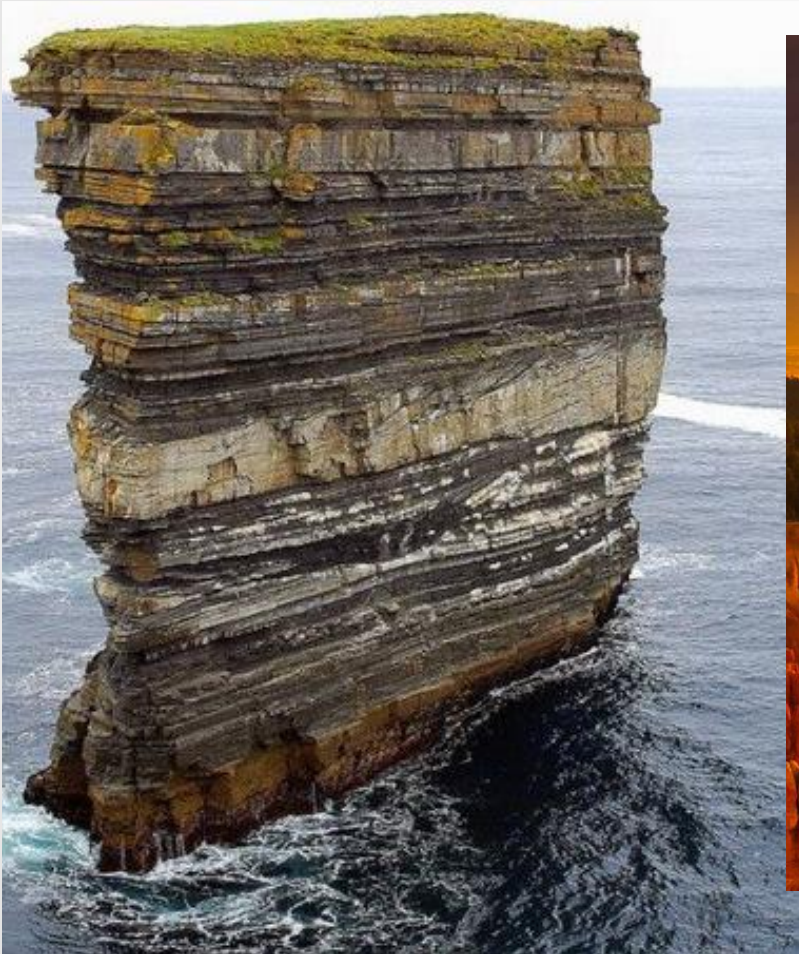
1. Organization of data



2. Effective Searching and Retrieval



3. Effectiveness in Modeling



4. Efficiency



Examples



Philosophy of Data Structures

- Applications getting more complex
 - Need for more efficiency
- What is a Data Structure?
 - is any data representation and its associated operations
 - Used for organizing or structuring a collection of data items
- Need
 - Chosen data structure impacts the running time of program

Efficiency

- A solution is efficient if it solves the problem within the specified constraints
 - Available space
 - Time taken
- Choice of Data Structure depends on the following
 - Are all data items inserted into the data structure at the beginning, or are other operations interspersed with insertions ?
 - Can data items be deleted, and how often are they deleted?
 - Are all data items processed in some well-defined order, or is search for specific data items allowed?

Choice of Data Structure

- Depends on application/modeling requirement
 - Stacks most suitable for recursion
- Space vs time considerations
 - Hash tables are fast but occupy more memory
 - Arrays are not dynamic
- Suitability for disk based access
 - For large volumes of data, the data structure will not fit main memory
 - Is the data structure suitable for disk based storage and access