

Unit Two

原典
英语

Homer Approach



Chapter 6

advise
current
deprive
hesitate
maintain

minimum
objection
originate
penalize
reliable

Chapter 7

abrupt
astonish
classify
complex
consent

eager
endure
exclaim
horizontal
recollect

Chapter 8

adequate
appeal
awkward
customary
establish

potential
respond
vanish
variety
wholesome

Chapter 9

brutal
discipline
eliminate
emphasis
furthermore

interpret
propose
resort
ultimate
vague

Chapter 10

accustomed
anticipate
linger
miserable
misinterpret

occur
reluctant
revise
specific
version

Unit Two: *Pretest*

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| _____ 1. advise | a) suggest b) insist c) plead d) punish |
| _____ 2. current | a) modern b) few in number c) good tasting d) likable |
| _____ 3. deprive | a) provide b) take away c) obey d) copy |
| _____ 4. hesitate | a) hurry b) forbid c) consider d) pause |
| _____ 5. maintain | a) release from captivity b) keep in existence c) prove to be correct
d) admire |
| _____ 6. minimum | a) largest possible b) desirable c) smallest possible
d) more than expected |
| _____ 7. objection | a) recommendation b) dislike c) reason d) prize |
| _____ 8. originate | a) imitate b) begin c) impress d) pretend |
| _____ 9. penalize | a) punish b) reward c) publish d) give up |
| _____ 10. reliable | a) untrustworthy b) easily tricked c) dependable d) unstable |
| _____ 11. abrupt | a) sudden b) expected c) delayed d) loud |
| _____ 12. astonish | a) continue b) surprise c) give away d) stop |
| _____ 13. classify | a) make clear b) put up with c) set aside for later d) arrange by type |
| _____ 14. complex | a) helpful b) hard to understand c) comfortable d) smallest possible |
| _____ 15. consent | a) agree to b) sit down c) listen d) reward |
| _____ 16. eager | a) unforgiving b) best c) happily excited d) good-looking |
| _____ 17. endure | a) punish b) demand c) put up with d) confuse |
| _____ 18. exclaim | a) tell b) call out c) show d) make clear |
| _____ 19. horizontal | a) careless b) up and down c) unexpected d) extending from side to side |
| _____ 20. recollect | a) remember b) put away c) agree with d) put into groups |
| _____ 21. adequate | a) good enough b) lacking c) important d) not needed |
| _____ 22. appeal | a) request b) give up c) take away the outer part d) repeat |
| _____ 23. awkward | a) charming b) hostile c) clumsy d) easily fooled |
| _____ 24. customary | a) commonly done b) foreign c) available for sale d) without value |
| _____ 25. establish | a) start b) knock down c) flatten d) say again |

(Continues on next page)

- _____ 26. **potential** a) ancestors b) income c) possibility d) preference
- _____ 27. **respond** a) treat with respect b) mock; treat with scorn c) answer
d) withhold information
- _____ 28. **vanish** a) make shiny b) disappear c) make new or youthful d) request
- _____ 29. **variety** a) opinion b) assortment c) reason d) delay
- _____ 30. **wholesome** a) healthful b) disgusting c) hard to get d) childlike
- _____ 31. **brutal** a) generous b) brave c) sympathetic d) cruel
- _____ 32. **discipline** a) train b) learn c) avoid d) misunderstand
- _____ 33. **eliminate** a) add to b) get rid of c) make more difficult d) inform
- _____ 34. **emphasis** a) refusal to speak b) betrayal c) importance d) stubborn act
- _____ 35. **furthermore** a) without b) at a later point in time c) in addition d) in spite of
- _____ 36. **interpret** a) confuse b) make an effort c) light from within d) explain
- _____ 37. **propose** a) persuade b) suggest c) exaggerate d) point out
- _____ 38. **resort** a) turn (to) for help b) say no to c) hold a grudge d) enable
- _____ 39. **ultimate** a) least important b) inefficient c) dangerous d) greatest
- _____ 40. **vague** a) unclear b) shining c) in fashion d) embarrassing
- _____ 41. **accustomed** a) unused to b) in the habit of c) unable to d) angry at
- _____ 42. **anticipate** a) expect b) fear c) dislike d) happen later
- _____ 43. **linger** a) hurry away b) get rid of (something) c) change d) remain
- _____ 44. **miserable** a) dampened b) youthful c) unhappy d) excited
- _____ 45. **misinterpret** a) have respect b) prefer c) understand incorrectly d) get rid of
- _____ 46. **occur** a) disappear b) repeat c) respond d) happen
- _____ 47. **reluctant** a) unwilling b) eager c) quick-moving d) amused
- _____ 48. **revise** a) correct and improve b) discard c) copy without giving credit
d) fail to complete
- _____ 49. **specific** a) ready b) unpleasantly loud c) exact d) willing
- _____ 50. **version** a) report based on one point of view b) story reflecting many opinions
c) inaccurate account d) deliberately malicious story

SCORE: (Number correct) _____ $\times 2 =$ _____ %

CHAPTER 6

原典 英语

advise
current
deprive
hesitate
maintain

minimum
objection
originate
penalize
reliable

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 **advise**
/əd'vaɪz/
– verb

___ Advise means

- I'd like to **advise** Alan to break up with Elaine, but I know he'll get angry if I offer my opinion.
 - The park ranger said, "I **advise** you to hang your food from a tree if you don't want the bears to get it."
- a. to punish. b. to suggest to. c. to follow.

2 **current**
/'kʌrənt/
– adjective

___ Current means

- Rita keeps up with fashion and buys the **current** styles, but her sister wears the same basic style, year after year.
 - Doctors once suggested total bed rest after surgery. However, **current** practice is to have patients walk as soon as possible after an operation.
- a. up-to-date. b. little known. c. older.

3 **deprive**
/dɪ'praɪv/
– verb

___ Deprive of means

- Isaac's mother **deprives** him of his allowance when he doesn't do his household jobs.
 - Dad complains that his low-fat, low-calorie diet **deprives** him of everything he enjoys eating.
- a. to keep from. b. to offer to. c. to protect from.

4 **hesitate**
/'hezɪteɪt/
– verb

___ Hesitate means

- I **hesitated** so long about buying the car that someone else bought it first.
 - Rodrigo **hesitated** to ask Julie to marry him. He wasn't sure he was ready to get married.
- a. to act quickly. b. to be undecided. c. to be pleased.

5 **maintain**
/meɪn'teɪn/
– verb

___ Maintain means

- When driving, it's important to **maintain** a safe distance between your car and the car ahead of you.
 - My brother must have excellent study skills. He was able to **maintain** a B average throughout college while holding a full-time job.
- a. to keep up. b. to give up. c. to pass up.

6 **minimum**
/'mɪnɪməm/
– adjective

___ Minimum means

- The **minimum** number of people allowed for each bus tour is eight. If fewer people sign up, the trip will be canceled.
 - What's the **minimum** price you'll take for your car? I can't afford to pay much.
- a. oldest. b. biggest. c. lowest.

7 **objection**
/əb'dʒekʃən/
– noun

- Luz had a strong **objection** to the wallpaper her husband picked out for their living room. "It looks like a doctor's waiting room," she complained.
- Granddad had a strong **objection** to boys wearing long hair. Once when my father refused to get a haircut, Granddad cut his hair while he was asleep.

___ *Objection* means a. interest in. b. memory of. c. dislike of.

8 **originate**
/ə'ɹɪdʒəneɪt/
– verb

- The ice-cream cone **originated** at the 1904 World's Fair in St. Louis. An ice-cream seller ran out of cups, so he wrapped a waffle around the ice cream and sold it that way.
- Many people believe that baseball **originated** in Cooperstown, New York, in 1839. However, it must have started earlier, since the sport was mentioned in English publications as early as 1744.

___ *Originate* means a. to continue. b. to begin. c. to delay.

9 **penalize**
/'pɪnəlaɪz/
– verb

- Whenever my parents heard I had been kept after school, they would **penalize** me again at home.
- The judge decided to **penalize** the young thief with one hundred hours of volunteer work.

___ *Penalize* means a. to depend upon. b. to answer. c. to punish.

10 **reliable**
/rɪ'laɪəbl/
– adjective

- Joe Sherman is a **reliable** mechanic. You can count on him to tell you the truth and to fix whatever is wrong with your car.
- It's important to me to have a **reliable** baby sitter. I would be very worried if I left my baby with someone I couldn't depend on to do a careful job.

___ *Reliable* means a. modern. b. able to be trusted. c. not expensive.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1. _____ A dislike; feeling of being against something; disapproval
2. _____ To stop because of not being able to decide; put off acting because of feeling unsure
3. _____ To take away from; keep from having or enjoying
4. _____ Smallest in size or amount that is allowed or possible; least
5. _____ To continue; carry on; keep in existence
6. _____ Modern; existing now; in general use or practice today
7. _____ To come into being; start
8. _____ To punish; cause to suffer for doing something wrong
9. _____ To give advice to; recommend
10. _____ Able to be depended upon; trustworthy

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

➤ **Sentence Check 1**

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. advise	b. current	c. deprive	d. hesitate	e. maintain
f. minimum	g. objection	h. originate	i. penalize	j. reliable

- _____ 1. A worker who is honest and does his job carefully would be called a _____ worker.
- _____ 2. My aunt is not a good patient. She rarely does what her doctor _____s her to do.
- _____ 3. The opposite of the highest salary the company allows would be its _____ salary.
- _____ 4. It used to be more common for teachers to _____ students by hitting them.
- _____ 5. We can say that the place where a river starts is where it _____s.
- _____ 6. We might refer to styles that are widely worn today as _____ fashions.
- _____ 7. Prisons _____ people of much of their freedom.
- _____ 8. I _____ to work more than ten hours a week this semester. I have such difficult classes that I may need more time than usual for studying.
- _____ 9. I have an _____ to that comedian because his jokes often hurt other people.
- _____ 10. You must keep up a B average to keep your football uniform. In other words, if you don't _____ good grades, you're off the team.

➤ **Sentence Check 2**

Using the answer lines, complete each item below with **two** words from the box.

- _____ 1–2. The best way to _____ Eric when he does something bad is to _____ him of his bicycle for a day.
- _____ 3–4. The girls accepted jobs that paid the _____ wage, hoping that they would get raises once they proved they were _____ workers.
- _____ 5–6. My doctor has an _____ to “crash diets.” Although they cause a quick reduction^o in weight, they do not help the dieter _____ that new, lower weight.
- _____ 7–8. Keisha likes her hair cut in the most _____ style. Her hairdresser _____s her about the newest fashionable looks.
- _____ 9–10. The fox terrier is a dog that _____d in England, where fox hunting was popular. It was valued there by hunters because it would not _____ to run into a fox's tunnel and drive the animal out.

➤ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. maintenance , <i>noun</i>	The work of keeping something in good condition
b. minimize , <i>verb</i>	To reduce as much as possible
c. originally , <i>adverb</i>	In the beginning
d. recur , <i>verb</i>	To happen or appear again
e. rely , <i>verb</i>	To depend

- _____ 1. While most dreams appear only once, some do _____. For example, one young girl dreamed over and over that she was trying to run from danger, but her shoes were slippery.
- _____ 2. Proper _____ of a car involves regularly changing the oil and the sparkplugs.
- _____ 3. To _____ the damage from a burn, put the burned area in cold water as soon as possible.
- _____ 4. It's hard to believe these shoes were _____ white — now they are gray with dirt.
- _____ 5. Richard shouldn't _____ on his mother so much — he even takes his laundry home for her to wash.

f. adviser , <i>noun</i>	Someone who gives advice or suggestions
g. currently , <i>adverb</i>	Now; at the present time
h. hesitant , <i>adjective</i>	Slow to act; not coming to a decision
i. object , <i>verb</i>	To speak out against
j. penalty , <i>noun</i>	A punishment

- _____ 6. Since the child was faced with thirty flavors of ice cream, it was not surprising that he was _____ about which one to choose.
- _____ 7. I am _____ enrolled as a full-time student, so I can work only at a part-time job.
- _____ 8. So many people _____ed to the idea of a giant weekend rock concert in town that the idea was given up.
- _____ 9. The soccer player touched the ball with her hands; as a _____, the other team got a free goal kick.
- _____ 10. As I looked for an _____ to help me make a difficult decision, I thought about several people whom I like and respect.

➤ Word Parts

A. The suffixes *-ance* and *-ence* often mean “the act, state, or quality of.”

Examples: *maintain* — to keep in existence
maintenance — the act of keeping
 in existence

patient — willing to put up with something
patience — the quality of being patient

On each answer line, write the word from the box that means the same as the *italicized* words.

a. **avoidance**b. **excellence**c. **dependence**d. **interference°**e. **maintenance**

- _____ 1. “I know you mean well,” the woman said to her mother. “But I’m 25 now, and your *act of interfering* in how I do my job is not helpful.”
- _____ 2. My father’s *state of depending* on caffeine is not healthy for him.
- _____ 3. Takeo aims for *the quality of being excellent* in everything he does.
- _____ 4. The *act of maintaining* of good grades requires a lot of willpower.
- _____ 5. Anna’s *act of avoiding* milk is easily explained — she is allergic to it.

B. The prefix *in-* often means “not,” which can change words to their opposites.

Examples: *direct* — in a straight line
indirect — not in a straight line

humane° — kind
inhumane — not kind

On each answer line, write the word from the box that best completes the item.

f. **incapable**g. **inconvenient**h. **indistinct°**i. **inexpensive**j. **inhumane**

- _____ 6. The fog was so thick that the road signs were ____, and I could barely see them.
- _____ 7. I wish there were a grocery store nearby — it is ____ to have to drive all the way across town.
- _____ 8. Treatment of elderly patients is sometimes _____. Some have been tied down to their chairs and ignored.
- _____ 9. The firefighters rescued all the people, but they were ____ of saving the building.
- _____ 10. Since we are on a budget, we buy ____ furniture at flea markets. In comparison° with our friends’ new furniture, the old pieces we buy are often of better quality.

➤ Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

A. Toasters

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------|
| a. current | b. maintain | c. minimum |
| d. originate | e. reliable | |

Although the practice of eating toasted bread (1)_____d about 4600 years ago, the pop-up electric toaster was not invented until 1919. These early pop-up toasters were not very (2)_____ — they broke down often. Also, they weren't able to (3)_____ an even temperature but grew hotter and hotter with each piece of bread toasted. Some poor-quality machines even popped the toast all the way across the room. Over the years, toasters have certainly improved. (4)_____ ones give us a (5)_____ of problems with repairs and temperature control.

B. A Mean Man

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| f. advise | g. deprive | h. hesitate |
| i. objection | j. penalize | |

Mr. Barker says that he has no (6)_____ to kids — as long as they don't come into his yard, as long as they don't (7)_____ him of peace and quiet, and as long as they don't grow up to be teenagers.

Neighborhood kids say he's the meanest man they ever met. Who can blame them? If he sees them choosing up sides for a ball game in the street, for example, he doesn't (8)_____ a minute. He runs right to his window and yells, "You can't do that in front of MY house!" The kids are afraid of him, but they yell back that the street belongs to everybody. "Well, I (9)_____ you to watch your step!" he replies. "If any of you kids break my window or step on my flowers, you will be (10)_____d." Then he slams his window shut. Maybe a hard life has made Mr. Barker the way he is, but it's hard to have warm feelings for someone so obnoxious°.

CHAPTER 7

原典
英語

abrupt
astonish
classify
complex
consent

eager
endure
exclaim
horizontal
recollect

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 **abrupt**

/ə'brʌpt/

— *adjective*

- Seat belts in cars protect passengers from injuries caused by **abrupt** stops.
- An **abrupt** burst of laughter during the church service surprised everyone.

___ *Abrupt* means

- a. silent. b. simple. c. not expected.

2 **astonish**

/ə'stɒnɪʃ/

— *verb*

- A magician **astonished** the audience by making seemingly impossible things happen.
- The announcement that the factory was closing forever **astonished** the employees, who had not known their jobs were in danger.

___ *Astonish* means

- a. to delay. b. to encourage. c. to surprise.

3 **classify**

/ˈklæsɪfaɪ/

— *verb*

- The stamp collector **classified** her stamps by countries — she put all the stamps from France together, all the stamps from Spain together, and so on.
- I was surprised to learn that the sea horse is **classified** by scientists as a fish.

___ *Classify* means

- a. to lose. b. to group. c. to remember.

4 **complex**

/ˈkɒmpleks/

— *adjective*

- Because income tax forms are so **complex**, many people hire professionals to prepare their tax returns.
- Our family is rather **complex** — it includes many second marriages and stepfamilies. At family reunions we spend a lot of time trying to figure out how we are all related.

___ *Complex* means

- a. hard to understand. b. helpful. c. small.

5 **consent**

/kən'sent/

— *verb*

- Only applicants who **consented** to a drug test were considered for the job.
- Enrique proposed to Anna by putting up a billboard saying, "Will you marry me?" She **consented** with her own sign that said, "Of course I will."

___ *Consent* means

- a. to say yes. b. to listen. c. to disagree.

6 **eager**

/ˈiːgə(r)/

— *adjective*

- I am always **eager** to read the latest murder story by my favorite mystery writer.
- Our dog is **eager** to greet us when we come home. She jumps up on us and begins licking our hands before the door is even shut.

___ *Eager* means

- a. bored. b. patient. c. happily excited.

7 endure

/en'dʒʊə(r)/

– verb

- We'll have to **endure** a few more weeks of cold, gray winter before spring arrives.
- Until someone finds a cure for the common cold, there's not much to do but **endure** the runny noses and sneezes.

___ *Endure* means

- a. to enjoy. b. to organize. c. to live with unwillingly.

8 exclaim

/ɪk'skleɪm/

– verb

- “Wow!” “Ooooh!” “Aaah!” the crowd **exclaimed** as the colorful fireworks burst in the sky.
- When a cardinal landed on the bird feeder, the little girl **exclaimed**, “Look! A red blue jay!”

___ *Exclaim* means

- a. to remember. b. to complain. c. to call out.

9 horizontal

/hɒrɪ'zɒntəl/

– adjective

- The surgery left a **horizontal** scar that runs from one side of my stomach to the other.
- **Horizontal** stripes on clothing generally make the wearer look wider.

___ *Horizontal* means

- a. dirty. b. little. c. running from side to side.

10 recollect

/rɪ'kɒlɛkt/

– verb

- Can you **recollect** much about being in first grade?
- I couldn't **recollect** my sister's phone number, so I had to call the phone company's information number.

___ *Recollect* means

- a. to agree with. b. to remember. c. to arrange.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

- _____ Lying flat; lying or extending from side to side (as opposed to going up and down)
- _____ To put up with; bear patiently
- _____ Looking forward to with great interest or desire
- _____ Not simple; not easy to understand or figure out
- _____ To agree to something
- _____ To speak or cry out suddenly, as from strong feelings or surprise
- _____ To arrange or organize into groups or types; place in a category°
- _____ To remember; bring an image or idea back to mind
- _____ To surprise greatly; amaze
- _____ Sudden and unexpected

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

➤ **Sentence Check 1**

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. abrupt	b. astonish	c. classify	d. complex	e. consent
f. eager	g. endure	h. exclaim	i. horizontal	j. recollect

- _____ 1. Sometimes I think I can't ____ one more day of winter, but I know I have to put up with it until spring.
- _____ 2. Did you know that scientists ____ the whale as a mammal? Most people think of it as a fish.
- _____ 3. Although I remember little about first grade, I ____ my year in third grade very clearly.
- _____ 4. The great magician Houdini would ____ audiences by escaping from chains, locked trunks, and even sealed coffins.
- _____ 5. The day after Jackie had her waist-length hair cut short, nearly everyone she met ____ed, "Oh! Your hair!"
- _____ 6. A car would probably come to an ____ stop if a dog ran out in front of it.
- _____ 7. Knowing that she had done well on every test, Phyllis was ____ to see her final grade for the course.
- _____ 8. Why must our tax forms be so ____? Why can't the government make them easier to understand?
- _____ 9. It's true that ____ stripes on clothing make you look wider, and stripes that go up and down make you look taller.
- _____ 10. If you won the lottery, would you ____ to having your name and picture printed in the newspaper?

➤ **Sentence Check 2**

Using the answer lines, complete each item below with **two** words from the box.

- _____ 1-2. In early spring, ____ changes in the weather can ____ everyone. It may be mild and sunny in the morning, then snowing by bedtime.
- _____ 3-4. I didn't want to have dental surgery, but I decided to ____ to it rather than ____ my toothache any longer. I just want the pain to cease°.
- _____ 5-6. I am thinking of buying Felix a striped T-shirt for his birthday, but I can't ____ if he likes to wear ____ stripes or stripes that go up and down.
- _____ 7-8. Scientists ____ animals in a ____ system of groupings, using features such as being warm- or cold-blooded and having feathers or scales.
- _____ 9-10. My kids are not exactly ____ to go to school; when I wake them every morning, they ____, "Oh, no! Isn't it Saturday yet?"

➤ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. eagerly , <i>adverb</i>	With excitement and impatience
b. eagerness , <i>noun</i>	An impatient desire for something
c. exclamation , <i>noun</i>	A cry or shout of excitement or strong feeling
d. horizon , <i>noun</i>	The level line where earth (or water) and sky seem to meet
e. recollection , <i>noun</i>	A memory

- _____ 1. Ramon fell off his bicycle and was knocked out; later he had no ____ of the accident — he couldn't remember it at all.
- _____ 2. Sitting on the front steps, I waited ____ for the mail to arrive; I was expecting a letter from my boyfriend.
- _____ 3. My little daughter was too excited on Christmas morning — in her ____ to see her presents, she tumbled down the stairs.
- _____ 4. In the movie, the shipwrecked sailors constantly watched for a rescue ship on the ____.
- _____ 5. When their rescuers finally appeared, the sailors shouted out a one-word ____: "Saved!"

f. abruptly , <i>adverb</i>	Suddenly; unexpectedly
g. astonishment , <i>noun</i>	Great surprise or amazement
h. classification , <i>noun</i>	A group or division
i. complexity , <i>noun</i>	The quality of being detailed and hard to understand
j. endurance , <i>noun</i>	The ability to bear a hardship

- _____ 6. Distance runners need to have not only strength and speed, but also ____, to keep on going with pain and thirst for so many miles.
- _____ 7. Tomatoes belong to the ____ of fruits, not the category° of vegetables.
- _____ 8. The ____ of the subject makes my chemistry course difficult, but it is also very interesting. Since I want to maintain° a good grade-point average, I'll have to study hard.
- _____ 9. Heidi's boyfriend took her by surprise when he ____ asked her to marry him.
- _____ 10. When Heidi told us about the engagement, she said, "Imagine my ____! He always said he wasn't the marrying kind."

➤ **Synonyms and Antonyms**

A. Synonyms. Write the letter of the word or phrase that most nearly means the **same** as each boldfaced word.

_____ 1. **abrupt**

- a. expected
- c. sudden

- b. delayed
- d. polite

_____ 2. **astonish**

- a. borrow
- c. allow

- b. request
- d. surprise

_____ 3. **classify**

- a. set aside for later
- c. decide the value

- b. have no use for
- d. organize into groups

_____ 4. **endure**

- a. bear up under
- c. agree

- b. remember
- d. deny

_____ 5. **exclaim**

- a. tell
- c. notice

- b. call out
- d. bear

B. Antonyms. Write the letter of the word or phrase that most nearly means the **opposite** of each boldfaced word.

_____ 6. **complex**

- a. simple
- c. interesting

- b. true
- d. wise

_____ 7. **consent**

- a. try
- c. begin

- b. disagree
- d. practice

_____ 8. **eager**

- a. unsteady
- c. expected

- b. perfect
- d. not interested

_____ 9. **horizontal**

- a. in a circle
- c. straight up and down

- b. lying at a slant
- d. outside

_____ 10. **recollect**

- a. forget
- c. plan

- b. forgive
- d. wonder

➤ Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

A. A Special Memory

a. **astonish**
d. **horizontal**

b. **consent**
e. **recollect**

c. **eager**

Tony and I often did things without asking our mom to (1)_____ to our activities — because she probably wouldn't. Besides, we loved secret projects. One summer we built a treehouse hidden among some tall trees on Mr. Leary's lot. The window was crooked, and the floor wasn't exactly (2)_____, although the tilt wasn't too bad. We took Mom's ladder to use as our stairs and decorated the place with an old rug and some pillows.

One day we heard Mom yelling up to us, "So that's where my ladder went!" Then she told us that Mr. Leary had called to say that the treehouse had to come down. "You could fall and get hurt," she explained, "and he doesn't want to get sued — and he's right. That treehouse is dangerous. I advise° you to come down from there right now."

But that night, (3)_____ to spend one last hour there, Tony and I sneaked out and headed for the treehouse. As we got near it, we were (4)_____ed to see a candle glowing in the crooked window, so we climbed up very quietly and peeked in. I can still (5)_____ the scene clearly. There was Mom, sitting on one of our pillows, smiling. Next to her were a pitcher of lemonade and three glasses. "It's about time you got here," she said. "What took you so long?"

B. Watch Your Manners!

f. **abrupt**
i. **endure**

g. **classify**
j. **exclaim**

h. **complex**

Most of us think we know how to be polite. But some things that Americans (6)_____ as good manners may seem rude in other parts of the world. Every culture has its own (7)_____ set of rules about what is and isn't acceptable.

For example, an American who went to a birthday party in Japan brought the fun to an (8)_____ end by giving a clock as a present. In Japan, giving anyone a clock is a way of saying "I hope your time is running out" — in other words, "I hope you die soon." Also, Americans in China are seen as bad-tempered when they (9)_____ something loudly, out of excitement or to make a point. In China, a loud voice is a sign of strong anger.

Of course, foreign visitors to the United States can also misunderstand our ways. For instance, one Arab who was a guest at a banquet in Washington later complained, "I didn't get a thing to eat." It turned out he had said, "No, thank you," each time he was offered food. In his country, it was good manners to refuse food several times before accepting it. His American hosts didn't know that, so they just let the poor fellow (10)_____ his hunger.

CHAPTER 8

原典
英语

adequate
appeal
awkward
customary
establish

potential
respond
vanish
variety
wholesome

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 **adequate**
/ˈædɪkwət/
— adjective

___ Adequate means

- When I didn't have time to wash the windows, I hired a neighbor's child to do it. He did an **adequate** job — not perfect, but good enough.
- Open sandals are not **adequate** footwear for factory work. You should wear heavy shoes to protect your feet.

a. OK. b. poor. c. popular.

2 **appeal**
/əˈpi:l/
— verb

___ Appeal means

- Every year, Jerry Lewis goes on TV to **appeal** to viewers for money to help people with the illness muscular dystrophy.
- When police can't solve a crime, they sometimes **appeal** to the public for help.

a. to answer. b. to run. c. to make a request.

3 **awkward**
/ˈɔ:kwəd/
— adjective

___ Awkward means

- When I was 13, I was very **awkward**. My feet seemed too big, and I was always tripping over things.
- Rico is such an **awkward** dancer that he constantly steps on his partner's feet.

a. not strong. b. not graceful. c. kind.

4 **customary**
/ˈkʌstəməri/
— adjective

___ Customary means

- In some towns, it's **customary** for the "Welcome Wagon" to visit newcomers and tell them about the town.
- Americans usually eat their big meal in the evening. In Ireland, however, it is **customary** to eat a big dinner in the afternoon and a light meal at night.

a. not polite. b. normal. c. rare.

5 **establish**
/ɪˈstæblɪʃ/
— verb

___ Establish means

- The first lending library was **established** in Scotland in 1725.
- The first movie theater in the United States was **established** in New Orleans in 1896.

a. to leave. b. to stop. c. to start.

6 **potential**
/pəˈtential/
— noun

___ Potential means

- My grandmother had the **potential** to be a great teacher, but she couldn't afford to go to college.
- Everyone agrees that Carlos has the **potential** of being a major league baseball player. To become that good, he must continue to work hard.

a. request. b. memory. c. ability.

7 **respond**
/rɪ'spɒnd/
– verb

- You asked me a question, so why don't you stop talking for a minute so that I can **respond**?
- The group of men whistled and called out to Kim as she walked by, but she didn't **respond** at all. She simply kept walking.

___ *Respond* means

- a. to reply. b. to repeat. c. to leave.

8 **vanish**
/'væniʃ/
– verb

- The magician made the rabbit **vanish** by slipping it under a secret door.
- You gave a stranger \$500 in cash to paint your house? How do you know he won't **vanish** with the money?

___ *Vanish* means

- a. to answer. b. to begin. c. to go out of sight.

9 **variety**
/və'raɪəti/
– noun

- In the spring, the woods contain a **variety** of wildflowers, including bluebells, daffodils, and violets.
- Instead of being a **variety** of colors, all of Gale's clothes were lavender or purple.

___ *Variety* means

- a. mixture. b. absence. c. shade.

10 **wholesome**
/'həʊlsəm/
– adjective

- Ken used to spend hours in a smoky video arcade where drug dealers hung out, but now he prefers more **wholesome** activities, like sports and music.
- We now know smoking is not **wholesome**, but early cigarette ads claimed physical and mental benefits for smokers.

___ *Wholesome* means

- a. obvious. b. expensive. c. healthy.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1. _____ To bring into being; set up
2. _____ To make an important request (to someone for something)
3. _____ A number of different kinds; assortment
4. _____ Tending to improve the character, the mind, or the body
5. _____ To answer, either by word or by action
6. _____ Good enough (to meet the need)
7. _____ Usual; commonly done
8. _____ To disappear from sight
9. _____ Clumsy; not graceful
10. _____ A natural ability that may or may not develop; possibility

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

➤ Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. adequate	b. appeal	c. awkward	d. customary	e. establish
f. potential	g. respond	h. vanish	i. variety	j. wholesome

- _____ 1. An acorn has the ____ to be an oak tree.
- _____ 2. I looked everywhere for my car keys, but they seem to have ____ed into thin air.
- _____ 3. Rodney has worked in a ____ of positions, including trucker, carpenter, and rancher.
- _____ 4. The signs the children put up on telephone poles ____ed to people to help find their lost cat.
- _____ 5. Starting a day with exercise is more ____ than starting the day with a cigarette.
- _____ 6. I'd love a huge apartment, but this small one is ____; it serves my needs.
- _____ 7. The American Girl Scouts were ____ed in 1912.
- _____ 8. People's habits can be referred to as their ____ behavior.
- _____ 9. When asked a question, we usually ____, even if it's only to say, "I don't know."
- _____ 10. On land, crocodiles seem slow and ____, but once in the water they are fast and graceful swimmers.

➤ Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines, complete each item below with **two** words from the box.

- _____ 1-2. Parents were happy when the Youth Club was ____ed in town because it gave their kids a ____ place to go, have fun, and meet their friends.
- _____ 3-4. The ____ of fruits and vegetables at Fresh Foods is ____, but not as good as the selection at Grocery Giant.
- _____ 5-6. A talent agent ____ed to Christi's parents to let her appear in commercials. He thought Christi had the ____ of being a very good model and making a lot of money. However, her parents had an objection^o to letting a ten-year-old work.
- _____ 7-8. In my dream, an old woman says, "Hurry! Come with me!" But I never go with her — she ____es before I have a chance to ____.
- _____ 9-10. It is ____ for people to bow to one another in Japan. When Fred visited that country he bowed too, even though he felt ____ doing it.

➤ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. customarily , <i>adverb</i>	Usually
b. establishment , <i>noun</i>	A business
c. response , <i>noun</i>	An answer
d. unwholesome , <i>adjective</i>	Having a bad effect on health or character
e. various , <i>adjective</i>	Several; of different kinds

- _____ 1. One of the oldest ____s in the city is the Red Lion Inn, which was built in 1835.
- _____ 2. Letty's parents are afraid that her older boyfriend, who has been in trouble with the law, is an ____ influence on her.
- _____ 3. When we asked the crying child what was the matter, her only ____ was to cry louder.
- _____ 4. Quaker religious services ____ take place in silence.
- _____ 5. We tried ____ ways to get rid of the mice in our house, including traps, poison, and a cat.

f. responsive , <i>adjective</i>	Reacting in a positive way
g. custom , <i>noun</i>	A habit
h. inadequate , <i>adjective</i>	Not good enough
i. potentially , <i>adverb</i>	Possibly; able to happen
j. re-establish , <i>verb</i>	To set up again

- _____ 6. It is natural to feel ____ on the first days of a new job — there is so much to learn!
- _____ 7. The teacher was not ____ to the students' suggestion that the test be canceled.
- _____ 8. A loaded gun in the same house with curious children creates a ____ deadly situation — an accident could easily happen.
- _____ 9. It is my grandfather's ____ to walk three miles each morning before breakfast.
- _____ 10. After years of being out of touch, Dad and his brother have ____ed their friendship.

➤ Word Parts

A. The prefix *re-* often mean “again.”

Examples: *utilize*° — to make use of
reutilize — to make use of again

On each answer line, write the word from the box that best completes the item.

a. *reanalyze*°
 d. *relearn*

b. *re-establish*
 e. *reutilize*°

c. *reheat*

- _____ 1. When I get home late from work, I usually find some leftovers that I can ____ for dinner.
- _____ 2. It is easier to ____ something you once knew and forgot than to learn something for the first time.
- _____ 3. Mr. Amin did not give up when a highway was built where his store had once been. He decided to ____ his business in another part of town.
- _____ 4. After finishing a difficult math problem, I often ____ it, just to be sure I have the correct answer.
- _____ 5. After I empty plastic bags from the supermarket, I ____ them. I may use them as storage bags or even bring them back to the supermarket to use there again.

B. The prefix *un-* often means “not.” It can change words to their opposites.

Examples: *intentional*° — done on purpose *stable* — steady
unintentional — not done on purpose; done by accident *unstable*° — not steady

On each answer line, write the word from the box that best completes the item.

f. *unintentional*°
 i. *unstable*°

g. *uninterested*
 j. *unwholesome*

h. *unlucky*

- _____ 6. Most dogs are ____ in vegetables.
- _____ 7. Many people eat an ____ diet, filled with fried foods, fatty meats, and sugar, and lacking in vegetables and grains.
- _____ 8. “Oh, I’m sorry,” said the man who bumped into me. “That was ____.”
- _____ 9. So many people believe that the number thirteen is ____ that some hotels won’t give a room that number.
- _____ 10. Our strangely shaped dining-room chairs are so ____ that several people have fallen out of them.

➤ Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

A. Big Brothers and Sisters

a. **appeal**b. **establish**c. **potential**d. **variety**e. **wholesome**

This week, the local Big Brother/Big Sister Agency (1)_____ed to the community for volunteers. The organization is looking for men and women who are willing to (2)_____ a new friendship with a young boy or girl from a single-parent home. The only thing required for becoming a volunteer is the desire to become friends with the children, to help them to stay in school, and to choose (3)_____ activities that will keep them out of trouble. Volunteers can do a (4)_____ of things with their little “brothers” or “sisters,” such as taking them to the park or going out to eat. Whatever activities they choose, volunteers will play an important part in the children’s lives, helping them to build their (5)_____ to live full lives and become good citizens.

B. Kevin’s First Date

f. **adequate**g. **awkward**h. **customary**i. **respond**j. **vanish**

If you ask Kevin what the most embarrassing time of his life was, he will surely tell you about his first date, for a ninth-grade dance. He was so afraid of rejection° when he asked the girl to go with him that he almost didn’t notice when she consented° to be his date.

The day of the dance was no better. Between the time he rang her doorbell and the time her father answered, he forgot his date’s name — completely. He mumbled something about school (he did remember the school’s name), and the girl’s father let him in. The man then shot some questions at Kevin, to make sure he was an (6)_____ date for his darling daughter. Kevin could barely (7)_____ to the questions because his nervous thirteen-year-old voice squeaked and cracked so much.

Since it was (8)_____ for boys to bring flowers on this special occasion, Kevin had done so. But when his date came down the stairs in a thin-strapped pink dress and he opened the florist’s box, he became even more nervous. Inside was an excessively° large flower in a bright orange color that didn’t go at all with the pink dress. As he pinned the giant blossom onto the gown, he made an (9)_____ movement, stuck his finger, and bled — on the dress. The girl was so astonished° that her mouth fell open. He wanted to (10)_____ from the face of the earth and never be seen again. He even considered transferring to another school. As it was, he developed such a poor attitude° about dating that he didn’t ask another girl out for the next two years.

CHAPTER 9

原典
英语

brutal
discipline
eliminate
emphasis
furthermore

interpret
propose
resort
ultimate
vague

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 **brutal**
/ˈbru:təl/
— adjective

- Brenda's first husband was **brutal**. When he beat her for the third time, she finally left him.
- Troy's mother never hit him, but she was **brutal**. Her cruel words were more painful than any beating could have been.

___ *Brutal* means

- a. youthful. b. hardly ever seen. c. mean.

2 **discipline**
/ˈdɪsɪplɪn/
— verb

- The ballplayer was put out of the game for hitting an umpire. He was also **disciplined** with a \$2,000 fine.
- José wanted to teach his children to be nonviolent, so he **disciplined** them in gentle ways, such as sending them to their rooms for some quiet "time out."

___ *Discipline* means

- a. to punish. b. to leave. c. to turn to for help.

3 **eliminate**
/ɪˈlɪmɪneɪt/
— verb

- If you hang up clothes right after the dryer stops, you can **eliminate** the need to iron many items.
- Because my father has high blood pressure, he's supposed to **eliminate** salt from his diet.

___ *Eliminate* means

- a. to add to. b. to remove. c. to repeat.

4 **emphasis**
/ˈemfəsɪs/
— noun

- Brad's father placed a lot of **emphasis** on doing well in sports but gave little attention to doing well in school.
- In my Spanish class, too much **emphasis** was given to reading and not enough to speaking.

___ *Emphasis* means

- a. delay. b. addition. c. importance.

5 **furthermore**
/ˈfɜːðəməʊ(r)/
— adverb

- "I don't believe your story about a flat tire," said Hal's boss. "And **furthermore**, I haven't believed any of your other excuses for being late."
- The Bulls will win because they are a talented team. **Furthermore**, they are coached well.

___ *Furthermore* means

- a. instead. b. later. c. also.

6 **interpret**
/ɪnˈtɜːprɪt/
— verb

- After Ray had a dental x-ray, the dentist sat down with him to **interpret** it.
- How should I **interpret** the fact that, although we were friendly yesterday, Jean refused to speak to me today?

___ *Interpret* means

- a. to explain. b. to suggest. c. to discover.

7 **propose**
/prə'pəʊz/
– verb

- Our little brother **proposed** buying our parents a puppy for Christmas, but instead we gave them a coffee grinder.
- Rafael was obviously too tired to study, so his mother **proposed** that he take a nap and get back to work later.

___ *Propose* means

- a. to predict. b. to remember. c. to suggest.

8 **resort**
/rɪ'zɔ:t/
– verb

- Once my friend was so low on money that he **resorted** to selling his blood to a blood bank.
- Although school was hard for me, I never **resorted** to cheating.

___ *Resort to* means

- a. to explain. b. to forget about. c. to turn to.

9 **ultimate**
/ˈʌltɪmət/
– adjective

- Although they have reached some understandings, the **ultimate** goal of the conference is to sign an international arms-control agreement.
- Saying they learned a lot in class is the **ultimate** compliment students can pay a teacher.

___ *Ultimate* means

- a. greatest. b. most interesting. c. unknown.

10 **vague**
/veɪg/
– adjective

- On the essay test, give detailed answers, not **vague** ones.
- Ben had only a **vague** idea of what yeast was. He knew it was used to make beer and bread, but he wasn't sure what it did.

___ *Vague* means

- a. general. b. curious. c. wrong.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

- _____ Not clear; not exact; not definite
- _____ To put forward for thinking over or accepting; suggest (an idea)
- _____ To punish; cause to suffer for doing something wrong
- _____ To turn or go (to) for help; make use of aid
- _____ Cruel; heartless
- _____ Special attention; importance given to something
- _____ In addition; besides
- _____ To get rid of; do away with
- _____ To explain the meaning of; make sense of
- _____ Greatest; highest possible

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

➤ **Sentence Check 1**

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. brutal	b. discipline	c. eliminate	d. emphasis	e. furthermore
f. interpret	g. propose	h. resort	i. ultimate	j. vague

- _____ 1. Ms. Ramirez took her son's bike away for a week to ____ him after he lied to her.
- _____ 2. Your ____ goal is the highest one you hope to reach.
- _____ 3. If you were low on cash, would you ____ to selling your blood?
- _____ 4. When I ask my children where they're going, I don't accept ____ answers. I want to know exactly where they'll be.
- _____ 5. Since I didn't understand the results of my blood test, the doctor ____ed it for me.
- _____ 6. We encourage our children to ____ weekend activities in which the whole family can participate.
- _____ 7. People take aspirin to ____ headaches.
- _____ 8. One way to introduce an additional point is with the word "____."
- _____ 9. Your boss will put the greatest ____ on the project he or she considers most important.
- _____ 10. Someone without mercy can be ____.

➤ **Sentence Check 2**

Using the answer lines, complete each item below with **two** words from the box.

- _____ 1-2. "Your answers were too ____," said the teacher. "You should have made them more clear by adding details. ____, you skipped several questions."
- _____ 3-4. Even though there are plenty of gentle ways to ____ a child, many parents are quick to ____ to spanking when a child behaves badly. Many parents need to learn how to penalize° their children in positive ways.
- _____ 5-6. Liz has cut down her smoking to only three cigarettes a day, but her ____ goal is to ____ smoking from her life.
- _____ 7-8. Chu's parents had never seen an American-style report card before, so when Chu's teacher met with them, her ____ was on helping them ____ what it said.
- _____ 9-10. Gail ____d that we go to the movies instead of attending a boxing match because she feels that boxing is a ____ sport.

➤ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. brutality , <i>noun</i>	Cruelty
b. emphasize , <i>verb</i>	To give special force to; stress
c. interpreter , <i>noun</i>	Someone who translates one language into another
d. ultimately , <i>adverb</i>	In the end; finally
e. vagueness , <i>noun</i>	The condition of not being clear

- _____ 1. The instructions in this beginners' cookbook ____ measuring ingredients carefully.
- _____ 2. The Humane^o Society came to check on Mr. Speck when neighbors reported his ____ to his dogs.
- _____ 3. Marcos worked hard as a roofer for ten years, saved his money, and ____ started his own roofing business.
- _____ 4. Because Julie speaks English and Vietnamese equally well, she often serves as an ____ for her parents and customers in their restaurant.
- _____ 5. The memory of an event when I was three years old has the ____ of a hardly remembered dream.

a. brute , <i>noun</i>	A cruel person
b. disciplinary , <i>adjective</i>	Having to do with teaching a lesson or punishing
c. elimination , <i>noun</i>	The getting rid of something
d. proposal , <i>noun</i>	An idea; suggestion
e. vaguely , <i>adverb</i>	Not clearly

- _____ 6. No one liked Dad's ____ that we spend our vacation at home painting the house.
- _____ 7. The vice-principal at our school is in charge of ____ matters, such as deciding if a student should be suspended.
- _____ 8. The police chief said, "We will find the ____s who beat this poor teenager to death."
- _____ 9. The Salk vaccine, developed in the 1950s, led to the ____ of polio in many parts of the world.
- _____ 10. Sidney looks like his brother only _____. They're about the same size, and there is something similar about their mouths and eyes.

➤ *Synonyms and Antonyms*

Homer Approach

A. Synonyms. Write the letter of the word or phrase that most nearly means the **same** as each boldfaced word.

_____ 1. **emphasis**

- a. flavor
- c. laughter

- b. memory
- d. importance

_____ 2. **furthermore**

- a. on the other hand
- c. also

- b. for instance
- d. instead

_____ 3. **interpret**

- a. punish
- c. resist

- b. memorize
- d. explain

_____ 4. **propose**

- a. suggest
- c. lie

- b. deny
- d. pretend

_____ 5. **resort to**

- a. turn to
- c. suggest

- b. avoid
- d. talk about

B. Antonyms. Write the letter of the word or phrase that most nearly means the **opposite** of each boldfaced word.

_____ 6. **brutal**

- a. firm
- c. quiet

- b. kindly
- d. small

_____ 7. **discipline**

- a. greet
- c. reward

- b. interrupt
- d. drop

_____ 8. **eliminate**

- a. ignore
- c. refuse

- b. hang around
- d. add

_____ 9. **ultimate**

- a. least possible
- c. clear

- b. most difficult
- d. medium

_____ 10. **vague**

- a. needed
- c. trusted

- b. exact
- d. loud

➤ Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

A. Differences in a Gym Program

a. **emphasis**

b. **interpret**

c. **propose**

d. **ultimate**

e. **vague**

Last spring, some parents spoke to the school board about the gym program at Walnut Street School. The parents protested the difference in programs offered to boys and girls. The boys were taught a variety° of active sports and given good equipment. They had the chance to join several teams. For girls, however, the (1)_____ in gym was on dancing and exercise. They had no teams and little equipment.

Why were there such big differences between the two programs? The school district's rules about physical education were (2)_____. Since they didn't say exactly what should be taught, each school (3)_____ed the rules in its own way.

The parents (4)_____d allowing both boys and girls to use all the gym equipment at the school. And they appealed° to the school board for some sports teams to be organized for the girls. They pointed out that girls have as much potential° in sports and as much need for physical fitness as boys do. Their (5)_____ goal was to give° all the children an equal gym experience.

B. Teaching a Lesson

f. **brutal**

g. **discipline**

h. **eliminate**

i. **furthermore**

j. **resort**

One reason that parents may have to (6)_____ children is to (7)_____ behaviors that are rude or hurtful. Unfortunately, some parents use (8)_____ punishments to teach their children to be good. But cruel treatment only serves to demonstrate° to children that it is acceptable for them to (9)_____ to hitting and punching when they need to solve a problem. (10)_____, children who are hit too often and too hard are deprived° of a feeling of safety. They grow up expecting that the whole world will be cruel to them, and thus, they often become cruel to others.

CHAPTER 10

原典
英语

accustomed
anticipate
linger
miserable
misinterpret

occur
reluctant
revise
specific
version

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 **accustomed**
/ə'kʌstəmd/
— adjective

- Although my grandfather was **accustomed** to sucking a sugar cube while he drank tea, the sugar never seemed to harm his teeth.
- After years of living in sunny Puerto Rico, Alma had trouble becoming **accustomed** to the snowy Minnesota weather.

___ *Accustomed* means

- a. uncomfortable with. b. shocked by. c. used to.

2 **anticipate**
/æn'tɪsɪpeɪt/
— verb

- Lee **anticipated** heavy traffic this morning, so he left for the airport an hour early.
- Because I **anticipated** a snowstorm, I bought extra groceries in case I couldn't get to the store for several days.

___ *Anticipate* means

- a. to doubt. b. to enjoy. c. to think likely to happen.

3 **linger**
/'lɪŋgə(r)/
— verb

- My husband has difficulty leaving any social event. He likes to **linger** by the door, chatting on and on with our hosts.
- After the bowling matches are over, we usually **linger** for a while to talk to our friends on the other teams.

___ *Linger* means

- a. to stare. b. to stay. c. to expect.

4 **miserable**
/'mɪzərəbl/
— adjective

- The Farrells were **miserable** on their camping trip because the green flies wouldn't stop biting them for a minute.
- Gino is sure to be **miserable** during the allergy season if he doesn't get shots.

___ *Miserable* means

- a. uncomfortable. b. not proper. c. rested.

5 **misinterpret**
/mɪsɪn'tɜ:pɪt/
— verb

- When I invited my new neighbor to dinner, she **misinterpreted** my neighborliness as romantic interest.
- It's clear that Jay **misinterpreted** his wife's request. He brought her flowers for a vase instead of flour for a cake.

___ *Misinterpret* means

- a. to want. b. to cause. c. to understand wrongly.

6 **occur**
/ə'kʊ:(r)/
— verb

- A robbery **occurred** at the restaurant just minutes after we left.
- The first moonwalk **occurred** on July 20th, 1969, after Neil Armstrong stepped on the moon and said, "That's one small step for a man, one giant leap for mankind."

___ *Occur* means

- a. to find. b. to disappear. c. to happen.

- 7 **reluctant**
/rɪ'lʌktənt/
– adjective
- ____ *Reluctant* means
- Since I'm **reluctant** to have people know my phone number, I keep it unlisted.
 - Although the lawyer was **reluctant** to tell his client such disappointing news, he had no choice but to do so.
- a. known. b. unwilling. c. excited.
- 8 **revise**
/rɪ'vaɪz/
– verb
- ____ *Revise* means
- Don't just write a paper out once and hand it in. It's important to **revise** what you write until your paper is in good shape.
 - Recent price increases for lumber have made it necessary for carpenters to **revise** their construction charges.
- a. to remember. b. to make changes in. c. to read again.
- 9 **specific**
/spə'sɪfɪk/
– adjective
- ____ *Specific* means
- Gina said that she and Howard had some sort of quarrel, but she didn't give me any **specific** information.
 - I give very **specific** instructions to new baby sitters so they'll understand exactly what I want done. I even show exactly how to diaper and feed my son.
- a. hard to believe. b. hurried. c. detailed.
- 10 **version**
/'vɜːʃən/
– noun
- ____ *Version* means
- The play *West Side Story* is a modern musical **version** of Shakespeare's *Romeo and Juliet*.
 - There have been at least six movies about Frankenstein's monster, but the best is still the 1931 **version**, with Boris Karloff.
- a. retelling. b. suggestion. c. correction.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

- _____ In the habit of; used to
- _____ Unwilling; wanting not to do something
- _____ Definite; exact
- _____ To delay leaving; remain, especially as if unwilling to leave
- _____ Very unhappy or uncomfortable
- _____ To expect; foresee
- _____ To understand incorrectly
- _____ A story told in a different form or with a different point of view
- _____ To happen; take place
- _____ To change in order to improve or to include new information

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

➤ **Sentence Check 1**

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. accustomed	b. anticipate	c. linger	d. miserable	e. misinterpret
f. occur	g. reluctant	h. revise	i. specific	j. version

- _____ 1. Could you ____ for a few minutes after the meeting so I can talk privately to you?
- _____ 2. I ____ about forty guests at our New Year's Eve party, but I'm preparing food for fifty, just in case.
- _____ 3. It's about time the city put up a stop sign at that corner — an accident ____s there every month or two.
- _____ 4. Although the apartment met our needs, we were ____ to sign a long-term lease.
- _____ 5. Dina wrote a ____ of *Romeo and Juliet* that has a happy ending.
- _____ 6. Because Clark's directions were so ____, I found his new home without difficulty.
- _____ 7. After our cat was run over by a car, my son felt ____ for weeks.
- _____ 8. For someone brought up in a warm climate, it may take time to become ____ to cold weather.
- _____ 9. Another word for "misunderstand" is "____."
- _____ 10. Before we present our play to the third-grade class, we will ____ it so it is easier for young children to understand.

➤ **Sentence Check 2**

Using the answer lines, complete each item below with **two** words from the box.

- _____ 1–2. When I was in Mexico, I became ____ to having people ____ what I said because I speak Spanish so poorly.
- _____ 3–4. I ____d having an boring afternoon at work, so I ____ed in the restaurant to make lunch last as long as possible. I was not at all eager° to return to the office.
- _____ 5–6. My son asked for *The Wizard of Oz* for his birthday, but he wasn't ____ about whether he wanted the book or the musical film ____.
- _____ 7–8. No one hates arguments more than Martin — he becomes ____ whenever they _____. Unfortunately, in his household, disputes° are abundant°.
- _____ 9–10. I am ____ to show you my story until I've had a chance to ____ it. It really needs considerable° changing before it will be good enough for anyone to read.

➤ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. accustom , <i>verb</i>	To get used to
b. anticipation , <i>noun</i>	The act of looking forward to something
c. interpret , <i>verb</i>	To explain the meaning (of something)
d. misery , <i>noun</i>	Great unhappiness
e. revision , <i>noun</i>	An improved form of an earlier work

- _____ 1. It is sad to think of how much _____ wars have caused.
- _____ 2. The dog's _____ of going for a walk was clear — he sat by the door with a leash in his mouth.
- _____ 3. I didn't understand what my blood-pressure numbers meant, so I asked the nurse to _____ them for me.
- _____ 4. In his job as a security guard, James had to _____ himself to staying awake all night.
- _____ 5. My writing teacher kept asking me to improve my paper. She finally accepted the third _____.

f. interpretation , <i>noun</i>	An explanation of the meaning or importance of something
g. lingering , <i>adjective</i>	Remaining; not leaving
h. occurrence , <i>noun</i>	An event; something that happened
i. reluctance , <i>noun</i>	The state of being unwilling to do something
j. specify , <i>verb</i>	To state exactly or in detail

- _____ 6. In the personal ads, people looking for dates _____ their work, hobbies, and favorite activities.
- _____ 7. There was a strange _____ at school today involving two students, a banana peel, and a can of red paint.
- _____ 8. I understand Dad's _____ to ride roller coasters — I don't like to ride on them, either.
- _____ 9. When Jack didn't show up at Emma's party, Emma's _____ was that he didn't want to run into his former girlfriend there.
- _____ 10. The room was empty when I arrived, but the _____ smell of perfume told me that a woman had just left.

➤ Analogies

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line. (All the repeated words in these items are from this unit.)

_____ 1. RELUCTANT : WILLING ::

- a. brutal : kind
- c. anger : argument

- b. rapid : fast
- d. shy : quiet

_____ 2. MISERABLE : HAPPY ::

- a. awkward° : clumsy
- c. current° : old-fashioned

- b. bright : shining
- d. famous : brave

_____ 3. LINGER : REMAIN ::

- a. purposely : accidentally
- c. fix : repair

- b. complex° : simple
- d. wait : depart

_____ 4. ANTICIPATE : EXPECT ::

- a. recollect° : forget
- c. explain : understand

- b. cause : effect
- d. smash : break

_____ 5. SPECIFIC : GENERAL ::

- a. unfamiliar : nervous
- c. shy : quiet

- b. eager° : unwilling
- d. bees : honey

_____ 6. OCCUR : HAPPEN ::

- a. run : walk
- c. shout : whisper

- b. vanish° : disappear
- d. vague° : specific°

_____ 7. REVISE : SENTENCE ::

- a. discipline° : punishment
- c. sing : book

- b. write : print
- d. propose° : suggestion

_____ 8. OBJECTION° : APPROVAL ::

- a. doctor : illness
- c. emphasis : importance

- b. night : moon
- d. argument : agreement

_____ 9. MISINTERPRET : MISUNDERSTAND ::

- a. penalize° : punish
- c. agree : disagree

- b. expect : surprise
- d. discipline° : reward

_____ 10. RECOLLECT° : EVENT ::

- a. question : answer
- c. walk : exercise

- b. interpret° : message
- d. establish° : destroy

Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

A. Knowing How to Argue

- | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|----------|
| a. linger | b. misinterpret | c. occur |
| d. reluctant | e. specific | |

Ron and Marlene have a great marriage, and I think one reason is that they know how to argue. Many couples think arguing is bad, but I think they (1)_____ what arguing really is. It can be a good way to settle problems. When couples are (2)_____ to argue, they may not solve their problems, and their angry feelings can (3)_____ for a long time. Ron and Marlene don't hesitate° to argue and get it over with. What's good about the way they argue is that they talk only about the (4)_____ thing that made them angry. For example, if Marlene is angry that Ron isn't doing his share of the housework, that is all she talks about. She doesn't throw in, "And furthermore° — that new friend of yours from work is a jerk!" Knowing Ron and Marlene has taught me that arguments (5)_____ in even the best marriages, and that they can make a good relationship stronger.

B. A Change of School, A Change of Heart

- | | | |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| f. accustomed | g. anticipate | h. miserable |
| i. revise | j. version | |

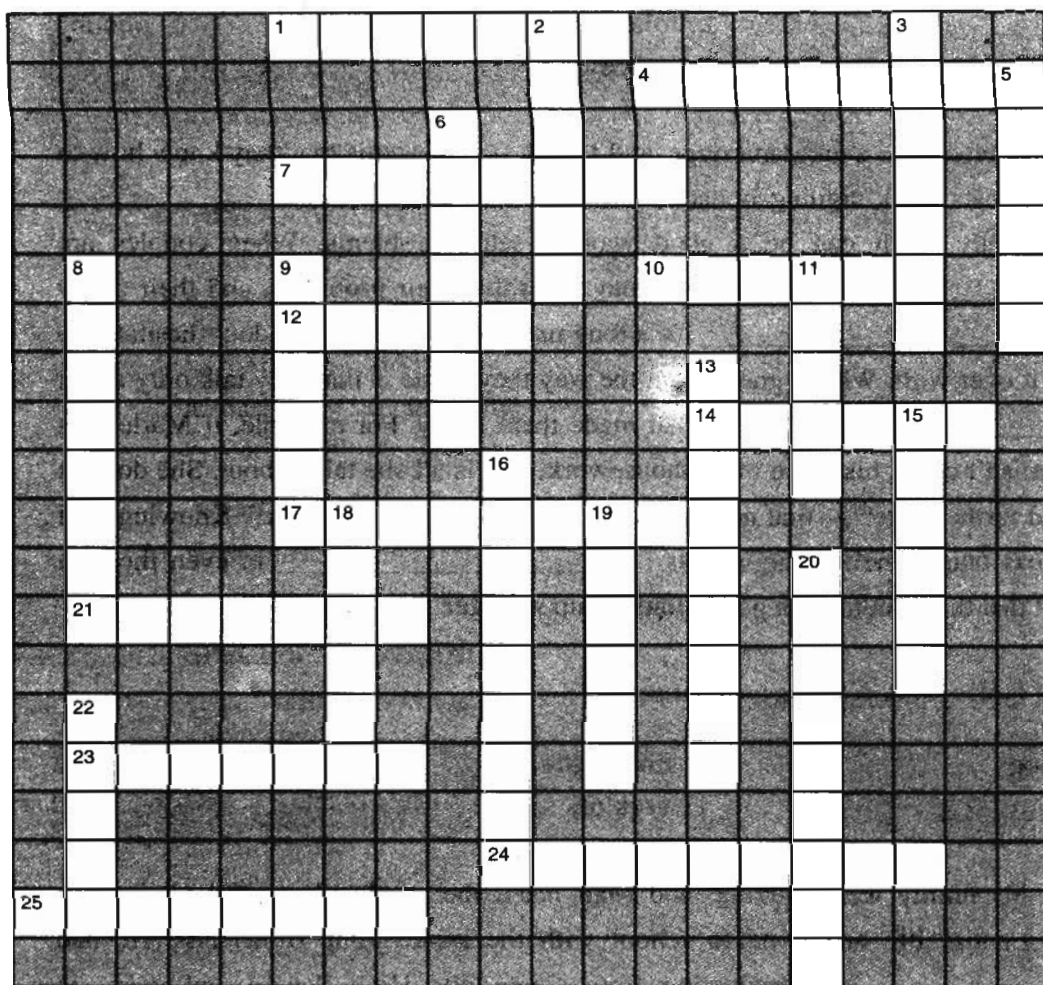
Matt and his family were moving, and Matt hated the whole idea. He had lived in Centerville his entire life and gone to school with the same group of friends. He had (6)_____d graduating from Centerville High School and going to Centerville Community College. Now he was going to have to (7)_____ his whole plan for the future, and he didn't like it a bit. "How can I ever become (8)_____ to a new school?" he asked his parents. "Everyone will already know each other. I'll have no friends."

At first, it seemed that Matt was right. At his new high school, he walked around alone, not smiling or talking to anyone. Finally a friendly teacher advised° him to improve his attitude°. "I know you're feeling lonely and (9)_____,", he said. "But you look as though you hate this school and everyone in it. If you'll look a little friendlier, you will find new friends here." Matt decided to try. He began to talk to his classmates and take part in class. He even helped write a funny (10)_____ of "Cinderella" that his Spanish class performed for the rest of the school. By New Year, Matt was able to tell his parents that he was starting to feel at home in his new school.

UNIT TWO: Review

Homer Approach

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Two. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



abrupt
advise
astonish
awkward
brutal
consent
current
deprive
eager
eliminate
endure
establish
linger
miserable
objection
occur
potential
reliable
resort
revise
specific
ultimate
vague
vanish
variety

ACROSS

1. To take away from; keep from having or enjoying
4. Greatest; highest possible
7. To surprise greatly; amaze
10. To turn or go (to) for help; make use of ... for aid
12. Looking forward to ... with great interest or desire
14. Cruel; heartless
17. To get rid of; do away with
21. Modern; existing now; in general use or practice today
23. Clumsy; not graceful

24. To bring into being; set up

25. Able to be depended upon

DOWN

2. To disappear from sight
3. A number of different kinds; assortment
5. To put up with; bear impatiently
6. To agree to something
8. Definite; exact
9. To change in order to improve or to include new information

11. To happen; take place

13. A dislike; feeling of being against something

15. To give advice to; recommend

16. Very unhappy or uncomfortable

18. To delay leaving; remain

19. Sudden and unexpected

20. A natural ability that may or may not develop; possibility

22. Not clear; not exact; not definite

UNIT TWO: Test 1

PART A

Choose the word that best completes each item and write it in the space provided.

- _____ 1. My parents used to ____ me for misbehaving at the supper table by making me sit on the stairs, where I could hear the conversation but not take part in it.
a. interpret b. penalize c. revise d. originate
- _____ 2. It has been said that the practice of drinking tea ____ in China thousands of years ago when some tea leaves accidentally blew into a pot of boiling water.
a. originated b. misinterpreted c. vanished d. recollected
- _____ 3. That restaurant doesn't accept reservations for small groups. The ____ number of people in your party must be five.
a. vague b. complex c. current d. minimum
- _____ 4. A beginning typist ____ often, while an experienced typist hits the keys rapidly.
a. advises b. hesitates c. occurs d. endures
- _____ 5. My sister-in-law knows a lot about cars, so I've asked her to ____ me as I decide which one to buy.
a. cry out b. deprive c. recollect d. advise
- _____ 6. I try to ____ my friendship with Sarah, but it's difficult to keep a relationship going when we're separated by so many miles.
a. maintain b. revise c. respond d. deprive
- _____ 7. It used to be taught in schools that George Washington cut down a cherry tree with an ax and then confessed the deed to his father. However, ____ thinking is that the story was invented after Washington died.
a. horizontal b. reluctant c. current d. vague
- _____ 8. Garlic is delicious, but many people have an ____ to the way it makes one's breath smell.
a. objection b. potential c. version d. variety
- _____ 9. When Mona's children behave badly, she does not spank them; instead, she ____ them of something they enjoy, such as their bicycles or roller skates.
a. resorts b. endures c. proposes d. deprives
- _____ 10. Although my car is old, it is still ____; it gets me to work every day.
a. abrupt b. reliable c. miserable d. ultimate

(Continues on next page)

- _____ 11. We stared at the long brownish _____ thing floating in the river, wondering if it was a log or an alligator.
a. horizontal b. accustomed c. adequate d. wholesome
- _____ 12. At the town meeting, several people had ideas about what to do with the empty supermarket building. One woman _____ that it be turned into a skating rink.
a. vanished b. resorted c. endured d. proposed
- _____ 13. Playing outdoors for hours is more _____ than watching TV for hours.
a. reluctant b. awkward c. eager d. wholesome

PART B

Write **C** if the italicized word is used **correctly**. Write **I** if the word is used **incorrectly**.

- _____ 14. "To *misinterpret* my instructions," said the teacher, "listen carefully."
- _____ 15. The famous ballet dancer is *awkward*; he moves so lightly his feet seem to never touch the ground.
- _____ 16. It was *customary* for people to smile at each other in Laura's small town. Although she now lives in a large city, she still smiles at every stranger that she passes.
- _____ 17. I think it is *brutal* to keep chickens in crowded conditions and then cut off their beaks to keep them from pecking one another.
- _____ 18. If you want to gain weight, you can *eliminate* more calories in your diet by adding nuts and olive oil to your meals.
- _____ 19. I'm so *accustomed* to living near the fire department that whenever a siren goes off, I hardly notice.
- _____ 20. The angry diner called the restaurant manager and complained that her meal had been cold, *adequate*, and too expensive.
- _____ 21. Many people in town were angry when the beautiful old courthouse was *established* in order to make room for an ugly, new shopping center.
- _____ 22. The directions Kim gave me to the new apartment were so *vague* that I got very mixed up on my way there.
- _____ 23. Because her husband was sick and couldn't work, Corinne *appealed* to their landlady for extra time to pay the rent.
- _____ 24. The *ultimate* job in a successful business career might be running errands in a large office.
- _____ 25. Our store is well thought of because we put an *emphasis* on pleasing customers rather than on making as many sales as possible in a day.

Score (Number correct) _____ × 4 = _____ %

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

UNIT TWO: Test 2

PART A

Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a. abrupt	b. anticipate	c. classify	d. consent	e. discipline
f. exclaim	g. potential	h. recollect	i. resort	j. revise
k. specific	l. vanish	m. variety		

- _____ 1. Every time Robert takes a girl out, he thinks about whether she has the _____ to be a good wife.
- _____ 2. Wouldn't it be wonderful if dirt _____ed as easily and completely in real life as it does in the soap ads?
- _____ 3. The Four Corners of the World Restaurant offers dishes from a _____ of countries, including France, Vietnam, Ethiopia, and Brazil.
- _____ 4. To _____ him for writing on the wall of a school bathroom, the principal made Matt paint every bathroom on that floor.
- _____ 5. Although Ed has a hot temper, I don't think he would ever _____ to violence.
- _____ 6. Because we had _____d eight people for dinner, we were surprised when twelve showed up.
- _____ 7. Ronald always shows his short stories to his wife and then _____s them after listening to her comments.
- _____ 8. When you write out the directions for me, please include the _____ streets I have to turn on.
- _____ 9. The picnic came to an _____ end when a sudden thunderstorm seemed to come out of nowhere.
- _____ 10. In high school, students often _____ one another as belonging to an in-group or an out-group.
- _____ 11. "I will _____ to your getting a puppy," Mrs. Anders told her children, "if you promise that you will take care of walking, feeding, brushing, and housetraining it."
- _____ 12. Sandra didn't want to hurt her boyfriend's feelings when she unwrapped the ugly orange sweater he had bought her, so she _____ed, "Wow, it's so colorful!"
- _____ 13. I was so tired last night that although I _____ talking with John, I can't remember what either of us said.

(Continues on next page)

PART B

Write **C** if the italicized word is used **correctly**. Write **I** if the word is used **incorrectly**.

- ____ 14. When the man shook hands with the child and said, "How do you do?" the child *responded*, "How do I do what?"
- ____ 15. Bart was sad when his best friend moved *furthermore* from his house.
- ____ 16. It was fun to go to my first soccer game with Franco. He knows the sport so well that he could *interpret* everything that was going on for me.
- ____ 17. Rico didn't seem to enjoy the party — he *lingered* before most of the other guests had even shown up.
- ____ 18. The students were *miserable* when their teacher said, "It's such a beautiful day — let's forget about the math test and go outside to play softball."
- ____ 19. Christmas and New Year's Eve are two holidays that *occur* in December.
- ____ 20. Naturally, most people are *reluctant* to win an all-expenses-paid vacation.
- ____ 21. Which *version* of *The Wizard of Oz* did you like better, the movie with Judy Garland or the one with Diana Ross?
- ____ 22. The speaker *astonished* the audience by opening his speech with, "Good evening, and thank you all for coming."
- ____ 23. Because the novel is so *complex*, it begins with a chart that lists all the characters and shows how they are related to one another.
- ____ 24. To get through exam week, I had to *endure* several nights without much sleep.
- ____ 25. After hiking for miles with nothing to eat, the friends were *eager* for dinner.

Score (Number correct) _____ $\times 4 =$ _____ %

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

UNIT TWO: Test 3

Homer Approach

PART A: Synonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly the **same** in meaning as the **boldfaced** word.

- | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| ___ 1. advise | a) give advice to | b) expect | c) praise | d) forget |
| ___ 2. anticipate | a) put up with | b) remember | c) dislike | d) expect |
| ___ 3. appeal | a) ask | b) add to | c) disappear | d) explain |
| ___ 4. astonish | a) continue | b) surprise | c) refuse | d) begin |
| ___ 5. classify | a) make clear | b) arrange by type | c) begin | d) put up with |
| ___ 6. deprive | a) suggest | b) turn to | c) take from | d) forget |
| ___ 7. discipline | a) punish | b) raise up | c) continue | d) happen |
| ___ 8. eliminate | a) add to | b) get rid of | c) disappear | d) make more difficult |
| ___ 9. emphasis | a) least | b) importance | c) retelling | d) possibility |
| ___ 10. endure | a) punish | b) demand | c) put up with | d) explain |
| ___ 11. establish | a) remain | b) start | c) turn to | d) suggest |
| ___ 12. furthermore | a) instead | b) later | c) in addition | d) by the way |
| ___ 13. interpret | a) explain | b) depend on | c) suggest | d) change |
| ___ 14. maintain | a) begin | b) continue | c) give up on | d) cry out |
| ___ 15. misinterpret | a) understand wrongly | b) argue | c) depend on | d) surprise |
| ___ 16. occur | a) begin | b) put off | c) take place | d) remember |
| ___ 17. potential | a) memory | b) feeling | c) possibility | d) number |
| ___ 18. propose | a) wait | b) make worse | c) agree | d) suggest |
| ___ 19. resort to | a) turn to | b) give away | c) accept as true | d) refuse |
| ___ 20. respond | a) disappear | b) answer | c) surprise | d) remember |
| ___ 21. revise | a) throw out | b) remain | c) agree | d) change |
| ___ 22. specific | a) common | b) least | c) exact | d) important |
| ___ 23. ultimate | a) least | b) most strange | c) greatest | d) newest |
| ___ 24. variety | a) value | b) reason | c) few | d) several different kinds |
| ___ 25. version | a) retelling | b) dislike | c) assortment | d) penalty |

(Continues on next page)

PART B: Antonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly **opposite** in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

- ___ 26. **abrupt** a) slow b) willing c) secret d) scary
- ___ 27. **accustomed** a) not exact b) not similar to c) not used to d) not needed
- ___ 28. **adequate** a) willing b) not enough c) not dependable d) unhappy
- ___ 29. **awkward** a) up and down b) polite c) complicated d) graceful
- ___ 30. **brutal** a) well-known b) shaky c) gentle d) dark
- ___ 31. **complex** a) cheerful b) simple c) lucky d) natural
- ___ 32. **consent** a) surprise b) reward c) appear d) refuse
- ___ 33. **current** a) wise b) old-fashioned c) unusual d) common
- ___ 34. **customary** a) willing b) most c) clear d) unusual
- ___ 35. **eager** a) not interested b) not believing c) ready d) clear
- ___ 36. **exclaim** a) refuse b) forget c) allow d) whisper
- ___ 37. **hesitate** a) ignore b) suggest c) rush ahead d) reward
- ___ 38. **horizontal** a) careless b) up and down c) dark d) square
- ___ 39. **linger** a) appear b) insult c) forget d) hurry away
- ___ 40. **minimum** a) unhealthy b) loud c) painful d) most
- ___ 41. **miserable** a) hard to understand b) happy c) willing d) clear
- ___ 42. **objection** a) approval b) joke c) win d) loss
- ___ 43. **originate** a) end b) explain c) leave d) expect
- ___ 44. **penalize** a) hurry b) reward c) give d) appear
- ___ 45. **recollect** a) answer b) ask c) know d) forget
- ___ 46. **reliable** a) not known b) not enough c) not usual d) not dependable
- ___ 47. **reluctant** a) surprised b) least c) willing d) careless
- ___ 48. **vague** a) lowest b) not clumsy c) clear d) not exact
- ___ 49. **vanish** a) expect b) keep c) appear d) wait
- ___ 50. **wholesome** a) unhealthy b) simple c) useful d) old-fashioned

Score (Number correct) _____ $\times 2 =$ _____ %

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.