



MAX32655 Bootloader User Guide

UGXXX; Rev 1; 3/21

Abstract

The MAX32655 bootloader user guide provides flow charts; timing diagrams; GPIOs/pin usage; UART interface protocol and an annotated trace between the host microcontroller; MAX32655 bootloader protocol definitions; and the MAX32655 for in-application programming (IAP).

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Overview

The MAX32655 bootloader is embedded firmware that gives the MAX32655 the ability to update application code provided by a host microcontroller. The bootloader can be accessed through the UART interface. This interface provides the data channel and the control channel for communicating between the host microcontroller and the MAX32655. The bootloader application load mode is enabled and disabled by either a serial command or hardware connectivity. The serial command is interpreted by the user application, which configures the device to enter bootloader mode. When using the hardware connectivity option, a single GPIO pin and the RSTN pin on the MAX32655 can be configured to allow the MAX32655 to enter bootloader mode.

Detailed Description

Figure 1 and Figure 2 show the program flow for the bootloader.

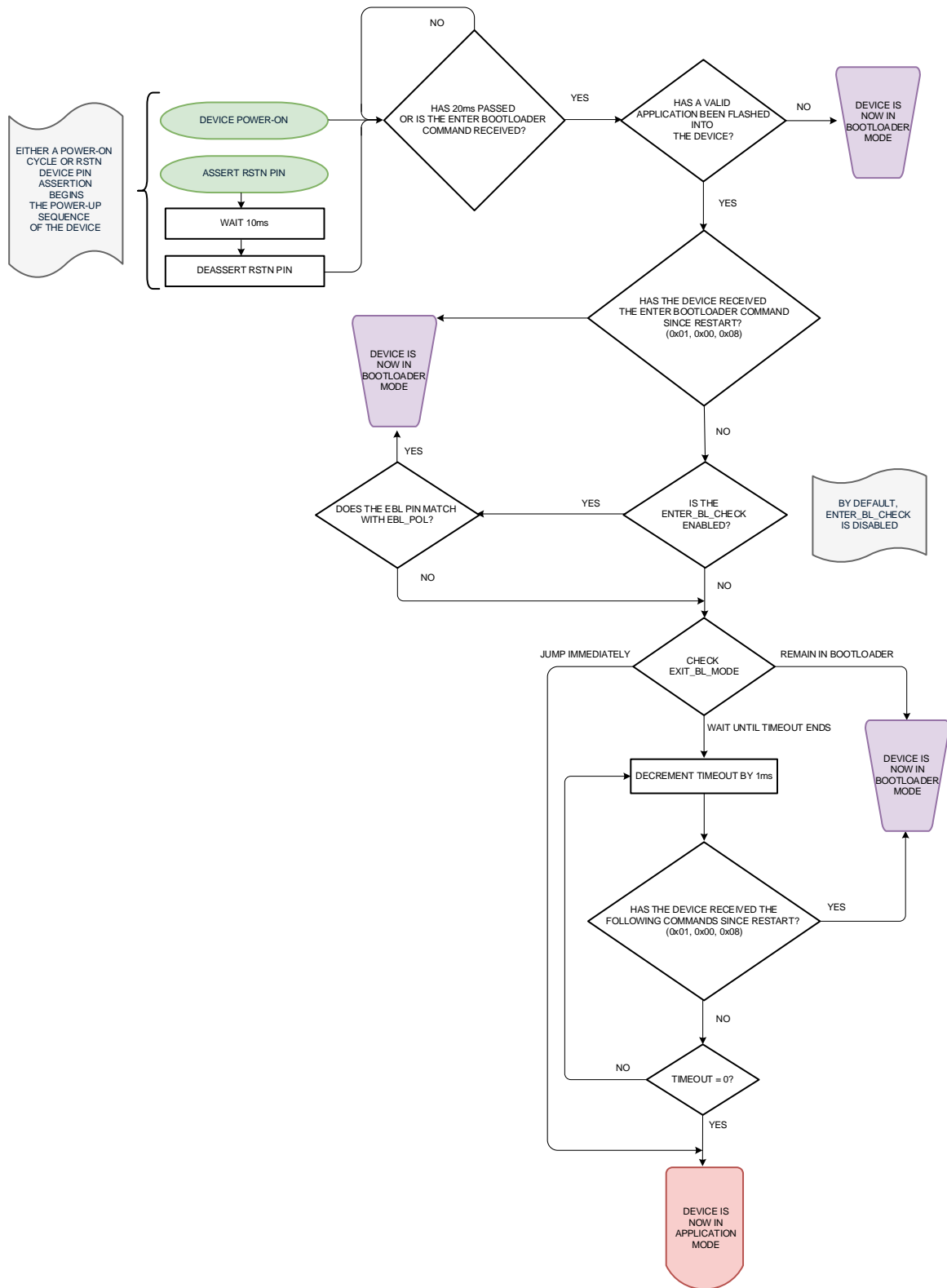


Figure 1. MAX32655 bootloader top-level flow chart.

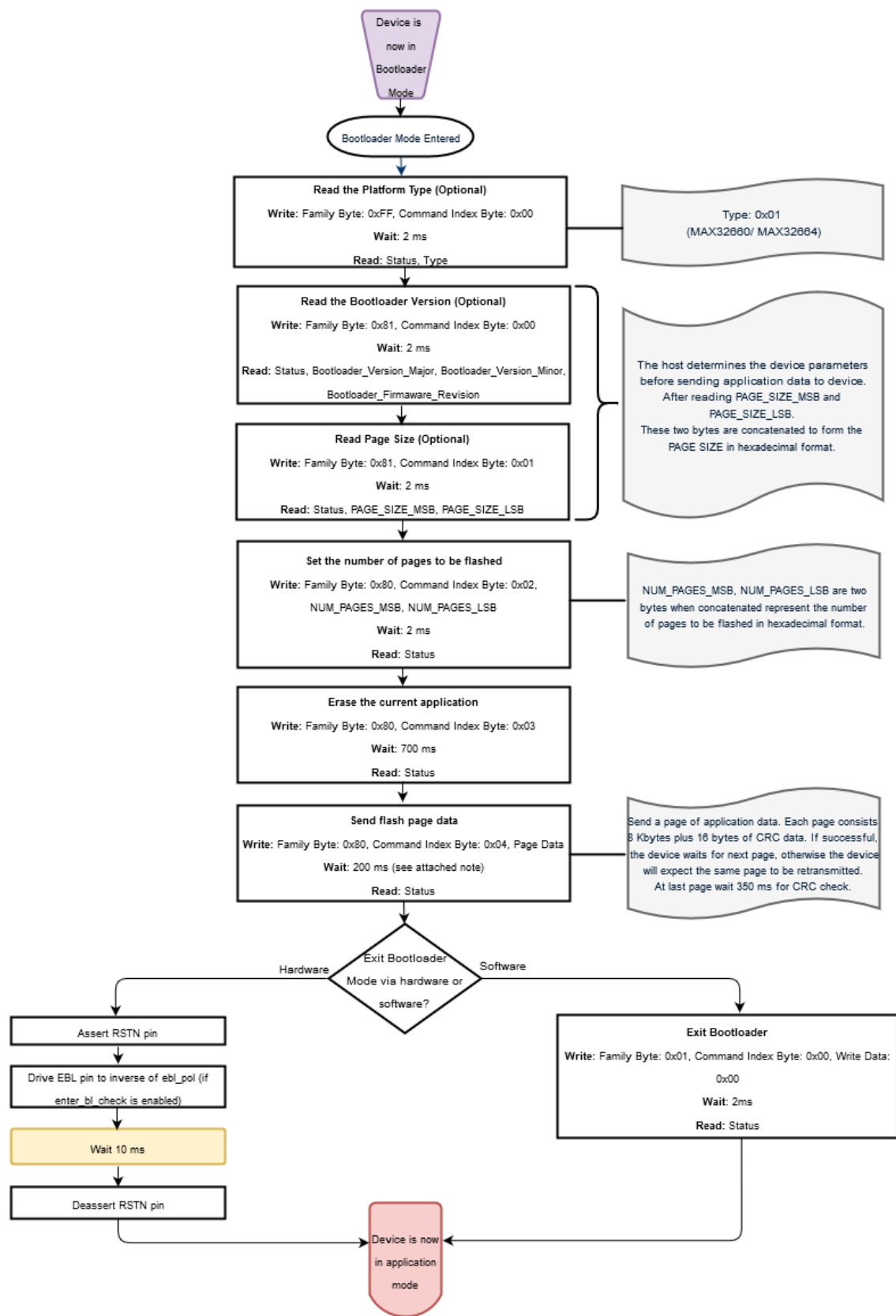


Figure 2. MAX32655 bootloader application loader flow chart.

MAX32655 Bootloader Memory Map

The MAX32655 bootloader memory map can be seen in Table 1.

Table 1. Bootloader Memory Map

ADDRESS	DESCRIPTION
0x10000000 - 0x10007FFF	Bootloader
0x10008000 - 0x1007FFBF	Main Application
0x1007FFC0 - 0x1007FFFF	Bootloader Data

Table 2 lists the descriptions of the bootloader data sections. The application start address is 0x4000 and the maximum size of an application that can be programmed is 245696 bytes.

Table 2. Bootloader Data Section Description

ADDRESS	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH (bytes)
0x1007FFC0	Application CRC	4
0x1007FFC4	Application length	4
0x1007FFC8	Valid mark	4
0x1007FFCC	Boot mode	4
0x1007FFD0	Bootloader configuration	8
0x1007FFD8	Bootloader configuration CRC	4
0x1007FFDC	RFU	36

Bootloader Pin Definitions

Table 3 lists the descriptions for the GPIO and RSTN pins of the MAX32655 bootloader.

Table 3. GPIO and RSTN Pin Descriptions

MAX32655	DESCRIPTION	DIRECTION FROM MAX32655 SIDE
Pin RSTN	Reset_N	Input
GPIO P0.0	UART0A_RX	Input
GPIO P0.1	UART0A_tX	OutpUT

Activating the Bootloader

Entering Bootloader Mode from Application Mode

This section defines several methods for entering bootloader mode from application mode.

Host Serial Command Using Power-On or Hard Reset

The MAX32655 can enter bootloader mode by performing the following steps:

1. Power cycle the MAX32655 or perform a hard reset with the RSTN pin.
2. The host microcontroller sends the command 0x01, 0x00, 0x08 over the selected interface to the MAX32655 within 20ms of the reset operation. This is a signal to the cold boot process to enter bootloader mode.

Without Using the RSTN Pin or GPIO Pins

“Boot_mode” is a 4-byte flag located at 0x3FFCC. Change the “boot_mode” flag in the flash memory to 0xAAAAAAAA for staying in the bootloader even when there is a valid application in the memory. The number of write cycles to flash the memory is limited to 10,000 cycles. Consequently, this method should be not be used frequently. In addition, the bootloader firmware can become inoperable if power is lost during this operation or if the code is not implemented correctly.

The example code to implement this method is in the “main.c” file in the folder “example\Enter_Bootloader.” If this method is used, the application code needs to implement code like the provided example.

Using the Enter Bootloader GPIO Pin and the RSTN Pin

Another method for entering bootloader mode is to use the enter bootloader (EBL) GPIO pin and the RSTN pin. The EBL pin is disabled in the bootloader by default and can be enabled by command. The MAX32655 enters bootloader mode based on the sequencing of the RSTN pin and the EBL pin.

The sequence to enter bootloader mode using the EBL GPIO pin and the RSTN pin is as follows:

1. Set the RSTN pin low for 10ms.
2. During that time, set the EBL GPIO pin to low. This polarity is configurable and active-low for bootloader mode by default.
3. After 10ms, set the RSTN pin high.
4. After an additional 20ms, the MAX32655 is in bootloader mode.

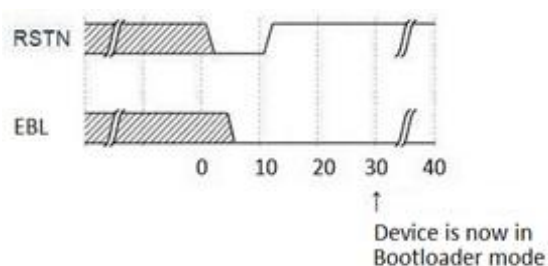


Figure 3. Entering bootloader mode through the EBL GPIO and RSTN pins.

Entering Application Mode from Bootloader Mode

This section discusses various methods of entering application mode from bootloader mode.

A Valid Application Is Programmed

If a valid application is programmed into the MAX32655 using in-application programming (IAP), the bootloader automatically runs the application code (assuming that the EBL GPIO pin is disabled) after reset.

Using the EBL GPIO Pin and the RSTN Pin

The MAX32655 enters application mode based on the sequencing of the EBL GPIO pin and the RSTN pin if there is a programmed valid application. The EBL GPIO pin is disabled in the bootloader by default and can be enabled by the serial commands.

The sequence to enter application mode using the EBL GPIO pin and the RSTN pin is as follows:

1. Set the RSTN pin low for 10ms.
2. During that time, set the EBL GPIO pin to high. This polarity is configurable and active-low for bootloader mode by default.
3. After 10ms, set the RSTN pin high.
4. After an additional 20ms, the MAX32655 is in application mode.

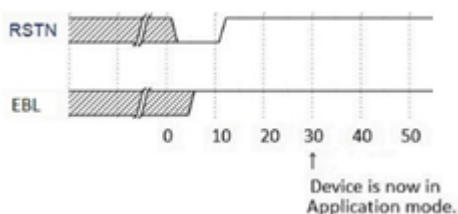


Figure 4. Entering application mode through the EBL GPIO and RSTN pins.

Configuring the Bootloader

Bootloader Configuration Parameters

Bootloader configuration parameters are used to enable and disable some functions of the bootloader. These parameters are located at the memory address 0x3FFD0. The bootloader configuration can be changed by the serial commands. Definitions and default values for the bit fields are provided as follows:

BYTE #	BIT 7	BIT 6	BIT 5	BIT 4	BIT 3	BIT 2	BIT 1	BIT 0
BYTE 0	RFU	RFU	EBL GPIO pin polarity	EBL pin assignment				EBL pin check
BYTE 1	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	UART interface selection
BYTE 2	RFU	RFU	Timeout mode		Timeout window			
BYTE 3	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	SWD lock	Valid mark check	CRC check
BYTE 4	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU
BYTE 5	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU
BYTE 6	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU
BYTE 7	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU	RFU

EBL Pin Check (1 bit)

According to the enter_bl_check bit, the bootloader checks the status of the EBL GPIO pin at startup. If the EBL pin is left floating after the EBL pin check is enabled, this can lead to unexpected behavior such as getting stuck in bootloader mode even if there is a valid application.

BIT VALUE	OPERATION
0	Do not check EBL pin (Default)
1	Check EBL pin

EBL Pin Assignment (4 bits)

The ebl_pin bits are used to choose the EBL GPIO pin. The selected pin is checked at bootloader startup to make a decision for staying in the bootloader or jumping to the application if the EBL GPIO pin check is enabled by the enter_bl_check bit.

BIT VALUE	OPERATION
0b0000	P0.0
0b0001	P0.1
0b0010	P0.2
0b0011	P0.3
0b0100	P0.4
0b0101	P0.5 (Default)
0b0110	P0.6
0b0111	P0.7
0b1000	P0.8
0b1001	P0.9
0b1010	P0.10

BIT VALUE	OPERATION
0b1011	P0.11
0b1100	P0.12
0b1101	P0.13
0b1110	—
0b1111	—

EBL GPIO Pin Polarity (1 bit)

The EBL GPIO pin is used to keep the device at bootloader mode after reset if enter_bl_check is enabled. The ebl_pol bit defines whether the polarity EBL GPIO pin enters bootloader mode.

BIT VALUE	OPERATION
0	Active-low signal puts the device in bootloader mode (Default)
1	Active-high signal puts the device in bootloader mode

Valid Mark Check (1 bit)

The valid mark is a 32-bit value (0x4D41524B 'MARK') written by the bootloader to 0x3FFC8 after application loading. It is checked at every startup before jumping to the application and is fully controlled by the bootloader when the application is loaded by the bootloader. If this check is disabled, the bootloader does not check the valid mark, so the application can be downloaded by using SWD without using the bootloader.

BIT VALUE	OPERATION
0	Do not check application valid mark
1	Check application valid mark (Default)

UART Interface Selection (1 bit)

The MAX32655 non-secure bootloader supports firmware updates over UART interface. The UART interface selection is done according to the uart_enable bit.

BIT VALUE	OPERATION
0	Interface is not used
1	Interface is enabled (Default)

CRC Check (1 bit)

The CRC polynomial 0x04C11DB7 (CRC32) of the application is always checked after application programming. According to the crc_check bit, the bootloader decides to check CRC32 of the application before jumping to the application at every startup.

BIT VALUE	OPERATION
0	Do not check application CRC (Default)*
1	Check application CRC

SWD Lock (1 bit)

The MAX32655 bootloader has a debugger lock capability that can be enabled and disabled up to four time. The bootloader allows debuggers to run on MAX32655 to use debugging capabilities on default configurations. After SWD lock is enabled, debuggers cannot enter debugging mode

on MAX32655 anymore. When SWD state is changed from locked to unlocked application is erased.

BIT VALUE	OPERATION
0	SWD is not locked (Default)
1	SWD is locked

Timeout Mode (2 bits)

The exit_bl_mode bits define timeout mode for the bootloader.

BIT VALUE	OPERATION
0b00	Jump after 20ms
0b01	Wait for programmable delay (ebl_timeout) (Default)
0b10	Remain in bootloader mode until exit command is received
0b11	—

Timeout Window (4 bits)

The timeout window is the time to wait for a serial command from a host to stay in bootloader mode before jumping to a valid application. The wait time is calculated according to the following formula:

$$t_{WAIT} = 20\text{ms} + 2^{EBL_TIMEOUT}\text{ms}$$

BIT VALUE	t_{WAIT} (ms)
0b0000	21
0b0001	22
0b0010	24
0b0011	28
0b0100	36
0b0101	52
0b0110	84
0b0111	148
0b1000	276
0b1001	532
0b1010	1044
0b1011	2068
0b1100	4116
0b1101	8212
0b1110	16404
0b1111	32788

As an example, if `eb1_timeout` is selected as `0b0000`, t_{WAIT} is calculated as follows:

$$t_{WAIT} = 20\text{ms} + 2^0\text{ms} = 21\text{ms}$$

Bootloader Configuration Error Detection

There are not multiple copies of the bootloader configuration on the flash. Due to possible problems while modifying the flash (e.g., loss of power), the bootloader configuration has a 4-byte CRC value at the end of the bootloader configuration bytes. The polynomial `0x104C11DB7` is used with a bit-reverse algorithm to generate the 32-bit CRC configuration value. The bootloader automatically calculates and updates the correct flash address when the configuration is updated in bootloader mode. However, if the configuration is modified from an application, the CRC value also needs to be updated. **Figure 5** shows the error checking mechanism.

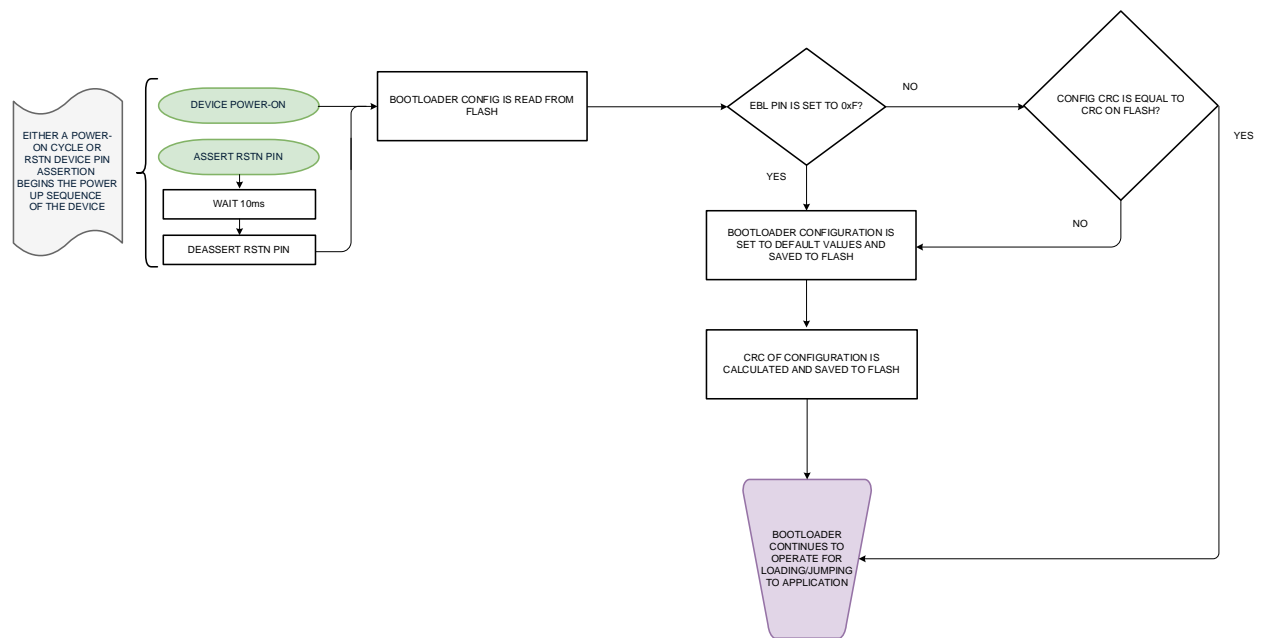


Figure 5. Bootloader CRC checking.

Bootloader Interfaces

UART Interface

The connections required to use the UART port are the following two pins: UART_TX and UART_RX. The device communicating with the bootloader is responsible for driving the UART_RX pin, while the bootloader drives the UART_TX pin. The UART uses one stop bit, no parity, and 8 data bits. In addition, the bootloader uses baud rate 115200.

UART Write

The process for a UART write data transfer is as follows:

1. The master begins to transfer the Family Byte.
2. The master transfers the Command Index Byte.
3. The master begins to transfer the Write Data Byte 0.
4. The master can begin to transfer other Write Data Bytes if required.
5. The master waits for a period of CMD_DELAY (60 μ s) for the device to have its data ready.
6. The master reads the Status Byte, revealing the success of the previous write sequence.
7. After the completion of the write data transfer, the Status Byte must be analyzed to determine if the write sequence was successful and the device has received the intended command.

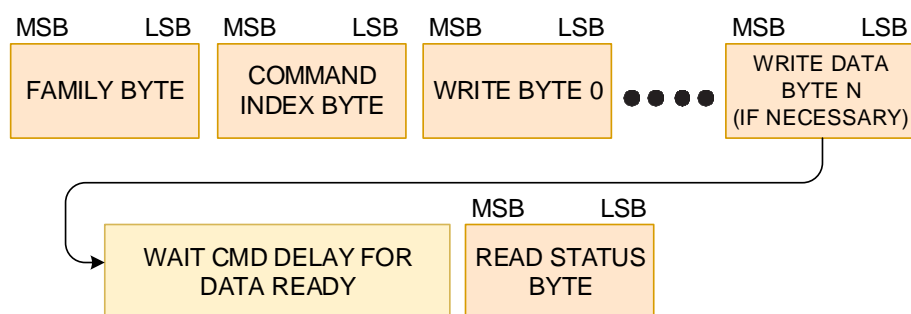


Figure 6. UART write transaction from host microcontroller.

UART Read

The process for a UART read data transfer is as follows:

8. The master begins to transfer the Family Byte.
9. The master transfers the Command Index Byte.
10. The master begins to transfer the Write Data Byte if necessary for the read instruction.
11. The master waits for a period of CMD_DELAY (60 μ s) for the device to have its data ready.
12. The master receives the Status Byte, revealing the success of the previous read sequence.
13. The Status Byte must be analyzed to determine if the read sequence was successful and the device received the intended command.

14. If the Status Byte shows a success, the master reads the data bytes from the bootloader if necessary.

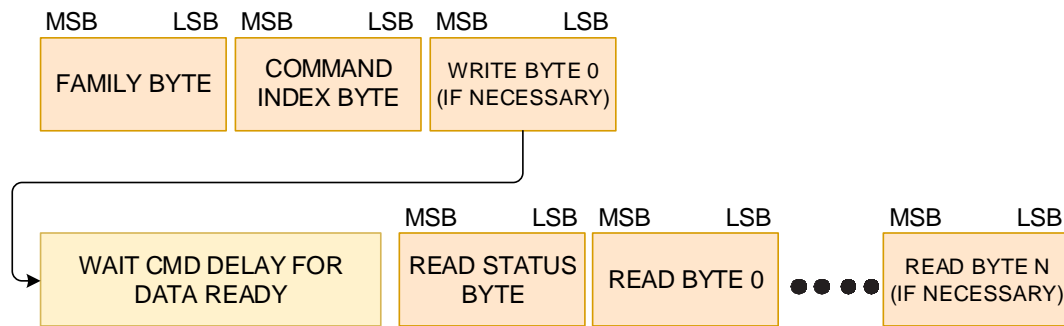


Figure 7. UART read transaction from host microcontroller.

The read status byte indicates the success or failure of the write transaction. The read status byte must be accessed after each write transaction to the device to ensure that the write transaction process is understood and any errors in the device command handling can be corrected. The read status byte value is summarized in the table below.

Table 4. Read Status Byte Values

READ STATUS BYTE VALUE	DESCRIPTION
0xAA	SUCCESS. The write transaction was successful.
0xAB	PARTIAL_ACK. Partial page data received, there is still more page data.
0x01	ERR_UNAVAIL_CMD. Illegal Family Byte and/or Command Byte was used.
0x02	ERR_UNAVAIL_FUNC. This function is not implemented.
0x03	ERR_DATA_FORMAT. Incorrect number of bytes sent for the requested Family Byte.
0x04	ERR_INPUT_VALUE. Illegal configuration value was attempted to be set.
0x80	ERR_BTLDLDR_GENERAL. General error while receiving/flashing a page during the bootloader sequence.
0x81	ERR_BTLDLDR_CHECKSUM. Checksum error while decrypting/checking page data.
0x82	ERR_BTLDLDR_AUTH. Authorization error.
0x83	ERR_BTLDLDR_INVALID_APP. Application not valid.
0x84	ERR_BTLDLDR_APP_NOT_ERASED. Application was not erased before trying to flash a new one.
0x85	BL_ERR_BTLDLDR_DECRYPTION. Error during decryption. Check keys are correctly loaded.
0xFE	ERR_TRY_AGAIN. Device is busy. Try again.
0xFF	ERR_UNKNOWN. Unknown error.

Communicating with the Bootloader

MAX32655 Bootloader Message Protocol Definitions

There are two protocols for command and response for MAX32655 Bootloader. Host command contains Family byte, index byte and optional additional bytes. The response protocol has status information and optional additional bytes, these are shown in **Figure 8**. MAX32660 Bootloader

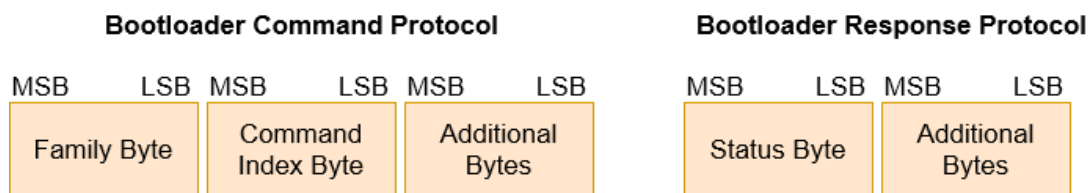


Figure 8. MAX32660 Bootloader Communication Protocol.

Communication Protocol.

Table 4. Read Status Byte Values lists the available status response bytes and table below lists the MAX32655 bootloader message protocol definitions. Note that status bytes are not included in the table for each response, firstly status byte then additional response bytes are sent by MAX32655 Bootloader. DEFAULT_DELAY for MAX32655 Bootloader responses are 60µs.

Table 5. MAX32655 Bootloader Message Protocol Definitions

HOST COMMAND					MAX32655 BOOTLOADER	Min Delay Required
FAMILY NAME	DESCRIPTION	FAMILY BYTE	INDEX BYTE	WRITE BYTES	ADDITIONAL RESPONSE BYTES	Time
Device Mode	Select the device operating mode.	0x01	0x00	0x00: Exit bootloader mode. 0x02: Reset. (The application must implement this.) 0x08: Enter bootloader mode. (The application must implement this. See section Host Serial Command using Power-On or Hard Reset.)	—	DEFAULT_DELAY
Device Mode	Read the device operating mode.	0x02	0x00	(The application must implement this.)	0x00: Application operating mode. 0x08: Bootloader operating mode.	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Flash	Set the initialization vector bytes. This is not required for a non-secure bootloader.	0x80	0x00	Use the 11 bytes 0x28 to 0x32 from the .msbl file.	—	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Flash	Set the authentication bytes. This is not required for a non-secure bootloader.	0x80	0x01	Use the 16 bytes 0x34 to 0x43 from the .msbl file.	—	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Flash	Set the number of pages.	0x80	0x02	0x00: Number of pages specified by byte 0x44 from the .msbl file. (Total of 2 bytes)	—	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Flash	Erase the application flash memory.	0x80	0x03	—	—	700ms
Bootloader Flash	Send the page values.	0x80	0x04	The first page is specified by byte 0x4C from the .msbl file. The total bytes for each message protocol is the page size + 16 bytes (consisting of the page CRC32 and 12 dummy bytes).	—	If waiting for final page and crc check enabled 550ms else 200ms
Bootloader Flash	Partial Page Load Length	0x80	0x06	2 bytes MSB first (Between 1 and 8208)	—	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Flash	Key Load (Only valid for secure bootloaders)	0x80	0x07	1 byte Valid AES Key Length, 32 byte Key Data padded with 0x00 if necessary, 1 byte Valid AAD Length, 32 bytes AAD Data padded with 0x00 if necessary	—	200ms

HOST COMMAND					MAX32655 BOOTLOADER	Min Delay Required
FAMILY NAME	DESCRIPTION	FAMILY BYTE	INDEX BYTE	WRITE BYTES	ADDITIONAL RESPONSE BYTES	Time
Bootloader Information	Get the bootloader version.	0x81	0x00	—	Major version byte, Minor version byte, Revision byte	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Information	Get the page size in bytes.	0x81	0x01	—	Upper byte of page size, Lower byte of page size	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Information	Get unique serial number (USN).	0x81	0x02	—	24-byte USN	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Save bootloader configurations. Write this command after changes are made to any of the Bootloader Configuration settings. The bootloader should be restarted for the new configuration to be active.	0x82	0x00	—	—	1000ms if SWD is unlocked from locked state, otherwise 300 ms
Bootloader Configuration	Select enter_bl_check. Configure the device to check the state of the EBL GPIO pin to decide whether to enter bootloader mode.	0x82	0x01	0x00, 0x00: The device does not check the state of the EBL GPIO pin. (Default) 0x00, 0x01: The device checks the state of the EBL GPIO pin before entering bootloader mode.	—	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Select the EBL GPIO pin (ebl_pin). Select which pin to use as the EBL GPIO pin. This command is only used if the Bootloader Configuration enter bootloader check is set to 1 (0x82 0x01 0x00 0x01).	0x82	0x01	0x01,0x00–0x0B: Acceptable pin range	—	DEFAULT_DELAY

HOST COMMAND					MAX32655 BOOTLOADER	Min Delay Required
FAMILY NAME	DESCRIPTION	FAMILY BYTE	INDEX BYTE	WRITE BYTES	ADDITIONAL RESPONSE BYTES	Time
Bootloader Configuration	Select the active state for the EBL GPIO pin (ebl_pol). This command is only used if the Bootloader Configuration enter bootloader check is set to 1 (0x82 0x01 0x00 0x01).	0x82	0x01	0x02, 0x00: Active-low. The device enters bootloader mode if the EBL GPIO pin is held low during power-on or during a RSTN device pin cycle. (Default) 0x02, 0x01: Active-high. The device enters bootloader mode if the EBL GPIO pin is held high during power-on or during a RSTN device pin cycle.	—	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Enable or Disable Valid Mark Check (valid_mark_check)	0x82	0x01	0x03, 0x00: Disable Valid Mark Check. 0x03, 0x01: Enable Valid Mark Check (Default).	—	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Enable or Disable CRC Check before jumping application (crc_check)	0x82	0x01	0x08, 0x00: Disable CRC Check (Default). 0x08, 0x01: Enable CRC Check. (Only Default for v3.4.3)	—	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Enable SWD Lock (swd_lock)	0x82	0x01	0x09, 0x00: SWD is not locked (Default, cmd has no effect). 0x09, 0x01: Enable SWD lock (irreversible).	—	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Exit bootloader mode (exit_bl_mode). Determine how the bootloader enters application mode. Note that: if crc check is enabled, it may take up to 350 ms to check app crc. Until the crc check is completed, this command will return invalid app response.	0x82	0x02	0x00, 0x00: Enter application mode if an application is present and valid. If EBL GPIO pin was used to enter bootloader mode, the jump does not occur until the EBL GPIO pin is in a non-active state (Default). 0x00, 0x01: Wait for a programmable delay. If no commands are received and a valid application is present, enter application mode. 0x00, 0x02: Stay in bootloader mode.	—	DEFAULT_DELAY

HOST COMMAND					MAX32655 BOOTLOADER	Min Delay Required
FAMILY NAME	DESCRIPTION	FAMILY BYTE	INDEX BYTE	WRITE BYTES	ADDITIONAL RESPONSE BYTES	Time
Bootloader Configuration	Configure timeout exit (ebl_timeout). Set the length of the additional programmable timeout to use when the Bootloader Configuration exit bootloader mode is set to 1 (AA 82 02 01). The system requires a 20ms non-programmable delay to switch to application mode.	0x82	0x02	0x01, 0x00–0x0F: Timeout Note: Timeout is cancelled if any commands are received during this period.	—	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Read bootloader check configuration (enter_bl_check). Read the device configuration to check the state of the EBL GPIO pin to decide whether to enter bootloader mode.	0x83	0x01	0x00	0x00: The device does not check the state of the EBL GPIO pin. 0x01: The device checks the state of the EBL GPIO pin before entering bootloader mode.	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Read the EBL GPIO pin (ebl_pin). Read which pin is used as the EBL GPIO pin. This command is only used if the Bootloader Configuration enter bootloader check is set to 1 (AA 82 01 00 01).	0x83	0x01	0x01	0x00–0x09: Expected range for the 16-bump WLP package. 0x00–0x0B: Expected range for the 20-pin TQFN-EP and the 24-pin TQFN-EP	DEFAULT_DELAY

HOST COMMAND					MAX32655 BOOTLOADER	Min Delay Required
FAMILY NAME	DESCRIPTION	FAMILY BYTE	INDEX BYTE	WRITE BYTES	ADDITIONAL RESPONSE BYTES	Time
Bootloader Configuration	Read the active state for the EBL GPIO pin (ebl_pol).	0x83	0x01	0x02	0x00: Active-low. The device enters bootloader mode if the EBL GPIO pin is held low during power-on or during a RSTN device pin cycle. 0x01: Active-high. The device enters bootloader mode if the EBL GPIO pin is held high during power-on or during a RSTN device pin cycle.	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Read the Valid Mark Check (valid_mark_check)	0x83	0x01	0x03	0x00: Valid Mark Check is disabled. 0x01: Valid Mark Check is enabled.	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Read CRC Check status (crc_check).	0x83	0x01	0x08	0x00: CRC Check is disabled. 0x01: CRC Check is enabled.	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Read exit bootloader mode configuration. Read how the bootloader enters application mode.	0x83	0x02	0x00	0x00: If an application is present and valid, enter application mode. If the EBL GPIO pin was used to enter bootloader mode, the jump does not occur until the EBL GPIO pin is in a non-active state. (Default) 0x01: Wait for a programmable delay. If no commands are received and a valid application is present, enter application mode. 0x02: Stay in bootloader mode.	DEFAULT_DELAY

HOST COMMAND					MAX32655 BOOTLOADER	Min Delay Required
FAMILY NAME	DESCRIPTION	FAMILY BYTE	INDEX BYTE	WRITE BYTES	ADDITIONAL RESPONSE BYTES	Time
Bootloader Configuration	Read exit timeout configuration (ebl_timeout). Read the timeout to use when the Bootloader Configuration exit bootloader mode is set to 1 (AA 82 02 01). Timeout is cancelled if any commands are received during this period.	0x83	0x02	0x01	0x00–0x0F: Timeout	DEFAULT_DELAY
Bootloader Configuration	Read bootloader configuration parameters.	0x83	0xFF	0x00	Byte7, Byte6, Byte 5, Byte4, Byte3, Byte2, Byte1, Byte0:	DEFAULT_DELAY
					Byte0.bit0: enter_bl_check	
					Byte0.bit1-bit4: ebl_pin	
					Byte0.bit5: ebl_polarity	
					Byte0.bit6-bit7: RFU	
					Byte1.bit0: uart_enable	
					Byte1.bit1-bit7: RFU	
					Byte2.bit0-bit3: ebl_timeout	
					Byte2.bit4-bit5: exit_bl_mode	
					Byte2.bit6-bit7: RFU	
				—	Byte3.bit0: crc_check	DEFAULT_DELAY
					Byte3.bit1: valid_mark_check	
					Byte3.bit2-bit7: RFU	
					Byte4.bit0-bit7: RFU	
					Byte5.bit0-bit7: RFU	
					Byte6.bit0-bit7: RFU	
					Byte7.bit0-bit7: RFU	
Identity	Read the MCU type.	0xFF	0x00	—	0x00: MAX32625 0x01: MAX32660/MAX32664 0x05: MAX78000 0x06: MAX32655	DEFAULT_DELAY

MAX32655 In-Application Programming, Annotated Trace

The MAX32655 bootloader firmware supports IAP.

This section shows the necessary commands to flash the application to MAX32655. Each 8192-byte page data is appended with 4-byte CRC32 of the page and 12 bytes of 0x00, therefore payload of the bootloader flash page message is 8208 bytes for each page. The number of pages can be found by computing:

$$\left\lceil \frac{\langle \text{binary_size} \rangle}{8192} \right\rceil + 1$$

Necessary commands to flash an application image of 25922 (0x6542) bytes are shown in the following example, where the number of pages is calculated as:

$$\left\lceil \frac{25922}{8192} \right\rceil + 1 = 5$$

Table 6 shows how to download the application by using the .msbl file. See Appendix A for more details about the .msbl file.

Table 6. Application Programming Example by Using the .msbl File

HOST COMMAND	COMMAND DESCRIPTION	MAX32655 BOOTLOADER RESPONSE	RESPONSE DESCRIPTION
0x01 0x00 0x08*	Set mode to 0x08 for bootloader mode. Note that this is one of the alternative methods for entering bootloader mode. If this command is used, the EBL pin is not necessary. See the Entering Bootloader Mode from the Application Mode section for alternative ways to enter bootloader mode.	0xAA	No error.
0x02 0x00*	Read mode.	0xAA 0x08	No error. Mode is bootloader.
0xFF 0x00+	Get ID and MCU type.	0xAA 0x06	No error. MCU is MAX32655.
0x81 0x00	Read bootloader firmware version.	0xAA 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF	No error. Version is XX.XX.XX
0x81 0x01	Read bootloader page size.	0xAA 0x20 0x00	No error. Page size is 8192.
0x80 0x02 0x00 0x05*	Bootloader flash. Set the number of pages to 5 based on byte 0x44 from the application .msbl file, which is created from the user application .bin file.	0xAA	No error.
<div>00000044 00 00 00 00 05 00 00 20 04 00 00 00 00 80 01 20</div>			
0x80 0x03*	Bootloader flash. Erase application.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00	Bootloader flash. Set Initialization Vector based on the bytes 0x28 to 0x32 from the application .msbl file, which is created from the user application .bin file.	0xAA	No error.
<div>00000028 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00000030 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00</div>			

HOST COMMAND	COMMAND DESCRIPTION	MAX32655 BOOTLOADER RESPONSE	RESPONSE DESCRIPTION
0x80 0x01 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00	Bootloader flash. Set Authentication based on the bytes 0x34 to 0x43 from the application .msbl file, which is created from the user application .bin file.	0xAA	No error.
	<pre> 00000034 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00000040 00 00 00 00 05 00 00 20 04 00 00 00 00 80 01 20 </pre>		
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x80 0x01 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send first page bytes 0x4C to 0x205B from the .msbl file.	0xAA	No error.
	<pre> 0000004c 00 00 00 00 05 00 00 20 04 00 00 00 00 80 01 20 00000050 d1 23 00 00 41 22 00 00 0f 24 00 00 11 24 00 00 ... 00002040 08 bf 0f 32 03 f1 ff 33 06 bf d2 b2 45 9d 1e df 0000205b 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 21 00 21 </pre>		
0x80 0x04 0x01 0x21 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send second page bytes 0x205C to 0x406B from the .msbl file.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x02 0x02 0xC1 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send third page bytes 0x406C to 0x607B from the .msbl file.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0xE0 0x6C 0x1C ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send fourth page bytes 0x607C to 0x808B from the .msbl file.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0xFF 0xC3 0x0D ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send fifth page bytes 0x808C to 0xA09B from the .msbl file.	0xAA	No error.
0x01 0x00 0x00*	Exit bootloader mode and jump to application. Note: Sending the bootloader command is not mandatory. The microcontroller can be reset and the EBL pin can be set to reverse the polarity to jump on the application.	0xAA	No error.

*Mandatory

+Recommended

Table 7 shows how to download the application by using the .msbl file with the partial page download feature. By using this method, each flash page payload (8208-byte) data can be sent as different length packet sizes varying between 1 byte and 8208 bytes. In this example, the partial page data load size is selected as 4000.

Table 7. Application Programming Example by Using Partial Pages

HOST COMMAND	COMMAND DESCRIPTION	MAX32655 BOOTLOADER RESPONSE	RESPONSE DESCRIPTION
0x01 0x00 0x08*	Set mode to 0x08 for bootloader mode. Note that this is one of the alternative methods for entering bootloader mode. If this command is used, the EBL pin is not necessary. See the Entering Bootloader Mode from the Application Mode section for alternative ways to enter bootloader mode.	0xAA	No error.
0x02 0x00*	Read mode.	0xAA 0x08	No error. Mode is bootloader.
0xFF 0x00+	Get ID and MCU type.	0xAA 0x06	No error. MCU is MAX32655.
0x81 0x00	Read bootloader firmware version.	0xAA 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF	No error. Version is XX.XX.XX.
0x81 0x01	Read bootloader page size.	0xAA 0x20 0x00	No error. Page size is 8192.
0x80 0x02 0x00 0x05*	Bootloader flash. Set the number of pages to 5 based on byte 0x44 from the application .msbl file, which is created from the user application .bin file.	0xAA	No error.
00000044 00 00 00 00 05 00 00 20 04 00 00 00 00 80 01 20			
0x80 0x06 0x0F 0xA0*	Set partial page load size as 4000 (0x0FA0)	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x03*	Bootloader flash. Erase application.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x80 0x01 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the first 4000 bytes of first page 0x4C to 0xFEB from the .msbl file.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x12 0x34 0x56 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the second 4000 bytes of the first page 0xFEC to 0x1F8B from the .msbl file.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x98 0x67 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the last 208 bytes of the first page 0x1F8C to 0x205B from the .msbl file.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x01 0x21 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the first 4000 bytes of second page 0x205C to 0x2FFB from the .msbl file.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x12 0x34 0x56 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the second 4000 bytes of the second page 0x2FFC to 0x3F9B from the .msbl file.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x98 0x67 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the last 208 bytes of the second page 0x3F9C to 0x406B from the .msbl file.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x02 0x02 0xC1 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the first 4000 bytes of third page 0x406C to 0x500B from the .msbl file.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x12 0x34 0x56 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the second 4000 bytes of the third page 0x500C to 0x5FAB from the .msbl file.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.

HOST COMMAND	COMMAND DESCRIPTION	MAX32655 BOOTLOADER RESPONSE	RESPONSE DESCRIPTION
0x80 0x04 0x90 0x77 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the last 208 bytes of the third page 0x5FAC to 0x607B from the .msbl file.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0xE0 0x6C 0x1C ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the first 4000 bytes of fourth page 0x607C to 0x701B from the .msbl file.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x00 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the second 4000 bytes of the fourth page 0x701C to 0x7FBB from the .msbl file.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x00 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the last 208 bytes of the fourth page 0x7FBC to 0x808B from the .msbl file.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0xFF 0xC3 0x0D ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the first 4000 bytes of the last page 0x808C to 0x902B from the .msbl file.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x00 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the second 4000 bytes of the last page 0x902C to 0x9FCB from the .msbl file.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x00 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the last 208 bytes of the last page 0x9FCC to 0xA09B from the .msbl file.	0xAA	No error.
0x01 0x00 0x00*	Exit bootloader mode and jump to application. Note: Sending the bootloader command is not mandatory. The microcontroller can be reset and the EBL pin can be set to reverse the polarity to jump on the application.	0xAA	No error.

*Mandatory

+Recommended

Appendix A: Maxim Special Bootloader (.msbl) File Format

The .msbl file is a special binary file format that is generated from the application update .bin file by using the MAX32655 bootloader. The .msbl file has the following sections:

- Header

The header consists of the following:

- 4-byte magic value (.msbl)
- 4-byte RFU
- 16-byte target type (e.g., MAX32655)
- 44-byte RFU
- 2-byte number of pages (LSB first) (e.g., 0x05 0x00 means there are five pages)
- Number of pages = $\left\lceil \frac{\langle \text{bin file size} \rangle}{\text{pagesize}} \right\rceil + 1$ (for sending application information)
- 2-byte page size (LSB first) (e.g., 0x00 0x20 means the page size is 8192)
- 1-byte CRC byte size (0x04 means 4 bytes and denotes CRC32)
- 3-byte RFU

Figure 9 shows an example of the format of the raw hex header data in the .msbl file.

Address	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	a	b	c	d	e	f	Dump
00000000	6d	73	62	6c	00	00	00	00	4d	41	58	33	32	36	36	30	msbl....MAX32660
00000010	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
00000020	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
00000030	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
00000040	00	00	00	00	06	00	00	20	04	00	00	00				

Figure 9. Hex header data in the .msbl.

- (Number of pages – 1) × Page Data:
 - Page Data 1: First 8192-byte data from the .bin file + 4-byte CRC32 of the first 8192-byte data + 12-byte dummy data (0x00)
 - Page Data 2: Second 8192-byte data from the .bin file + 4-byte CRC32 of the first 8192-byte data + 12-byte dummy data (0x00)
 - Page Data 3: Third 8192-byte data from the .bin file + 4-byte CRC32 of the first 8192-byte data + 12-byte dummy data (0x00)
 - ...
 - Page Data (Number of pages – 1): (Number of pages – 1)th 8192-byte data from the .bin file + 4-byte CRC32 of the first 8192-byte data + 12-byte dummy data (0x00)
- Application information: 4-byte CRC32 of the application + 4-byte length of the application + 8184-byte dummy data (0x00) + 4-byte CRC32 + 12-byte dummy data (0x00)
- 4-byte CRC32 of the .msbl file which is the CRC32 value of the total .msbl file

Table 8 shows the .msbl file format for an application with a size of 17384 bytes.

Table 8. Example .msbl File Format

ADDRESS	LENGTH (bytes)	NAME	DESCRIPTION
0x0000	4	Magic (.msbl)	A marker that indicates the beginning of the .msbl file
0x0004	4	RFU	Reserved for future use (Fill 0x00)
0x0008	16	Target Type	Target microcontroller. For example, MAX32655 with zeros appended.
0x0018	44	RFU	Reserved for future use (Fill 0x00)
0x0044	2	Number of pages	Number of pages (0x04 for this application)
0x0046	2	Page size	Number of bytes per page. Always 0x2000 (8192 as a decimal).
0x0048	1	CRC byte size	0x04 bytes denoting CRC32
0x0049	3	RFU	Reserved for future use (Fill 0x00)
0x004C	8192	First 8192 bytes of the .bin file	The first page of application data
0x204C	4	CRC32 of the first page	Calculated CRC32 value for the first page of application data
0x2050	12	RFU	Reserved for future use (Fill 0x00)
0x205C	8192	Second 8192 bytes of the .bin file	Second page of application data
0x405C	4	CRC32 of the second page	Calculated CRC32 value for the second page of application data appended with 0x00
0x4060	12	RFU	Reserved for future use (Fill 0x00)
0x406C	8192	Last 1000 bytes of the .bin file appended with 7192 bytes of 0x00	The last page of application data
0x606C	4	CRC32 of the last page	Calculated CRC32 value for the last page of application data
0x6070	12	RFU	Reserved for future use (Fill 0x00)
0x607C	4	CRC32 of complete .bin file	CRC32 of application
0x6080	4	Length of .bin file	Length of .bin file (0xE8, 0x43, 0x00, 0x00) (17384 as decimal)
0x6084	8184	RFU	Reserved for future use (Fill 0x00)
0x807C	4	CRC32 of application data	Calculated CRC32 value of 8192 bytes starting from 0x607C
0x8080	12	RFU	Reserved for future use (Fill 0x00)
0x808C	4	CRC32 of .msbl file	CRC32 of all data up to this point in the .msbl file

Appendix B: Converting the .bin File to the .msbl File Format

The .msbl file is generated automatically by using a .msbl generator, which is located in the “MAX32655_demo” folder.

Enter the following command in a MinGW® window to convert the .bin application program to a .msbl file:

```
./msblGenWin32.exe Hello_World.bin MAX32655 8192
```

Be sure that the correct linker file is used for generating the .bin file. A sample linker file, max32655.ld, can be found under the *max32655_bootloader_src\examples\Hello_World* folder.

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Appendix C: How to Program the Application by Using a Binary File

The MAX32655 bootloader firmware supports IAP.

This appendix shows the necessary commands to flash the application to the MAX32655 by using the application binary image (.bin file). Each 8192-byte page data is appended with the 4-byte CRC32 of the page and 12 bytes of 0x00. Therefore, the payload of the bootloader flash page message is 8208 bytes for each page. The number of pages is calculated using the following equation:

$$\left\lceil \frac{\langle \text{binary_size} \rangle}{8192} \right\rceil + 1$$

This example provides the necessary commands to flash an application image of 25922 (0x6542) bytes and the number of pages is calculated as:

$$\left\lceil \frac{25922}{8192} \right\rceil + 1 = 5$$

Table 9 shows how to download an application by using the application binary image.

Table 9. Binary File Application Programming Example

HOST COMMAND	COMMAND DESCRIPTION	MAX32655 BOOTLOADER RESPONSE	RESPONSE DESCRIPTION
0x01 0x00 0x08*	Set mode to 0x08 for bootloader mode. Note that this is one of the alternative methods for entering bootloader mode. If this command is used, the EBL pin is not necessary. See the Entering Bootloader Mode from the Application Mode section for alternative ways to enter bootloader mode.	0xAA	No error.
0x02 0x00*	Read mode.	0xAA 0x08	No error. Mode is bootloader.
0xFF 0x00+	Get ID and MCU type.	0xAA 0x06	No error. MCU is MAX32655.
0x81 0x00	Read bootloader firmware version.	0xAA 0xFF 0xFF 0xFF	No error. Version is XX.XX.XX.
0x81 0x01	Read bootloader page size.	0xAA 0x20 0x00	No error. Page size is 8192.
0x80 0x02 0x00 0x05*	Bootloader flash. Set the number of pages to 5 based on the whole number of complete and partial pages in the user application .bin file.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x03*	Bootloader flash. Erase application.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x80 0x01 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the first 8K page from the user binary (0x0000 through 0x1FFF), followed by the computed CRC32 and then the 12 bytes of zero. See the <i>crc32.c</i> file in the example for code to compute this value.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x01 0x21 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the second 8K page from the user binary (0x2000 through 0x3FFF), followed by the computed CRC32, then the 12 bytes of zero.	0xAA	No error.

HOST COMMAND	COMMAND DESCRIPTION	MAX32655 BOOTLOADER RESPONSE	RESPONSE DESCRIPTION
0x80 0x04 0x02 0x02 0xC1 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the third 8K page from the user binary (0x4000 through 0x5FFF), followed by the computed CRC32, and then the 12 bytes of zero.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0xFF 0xC3 0x0D ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the last 1346 bytes of user binary (0x6000 through 0x6541) appended with 6846 bytes of 0x00, followed by the computed CRC32 of the sent 8192 bytes, and then the 12 bytes of zero.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0xE3 0x2D 0x1F ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send 4-byte CRC32 of bin image (LSB first), appended with 4-byte length of bin image (LSB first 0x42, 0x65, 0x00, 0x00), appended with 8184 bytes of 0x00, followed by the computed CRC32 of sent 8192 bytes, and the 12 bytes of zero.	0xAA	No error.
0x01 0x00 0x00*	Exit bootloader mode and jump to application. Note: Sending the bootloader command is not mandatory. The microcontroller can be reset and the EBL pin can be set to reverse the polarity to jump on the application.	0xAA	No error.

**Mandatory*

+Recommended

Some host devices might not support sending the flash page payload as a single chunk. **Table 10** shows how to download the application by using the partial page download feature. Each flash page payload (8208-byte) data can be sent by different length packet sizes varying between 1 byte and 8208 bytes. In this example, the partial page data load size is selected as 4000.

Table 10. Binary File Partial Application Programming Example

HOST COMMAND	COMMAND DESCRIPTION	MAX32655 BOOTLOADER RESPONSE	RESPONSE DESCRIPTION
0x01 0x00 0x08*	Set mode to 0x08 for bootloader mode. Note that this is one of the alternative methods for entering bootloader mode. If this command is used, the EBL pin is not necessary. See the Entering Bootloader Mode from the Application Mode section for alternative ways to enter bootloader mode.	0xAA	No error.
0x02 0x00*	Read mode.	0xAA 0x08	No error. Mode is bootloader.
0xFF 0x00+	Get ID and MCU type.	0xAA 0x06	No error. MCU is MAX32655.
0x81 0x00+	Read bootloader firmware version.	0xAA 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX	No error. Version is XX.XX.XX.
0x81 0x01	Read bootloader page size.	0xAA 0x20 0x00	No error. Page size is 8192.
0x80 0x02 0x00 0x05*	Bootloader flash. Set the number of pages to 5 based on the whole number of complete and partial pages in the user application .bin file.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x06 0x0F 0xA0*	Set partial page load size as 4000 (0x0FA0).	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x03*	Bootloader flash. Erase application.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x80 0x01 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the first 4000 bytes of the first page from the user binary (0x0000 through 0x0F9F).	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x12 0x34 0x56 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the second 4000 bytes of the first page from the user binary (0x0FA0 through 0x1F3F).	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x98 0x67 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the last 192 bytes of the first page from the user binary (0x1F40 through 0x1FFF), followed by the computed CRC32 of the first page (8192 bytes), and the 12 bytes of zero.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x01 0x21 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the first 4000 bytes of the second page from the user binary (0x2000 through 0x2F9F).	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x12 0x34 0x56 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the second 4000 bytes of the second page from the user binary (0x2FA0 through 0x3F3F).	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x98 0x67 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the last 192 bytes of the second page from the user binary (0x3F40 through 0x3FFF), followed by the computed CRC32 of the second page (8192 bytes), and the 12 bytes of zero.	0xAA	No error.

HOST COMMAND	COMMAND DESCRIPTION	MAX32655 BOOTLOADER RESPONSE	RESPONSE DESCRIPTION
0x80 0x04 0x02 0x02 0xC1 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the first 4000 bytes of the third page from the user binary (0x4000 through 0x4F9F).	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x12 0x34 0x56 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the second 4000 bytes of the third page from the user binary (0x4FA0 through 0x5F3F).	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x90 0x77 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the last 192 bytes of the third page from the user binary (0x5F40 through 0x5FFF), followed by the computed CRC32 of the third page (8192 bytes), and the 12 bytes of zero.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0xFF 0xC3 0x0D ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the last 1346 bytes of user binary (0x6000 through 0x6541) appended with 2654 bytes of 0x00.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x00 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send 4000 bytes of 0x00.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x00 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send 192 bytes of 0x00, followed by the computed CRC32 of the last 1346 bytes of user binary and appended 6846 of 0x00 (total of 8192 bytes), followed by 12 bytes of zero.	0xAA	No error.
0x80 0x04 0xE3 0x2D 0x1F ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send the 4-byte CRC32 of the .bin image (LSB first), appended with the 4-byte length of the .bin image (LSB first, 0x42, 0x65, 0x00, 0x00), appended with 3992 bytes of 0x00.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x00 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send 4000 bytes of 0x00.	0xAB (Wait for remaining page data)	No error.
0x80 0x04 0x00 0x00 0x00 ... 0x00 0x00 0x00*	Bootloader flash. Send 192 bytes of 0x00, followed by the computed CRC32 of the last sent 8192 bytes (4-byte CRC32 of the .bin image, appended with the 4-byte length of the .bin image and 8184 bytes of 0x00) followed by 12 bytes of zero.	0xAA	No error.
0x01 0x00 0x00*	Exit bootloader mode and jump to application. Note: Sending the bootloader command is not mandatory. The microcontroller can be reset and the EBL pin can be set to reverse the polarity to jump on the application.	0xAA	No error.

*Mandatory

+Recommended

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	03/21	Initial release	—

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