YavAch Package Vignette

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1	Iı	ntroduction	
an	_	ckage was designed to analyse the Achilles v2.0 and v2.4 datasets from the Broad Institute, however shRNA screens can also be analysed in a similar fashion through building an "RNAi" object:	
li	brar	y(YavAch)	
##	Loa	ding required package: ggplot2	
##	Loa	ding required package: reshape2	
##	Loa	ding required package: plyr	
da	ta("	data Achilles2.4_data") # Achilles v2.4 dataset Achilles2.4_annotation") # The p53 annotation for the Achilles v2.4 dataset	
		in the shRNA data with a row for each hairpin and columns corresponding to cell chilles2.4_Data[,1:5])	lines.
## ## ##	1 A 2 A 3 A 4 A	Name Gene X697_HAEMATOPOIETIC_AND_LYMPHOID_TISSUE AAAATGGCATCAACCACCAT RPS6KA1 -0.04112325 AACACATTTGGGATGTTCCT IGF1R 2.19048750 AAGAAGAAGAAGCTGCAATATCT TSC1 1.53637450 AGCGTGCCGTAGACTGTCCA CHEK1 NaN ATCTAAGAGAGCTGCCATCG XBCC5 -1.33028525	

```
## 6 AATGAAAGCTCACTCTGGATT PIK3CA
                                                                  1.09965000
    X7860_KIDNEY A1207_CENTRAL_NERVOUS_SYSTEM
## 1
       -0.2428750
                                     -0.7204843
## 2
        1.8132215
                                      1.0551227
## 3
        1.6716550
                                      1.7499833
## 4
              {\tt NaN}
                                            NaN
## 5
      -2.9123472
                                     -0.9370367
                                      0.4313193
       0.8221555
## 6
# Create a new RNAi object by filling in the corresponding slots
RNAiObject <- new(Class = "RNAi",
                  genes = Achilles2.4 Data$Gene,
                  sequences = Achilles2.4_Data$Name,
                  cancers = colnames(Achilles2.4 Data)[-(1:2)],
                  cancersP53 = Achilles2.4_annotation,
                  values = Achilles2.4_Data[,-(1:2)])
```

Most of the functions within the package require an "RNAi" object.

2 General Functions

2.1 Variation of shRNAs

```
# object
                an RNAi object
                a character string indicating the cell line of interest (partial string matching is suf
# cancerID
# qeneName
               character string specifying the name of the gene of interest (case sensitive)
# type
                can be either "all" or "median"
variation.within.cell.line(object = RNAiObject, cancerID = "SLR24", geneName = "MDM4", type = "all")
# object
                an RNAi object
# entityName
                can either be "all" or the name of one of the entity in question (partial string matchi
# qeneName
                character string specifying the name of the gene of interest (case sensitive)
variation.within.entity(object = RNAiObject, entityName = "BONE", geneName = "MDM4")
# object
                an RNAi object
# geneName
                character string specifying the name of the gene of interest (case sensitive)
                one of "value" or "rank"
# type
# statistic
                one of "mean" or "median"
variation.within.entities(object = RNAiObject, geneName = "MDM4", type = "value", statistic = "mean")
```

2.2 Consistency of phenotypes

```
# object an RNAi object
# entityName can either be "all" or the name of one of the entity in question (partial string matchi
# geneName character string specifying the name of the gene of interest (case sensitive)
```

```
# type     one of "line" or "box""

consistency.of.phenotypes(object = RNAiObject, entityName = "BONE", geneName = "MDM4", type = "line")
```

2.3 p53 dependency

```
# object an RNAi object
# entityName can either be "all" or the name of one of the entity in question (partial string match)
# geneName character string specifying the name of the gene of interest (case sensitive)
# type one of "line" or "box""

p53.dependency.by.entity(object = RNAiObject, entityName = "Lung", geneName = "MDM4", p53 = "all", type
```

3 Riger Functions

The RIGER functions require a separate data structure. In this case a simple data frame is used (the files used for analysing both Achilles datasets are included in the package).

```
data("Achilles_v2.0_GENE") # RIGER data for the Achilles v2.0 dataset
data("Achilles_v2.4_GENE") # RIGER data for the Achilles v2.4 dataset

Achilles2.0 <- Achilles_v2.0_GENE
Achilles2.4 <- Achilles_v2.4_GENE

head(Achilles2.4[,1:5])</pre>
```

3.1 Evaluation of RIGER gene score

3.2 Evaluation of RIGER gene score across datasets

```
# object1
                 must be an object of the above type
# object2
                must be an object of the above type
# object1Name
                character vector giving the name of the first dataset used in the plot
# object2Name
                character vector giving the name of the second dataset used in the plot
# geneName
                character string specifying the name of the gene of interest (case sensitive)
# entityName
                can either be "all" or the name of one of the entity in question (partial string match
# percentage
               top and bottom quantiles which should be coloured (number between 1 and 100)
# plotName
                character string giving the name of the plot
```