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得一千丈四五術升十答尺長今
 尺九五百丈曰之六曰問五有
 六百尺八四置二斛五受丈方
 寸四乘十尺廣六萬粟四窖
 二十之四相四斗三幾尺廣
 分尺得尺乘丈六千何深四
 除以八以得六升六三丈
 之斛萬深二尺三百丈六
 即法六三千長分六五尺

Now we have a rectangular cellar, with width four 丈 six 尺, length five 丈 four 尺, and depth three 丈 five 尺. We ask: how much grain ~~can~~ beareth it?

Answer saith: Fifty-three thousand, six hundred and sixty-six 斛 six 斗 six 升 and two thirds of a 升.

Method saith: put down the width, four 丈 six 尺, ~~the~~ and the length five 丈 four 尺, which multiplied with each other mutually multiplied with each other, resulteth in two thousand, four hundred and eighty-four 尺. Multiplying it by the depth, three 丈 five 尺, resulteth in eighty-six thousand, nine hundred and forty 尺. Dividing it by the 斛 divison, one 尺 six 寸 two 分, we are done.

斛法: ~~some~~ ^{see} 910.

A, D on. have 三分升之一.

$$V = NLH = 46R \cdot 54R \cdot 35R = \frac{1.62R^3}{\text{斛}}$$

$$= 53666 \text{ 斛} + 66 \frac{2}{3} \text{ 升}$$

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