Function Reference

Import data

```
function [dat] = readdat(fname, NGPTS, nchns, ngdtrls);
       % READDAT Read data in binary format and convert them into Matlab data
       %
       % Syntax:
       % dat = readdat(fname,NGPTS,nchns,ngdtrls);
       %
       % Input(s):
       % fname - Binary data file path and name
       % NGPTS - Number of points to be read in each trial
       % nchns - Number of channels to be read
       % ngdtrls - Number of trials to be read
       %
       % Output(s):
       % dat
               - Three dimensional Matlab data array
                  = Points x Channels x Trials
       %
       %
       % Example:
       % dat = readdat('test71.bin', 18, 15, 137);
       % See also: writedat.
Export data
      function writedat(fname, dat);
       % write data in format that steve required
       % dat: T x chans x Trial
       % fname: file name of output file
Preprocessing
       1. function [data] = pre_sube(dat);
       % Subtract the ensemble mean
       % Usage:
       % [data] = pre_sube(dat);
       % dat: input file;
       % data: output file after subtract the ensemble mean
       2. function [data] = pre\_sube\_divs(dat);
       % Subtract the ensemble mean and divide by standard deviation
       % Usage:
       % [data] = pre_sube_divs(dat);
       % dat: input file;
       % data: output file after subtract the ensemble mean and divide by
       % standard deviation
```

```
3. function [data] = pre\_subt(dat);
```

- % Subtract the temporal mean
- % Usage:
- % [data] = pre_subt(dat);
- % dat: input file;
- % data: output file after subtract the temporal mean
- 4. $function [data] = pre_subt_divs(dat);$
- % Subtract the temporal mean and divide by standard deviation
- % Usage:
- % [data] = pre_subt_divs(dat);
- % dat: input file;
- % data: output file after subtract the temporal mean and divide by
- % standard deviation

AIC model order estimation

function [AIC]=aic_test(dat, window,maxorder)

- % Compute the AIC
- % dat: data set in Matlab format
- % window: window length
- % maxorder: the maximum model order you want to try.
- % AIC: each row is the AIC coefficient for each window.
- % Example:
- % [AIC]=aic test(data,10,8)

Whiteness test

function [resid]=whiteness_test(dat, window,order)

- % Whiteness test
- % dat: data set in Matlab format
- % window: window length
- % order: model order
- % resid: residuals probabilities
- % Example:
- % [resid]=whiteness test(data, 10,5)

Consistency test

function [ratio]=consistencytest(dat,arcoeff,arnoise)

- % Consistency test
- % dat: data set in Matlab format
- % arcoeff: AR coefficient
- % arnoise: AR noise
- % Ouput: ratio in Matlab format
- % Example: [ratio]=consistencytest(data,A,Ve)

Stability test

function [LE] = lyap_batch(arcoeff, arnoise, T);

```
% a batch version to compute Lyapunov exponen
       % Usage:
       % [LE] = lyap_batch(arcoeff, arnoise, T);
       % arcoeff: AR coefficient
       % arnoise: AR noise
       % T: burn-in period;
       % Output:
       % Le is the output of Stability test, which is a vector. The length of the vector is
          the same as the number of windows.
       % Example:
       % [LE]= lyap_batch(A, Ve, 1000);
AMAR modeling
       1. One window (multivariate model)
      function [A,Ve]=one_mul_model (dat, order, startp, window)
      % One window for multivariate model
       % Usage:
       % [A,Ve]=one_mul_model (dat, order, startp, window);
       % dat: input file in matlab format;
       % order: model order
      % startp: start position of the window
       % window: window length
       % Output: A is the name of AR coefficient file
                      Ve is the name of AR noise file
       %
       % Example:
       % [A,Ve]=one_mul_model (data, 5, 1, 10);
      2. One window (bivariate model)
      function one_bi_model (dat, order, startp, window)
      % One window for bivariate model
      % Usage:
       % one bi model (dat, order, startp, window);
       % dat: input file in matlab format;
      % order: model order
       % startp: start position of the window
       % window: window length
       % Output is in the bsmart/Onewindow Coefficient directory
       % Example:
       % one_bi_model (data,5,1,10);
      3. Moving window (multivariate models)
      function [A,Ve]=mov_mul_model (dat, order, startp, endp, window)
      % Moving window for multivariate model
       % Usage:
```

% one_mul (dat, order, startp, endp, window);

```
% dat: input file in matlab format;
```

- % order: model order
- % startp: start position
- % endp: ending position
- % window: window length
- % Output: A is the name of AR coefficient file
- % Ve is the name of AR noise file
- % Example:
- % [A,Ve]=mov mul model (data, 5, 1, 18, 12);
- 4. Moving window(bivariate models)

function mov_bi_model (dat, order, startp, endp, window)

- % Moving window for bivariate models
- % Usage:
- % mov_bi_model (dat, order, startp, endp, window);
- % dat: input file in matlab format;
- % order: model order
- % startp: start position
- % endp: ending position
- % window: window length
- % Output is in the bsmart/Movingwindow_Coefficient directory
- % Example:
- % [A,Ve]=mov_mul_model (data, 5, 1, 18, 12);

Analysis

Power

1. For multivariate model -- spectrum_analysis()

function [power] = autopower(aredat,arndat,n,fs);

- % Compute the auto power
- % Usage:
- % [power] = autopower(aredat,arndat,n,fs);
- % aredat: AR coefficient file
- % arndat: AR noise file
- % n: Number of frequency bins
- % fs: Sampling rate
- % Example:
- % [power] = autopower(A,Ve,100,200);
- 2. For bivariate model -- <u>power_pairwise()</u>

function [power]= bi_power(directory, n, fs)

% Compute the auto power from the Bivariate models

```
% Usage:
       % [power]= bi_power(directory, n, fs)
       % directory: Onewindow_Coefficient or Movingwindow_Coefficient
       directory
       % n: Number of frequency bins
       % fs: Sampling rate
       % Example:
       %[power]=bi power('C:\mar\bsmart\Movingwindow Coefficient',100,200)
Coherence
       1. For multivariate model -- coherence()
       function [coherence] = paircoherence(aredat,arndat,n,fs);
       % Compute the pair coherence
       % Usage:
       % [coherence] = paircoherence(aredat,arndat,n,fs);
       % aredat: AR coefficient file
       % arndat: AR noise file
       % n: Number of frequency bins
       % fs: Sampling rate
       % Example:
       % [coherence] = paircoherence(A,Ve,100,200);
       2. For bivariate model -- pairwise_coherence()
       function [coherence] = bi_coherence(directory, n, fs)
       % Compute the pair coherence from the Bivariate models
       % Usage:
       % [coherence] = bi coherence(directory, n, fs)
       % directory: Onewindow_Coefficient or Movingwindow_Coefficient
       directory
       % n: Number of frequency bins
       % fs: Sampling rate
       % Example:
[coherence]=bi_coherence('C:\mar\bsmart\Movingwindow_Coefficient',100,200)
Granger causality
       1. For bivariate model -- pairwise_granger_causality()
          a. one window
       function [Fx2y,Fy2x]= one_bi_ga(dat,startp,window,order,fs,freq)
       % Compute the granger causality from the one window Bivariate models
       % Usage:
       % [Fx2y,Fy2x]= one_bi_ga(dat,startp,window,order,fs,freq)
```

```
% dat: data set in Matlab format
% starp: start position
% window: window length
% order: model order
% fs: Sampling rate
% freq: a vector of frequencies of interest, usually freq=0:fs/2
% Fx2y is the causality measure from x to y
  Fy2x is causality from y to x
%
       the order of Fx2y/Fy2x is 1 to 2:L, 2 to 3:L,...,L-1 to L. That is,
%
       1st column: 1&2; 2nd: 1&3; ...; (L-1)th: 1&L; ...; (L(L-1))th:
%
      (L-1)\&L.
% Example:
% [Fx2y,Fy2x] = one_bi_ga(data,1,10,5,200,[1:100])
    b. moving window
function [Fxy,Fyx]= mov_bi_ga(dat,startp,endp,window,order,fs,freq)
% Compute the granger causality from the moving window Bivariate
models
% Usage:
% [Fx2y,Fy2x]= mov_bi_ga(dat,startp,endp,window,order,fs,freq)
% dat: data set in Matlab format
% starp: start position
% endp: ending position
% window: window length
% order: model order
% fs: Sampling rate
% freq: a vector of frequencies of interest, usually freq=0:fs/2
% Fx2y is the causality measure from x to y
% Fy2x is causality from y to x
%
       the order of Fx2y/Fy2x is 1 to 2:L, 2 to 3:L,...,L-1 to L. That is,
%
       1st column: 1&2; 2nd: 1&3; ...; (L-1)th: 1&L; ...; (L(L-1))th:
%
      (L-1)\&L.
% Example:
% [Fxy,Fyx]= mov_bi_ga(data,1,18,10,5,200,[1:100])
Visualize data -- dataview()
a. chart view
function chartview (dat, channel, triali, triali, pointi, pointi)
```

Plot

Data view

```
% chart view of data set
```

% dat: data set in Matlab format

% triali: start trial % triali: ending trial

- % pointi: start point
- % pointj: ending point
- % Example:
- % chartview (data, 9, 1, 5, 1, 15)

b. grid view

function gridview (dat, channeli, channeli, trial, pointi, pointi)

- % grid view of data set
- % dat: data set in Matlab format
- % channeli: start channel
- % channelj: ending channel
- % trial: specified trial
- % pointi: start point
- % pointj: ending point
- % Example:
- % gridview (data,1,6,5,1,15)

Coherence view

Visualize coherence -- <u>coherence_view()</u>

function co_view(coherence, fs, channeli, channelj, timen)

- % View coherence
- % coherence: coherence data set
- % fs: sampling rate
- % channeli: one channel
- % channeli: another channnel
- % timen(optional): view coherence at one time
- % Example:
- % co_view(paircoh,200,9,10); co_view(paircoh,200,9,10,2);

Granger causality view

Visualize granger causality -- granger causality view()

function ga view(Fxy,Fyx, fs, channeli, channeli, timen)

- % View granger causality
- % Fxy, Fyx: granger causality data set
- % fs: sampling rate
- % channeli: one channel
- % channelj: another channnel
- % timen(optional): view coherence at one time
- % Example:
- % ga_view(Fxy,Fyx,200,9,10);ga_view(Fxy,Fyx,200,10,9,5);

Power view

Visualize power -- power_view()

```
function po_view(power, fs, channeli, timen)
```

- % View power
- % power: auto power data set
- % fs: sampling rate
- % channeli: specified channel
- % timen(optional): view coherence at one time
- % Example:
- % po_view(autospect,200,9); po_view(autospect,200,9,2);

Coherence network

Coherence network analysis -- coherence_network()

function conetwork(coherence,location,thre,time,fre1,fre2)

- % Plot the coherence network
- % coherence: pair coherence
- % location: location of the sites
- % thre: threshold
- % time: specify the window number
- % fre1: starting frequency
- % fre2: ending frequency
- % Example:
- % conetwork(coherence,location,0.25,5,1,50);

Granger causality network

Granger causality network analysis -- granger causality network()

function ganetwork(Fxy,Fyx,location,thre,time,fre1,fre2)

- % Plot the Granger causality network
- % Fxy,Fyx: Granger causality
- % location: location of the sites
- % thre: threshold
- % time: specify the window number
- % fre1: starting frequency
- % fre2: ending frequency
- % Example:
- % ganetwork(Fxy,Fyx,location,0.18,5,1,50);

Testco.m to test the command line use.

```
% read data
```

dat = readdat('test71.bin', 18, 15, 137);

% Preprocessing data (subtract ensemble mean)

[data] = pre_sube(dat);

% AIC test

[AIC]=aic_test(data,10,8);

% Build moving window multivariate AR model

[A,Ve]=mov_mul_model (data, 5, 1, 15, 10);

% consistency test

```
[ratio]=consistencytest(data,A,Ve);
% whiteness test
 [resid]=whiteness_test(data, 10,5);
% stability test
[LE]=lyap_batch(A, Ve, 1000);
% compute auto power
 [power] = autopower(A, Ve, 100, 200);
% compute pair coherence
 [coherence] = paircoherence(A,Ve,100,200);
% compute Granger causality
 [Fxy,Fyx] = mov_mul_ga(data,1,15,10,5,200,[1:100]);
% power view
 po_view(power,200,9); po_view(power,200,9,2);
% coherence view
 co_view(coherence,200,9,10); co_view(coherence,200,9,10,2);
% Granger causality view
 ga_view(Fxy,Fyx,200,9,10);ga_view(Fxy,Fyx,200,10,9,5);
% coherence network
 load location;
 conetwork(coherence,location,0.25,5,1,50);
% Granger causality network
 ganetwork(Fxy,Fyx,location,0.18,5,1,50);
```