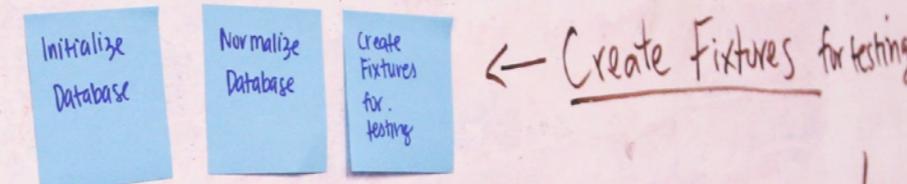
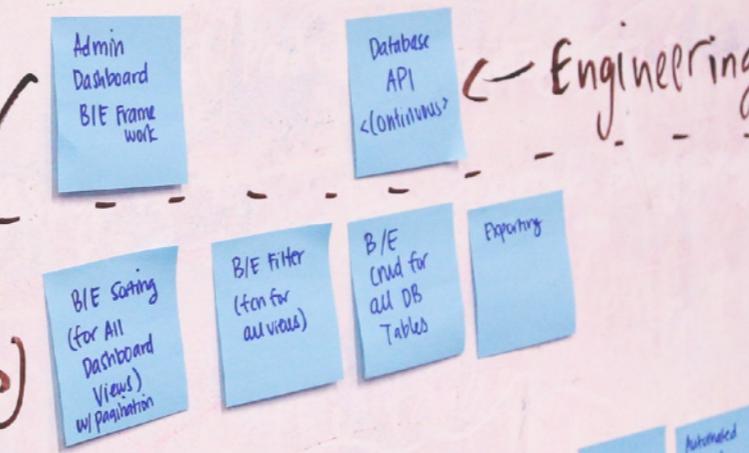


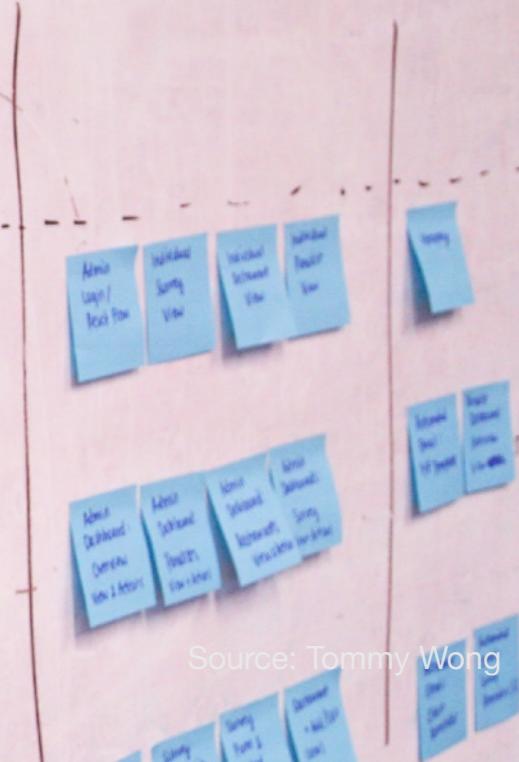
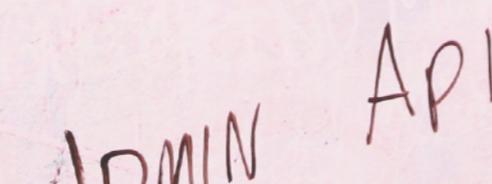
1) WEEK 4: Design



2) WEEK 5: Design



3) WEEK 6: Dev



Source: Tommy Wong

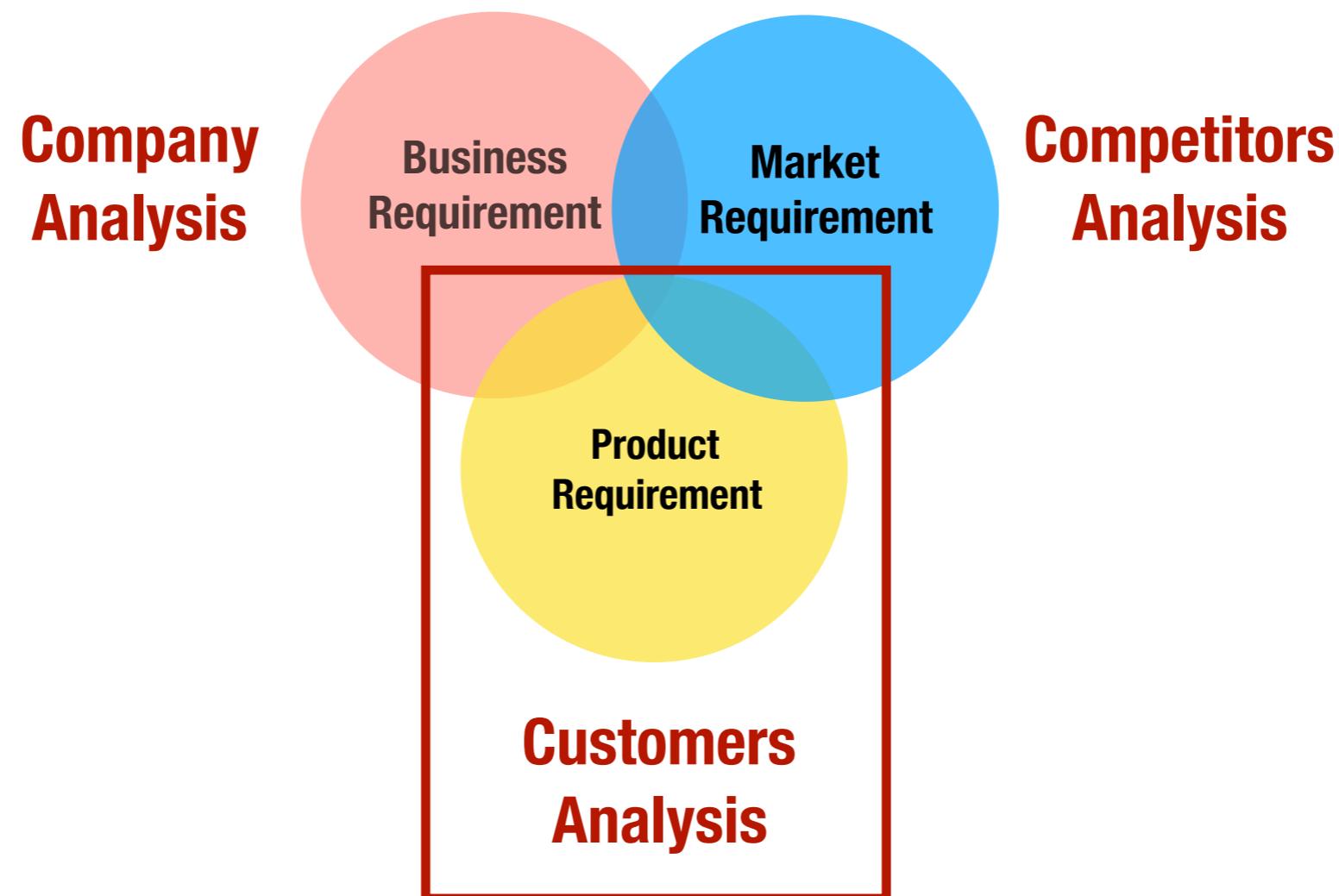
DOM AND EVENT HANDLING IN JAVASCRIPT AND JQUERY

Bernard Suen
Center for Entrepreneurship
Chinese University of Hong Kong

RECAP

- 1. Understand Product Management and Requirement Analysis Using the Elements of UX Framework.**
- 2. Understand the Relationship Among Information Architecture, SEO, and Web Analytics**
- 3. Master Content Management System and Its Use in Improving SEO Through Using WordPress**

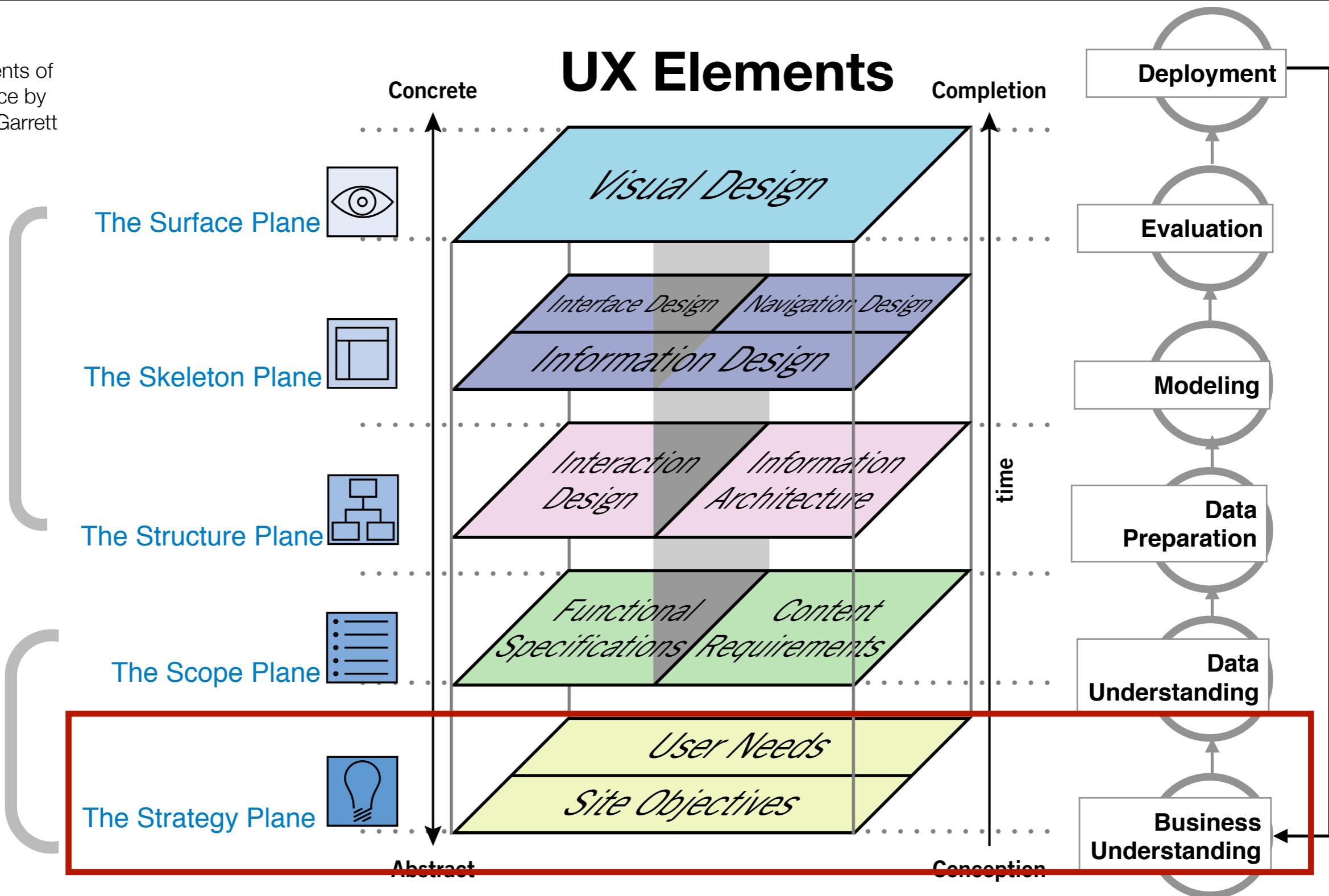
Requirement Analysis



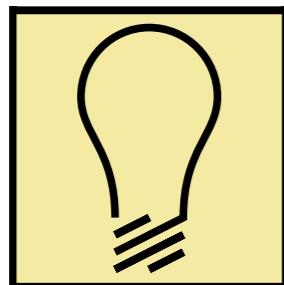
Source: Elements of User Experience by Jesse James Garrett

Solution Space
how and
how much

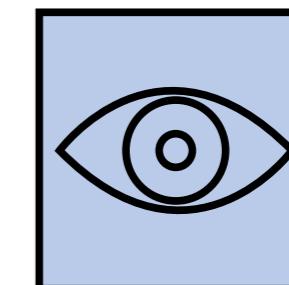
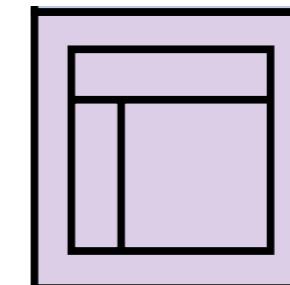
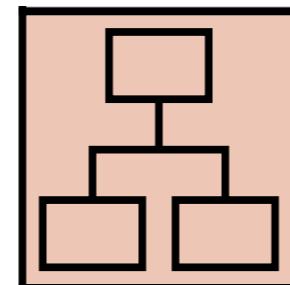
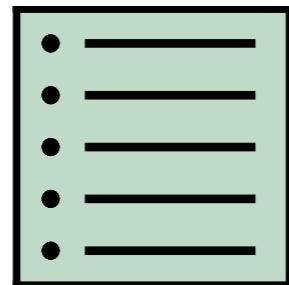
Problem Space
who, what,
and why



SITE OBJECTIVES		TARGET USERS		USER NEEDS
Primary goal	Become top tier university in the world.	Primary User	Top local students and world-class academics	Apply for degree enrollment and job vacancies.
Additional goal	Increase research output.	Secondary User	Chinese students interested in the west	Interested to come to CUHK to study to gain oversea experience and western knowledge.
Additional goal	Build strong alumni network.	Secondary User	Foreign students interested in PRC	Will consider CUHK for full-degree and exchange program.



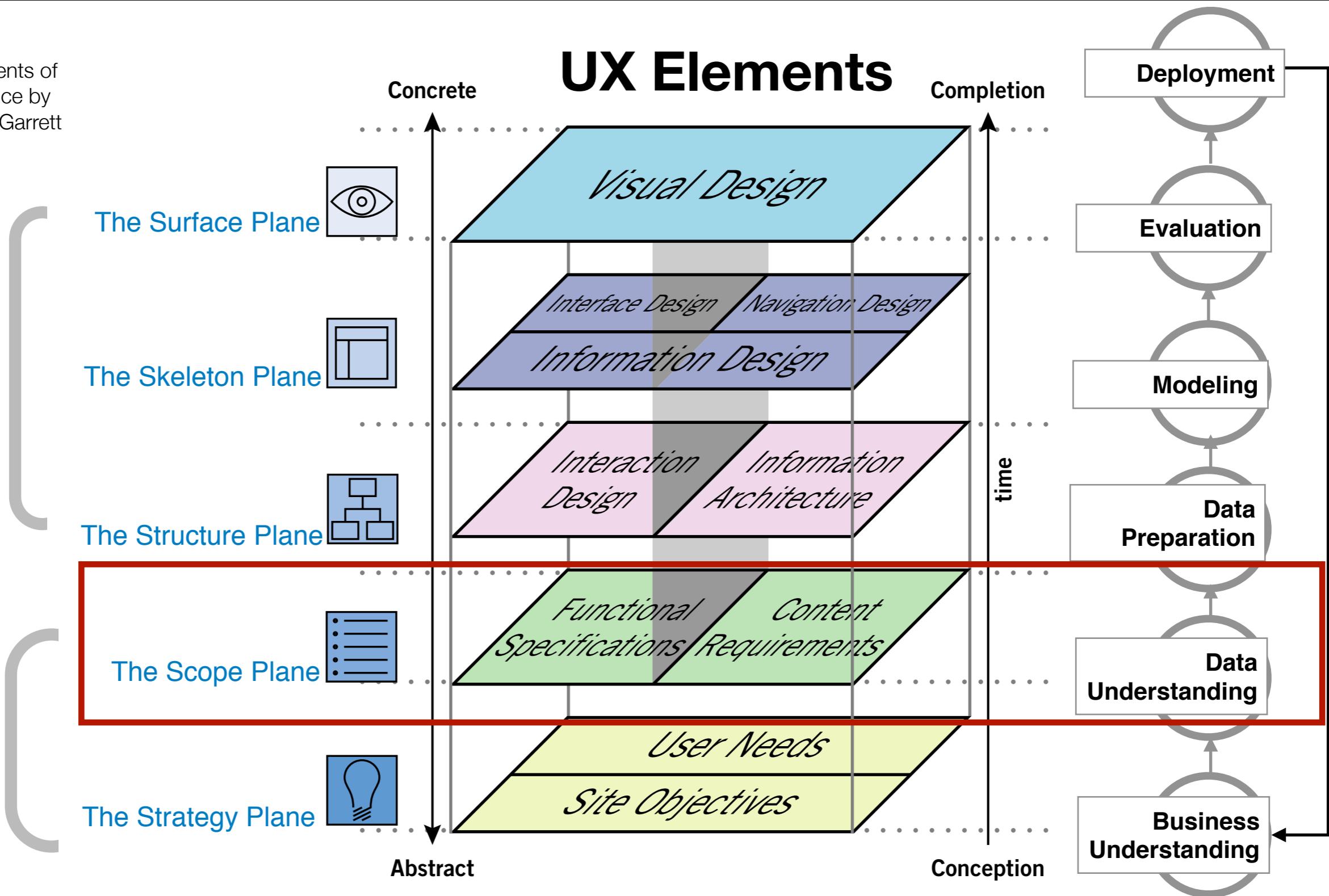
STRATEGY



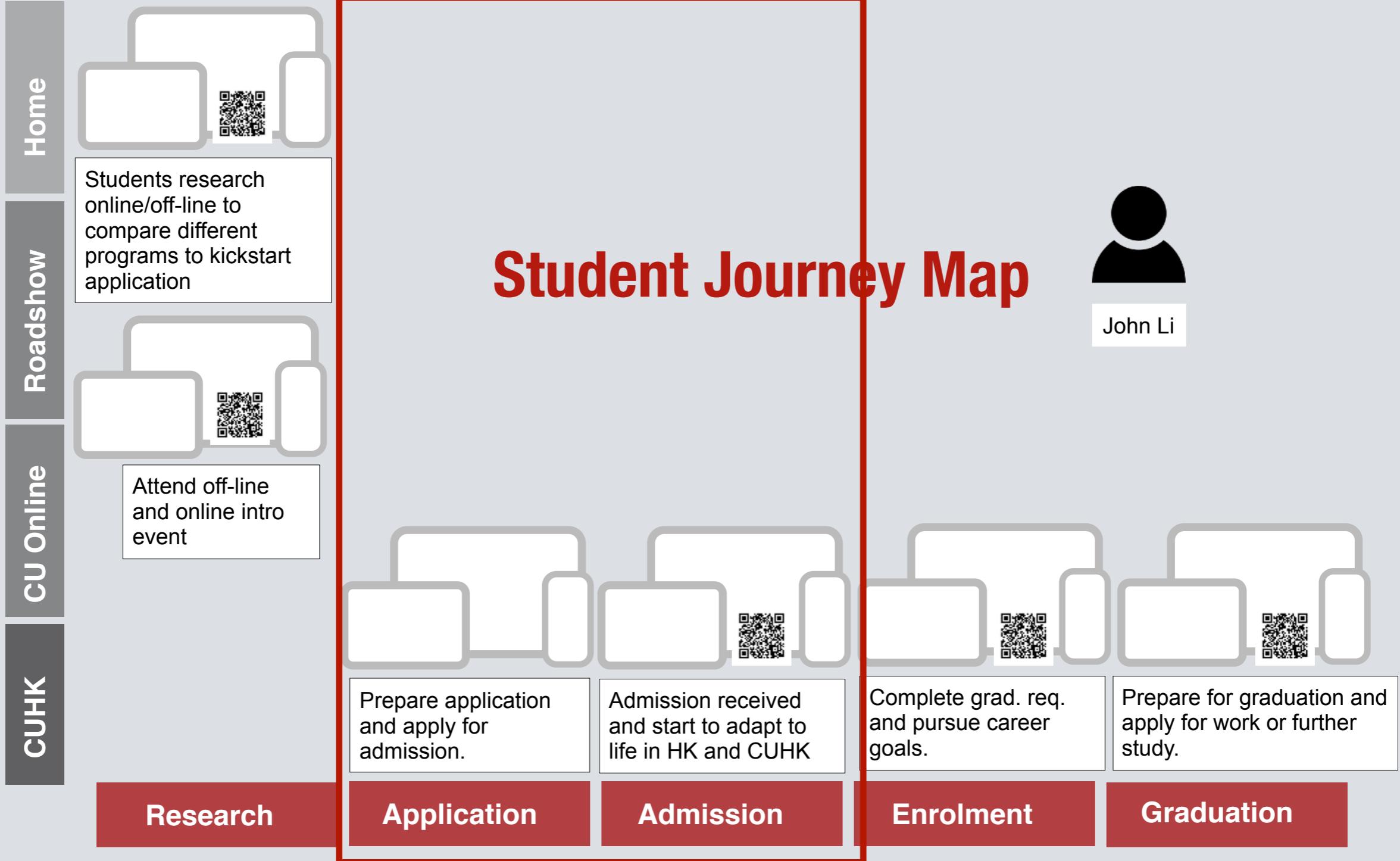
Source: Elements of User Experience by Jesse James Garrett

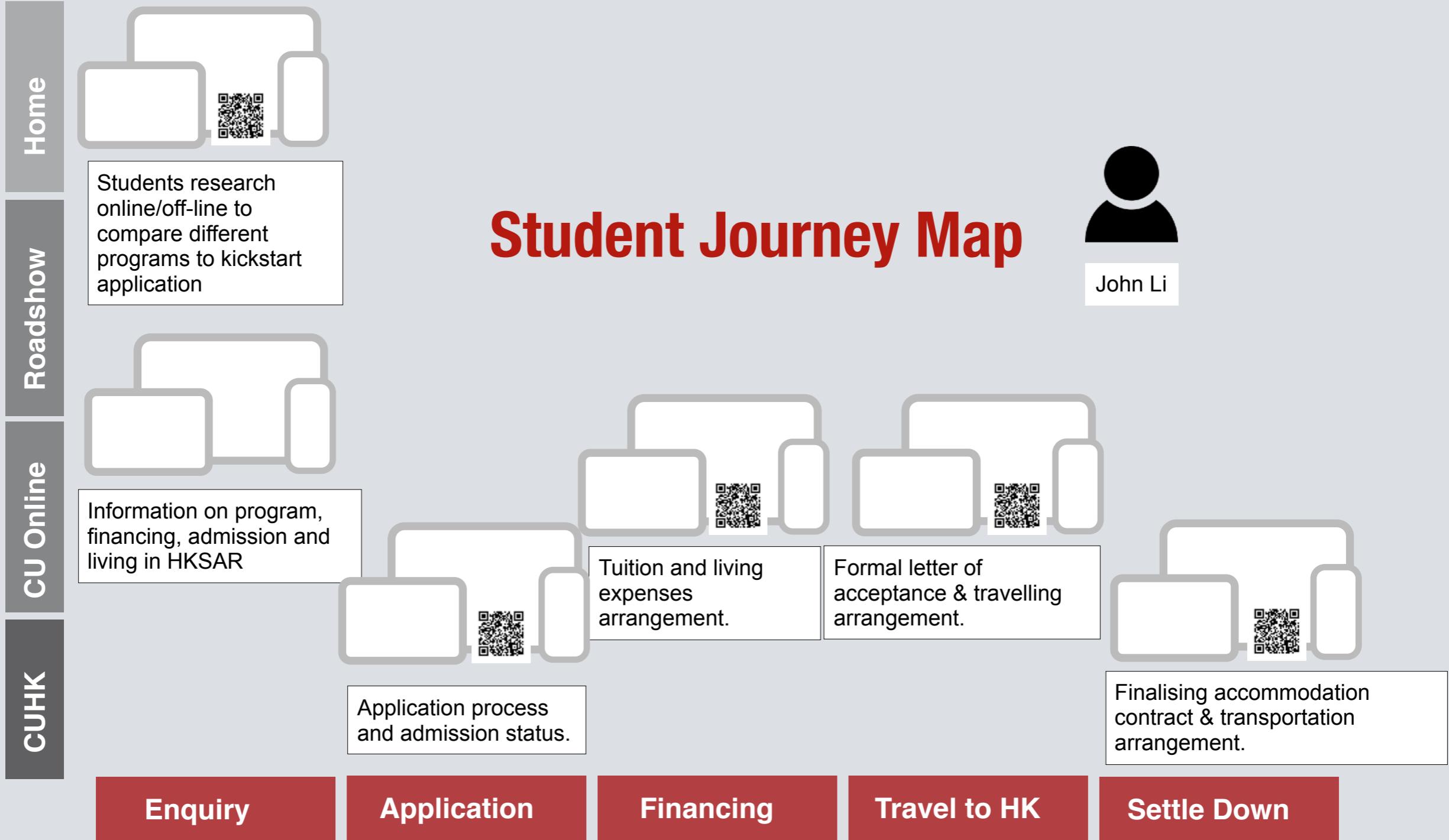
Solution Space
how and
how much

Problem Space
who, what,
and why



Segments	Origin	Duration	Levels	Faculty	Ethnic Backgnd	Resident
1	Local	Full Time	Undergraduate	Arts	Chinese	Chung Chi New Asia United Morningside S.H.Ho C.W. Chu Wu Yee Sun Chung Chi Lee Woo Sing Grad. House
2	PRC	Part Time	Master	Science/ Engineering	Other Asian Pacific Countries	
3	Foreign	Exchange	PhD	Business Admin	EU (Britain)	
4				Social Science	N. America	
5				Law School	S.America	
6	Segmentation Table			Medical School	Middle Asia/ East Europe/Others	Off-Campus Home





Throughout the journey, what **pain points** did the applicants encounter?

Conduct research on prospective programs.

Prepare applications and taking required tests.

Ensure proper financing arrangement be made.

Once admitted, make travel plan to come to CUHK

Find accommodation and roommates to get settled.

Make sure all legal agreements are properly signed.

Contact school staff to coordinate orientation.

Buy daily necessities to prepare for living in HK.

Throughout the journey, what **data points** did the CUHK have to plan for?

Application
requirement
Information

Admission
instruction
information

Financial
planning
information

Travel to HK
itinerary
information

Housing and
roommate
information

CU Campus
map and bus
schedule

HK MTR & key
destination
info

Bank, phone/
Shopping
information

Problem Statement:

How might we help student applicants from Mainland (Who**) to collect and process the required information to complete their application to CUHK (**What**) so that they can be well prepared for living in Hong Kong and learning at the school to pursue their career (**Why**)?**

Problem Statement:

How might we help CUHK recruit top student applicants from Mainland (Who**) and help them acquire and process the required information to complete their application to CUHK (**What**) so that CUHK can build on their contributions to finance its operations, produce top research publications, nurture future leaders and expand alumni network (**Why**)?**



dfd03.drawio

File Edit View Arrange Extras Help All changes saved

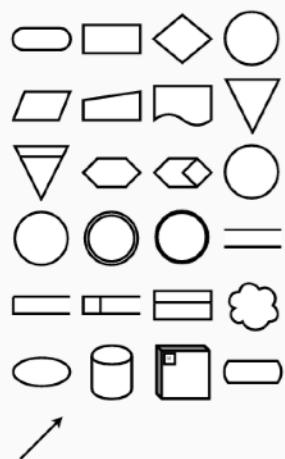
Share

Flowchart

Android

Bootstrap

Data Flow Diagram



Entity Relation

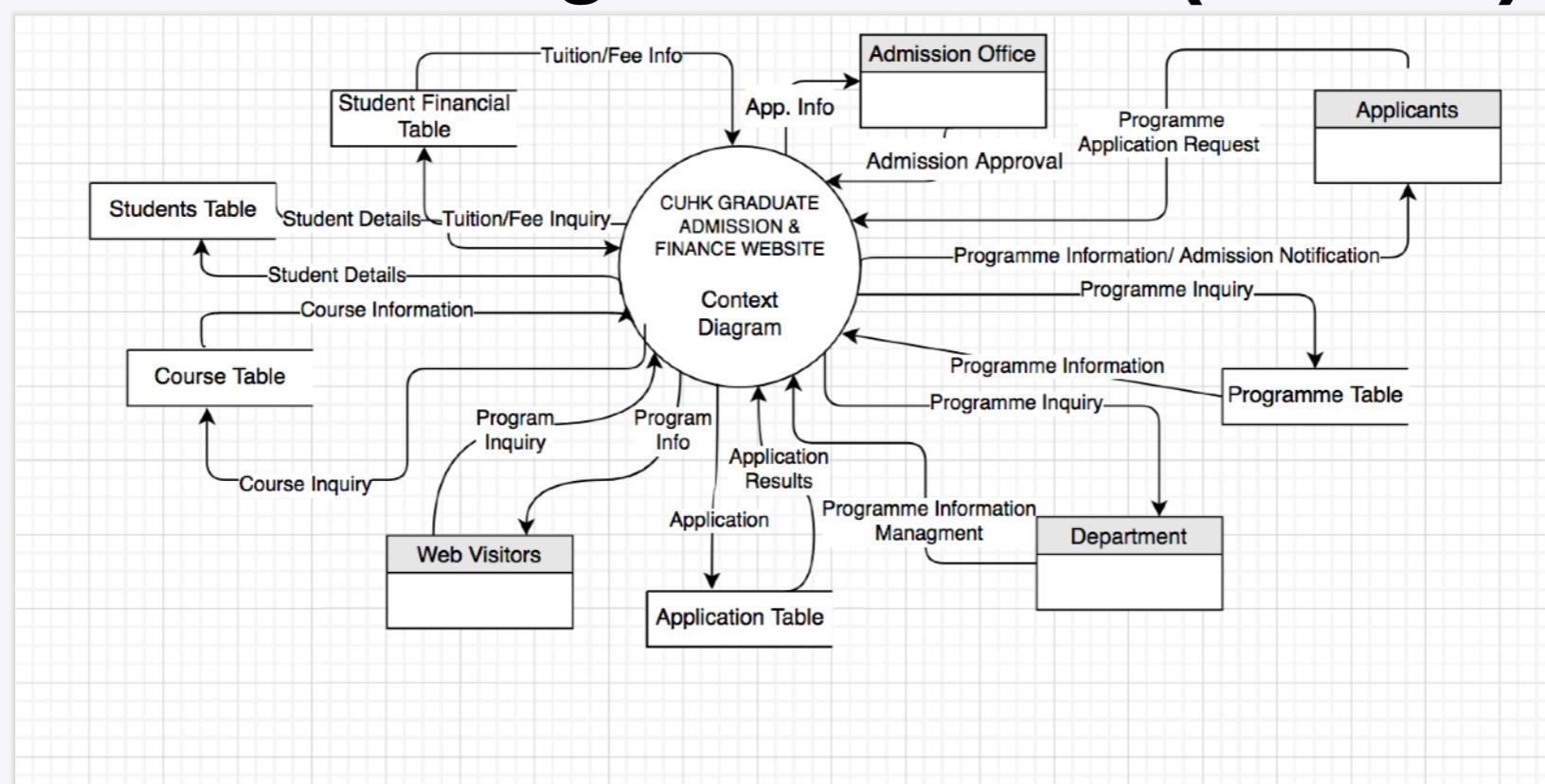
iOS Icons

iOS UI

iOS6

More Shapes...

Dataflow Diagram: Context (Level 0)



Diagram

Style

View

- Grid 10 pt
- Page View
- Background Image
- Shadow

Options

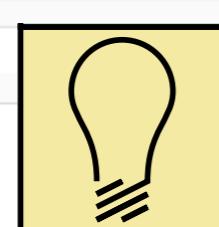
- Connection Arrows
- Connection Points
- Guides

Paper Size

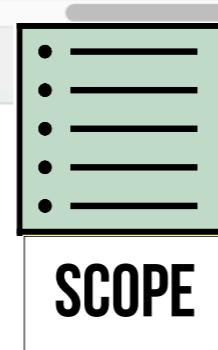
A4 (210 mm x 297 mm)
 Portrait Landscape

Edit Data

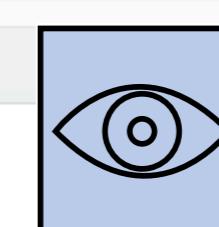
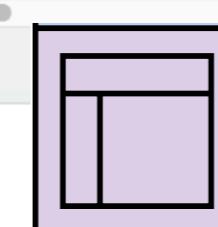
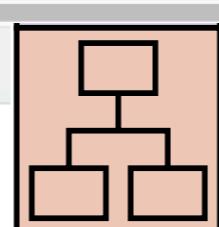
Clear Default Style



Page-1



SCOPE

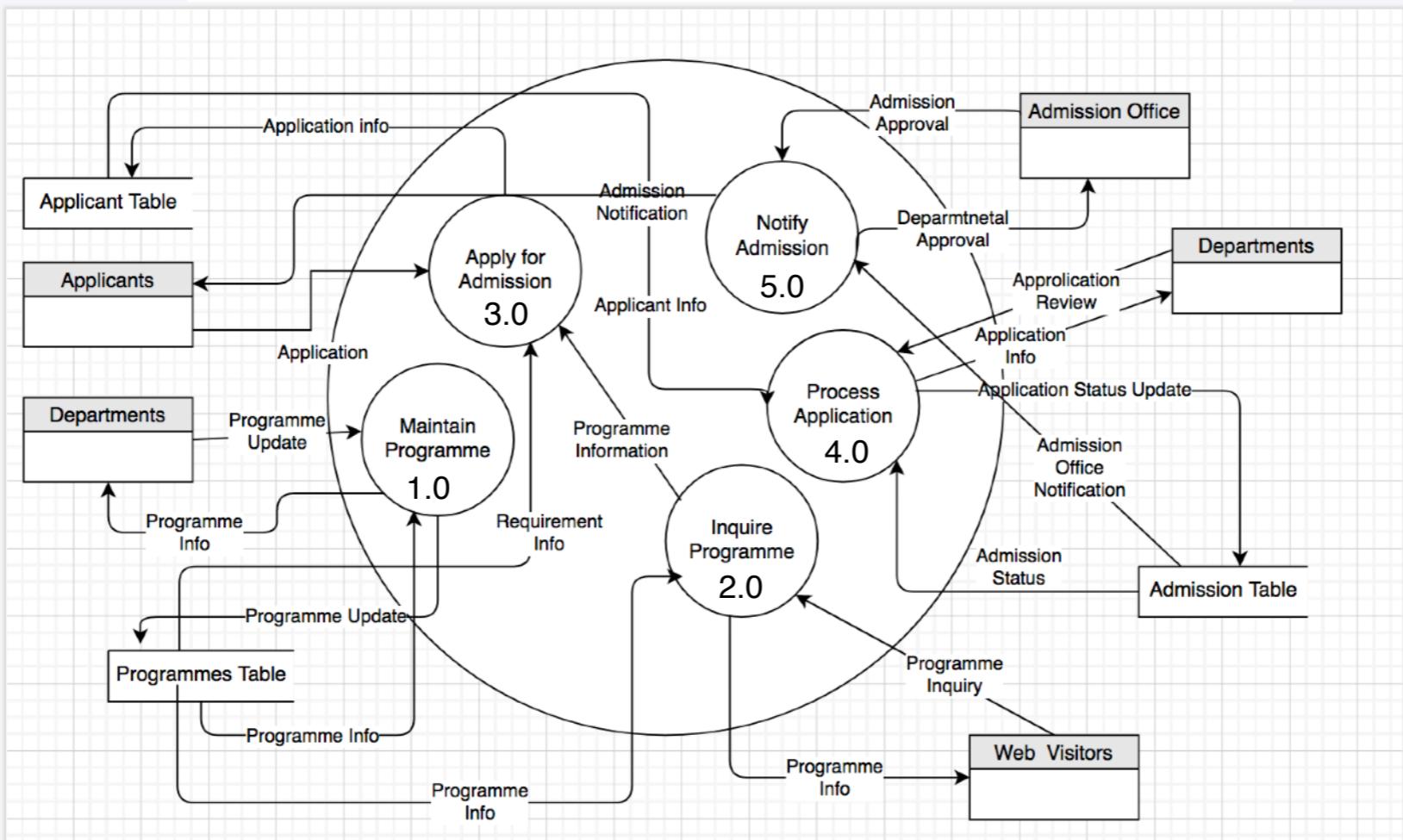


dfd04.drawio

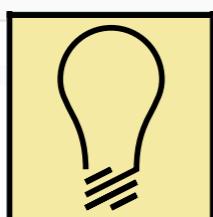
File Edit View Arrange Extras Help All



Dataflow Diagram (Level 1)

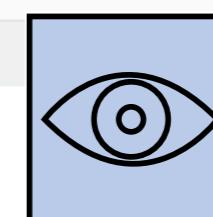
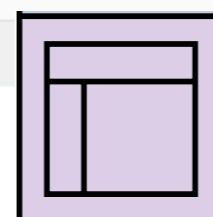
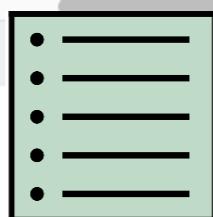


Page-1



SCOPE

```
graph TD; Root[ ] --- Child1[ ]; Root --- Child2[ ]; Child1 --- Leaf1[ ]; Child1 --- Leaf2[ ]
```



Throughout the data flow, what **features/functions have to be in place to **process** the data?**

Process CUHK application

Process admission & notification

Process financial verification

Process travel plan and arrival to HK

Process accommodation support

Process academic orientation

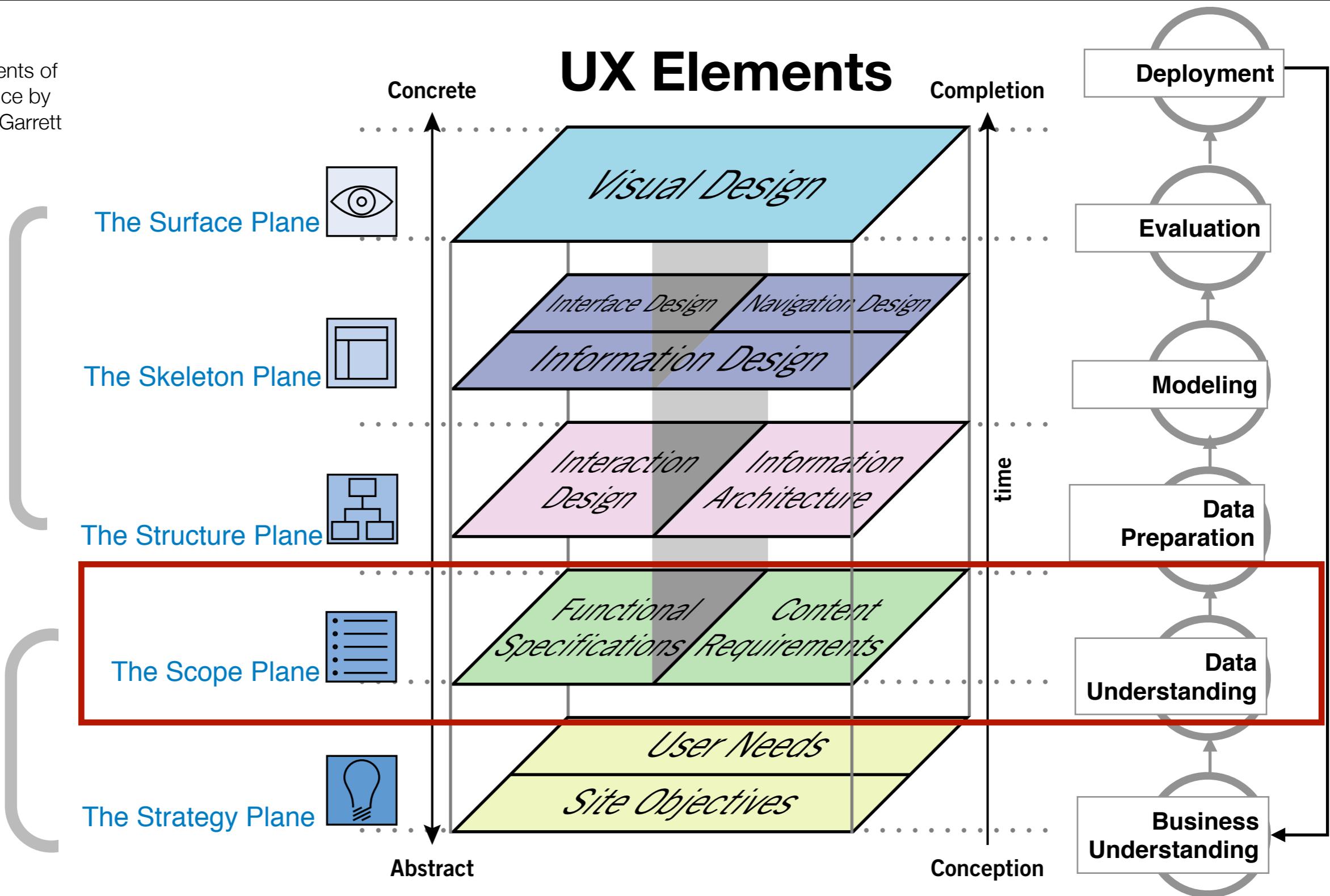
Process daily transportation support

Process daily living & medical support

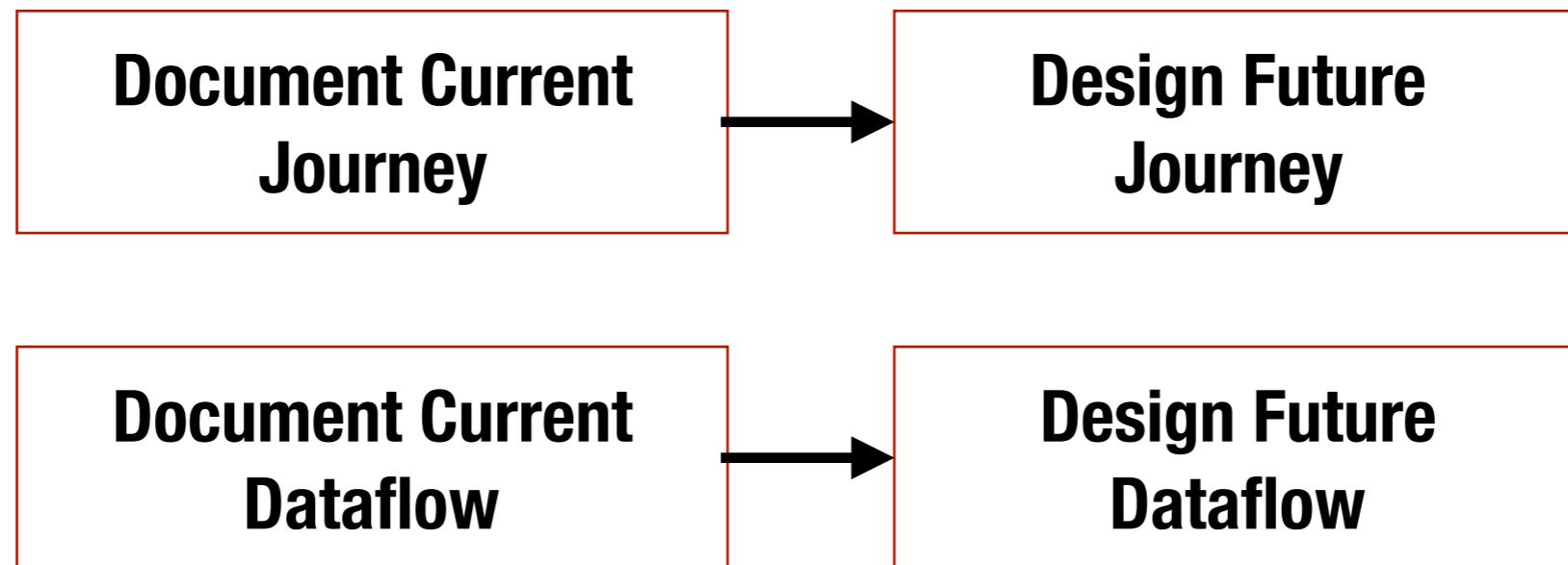
Source: Elements of User Experience by Jesse James Garrett

Solution Space
how and
how much

Problem Space
who, what,
and why



From Current Situation (Problem) to Future Design (Solution)



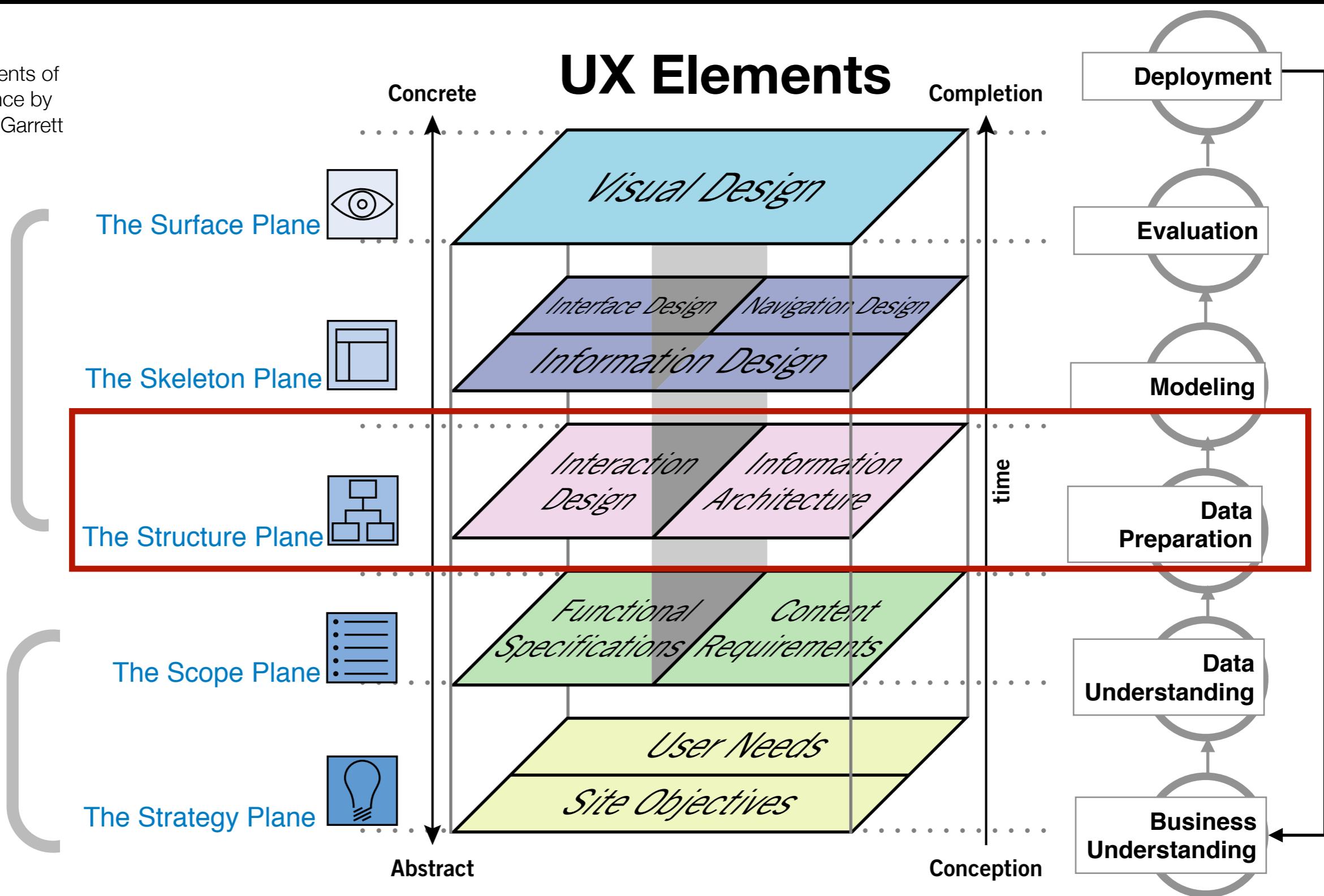
Source: Elements of User Experience by Jesse James Garrett

Solution Space

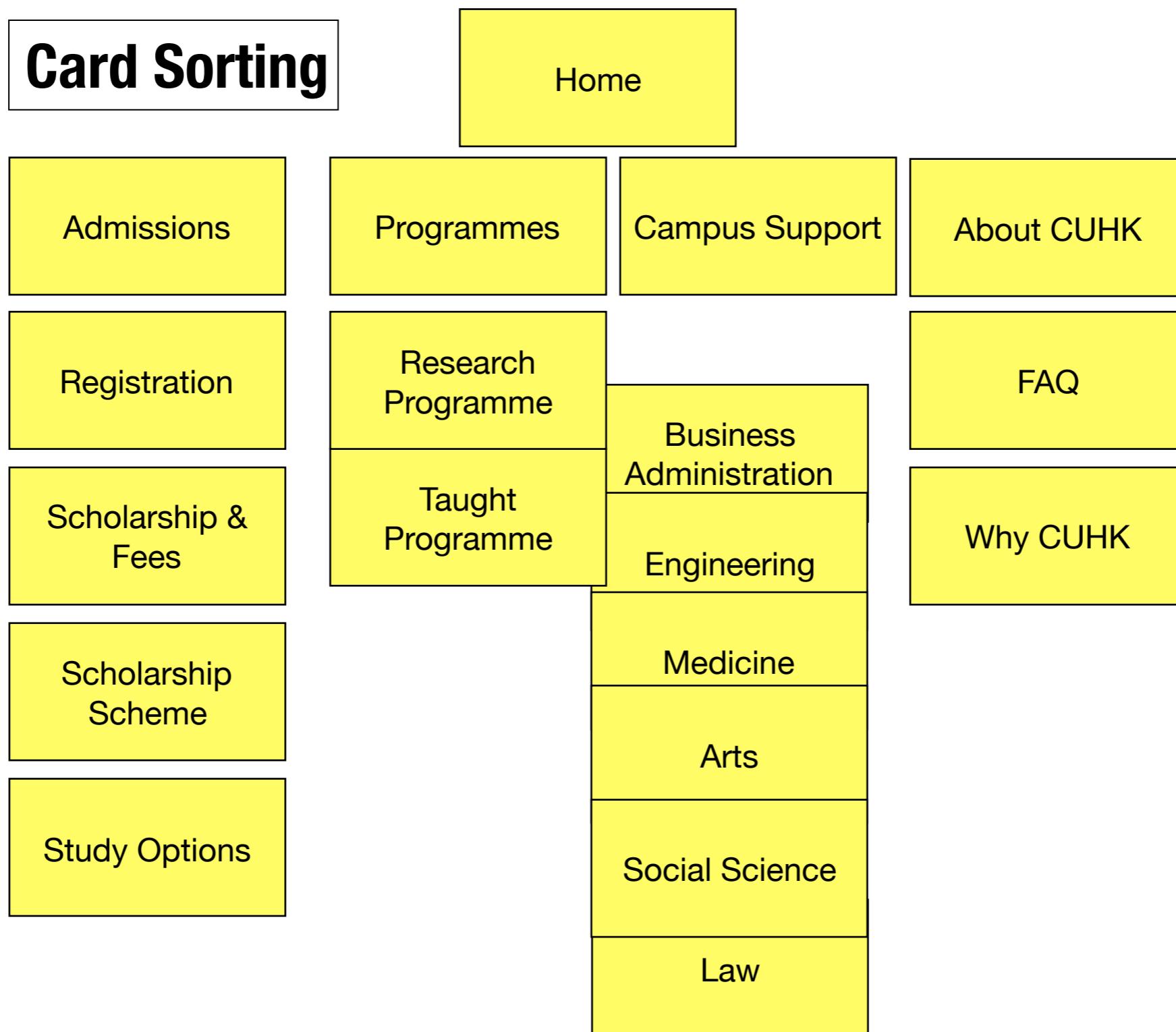
how and
how much

Problem Space

who, what,
and why



Card Sorting



Content Organization Scheme

Logical Grouping

- **Alphabet** (e.g. Contact list)
- **Time** (e.g. Calendar)
- **Place** (e.g. Train route)
- **Hierarchy** (e.g. Organisation chart)
- **Category** (e.g. Product catalog)

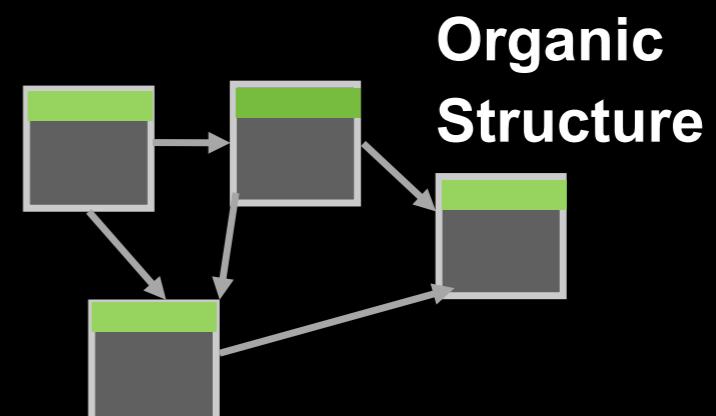
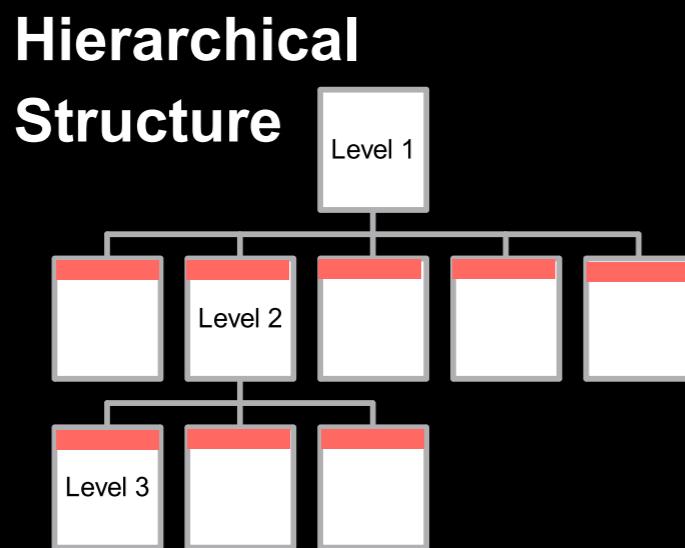
Source: Richard Wurman, “Information Anxiety”

Visual Grouping

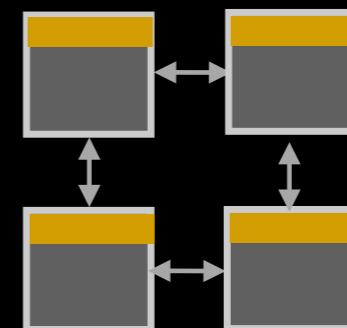
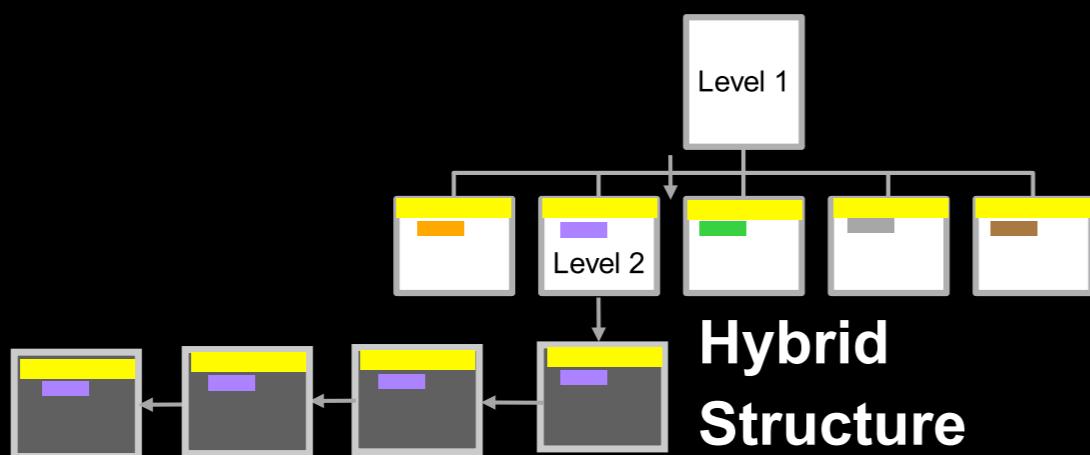
- **Linear** (e.g. Carousel)
- **Parallel** (e.g. Timeline)
- **Web** (e.g. Airline route)
- **Matrix** (e.g. City map)
- **Hierarchical** (e.g. tournament)
- **Spatial Zoom** (e.g. Baidu Map)
- **Overlay** (e.g. Anatomy Overlay)

Source: Clement Mok, “Designing Business”

Information Architecture



Sequential Structure

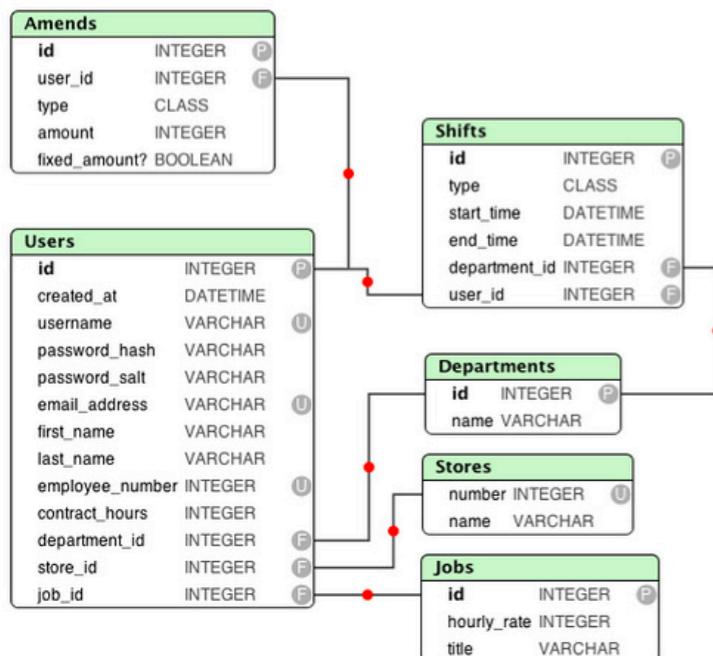


Matrix Structure

Source: commons.wikimedia.org



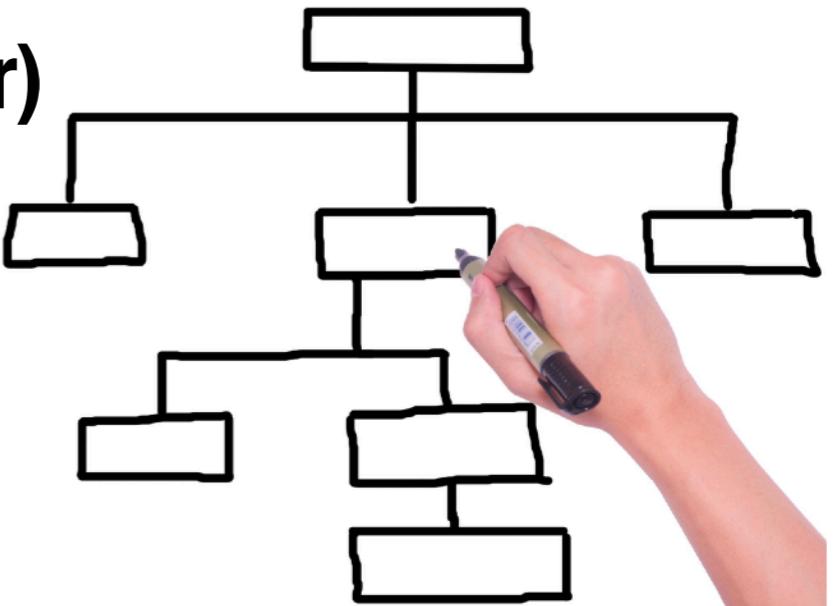
Source: [Caius Durling \(Flickr\)](https://flic.kr)



M(odel)
(e.g. table, relations, and formulas)

V(iew) (e.g. Kanban, Calendar)

Source: pexels.com

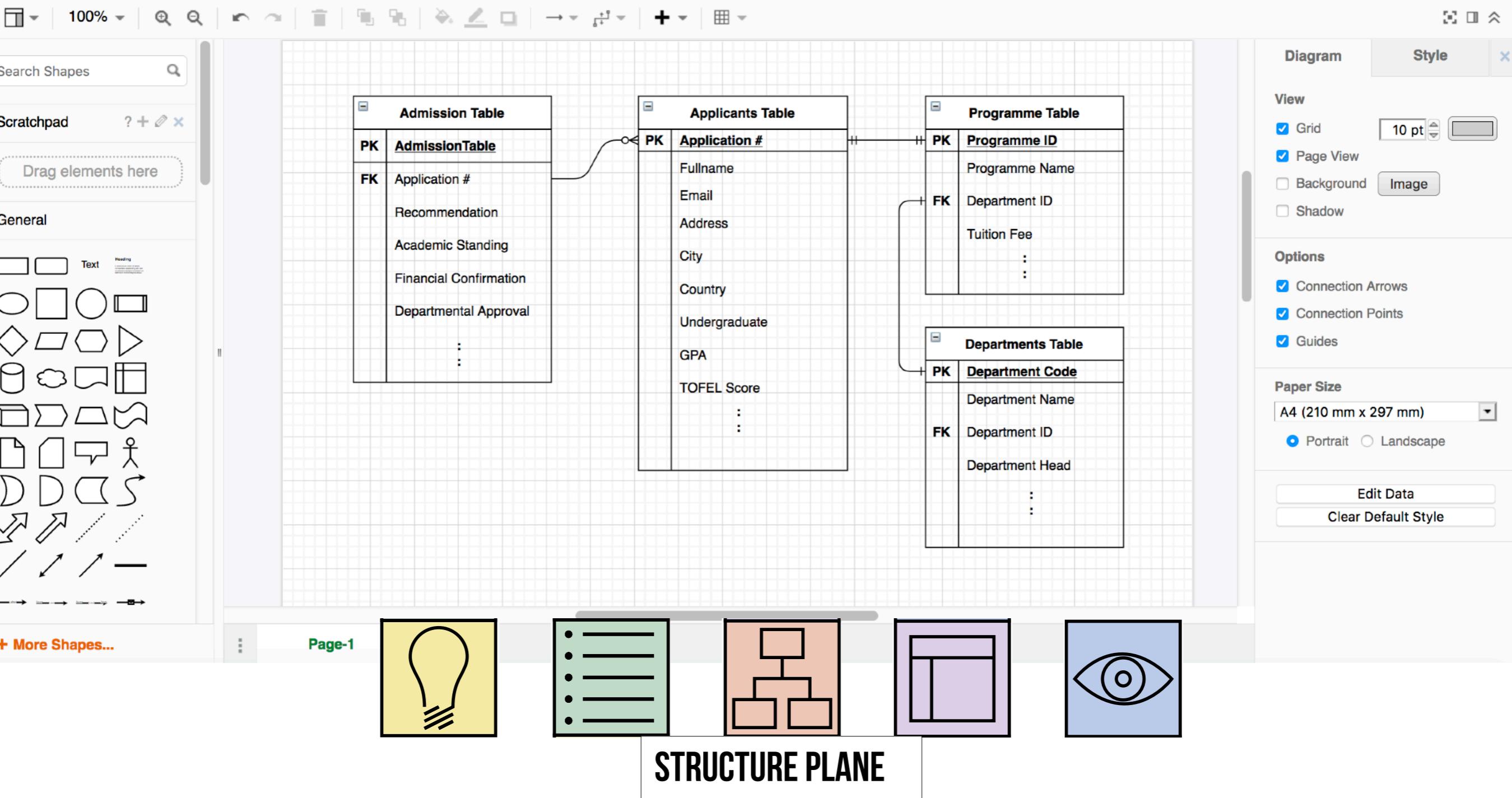


C(ontroller)
(e.g. Sitemap, menu, navbar)

erd02.drawio

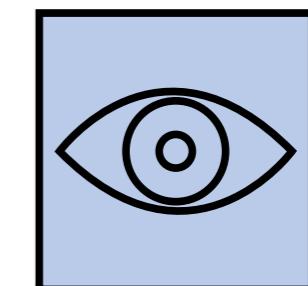
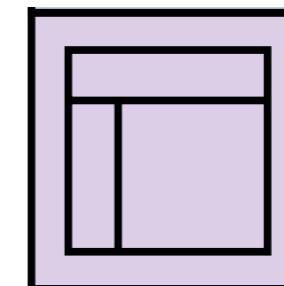
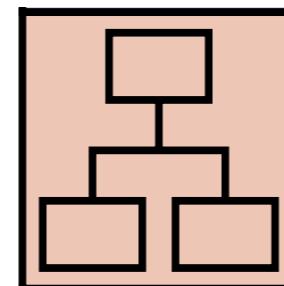
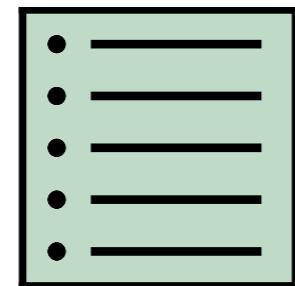
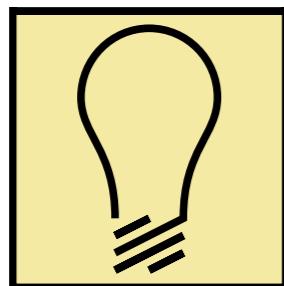
File Edit View Arrange Extras Help Unsaved changes. Click here to save.

Share

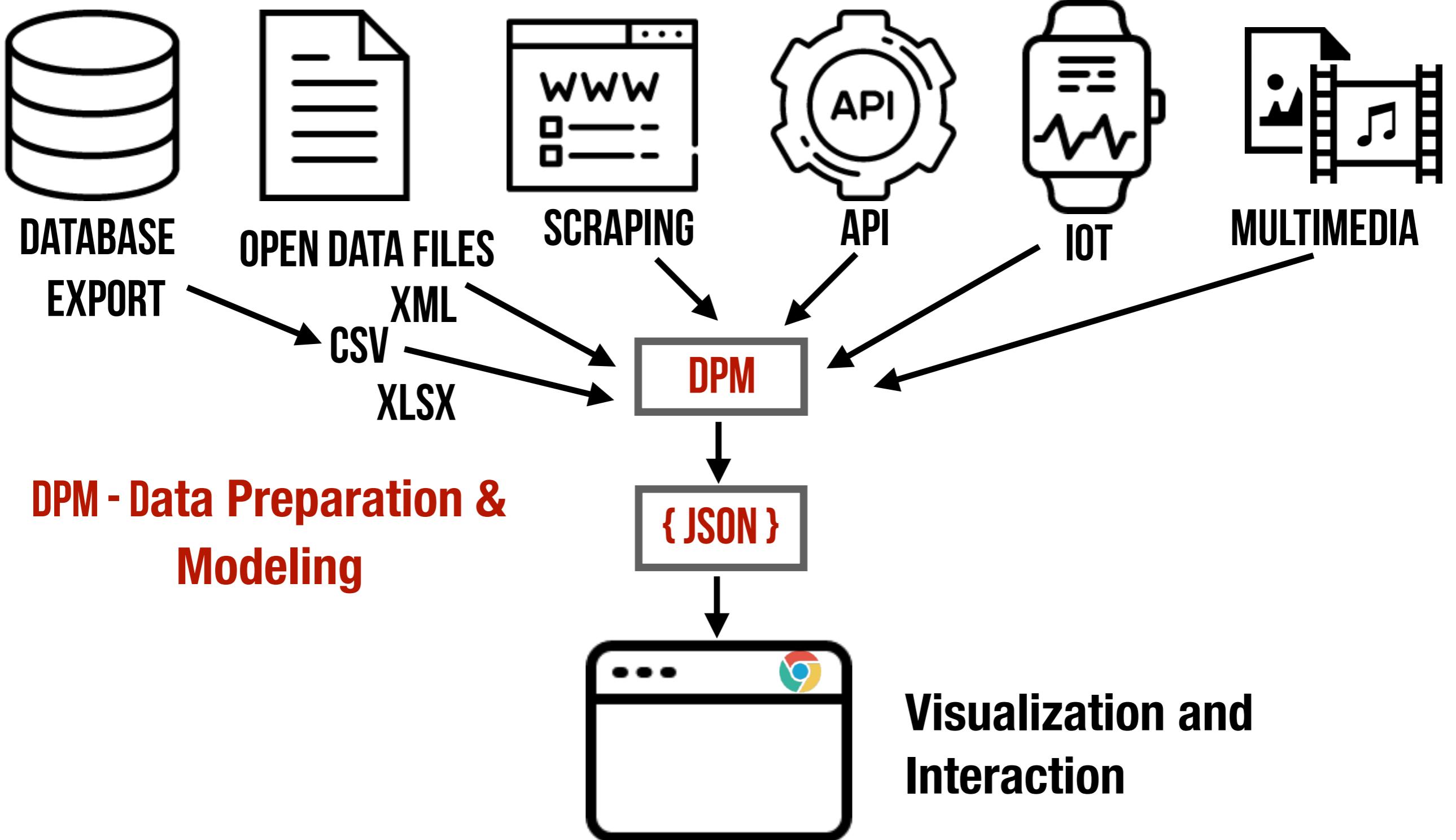


Data Collection & Content Production Plan

Level	Section	Description	Status	Deadline	Assigned
1.0	About CUHK	An overview of the school	Done	NA	John
2.0	Admission & Financial Aid	General Admission and Financial Information	Final Review	1/9/2020	Peter
3.0	Programmes	Programme Description and Admission Req.	Collect Updates	1/9/2020	Mary
4.0	Contact Us	Contact info and location	Done	NA	Paul



STRUCTURE PLANE

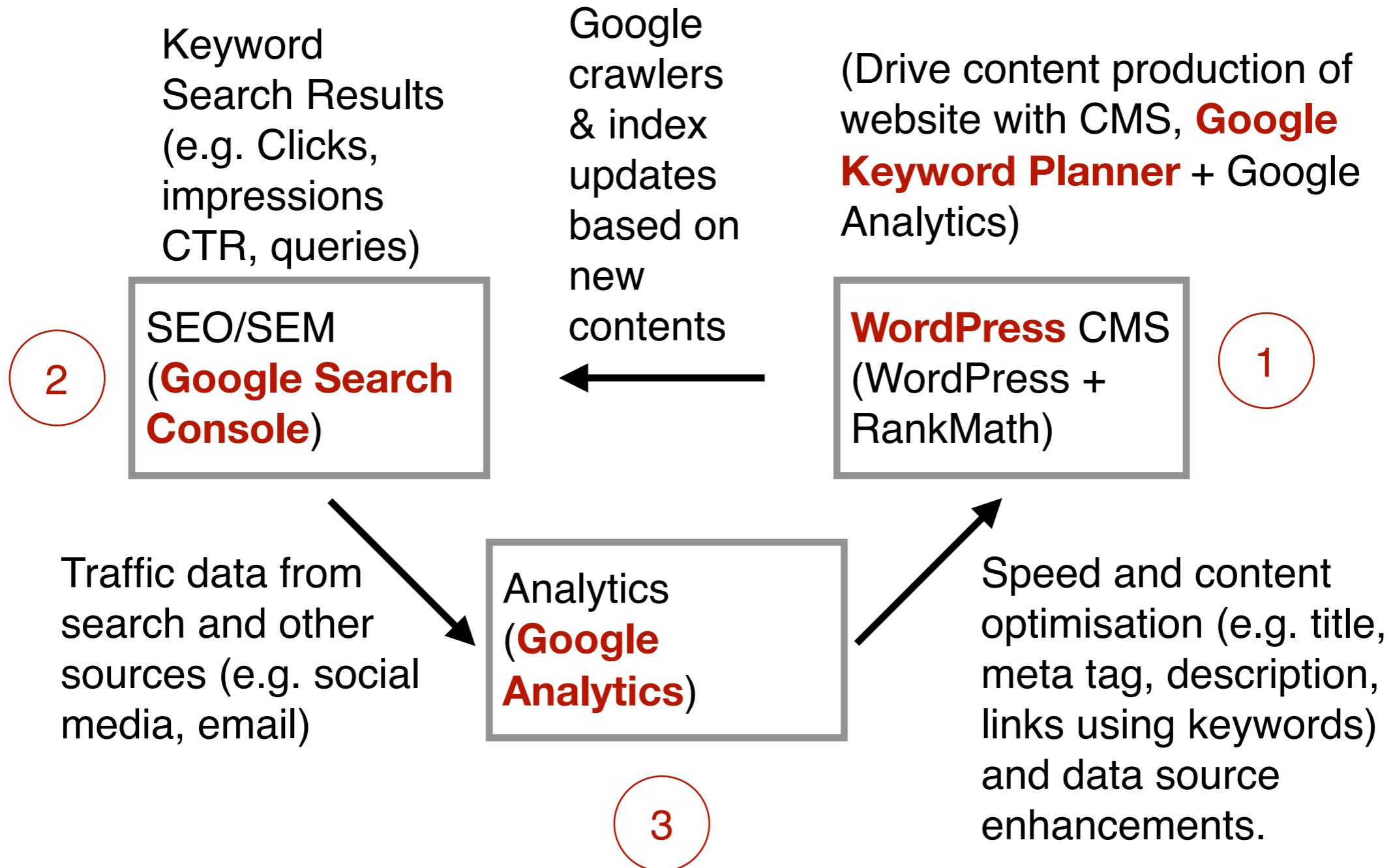


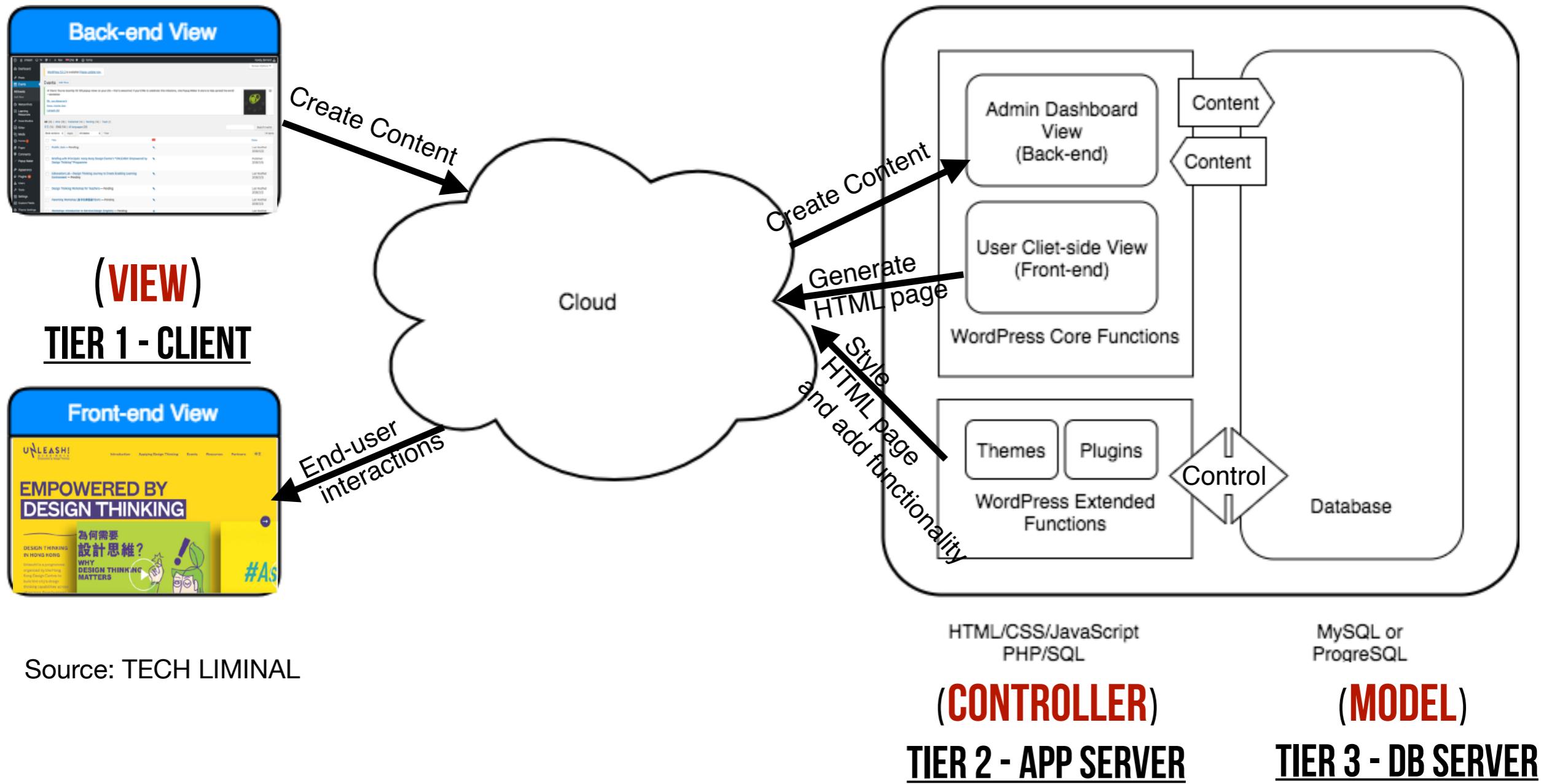
How do we know...

- Are we building a product that the **market wants?**
- Is our **marketing campaigns** (SEO/SEM, social media, email, events, KOL, traditional media, etc.) bringing in the **traffic?**
- Is our product **pretty, useful, and simple to use** and our **content engaging?**
- Are the visitors/customers **returning/repurchasing?**

Data driven product and service design is supposed to address these questions.

Data Driven Web Development





Source: TECH LIMINAL

All accounts > Creativity Lab of WYS C...

All Web Site Data

Try searching “Top countries by users”

2

?

⋮

Analytics

Home

Customization

REPORTS

Realtime

Audience

Acquisition

Overview

- All Traffic
- Google Ads
- Search Console
- Social
- Campaigns

Behavior

Conversions

Attribution BETA

Discover

Admin

Users

Channel	Users	New Users	Sessions	Bounce Rate	Pages / Session	Avg. Session Duration	Goal 1 Conversion Rate	Goal 1 Completion	Goal 1 Value
1 Direct	30	26	36	41.67%	6.78	00:02:24	38.89%	14	\$0.00
2 Organic Search	12	12	12	28.57%	6.78	00:02:24	50.00%	6	\$0.00
3 Social	6	6	6	0.00%	6.78	00:02:24	71.43%	3	\$0.00

To see all 3 Channels click [here](#).

This report was generated on 9/28/20 at 1:50:59 AM - [Refresh Report](#)

<https://clab.wys.cuhk.edu.hk/>

Performance

[EXPORT](#)

Overview

Performance

URL inspection

Index

Coverage

Sitemaps

Removals

Enhancements

Core Web Vitals

Mobile Usability

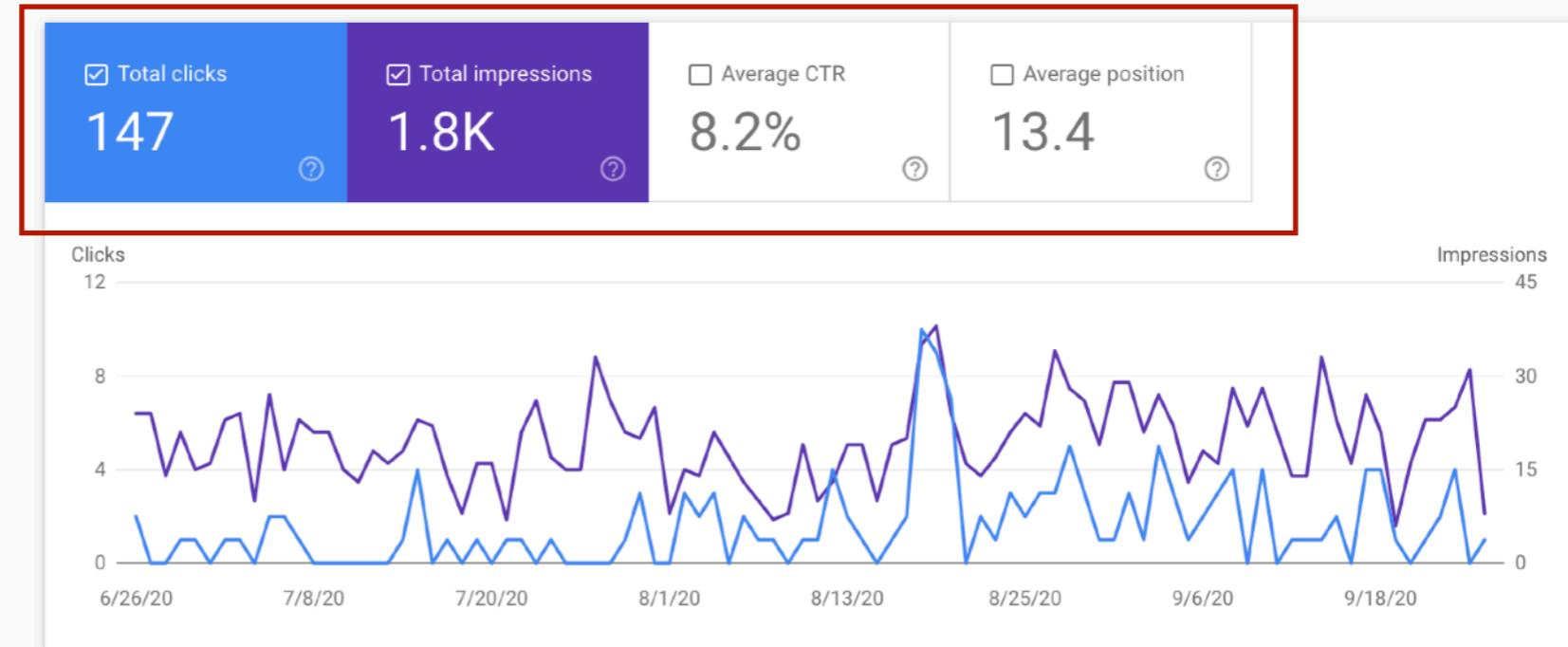
Security & Manual Actions

Legacy tools and reports

Links

Settings

Submit feedback

Search type: Web [edit](#)Date: Last 3 months [edit](#)[+ NEW](#)Last updated: 10 hours ago [?](#)

QUERIES	PAGES	COUNTRIES	DEVICES	SEARCH APPEARANCE	DATES
Query 喵key				↓ Clicks 4	Impressions 75

Discover new keywords

Get keyword ideas that can help you reach people interested in your product or service



Get search volume and forecasts

Let's go

Click the **Discover new keywords** card to begin.

1/5 ▾

s for
ey



PLANS CREATED BY YOU

PLANS SHARED WITH YOU

ADD FILTER

COLUMNS

 Plan

Status

Last modified ↓

Forecast period

Find new keyword ideas, get search volumes and create a plan



Keyword plan

[SEARCH](#)[REPORTS](#)[TOOLS](#)[SETTINGS & BILLING](#)580-518-4933
support@intchnigence.com

1 / 2



None of your ads are running - Your campaigns and ad groups are paused or removed. Enable them to begin showing your ads.

[LEARN MORE](#)

Keyword ideas

Grouped ideas

Plan overview

Ad Groups

Keywords

Locations

[Plan settings](#)

Plan name: Plan from Sep 28, 2...

Locations: Hong Kong

Language: All languages

Search networks: Google

Next month 1 - 31 Oct 2020

[FORECASTS](#)[NEGATIVE KEYWORDS](#)[HISTORICAL METRICS](#)

Saved 1 minute ago

[CREATE CAMPAIGN](#)

Clicks

Impressions

Cost

CTR

Avg. CPC

Avg. Position

45**2.8K****HK\$680****1.6%****HK\$15****0.99**[Add conversion metrics](#)

Daily Budget: HK\$37



COLUMNS

<input type="checkbox"/> Keyword ↑	Ad group	Max. CPC	Clicks	Impressions	Cost	CTR	Avg. CPC
<input type="checkbox"/> [code]	Ad group 1	HK\$79.50	1.61	29.00	HK\$13.26	5.6%	HK\$8.24
<input type="checkbox"/> [design]	Ad group 1	HK\$79.50	43.72	2,791.95	HK\$669.48	1.6%	HK\$15.31
<input type="checkbox"/> [design and code]	Ad group 1	HK\$79.50	0.00	0.00	HK\$0.00	-	-

1 - 3 of 3

Data Preparation: Sourcing Data through API and Developing Content in WordPress

- Dashboard
- Posts
- Media
- Pages
- Comments
- Appearance
- Plugins 2
- Installed Plugins
- Add New
- Plugin Editor
- Users
- Tools
- Settings
- Collapse menu

Add Plugins [Upload Plugin](#)

Search Results [Featured](#) [Popular](#) [Recommended](#) [Favorites](#)

Keyword [X](#)

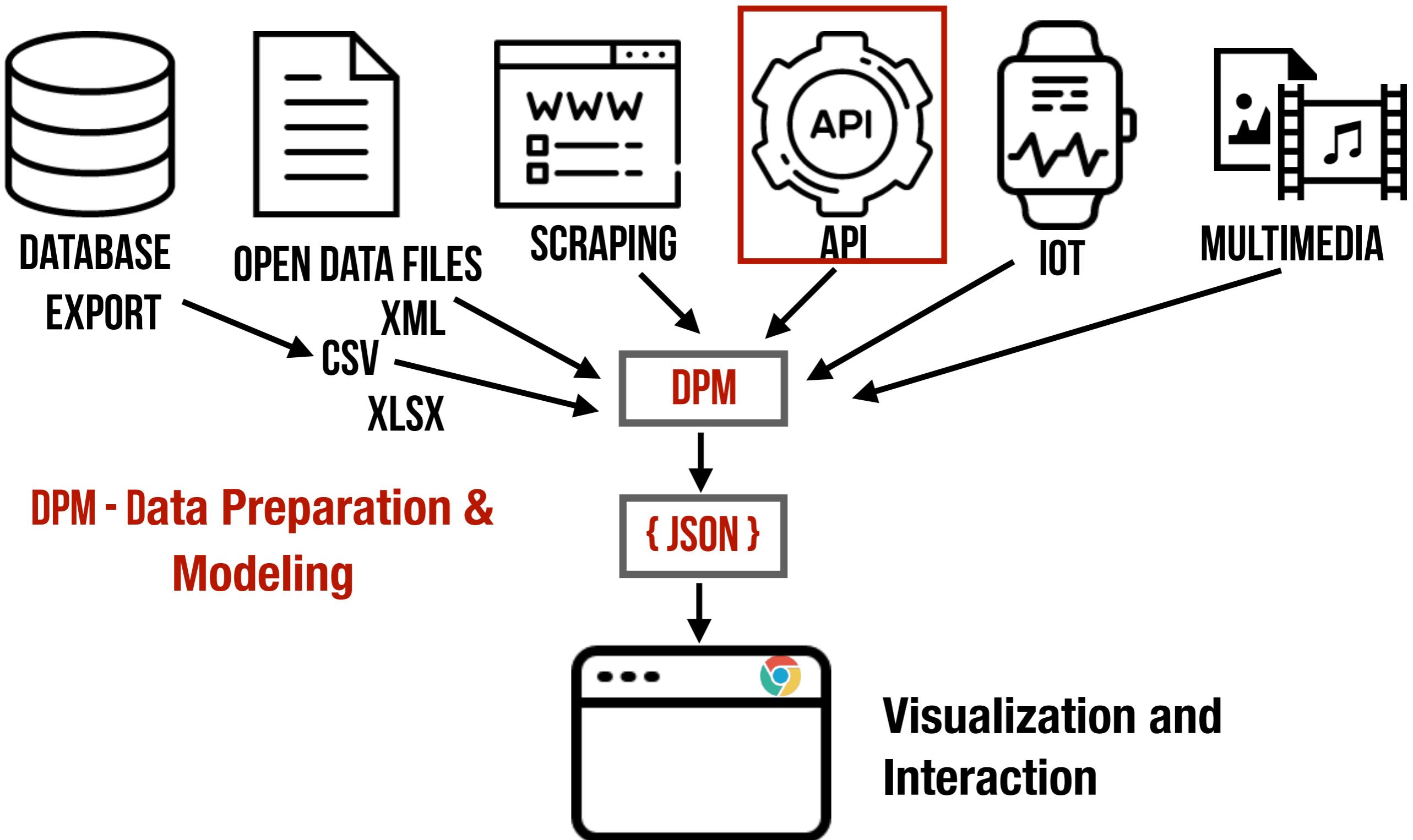
 **Airpress** [Install Now](#) [More Details](#)

Airpress allows you to use your Airtable data inside Wordpress as custom fields, virtual posts,...

By [Chester McLaughlin](#)

★★★★★ (12) **Last Updated:** 6 months ago

1,000+ Active Installations **Untested with your version of WordPress**



[INTRODUCTION](#)[RATE LIMITS](#)[AUTHENTICATION](#)[ARTICLES TABLE](#)[AUTHORS TABLE](#)[ERRORS](#)

AUTHENTICATION

Airtable uses simple token-based authentication. To generate or manage your API key, visit your [account](#) page. **Your API key carries the same privileges as your user account, so be sure to keep it secret!**

You can authenticate to the API by providing your API key in the HTTP authorization bearer token header. Alternatively, a slightly lower-security approach is to provide your API key with the `api_key` query parameter.

All API requests must be authenticated and made over **https://**

123chu5586

ARTICLES TABLE

Fields

Each record in the [Articles](#) table contains the following fields:

FIELD NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
------------	------	-------------

[curl](#)[JavaScript](#) show API key

EXAMPLE USING BEARER TOKEN (RECOMMENDED)

```
$ curl https://api.airtable.com/v0/app/[REDACTED]/Articles \
-H "Authorization: Bearer keyc[REDACTED]"
```

EXAMPLE USING QUERY PARAMETER

```
$ curl https://api.airtable.com/v0/app/[REDACTED] \
/Articles?api_key=keyc[REDACTED]
```

demo5961 7 0 + New Toggle Airpress Debugger Howdy, bsuen

Dashboard Posts Media Pages Comments Appearance Plugins Users Tools Settings Shortcodes Airpress

Airtable Connections Debug Info Virtual Posts

Contact Us Support Forum Collapse menu

Airpress Virtual Fields

Managing custom fields for hundreds or thousands of posts can be tedious and daunting! Airpress Virtual Fields allow you to automatically retrieve Airtable records for each post/page/etc by specifying a Wordpress field (such as ID or post_name) and an Airtable table and field.

default +

Configuration Name default

Select Connection Amazines

Select Post Type post

Airtable Table Name Articles

Airtable Column title

Wordpress Field (ID or post_name) post_title

Enable only for single posts (not archive, search, etc) single

Delete Configuration? [Yes, delete this configuration](#)

Save Changes

All changes saved

Amazines ▾

Articles ▾ Authors +

VIEWS grid ... 🔍 4 hidden fields Filter Group Sort Color Share view AUTOMATIONS APPS

Find a view

grid

Create a view

- Grid
- Form
- Calendar
- Gallery
- Kanban

Amazines

	A title	date	A article_aut...	A body	Author
1	The Universe in a Grain of Sand	2020	Adrian Joele	People all over the world ...	Adrian Joele
2	Nepal The Ultimate Destinations For ...	2020	Anish Sah	2. Nepal The Ultimate D...	Anish Sah
3	Complete Guide For Students To Stud...	25, 2020	Anish Sah	3. Complete Guide For St...	Anish Sah
4	How to Get Your Wife Back After an A...	Mar 19, 2019	maxwell jiang	4. How to Get Your Wife ...	maxwell jiang
5	Thinking About How to Get Your Girlfr...	Mar 19, 2019	maxwell jiang	5. Thinking About How to...	maxwell jiang
6	How to Get Your Husband Back - Mak...	Mar 19, 2019	maxwell jiang	6. How to Get Your Husb...	maxwell jiang
7	How to Get Your Girlfriend Back Even ...	Mar 19, 2019	maxwell jiang	7. How to Get Your Girlfri...	maxwell jiang
8	How to Get Your Ex Back - The Good ...	Mar 19, 2019	maxwell jiang	8. How to Get Your Ex Ba...	maxwell jiang
9	How to Get Your Man Back From Anot...	Mar 19, 2019	maxwell jiang	9. How to Get Your Man B...	maxwell jiang
10	How to Get Your Ex Back Before You ...	Mar 18, 2019	maxwell jiang	10. How to Get Your Ex B...	maxwell jiang
11	How to Get Your Ex Back From Anoth...	Mar 18, 2019	maxwell jiang	11. How to Get Your Ex Ba...	maxwell jiang
12	How to Get Your Ex Back in Seven Da...	Mar 18, 2019	maxwell jiang	12. How to Get Your Ex B...	maxwell jiang
13	Fastest Way on How to Get Your Girl ...	Mar 18, 2019	maxwell jiang	13. Fastest Way on How t...	maxwell jiang

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[apr field="body"]

Word count: 0 Last edited by bsuen on September 24, 2020 at 10:27 am

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The Universe in a Grain of Sand

⌚ September 23, 2020 | 🚩 bsuen

People all over the world are advised to stay at home to stop the spread of the Corona virus. Most people will pass the time by watching TV, listening to music or playing a game. They can also keep them busy by browsing the internet on their laptop or smart phone, keeping in contact with family and friends on social media like Facebook and Twitter. Others spend their time well by studying or doing indoor exercises to keep them fit. Another way to keep your mind occupied and keep informed is to read an eBook online, as most libraries are closed during this time of quarantine.

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Our Agenda Today

1. Understand the **5 Elements of Computational Thinking**.
2. Perform interface, navigation and information design with **wireframes**.
3. Use **JavaScript** and **JQuery** as means to apply computational thinking to solve problems.

VERB

JS

JavaScript acts on a HTML tag (CSS selector), CSS property or responds to an event triggered by user action.

What is JavaScript? How does it fit into computational thinking?



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5dFxQRcsKpw>

Computational thinking is about system and how it transforms data into information and knowledge. All computational systems have the following **5 elements.**

The 5 Elements of Computational Thinking

Bitesize

Home > KS3 > Computer Science > Computational thinking

Introduction to computational thinking

Before computers can be used to solve a problem, the problem itself and the ways in which it could be resolved must be understood. Computational thinking techniques help with these tasks.

Revise
Test

< 1 2 >

What is computational thinking?

Computers can be used to help us solve problems. However, before a problem can be tackled, the problem itself and the ways in which it could be solved need to be understood.

Computational thinking allows us to do this.

More Guides

Introduction to computational thinking

Decomposition >

Pattern recognition >

Abstraction >

Algorithms >

Evaluating solutions >

Decomposition

Pattern

Abstraction

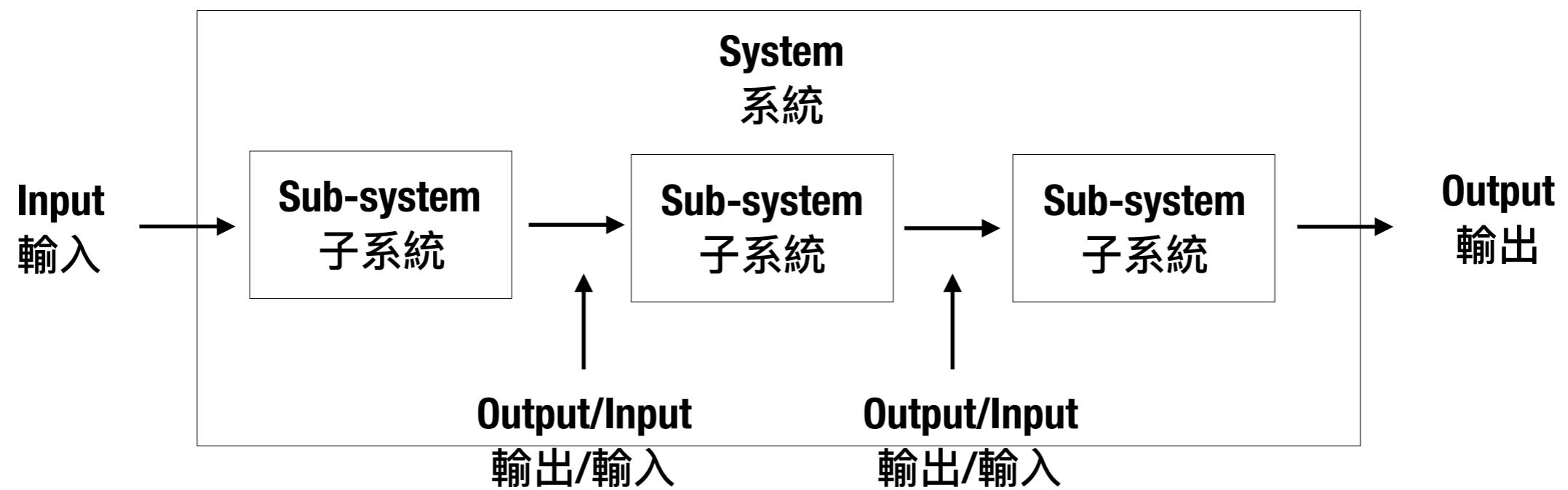
Algorithm

**Automation &
Testing
(Evaluation)**

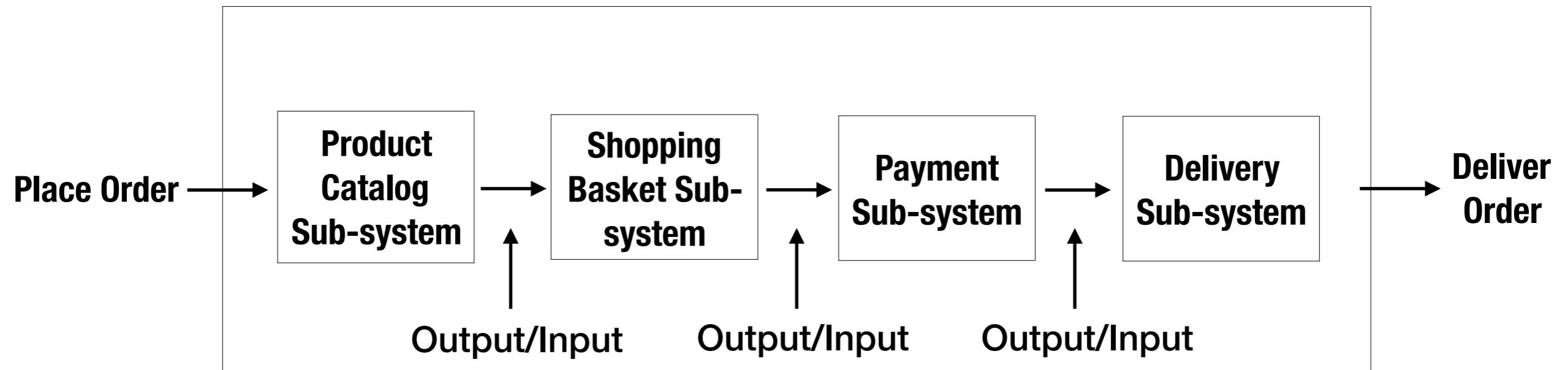
Decomposition

Break a problem down into smaller parts.





E-Commerce System



**Decomposition is essentially
“system analysis” (系統分析)**

Examples



dfd04.drawio

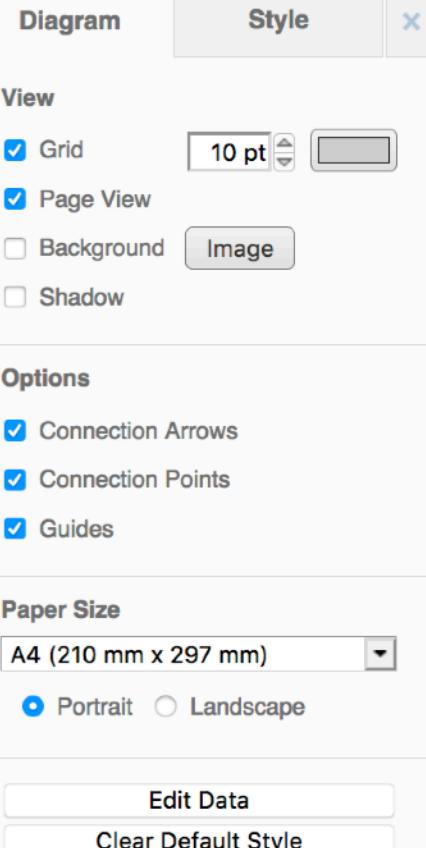
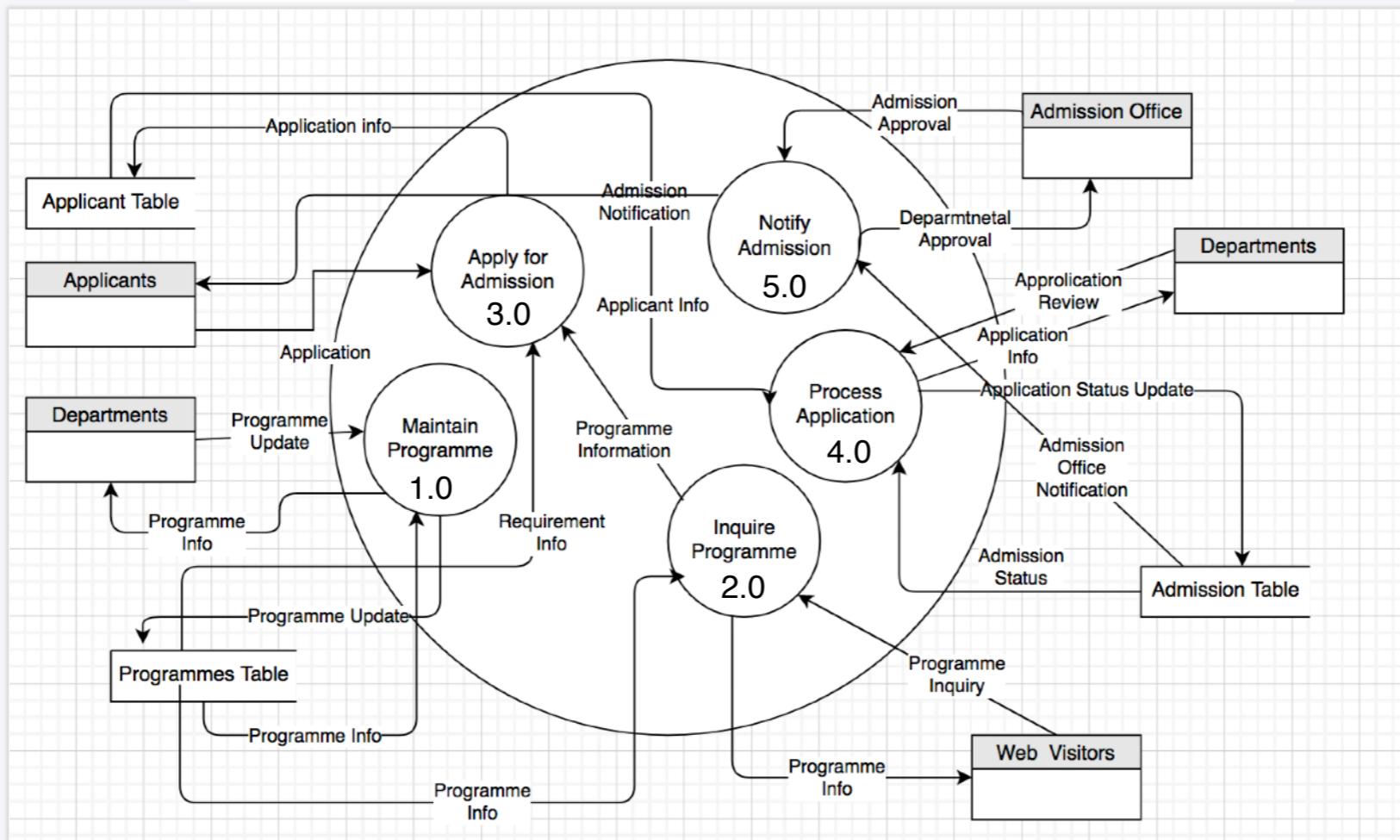
File Edit View Arrange Extras Help All

Share

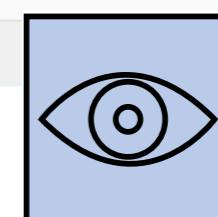
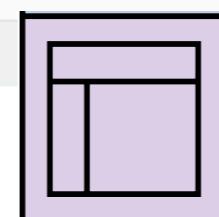
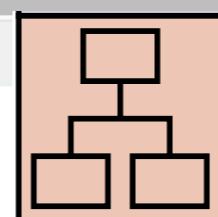
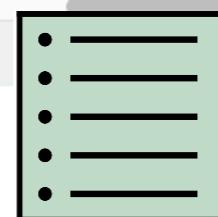
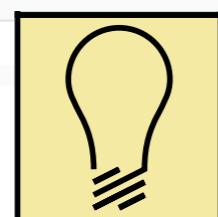
100% |

Dataflow Diagram (Level 1)

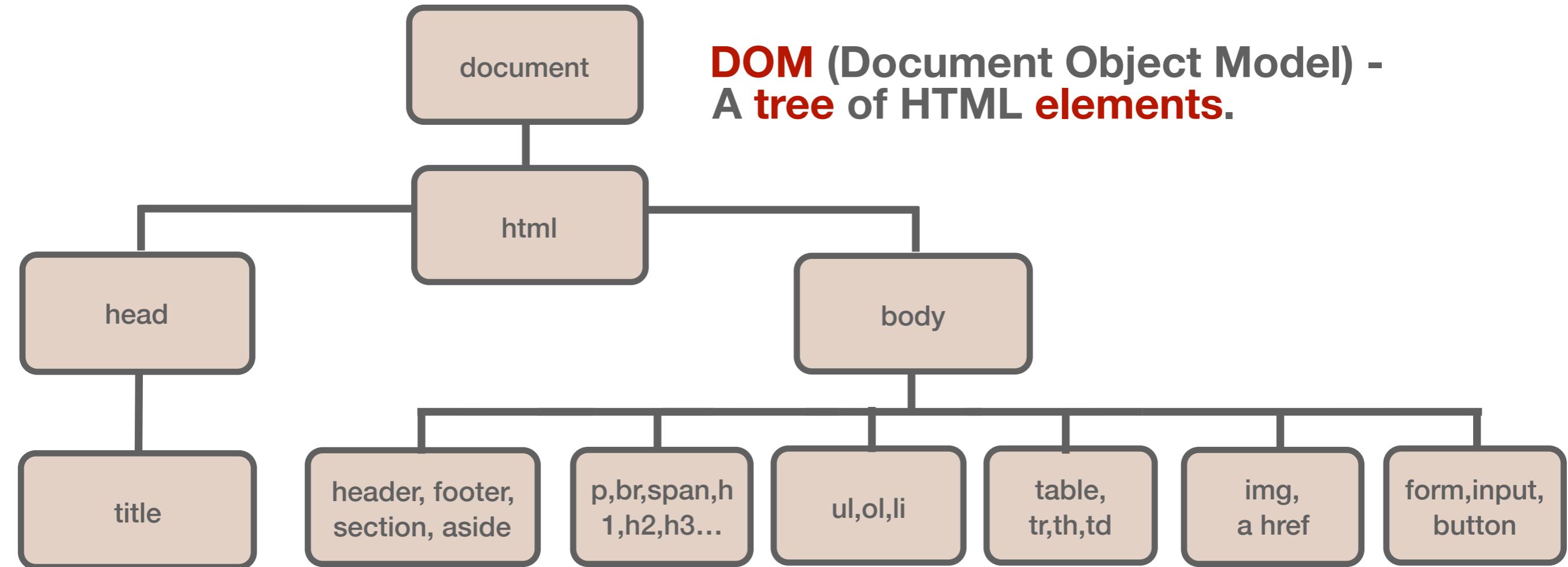
- ▶ Flowchart
- ▶ Android
- ▶ Bootstrap
- ▶ Data Flow Diagram
 - □ ◇ ○
 - ▷ □ ▷
 - ▽ △ □ ▷ ○
 - ○ ○ =
 - □ —
 - — □ —
- ▶ Entity Relation
- ▶ iOS Icons
- ▶ iOS UI
- ▶ iOS6



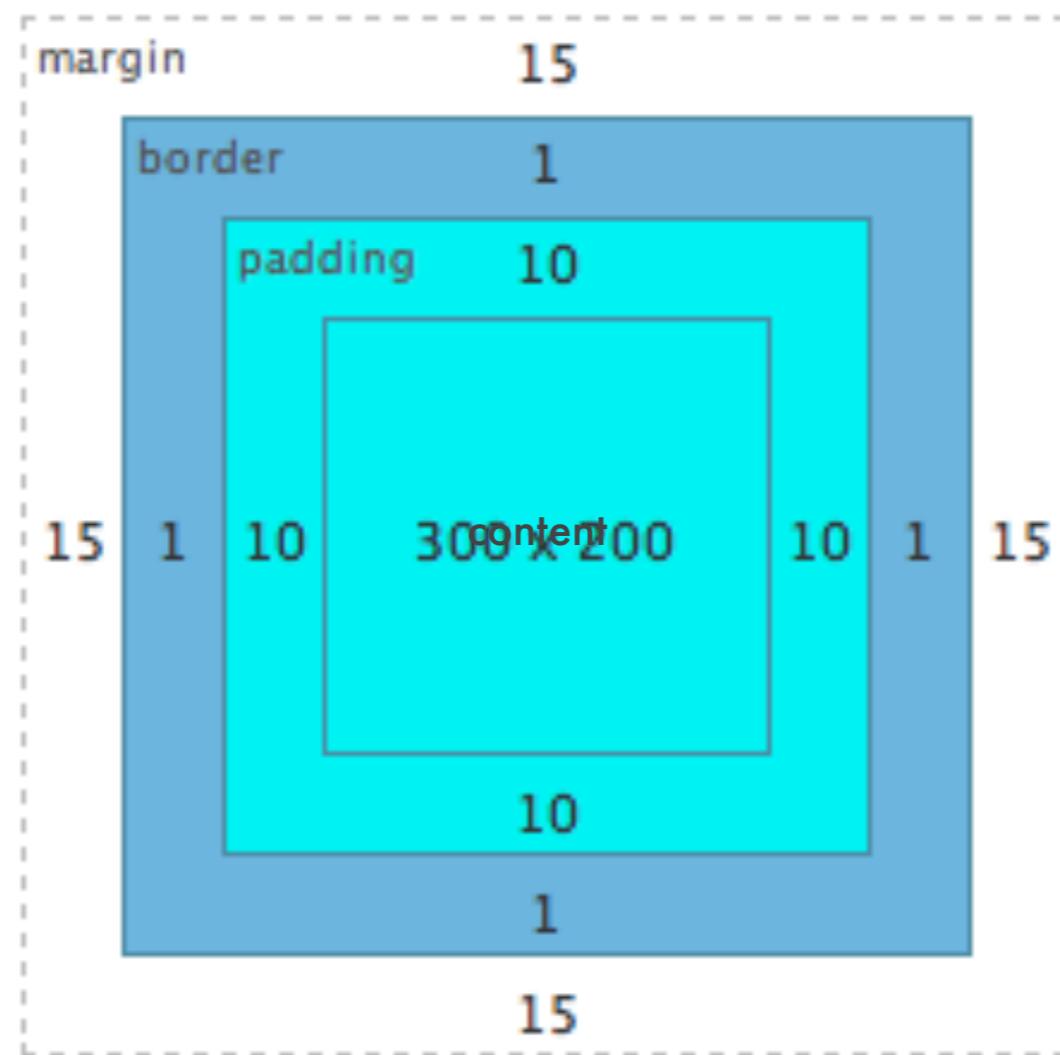
Page-1



DOM (Document Object Model) - A tree of HTML elements.



The Box Model



HTML Elements

<html>, <head>, <title>, <meta>, <style>, <script>, <body>, **<header>, <footer>, <nav>, <main>, <section>, <aside>**, <p>,
, <a>, , , , <table>, <div>, <form>

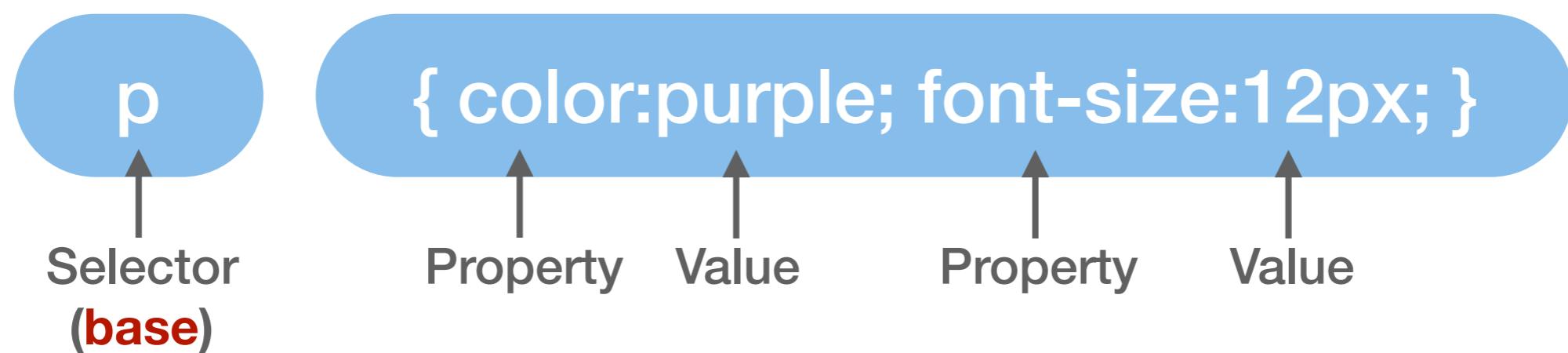
Elements has
attributes

(Also called properties which
can be styled by CSS)

(e.g. color, background-color, position, font-family, font-size, font-style, display, width, margin, border, padding)

***HTML5 semantic tags

CSS



In CSS, the HTML tags are called **selectors**.



**A Quick Demo of HTML/CSS as
System Components Using
Visual Studio Live Server and Chrome Inspector**

Source: Elements of User Experience by Jesse James Garrett

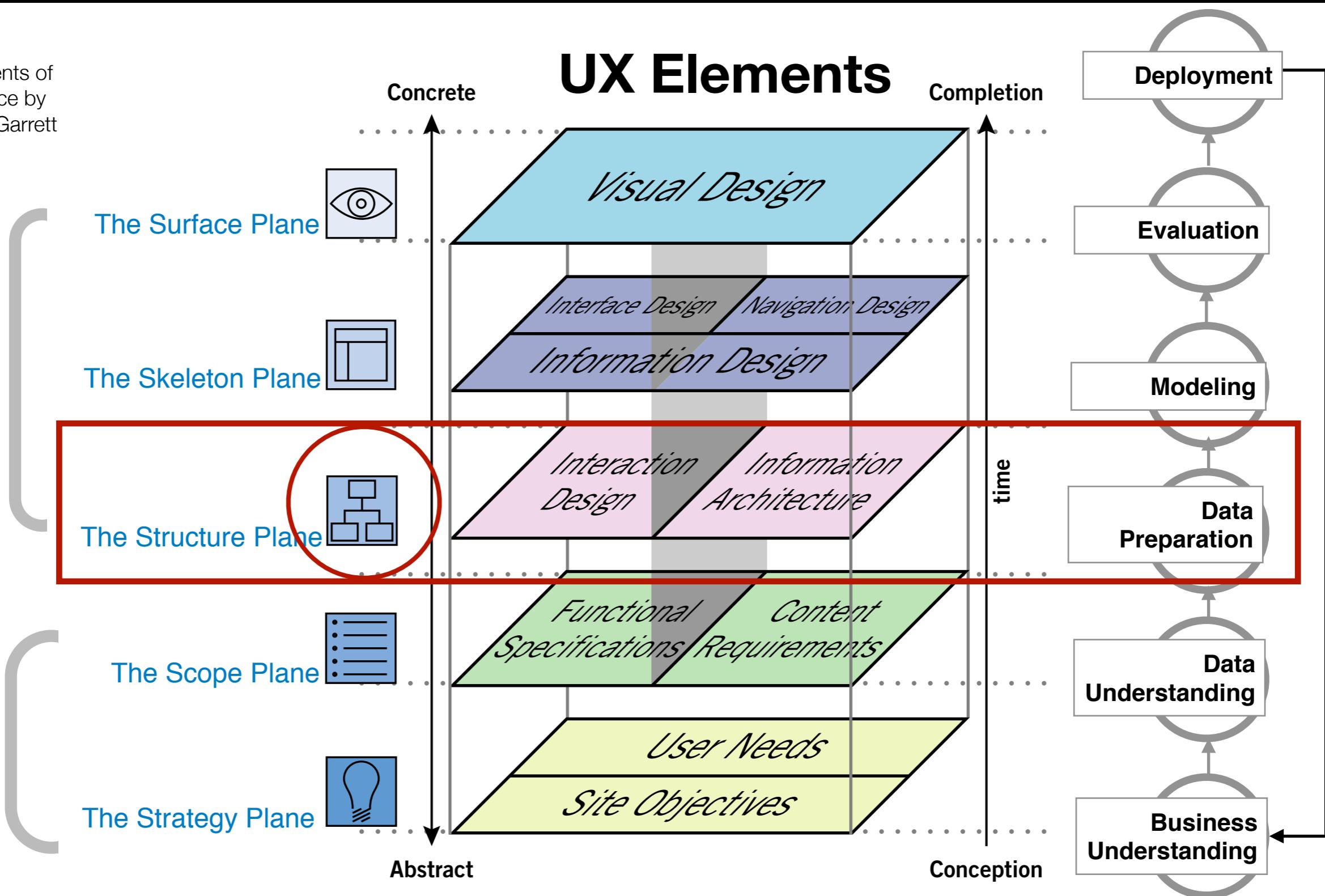
UX Elements

Solution Space

how and
how much

Problem Space

who, what,
and why



Source: Elements of User Experience by Jesse James Garrett

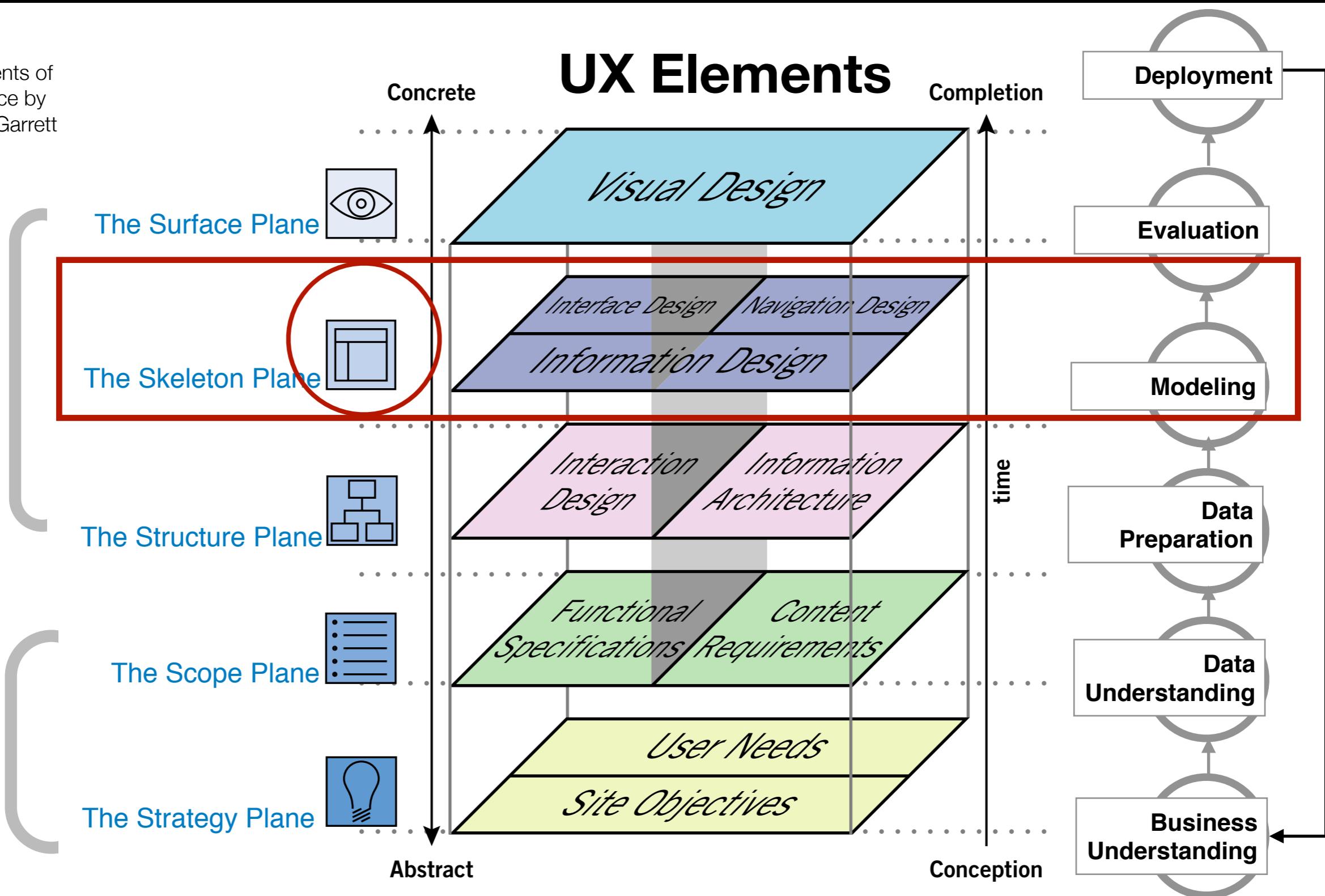
UX Elements

Solution Space

how and
how much

Problem Space

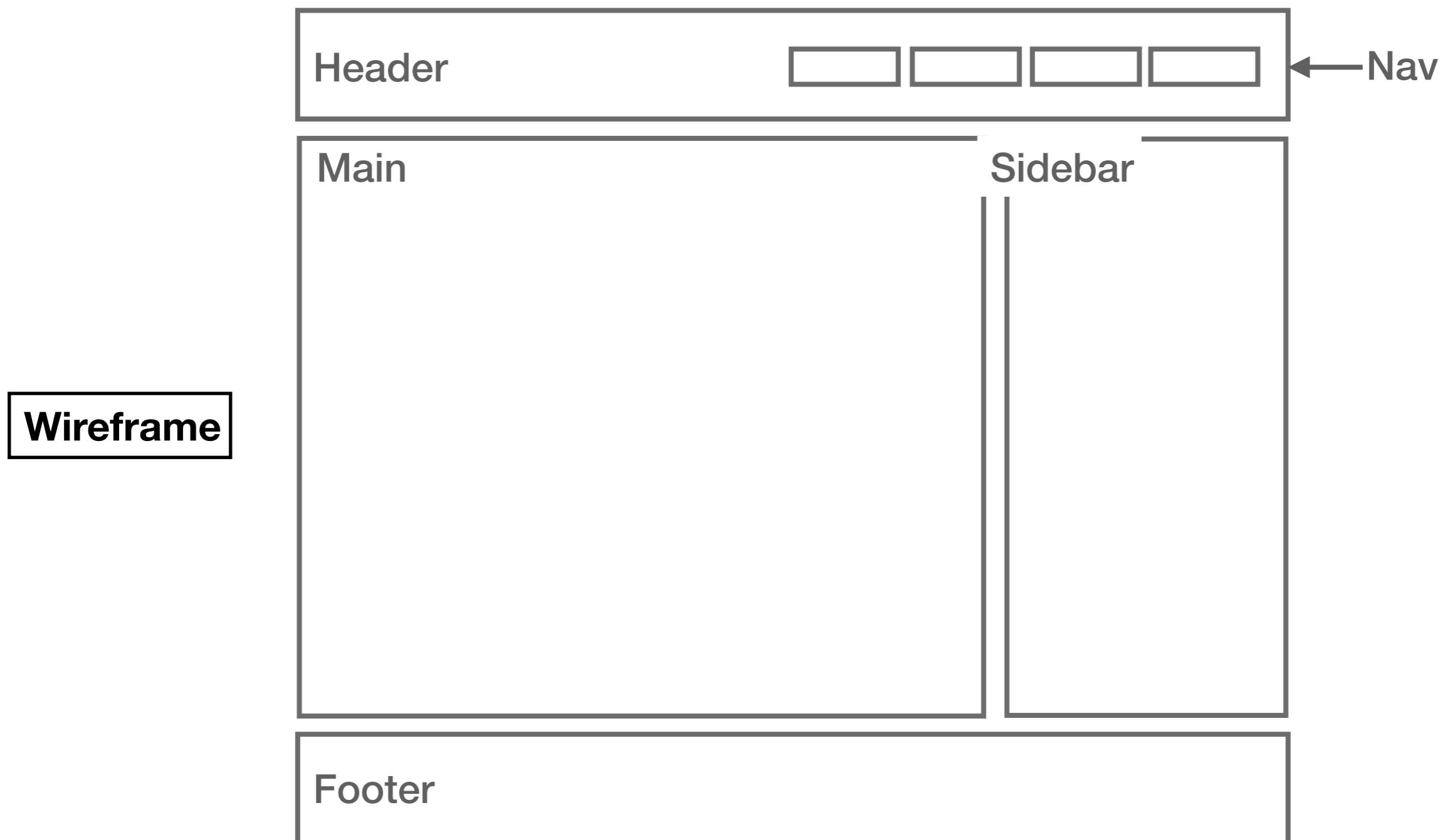
who, what,
and why



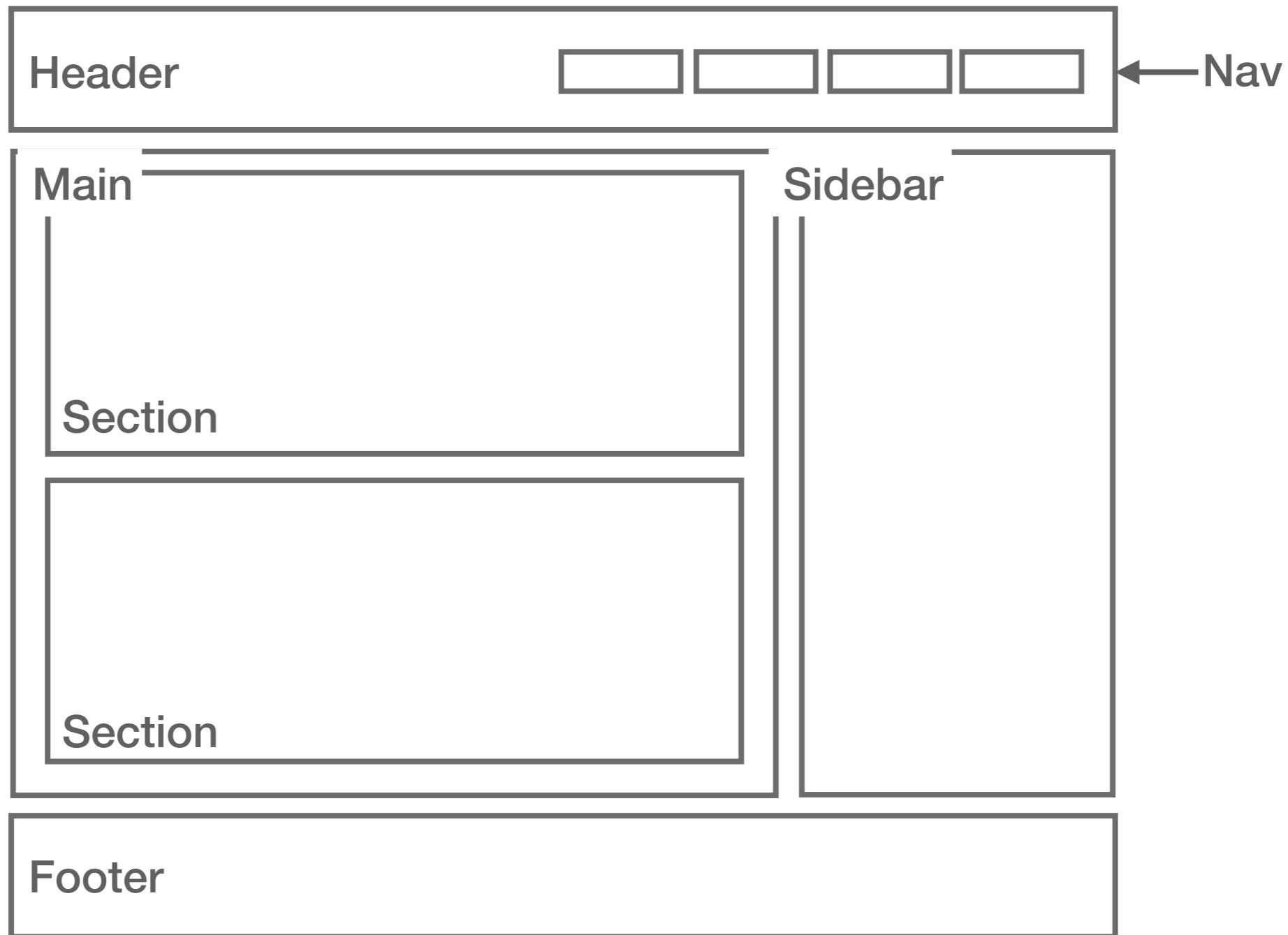
Wireframe

Wireframe

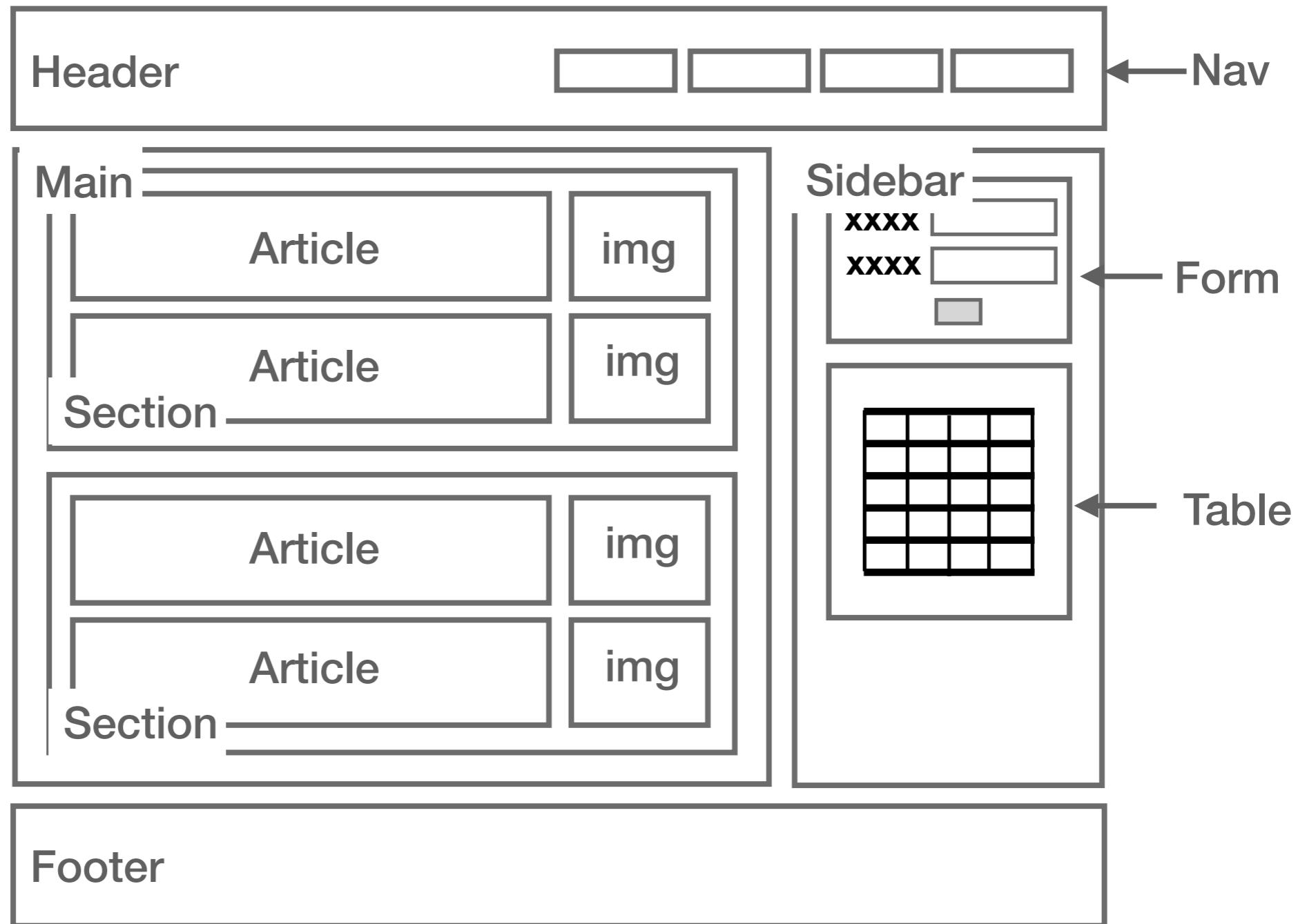




Wireframe



Wireframe



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- [Courses](#)
- [Meetings](#)
- [Blogs](#)

Section 1

Section 2

- [About com5961](#)
- [Courses](#)
- [Meetings](#)
- [Blogs](#)

About Courses Meetings Blogs

Section 1

Section 2

[Blogs](#) [Meetings](#) [Courses](#) [About com5961](#)

Section 1

Article 1

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Phasellus eu ligula consequat nisl tempor ultricies. Suspendisse porta tempus eleifend. Suspendisse potenti. Nam ultrices, dolor ac faucibus ornare, nulla enim feugiat ante, a bibendum velit felis in libero. Nullam feugiat metus lacinia urna mollis venenatis. Mauris mollis erat molestie, pharetra massa eget, placerat lectus. Aenean pharetra dolor sed odio vehicula, ut commodo lacus fringilla. Duis et diam placerat, eleifend orci eget, egestas erat.



Article 2

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User Name:

Password:

Submit

Event	Month	Day	Venue
Lesson 5	Oct	5th	Online
Lesson 6	Oct	12th	Online
Lesson 7	Oct	19th	Online
Lesson 8	Oct	26th	Online

Section 1

Article 1

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User Name:

Password:

Send

Event	Month	Day	Venue
Lesson 5	Oct	5th	Online
Lesson 6	Oct	12th	Online
Lesson 7	Oct	19th	Online
Lesson 8	Oct	26th	Online

Article 2

Vestibulum ullamcorper nisl elit non semper nunc viverra eu

Decomposition enables us to breakdown complex problem into smaller parts for making it easier to discover and combine repeatable patterns with proven outcome into the final solution.

Pattern

Discover similarities between things.

Like other programming languages, JavaScript provides us with the capabilities to build system and transform data.

**All programming languages rely on similar
data and operation patterns to function.**

Blocks [JavaScript](#) [Python](#) [PHP](#) [Lua](#) [Dart](#) [XML](#)

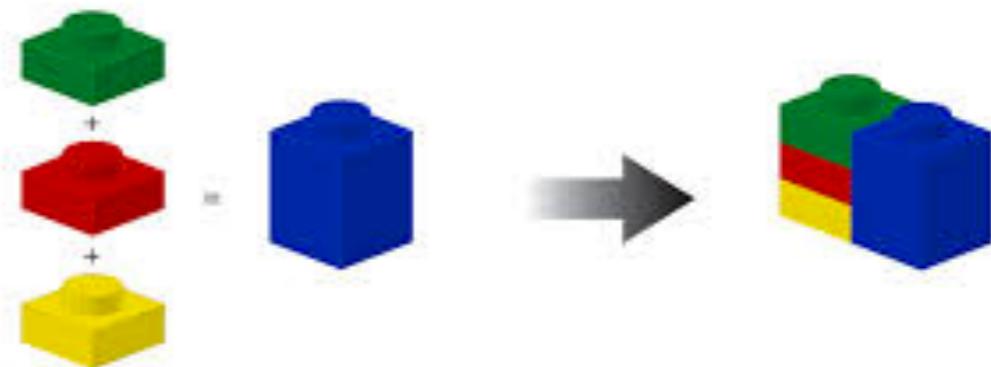
Logic
Loops
Math
Text
Lists
Colour
Variables
Functions

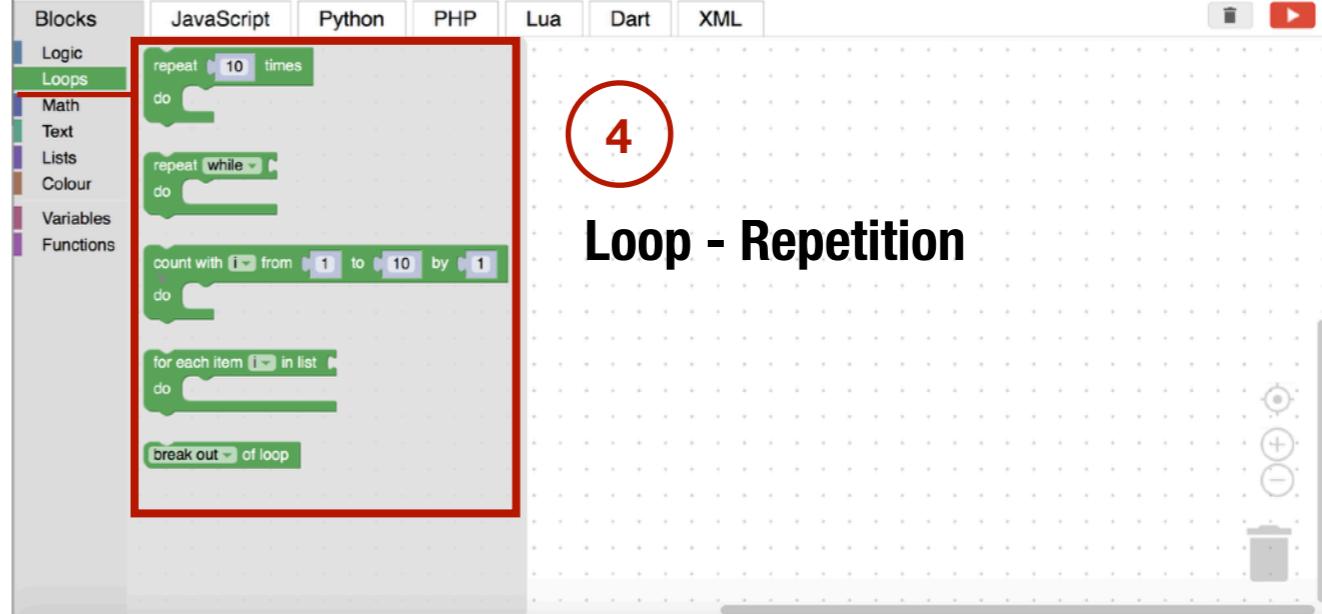
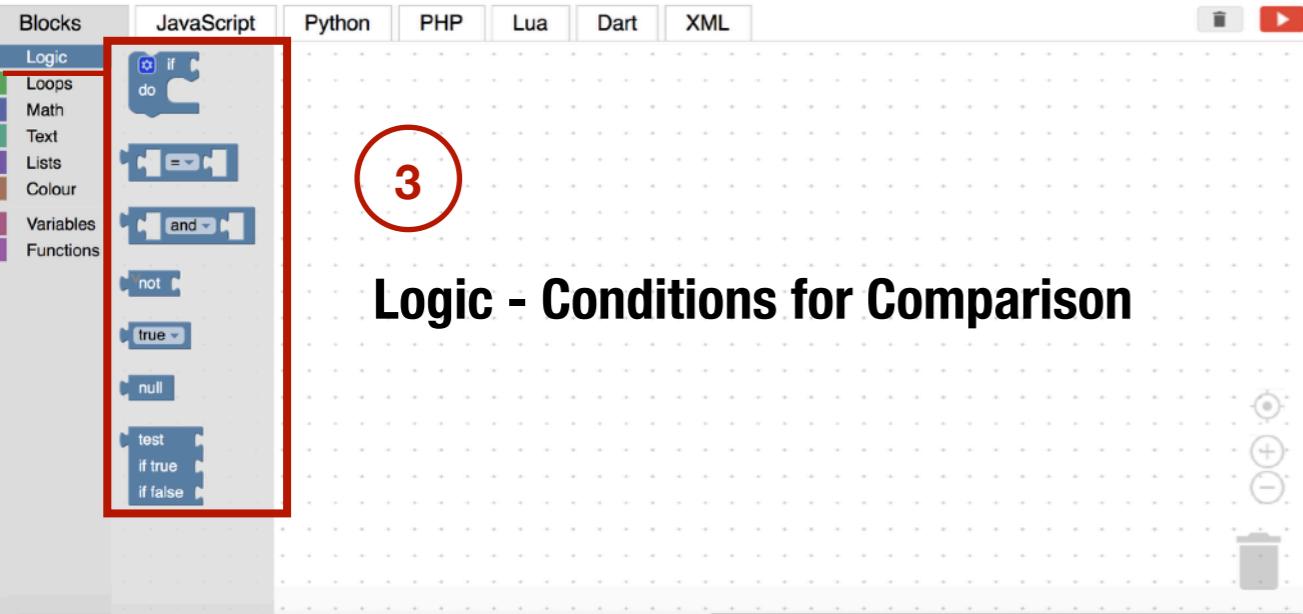
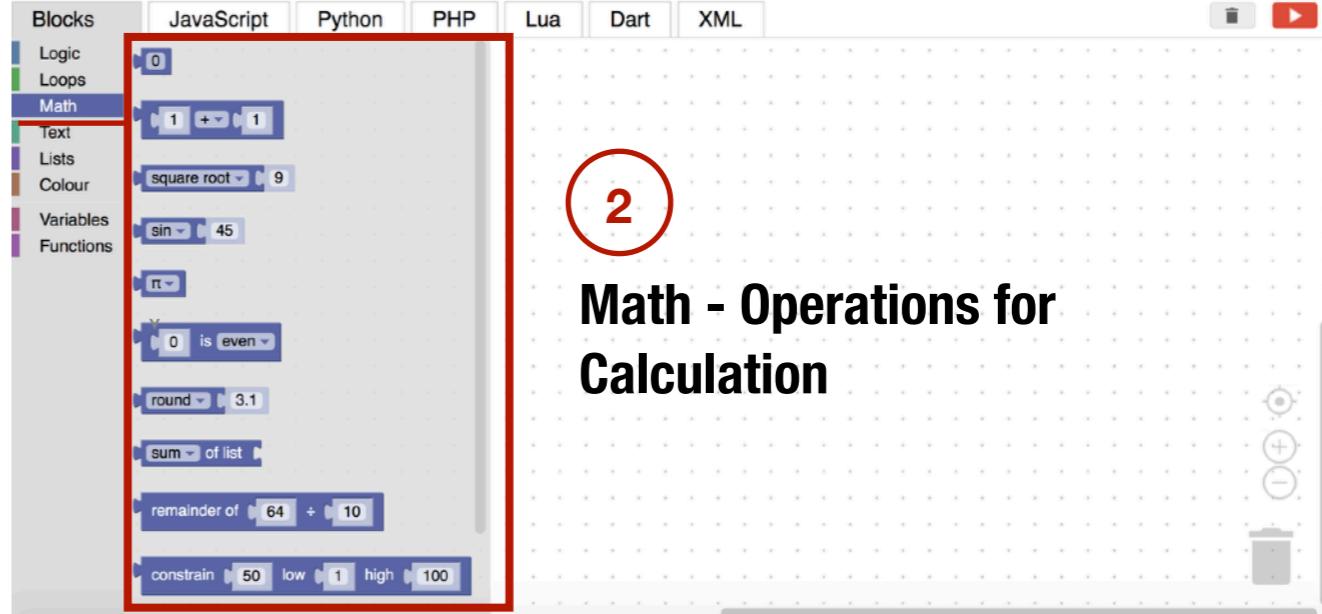
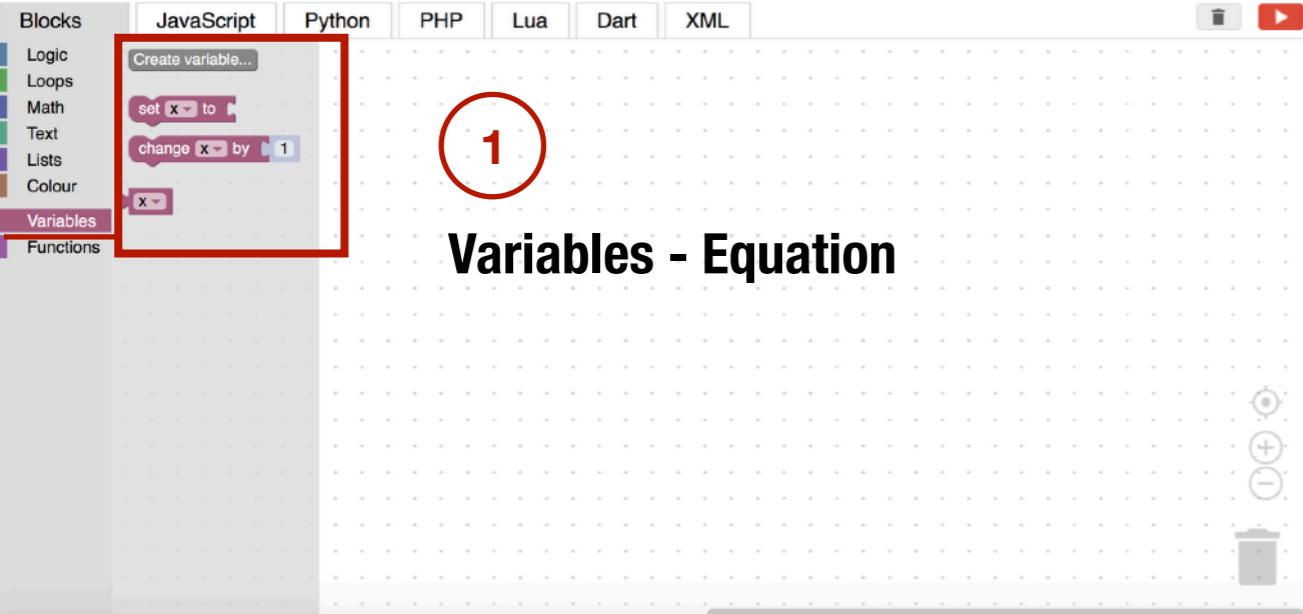
From Google Blockly to JavaScript, Python, PHP, etc.

The diagram illustrates the process of translating code blocks into executable code. It features a central circle labeled "Google Blockly". An arrow labeled "Input 輸入 Blocks" points into the circle, and another arrow labeled "Output 輸出 Codes" points out of it. To the right of the output arrow are three small circular icons: a grey one with a dot, a white one with a plus sign, and a white one with a minus sign. The background is a light grey grid.

The Blocks reflect common patterns.

**The blocks are like lego set
for building more advanced
system and complex
product from simple and
basic elements.**





Let's begin with “data**” related patterns.**

Blockly > Demos > Code

English

Blocks JavaScript Python PHP Lua Dart XML

1

Variables - Equation

The workspace contains the following code:

```
set x to 1
change x by 1
```

Blockly > Demos > Code

English

Blocks JavaScript Python PHP Lua Dart XML

2

Math - Operations for Calculation

The workspace contains the following code:

```
0
1 + 1
square root 9
sin 45
pi
0 is even
round 3.1
sum of list
remainder of 64 / 10
constrain 50 low 1 high 100
```

Blockly > Demos > Code

English

Blocks JavaScript Python PHP Lua Dart XML

3

Logic - Conditions for Comparison

The workspace contains the following code:

```
if true then
  do
    if true then
      do
        if true then
          do
            if true then
              do
                if true then
                  do
                    if true then
                      do
                        if true then
                          do
                            if true then
                              do
                                if true then
                                  do
                                    if true then
                                      do
                                        if true then
                                          do
                                            if true then
                                              do
                                                if true then
                                                  do
                                                    if true then
                                                      do
                                                        if true then
                                                          do
                                                            if true then
                                                              do
                                                                if true then
                                                                  do
                                                                    if true then
                                                                      do
                                                                        if true then
                                                                          do
                                                                            if true then
                                                                              do
                                                                                if true then
                                                                                  do
                                                                                    if true then
                                                                                      do
                                                                                        if true then
              true
              null
              test if true if false
```

Blockly > Demos > Code

English

Blocks JavaScript Python PHP Lua Dart XML

4

Loop - Repetition

The workspace contains the following code:

```
repeat (10) times
  do
    repeat (while) do
      do
        count with i from 1 to 10 by 1
        do
          for each item i in list do
            do
              break out of loop
```

Data Types in JavaScript

Assigning HTML Element to Variable

**Assigning a value to a variable is called:
declaring a **variable**
and its data type:**

- **String** - e.g. **var str_var = “This is a string.”;**
- **Numeric** - e.g. **var num_var = 3.2;**
- **Boolean** - e.g. **var bol_var = true;**

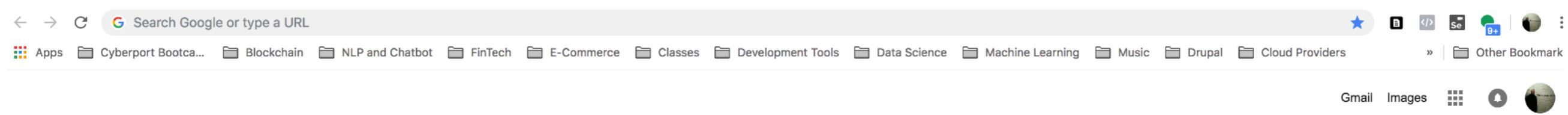
Data Structures in JavaScript

More Advanced JS Data Structures: **Array** and **Object**

- **Array** - a list of elements e.g.
`var fruits = ["apple", "grape", "pear"];`
`var student_list = []; // empty student list;`
- **Object** - a collection of properties represented in name:values pairs e.g.
`var student {`
 `student_id: 1155115511;`
 `student_fname: "Bernard";`
 `student_lname: "Suen";`
 `student_major: "New Media";`
`}`

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the Google homepage loaded. The browser's address bar and various toolbars are visible at the top. Below the address bar, there is a search bar with the placeholder "Search Google or type a URL". The main content area features the large Google logo. At the bottom of the page is the developer tools' Console tab, which displays the following JavaScript log output:

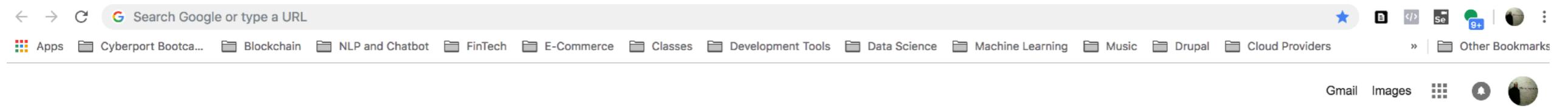
```
17:25:20.426 SW registered
newtab?ie=UTF-8:8
> 17:26:54.913 var student1 = {name:'John',id:1001};
< 17:26:54.918 undefined
> 17:27:13.330 var student2 = {name:'Mary',id:1002};
< 17:27:13.335 undefined
> 17:28:15.340 student3 = {name:'David',id:1003};
< 17:28:15.346 > {name: "David", id: 1003}
> students = [];
```



```
▶ 23 messages
▶ 2 user mes...
  ✘ No errors
  ⚠ 4 warnings
  ⓘ 14 info
  ⛑ 5 verbose

▶ 0: {name: "John", id: 1001}
  length: 1
  ▶ __proto__: Array(0)

> 17:45:10.195 students.push(student2);
< 17:45:10.206 2
> 17:45:19.164 students.push(student3);
< 17:45:19.169 3
> 17:45:23.621 students;
< 17:45:23.629 ▶ (3) [..., ..., ...] ⓘ
  ▶ 0: {name: "John", id: 1001}
  ▶ 1: {name: "Mary", id: 1002}
  ▶ 2: {name: "David", id: 1003}
  length: 3
  ▶ __proto__: Array(0)
```



```
> 17:40:25.934 students.push(student2);
< 17:40:25.939 undefined
> 17:40:28.751 students.push(student3);
< 17:40:28.756 undefined
> 17:40:31.102 students.push(student3);
< 17:40:31.107 undefined
> 17:40:37.113 students
< 17:40:37.116 []
  length: 0
  __proto__: Array(0)
> 17:41:33.699 students;
< 17:41:33.705 []
> for (i = 0; i<4; i++) {document.write(students[i].name + "/" + students[i].id + "<br>");}
```

**After data, let's move on to
“operation” related patterns.**

To transform data, we need **input/output,
mathematical and **logical** operations.**

Basic Input/Output Commands

- Entering a variable - e.g. `var x = prompt("Enter x value");`
- Displaying a variable - e.g. `alert("x = " + x_var);`

The **HTML Form and Input Tags**

HTML Form

```
<form name='guessForm'>
    <input name = "guessValue" class="inputField">
</form>
<button class='button' onclick='guessInteger()'>Guess an
Integer</button>
<div id='demo'></div>
```

Blocks JavaScript Python PHP Lua Dart XML

- Logic
- Loops
- Math
- Text
- Lists
- Colour
- Variables**
- Functions

1

Variables - Equation

Blockly > Demos > Code

English

Blocks JavaScript Python PHP Lua Dart XML

- Logic
- Loops
- Math**
- Text
- Lists
- Colour
- Variables
- Functions

0
1 + 1
square root 9
sin 45
 π
0 is even
round 3.1
sum of list
remainder of 64 + 10
constrain 50 low 1 high 100

2

Math - Operations for Calculation

Blocks JavaScript Python PHP Lua Dart XML

- Logic**
- Loops
- Math
- Text
- Lists
- Colour
- Variables
- Functions

3

Logic - Conditions for Comparison

Blockly > Demos > Code

English

Blocks JavaScript Python PHP Lua Dart XML

- Logic
- Loops**
- Math
- Text
- Lists
- Colour
- Variables
- Functions

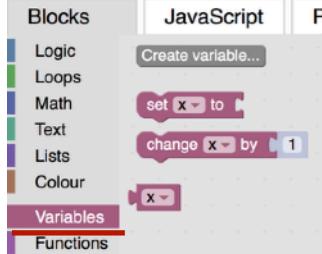
repeat 10 times
do
repeat while do
count with i from 1 to 10 by 1
do
for each item i in list do
break out of loop

4

Loop - Repetition

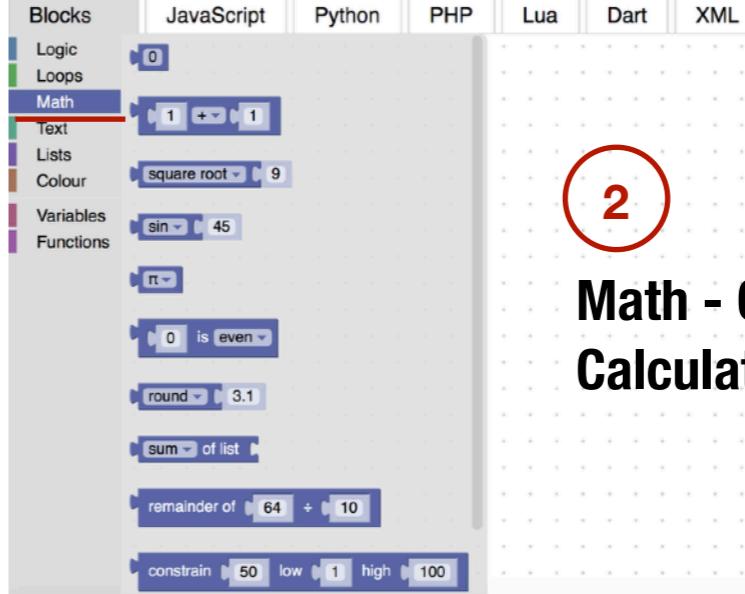
Basic Logical and Mathematical Operations

- `==` equal (comparing string and boolean)
- `!=` not equal (comparing string and boolean)
- `=` equal (comparing numerical values)
- `>=` greater than or equal to (comparing numerical values)
- `<=` smaller or equal to (comparing numerical values)
- `+, -, *, /, %, &&, ||, !` (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, modular, and, or, not)



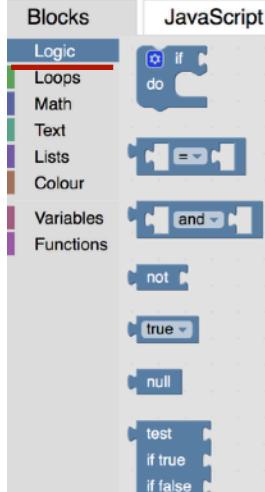
1

Variables - Equation



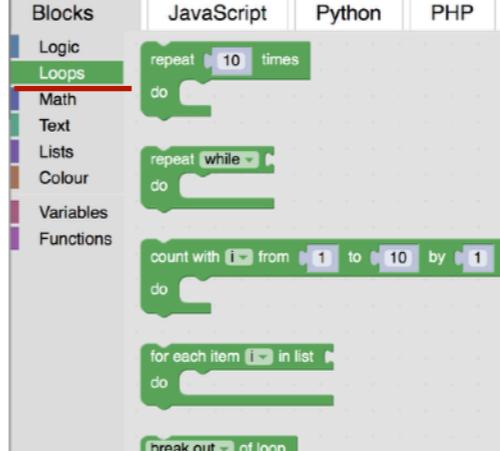
2

Math - Operations for Calculation



3

Logic - Conditions for Comparison



4

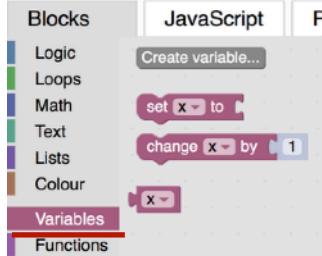
Loop - Repetition

Basic Logical and Mathematical Operations

if (condition) {action} else {action}

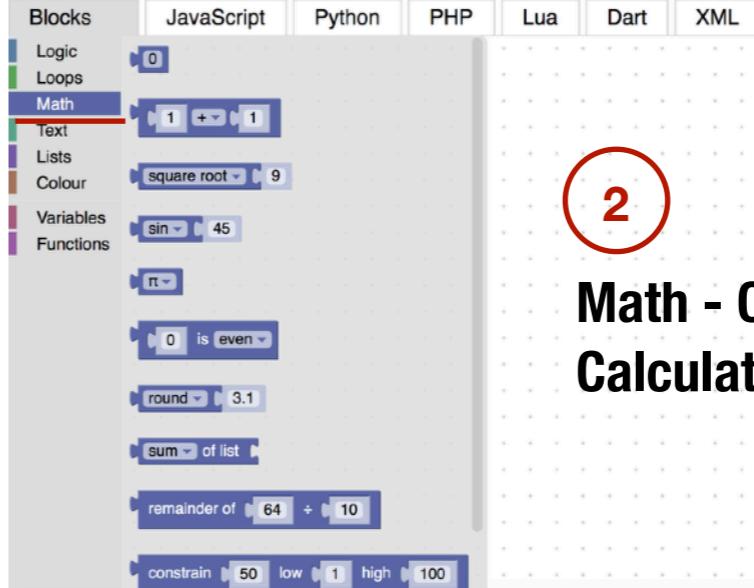
Examples:

- `if (boolean_var == true) {alert("That is correct");} else {alert("That is incorrect");}`
- `if (string_var != "Peter") {alert("Not Peter");}`
- `if (num_var >= 8) {alert("The number is greater than or equal to eight.");} else {alert("The number is smaller than eight.");}`



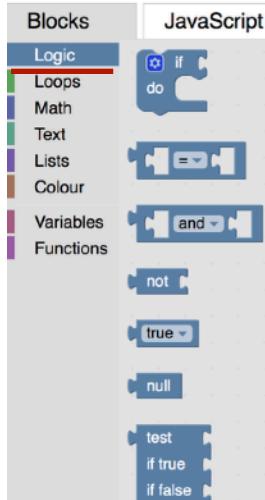
1

Variables - Equation



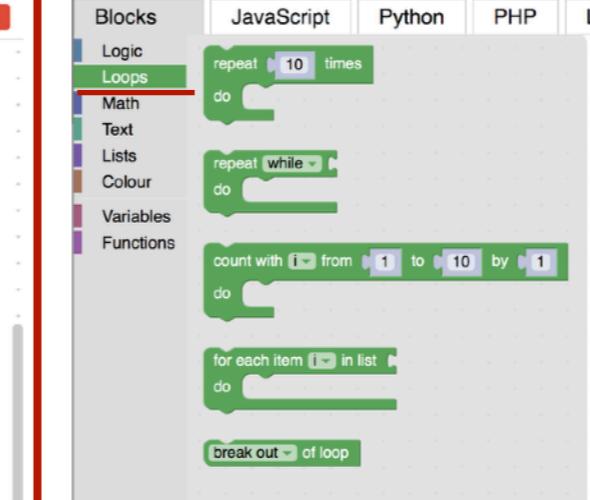
2

Math - Operations for Calculation



3

Logic - Conditions for Comparison



4

Loop - Repetition

Loop

Loop is an iterative programming construct suitable for handling JavaScript array and object.

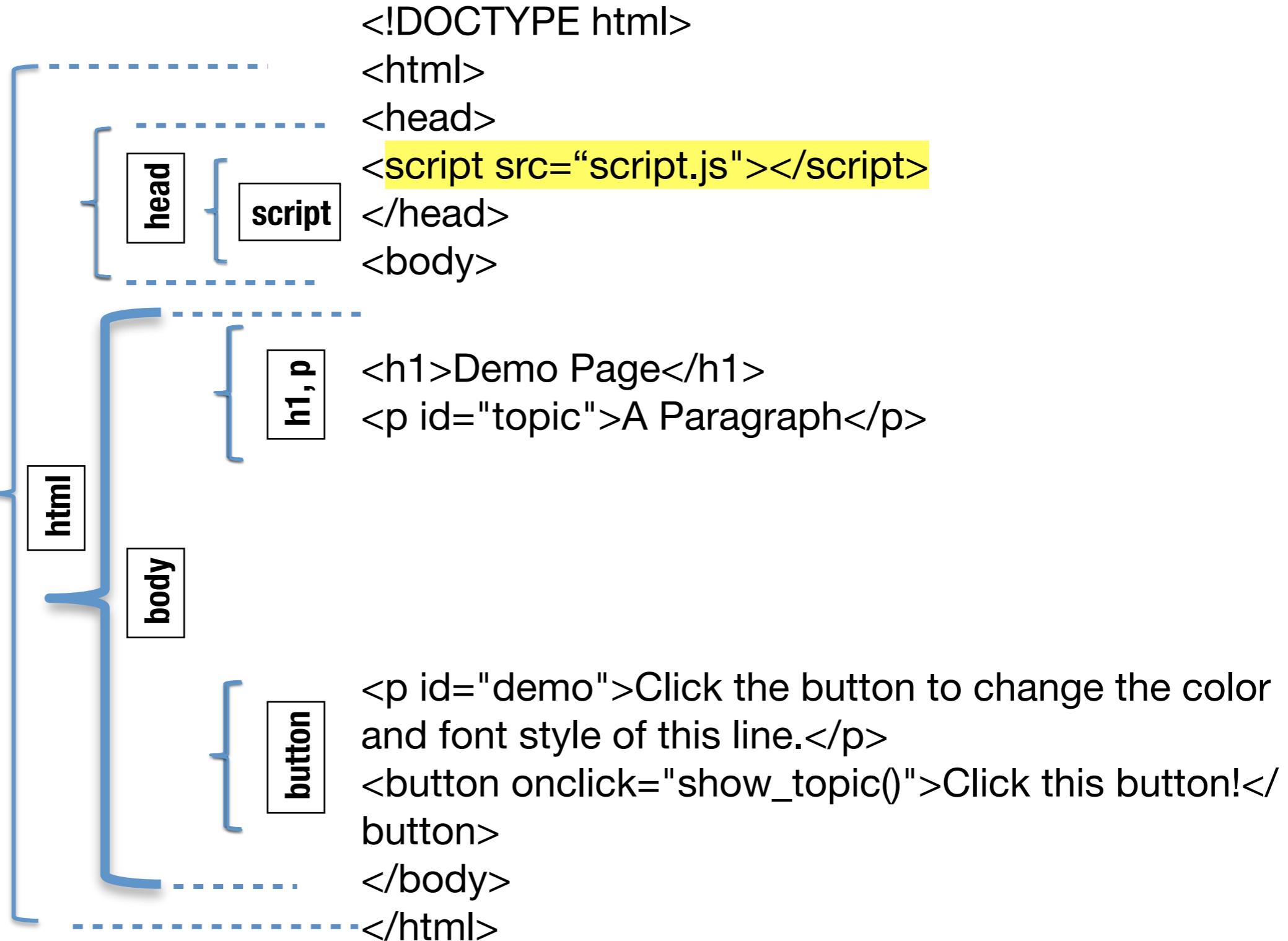
```
for (initialization; condition; increment) {  
    JavaScript statements  
}
```

Try the following steps:

- 1) var fruits = [];
- 2) for (i=1; i< 10 ;i++) {
 fruits[i] =
 prompt("Enter
 fruit:");
 }
- 3) alert("fruits contain"
 + fruits);

**Similar to CSS, JS can be placed in
an External File**

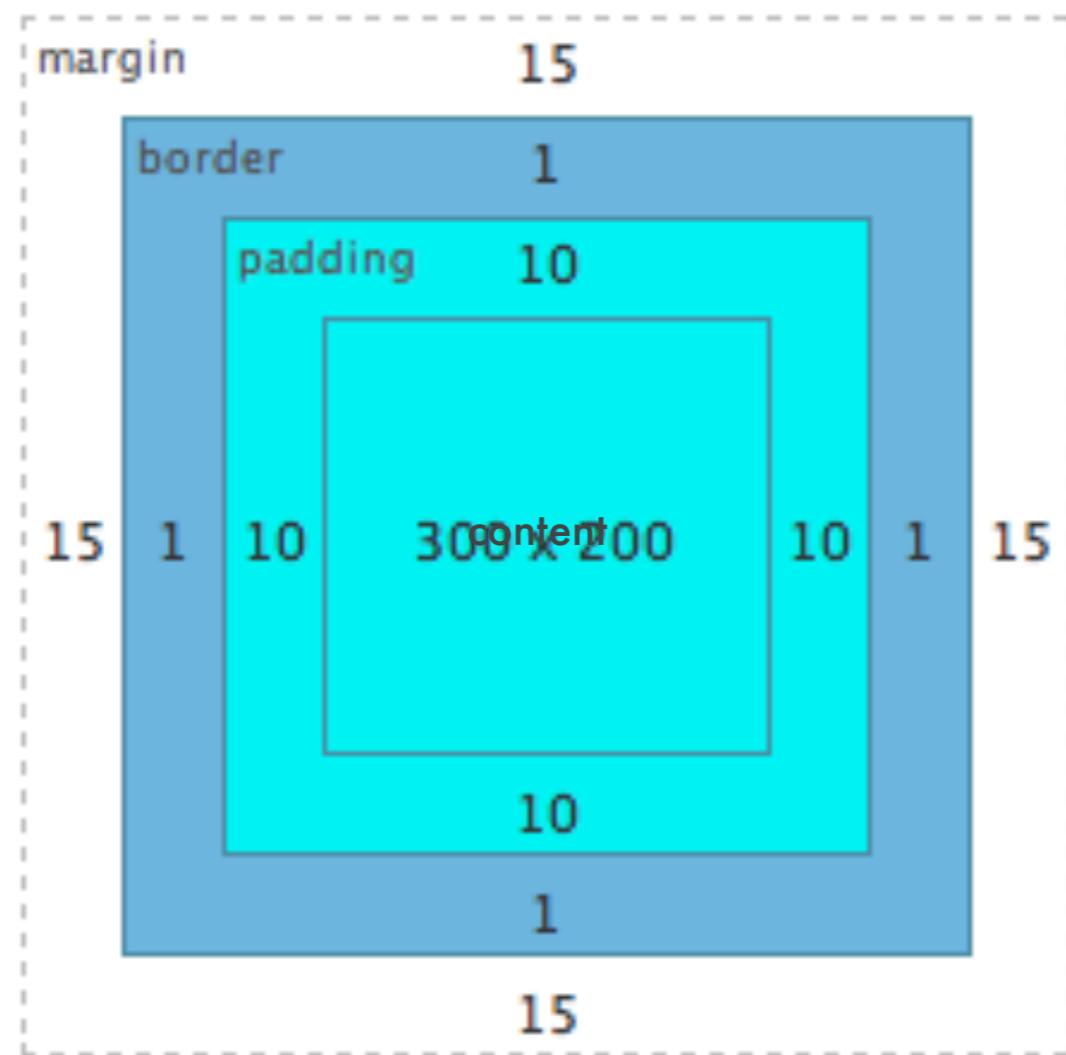
Code View



Abstraction

**Ignore irrelevant details to focus on
essential features to be synthesized
into one solution or classification that
works for multiple situations.**

The Box Model



The “**Box Model**” is an abstraction that allows us to understand a web page and the elements embedded inside as a hierarchical structure of boxes (i.e. **the DOM**). Therefore, we can easily manipulate the HTML elements with same set of HTML, CSS, and JavaScript rules.

JavaScript functions that transform input into output through manipulation of DOM elements, CSS styling and events (mouse, keyboard, form, CSS, focus, window, etc.)

Basic Structure of a JavaScript Function

```
<head>
<script>
function function_name(parameter1, parameter 2...){
    Embed data type variables, input/output commands
    and logical and mathematical operators in the function to
    compute and return values.

}
</script>
</head>
```

optional parameters

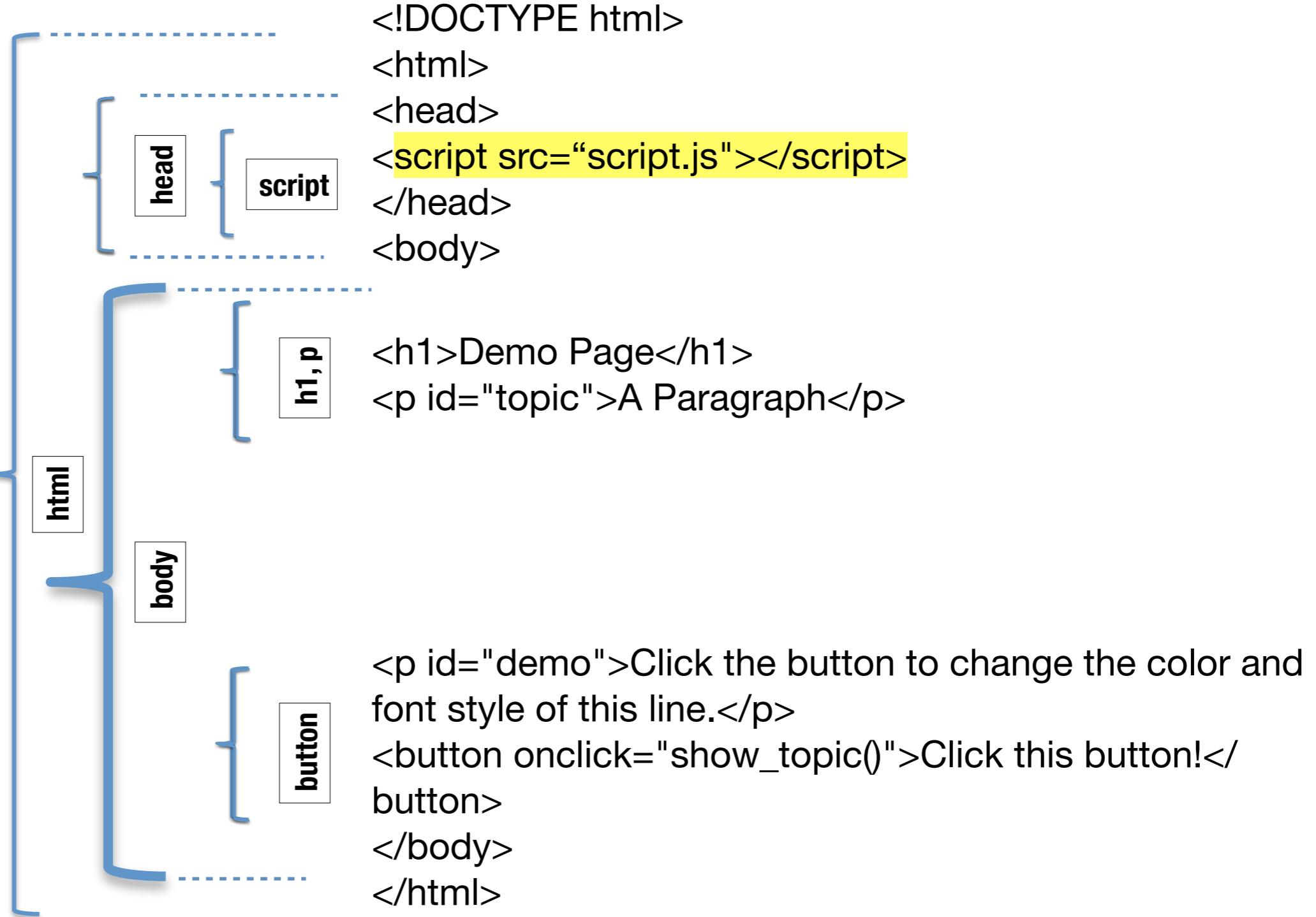
↓

Code View

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script>
function show_topic() {
    var x = document.getElementById("demo");
    x.style.fontSize = "25px";
    x.style.color = "red";
}
</script>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Demo Page</h1>
<p id="demo">Click the button to change the color and font
style of this line.</p>
<button onclick="show_topic()">Click this button!</button>
</body>
</html>
```

The diagram illustrates the hierarchical structure of the provided HTML code. On the left, vertical blue brackets group elements by type: 'html', 'head', 'body', 'script', 'h1, p', and 'button'. On the right, horizontal blue brackets group elements by function: 'head' (containing 'script'), 'body' (containing 'h1, p' and 'button'), and 'script' (containing the function definition). The 'script' block on the right highlights the function definition, while the 'script' block on the left highlights the entire script tag content.

Code View



Code View

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<script>
function show_topic() {
    var x = document.getElementById("demo");
    x.style.fontSize = "25px";
    x.style.color = "red";
}
</script>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Demo Page</h1>
<p id="demo">Click the button to change the color and
font style of this line.</p>
<button onclick="show_topic()">Click this button!</
button>
</body>
</html>
```

The diagram illustrates the hierarchical structure of the provided HTML code. A vertical blue line labeled "Code View" on its left side points to the left margin of the code. Brackets on the left side group elements: "html", "head", "script", "body", "h1, p", and "button". Brackets on the right side group elements: "head", "script", "body", "h1, p", and "button". The "script" block on the right has a yellow background, and the "show_topic()" function body also has a yellow background.

Basic Structure of a JavaScript Function

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head><script>
    function addition(a, b) {
        var a = parseInt(a);
        var b = parseInt(b);
        var c = a + b;
        var return c;
    }
    function get_values() {
        var a = prompt("Enter first number:");
        var b = prompt("Enter second number:");
        var z = addition(a,b);
        alert("The answer is:" + z);
    }
</script></head>
<body>
    <button onclick="get_values();">Click here</button>
</body>
</html>
```

The diagram illustrates the basic structure of a JavaScript function. It highlights several key components:

- function addition(a, b) {**: The function definition, starting with the keyword `function`.
- a, b**: The parameters of the function.
- var a = parseInt(a);**, **var b = parseInt(b);**, **var c = a + b;**, **var return c;**: The code inside the function body.
- }**: The closing brace of the `function addition` block.
- function get_values() {**: The definition of another function.
- a, b**: The parameters of the `get_values` function.
- var z = addition(a,b);**: A line of code that calls the `addition` function and stores its result in `z`.
- var z = addition(a,b);**: The value returned by the `addition` function.
- z**: The variable used in the `alert` statement.
- }**: The closing brace of the `get_values` function.
- <button onclick="get_values();">Click here</button>**: An HTML button element that triggers the `get_values` function when clicked.

Input/Output Commands without Pop-up

- Entering a variable values through HTML form - e.g.

```
<script>
function guessInteger() {
    guess = document. forms['guessForm']['guessValue'].value;
    if (guess == "") {
        document.getElementById('demo').innerHTML = "Empty!";
        return;
    } else {
        guess_int = parseInt(guess);
        if (guess_int) == 20)
            {document.getElementById('demo').innerHTML = "Right!";} else
            {document.getElementById('demo').innerHTML = "Wrong!";}
        return;
    }
</script>
<body>
<form name='guessForm'>
    <input name = "guessValue" class="inputField">
</form>
<button class='button' onclick='guessInteger()'>Guess an Integer</button>
<div id='demo'></div>
</body>
```

Algorithm

An algorithm is a set of **step-by-step sequence** of instructions designed to perform a specific task.

A programming function or combination of functions designed to solve a problem can be understood as an implementation of an algorithm.

$$Y = f(a,b)$$

“Ending Number” e.g.
 $b = 200$

“Starting Number” e.g.
 $a = 1$

Compute next lower
number from the top
and next higher number
from the bottom.
 $200 \rightarrow 199 \rightarrow 198 \rightarrow 197 \dots$
 $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \dots$
Sum the results

Sum of
 $a + b$ where
 $a =$ next lower number
from the top and $b =$ next
higher from the bottom

“You may need a loop to complete this function.“

Functions in Programming (including JavaScript)

- You can look at a function as a mini-system.
- A function is designed to transform input into output.
- You can execute a function within another function.
- A program can be viewed as a collection of functions decomposed into hierarchy of functions to get things done.
- Good programmer looks for patterns in job to be done and abstract common parameters, algorithms, and outcomes to be placed inside a function for code reuse.

Automation and Evaluation

Automation enables integration of functions and programs into a system without or with minimum human intervention.

Before that can happen, individual function or program has to be fully tested as a separate unit and as combined structure for deployment readiness evaluation.

The Grammar of JavaScript

- JavaScript is a programming language that can be used to write functions placed inside html or an external file.
- JavaScript can be placed between the <script> and </script> tags inside the <head> section or link to an external file through the script src link.
- JavaScript codes can be understood as a collection of functions that respond to events triggered by internal browser activities and external user interactions.
- JavaScript can be used to manipulate HTML elements and CSS styles.



Plugins Contribute Events Support JS Foundation



Your donations help fund the continued development and growth of jQuery.

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Lightweight Footprint

Only 30kB minified and gzipped. Can also be included as an AMD module



CSS3 Compliant

Supports CSS3 selectors to find elements as well as in style property manipulation



Cross-Browser

Chrome, Edge, Firefox, IE, Safari, Android, iOS, and more



Download jQuery v3.3.1

The 1.x and 2.x branches no longer receive patches.

[View Source on GitHub →](#)
[How jQuery Works →](#)

What is jQuery?

jQuery is a fast, small, and feature-rich JavaScript library. It makes things like HTML document traversal and manipulation, event handling, animation, and Ajax much simpler with an easy-to-use API that works across a multitude of browsers. With a combination of versatility and extensibility, jQuery has changed the way that millions of people write JavaScript.

Other Related Projects



A Brief Look

Resources

- [jQuery Core API Documentation](#)
- [jQuery Learning Center](#)
- [jQuery Blog](#)
- [Contribute to jQuery](#)
- [About the jQuery Foundation](#)
- [Browse or Submit jQuery Bugs](#)

JQuery Example

jQuery + SQL Aggregation Demo

Aggregation Count of Items From Product Table

You can check out the product table from the menu. The red "Get Data" button below will let you aggregate the items by product category.

Visualization Demo

January 11, 2018

Welcome to try out these simple visualization demos which utilize several popular Javascript/JQuery libraries for presenting data.

January 11, 2018

These libraries include StorymapJS, TimelineJS, JQuery DatatableJS, Leaflet, and D3C3.

https://suenlabs.com/dataviz_demo/

Basic jQuery Structure & Syntax

This means:

When the HTML document (i.e. DOM) is loaded,
add the following jQuery functions (**in orange**) to
your javascripts

```
$(document).ready(function() {
```

Your jQuery functions go inside here.

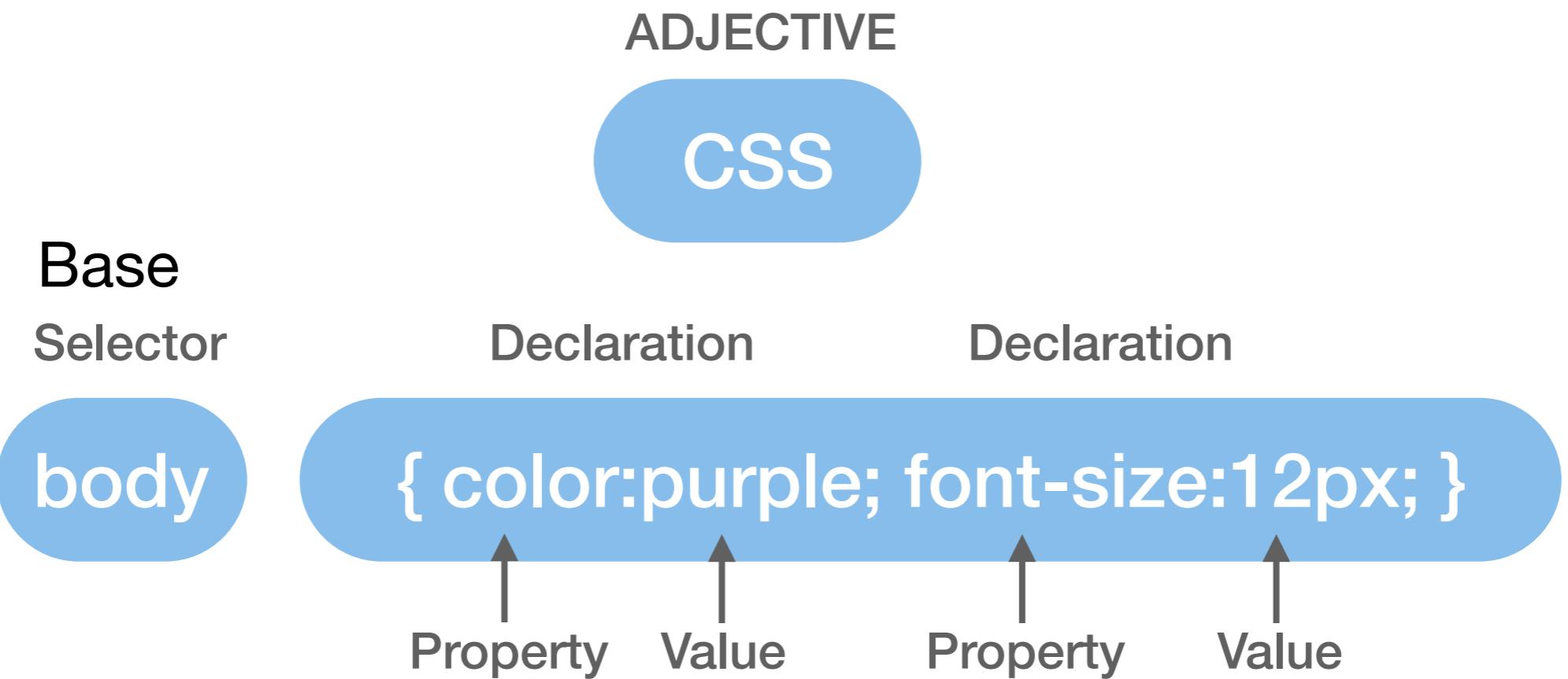
```
});
```

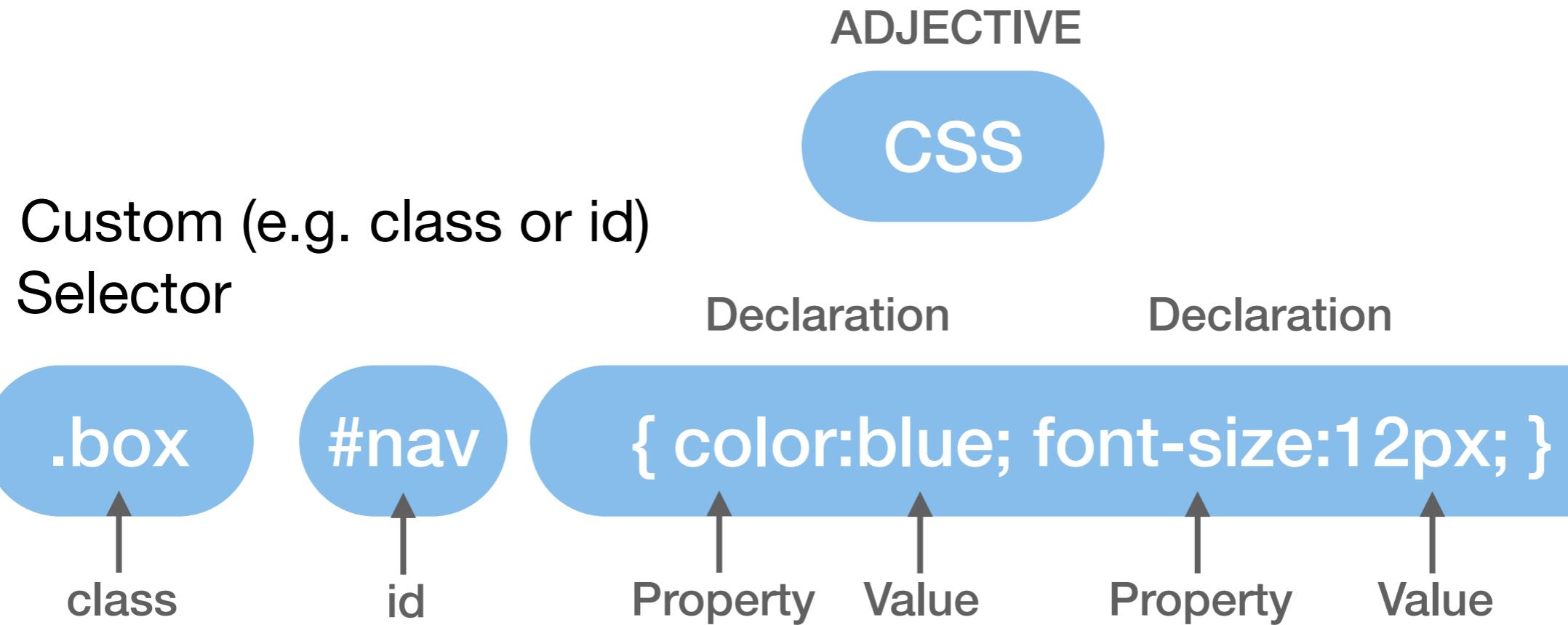
The following code demonstrates the basic structure of a jQuery function. The **selector** and **method** are two ingredients used to define a jQuery function:

```
$("<selector>").<method>('event',function(){  
    The actual script goes here.  
});
```

Example:

```
$("button#hide_h2").on('click',function(){  
    $("h2").hide();  
});
```



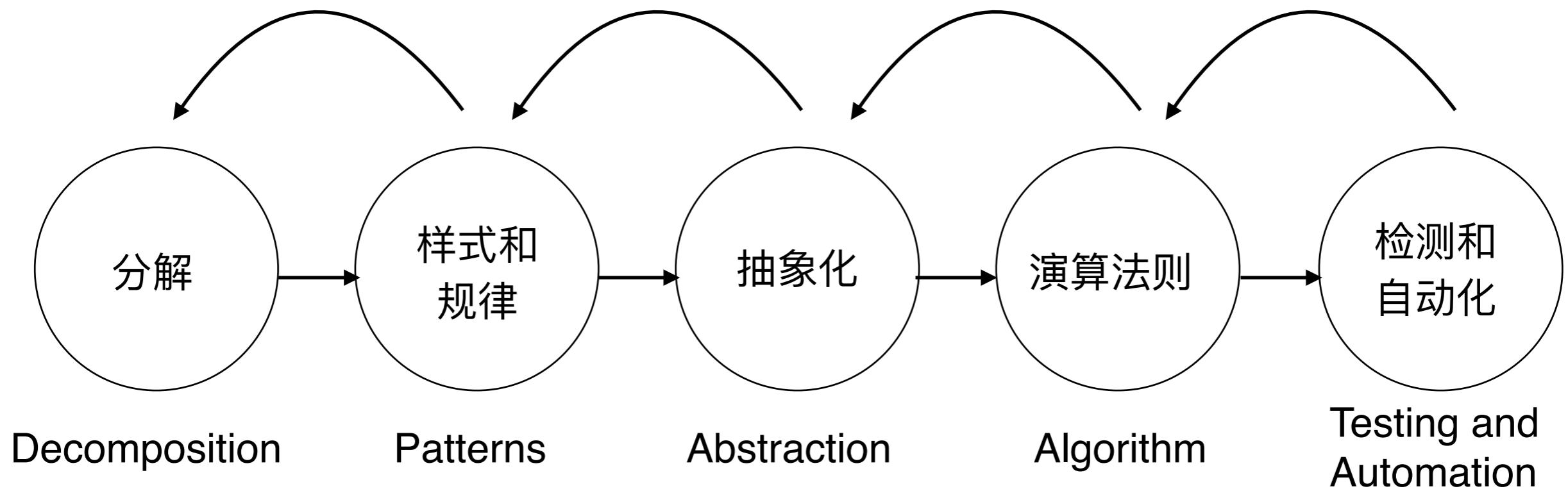


Putting Everything Together

```
$(document).ready(function() {  
    $("button#hide_h2").on('click',function(){  
        $("h2").hide();  
    });  
    $("button#show_h2").on('click',function(){  
        $("h2").show();  
        $("h2").css("color","blue");  
        $("h2").html("You clicked me.");  
    });  
});
```

Problem Set #4

Write a JavaScript program to create a word or math puzzle game. Ask the player to input values through HTML form and display the result inside a box (with an ID selector) positioned inside the browser.



設計思維 Design Thinking	用戶體驗 UX Elements	運算思維 Computational Thinking	數據發掘 CRISP-DM	內容重點 Description
同理心 Empathy	策畧 Strategy	分解 Decomposition	商業理解 Business Understanding	Collect stories from stakeholders for framing and decomposing the problem into smaller parts.
界定問題 Definition	範圍 Scope	模式 Patterns	數據理解 Data Understanding	Define the conditions for causing the problem and collect data for grouping observations and defining requirements.
創意發想 Ideation	結構 Structure	抽象化 Abstraction	準備數據 Data Preparation	Design solutions for producing desirable outcome and develop required dataset for validation and evaluation.
開展原型 Prototyping	骨架 Skeleton	算法 Algorithm	建立模型 Modeling	Prototype the solutions through physical and software models.
重複測試 Testing	表面 Surface	自動化/評估 Automation/Evaluation	評估 Evaluation	Evaluate outcome through testing, integration, and automation, ready for deployment and operation.

Thank You!