WaveSimC _{0.8}

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Chapter 1

README

1.1 COMSW4995 Final Project: WaveSimC

This is the repository for our final project for the discpline COMSW4995: Design in C++ at Columbia University during the Fall of 2022.

This project aims to implement in modern C++ a wave equation solver for geophysical application.

In addition, a custom implementation of numpy in modern C++ is also included as a header library. That library aims to make c++ more pythonic and easier to use for scientific computing. Instead of numpy n-dimensional arrays the library use boost::multi_array and contains many utilities to expand the functionality of the library.

1.1.1 Detailed documentation

1.1.2 Authors

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1.1.3 Acknowledgments

We would like to thank Professor Bjarne Stroustrup for his guidance and support during the development of this project.

2 README

1.2 Theory

1.2.1 Wave simulation

When waves travel in an inhomogeneous medium, they may be delayed, reflected, and refracted, and the wave data encodes information about the medium—this is what makes geophysical imaging possible. The propagation of waves in a medium is described by a partial differential equation known as the wave equation. In two dimension, the wave equation is given by:

```
\begin{align*} $$ \left(1_{v^2}\frac{2}{\frac{1}{v^2}}\right) - \frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1}{v^2}} = 0 \end{align*} $$ \left(\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1}{v^2}}\right) - \frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{1_{v^2}}{\frac{
```

In our simulation, the numerical scheme we use is the finite difference method with the perfectly matched layers [1]:

1.2.2 References

[1] Johnson, Steven G. (2021). Notes on perfectly matched layers (PMLs). arXiv preprint arXiv:2108.05348.

1.2.3 Design Philosophy

1.2.3.1 Numpy implementation

We have noticed that many users are very familiar with python and use it extensively with libraries such as numpy and scipy. However their code is often slow and not very low-level friendly. Even with numpy and scipy's low-level optimizations, there could still be margin for improvement by converting everything to C++, which would allow users to unleash even more optimizations and exert more control over how their code runs. This could also allow the code to run on less powerful devices that often don't support python.

With that in mind we decided to find a way to make transferring that numpy, scipy, etc code to C++ in an easy way, while keeping all of the high level luxuries of python. We decided to implement a numpy-like library in C++ that would allow users to write code in a similar way to python, but with the performance of C++.

We started with the implementation of the functions used in the python version of the wave solver and plan to expand the library to include more functions and features in the future.

The library is contained in a header library format for easy of use.

1.3 Building 3

1.2.4 Multi Arrays and how math is done on them

Representing arrays with more than one dimensions is a difficult task in any programming language, specially in a language like C++ that implements strict type checking. To implement that in a flexible and typesafe way, we chose to build our code around the boost::multi_array. This library provides a container that can be used to represent arrays with any number of dimensions. The library is very flexible and allows the user to define the type of the array and the number of dimensions at compile time. The library is sadly not very well documented but the documentation can be found here: $https://www.boost.org/doc/libs/1_75_0/libs/multi_\leftrightarrow array/doc/index.html$

We decided to build the math functions in a pythonic way, so we implemented numpy functions into our C++ library in a way that they would accept n-dimensions through a template parameters and act accordingly while enforcing dimensional conistency at compile time. We also used concepts and other modern C++ concepts to make sure that, for example, a python call such as $np.max(my_n_dimensional_array)$ would be translated to $np::max(my_n_dimensional_array)$ in C++.

To perform operations on an n-dimensional array we choose to iterate over it and convert the pointers to indexes using a simple arithmetic operation with one division. This is somewhat time consuming since we don't have O(1) time access to any point in the array, instead having O(n) where n is the amount of elements in the multi array. This is the tradeoff necessary to have n-dimensions represented in memory, hopefully in modern cpus this overhead won't be too high. Better solutions could be investigated further.

We also implemented simple arithmetic operators with multi arrays to make them more arithmetic friendly such as they are in python.

Only one small subset of numpy functions were implemented, but the library is easily extensible and more functions can be added in the future.

1.3 Building

1.3.1 Install the boost library

It is important to install the boost library before building the project. The boost library is used for data structures and algorithms. The boost library can be installed using the following command on ubuntu:

sudo apt-get install libboost-all-dev

For Mac:

brew install boost

1.3.2 Build the project

mkdir build cd build cmake .. make Main

1.3.3 Running

./Main

1.3.4 Building the documentation

Docs building script:

./compileDocs.sh

Manually:

doxygen dconfig
cd documentation/latex
pdflatex refman.tex
cp refman.pdf ../WaveSimC-0.8-doc.pdf

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Chapter 2

Module Index

2.1 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:		
Np	 	

6 Module Index

Chapter 3

Namespace Index

3.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all documented namespaces with brief descriptions:

np											
	Custom implementation of numpy in C++					 		 			17

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Chapter 4

File Index

4.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

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Chapter 5

Module Documentation

5.1 Np

Namespaces

· namespace np

Custom implementation of numpy in C++.

Functions

template < class T , long unsigned int ND>
 boost::multi_array < T, ND > operator* (boost::multi_array < T, ND > const &lhs, boost::multi_array < T, ND > const &rhs)

Multiplication operator between two multi arrays, element-wise.

• template < class T , long unsigned int ND>

```
boost::multi_array< T, ND > operator* (T const &lhs, boost::multi_array< T, ND > const &rhs)
```

Multiplication operator between a multi array and a scalar.

• template < class T , long unsigned int ND>

```
boost::multi\_array < T, \, ND > \underbrace{operator*}(boost::multi\_array < T, \, ND > const \, \&lhs, \, T \, const \, \&rhs)
```

Multiplication operator between a multi array and a scalar.

• template < class T , long unsigned int ND>

 $\label{eq:boost::multi_array} $$ T, ND > operator+ (boost::multi_array < T, ND > const \&lhs, boost::multi_array < T, ND > const \&rhs) $$$

Addition operator between two multi arrays, element wise.

• template<class T , long unsigned int ND>

```
boost::multi\_array < T, \, ND > operator + \, (T \, const \, \&lhs, \, boost::multi\_array < T, \, ND > const \, \&rhs)
```

Addition operator between a multi array and a scalar.

• template < class T , long unsigned int ND>

```
boost::multi\_array < T, \, ND > \underbrace{operator+}(boost::multi\_array < T, \, ND > const \, \&lhs, \, T \, const \, \&rhs)
```

Addition operator between a scalar and a multi array.

• template<class T , long unsigned int ND>

```
boost::multi_array< T, ND > operator- (boost::multi_array< T, ND > const &lhs, boost::multi_array< T, ND > const &rhs)
```

Minus operator between two multi arrays, element-wise.

• template < class T , long unsigned int ND>

```
boost::multi\_array < T,\,ND > operator-\,(T\,const\,\&lhs,\,boost::multi\_array < T,\,ND > const\,\&rhs)
```

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Minus operator between a scalar and a multi array, element-wise.

• template<class T , long unsigned int ND>

```
boost::multi_array< T, ND > operator- (boost::multi_array< T, ND > const &lhs, T const &rhs)
```

Minus operator between a multi array and a scalar, element-wise.

• template < class T , long unsigned int ND>

```
boost::multi_array< T, ND > operator/ (boost::multi_array< T, ND > const &lhs, boost::multi_array< T, ND > const &rhs)
```

Division between two multi arrays, element wise.

• template < class T , long unsigned int ND>

```
boost::multi\_array < T, \, ND > \underbrace{operator/}(T \, const \, \&lhs, \, boost::multi\_array < T, \, ND > const \, \&rhs)
```

Division between a scalar and a multi array, element wise.

• template < class T , long unsigned int ND>

```
boost::multi_array < T, ND > operator/ (boost::multi_array < T, ND > const &lhs, T const &rhs)
```

Division between a multi array and a scalar, element wise.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

5.1.2 Function Documentation

5.1.2.1 operator*() [1/3]

```
template<class T , long unsigned int ND>
boost::multi_array< T, ND > operator* (
                boost::multi_array< T, ND > const & lhs,
                boost::multi_array< T, ND > const & rhs ) [inline]
```

Multiplication operator between two multi arrays, element-wise.

```
Definition at line 459 of file np.hpp.
```

5.1.2.2 operator*() [2/3]

Multiplication operator between a multi array and a scalar.

Definition at line 475 of file np.hpp.

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5.1.2.3 operator*() [3/3]

Multiplication operator between a multi array and a scalar.

Definition at line 467 of file np.hpp.

5.1.2.4 operator+() [1/3]

```
template<class T , long unsigned int ND>
boost::multi_array< T, ND > operator+ (
                boost::multi_array< T, ND > const & lhs,
                boost::multi_array< T, ND > const & rhs )
```

Addition operator between two multi arrays, element wise.

Definition at line 483 of file np.hpp.

```
00484 {
00485    std::function<T(T, T)> func = std::plus<T>();
00486    return np::element_wise_duo_apply(lhs, rhs, func);
00487 }
```

5.1.2.5 operator+() [2/3]

Addition operator between a scalar and a multi array.

Definition at line 500 of file np.hpp.

```
00501 {
00502     return rhs + lhs;
00503 }
```

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5.1.2.6 operator+() [3/3]

Addition operator between a multi array and a scalar.

Definition at line 491 of file np.hpp.

5.1.2.7 operator-() [1/3]

```
template<class T , long unsigned int ND>
boost::multi_array< T, ND > operator- (
                boost::multi_array< T, ND > const & lhs,
                boost::multi_array< T, ND > const & rhs )
```

Minus operator between two multi arrays, element-wise.

Definition at line 508 of file np.hpp.

5.1.2.8 operator-() [2/3]

Minus operator between a multi array and a scalar, element-wise.

Definition at line 525 of file np.hpp.

```
00526 {
00527 return rhs - lhs;
00528 }
```

5.1 Np 15

5.1.2.9 operator-() [3/3]

Minus operator between a scalar and a multi array, element-wise.

Definition at line 516 of file np.hpp.

5.1.2.10 operator/() [1/3]

Division between two multi arrays, element wise.

Definition at line 533 of file np.hpp.

```
00534 {
00535     std::function<T(T, T)> func = std::divides<T>();
00536     return np::element_wise_duo_apply(lhs, rhs, func);
00537 }
```

5.1.2.11 operator/() [2/3]

Division between a multi array and a scalar, element wise.

Definition at line 550 of file np.hpp.

5.1.2.12 operator/() [3/3]

Division between a scalar and a multi array, element wise.

Definition at line 541 of file np.hpp.

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Chapter 6

Namespace Documentation

6.1 np Namespace Reference

Custom implementation of numpy in C++.

Typedefs

• typedef double ndArrayValue

Enumerations

enum indexing { xy , ij }

Functions

template<std::size_t ND>
 boost::multi array< ndArrayValue, ND >::index getIndex (const boost::multi array< ndArrayValue, ND >

&m, const ndArrayValue *requestedElement, const unsigned short int direction)

Gets the index of one element in a multi_array in one axis.

template<std::size t ND>

boost::array< typename boost::multi_array< ndArrayValue, ND > ::index, ND > getIndexArray (const boost ::multi_array< ndArrayValue, ND > &m, const ndArrayValue *requestedElement)

Gets the index of one element in a multi_array.

- template < typename Array , typename Element , typename Functor > void for_each (const boost::type < Element > &type_dispatch, Array A, Functor &xform)
- template<typename Element, typename Functor >
 void for_each (const boost::type< Element > &, Element &Val, Functor &xform)

Function to apply a function to all elements of a multi_array.

- template<typename Element , typename Iterator , typename Functor >
 void for_each (const boost::type< Element > &type_dispatch, Iterator begin, Iterator end, Functor &xform)
 - Function to apply a function to all elements of a multi_array.
- template<typename Array , typename Functor > void for_each (Array &A, Functor xform)

```
• template<long unsigned int ND>
  constexpr std::vector< boost::multi array< double, ND > > gradient (boost::multi array< double, ND >
  inArray, std::initializer list< double > args)

    boost::multi_array< double, 1 > linspace (double start, double stop, long unsigned int num)

      Implements the numpy linspace function.

    template<long unsigned int ND>

  std::vector< boost::multi_array< double, ND > > meshgrid (const boost::multi_array< double, 1
  >(&cinput)[ND], bool sparsing=false, indexing indexing type=xy)
• template < class T , long unsigned int ND>
  boost::multi_array< T, ND > element_wise_apply (const boost::multi_array< T, ND > &input_array, std↔
  ::function < T(T)> func)
      Creates a new array and fills it with the values of the result of the function called on the input array element-wise.
• template < class T , long unsigned int ND>
  boost::multi array< T, ND > sqrt (const boost::multi array< T, ND > &input array)
      Implements the numpy sqrt function on multi arrays.

    template < class T >

  T sqrt (const T input)
      Implements the numpy sqrt function on scalars.
• template < class T , long unsigned int ND>
  boost::multi_array< T, ND > exp (const boost::multi_array< T, ND > &input_array)
      Implements the numpy exp function on multi arrays.

    template<class T >

  T exp (const T input)
      Implements the numpy exp function on scalars.

    template < class T , long unsigned int ND>

  boost::multi array< T, ND > log (const boost::multi array< T, ND > &input array)
      Implements the numpy log function on multi arrays.
• template<class T >
  T log (const T input)
      Implements the numpy log function on scalars.
• template<class T , long unsigned int ND>
  boost::multi array< T, ND > pow (const boost::multi array< T, ND > &input array, const T exponent)
      Implements the numpy pow function on multi arrays.

    template < class T >

  T pow (const T input, const T exponent)
     Implements the numpy pow function on scalars.

    template < class T , long unsigned int ND>

  boost::multi array< T, ND > element wise duo apply (boost::multi array< T, ND > const &lhs, boost↔
  ::multi array< T, ND > const &rhs, std::function< T(T, T)> func)
• template<typename T , typename inT , long unsigned int ND>
  requires std::is_integral<inT>
  ::value &&std::is_arithmetic< T >::value constexpr boost::multi_array< T, ND > zeros (inT(&dimensions_
  input)[ND])
      Implements the numpy zeros function for an n-dimensionl multi array.
• template<typename T , long unsigned int ND>
  requires std::is arithmetic<T>
  ::value constexpr T max (boost::multi_array< T, ND > const &input_array)
      Implements the numpy max function for an n-dimensionl multi array.
• template<class T , class... Ts, class = std::enable_if_t<(std::is_same_v<T, Ts> && ...)>>
  requires std::is_arithmetic<T>
  ::value constexpr T max (T input1, Ts... inputs)
      Implements the numpy max function for an variadic number of arguments.

    template<typename T , long unsigned int ND>

  requires std::is_arithmetic<T>
  ::value constexpr T min (boost::multi array< T, ND > const &input array)
      Implements the numpy min function for an n-dimensionl multi array.
```

6.1.1 Detailed Description

Custom implementation of numpy in C++.

6.1.2 Typedef Documentation

6.1.2.1 ndArrayValue

```
typedef double np::ndArrayValue
```

Definition at line 22 of file np.hpp.

6.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

6.1.3.1 indexing

```
enum np::indexing
```

Definition at line 171 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4 Function Documentation

6.1.4.1 element_wise_apply()

Creates a new array and fills it with the values of the result of the function called on the input array element-wise.

Definition at line 242 of file np.hpp.

```
00243
00244
00245
               // Create output array copying extents
00246
               using arrayIndex = boost::multi_array<double, ND>::index;
00247
               using ndIndexArray = boost::array<arrayIndex, ND>;
00248
               boost::detail::multi_array::extent_gen<ND> output_extents;
00249
               std::vector<size_t> shape_list;
for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00250
00251
00252
                    shape_list.push_back(input_array.shape()[i]);
```

```
00253
00254
              std::copy(shape_list.begin(), shape_list.end(), output_extents.ranges_.begin());
00255
              boost::multi_array<T, ND> output_array(output_extents);
00256
00257
              // Looping through the elements of the output array
00258
              const T *p = input_array.data();
              ndIndexArray index;
00259
00260
              for (std::size_t i = 0; i < input_array.num_elements(); i++)</pre>
00261
00262
                  index = getIndexArray(input_array, p);
                  output_array(index) = func(input_array(index));
00263
00264
                  ++p;
00265
00266
              return output_array;
00267
```

6.1.4.2 element_wise_duo_apply()

```
template<class T , long unsigned int ND>
boost::multi_array< T, ND > np::element_wise_duo_apply (
                boost::multi_array< T, ND > const & lhs,
                boost::multi_array< T, ND > const & rhs,
                std::function< T(T, T)> func )
```

Creates a new array in which the value at each index is the the result of the input function applied to an element of the left hand side array and one on the righ hand side array in the same index Outputs a copy of the result

Definition at line 336 of file np.hpp.

```
00337
               // Create output array copying extents
00338
00339
               using arrayIndex = boost::multi_array<double, ND>::index;
00340
               using ndIndexArray = boost::array<arrayIndex, ND>;
00341
               boost::detail::multi_array::extent_gen<ND> output_extents;
               std::vector<size_t> shape_list;
for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00342
00343
00344
               {
00345
                    shape list.push back(lhs.shape()[i]);
00346
00347
               std::copy(shape_list.begin(), shape_list.end(), output_extents.ranges_.begin());
00348
               boost::multi_array<T, ND> output_array(output_extents);
00349
00350
               \ensuremath{//} Looping through the elements of the output array
00351
               const T *p = lhs.data();
ndIndexArray index;
00352
               for (std::size_t i = 0; i < lhs.num_elements(); i++)</pre>
00353
00354
00355
                    index = getIndexArray(lhs, p);
00356
                    output_array(index) = func(lhs(index), rhs(index));
00357
                    ++p;
00358
00359
               return output array;
00360
```

6.1.4.3 exp() [1/2]

Implements the numpy exp function on multi arrays.

```
Definition at line 288 of file np.hpp.
```

6.1.4.4 exp() [2/2]

Implements the numpy exp function on scalars.

Definition at line 296 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.5 for_each() [1/4]

Function to apply a function to all elements of a multi_array Simple overload

Definition at line 80 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.6 for_each() [2/4]

Function to apply a function to all elements of a multi_array.

Definition at line 59 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.7 for_each() [3/4]

Function to apply a function to all elements of a multi_array Simple overload

Definition at line 51 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.8 for_each() [4/4]

Function to apply a function to all elements of a multi_array.

Definition at line 66 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.9 getIndex()

Gets the index of one element in a multi_array in one axis.

Definition at line 27 of file np.hpp.

```
00028 {
00029     int offset = requestedElement - m.origin();
00030     return (offset / m.strides()[direction] % m.shape()[direction] + m.index_bases()[direction]);
00031 }
```

6.1.4.10 getIndexArray()

Gets the index of one element in a multi array.

Definition at line 36 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.11 gradient()

Takes the gradient of a n-dimensional multi_array Todo: Actually implement the gradient calculation

Definition at line 89 of file np.hpp.

```
00090
               // static_assert(args.size() == ND, "Number of arguments must match the number of dimensions
       of the array");
00092
              using arrayIndex = boost::multi_array<double, ND>::index;
00093
00094
              using ndIndexArray = boost::array<arrayIndex, ND>;
00095
00096
               // constexpr std::size_t n = sizeof...(Args);
00097
              std::size_t n = args.size();
00098
               // std::tuple<Args...> store(args...);
00099
               std::vector<double> arg_vector = args;
00100
              boost::multi_array<double, ND> my_array;
              std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, ND» output_arrays;</pre>
00101
00102
               for (std::size t i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
00103
00104
                  boost::multi_array<double, ND> dfdh = inArray;
00105
                  output_arrays.push_back(dfdh);
00106
              }
00107
00108
              ndArrayValue *p = inArray.data();
              ndIndexArray index;
00109
               for (std::size_t i = 0; i < inArray.num_elements(); i++)</pre>
00110
00111
00112
                   index = getIndexArray(inArray, p);
00113
00114
                   std::cout « "Index: ";
                   for (std::size_t j = 0; j < n; j++)
00115
00116
00117
                       std::cout « index[j] « " ";
00118
00119
                   std::cout « "\n";
00120
                   */
00121
                   // Calculating the gradient now
00122
                      j is the axis/dimension
00123
                   for (std::size_t j = 0; j < n; j++)
00124
00125
                       ndIndexArray index_high = index;
00126
                       double dh high;
00127
                       if ((long unsigned int)index_high[j] < inArray.shape()[j] - 1)</pre>
00128
00129
                           index_high[j] += 1;
00130
                           dh_high = arg_vector[j];
00131
00132
                       else
00133
                       {
00134
                           dh_high = 0;
00135
00136
                       ndIndexArray index_low = index;
00137
                       double dh_low;
                       if (index_low[j] > 0)
00138
00139
00140
                           index_low[j] -= 1;
00141
                           dh_low = arg_vector[j];
00142
00143
                       else
00144
                       {
00145
                           dh low = 0;
00147
00148
                       double dh = dh_high + dh_low;
                       double gradient = (inArray(index_high) - inArray(index_low)) / dh;
// std::cout « gradient « "\n";
00149
00150
00151
                       output_arrays[j](index) = gradient;
00152
                   // std::cout « " value = " « inArray(index) « " check = " « *p « std::endl;
00153
00154
                   ++p;
00155
00156
              return output_arrays;
00157
```

6.1.4.12 linspace()

Implements the numpy linspace function.

Definition at line 160 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.13 log() [1/2]

Implements the numpy log function on multi arrays.

Definition at line 303 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.14 log() [2/2]

Implements the numpy log function on scalars.

Definition at line 311 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.15 max() [1/2]

Implements the numpy max function for an n-dimensionl multi array.

```
Definition at line 383 of file np.hpp.
```

```
00385
              T \max = 0;
00386
              bool max_not_set = true;
00387
              const T *data_pointer = input_array.data();
              for (std::size_t i = 0; i < input_array.num_elements(); i++)</pre>
00388
00389
00390
                  T element = *data_pointer;
00391
                   if (max_not_set || element > max)
00392
00393
                      max = element;
00394
                      max_not_set = false;
00395
00396
                   ++data_pointer;
00397
00398
              return max;
00399
```

6.1.4.16 max() [2/2]

Implements the numpy max function for an variadic number of arguments.

Definition at line 403 of file np.hpp.

```
00404
              T max = input1;
00405
00406
              for (T input : {inputs...})
00407
00408
                   if (input > max)
00409
                  {
00410
                      max = input;
00411
00412
00413
              return max;
00414
```

6.1.4.17 meshgrid()

Implementation of meshgrid TODO: Implement sparsing=true If the indexing type is xx, then reverse the order of the first two elements of ci if the number of dimensions is 2 or 3 In accordance with the numpy implementation

```
Definition at line 183 of file np.hpp.
```

```
00185
               using arrayIndex = boost::multi_array<double, ND>::index;
00186
               using ndIndexArray = boost::array<arrayIndex, ND>;
00187
               std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, ND» output_arrays;</pre>
               boost::multi_array<double, 1> ci[ND];
// Copy elements of cinput to ci, do the proper inversions
00188
00189
00190
               for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00191
00192
                   std::size_t source = i;
                   if (indexing_type == xy && (ND == 3 || ND == 2))
00193
00194
00195
                        switch (i)
00196
00197
                       case 0:
00198
                          source = 1;
00199
                           break;
00200
                       case 1:
                          source = 0;
00201
00202
                           break;
00203
                       default:
00204
                           break;
00205
00206
00207
                   ci[i] = boost::multi_array<double, 1>();
                   ci[i].resize(boost::extents[cinput[source].num_elements()]);
00209
                   ci[i] = cinput[source];
00210
               // Deducing the extents of the N-Dimensional output
00211
00212
               boost::detail::multi_array::extent_gen<ND> output_extents;
00213
               std::vector<size_t> shape_list;
00214
               for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00215
00216
                   shape_list.push_back(ci[i].shape()[0]);
00217
               std::copy(shape_list.begin(), shape_list.end(), output_extents.ranges_.begin());
00218
00219
               // Creating the output arrays
00221
               for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00222
00223
                   boost::multi_array<double, ND> output_array(output_extents);
                   ndArrayValue *p = output_array.data();
ndIndexArray index;
00224
00225
00226
                   // Looping through the elements of the output array
00227
                   for (std::size_t j = 0; j < output_array.num_elements(); j++)</pre>
00228
00229
                       index = getIndexArray(output_array, p);
00230
                       boost::multi_array<double, 1>::index index_1d;
00231
                       index_1d = index[i];
                       output_array(index) = ci[i][index_1d];
00232
                       ++p;
00234
00235
                   output_arrays.push_back(output_array);
00236
00237
               return output_arrays;
00238
```

6.1.4.18 min()

Implements the numpy min function for an n-dimensionl multi array.

Definition at line 418 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.19 pow() [1/2]

Implements the numpy pow function on multi arrays.

Definition at line 318 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.20 pow() [2/2]

Implements the numpy pow function on scalars.

Definition at line 327 of file np.hpp.

```
00328 {
00329          return std::pow(input, exponent);
00330     }
```

6.1.4.21 sqrt() [1/2]

Implements the numpy sqrt function on multi arrays.

Definition at line 273 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.22 sqrt() [2/2]

Implements the numpy sqrt function on scalars.

Definition at line 281 of file np.hpp.

6.1.4.23 zeros()

Implements the numpy zeros function for an n-dimensionl multi array.

Definition at line 364 of file np.hpp.

```
00366
                     // Deducing the extents of the N-Dimensional output
00367
                     boost::detail::multi_array::extent_gen<ND> output_extents;
                     std::vector<size_t> shape_list;
for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00368
00369
00371
                           shape_list.push_back(dimensions_input[i]);
00372
                    std::copy(shape_list.begin(), shape_list.end(), output_extents.ranges_.begin());
// Applying a function to return zero always to all of its elements
boost::multi_array<T, ND> output_array(output_extents);
std::function<T(T)> zero_func = [](T input)
00373
00374
00375
00376
00377
                     { return 0; };
00378
                     return element_wise_apply(output_array, zero_func);
00379
```

Chapter 7

File Documentation

7.1 coeff.hpp

```
00002 // Created by Yan Cheng on 11/28/22.
00003 //
00004
00005 #ifndef WAVESIMC COEFF HPP
00006 #define WAVESIMC_COEFF_HPP
00008 #include "CustomLibraries/np.hpp"
00009 #include <math.h>
00010
00011
00012 boost::multi_array<double, 2> get_sigma_1(boost::multi_array<double, 1> x, double dx, int nx, int nz,
00013
                                                  double c_max, int n=10, double R=1e-3, int m=2)
00014 {
00015
          boost::multi_array<double, 2> sigma_1 = np::zeros(nx, nz);
          const double PML_width = n * dx;
const double sigma_max = - c_max * log(R) * (m+1) / (PML_width**(m+1));
00016
00017
00018
00019
          // TODO: max: find the maximum element in 1D array
          const double x_0 = max(x) - PML_width;
00021
00022
          // each column of sigma_1 is a 1D array named "polynomial"
00023
          boost::multi_array<double, 1> polynomial = np::zeros(nx);
00024
          for (int i=0; i<nx; i++)</pre>
00025
00026
              if (x[i] > x_0)
00027
00028
                   \ensuremath{//} TODO: Does math.h have an absolute value function?
00029
                   polynomial[i] = sigma_max * abs(x[i] - x_0)**m;
00030
                  polynomial[nx-i] = polynomial[i];
00031
00032
              else
00033
00034
                  polynomial[i] = 0;
00035
00036
         }
00037
00038
          // Copy 1D array into each column of 2D array
          for (int i=0; i<nx; i++)
              for (int j=0; i<nz; j++)
    sigma_1[i][j] = polynomial[i];</pre>
00040
00041
00042
00043
          return sigma_1;
00044 }
00045
00046
00047
00048 boost::multi_array<double, 2> get_sigma_2(boost::multi_array<double, 1> z, double dz, int nx, int nz,
00049
                                                  double c_max, int n=10, double R=1e-3, int m=2)
00050 {
00051
          boost::multi_array<double, 2> sigma_2 = np::zeros(nx, nz);
00052
          const double PML_width = n * dz;
00053
          const double sigma_max = - c_max * log(R) * (m+1) / (PML_width**(m+1));
00054
00055
          // TODO: max: find the maximum element in 1D array
00056
          const double z_0 = max(z) - PML_width;
00057
          // each column of sigma_1 is a 1D array named "polynomial"
```

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```
boost::multi_array<double, 1> polynomial = np::zeros(nz);
00060
           for (int j=0; j<nz; j++)</pre>
00061
00062
                if (z[j] > z_0)
00063
00064
                     // TODO: Does math.h have an absolute value function?
                     polynomial[j] = sigma_max * abs(z[j] - z_0)**m;
00065
00066
                     polynomial[nz-j] = polynomial[j];
00067
00068
                else
00069
                {
00070
                     polynomial[j] = 0;
00071
                }
00072
00073
00074
           // Copy 1D array into each column of 2D array \,
           for (int i=0; i<nx; i++)
    for (int j=0; i<nz; j++)
        sigma_1[i][j] = polynomial[j];</pre>
00075
00076
00078
00079
           return sigma 2;
00080 }
00081
00082 #endif //WAVESIMC_COEFF_HPP
```

7.2 computational.hpp

```
00001 //
00002 // Created by Yan Cheng on 11/28/22.
00003 //
00004
00005 #ifndef WAVESIMC_COMPUTATIONAL_HPP
00006 #define WAVESIMC_COMPUTATIONAL_HPP
00007
00008 boost::multi_array<double, 2> get_profile()
00009 {
00010
00011 }
00012
00013 #endif //WAVESIMC_COMPUTATIONAL_HPP
```

7.3 helper func.hpp

```
00001 //
00002 // Created by Yan Cheng on 11/28/22.
00003 //
00004
00005 #ifndef WAVESIMC_HELPER_FUNC_HPP
00006 #define WAVESIMC_HELPER_FUNC_HPP
00007
00008 #include "CustomLibraries/np.hpp"
00010 boost::multi_array<double, 2> dfdx(boost::multi_array<double, 2> f, double dx)
00011 {
00012
          std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 2» grad_f = np::gradient(f, {dx, dx});</pre>
00013
          return grad_f[0];
00014 }
00015
00016 boost::multi_array<double, 2> dfdz(boost::multi_array<double, 2> f, double dz)
00017 {
00018
          std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 2» grad_f = np::gradient(f, {dz, dz});</pre>
00019
          return grad_f[1];
00020 }
00021
00022 boost::multi_array<double, 2> d2fdx2(boost::multi_array<double, 2> f, double dx)
00023 {
00024
          boost::multi_array<double, 2 > f_x = dfdx(f, dx);
00025
          boost::multi_array<double, 2 > f_x = dfdx(f_x, dx);
00026
          return f_xx;
00027 }
00028
00029 boost::multi_array<double, 2> d2fdz2(boost::multi_array<double, 2> f, double dz)
00030 {
00031
          boost::multi_array<double, 2> f_z = dfdz(f, dz);
00032
          boost::multi_array<double, 2 > f_zz = dfdx(f_z, dz);
00033
          return f zz:
00034 }
00035
```

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```
00036 boost::multi_array<double, 2> divergence(boost::multi_array<double, 2> f1, boost::multi_array<double,
00037
                                                      double dx, double dz)
00038 {
           boost::multi_array<double, 2> f_x = dfdx(f1, dx);
boost::multi_array<double, 2> f_z = dfdx(f2, dz);
00039
00040
           // TODO: use element-wize add
00042
           div = f1 + f2;
00043
           return div;
00044 }
00045
00046
00047 #endif //WAVESIMC_HELPER_FUNC_HPP
```

7.4 solver.hpp

```
00001 //
00002 // Created by Yan Cheng on 11/28/22.
00003 //
00004
00005 #ifndef WAVESIMC_SOLVER_HPP
00006 #define WAVESIMC_SOLVER_HPP
00007
00008 #include "CustomLibraries/np.hpp"
00009 #include "helper_func.hpp"
00010
00011 boost::multi_array<double, 3> wave_solver(boost::multi_array<double, 2> c,
00012
                                                       double dt, double dx, double dz, int nt, int nx, int nz,
00013
                                                       boost::multi_array<double, 3> f,
00014
                                                       boost::multi_array<double, 2> sigma_1,
       boost::multi_array<double, 2> sigma 2)
00015 {
00016
            // TODO: "same shape" functionality of np::zeros
00017
           boost::multi_array<double, 3> u = np::zeros(nt, nx, nz);
00018
           boost::multi_array<double, 2> u_xx = np::zeros(nx, ny);
00019
           boost::multi_array<double, 2> u_zz = np::zeros(nx, ny);
           boost::multi_array<double, 2> q_1 = np::zeros(nx, ny);
boost::multi_array<double, 2> q_2 = np::zeros(nx, ny);
00020
00021
00022
00023
           // TODO: make multiplication between scalar and boost::multi_array<double, 2> work
00024
           // Basically we need to make \star and \star\star work
           const boost::multi_array<double, 2> C1 = 1 + dt * (sigma_1 + sigma_2)/((double) 2);
00025
00026
           // Question: Is ((double) 2) necessary?
           const boost::multi_array<double, 2> C2 = sigma_1 * sigma_2 * (dt**2) - 2;
const boost::multi_array<double, 2> C3 = 1 - dt*(sigma_1 + sigma_2)/2;
00027
00028
00029
           const boost::multi_array<double, 2> C4 = (dt*c)**2;
           const boost::multi_array<double, 2> C5 = 1 + dt*sigma_1/2;
const boost::multi_array<double, 2> C6 = 1 + dt*sigma_2/2;
00030
00031
           const boost::multi_array<double, 2> C7 = 1 - dt*sigma_1/2;
00032
           const boost::multi_array<double, 2> C8 = 1 - dt*sigma_2/2;
00033
00034
00035
           for (int n = 0; n < nt; n++)
00036
00037
               u_xx = d2fdx2(u[n], dx);
               u_zz = d2fdz2(u[n], dz);
00038
00039
                u[n+1] = (C4*(u_xx/(dx*2) + u_zz/(dz*2) - divergence(q_1*sigma_1, q_2*sigma_2, dx, dz) 
00040
                           + sigma_2*dfdx(q_1, dx) + sigma_1*dfdz(q_2, dz) + f[n]) .

C2 * u[n] - C3 * u[n-1]) / C1;
00041
00042
00043
               q_1 = (dt*dfdx(u[n], dx) + C7*q_1) / C5;

q_2 = (dt*dfdz(u[n], dx) + C8*q_2) / C6;
00044
00045
00046
                // Dirichlet boundary condition
00048
                for (int i = 0; i < nx; i++)</pre>
00049
00050
                    u[n+1][i][0] = 0;
00051
                    u[n+1][i][nx-1] = 0;
00052
00053
                for (int j = 0; j < nz; j++)
00054
00055
                    u[n+1][0][j] = 0;
00056
                    u[n+1][nz-1][j] = 0;
00057
00058
00059
           return u;
00060 }
00061
00062 #endif //WAVESIMC_SOLVER_HPP
```

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7.5 source.hpp

```
00001 //
00002 // Created by Yan Cheng on 11/28/22.
00003 //
00004
00005 #ifndef WAVESIMC_SOURCE_HPP
00006 #define WAVESIMC_SOURCE_HPP
00007
00008
00009 boost::multi_array<double, 3> ricker(int i_s, int j_s, double f=10, double amp=1e0, double shift=0.1)
00010 {
           const double pi = 3.141592654;
00012
00013
           boost::multi_array<double, 1> t = np::linspace(tmin, tmax, nt);
00014
00015
           // TODO: element-wise operators
          boost::multi_array<double, 1> pft2 = (pi * f * (t - shift))**2;
boost::multi_array<double, 1> r = amp * (1 - 2 * pft2) * exp(-pft2);
00016
00017
00018
00019
           boost::multi_array<double, 1> x = np.zeros(nx);
00020
           boost::multi_array<double, 1> z = np.zeros(nz);
          x[i_s] = 1.0;
z[j_s] = 1.0;
00021
00022
00023
           boost::multi_array<double, 3> TXZ = np::meshgrid(r, x, z, sparse=True, indexing='ij');
00024
00025
00026 }
00027
00028 #endif //WAVESIMC SOURCE HPP
```

7.6 wave.cpp

```
00001 \mathbin{//} For the core algorithm, we need six functionalities:
00002 // 1) create the computational domain,
00003 // 2) create a velocity profile (1 & 2 can be put together)
00004 // 3) create attenuation coefficients,
00005 // 4) create source functions,

00006 // 5) helper functions to compute eg. df/dx

00007 // 6) use all above to create a solver function for wave equation
80000
00009 // Standard IO libraries
00010 #include <iostream>
00011 #include <fstream>
00012 #include "CustomLibraries/np.hpp"
00013
00014 #include <math.h>
00015
00016 #include "solver.hpp"
00017 #include "computational.hpp"
00018 #include "coeff.hpp"
00019 #include "source.hpp"
00020 #include "helper_func.hpp"
00021
00022
00023 int main()
00024 {
00025
            double dx, dy, dz, dt;
00026
            dx = 1.0:
            dy = 1.0;
00027
00028
            dz = 1.0;
00029
00030
            std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 4>> my_arrays = np::gradient(A, {dx, dy, dz, dt});
00031
00032 1
```

7.7 np.hpp

```
00001 #ifndef NP_H_
00002 #define NP_H_
00003
00004 #include "boost/multi_array.hpp"
00005 #include "boost/array.hpp"
00006 #include "boost/cstdlib.hpp"
00007 #include <type_traits>
00008 #include <cassert>
00009 #include <iostream>
00010 #include <functional>
00011 #include <type_traits>
```

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```
00012
00019 namespace np
00020 {
00021
00022
          typedef double ndArrayValue;
00023
00025
           template <std::size_t ND>
00026
           inline boost::multi_array<ndArrayValue, ND>::index
00027
           getIndex(const boost::multi_array<ndArrayValue, ND> &m, const ndArrayValue *requestedElement,
       const unsigned short int direction)
00028
          {
00029
               int offset = requestedElement - m.origin();
00030
               return (offset / m.strides()[direction] % m.shape()[direction] + m.index_bases()[direction]);
00031
00032
00034
           template <std::size_t ND>
           inline boost::array<typename boost::multi_array<ndArrayValue, ND>::index, ND>
00035
00036
           getIndexArray(const boost::multi_array<ndArrayValue, ND> &m, const ndArrayValue *requestedElement)
00037
00038
               using indexType = boost::multi_array<ndArrayValue, ND>::index;
               boost::array<indexType, ND> _index;
for (unsigned int dir = 0; dir < ND; dir++)
00039
00040
00041
00042
                   _index[dir] = getIndex(m, requestedElement, dir);
00043
               }
00044
00045
               return _index;
00046
           }
00047
00050
           template <typename Array, typename Element, typename Functor>
00051
           inline void for_each(const boost::type<Element> &type_dispatch,
00052
                                 Array A, Functor &xform)
00053
00054
               for_each(type_dispatch, A.begin(), A.end(), xform);
00055
00056
00058
           template <typename Element, typename Functor>
           inline void for_each(const boost::type<Element> &, Element &Val, Functor &xform)
00060
          {
00061
               Val = xform(Val);
00062
00063
          template <typename Element, typename Iterator, typename Functor>
inline void for_each(const boost::type<Element> &type_dispatch,
00065
00066
                                 Iterator begin, Iterator end,
00067
00068
                                 Functor &xform)
00069
00070
               while (begin != end)
00071
               {
00072
                   for_each(type_dispatch, *begin, xform);
00073
                   ++begin;
00074
00075
           }
00076
00079
           template <typename Array, typename Functor>
00080
           inline void for each (Array &A, Functor xform)
00081
00082
               // Dispatch to the proper function
00083
               for_each(boost::type<typename Array::element>(), A.begin(), A.end(), xform);
00084
00085
00088
           template <long unsigned int ND>
00089
           inline constexpr std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, ND» gradient(boost::multi_array<double,</pre>
       ND> inArray, std::initializer_list<double> args)
00090
00091
               // static_assert(args.size() == ND, "Number of arguments must match the number of dimensions
       of the array");
00092
               using arrayIndex = boost::multi_array<double, ND>::index;
00093
00094
               using ndIndexArray = boost::array<arrayIndex, ND>;
00095
00096
               // constexpr std::size_t n = sizeof...(Args);
00097
               std::size_t n = args.size();
               // std::tuple<Args...> store(args...);
std::vector<double> arg_vector = args;
00098
00099
00100
               boost::multi_array<double, ND> my_array;
00101
               std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, ND» output_arrays;
00102
               for (std::size_t i = 0; i < n; i++)
00103
               {
                   boost::multi_array<double, ND> dfdh = inArray;
00104
00105
                   output_arrays.push_back(dfdh);
00106
               }
00107
00108
               ndArrayValue *p = inArray.data();
00109
               ndIndexArray index;
               for (std::size_t i = 0; i < inArray.num_elements(); i++)</pre>
00110
00111
```

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```
index = getIndexArray(inArray, p);
00113
                   std::cout « "Index: ";
00114
                   for (std::size_t j = 0; j < n; j++)
00115
00116
00117
                        std::cout « index[j] « " ";
00118
00119
                   std::cout « "\n";
00120
00121
                   // Calculating the gradient now
00122
                   \ensuremath{//} j is the axis/dimension
                   for (std::size_t j = 0; j < n; j++)</pre>
00123
00124
00125
                        ndIndexArray index_high = index;
00126
                        double dh_high;
00127
                        if ((long unsigned int)index_high[j] < inArray.shape()[j] - 1)</pre>
00128
00129
                            index_high[j] += 1;
00130
                            dh_high = arg_vector[j];
00131
00132
                        else
00133
00134
                            dh_high = 0;
00135
00136
                        ndIndexArray index_low = index;
00137
                        double dh_low;
00138
                        if (index_low[j] > 0)
00139
00140
                            index_low[j] -= 1;
00141
                            dh_low = arg_vector[j];
00142
00143
                        else
00144
00145
                            dh_low = 0;
00146
                        }
00147
00148
                        double dh = dh_high + dh_low;
                        double gradient = (inArray(index_high) - inArray(index_low)) / dh;
00150
                        // std::cout « gradient « "\n";
00151
                        output_arrays[j](index) = gradient;
00152
                   // std::cout « " value = " « inArray(index) « " check = " « *p « std::endl;
00153
00154
                   ++p;
00155
00156
               return output_arrays;
00157
          }
00158
00160
          inline boost::multi_array<double, 1> linspace(double start, double stop, long unsigned int num)
00161
00162
               double step = (stop - start) / (num - 1);
               boost::multi_array<double, 1> output(boost::extents[num]);
for (std::size_t i = 0; i < num; i++)</pre>
00163
00164
00165
00166
                   output[i] = start + i * step;
00167
00168
               return output;
00169
          }
00170
00171
          enum indexing
00172
00173
               XV,
00174
               ij
00175
          };
00176
00182
           template <long unsigned int ND>
00183
          inline std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, ND» meshgrid(const boost::multi_array<double, 1>
        (&cinput)[ND], bool sparsing = false, indexing indexing_type = xy)
00184
00185
               using arrayIndex = boost::multi_array<double, ND>::index;
               using ndIndexArray = boost::array<arrayIndex, ND>;
00186
00187
               std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, ND» output_arrays;</pre>
00188
               boost::multi_array<double, 1> ci[ND];
               // Copy elements of cinput to ci, do the proper inversions
for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00189
00190
00191
00192
                   std::size_t source = i;
00193
                    if (indexing_type == xy && (ND == 3 || ND == 2))
00194
00195
                        switch (i)
00196
                        case 0:
00197
00198
                           source = 1;
00199
                           break;
00200
                        case 1:
                          source = 0;
00201
00202
                           break;
00203
                       default:
```

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```
00204
                           break;
00205
00206
00207
                   ci[i] = boost::multi_array<double, 1>();
00208
                   ci[i].resize(boost::extents[cinput[source].num_elements()]);
00209
                   ci[i] = cinput[source];
00210
00211
               // Deducing the extents of the N-Dimensional output
00212
               boost::detail::multi_array::extent_gen<ND> output_extents;
              std::vector<size_t> shape_list;
for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00213
00214
00215
              {
00216
                   shape list.push back(ci[i].shape()[0]);
00217
00218
              std::copy(shape_list.begin(), shape_list.end(), output_extents.ranges_.begin());
00219
              \ensuremath{//} Creating the output arrays
00220
00221
               for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00222
00223
                   boost::multi_array<double, ND> output_array(output_extents);
00224
                   ndArrayValue *p = output_array.data();
00225
                   ndIndexArray index;
00226
                   \ensuremath{//} Looping through the elements of the output array
00227
                   for (std::size_t j = 0; j < output_array.num_elements(); j++)</pre>
00228
00229
                       index = getIndexArray(output_array, p);
00230
                       boost::multi_array<double, 1>::index index_1d;
00231
                       index_1d = index[i];
00232
                       output_array(index) = ci[i][index_1d];
00233
                       ++p;
00234
00235
                  output arrays.push back(output array);
00236
00237
              return output_arrays;
00238
          }
00239
00241
          template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
          inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> element_wise_apply(const boost::multi_array<T, ND> &input_array,
       std::function<T(T)> func)
00243
00244
00245
              // Create output array copying extents
00246
              using arrayIndex = boost::multi array<double, ND>::index;
00247
              using ndIndexArray = boost::array<arrayIndex, ND>;
00248
              boost::detail::multi_array::extent_gen<ND> output_extents;
00249
              std::vector<size_t> shape_list;
00250
               for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00251
              {
00252
                   shape_list.push_back(input_array.shape()[i]);
00253
00254
               std::copy(shape_list.begin(), shape_list.end(), output_extents.ranges_.begin());
00255
              boost::multi_array<T, ND> output_array(output_extents);
00256
00257
               // Looping through the elements of the output array
00258
              const T *p = input_array.data();
00259
              ndIndexArray index;
               for (std::size_t i = 0; i < input_array.num_elements(); i++)</pre>
00260
00261
00262
                   index = getIndexArray(input_array, p);
00263
                   output_array(index) = func(input_array(index));
00264
                   ++p;
00265
00266
              return output_array;
00267
          }
00268
00269
          // Complex operations
00270
00272
          template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00273
          inline boost::multi array<T, ND> sgrt(const boost::multi array<T, ND> &input array)
00274
          {
00275
               std::function<T(T)> func = (T(*)(T))std::sqrt;
00276
              return element_wise_apply(input_array, func);
00277
          }
00278
00280
          template <class T>
          inline T sqrt (const T input)
00282
          {
00283
              return std::sqrt(input);
00284
          }
00285
00287
          template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00288
          inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> exp(const boost::multi_array<T, ND> &input_array)
00289
          {
00290
               std::function < T(T) > func = (T(*)(T)) std::exp;
00291
               return element_wise_apply(input_array, func);
00292
          }
00293
```

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```
00295
          template <class T>
          inline T exp(const T input)
00296
00297
00298
              return std::exp(input);
00299
00300
00302
          template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00303
          inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> log(const boost::multi_array<T, ND> &input_array)
00304
00305
              std::function<T(T)> func = std::log<T>();
00306
              return element_wise_apply(input_array, func);
00307
          }
00308
00310
          template <class T>
00311
          inline T log(const T input)
00312
00313
              return std::log(input);
00314
          }
00315
00317
          template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
          inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> pow(const boost::multi_array<T, ND> &input_array, const T
00318
       exponent)
00319
              std::function<T(T)> pow_func = [exponent](T input)
00320
              return std::pow(input, exponent); );
return element_wise_apply(input_array, pow_func);
00321
00322
00323
00324
00326
          template <class T>
          inline T pow(const T input, const T exponent)
00327
00328
00329
              return std::pow(input, exponent);
00330
00331
00335
          template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
          boost::multi_array<T, ND> element_wise_duo_apply(boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &lhs,
00336
       boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &rhs, std::function<T(T, T)> func)
00337
00338
              // Create output array copying extents
00339
              using arrayIndex = boost::multi_array<double, ND>::index;
00340
              using ndIndexArray = boost::array<arrayIndex, ND>;
              boost::detail::multi_array::extent_gen<ND> output_extents;
00341
00342
              std::vector<size_t> shape_list;
              for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00343
00344
              {
00345
                  shape_list.push_back(lhs.shape()[i]);
00346
00347
              std::copy(shape_list.begin(), shape_list.end(), output_extents.ranges_.begin());
00348
              boost::multi_array<T, ND> output_array(output_extents);
00349
00350
              // Looping through the elements of the output array
00351
              const T *p = lhs.data();
00352
              ndIndexArray index;
00353
              for (std::size_t i = 0; i < lhs.num_elements(); i++)</pre>
00354
              {
00355
                  index = getIndexArray(lhs, p);
                  output_array(index) = func(lhs(index), rhs(index));
00356
00357
                  ++p;
00358
00359
              return output_array;
00360
          }
00361
00363
          template <typename T, typename inT, long unsigned int ND>
          requires std::is_integral<inT>::value && std::is_arithmetic<T>::value inline constexpr
00364
       boost::multi_array<T, ND> zeros(inT (&dimensions_input)[ND])
00365
00366
              // Deducing the extents of the N-Dimensional output
00367
              boost::detail::multi_array::extent_gen<ND> output_extents;
00368
              std::vector<size_t> shape_list;
              for (std::size_t i = 0; i < ND; i++)</pre>
00369
00370
00371
                  shape_list.push_back(dimensions_input[i]);
00372
              std::copy(shape_list.begin(), shape_list.end(), output_extents.ranges_.begin());
00373
00374
              // Applying a function to return zero always to all of its elements
00375
              boost::multi_array<T, ND> output_array(output_extents);
00376
              std::function<T(T)> zero_func = [](T input)
00377
              { return 0; };
00378
              return element_wise_apply(output_array, zero_func);
00379
          }
00380
00382
          template <typename T, long unsigned int ND>
          requires std::is_arithmetic<T>::value inline constexpr T max(boost::multi_array<T, ND> const
       &input_array)
00384
              T max = 0:
00385
00386
              bool max not set = true;
```

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```
const T *data_pointer = input_array.data();
00388
               for (std::size_t i = 0; i < input_array.num_elements(); i++)</pre>
00389
00390
                  T element = *data_pointer;
00391
                   if (max_not_set || element > max)
00392
                       max = element;
00393
00394
                      max_not_set = false;
00395
00396
                   ++data_pointer;
00397
              }
00398
              return max:
00399
          }
00400
00402
          template <class T, class... Ts, class = std::enable_if_t<(std::is_same_v<T, Ts> && ...)>
00403
          requires std::is_arithmetic<T>::value inline constexpr T max(T input1, Ts... inputs)
00404
00405
              T \max = input1;
00406
              for (T input : {inputs...})
00407
00408
                   if (input > max)
00409
00410
                       max = input;
00411
                   }
00412
00413
              return max;
00414
00415
          template <typename T, long unsigned int ND>
requires std::is_arithmetic<T>::value inline constexpr T min(boost::multi_array<T, ND> const
00417
00418
       &input_array)
00419
00420
              T \min = 0;
00421
              bool min_not_set = true;
00422
              const T *data_pointer = input_array.data();
              for (std::size_t i = 0; i < input_array.num_elements(); i++)</pre>
00423
00424
00425
                  T element = *data_pointer;
00426
                   if (min_not_set || element < min)</pre>
00427
00428
                       min = element;
00429
                      min_not_set = false;
00430
00431
                   ++data_pointer;
00432
00433
              return min;
00434
00435
00437
          template <class T, class... Ts, class = std::enable_if_t<(std::is_same_v<T, Ts> && ...)»
          inline constexpr T min(T input1, Ts... inputs) requires std::is_arithmetic<T>::value
00438
00439
00440
              T min = input1;
00441
              for (T input : {inputs...})
00442
                   if (input < min)</pre>
00443
00444
                   {
00445
                       min = input;
00446
                   }
00447
00448
               return min;
00449
          }
00450 }
00451
00452 // Override of operators in the boost::multi_array class to make them more np-like
00453 // Basic operators
00454 // All of the are element-wise
00455
00456 // Multiplication operator
00458 template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00459 inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator*(boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &lhs, boost::multi_array<T,
       ND> const &rhs)
00460 {
00461
          std::function < T(T, T) > func = std::multiplies < T > ();
00462
          return np::element_wise_duo_apply(lhs, rhs, func);
00463 }
00466 template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00467 inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator*(T const &lhs, boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &rhs)
00468 {
00469
          std::function<T(T)> func = [lhs](T item)
00470
          { return lhs * item; };
00471
          return np::element_wise_apply(rhs, func);
00472 }
00474 template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00475 inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator*(boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &lhs, T const &rhs)
00476 {
00477
          return rhs * lhs:
```

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```
00478 }
00479
00480 // Plus operator
00482 template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00483 boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator+(boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &lhs, boost::multi_array<T, ND>
       const &rhs)
00484 {
00485
          std::function<T(T, T)> func = std::plus<T>();
00486
          return np::element_wise_duo_apply(lhs, rhs, func);
00487 }
00488
00490 template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00491 inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator+(T const &lhs, boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &rhs)
00492 {
00493
          std::function<T(T)> func = [lhs](T item)
00494
          { return lhs + item; };
00495
          return np::element_wise_apply(rhs, func);
00496 }
00499 template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00500 inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator+(boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &lhs, T const &rhs)
00501 {
00502
          return rhs + lhs;
00503 }
00504
00505 // Subtraction operator
00507 template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00508 boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator-(boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &lhs, boost::multi_array<T, ND>
       const &rhs)
00509 {
00510
          std::function<T(T, T)> func = std::minus<T>();
00511
          return np::element wise duo apply(lhs, rhs, func);
00512 }
00513
00515 template <class T, long unsigned int ND> \,
00516 inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator-(T const &lhs, boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &rhs)
00517 {
          std::function<T(T)> func = [lhs](T item)
00519
          { return lhs - item; };
00520
         return np::element_wise_apply(rhs, func);
00521 }
00522
00524 template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00525 inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator-(boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &lhs, T const &rhs)
00526 {
00527
          return rhs - lhs;
00528 }
00529
00530 // Division operator
00532 template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00533 boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator/(boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &lhs, boost::multi_array<T, ND>
00534 {
00535
          std::function<T(T, T)> func = std::divides<T>();
00536
          return np::element_wise_duo_apply(lhs, rhs, func);
00537 }
00540 template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00541 inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator/(T const &lhs, boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &rhs)
00542 {
00543
          std::function<T(T)> func = [lhs](T item)
00544
          { return lhs / item; };
00545
          return np::element_wise_apply(rhs, func);
00546 }
00547
00549 template <class T, long unsigned int ND>
00550 inline boost::multi_array<T, ND> operator/(boost::multi_array<T, ND> const &lhs, T const &rhs)
00551 {
          return rhs / lhs;
00552
00553 }
00554
00556 #endif
```

7.8 main.cpp

```
00001 #include <iostream>
00002 #include <string>
00003 #include "ExternalLibraries/cxxopts.hpp"
00004 #include "CustomLibraries/np.hpp"
00005
00006 // Command line arguments
00007 cxxopts::Options options("WaveSimC", "A wave propagation simulator written in C++ for seismic data processing.");
```

7.9 variadic.cpp 39

7.9 variadic.cpp

```
00001 #include "boost/multi_array.hpp"
00002 #include "boost/array.hpp"
00003 #include "CustomLibraries/np.hpp"
00004 #include <cassert>
00005 #include <iostream>
00007 void test_gradient()
00008 {
00009
             // Create a 4D array that is 3 \times 4 \times 2 \times 1
00010
            typedef boost::multi_array<double, 4>::index index;
00011
            boost::multi_array<double, 4> A(boost::extents[3][4][2][2]);
00012
00013
             // Assign values to the elements
00014
            int values = 0;
00015
            for (index i = 0; i != 3; ++i)
                 for (index j = 0; j != 4; ++j)

for (index k = 0; k != 2; ++k)

for (index l = 0; l != 2; ++l)
00016
00017
00019
                                A[i][j][k][l] = values++;
00020
            // Verify values
00021
00022
            int verify = 0;
for (index i = 0; i != 3; ++i)
00023
                for (index j = 0; j != 4; ++j)

for (index k = 0; k != 2; ++k)

for (index l = 0; l != 2; ++l)
00024
00025
00026
                               assert(A[i][j][k][l] == verify++);
00027
00028
00029
            double dx, dy, dz, dt;
00030
            dx = 1.0;
00031
            dy = 1.0;
00032
            dt = 1.0;
00033
00034
            std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 4> my_arrays = np::gradient(A, {dx, dy, dz, dt});
00035
00036
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> x = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
            std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 1» gradf = np::gradient(x, {1.0});</pre>
00038
            for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
00039
00040
                 std::cout « gradf[0][i] « ",";
00041
00042
            std::cout « "\n";
00043
            // np::print(std::cout, my_arrays[0]);
00044 }
00045
00046 void test_meshgrid()
00047 {
00048
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> x = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> y = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
boost::multi_array<double, 1> z = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
00050
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> t = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
const boost::multi_array<double, 1> axis[4] = {x, y, z, t};
std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 4> my_arrays = np::meshgrid(axis, false, np::xy);
00051
00052
00053
00054
            // np::print(std::cout, my_arrays[0]);
            int nx = 3;
int ny = 2;
00055
00056
00057
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> x2 = np::linspace(0, 1, nx);
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> y2 = np::linspace(0, 1, ny);
00058
            const boost::multi_array<double, 1> axis2[2] = {x2, y2};
std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 2> my_arrays2 = np::meshgrid(axis2, false, np::xy);
00059
00060
00061
            std::cout « "xv\n";
            for (int i = 0; i < ny; i++)
00062
00063
00064
                 for (int j = 0; j < nx; j++)
00065
00066
                      std::cout « my_arrays2[0][i][j] « " ";
00067
                 std::cout « "\n";
```

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```
00069
00070
            std::cout « "yv\n";
00071
            for (int i = 0; i < ny; i++)
00072
00073
                 for (int j = 0; j < nx; j++)
00074
00075
                     std::cout « my_arrays2[1][i][j] « " ";
00076
00077
                std::cout « "\n";
00078
            }
00079 }
00080
00081 void test_complex_operations()
00082 {
00083
            int nx = 3;
            int ny = 2;
00084
           boost::multi_array<double, 1> x = np::linspace(0, 1, nx);
boost::multi_array<double, 1> y = np::linspace(0, 1, ny);
const boost::multi_array<double, 1> axis[2] = {x, y};
00085
00086
00087
00088
            std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 2» my_arrays = np::meshgrid(axis, false, np::xy);</pre>
00089
            boost::multi_array<double, 2> A = np::sqrt(my_arrays[0]);
            std::cout « "sqrt\n";
for (int i = 0; i < ny; i++)
00090
00091
00092
            {
00093
                 for (int j = 0; j < nx; j++)
00094
00095
                     std::cout « A[i][j] « " ";
00096
00097
                std::cout « "\n";
00098
00099
            std::cout « "\n";
00100
            float a = 100.0;
00101
            float sqa = np::sqrt(a);
            std::cout « "sqrt of " « a « " is " « sqa « "\n";
std::cout « "exp\n";
00102
00103
            boost::multi_array<double, 2> B = np::exp(my_arrays[0]);
00104
00105
            for (int i = 0; i < ny; i++)
00106
00107
                 for (int j = 0; j < nx; j++)
00108
00109
                     std::cout « B[i][j] « " ";
00110
                std::cout « "\n";
00111
00112
            }
00113
00114
            std::cout « "Power\n";
           boost::multi_array<double, 1> x2 = np::linspace(1, 3, nx);
boost::multi_array<double, 1> y2 = np::linspace(1, 3, ny);
00115
00116
           const boost::multi_array<double, 1> axis2[2] = {x2, y2};
std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 2> my_arrays2 = np::meshgrid(axis2, false, np::xy);
00117
00118
00119
            boost::multi_array<double, 2> C = np::pow(my_arrays2[1], 2.0);
00120
            for (int i = 0; i < ny; i++)</pre>
00121
00122
                for (int j = 0; j < nx; j++)
00123
                {
00124
                     std::cout « C[i][j] « " ";
00125
00126
                std::cout « "\n";
00127
            }
00128 }
00129
00130 void test_equal()
00131 {
00132
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> x = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
00133
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> y = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> z = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
00134
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> t = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
00135
            const boost::multi_array<double, 1> axis[4] = {x, y, z, t};
00136
            std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 4» my_arrays = np::meshgrid(axis, false, np::xy);
00137
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> x2 = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
00138
           boost::multi_array<double, 1> y2 = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
boost::multi_array<double, 1> z2 = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
00139
00140
           boost::multi_array<double, 1> t2 = np::linspace(0, 1, 5);
const boost::multi_array<double, 1> axis2[4] = {x2, y2, z2, t2};
std::vector<br/>sulti_array<double, 4> my_arrays2 = np::meshgrid(axis2, false, np::xy);
00141
00142
00143
00144
            std::cout « "equality test:\n";
00145
            std::cout « (bool) (my_arrays == my_arrays2) « "\n";
00146 }
00147 void test_basic_operations()
00148 {
00149
            int nx = 3;
            int ny = 2;
00150
00151
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> x = np::linspace(0, 1, nx);
            boost::multi_array<double, 1> y = np::linspace(0, 1, ny);
00152
00153
            const boost::multi_array<double, 1> axis[2] = {x, y};
            std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 2» my_arrays = np::meshgrid(axis, false, np::xy);</pre>
00154
00155
```

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```
std::cout « "basic operations:\n";
00157
00158
           std::cout « "addition:\n";
          boost::multi_array<double, 2> A = my_arrays[0] + my_arrays[1];
00159
00160
00161
           for (int i = 0; i < nv; i++)
00162
00163
               for (int j = 0; j < nx; j++)
00164
               {
                   std::cout « A[i][j] « " ";
00165
00166
00167
               std::cout « "\n";
00168
           }
00169
00170
           std::cout « "multiplication:\n";
00171
          boost::multi_array<double, 2> B = my_arrays[0] * my_arrays[1];
00172
00173
           for (int i = 0; i < ny; i++)
00174
00175
               for (int j = 0; j < nx; j++)
00176
               {
                   std::cout « B[i][j] « " ";
00177
00178
               std::cout « "\n";
00179
00180
00181
           double coeff = 3;
00182
           boost::multi_array<double, 1> t = np::linspace(0, 1, nx);
00183
           boost::multi_array<double, 1> t_time_3 = coeff * t;
          boost::multi_array<double, 1> t_time_2 = 2.0 * t;
std::cout « "t_time_3: ";
00184
00185
00186
           for (int j = 0; j < nx; j++)
00187
          {
00188
               std::cout « t_time_3[j] « " ";
00189
           std::cout « "\n";
std::cout « "t_time_2: ";
00190
00191
           for (int j = 0; j < nx; j++)
00192
00193
00194
               std::cout « t_time_2[j] « " ";
00195
00196
           std::cout « "\n";
00197 }
00198
00199 void test_zeros()
00200 {
00201
           int nx = 3;
00202
           int ny = 2;
           int dimensions[] = {ny, nx};
00203
          boost::multi_array<double, 2> A = np::zeros<double>(dimensions);
std::cout « "zeros:\n";
00204
00205
           for (int i = 0; i < ny; i++)
00206
00207
00208
               for (int j = 0; j < nx; j++)
00209
00210
                   std::cout « A[i][j] « " ";
00211
00212
               std::cout « "\n";
00213
00214 }
00215
00216 void test_min_max()
00217 {
00218
           int nx = 24;
00219
           int ny = 5;
00220
           boost::multi_array<double, 1> x = np::linspace(0, 10, nx);
00221
          boost::multi_array<double, 1> y = np::linspace(-1, 1, ny);
          const boost::multi_array<double, 1> axis[2] = {x, y};
00222
          std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 2» my_array = np::meshgrid(axis, false, np::xy);
00223
          std::cout « "min: " « np::min(my_array[0]) « "\n";
00224
          std::cout « "max: " « np::max(my_array[1]) « "\n";
00225
          std::cout « "max simple: " « np::max(1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0) « "\n"; std::cout « "min simple: " « np::min(1, -2, 3, -4, 5) « "\n";
00226
00227
00228 }
00229
00230 void test_toy_problem()
00231 {
00232
           boost::multi_array<double, 1 > x = np::linspace(0, 1, 100);
00233
           boost::multi_array<double, 1> y = np::linspace(0, 1, 100);
00234
           // x = np::pow(x, 2.0);
           // y = np::pow(y, 3.0);
00235
00236
00237
           const boost::multi_array<double, 1> axis[2] = {x, y};
00238
          std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 2» XcY = np::meshgrid(axis, false, np::xy);</pre>
00239
          double dx, dy;
dx = 1.0 / 100.0;
dy = 1.0 / 100.0;
00240
00241
00242
```

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```
00243
00244
             boost::multi_array<double, 2> f = np::pow(XcY[0], 2.0) + XcY[0] * np::pow(XcY[1], 1.0);
00245
            // g.push_back(np::gradient(XcY[0], {dx, dy}));
// g.push_back(np::gradient(XcY[1], {dx, dy}));
std::vector<boost::multi_array<double, 2» gradf = np::gradient(f, {dx, dy});
// auto [gradfx_x, gradfx_y] = np::gradient(f, {dx, dy});</pre>
00246
00247
00248
00249
00250
             int i, j;
i = 10;
j = 20;
00251
00252
00253
00254
             std::cout   "df/dx at   = "   x[i]   " and   = "   y[j]   " is equal to "   gradf[0][i][j];
00255
00256
             std::cout « "\n";
00257 }
00258
00259 int main()
00260 {
00261
             test_gradient();
00262
             test_meshgrid();
00263
             test_complex_operations();
00264
             test_equal();
00265
             test_basic_operations();
00266
             test_zeros();
test_min_max();
00267
00268
             test_toy_problem();
00269 }
```