



DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION

CHAPTER 7

- Presented By Shahriar Yazdipour
- November 2019
- Software & Systems Engineering Students Talk
- Prof. Dr.-Ing. Armin Zimmermann



AGENDA

- 
- DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION
 - OBJECT-ORIENTED DESIGN USING UML
 - DESIGN PATTERNS
 - IMPLEMENTATION ISSUES
 - OPEN SOURCE DEVELOPMENT



DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION

DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION

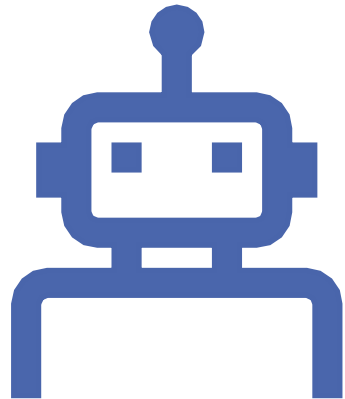
Software design & implementation is the stage in the software engineering process that an executable software system is developed.

- **Software design** is a creative activity in which you identify software components and their relationships, based on a customer's requirements.
- **Implementation** is the process of realizing the design as a program.

BUILD OR BUY

- In a wide range of domains, it is possible to buy off-the-shelf systems (COTS) that can be adapted and tailored to the users' requirements.
 - e.g for implement a medical records system, we can buy a package that is already used in hospitals vs developing a system. One can be cheaper and one faster ...

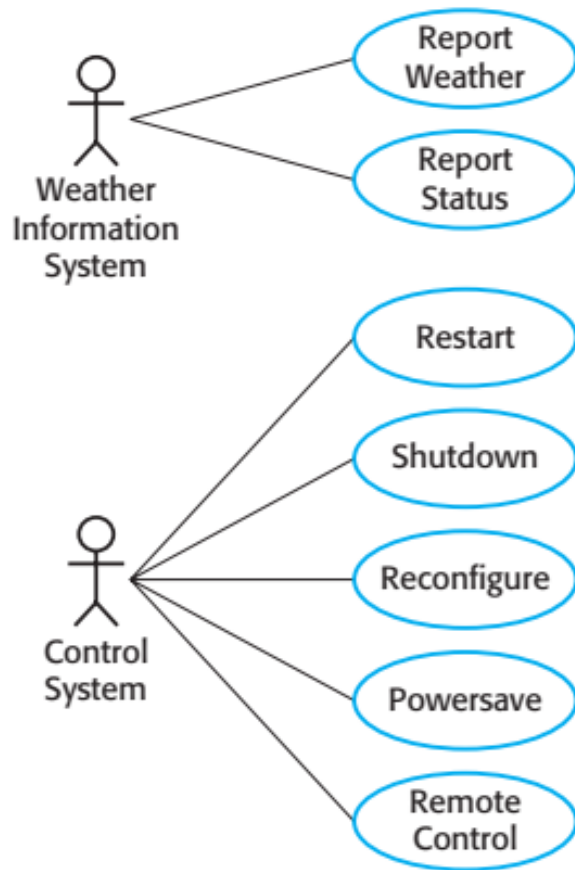
* COTS = Commercial off-the-shelf



OBJECT-ORIENTED DESIGN USING UML

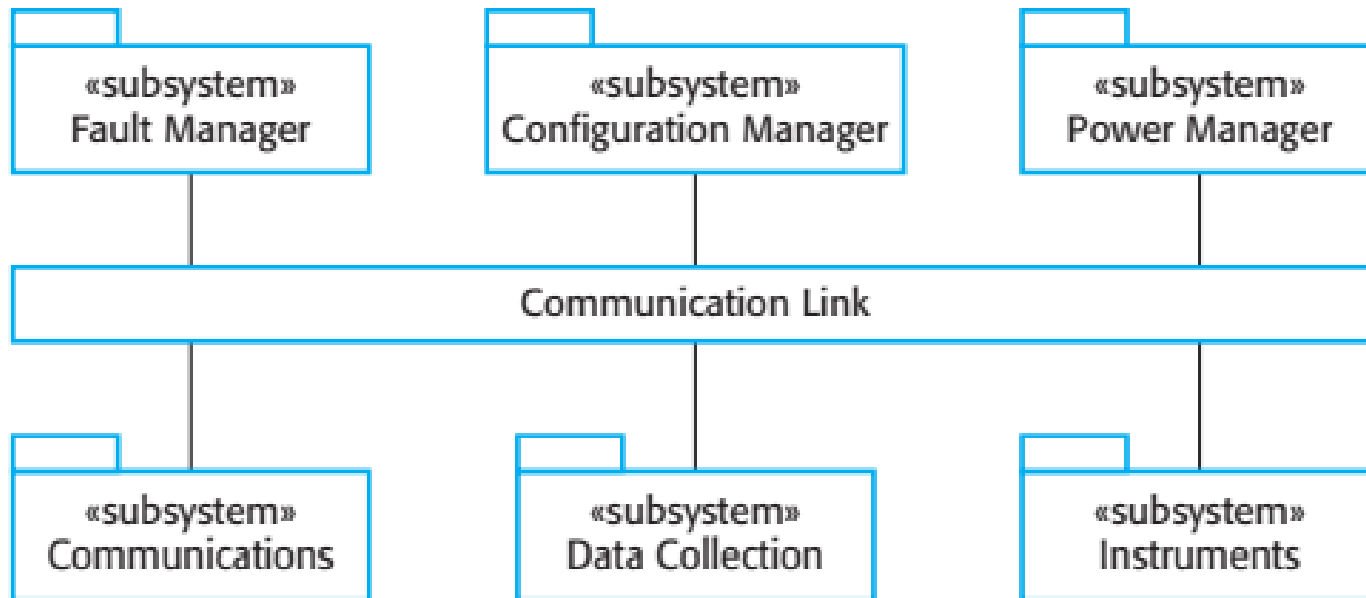
OBJECT-ORIENTED DESIGN PROCESS

- It involves developing a number of different system models.
- They require a lot of effort for development and maintenance which for **small systems** this may **not be cost-effective**. However, for **large systems** developed by different groups design models are an **important communication mechanism**.



System	Weather station
Use case	Report weather
Actors	Weather information system, Weather station
Data	The weather station sends a summary of the data collected by the instruments in the collection period to the weather information system. The summary includes the maximum, minimum, and average temperature; the maximum, minimum, and average air pressures; the maximum wind speed; the total rainfall; and the wind direction as a vector.
Stimulus	The weather information system establishes a connection with the weather station and requests transmission of data.
Response	The summarized data are sent to the weather information system.
Comments	Weather stations are usually asked to report data to a central station from one station to another and may be monitored by a central station.

WEATHER STATION USE CASES



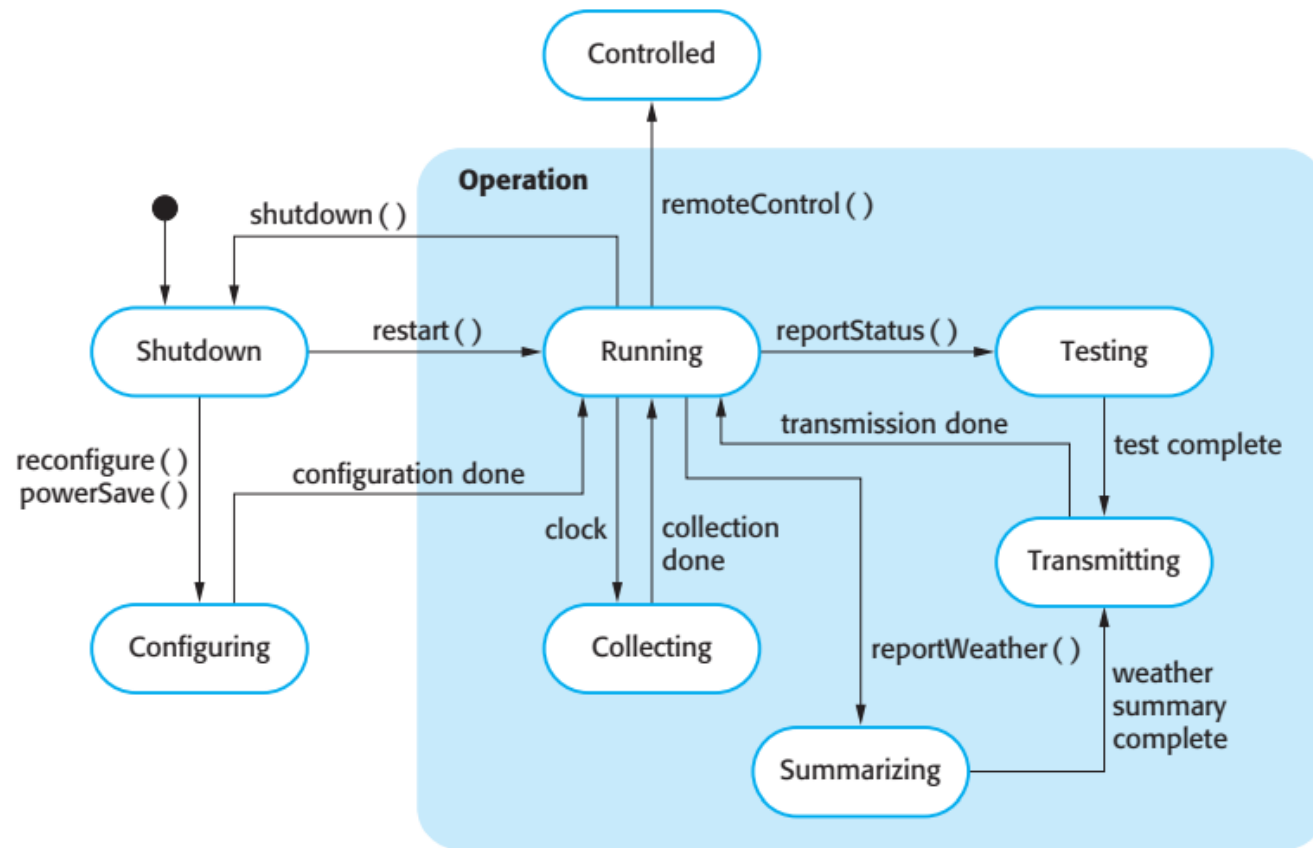
HIGH-LEVEL ARCHITECTURE OF THE WEATHER STATION

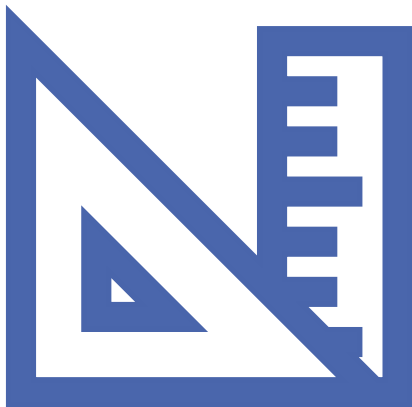
WeatherStation	WeatherData
identifier reportWeather () reportStatus () powerSave (instruments) remoteControl (commands) reconfigure (commands) restart (instruments) shutdown (instruments)	airTemperatures groundTemperatures windSpeeds windDirections pressures rainfall collect () summarize ()

Ground Thermometer	Anemometer	Barometer
gt_Ident temperature get () test ()	an_Ident windSpeed windDirection get () test ()	bar_Ident pressure height get () test ()

WEATHER STATION OBJECT CLASS IDENTIFICATION

STATE DIAGRAM





DESIGN PATTERNS

DESIGN PATTERNS

- A way of reusing abstract knowledge about a common problem and its solution.
- Patterns are a great idea but you need experience of software design to use them effectively.
- You have to recognize situations where a pattern can be applied.

DESIGN PATTERNS

Creational Patterns

- Object Pool / Resource Pool
- Prototype
- Factory Method (Abstract Factory Similar)
- Singleton
- Builders

Structural Patterns

- Adapter
- Decorator
- Bridge (Handle-Body Pattern)
- Composite
- Facade
- Flyweight
- Proxy

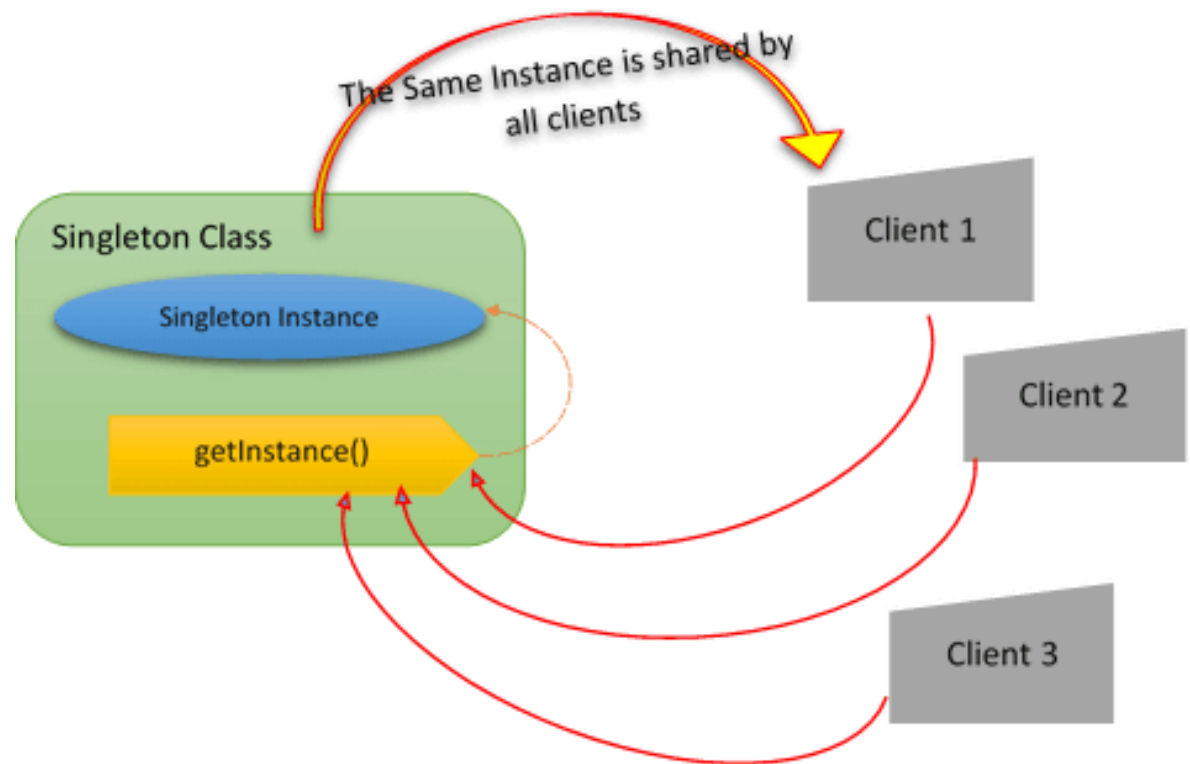
Behavioral Patterns

- Chain of Responsibility
- Command
- Interpreter
- Mediator
- Memento
- Template
- Visitor
- Null Object
- Iterator/Collection
- State
- Observer
- Strategy

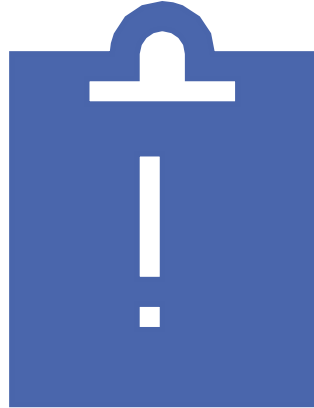
SINGLETON

When? When the application needs an object frequently, and the object itself is very computationally expensive.

When not a good idea?
When we using it in multi-thread scenario.



```
class Singleton {  
    private static Singleton instance = new Singleton();  
  
    private Singleton() { }  
  
    public static Singleton getInstance() {  
        return instance;  
    }  
}
```



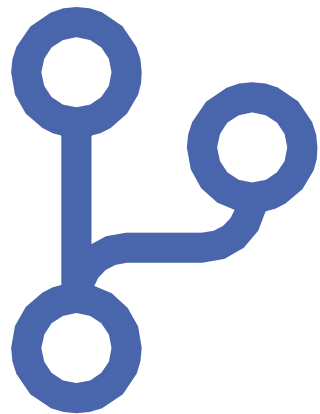
IMPLEMENTATION ISSUES

IMPLEMENTATION ISSUES

- **Reuse**
 - Make as much use as possible of existing code.
- **Configuration management**
 - During the development process, you have to keep track of the many different versions of each software component in a configuration management system.
- **Host-target development**
 - Production software does not usually execute on the same computer as the software development environment

REUSE LEVELS

- The abstraction level
- The object level
- The component level
- The system level



OPEN SOURCE DEVELOPMENT

OPEN SOURCE

Is an approach that we publish our source code and volunteers are invited to participate in the development process

ISSUES

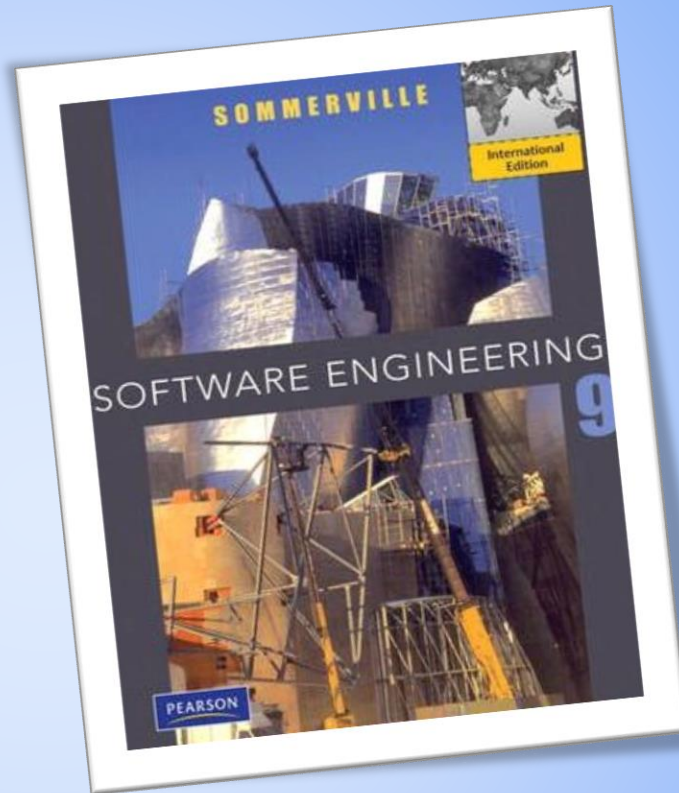
- Should we make use of open source components?
- Should an open source approach be used for the software's development?

BUSINESS

- Open source projects business model is not reliant on selling a software product but on selling support for that product.
- It is believed that involving the open source community will allow software to be developed more cheaply, more quickly and will create a community of users for the software.

LICENSE: GPL, LGPL, BSD, ...

REFERENCE



SOFTWARE ENGINEERING
SOMMERVILLE



THANK YOU
FOR
YOUR ATTENTION.