Tor (x, c, 1) in zip(feature_pyramid, military) r riedu to sourr Class_preds.append(c(x).permute(*, 1, 1, 1, 1) loc_preds.append(1(x).permute(*, 2, 3, 3, 3)

FREQUENCY COUNT

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```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
[1] I
[2]
[2]
[4]
[4]
```

Line 1 will be executed only 1 time.

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
[1] I
[2] I
[3]
[4]
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
1	<= 3	Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I[2] I[3] I[4] I
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
1	<= 3	Yes
Value of j	Condition	Enter Loop?
1	<= 3	Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I[2] I[3] II[4] II
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
1	<= 3	Yes
Value of j	Condition	Enter Loop?
2	<= 3	Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I[2] I[3] III[4] III
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
1	<= 3	Yes
Value of j	Condition	Enter Loop?
3	<= 3	Yes

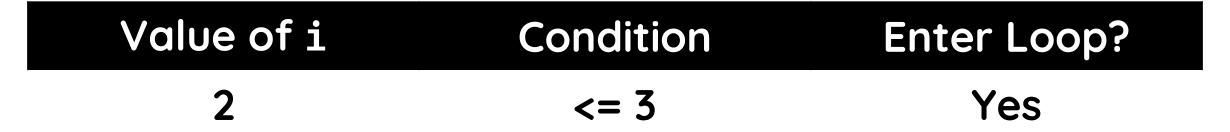
```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3]    for j = 1 to n
[4]     print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I
[3] IIII-
[4] III-
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
1	<= 3	Yes
Value of j	Condition	Enter Loop?
4	<= 3	No

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I[2] I-I[3] IIII-[4] III-
```



```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I
[3] IIII-I
[4] III-I
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
2	<= 3	Yes
Value of j	Condition	Enter Loop?
1	<= 3	Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I[2] I-I[3] IIII-II[4] III-II
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
2	<= 3	Yes
Value of j	Condition	Enter Loop?
2	<= 3	Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I
[3] IIII-III
[4] III-III
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
2	<= 3	Yes
Value of j	Condition	Enter Loop?
3	<= 3	Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I
[3] IIII-IIII-
[4] III-III-
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
2	<= 3	Yes
Value of j	Condition	Enter Loop?
4	<= 3	No

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I-I
[3] IIII-IIII-
[4] III-III-
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
3	<= 3	Yes

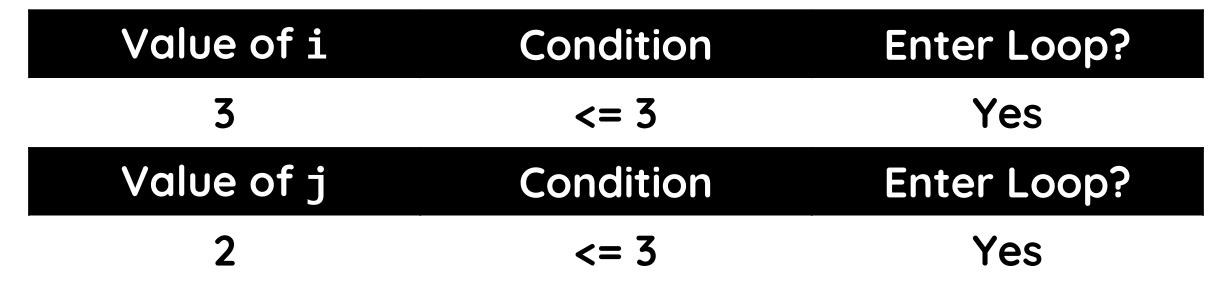
```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I-I
[3] IIII-IIII-I
[4] III-III-I
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
3	<= 3	Yes
Value of j	Condition	Enter Loop?
1	<= 3	Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I-I
[3] IIII-III-II
[4] III-III-II
```



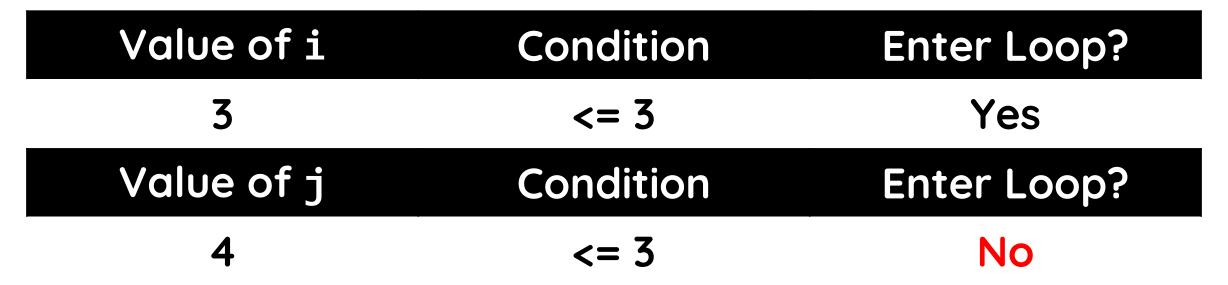
```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I-I
[3] IIII-III-III
[4] III-III-III
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
3	<= 3	Yes
Value of j	Condition	Enter Loop?
3	<= 3	Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I-I
[3] IIII-IIII-III
[4] III-III-III
```



```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I-I-I
[3] IIII-IIII-III
[4] III-III-III
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
4	<= 3	No

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to n
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I = 1

[2] I-I-I = 4

[3] IIII-IIII-III = 3(4)

[4] III-III-III = 3(3)
```

In this example, the frequency count of the statements inside the inner loop is not dependent on the value of the counter value of the outer loop.

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
```

What happens if the frequency count of the inner loop is controlled by the counter variable of the outer loop? In this example, the upper bound of the inner loop is changed to the counter variable of the outer loop.

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
[1] I
[2]
[2]
[4]
```

Line 1 will be executed only 1 time.

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
[1] I
[2] I
[3]
[4]
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
1	<= 3	Yes

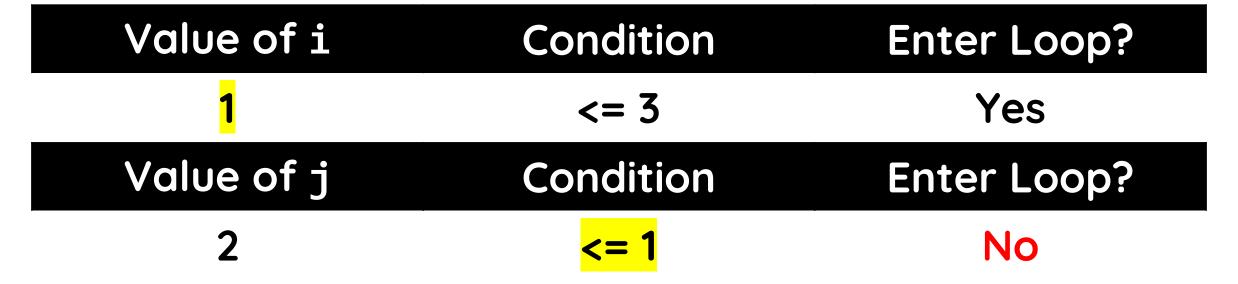
```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I[2] I[3] I[4] I
```

Value of iConditionEnter Loop?1<= 3</td>YesValue of jConditionEnter Loop?1<= 1</td>Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I
[3] II-
[4] I-
```



```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
[1]
[4]
[4]
```

```
[1] I[2] I-I[3] II-[4] I-
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
2	<= 3	Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I[2] I-I[3] II-I[4] I-I
```

Value of i Condition Enter Loop?

2 <= 3 Yes

Value of j Condition Enter Loop?

1 <= 2 Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I[2] I-I[3] II-II[4] I-II
```

Value of i Condition Enter Loop?

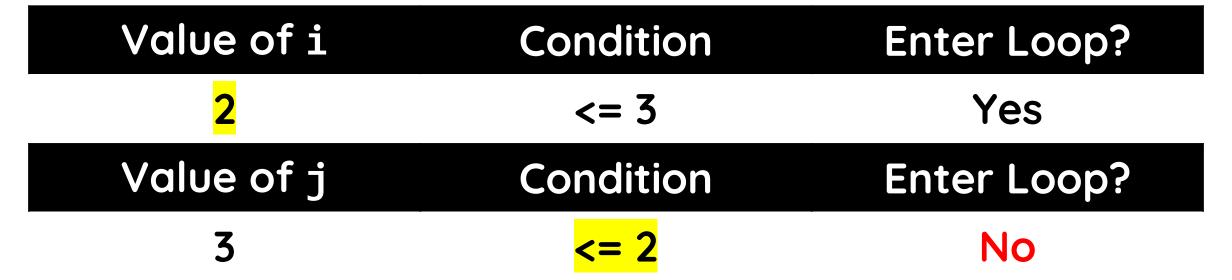
2 <= 3 Yes

Value of j Condition Enter Loop?

2 <= 2 Yes

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I
[3] II-III-
[4] I-II-
```



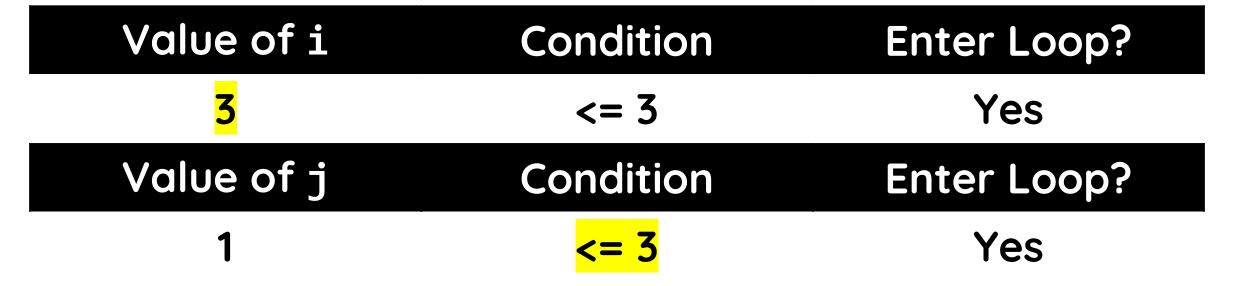
```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3]    for j = 1 to i
[4]        print(i, j)
[1]
[4]
[4]
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I-I
[3] II-III-
[4] I-II-
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
3	<= 3	Yes

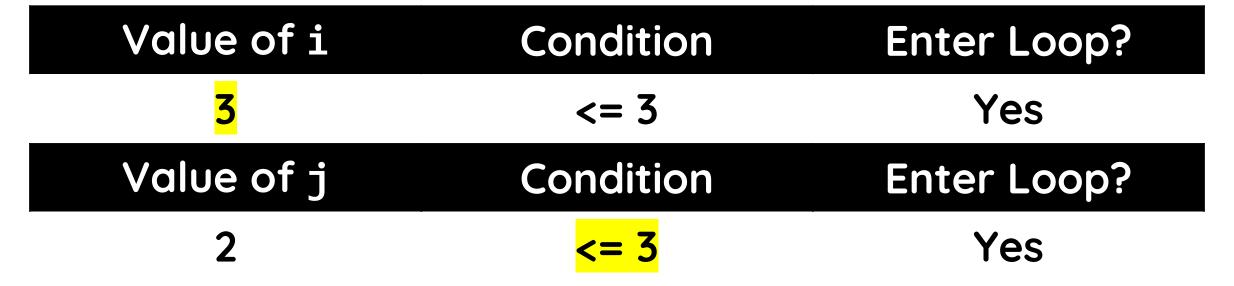
```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I-I
[3] II-III-I
[4] I-II-I
```



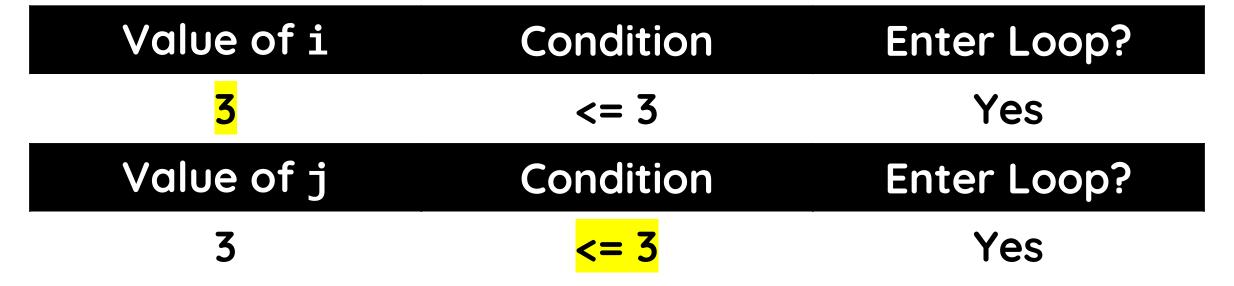
```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I-I
[3] II-III-II
[4] I-II-II
```



```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3]    for j = 1 to i
[4]    print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I[2] I-I-I[3] II-III-III[4] I-II-III
```



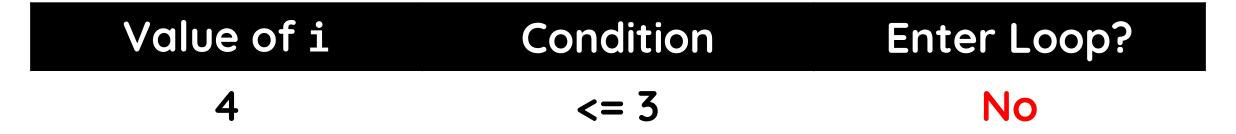
```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I-I
[3] II-III-III
[4] I-II-III
```

Value of i	Condition	Enter Loop?
3	<= 3	Yes
Value of j	Condition	Enter Loop?
4	<= 3	No

```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I
[2] I-I-I-I
[3] II-III-III
[4] I-II-III
```



```
[1] n = 3
[2] for i = 1 to n
[3] for j = 1 to i
[4] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] I = 1

[2] I-I-I = 4

[3] II-III-III = 2+3+4

[4] I-II-III = 1+2+3
```

Notice that the frequency count of the inner loop is affected by the current value of the counter variable of the outer loop. How to represent this?

```
[1] for i = 1 to n
[2] for j = 1 to i
[3] print(i, j)
```

```
[1] for i = 1 to n
[2] for j = 1 to i
[3] print(i, j)
[3]
[1] <ub> - <lb> + 2
[2]
[3]
```

Solve the outer loop first.

```
[1] for i = 1 to n
[2] for j = 1 to i
[3] print(i, j)
[3]
[1] n+1
[2]
[3]
```

Solve the outer loop first.

```
[1] for i = 1 to n

[2] for j = 1 to i

[2] <ub> - <lb> + 2

[3] print(i, j)

[3] <ub> - <lb> + 1
```

Treat the inner loop as an independent loop first.

```
[1] for i = 1 to n

[2] for j = 1 to i

[3] print(i, j)

[3] i
```

Treat the inner loop as an independent loop first.

```
[1] for i = 1 to n

[2] for j = 1 to i

[3] print(i, j)

[3] i
```

Since the value of i changes with the outer loop, consider that in every iteration.

Use summations to increment the value of i. The value of the upper bound and the lower bound of the summation is already stated in the outer loop.

FREQUENCY COUNT

SUMMATION/ARITHMETIC SERIES

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} 1 = n$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} c = cn$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

```
[1] for i = 1 to n  
[1] n+1
[2] for j = 1 to i  
[2] \sum_{i=1}^{n} (i+1)
[3] print(i, j)  
[3] \sum_{i=1}^{n} (i)
```

Simplify the summations using its closed form to get the final frequency count.

Simplify the summations using its closed form to get the final frequency count.

```
[1] for i = 1 to n

[2] for j = 1 to i

[2] \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + n

[3] print(i, j)

[3] \frac{n(n+1)}{2}
```

Simplify the summations using its closed form to get the final frequency count.

```
[1] for i = 1 to n

[2] for j = 1 to i

[2] \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + n

[3] print(i, j)

[3] \frac{n(n+1)}{2}
```

$$Total = (n+1) + \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + n + \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

```
[1] for i = 1 to n

[2] for j = 1 to i

[2] \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + n

[3] print(i, j)

[3] \frac{n(n+1)}{2}
```

$$Total = (n+1) + \frac{n^2 + n}{2} + n + \frac{n^2 + n}{2}$$

```
[1] for i = 1 to n

[2] for j = 1 to i

[2] \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + n

[3] print(i, j)

[3] \frac{n(n+1)}{2}
```

$$Total = \frac{2n + 2 + n^2 + n + 2n + n^2 + n}{2}$$

```
[1] for i = 1 to n

[2] for j = 1 to i

[2] \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + n

[3] print(i, j)

[3] \frac{n(n+1)}{2}
```

$$Total = \frac{2n^2 + 6n + 2}{2}$$

```
[1] for i = 1 to n

[2] for j = 1 to i

[2] \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + n

[3] print(i, j)

[3] \frac{n(n+1)}{2}
```

$$Total = n^2 + 3n + 1$$

Tor (x, c, 1) in zip(feature_pyramid, military) r riedu to sourr Class_preds.append(c(x).permute(*, 1, 1, 1, 1) loc_preds.append(1(x).permute(*, 2, 3, 3, 3)

FREQUENCY COUNT

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