Despite it poses serious threats mentioned above, AI has some great effects on daily life and work life because it increases welfare. Human life standards have increased very fast in last decade. Firstly, AI develops daily life by improving the systems that are used by humankind. For example, in education implementing AI makes a huge difference on education systems. Today’s education system still needs to improve to become a position that can give children equal and valid education. As indicated by Friedmann in 2017 AI-powered toys will have quite large usage areas beside the usage in schools as information supplies (2017). It is clear that these toys help students to increase the speed of learning process and encourage the creativity. It also increases the quality of the medicine systems. AI also increases the quality of medicine systems by developing new devices and providing more effective data usage with its improved data collecting and classifying algorithms. For example, after a long-time collection of the effects of a disease in female bodies, AI can show that whether a woman has this disease or not by just checking the symptoms. Also, the huge development of AI-based machine learning, image recognition has been used to examine diagnostic images in health sector for more than one year (Hirasawa et al., 2018, p.2). From the examples given above, it is clear that increasing the usage of AI technologies in medicine will improve the systems and by doing that diagnoses will be more consistent and as a consequence of it, health status of the people will be in a better situation. Therefore, it can be said that AI developments should be applied to medicine systems for the good of society. To conclude, AI technologies can be used for better diagnosis by effective data collecting and these developments will surely improve the medicine systems.

Secondly, AI revolutionize the work life and solves many historical issues like modern slavery and creates new job areas. One of the most critical tasks is that AI has the potential of solving which ends the modern slavery. It is said that slavery is illegal and most of the people think it is over, but slavery, in different shapes, still exists. Weller stated that 16.4 percent of people living in the US work over 48 hours. Also, this rate is over 20 percent for Japan. 50 percent the of participants claim that they do not get paid during their holidays, according to the survey. (2017). Considering the information above, if people are not willing to decrease this type of slavery it can cause more and more fatal consequences. AI has the capacity to decrease the jobs that require almost no skill but also extremely exhausting. However, these types of changes may seem to as be the cause of unemployment that humans will face. The other important issue that AI handles by creating new jobs is the risk of unemployment. It might look like AI destroys the jobs and because of that people will lose their jobs if AI takes over the preponderance. Actually, it only destroys the jobs that people mostly do not want to do. Instead of these low-level jobs, it creates new areas that people do not need to perform exhausting tasks. As emphasized by Sicular in 2017, it is a fact that AI causes some laborers will lose their job. However, while removing these job positions, it increases the productivity of these low-level jobs in the meantime it creates more jobs than it eliminates. This surely explains that if people increase the usage of AI in work life it will end up in less slavery and more mind productivity. Also, it can be said that people should be using AI to increase welfare. Consequently, AI can eliminate low-level jobs, by doing that it can stop the modern slavery. Also, it creates new jobs and it prevent the unemployment risk that can be come out after high usage of AI instead of manhandling.