

Unit Four



Homer Approach



Chapter 16

apparent	fulfill
automatic	influence
burden	security
economical	sympathize
extravagant	transfer

Chapter 17

appropriate	emotion
bewilder	fiction
communicate	investigate
deceive	legible
earnest	theory

Chapter 18

assure	humiliate
crucial	impulse
distract	perceive
extraordinary	revive
hostile	timid

Chapter 19

abandon	function
alert	idle
circumstances	overcome
devote	primary
dominate	theme

Chapter 20

disregard	monotonous
excerpt	obtain
exclude	prey
hinder	seize
misleading	severe

Unit Four: *Pretest*

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is closest in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| _____ 1. apparent | a) impossible to see with the naked eye b) made up of many small parts
c) obvious d) hard to understand |
| _____ 2. automatic | a) easily moved b) operating by itself c) unable to change
d) improving over time |
| _____ 3. burden | a) hardship b) joy c) reply d) payment |
| _____ 4. economical | a) wasteful b) intelligent c) thrifty d) forgiving |
| _____ 5. extravagant | a) critical b) wasteful c) wise d) messy |
| _____ 6. fulfill | a) carry out b) fail at a task c) understand another's feelings d) give advice |
| _____ 7. influence | a) misunderstand b) excuse c) be offended d) persuade |
| _____ 8. security | a) protection b) loneliness c) immaturity d) ridicule |
| _____ 9. sympathize | a) share feeling b) object c) refuse d) cooperate |
| _____ 10. transfer | a) find fault b) discontinue c) send from a place d) inspect |
| _____ 11. appropriate | a) rude b) impulsive c) unwise d) proper |
| _____ 12. bewilder | a) calm b) confuse c) accept d) explain |
| _____ 13. communicate | a) anger b) inform c) hurry d) mistake |
| _____ 14. deceive | a) mislead b) encourage c) prevent d) forbid |
| _____ 15. earnest | a) dishonest b) wealthy c) pleasant d) sincere |
| _____ 16. emotion | a) feeling b) eyesight c) movement d) payment |
| _____ 17. fiction | a) made up b) exciting c) violent d) romantic |
| _____ 18. investigate | a) abandon b) make secure c) examine d) insist |
| _____ 19. legible | a) heavy b) clear c) empty d) noisy |
| _____ 20. theory | a) opportunity b) guess c) certainty d) excuse |
| _____ 21. assure | a) argue with b) remind c) agree with d) promise |
| _____ 22. crucial | a) useless b) ugly c) important d) famous |
| _____ 23. distract | a) make sad b) support c) cause to disappear d) cause to turn away |
| _____ 24. extraordinary | a) left over b) unusual c) normal d) very simple |
| _____ 25. hostile | a) unfriendly b) frightened c) important d) growing |

(Continues on next page)

- ___ 26. **humiliate** a) misunderstand b) embarrass c) defeat d) excite
- ___ 27. **impulse** a) sudden desire b) lack of movement c) difficulty d) heartbeat
- ___ 28. **perceive** a) strain b) notice c) lie to d) prepare
- ___ 29. **revive** a) leave alone b) say again c) bring back to life d) embarrass
- ___ 30. **timid** a) athletic b) full of energy c) careless d) shy
- ___ 31. **abandon** a) stop doing b) hold onto c) bring together d) begin
- ___ 32. **alert** a) bad-smelling b) lazy c) strong d) fully awake
- ___ 33. **circumstances** a) feelings b) facts c) circles d) desires
- ___ 34. **devote** a) take away b) look over c) give oneself d) show a preference
- ___ 35. **dominate** a) be a part of b) be a leader in c) drop out of d) lose interest in
- ___ 36. **function** a) purpose b) topic c) fact d) part
- ___ 37. **idle** a) frightened b) full of energy c) lonely d) not active
- ___ 38. **overcome** a) be a winner over b) leave behind c) see clearly d) lose to
- ___ 39. **primary** a) easy b) unimportant c) entertaining d) main
- ___ 40. **theme** a) main idea b) difficulty c) direction d) river
- ___ 41. **disregard** a) look at b) get in the way of c) admire d) ignore
- ___ 42. **excerpt** a) part b) prize c) sudden decision d) trip
- ___ 43. **exclude** a) invite b) bring into c) keep out d) tire out
- ___ 44. **hinder** a) find out b) interfere with c) bring into d) put behind
- ___ 45. **misleading** a) serious b) straight c) giving the wrong idea d) staying close to
- ___ 46. **monotonous** a) loud b) dull c) pleasant d) messy
- ___ 47. **obtain** a) get b) protect c) spoil d) move
- ___ 48. **prey** a) victim b) leader c) struggle d) prayer
- ___ 49. **seize** a) tell b) stare c) strain d) grab
- ___ 50. **severe** a) boring b) new c) serious d) exciting

SCORE: (Number correct) _____ $\times 2 =$ _____ %

CHAPTER 16

原典 英語

apparent
automatic
burden
economical
extravagant

fulfill
influence
security
sympathize
transfer

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

- 1 **apparent**
/ə'pærənt/
– adjective

___ *Apparent* means

- Marcie's smile made it **apparent** that she had done well on the test.
- It's **apparent** that Leon and Bess have settled their quarrel, since they are dating steadily again.

a. helpful. b. clear. c. secret.

- 2 **automatic**
/ɔ:tə'mætɪk/
– adjective

___ *Automatic* means

- Our new coffeemaker is **automatic**. We set it at night, and it turns on by itself in the morning.
- Before the **automatic** washing machine, laundering clothes was not so easy.

a. self-operating. b. unusual. c. low in cost.

- 3 **burden**
/'bɜ:dən/
– noun

___ *Burden* means

- Although others think raising a handicapped child must be a **burden**, my neighbor says she has found joy, not hardship, in caring for her son.
- At first Louie was proud that he had stolen the money, but in time, his crime became a great **burden** to him.

a. freedom. b. protection. c. heavy load.

- 4 **economical**
/i:kə'nɒmɪkəl/
– adjective

___ *Economical* means

- It's usually more **economical** to buy food and soap in large packages. Smaller packages will cost more per ounce.
- To decide which car is most **economical**, compare prices, gas mileage, and repair costs.

a. difficult. b. money-saving. c. easy to see.

- 5 **extravagant**
/ɪk'strævəgənt/
– adjective

___ *Extravagant* means

- I think it's **extravagant** to buy a prom dress that will be worn only once, so I borrowed one from a friend.
- Rhoda's budget is so tight that she felt it would be **extravagant** to buy herself a ten-dollar pair of earrings.

a. not effective. b. obvious. c. spending too much.

- 6 **fulfill**
/fʊl'fɪl/
– verb

___ *Fulfill* means

- One day, Chen hopes to **fulfill** his dream of visiting China again and renewing ties with his family there.
- Jill doesn't like her job, but she promised to stay with it at least one year, and she plans to **fulfill** that promise.

a. repeat. b. carry out. c. have an effect on.

- 7 **influence**
/ˈɪnfluəns/
– verb
- My father thinks my friends **influence** me too much. He says they are the reason that I study so little and party so often.
 - Do advertisements **influence** what you buy?
- ___ *Influence* means a. delay. b. protect. c. affect.
- 8 **security**
/sɪˈkjʊərəti/
– noun
- For nighttime **security**, the owner of the jewelry shop turns on a burglar alarm.
 - People with homes near the river like the **security** of flood insurance.
- ___ *Security* means a. hardship. b. expense. c. safety.
- 9 **sympathize**
/sɪmpəˈθaɪz/
– verb
- The whole town **sympathized** with the family whose house burned down.
 - To show he **sympathized** with Mrs. Jackson when her husband died, Scott sent her flowers and a card.
- ___ *Sympathized with*
means a. felt sorry for. b. sent for. c. talked to.
- 10 **transfer**
/trænsˈfɜː(r)/
– verb
- Before I can paint the bookcase, I have to **transfer** all the books into boxes.
 - In April, the Army will **transfer** Jamal from a base in South Carolina to one in Virginia.
- ___ *Transfer* means a. reach. b. move. c. see.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

- _____ Costing or spending little; thrifty
- _____ To move or send from one place to another
- _____ Moving or operating by itself
- _____ To have an effect on
- _____ To feel or express sorrow or pity for
- _____ To carry out; achieve; do
- _____ A hardship; something difficult to bear
- _____ Obvious; easy to see
- _____ Protection; freedom from danger, fear, or worry
- _____ Spending much more than is necessary or wise; wasteful

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

➤ Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. apparent	b. automatic	c. burden	d. economical	e. extravagant
f. fulfill	g. influence	h. security	i. sympathize	j. transfer

- _____ 1. My boss intends to assign me to another office. In other words, he wants to ____ me there.
- _____ 2. A ____ may be a physical or a mental hardship, or both.
- _____ 3. Political candidates try to ____ elections with numerous ads.
- _____ 4. An ____ person enjoys spending a lot of money.
- _____ 5. When we've had the same difficult experience as someone else, it's easier for us to ____ with him or her.
- _____ 6. Because Kira was smiling, it was ____ that she was happy about something.
- _____ 7. When you make an agreement with people, they expect you to ____ your part of the deal.
- _____ 8. After people are robbed, they often feel a greater need for ____.
- _____ 9. An ____ person doesn't like to waste money.
- _____ 10. Do you think there will ever be a fully ____ car, one that needs no driver?

➤ Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines, complete each item below with **two** words from the box.

- _____ 1-2. Because we are moving, our children will have to ____ to different schools. I can ____ with them because I went through the same experience as a child.
- _____ 3-4. ____ yard lights, which go on by themselves at dark, can add to the ____ of a home.
- _____ 5-6. Clark had to think of an ____ way to ____ his promise to give each of his twelve nieces and nephews a gift, so he baked them each a pie.
- _____ 7-8. From the young hiker's slowed walk, it was ____ that his large backpack had become a ____.
- _____ 9-10. Having a credit card has ____d Barry in a sad way. He has become so ____ that he now has a closet full of more clothes than he can wear — and a huge credit-card bill.

➤ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. automation , <i>noun</i>	The use of machines instead of people or animals
b. economize , <i>verb</i>	To cut down on spending
c. influential , <i>adjective</i>	Having the power to affect someone or something
d. insecure , <i>adjective</i>	Not safe; not protected enough
e. sympathy , <i>noun</i>	Pity; sorrow for another

- _____ 1. Walking through a dangerous neighborhood alone at night makes most people feel ____.
- _____ 2. The newlyweds ____ by using coupons and buying secondhand clothes.
- _____ 3. Having great ____ for the flood victims, people throughout the country sent money to help them.
- _____ 4. ____ has greatly affected farming; for instance, the workhorse has been replaced by the tractor.
- _____ 5. The *Daily Mirror* is such an ____ newspaper that the political candidates it supports almost always win.

f. economy , <i>noun</i>	The business affairs of a region, town, or country
g. fulfillment , <i>noun</i>	Achievement; completion
h. secure , <i>adjective</i>	Safe; protected
i. sympathetically , <i>adverb</i>	In a kindly way
j. unfulfilled , <i>adjective</i>	Not done; not achieved; not carried out

- _____ 6. For the young gymnast, competing at the Olympics was the ____ of a lifelong dream.
- _____ 7. When a factory closes down, it affects the whole town's ____, as the laid-off workers have little money to spend in local stores.
- _____ 8. Dad always buys more groceries than we need; it makes him feel ____ to know the cupboards are full of food.
- _____ 9. The minister spoke to the crying child very ____.
- _____ 10. The carpenters promised to fix the garage door four weeks ago, but so far, their promise is ____.

➤ Word Parts

A. The suffix *-ment* often means “the result, state, act, or process of ____.”

Examples: *fulfillment* — the result of fulfilling

enjoyment — the state of enjoying

On each answer line, write the word from the box that means the same as the *italicized* words.

a. **astonishment**

b. **fulfillment**

c. **management**

d. **replacement**

e. **statement**

- _____ 1. The magician’s surprising act filled us with a *state of being astonished*.
- _____ 2. The *act of replacing* of our old kitchen floor was not easy. First we had to tear the old floor out before the new one could be put in.
- _____ 3. It is obvious that the *process of managing* of this company is excellent. The company is very successful, and the workers are very happy.
- _____ 4. For me, a small home in the country would be the *result of fulfilling* of a dream.
- _____ 5. Kareem likes to study for tests with another person. He says that the *act of stating* of an idea out loud to someone else helps him remember it better.

B. The suffixes *-ly* and *-ally* mean “in a certain way.”

Examples: *economical* — thrifty

economically — in a thrifty way

secure — safe

securely — in a safe way

On each answer line, write the word from the box that best completes the item.

f. **consistently**

g. **economically**

h. **exactly**

i. **extravagantly**

j. **securely**

- _____ 6. Ralph may not be the perfect worker, but at least he is steady about one thing — he is ____ late for work each day.
- _____ 7. Before leaving on vacation, make sure the doors and windows are closed ____.
- _____ 8. Wanting to impress his date, Dan spent money ____ on lobster, champagne, and a hired limousine.
- _____ 9. If a math answer is not ____ right, you may not get full credit for it.
- _____ 10. The three families got a new lawn mower ____ by buying it together, then sharing it.

➤ Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

A. A Mismatched Couple

a. **burden**b. **economical**c. **extravagant**d. **security**e. **sympathize**

Stacy and Ken have completely different attitudes^o toward money. She is (1)_____ to an extreme, always trying to get the best price on even the smallest purchase. Ken, on the other hand, is very (2)_____. He loves to spend money on anything that catches his eye. If there's a dime in his pocket, he feels that it's a (3)_____, as hard to carry around as a heavy load. He'll find something to spend it on just to be rid of it. Knowing she has money in case of accident or illness gives Stacy a feeling of (4)_____, but Ken doesn't worry about the future. Each is puzzled by the other's "strange" behavior. Stacy sees Ken as wasteful and irresponsible, and Ken calls Stacy cheap. He can't (5)_____ with her when she's worried about an empty bank account. Since they have very little tolerance^o for each other's views on money, no one was surprised when these two got divorced.

B. A Campaign to Become Class President

f. **apparent**g. **automatic**h. **fulfill**i. **influence**j. **transfer**

In her senior year, Holly wanted very much to be elected class president. But she knew that the other girl who was competing for the office was much better known and had more experience in student government. As a result, Holly began to do all she could to (6)_____ her classmates so that they would vote for her. She found herself promising them anything they asked for. "If I'm elected," she told one student, "I will see that the school puts in (7)_____ doors to make it easy to enter when our arms are full of books." To another, she said that a hot tub would be installed in the school gym. She promised a third student that he could (8)_____ to the school across town that his girlfriend attended. As the election drew near, it became (9)_____ that Holly had a good chance of winning. This scared her because she realized that she could not (10)_____ all her promises. Finally, she quit the race, saying she couldn't maintain^o her grades and serve as class president too. She felt foolish for having let her desire to win run away with her good sense.

appropriate
bewilder
communicate
deceive
earnest

emotion
fiction
investigate
legible
theory

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 **appropriate**
/ə'prəʊpriət/
— adjective

___ *Appropriate* means

- While it's **appropriate** to scream at a football game, such behavior is not considered proper at the ballet.
 - Hiking boots aren't **appropriate** for jogging — they are too stiff and heavy.
- a. legal. b. unusual. c. correct.

2 **bewilder**
/bi'wɪldə(r)/
— verb

___ *Bewilder* means

- The large new school at first **bewildered** Chung, but after a day or two, getting around was no longer confusing to him.
- My grandmother's poor health **bewildered** her doctor until he found out she wasn't taking her medicines.

- a. to calm. b. to puzzle. c. to attract.

3 **communicate**
/kə'mju:nikeɪt/
— verb

___ *Communicate* means

- Alice and I rarely see each other, but we **communicate** often by sending letters and making phone calls.
- Today, many people **communicate** with each other by using the electronic mail service on their computers.

- a. to call. b. to exchange information. c. to visit.

4 **deceive**
/dɪ'si:v/
— verb

___ *Deceive* means

- Linda **deceived** Jason by dating him without telling him that she was married.
- A business owner who tries to **deceive** customers should be reported to the police.

- a. to help. b. to find. c. to fool.

5 **earnest**
/'ɜ:nɪst/
— adjective

___ *Earnest* means

- I like our new baby sitter because she is very **earnest**; she clearly takes her job very seriously.
- Jimmy seemed **earnest** when he promised to clean the windows by Friday, so I was surprised to see he hadn't done them.

- a. confused. b. quiet. c. serious.

6 **emotion**
/ɪ'məʊʃən/
— noun

___ *Emotion* means

- Stan rarely shows his **emotions**. We have to guess what he is really feeling.
- Many people have trouble talking about their **emotions**, especially anger and fear.

- a. feeling. b. explanation. c. movement.

7 **fiction**
/'fɪkʃən/
– noun

- One of Mark Twain's most amusing pieces of **fiction** is his story about a Connecticut man who travels back to the time of King Arthur.
- Some newspapers print obvious **fiction**, such as, "Nine-year-old girl has triplets who weigh 100 pounds more than she does!"

___ *Fiction* means

- a. news. b. made-up writing. c. facts.

8 **investigate**
/ɪn'vestɪgeɪt/
– verb

- The FBI has been called in to **investigate** the disappearance of the baby from the hospital.
- When I heard a noise downstairs at 3 a.m., I lay still in bed, too frightened to get up and **investigate** the situation.

___ *Investigate* means

- a. look into. b. delay. c. exchange.

9 **legible**
/'ledʒəbl/
– adjective

- My father used to make me rewrite my sloppy homework. "I can barely read this," he would say. "Make it **legible**."
- The fancy script on that new restaurant sign isn't very **legible**. Does it say "Peretti's," "Perelli's," or "Pepetti's"?

___ *Legible* means

- a. easy to believe. b. easy to read. c. easy to prove.

10 **theory**
/'θiəri/
– noun

- According to the **theory** of evolution, plants and animals have developed in ways that help them do well in their environment.
- The police's **theory** was that the killer was a short man with dark hair, but the murderer turned out to be a blond woman wearing a dark wig.

___ *Theory* means

- a. action. b. explanation. c. question.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

- _____ To exchange or give information
- _____ To confuse; puzzle
- _____ Serious and sincere
- _____ A strong feeling
- _____ A statement that explains events or facts; an explanation, often unproven
- _____ Clear enough to be read
- _____ Literature consisting of imaginary stories; anything made up
- _____ Proper; suited to a certain use or purpose
- _____ To make (someone) believe something that is not true
- _____ To explore or examine carefully in order to learn the facts

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

➤ **Sentence Check 1**

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. appropriate	b. bewilder	c. communicate	d. deceive	e. earnest
f. emotion	g. fiction	h. investigate	i. legible	j. theory

- _____ 1. At the fancy dinner, Sheila watched her hostess to see which fork was _____ for each course.
- _____ 2. Charlotte's sweet smiles don't _____ me. I know that she really dislikes me.
- _____ 3. Dolphins _____ with one another through a language of squeaks and grunts.
- _____ 4. At first, the many noises, flashing lights, and whirling rides at the fair _____ed the children.
- _____ 5. Murphy has a _____ about life. He believes that everything that can possibly go wrong, will.
- _____ 6. When we go on our walks, my dog _____s every bush and tree we come across.
- _____ 7. Ten years ago, I carved my initials in a tree. Recently I was surprised to see that they were still _____.
- _____ 8. When Gordon begged his boss for another chance, he seemed so _____ that his employer decided to give him his job back.
- _____ 9. When I want to relax, I read love stories, mysteries, and other kinds of _____.
- _____ 10. Which do you think is the more powerful _____, love or hate?

➤ **Sentence Check 2**

Using the answer lines, complete each item below with **two** words from the box.

- _____ 1-2. Agatha Christie wrote wonderful works of _____ about Miss Marple, a woman who loved to _____ crimes the police could not solve.
- _____ 3-4. Some people believe the _____ that you can teach yourself to write well with either hand, but when I use my left hand, what I write is not _____.
- _____ 5-6. The lost little girl spoke no English, so the police officer's attempts to _____ with her only _____ed her more.
- _____ 7-8. The man claiming to have lost his wallet seemed so _____ that I believed him and gave him money, but when I saw him doing the same thing a week later, I knew he had _____d me.
- _____ 9-10. Many people feel a powerful mixture of _____s at special events; for example, it is considered _____ to cry at weddings, even though it is a happy time.

➤ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. bewilderment , <i>noun</i>	Confusion
b. communication , <i>noun</i>	Making information known
c. deception , <i>noun</i>	An act of making someone believe something that is not true; a lie or trick
d. investigator , <i>noun</i>	A person who studies facts or a situation in order to learn the truth
e. nonfiction , <i>noun</i>	Writing that is about real life, not made-up ideas

- _____ 1. Radio, television, newspapers, letters, and, of course, conversation, are all forms of ____.
- _____ 2. The museum officials who paid millions of dollars for the fake Picasso painting were angry and embarrassed when they discovered the ____.
- _____ 3. When Mr. Burns's wife became suspicious, she hired an ____, who learned that Mr. Burns had three wives in three different cities. When she confronted° him with this fact, she had some harsh° things to say.
- _____ 4. Truman Capote's book *In Cold Blood: The True Story of a Multiple Murder* is a piece of ____ that tells the story of the 1959 killing of a farm family in Kansas.
- _____ 5. Imagine my ____ when I came home to what I thought was an empty house and heard voices call out, "Surprise! Happy Birthday!"

f. emotional , <i>adjective</i>	Having to do with feelings
g. fictional , <i>adjective</i>	Made-up; not true
h. illegible , <i>adjective</i>	Not able to be read
i. investigation , <i>noun</i>	The act of examining or exploring something
j. theorize , <i>verb</i>	To think up a possible explanation for something

- _____ 6. Professor Chaplin talks too quickly. When I try to take notes on her lectures, I have to hurry so much that my writing is ____.
- _____ 7. Certain musical notes and chords make many people feel like crying. Why is it that music can have such a strong ____ effect?
- _____ 8. The reporters spent a year on an ____ to prepare for their series of articles about why the city's crime rate is so high.
- _____ 9. Over the years, many people have claimed to see a huge animal in a lake in Scotland; some people ____ that it is some sort of dinosaur.
- _____ 10. In the novel *Lost Horizon*, the author wrote of the ____ land of Shangri-La, where people stay young for hundreds of years.

➤ *Synonyms and Antonyms*

A. Synonyms. Write the letter of the word or phrase that most nearly means the **same** as each boldfaced word.

_____ 1. **bewilder**

- a. make certain
- c. insist

- b. release
- d. confuse

_____ 2. **communicate**

- a. hide
- c. remove

- b. make known
- d. forget

_____ 3. **emotion**

- a. feeling
- c. excuse

- b. energy
- d. movement

_____ 4. **investigate**

- a. puzzle
- c. inspect

- b. write
- d. fool

_____ 5. **theory**

- a. agreement
- c. explanation

- b. problem
- d. question

B. Antonyms. Write the letter of the word or phrase that most nearly means the **opposite** of each boldfaced word.

_____ 6. **appropriate**

- a. not healthy
- c. not believable

- b. not proper
- d. not ready

_____ 7. **deceive**

- a. stay away from
- c. tell the truth to

- b. argue
- d. find

_____ 8. **earnest**

- a. not sincere
- c. not accurate

- b. unusual
- d. not perfect

_____ 9. **fiction**

- a. justice
- c. reason

- b. ability
- d. fact

_____ 10. **legible**

- a. not for sale
- c. not on purpose

- b. not lasting
- d. not readable

➤ Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

A. The Famous Detective

- | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| a. deceive | b. emotion | c. fiction |
| d. investigate | e. theory | |

One of the most famous characters from the world of (1)_____ is Sherlock Holmes, created by the writer Arthur Conan Doyle. Holmes first appeared in a story Doyle wrote in 1887. It was called “A Study in Scarlet.” Holmes was a detective. No criminal, no matter how clever, could (2)_____ him for long. Rather than being affected by (3)_____s such as fear or hate, he used his great powers of thinking to solve crimes. As he (4)_____d crimes, he noticed important small details that were not apparent° to others. Then it would not be long before he developed a perfect (5)_____ to explain the crime.

B. Why So Quiet?

- | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| f. appropriate | g. bewilder | h. communicate |
| i. earnest | j. legible | |

I still remember my first day in first grade. My first-grade teacher probably does, too. I had grown up in a very large, very noisy family. Everybody yelled, all the time. It wasn't because we were angry. There were just so many of us that we thought it was the only way to (6)_____. I didn't realize that our characteristic° loudness wasn't typical of all families. So I went into school believing that when you wanted to be heard, the (7)_____ thing to do was yell your head off. My teacher was a very gentle person. She talked slowly and never, ever raised her voice. I remember her writing her name on the board in large, (8)_____ letters and saying, “My name is Mrs. Henderson. Can you say ‘Mrs. Henderson,’ boys and girls?” My shy classmates whispered, “Mrs. Henderson.” I shouted, “MRS. HENDERSON!!” at the top of my lungs (I don't exaggerate° — I was really loud). Throughout the day, my classmates continued to whisper, and I continued to shout. By the end of the first day, school had totally (9)_____ed me. I was so confused that I thought I had been assigned to the wrong class. I went home and told my parents I wanted to be in class with people who “talked right.” I wasn't kidding — I was completely (10)_____. It took a couple of weeks for me to figure out how to fit in with my quieter classmates.

CHAPTER 18

原典 英語

assure
crucial
distract
extraordinary
hostile

humiliate
impulse
perceive
revive
timid

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 **assure**
/ə'ʃʊə(r)/
- verb

- If you leave jewelry in your hotel room, the hotel cannot **assure** you that it will be safe.
- I asked the salesclerk, "Can you **assure** me that this watch is really waterproof?"

___ *Assure* means

- a. to remind. b. to agree with. c. to promise.

2 **crucial**
/'kru:ʃəl/
- adjective

- The trial had to stop when a **crucial** witness suddenly disappeared.
- Protein is a **crucial** part of a healthy diet.

___ *Crucial* means

- a. rare. b. necessary. c. useless.

3 **distract**
/dis'trækt/
- verb

- I have trouble studying when noises from outside **distract** me.
- The children made funny faces at the actress, trying to **distract** her as she performed her part.

___ *Distract* means

- a. to frighten greatly. b. to draw away the attention of. c. to give support to.

4 **extraordinary**
/ɪk'strɔ:dənəri/
- adjective

- The restaurant made **extraordinary** attempts to attract new customers, even giving away free meals on certain days.
- The cancer patient inspired others with the **extraordinary** courage she showed in dealing with her illness.

___ *Extraordinary* means

- a. unfriendly. b. normal. c. very unusual.

5 **hostile**
/'hɒstail/
- adjective

- The **hostile** crowd threw tomatoes and eggs at the speaker.
- The cat acted **hostile** towards the new kitten, snarling and spitting at it.

___ *Hostile* means

- a. fearful. b. unfriendly. c. embarrassed.

6 **humiliate**
/'hju:miileɪt/
- verb

- Good teachers do not **humiliate** students for making mistakes by calling them names or holding up their work for everyone to see.
- In dreams, people often **humiliate** themselves by doing things like going outdoors without their clothing on.

___ *Humiliate* means

- a. to shame. b. to show off. c. to misunderstand.

7 impulse
/'impʌls/
– noun

- People who go food shopping when they are hungry often get an **impulse** to buy something they don't really need.
- Carmen had planned on staying home alone, but at the last minute she had an **impulse** to phone her new neighbors and invite them to come over that evening for coffee and cake.

___ *Impulse* means

- a. unplanned desire. b. view. c. fear.

8 perceive
/pə'si:v/
– verb

- I **perceive** from the wonderful smell that someone is barbecuing ribs.
- Hawks have such good eyesight that they can **perceive** a tiny mouse from hundreds of feet in the air.

___ *Perceive* means

- a. to remember. b. to include. c. to notice.

9 revive
/rɪ'vaɪv/
– verb

- If you've lost all desire to learn biology, Professor Berg, who is a wonderful teacher, will **revive** your interest in that subject.
- No matter how tired our dog is, the question "Want to go for a walk?" will **revive** him.

___ *Revive* means

- a. to show. b. to bring back to life. c. to embarrass.

10 timid
/'tɪmɪd/
– adjective

- When her parents tried to introduce her to guests, the **timid** child hid under the table.
- Ever since he almost drowned in a boating accident, Jared has been **timid** about going in the water.

___ *Timid* means

- a. frightened. b. careless. c. full of energy.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1. _____ To make (someone) sure about something; tell with certainty
2. _____ Fearful or shy; lacking in self-confidence
3. _____ To make ashamed; embarrass
4. _____ Extremely important
5. _____ Unfriendly; having or showing ill will
6. _____ To give new energy, spirit, or strength
7. _____ A sudden urge to do something
8. _____ Beyond the ordinary; special
9. _____ To cause to turn away from what one was paying attention to
10. _____ To be or to become aware of through one's senses; see, hear, feel, taste, or smell

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

➤ Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. assure	b. crucial	c. distract	d. extraordinary	e. hostile
f. humiliate	g. impulse	h. perceive	i. revive	j. timid

- _____ 1. Bullies ____ other people in order to make themselves feel powerful.
- _____ 2. The football game on TV ____ed Tyrell from his homework.
- _____ 3. My boss ____s me that I will get a raise soon.
- _____ 4. The flowers in the garden were beginning to droop in the dry weather, but a heavy rain shower soon ____d them.
- _____ 5. Grocery store managers often place candy bars, combs, and other small, inexpensive items near the checkout, hoping that shoppers will have an ____ to buy them.
- _____ 6. To succeed at a job interview, it is ____ that you arrive on time.
- _____ 7. Because parents know their children so well, they can often ____ that the children are not feeling well just by looking at them.
- _____ 8. Two of my coworkers are very ____ toward each other; their unfriendly relationship makes work difficult for others as well.
- _____ 9. Thea felt too ____ to raise her hand when the magician asked for volunteers.
- _____ 10. The newspaper carried a story about an ____ woman who uses a wheelchair and is still a terrific tennis player.

➤ Sentence Check 2

Using the answer lines, complete each item below with **two** words from the box.

- _____ 1–2. When Len's boss ____d him in front of his coworkers, he felt a sudden ____ to grab the man's necktie and snip it off with scissors.
- _____ 3–4. Once I began to ____ the aroma of fried chicken, I stopped doing my homework because I was so ____ed by the wonderful smell.
- _____ 5–6. The builders know it is ____ that the bathroom be finished before our visitors arrive next week, and they have ____d us the work will be done.
- _____ 7–8. When Sandra got the chance to work with an ____ coach — one who had coached many champions — it ____d her dream of someday competing in the Olympics.
- _____ 9–10. The more ____ the angry, impatient bus driver became, the more he frightened the ____ little girl who had lost her bus ticket.

➤ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. assurance , <i>noun</i>	A promise
b. distraction , <i>noun</i>	Something that draws one's attention in another direction
c. humiliation , <i>noun</i>	Shame; embarrassment
d. reassure , <i>verb</i>	To make less fearful or worried
e. revival , <i>noun</i>	A new presentation of an old play, opera, etc.

- _____ 1. Although the company was sold, the new owner ____d the workers that they would not lose their jobs.
- _____ 2. The wall between the two theaters is thin, so moviegoers have to put up with the ____ of hearing the other movie going on next door.
- _____ 3. Can you give me your ____ that my car will be fixed today?
- _____ 4. I'd like to see a ____ of the musical *Peter Pan* with Whitney Houston playing the part of Tinkerbell.
- _____ 5. During his cooking demonstration, Chris experienced the ____ of dropping a dozen eggs on the floor in front of his entire class.

f. hostility , <i>noun</i>	Unfriendliness; anger
g. impulsive , <i>adjective</i>	Likely to take action quickly, without much thought
h. perception , <i>noun</i>	Becoming aware through use of the senses; awareness
i. perceptive , <i>verb</i>	Quick to notice things and understand situations
j. timidity , <i>noun</i>	Shyness; fear; lack of confidence

- _____ 6. Jessie is often _____. She does things without thinking — such as suddenly painting her kitchen purple — and then is sorry.
- _____ 7. Animals' ____ of colors differs from people's ability to see colors. For example, bees cannot see red, but they can see ultraviolet light.
- _____ 8. Although Rita said, "I forgive you," her voice was so full of ____ that it was clear she wasn't earnest°. She wasn't ready to forgive.
- _____ 9. A good detective is very ____, not missing a detail as he investigates° a crime.
- _____ 10. As a teenager, I often had to deal with _____. I would frequently stay in my room rather than speak to someone I didn't know well.

Word Parts

A. The suffix *-ity* means “the quality or state of being ____.”

Examples: *timid* — shy

timidity — the quality or state of being shy

On each answer line, write the word from the box that best completes the item.

a. **brutality**

b. **generosity**

c. **hostility**

d. **security**

e. **timidity**

- _____ 1. Mrs. Lee likes the ____ of living in an apartment that's on the tenth floor, where no thieves can enter through the windows.
- _____ 2. Everyone was amazed by the ____ of the man who won a huge lottery prize and then gave it all away to charity.
- _____ 3. There are laws to protect animals from ____; it is against the law to beat or otherwise harm them.
- _____ 4. Ever since Margo asked Rose's boyfriend out on a date, there has been ____ between the two women.
- _____ 5. If you suffer from ____, you can learn to be less shy through practice. Every day, try to do one brave thing, such as speaking up at work or starting a conversation.

B. The suffixes *-able* and *-ible* can mean “able to be ____.”

Examples: *perceive* — to notice through one's senses

perceptible — able to be noticed through use of the senses

On each answer line, write the word from the box that best completes the item.

f. **manageable**

g. **perceptible**

h. **readable**

i. **transferable**

j. **usable**

- _____ 6. Nadia's handwriting is so bad that it is usually not even ____.
- _____ 7. If you decide to leave this college and go to another, you may lose some credits — some of your credits may not be ____.
- _____ 8. I have tons of homework to do this weekend, but it is _____. If I use my time well, I can handle it.
- _____ 9. The odor of fried fish is ____ in the house even hours after we've had dinner.
- _____ 10. These bananas are too ripe, but they are still ____ for banana bread. You could also freeze them and utilize^o them later in fruit drinks.

➤ Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

A. Fear of Speaking

a. distract

b. hostile

c. humiliate

d. impulse

e. timid

Some people are afraid of spiders. Others fear heights. But for many people, the scariest thing of all is having to speak in front of a group of strangers. Even people who are not usually (1)_____ often have an intense° fear of speaking in public. They often imagine that the audience will be (2)_____, even when it is actually friendly. Because they are so sure that they will (3)_____ themselves, they usually manage to do just that. They are so awkward° when they walk to the front of the room that they almost trip over their own feet. When they begin to speak, their hands flutter, causing the papers they are holding to shake loudly. This annoying noise (4)_____s the audience from what the speakers are trying to say. Embarrassed by their poor performance, the unfortunate speakers have to fight the (5)_____ to crawl under a chair and hide. One of the best things people like this can do for themselves is to take a course in public speaking. Even if they never learn to love public speaking, they can learn to face an audience without feeling frightened.

B. Do You Believe in Magic?

f. assure

g. crucial

h. extraordinary

i. perceive

j. revive

Have you ever wondered how magic tricks work? Magicians work hard to make their tricks look like authentic° magic. But no magician has done what Horace Goldin did to make a trick look real. Goldin performed the well-known act in which a volunteer from the crowd is placed in a box, cut in half, and then reconnected right in front of the audience. But Goldin's trick was (6)_____ because of a special added twist. After the victim was sawed in half and reconnected, the audience was (7)_____d that the volunteer was fine and could return to his seat. When the man stood up, however, the top half of his body appeared to separate and fall to the floor. Meanwhile the bottom half also fell, but then it (8)_____d, got up, and ran off the stage! The trick totally bewildered° the audience.

How did Goldin do it? The secret was the volunteer, a close friend of Goldin's. The volunteer had a twin brother who had no legs. What the audience (9)_____d as the volunteer's upper half was really the legless twin. The separate walking legs were just a short person wearing normal-sized pants. In 1921, however, the legless twin brother demanded a higher salary. When Goldin refused to pay, the twin quit the act. With a (10)_____ part of the act gone, Goldin had to stop performing the trick.

CHAPTER 19

原典 英語

abandon	function
alert	idle
circumstances	overcome
devote	primary
dominate	theme

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 **abandon**

/ə'bændən/

– verb

- When it got dark out, the divers had to **abandon** their search for the body of the woman who had drowned.
- Because they ran out of money, the scientists had to **abandon** their research project.

___ *Abandon* means

- a. to begin. b. to sell. c. to quit.

2 **alert**

/ə'lə:t/

– adjective

- If you are riding a bicycle on a busy city street, you need to be **alert** at all times.
- Many people need a cup of coffee in the morning to make them feel really **alert**.

___ *Alert* means

- a. bad-tempered. b. well dressed. c. fully awake.

3 **circumstances**

/ˈsɜ:kəmstənsɪz/

– noun

- My sister and brother-in-law had a big argument about something yesterday, but I do not know the exact **circumstances**.
- Here are the main **circumstances** of the robbery: A man wearing a Santa Claus mask took some money from a toy store.

___ *Circumstances* means

- a. facts. b. answers. c. people.

4 **devote**

/dɪ'vəʊt/

– verb

- The kids **devoted** the entire evening to playing video games.
- Professor Morales **devoted** her life to the study of ancient Egypt.

___ *Devote* means

- a. to look over. b. to give over. c. to win over.

5 **dominate**

/ˈdɒmɪneɪt/

– verb

- McDonald's and Burger King seem to **dominate** the country's burger market.
- My brother likes to dream about a time when his favorite team will be so good that it will **dominate** football.

___ *Dominate* means

- a. to take pity on. b. to be a leader in. c. to lose interest in.

6 **function**

/ˈfʌŋkʃən/

– noun

- A waiter's **function** is to take the diners' orders and then to bring them their food.
- What is the **function** of that red button on the front of the VCR?

___ *Function* means

- a. purpose. b. subject. c. length of time.

7 **idle**

/ˈaɪdl/

– adjective

- After being at home for a week with the flu, I was sick of being **idle** and happy to get back to work.
- When the boss is out of town, many of the workers in this store are **idle** much of the time.

___ *Idle* means

- a. not busy. b. outside. c. in a group.

8 **overcome**

/ˌəʊvəˈkʌm/

– verb

- My brother had to **overcome** a learning disability to become a successful student.
- With the help of swimming lessons, I **overcame** my fear of water.

___ *Overcome* means

- a. to know. b. to write about. c. to beat.

9 **primary**

/ˈpraɪməɪ/

– adjective

- My brother's **primary** interest in life seems to be playing basketball — he practices day and night.
- The **primary** reason for the family reunion is to celebrate Grandma's ninetieth birthday.

___ *Primary* means

- a. easiest. b. forgotten. c. main.

10 **theme**

/θi:m/

– noun

- The writing assignment is a five-hundred-word paper on the **theme** “a surprising event.”
- *Romeo and Juliet* and *West Side Story* share the same **theme**: young lovers separated by the hatred of others.

___ *Theme* means

- a. answer. b. rule. c. idea.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

1. _____ Most important; major
2. _____ To win in a struggle over; defeat
3. _____ To stop trying to continue; discontinue; quit
4. _____ To give one's time or attention completely to something or someone
5. _____ The expected activity of a person or thing; purpose; role
6. _____ Wide-awake and watchful; highly aware
7. _____ Not doing anything; inactive
8. _____ To have a leading place or position in; be at the head of
9. _____ Condition or facts of a particular situation or happening
10. _____ The main subject; the topic around which something is organized

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

➤ **Sentence Check 1**

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. abandon	b. alert	c. circumstances	d. devote	e. dominate
f. function	g. idle	h. overcome	i. primary	j. theme

- _____ 1. An ____ person is wide-awake and very much aware of his or her surroundings.
- _____ 2. It is clear that the ____ reason my aunt's boyfriend likes her is her money.
- _____ 3. When my boss is just staring out the window, she looks ____, but she is really trying to figure out a problem.
- _____ 4. Dances often have a special ____, such as "Winter Wonderland."
- _____ 5. Before Cara can visit her grandparents in Italy, she needs to ____ her fear of flying in an airplane.
- _____ 6. When a friend called to ask if I wanted to go to the movies, I quickly ____ed my ironing and got ready to go out.
- _____ 7. The young skater ____s five hours each day to practicing.
- _____ 8. At first I thought Jorge was unfriendly, but when I learned the ____ of his life — he is a single parent who is also caring for his elderly father — I understood that he doesn't have much time to chat.
- _____ 9. A pen and a pencil have the same ____.
- _____ 10. Coca Cola and Pepsi ____ the cola market.

➤ **Sentence Check 2**

Using the answer lines, complete each item below with **two** words from the box.

- _____ 1–2. During the Depression of the 1930s, ____ were so bad that many young people had to ____ their education and go to work full-time.
- _____ 3–4. The boss was angry when he found us taking a long break. "Your ____ is to get work done," he snapped — "not to sit around ____!"
- _____ 5–6. "You'll have to read carefully to find the ____ of this story," our instructor said. Then he assured° us, "But if you are ____ and pay attention to every clue, I think you can figure out the author's true topic."
- _____ 7–8. Some women's ____ interest is their careers, and some ____ themselves to their families; others manage to do both.
- _____ 9–10. There are many true stories of very successful people who have ____ serious physical problems and gone on to ____ a sport.

➤ Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. devotion , <i>noun</i>	Deep affection and loyalty
b. dominant , <i>adjective</i>	Having more influence or power than others
c. idleness , <i>noun</i>	The state of being inactive
d. primarily , <i>adverb</i>	Mainly; chiefly
e. theme song , <i>noun</i>	A melody which is regularly used on a TV show or movie or by an individual and which comes to stand for that show or movie or person

- _____ 1. In my home, we ____ speak Spanish, unless we have English-speaking visitors. Then, of course, we communicate° in English.
- _____ 2. When I was a teenager, it was the style to sign a love letter to your girlfriend or boyfriend with this rhyme: "Yours with an ocean of ____."
- _____ 3. When I'm on vacation, I like to spend some time in total _____. I sleep late and rest all day.
- _____ 4. Tim is the ____ partner in his marriage. He makes all the decisions, and his wife just says, "Yes, dear."
- _____ 5. If Tim's wife had a _____, it would have to be "Stand By Your Man."

f. alertness , <i>noun</i>	State or condition of being wide awake; full or intense awareness
g. functional , <i>adjective</i>	Working well
h. idler , <i>noun</i>	A lazy person
i. prime , <i>adjective</i>	First in importance or value
j. theme park , <i>noun</i>	An amusement park in which all the buildings, exhibits, and rides are built around a central subject

- _____ 6. Barry is a terrible ____: he is at the water fountain, on the phone with friends, and on coffee breaks more often than he actually works.
- _____ 7. When my son woke up after his operation, the nurse tested his ____ by asking questions such as "Where are you, Billy?" and "Do you know what day it is?"
- _____ 8. My old car looks terrible, but it's still _____, taking me wherever I want to go.
- _____ 9. I took my little niece to a ____ that is based on *Sesame Street*. The ideas of the rides and games are all from that show.
- _____ 10. TV broadcasters can charge the most for ads that appear during _____ time, when most people are watching.

➤ *Synonyms and Antonyms*

A. Synonyms. Write the letter of the word or phrase that most nearly means the **same** as each boldfaced word.

_____ 1. **circumstances**

- a. conditions
- c. activities

- b. jobs
- d. abilities

_____ 2. **dominate**

- a. lead
- c. be active

- b. follow
- d. leave

_____ 3. **devote**

- a. get rid of
- c. hide from

- b. win over
- d. give over to

_____ 4. **function**

- a. subject
- c. purpose

- b. fact
- d. rule

_____ 5. **theme**

- a. fact
- c. use

- b. safety
- d. subject

B. Antonyms. Write the letter of the word or phrase that most nearly means the **opposite** of each boldfaced word.

_____ 6. **abandon**

- a. leave
- c. lose

- b. continue
- d. work badly

_____ 7. **alert**

- a. sleepy
- c. complete

- b. curious
- d. late

_____ 8. **idle**

- a. new
- c. active

- b. stiff
- d. grateful

_____ 9. **overcome**

- a. win
- c. continue

- b. follow
- d. give in to

_____ 10. **primary**

- a. least expensive
- c. not enough

- b. least important
- d. not prepared

➤ Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

A. The Miracle Runner

a. devote
d. primary

b. dominate
e. overcome

c. idle

Glenn Cunningham was one of the most famous and extraordinary^o athletes of the 1930s. To succeed, he had to (1)_____ difficulties that might have stopped anyone. When Glenn was 8, he and his older brother Floyd were trapped in a burning building. Floyd was killed, and Glenn was badly burned. The fire had eaten deep into his legs, and the toes of one foot were gone. In fact, doctors advised^o his parents to have Glenn's legs taken off. Glenn lay in bed for months, his legs thin as sticks. He hated being (2)_____, so he struggled to learn to stand and then to take a few steps. Then he began to run. At first, his (3)_____ goal in running was just to get rid of his limp. Then he discovered that he was a very good runner.

At age 13, Glenn entered a mile race at a local fair and won easily. From then on, he (4)_____d himself to running — and to winning. In high school, then in college, and later when he was a member of the United States Olympic team, he (5)_____d his sport. He set a world-record time for running the mile: 4 minutes, 4.4 seconds. And this was someone who had been told he would never walk again!

B. One of Those Days

f. abandon
i. function

g. alert
j. theme

h. circumstances

Did you ever have a day whose (6)_____ seems to be “things that go wrong”? I had one such day last Friday. This is the only day I have a class at 8 a.m. But my alarm clock did not perform its (7)_____ — it did not make a sound. I had no time to eat, but because I was sleepy, I made a cup of coffee to help me feel more (8)_____. When I poured milk into the coffee, though, I found that the milk was sour. Yuck! So I (9)_____ed my effort to have a cup of coffee, grabbed my car keys, and ran out. Then I remembered my car was in the shop for repairs. So I raced to the bus stop, but got there just as the bus drove off. Desperate^o to get to school, I decided to continue on foot, so I began running again. Then along came a car that hit a deep puddle and splashed me from head to foot with mud.

At school, I told the instructor the (10)_____ that had made me late, muddy, and out of breath. Looking annoyed that I had disrupted^o the class, he told me to hand in my assignment. At that point, I discovered I had brought the wrong textbook and notebook. I decided then and there that the next time I oversleep, I'll just stay in bed!

CHAPTER 20

disregard
excerpt
exclude
hinder
misleading

monotonous
obtain
prey
seize
severe

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

- 1 **disregard**
/ˌdɪsɪˈɡɑːd/
— verb

___ *Disregard* means

- I suggested that Patty put some of her money in a savings account, but she **disregarded** my idea and spent it all.
 - The drive with Luis was frightening — he **disregarded** the speed limit, even though the road was icy.
- a. to follow. b. to ignore. c. to get in the way of.

- 2 **excerpt**
/ˈɛksɜːpt/
— noun

___ *Excerpt* means

- The *New York Times* printed all of the President's speech, but most newspapers printed only **excerpts** from it.
 - Previews advertise films by showing several **excerpts**, parts that will make people want to come see the whole movie.
- a. part. b. price. c. speech.

- 3 **exclude**
/ɪksˈkluːd/
— verb

___ *Exclude* means

- In making pickles that will be stored for a long time, air must be **excluded** from the jars.
 - The little boy ran crying to his teacher after other children **excluded** him from their game.
- a. to watch. b. to invite. c. to keep out.

- 4 **hinder**
/ˈhɪndə(r)/
— verb

___ *Hinder* means

- Not having computer skills **hindered** Jane in her search for an office job.
 - Bad weather **hindered** the climbers on their hike up the mountain.
- a. to get in the way of. b. to cheer up. c. to find.

- 5 **misleading**
/ˌmɪsˈliːdɪŋ/
— adjective

___ *Misleading* means

- The fact that the two close friends have the same last name is **misleading**. Many people think they are really sisters.
 - My cousin may appear rich, but his fancy car and nice clothes are **misleading**. In reality, he owes thousands of dollars on his credit card.
- a. hard to find. b. recent. c. giving the wrong idea.

- 6 **monotonous**
/məˈnɒtənəs/
— adjective

___ *Monotonous* means

- The child in the supermarket kept up a **monotonous** request — “I want some candy. I want some candy. I want some candy.”
 - My days had become **monotonous**: I got up, went to work, came home, slept, then did it all over again.
- a. dull. b. pleasant. c. messy.

7 **obtain**
/əb'tein/
– verb

- After completing the Driver's Education class, Maria **obtained** a driver's license.
- The soldier **obtained** a three-day pass in order to attend his sister's wedding.

___ *Obtain* means

- a. to grab. b. to get. c. to give away.

8 **prey**
/prei/
– noun

- Because a cat's **prey** includes mice, farmers like to keep cats in their barns.
- Movie stars are the **prey** of thoughtless photographers who will do anything to get a photo.

___ *Prey* means

- a. those that are hunted. b. part of a whole. c. sickness.

9 **seize**
/si:z/
– verb

- The woman screamed when a thief **seized** her pocketbook.
- Before anyone could stop him, the baby **seized** the cat's tail and pulled.

___ *Seize* means

- a. to laugh at. b. to grab. c. to know.

10 **severe**
/si'viə(r)/
– adjective

- A **severe** storm hit our area, causing great damage and several deaths.
- Patients with the most **severe** illnesses are kept in a separate part of the hospital, where they receive special care.

___ *Severe* means

- a. fair. b. dangerous. c. boring.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. **Print** each word next to its definition. If you look closely at each word in context, you will be able to figure out its meaning.

- _____ A creature or creatures that are hunted by another animal; the victim or victims of an attack
- _____ Part of a whole work (such as a book, speech, or film)
- _____ To pay no attention to
- _____ To refuse to allow in; not include
- _____ To get something through planning or effort
- _____ Leading to a mistake in thought or action
- _____ Boring because of lack of change or differences
- _____ Causing great physical or mental suffering; very serious
- _____ To take hold of suddenly or with force
- _____ To stop or slow down (someone or something); block; interfere with

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

➤ **Sentence Check 1**

Using the answer line, complete each item below with the correct word from the box.

a. disregard	b. excerpt	c. exclude	d. hinder	e. misleading
f. monotonous	g. obtain	h. prey	i. seize	j. severe

- _____ 1. Cynthia's bright smile is ____; actually, she is feeling quite angry.
- _____ 2. The robbers' usual ____ were newlyweds whose houses might contain expensive wedding gifts.
- _____ 3. My aunt is a vegetarian and ____s all meat from her house.
- _____ 4. A huge snowstorm ____ed Thanksgiving travelers.
- _____ 5. Although the car wasn't damaged much in the crash, the driver had ____ injuries.
- _____ 6. No matter how much you like your favorite food, having it at every meal would soon become ____.
- _____ 7. Members of the Environmental Club went door-to-door to ____ signatures for their request to set up a recycling center in town.
- _____ 8. The video called *The Best of Johnny Carson* contains funny ____s from ten years of the *Tonight* show.
- _____ 9. When she realized her train would leave in just an hour, Rita ____d her suitcase from the shelf and began stuffing clothes into it.
- _____ 10. Phil lost his money when he ____ed the "Out of Order" sign and put two quarters in the jukebox.

➤ **Sentence Check 2**

Using the answer lines, complete each item below with **two** words from the box.

- _____ 1–2. It is striking to see a hawk drop out of the sky and ____ a field mouse, then fly away with its ____ in its claws.
- _____ 3–4. When my uncle had a ____ illness, the doctor ____ed everyone from his hospital room except my aunt.
- _____ 5–6. The TV ads for the movie used an ____ from the film that was _____. It was funny, but the movie was not a comedy at all.
- _____ 7–8. Yolanda wanted to be first in line to ____ tickets for a very special concert, but the snowstorm ____ed her.
- _____ 9–10. Because Wendy is so shy, she ____s invitations to go out, and as a result she stays home night after night and leads a very ____ life.

> Related Words

Once you learn a new word, you can more easily understand many related words. Below are ten words related to the core words of this chapter. Use their definitions to help you write in the word that best completes each item.

a. exclusive , <i>adjective</i>	Letting only certain people in
b. hindrance , <i>noun</i>	Something that gets in the way or holds back
c. include , <i>verb</i>	To take in (someone or something) as part of something larger
d. monotony , <i>noun</i>	Boredom
e. severity , <i>noun</i>	Seriousness

- _____ 1. The icy sidewalk was such a ____ that I missed my bus.
- _____ 2. When we heard our friend had been in an accident, we called the hospital to try to learn the ____ of her injuries.
- _____ 3. I don't enjoy going to the zoo because I am bothered by the ____ of the animals' lives — they spend day after day idle° in the same small cages.
- _____ 4. The Honor Club at our school is so ____ that only 5 percent of the student body is qualified to join.
- _____ 5. The Honor Club ____s top students from the tenth, eleventh, and twelfth grades.

f. exclusion , <i>noun</i>	The act of leaving something out
g. mislead , <i>verb</i>	To lead (someone) to think what is not so
h. monotone , <i>noun</i>	A single, unchanging sound
i. predator , <i>noun</i>	An animal that lives by hunting other animals for food
j. regardless of , <i>preposition</i>	Without considering anyone or anything else; in spite of

- _____ 6. Professor Woodworth speaks in such a dull ____ that students have a hard time staying alert° in his class.
- _____ 7. It's easy to see that the tiger is a _____. Its sharp teeth are designed for ripping other animals to pieces.
- _____ 8. Some advertisements purposely ____ people, making them believe the products are better than they really are. Companies should not be allowed to deceive° people that way.
- _____ 9. Becoming a vegetarian means more than the ____ of meat from the diet. It also means creating a balanced diet that doesn't involve meat.
- _____ 10. I don't enjoy working with Vic because he does what he likes ____ anyone else's opinions.

➤ Analogies

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (*a*, *b*, *c*, or *d*) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line. (All the repeated words in these items are from this unit.)

_____ 1. MONOTONOUS : EXCITING ::

- a. healthy : strong
- c. five : fifteen

- b. film : camera
- d. hinder : help

_____ 2. PREY : VICTIM ::

- a. artist : painting
- c. security° : lock

- b. baby : infant
- d. doctor : patient

_____ 3. SEVERE : MILD ::

- a. painful : pleasant
- c. harmful : dangerous

- b. angry : frowning
- d. loud : noisy

_____ 4. COMMUNICATE° : TELEPHONE ::

- a. fiction° : book
- c. sweep : broom

- b. distract° : attention
- d. screwdriver : nail

_____ 5. EXTRAORDINARY° : COMMON ::

- a. assure° : promise
- c. mask : face

- b. chew : gum
- d. hostile° : friendly

_____ 6. DISREGARD : IGNORE ::

- a. recall : remember
- c. protect : reveal

- b. important : silly
- d. sing : choir

_____ 7. ECONOMICAL° : EXTRAVAGANT° ::

- a. country : map
- c. pitch : ball

- b. earnest° : sincere
- d. calm : worried

_____ 8. PRETTY : UGLY ::

- a. friendly : nice
- c. important : crucial°

- b. timid° : brave
- d. difficult : burden°

_____ 9. SEIZE : TAKE ::

- a. exclude : include
- c. pull : push

- b. embarrass : humiliate°
- d. shout : whisper

_____ 10. PERCEIVE° : SENSES ::

- a. lazy : idle°
- c. write : letter

- b. song : music
- d. run : legs

➤ Final Check

Read the passages carefully. Then fill in each blank with the word that best fits the context.

A. Pregnancy and Alcohol

a. excerpt
d. misleading

b. exclude
e. severe

c. hinder

If all goes well, an unborn baby thrives^o, growing from a few cells into a healthy child. However, not all pregnancies go well. Sometimes, problems arise that (1) _____ the baby's development. Most of those problems just happen and are not within anyone's control. But one common cause of a baby's problems can be prevented: the mother's use of alcohol.

Here is an (2) _____ from a textbook discussion of alcohol and pregnancy: "A woman who drinks heavily during pregnancy can injure the brain of her unborn child." A child born to a heavy drinker is likely to have (3) _____ health problems, including a small head, unusual facial features, low intelligence, and a damaged heart.

But it would be (4) _____ to say that only heavy drinking is a problem during pregnancy. Even if a mother-to-be has just two drinks a week, she can harm her child's ability to pay attention and learn easily.

Exactly how much alcohol is too much for a pregnant woman? No one knows for sure. Until we know more, a pregnant woman is wise to (5) _____ alcohol from her life.

B. A Criminal with a Tail

f. disregard
i. prey

g. monotonous
j. seize

h. obtain

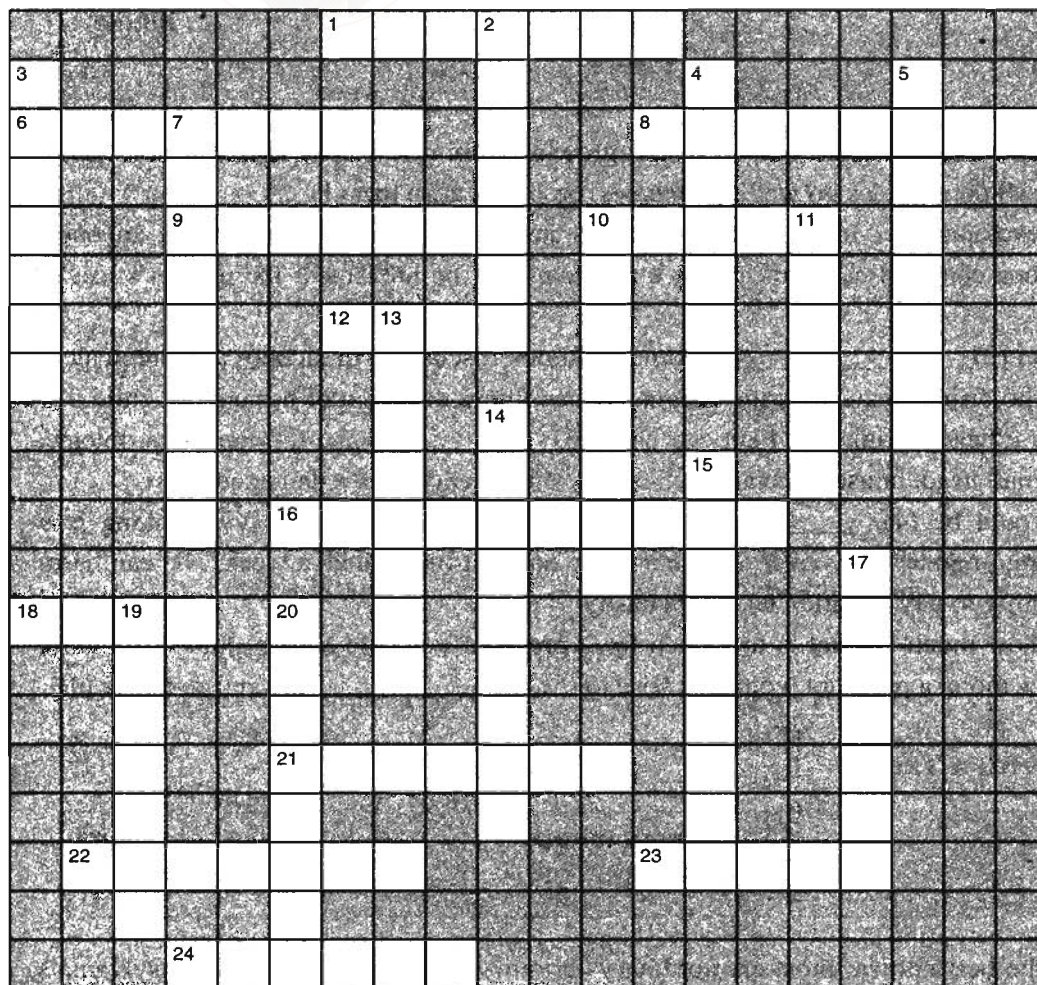
One of the best-known, most extraordinary^o criminals ever sentenced to Pennsylvania's Graterford Prison was not a thief, a murderer, or a cheat. In fact, he was not even human. Prisoner #C2559, also known as Pep, was a dog who was (6) _____d by police in 1924 and forced to spend the rest of his days behind bars. Pep got into trouble by attacking his neighbor's cat one hot summer afternoon. Unfortunately for Pep, his furry (7) _____ happened to belong to Gifford Pinchot, the governor of Pennsylvania. The angry governor (8) _____ed the fact that Pep was a dog and ordered an immediate trial. Without the ability to speak or (9) _____ a lawyer for himself, Pep was sent to jail for life.

In prison, however, Pep was treated more kindly. His fellow prisoners were very fond of him. Even though he was assigned to a cell and expected to work every day, Pep was allowed to transfer^o from one cell to another whenever he wanted. His furry face and wagging tail were a welcome change in the otherwise (10) _____ world of the prison, where each day seemed like the one before it. When he died six years later, Pep was the most popular inmate in the entire prison.

UNIT FOUR: Review

Homer Approach

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Four. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



abandon
alert
apparent
automatic
bewilder
crucial
deceive
distract
dominate
emotion
exclude
fulfill
function
hinder
hostile
humiliate
idle
impulse
influence
legible
monotonous
prey
security
seize
theory

ACROSS

1. Clear enough to be read
6. To confuse; puzzle
8. Protection; freedom from danger, fear, or worry
9. To carry out; achieve; do
10. Wide-awake and watchful
12. Not doing anything; inactive
16. Boring because of lack of change or differences
18. A creature or creatures that are hunted by another animal
21. Extremely important

22. Unfriendly; having or showing ill will
23. To take hold of suddenly or with force
24. To stop or slow down; block

DOWN

2. A sudden urge to do something
3. To discontinue; quit
4. To make (someone) believe something that is not true
5. To cause to turn away from what one was paying attention to

7. To have an effect on
10. Obvious; easy to see
11. A statement that explains events or facts
13. To have a leading place or position in; be at the head of
14. Moving or operating by itself
15. To make ashamed; embarrass
17. To refuse to allow in; not include
19. A strong feeling
20. The expected activity of a person or thing; purpose

UNIT FOUR: Test 1

Homer Approach

PART A

Choose the word that best completes each item and write it in the space provided.

- _____ 1. When the children began screaming and throwing things on the bus, the driver yelled, "This is not ____ behavior!"
a. primary b. legible c. alert d. appropriate
- _____ 2. English police are still ____ by the 1934 murder of a woman whose body parts were found in two wooden trunks. Not only is the crime unsolved; the name of the victim is still unknown.
a. bewildered b. obtained c. communicated d. revived
- _____ 3. Letters are still my favorite way to ____ with faraway friends and family.
a. fulfill b. seize c. communicate d. humiliate
- _____ 4. Mel kept his wife from knowing he had lost his job. He ____ her by leaving the house each morning as if he were going to work.
a. alerted b. fulfilled c. devoted d. deceived
- _____ 5. To show how ____ he was about wanting the job, Ira offered to work for no pay for a week.
a. timid b. primary c. hostile d. earnest
- _____ 6. A raised voice can mean one of several ____: anger, excitement, happiness, or surprise.
a. emotions b. preys c. burdens d. fictions
- _____ 7. It is hard for a right-handed person to write a ____ message using his or her left hand.
a. severe b. timid c. legible d. primary
- _____ 8. Unsatisfied with the way the local police were handling the murder case, the victim's family hired a detective to ____ it.
a. revive b. influence c. investigate d. exclude
- _____ 9. When my daughter said, "There is a monster under my bed," her story was not purely ____: there was a large spider hiding there.
a. fiction b. burden c. function d. excerpt
- _____ 10. I realized my ____ that all dog lovers were nice people was wrong when I met Doreen. She is very nice to dogs, but nasty to human beings.
a. prey b. theme c. function d. theory
- _____ 11. To increase her feeling of ____ when she walks home from the bus stop at night, Elena learned karate.
a. security b. circumstances c. burden d. impulse

(Continues on next page)

- _____ 12. It's _____ that your shoes are muddy — you're leaving dirty footprints on the carpet.
a. extravagant b. hostile c. apparent d. timid
- _____ 13. Although many of our neighbors have gardens, Mr. Soo's is really _____. He grows thirty-pound watermelons, tomatoes as big as softballs, and flowers as beautiful as anything in a flower shop.
a. hostile b. extraordinary c. misleading d. monotonous

PART B

Write **C** if the italicized word is used **correctly**. Write **I** if the word is used **incorrectly**.

- _____ 14. Because my sister skipped assignments and classes, it's hard for me to *sympathize* with her disappointment over failing algebra.
- _____ 15. My boss *fulfilled* my request for a day off, saying, "No, you've had too much time off already."
- _____ 16. Someday I'd like to replace my old-fashioned camera with a new *automatic* one that does everything by itself, even advancing the film.
- _____ 17. Fay is so *extravagant* that she purposely finds fault with waiters so that she can refuse to leave them a tip.
- _____ 18. Some parents worry that "Barbie dolls," with their impossibly long legs and tiny waists, can *influence* little girls, making them feel bad about their own bodies.
- _____ 19. Dan is worried about his math test because he knows it is *crucial* to his grade for the course.
- _____ 20. It is more *economical* to buy a six-pack of sodas for \$1.99 than to buy six single sodas at 50 cents each.
- _____ 21. Since he was a little boy, Jon has *devoted* himself to becoming a pilot. He reads constantly about airplanes and flying and saves all his money for flying lessons.
- _____ 22. I feel so tired that instead of getting up this morning, I would love to just *transfer* in bed.
- _____ 23. Having our grandfather live with us was not a *burden*. Not only was he easy to live with, but he was very helpful around the house.
- _____ 24. I was so excited when my parents *humiliated* me with a plane ticket to visit my sister in England.
- _____ 25. As Dan studied for his test, his family helped *distract* him by turning off the TV and keeping the house quiet and peaceful.

Score (Number correct) _____ × 4 = _____ %

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

UNIT FOUR: Test 2

Homer Approach

PART A

Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a. abandon	b. circumstances	c. disregard	d. function	e. hinder
f. hostile	g. misleading	h. monotonous	i. perceive	j. prey
k. revive	l. seize	m. severe		

- _____ 1. It is the ____ of advertising to persuade you that you will be happier and better off if only you will buy a certain product.
- _____ 2. Very young cats who have kittens will often ____ the babies instead of taking care of them.
- _____ 3. When children get chicken pox, the disease is just a minor problem, but for adults, chicken pox can be a ____ illness.
- _____ 4. Paula's parents live in unusual ____; although they have been divorced for years, they continue to live in separate parts of the same house.
- _____ 5. It is ____ that we have a Morrisville address, since we actually live much closer to the town of Hendrix.
- _____ 6. I prefer a job that takes a lot of effort to one that is easy but ____, with little or no change from hour to hour and day to day.
- _____ 7. Foolishly, Randy ____ed the fact that he is allergic to seafood, ate a lobster, and ended up in the hospital.
- _____ 8. Before I could take a bite of my grilled cheese sandwich, a hungry dog ____d it, pulling it out of my hand and gulping it down.
- _____ 9. Luis does not let his lack of a car ____ him from getting to work; he rides his bicycle.
- _____ 10. Early in the season, the baseball team's chance of getting to the World Series was not good. But then the team ____d its hopes by winning eight games in a row.
- _____ 11. Long before I entered the house, I could ____ that Mom was making her famous spaghetti sauce. Its wonderful smell was the clue.
- _____ 12. To catch its ____, the anteater sticks its tongue into an anthill.
- _____ 13. Never run up to pet a dog you don't know. Move toward it slowly until you are sure it is not ____.

(Continues on next page)

PART B

Write **C** if the italicized word is used **correctly**. Write **I** if the word is used **incorrectly**.

- ____ 14. I will let my cousin move into my apartment only if he *assures* me it will be for no more than a week.
- ____ 15. Mr. Henderson does everything according to *impulse*. For example, when he decided to buy a car, he spent months comparing models and prices, reading articles in car magazines, and visiting car dealers.
- ____ 16. Anitra is the most *idle* one in her family — she does all of the cooking and cleaning by herself.
- ____ 17. Every group of friends seems to have one especially *timid* member who bosses the others around.
- ____ 18. In 1959, one film — *Ben Hur* — *dominated* the Academy Awards, winning 11 Oscars.
- ____ 19. The videotapes of the robbery showed that as it was going on, the night watchman was *alert* and snoring in his office.
- ____ 20. Although Marla was abused as a child, she has *overcome* that terrible experience and is a kind, loving parent herself.
- ____ 21. The sweater has bits of blue and green in it, but its *primary* color is red.
- ____ 22. Have you ever really had to write a paper on the *theme* “How I Spent My Summer Vacation”?
- ____ 23. Robert Frost’s “Mending Wall” is a well-known poem whose *excerpt* warns us not to shut ourselves off from other people.
- ____ 24. “No bacon for me, thank you,” said Ahmed. “We Muslims *exclude* pork from our diet.”
- ____ 25. Scientists are working on a vaccine that will help people *obtain* the virus that causes AIDS.

<i>Score</i> (Number correct) _____ $\times 4 =$ _____ %
--

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

UNIT FOUR: Test 3

Homer Approach

PART A: Synonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly the **same** in meaning as the **boldfaced** word.

- | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| ___ 1. assure | a) argue with | b) promise | c) run from | d) reach out to |
| ___ 2. automatic | a) operating by itself | b) money-saving | c) clear | d) ashamed |
| ___ 3. bewilder | a) discontinue | b) hide | c) confuse | d) examine |
| ___ 4. circumstances | a) feelings | b) situation | c) hardships | d) enemies |
| ___ 5. communicate | a) take seriously | b) make strong | c) pay for | d) make known |
| ___ 6. devote | a) slow down | b) turn away | c) get rid of | d) give oneself |
| ___ 7. distract | a) pull attention away | b) point toward | c) get | d) make better |
| ___ 8. emotion | a) movement | b) victim | c) hardship | d) feeling |
| ___ 9. excerpt | a) sudden decision | b) effect | c) part of a work | d) whole |
| ___ 10. fulfill | a) hurry | b) embarrass | c) search for | d) carry out |
| ___ 11. function | a) knowledge | b) hardship | c) topic | d) use |
| ___ 12. humiliate | a) shame | b) give energy to | c) send | d) calm |
| ___ 13. impulse | a) position | b) sudden desire | c) heartbeat | d) difficulty |
| ___ 14. influence | a) say | b) activity | c) get | d) have an effect on |
| ___ 15. investigate | a) examine | b) ignore | c) punish | d) lose |
| ___ 16. misleading | a) proper | b) aware | c) giving the wrong idea | d) unfriendly |
| ___ 17. obtain | a) protect | b) explore | c) move | d) get |
| ___ 18. perceive | a) notice | b) grab | c) ignore | d) lie to |
| ___ 19. prey | a) hardship | b) subject | c) victim | d) struggle |
| ___ 20. primary | a) small | b) main | c) moving by itself | d) aware |
| ___ 21. seize | a) grab | b) tell | c) puzzle | d) convince |
| ___ 22. sympathize | a) ignore | b) slow down | c) leave out | d) feel pity |
| ___ 23. theme | a) difficulty | b) condition | c) main topic | d) hardship |
| ___ 24. theory | a) explanation | b) effect | c) activity | d) choice |
| ___ 25. transfer | a) puzzle | b) study closely | c) win | d) move |

(Continues on next page)

PART B: Antonyms

In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that is most nearly **opposite** in meaning to the **boldfaced** word.

- ___ 26. **abandon** a) make clear b) surprise c) lose d) continue
- ___ 27. **alert** a) patient b) sleepy c) serious d) special
- ___ 28. **apparent** a) not proper b) hidden c) difficult d) unfriendly
- ___ 29. **appropriate** a) least important b) friendly c) exact d) not proper
- ___ 30. **burden** a) truth b) something easy to handle c) something usual
d) thought
- ___ 31. **crucial** a) not real b) not important c) not clear d) not wanted
- ___ 32. **deceive** a) tire b) give away c) tell the truth to d) let go of
- ___ 33. **disregard** a) know b) throw away c) make fun of d) pay attention to
- ___ 34. **dominate** a) accept as true b) lie to c) argue with
d) have a low position
- ___ 35. **earnest** a) weak b) dishonest c) not fearful d) not important
- ___ 36. **economical** a) exciting b) expected c) expert d) expensive
- ___ 37. **exclude** a) set free b) support c) lose to d) include
- ___ 38. **extraordinary** a) friendly b) careless c) usual d) important
- ___ 39. **extravagant** a) troubled b) money-saving c) confident d) not serious
- ___ 40. **fiction** a) action b) idea c) subject d) truth
- ___ 41. **hinder** a) give away b) help c) change d) lose
- ___ 42. **hostile** a) not sincere b) brave c) not boring d) friendly
- ___ 43. **idle** a) busy b) valuable c) not proper d) brave
- ___ 44. **legible** a) not boring b) unreadable c) untruthful d) not easy
- ___ 45. **monotonous** a) unusual b) interesting c) true d) easy to understand
- ___ 46. **overcome** a) continue b) lose to c) have faith in d) find fault with
- ___ 47. **revive** a) make clear b) pay attention c) listen carefully
d) make weak
- ___ 48. **security** a) relief b) activity c) anger d) danger
- ___ 49. **severe** a) sad b) fast c) new d) mild
- ___ 50. **timid** a) unclear b) brave c) important d) fast

Score (Number correct) _____ $\times 2 =$ _____ %

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.