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The Finest Penetration Testing Framework for Software-Defined Networks

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#BHUSA / @BLACKHAT EVENTS

About us



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Contents



1. Motivation of DELTA
2. Software-Defined Networking (SDN)
 - SDN & OpenFlow basics
 - Security of SDN
3. DELTA framework
 - Architecture
 - Attack case demonstrations
4. Final remarks

Motivation of DELTA

- Why needed?
 - Software-defined Networking (SDN) are still prone to security threats
 - We need to run security tests against our SDNs
 - But, manually testing each attack is time consuming and annoying job
- DELTA can **AUTOMATICALLY...**
 - Construct an SDN security test environment
 - *(i) Reproduce the known attacks*
 - *(ii) Find new attacks by randomizing SDN control flow. (i.e., OpenFlow)*



Limitations of Traditional Networks

Image source: <https://peterskastner.wordpress.com/category/complexity/>



**Expensive network/security devices
(CAPEX)**

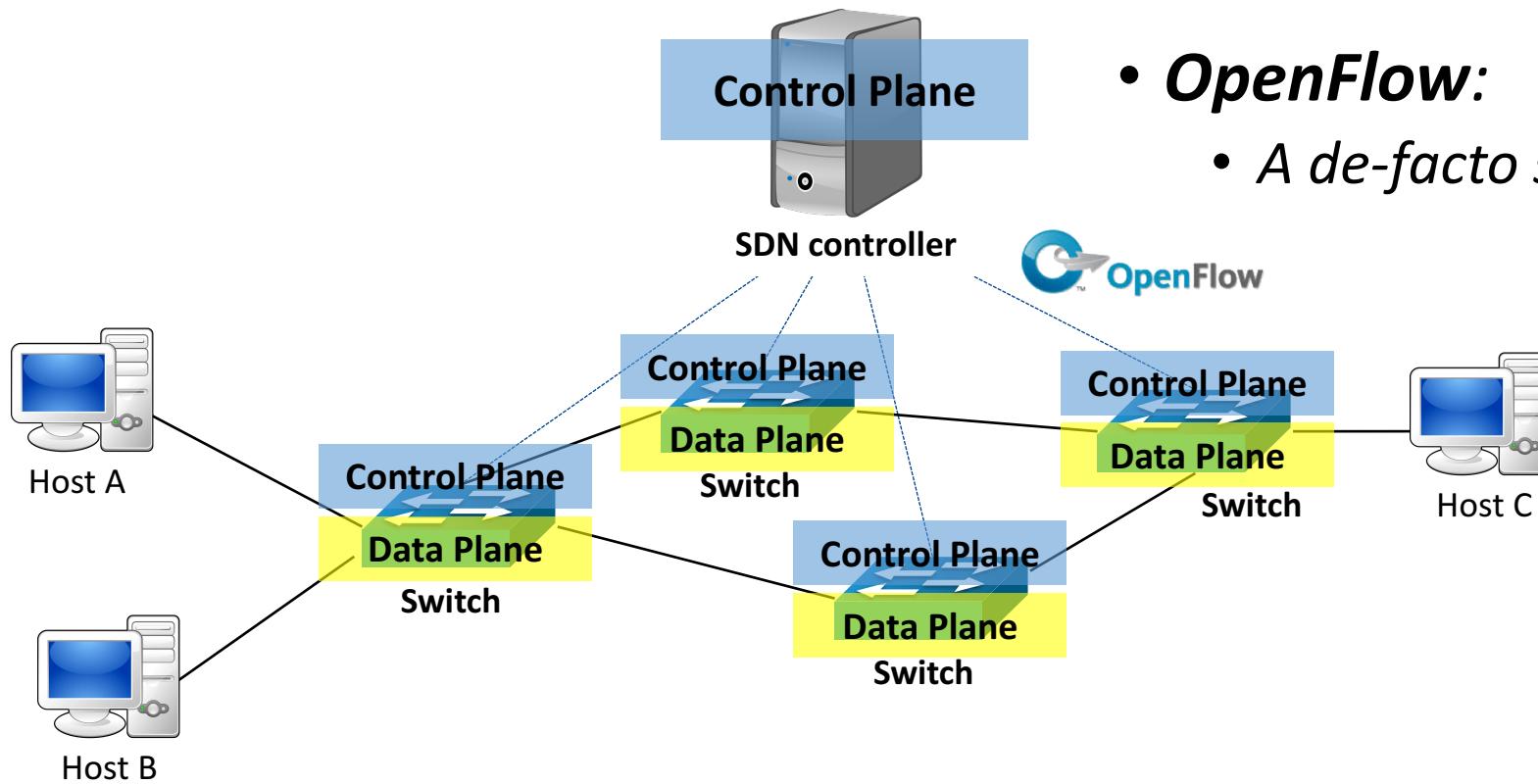
*Proprietary firmware
Specialized hardware
...*

Increased complexity of network management (OPEX)

*Complicated maintenance
Manual configuration
...*

Software-defined Networking (SDN)

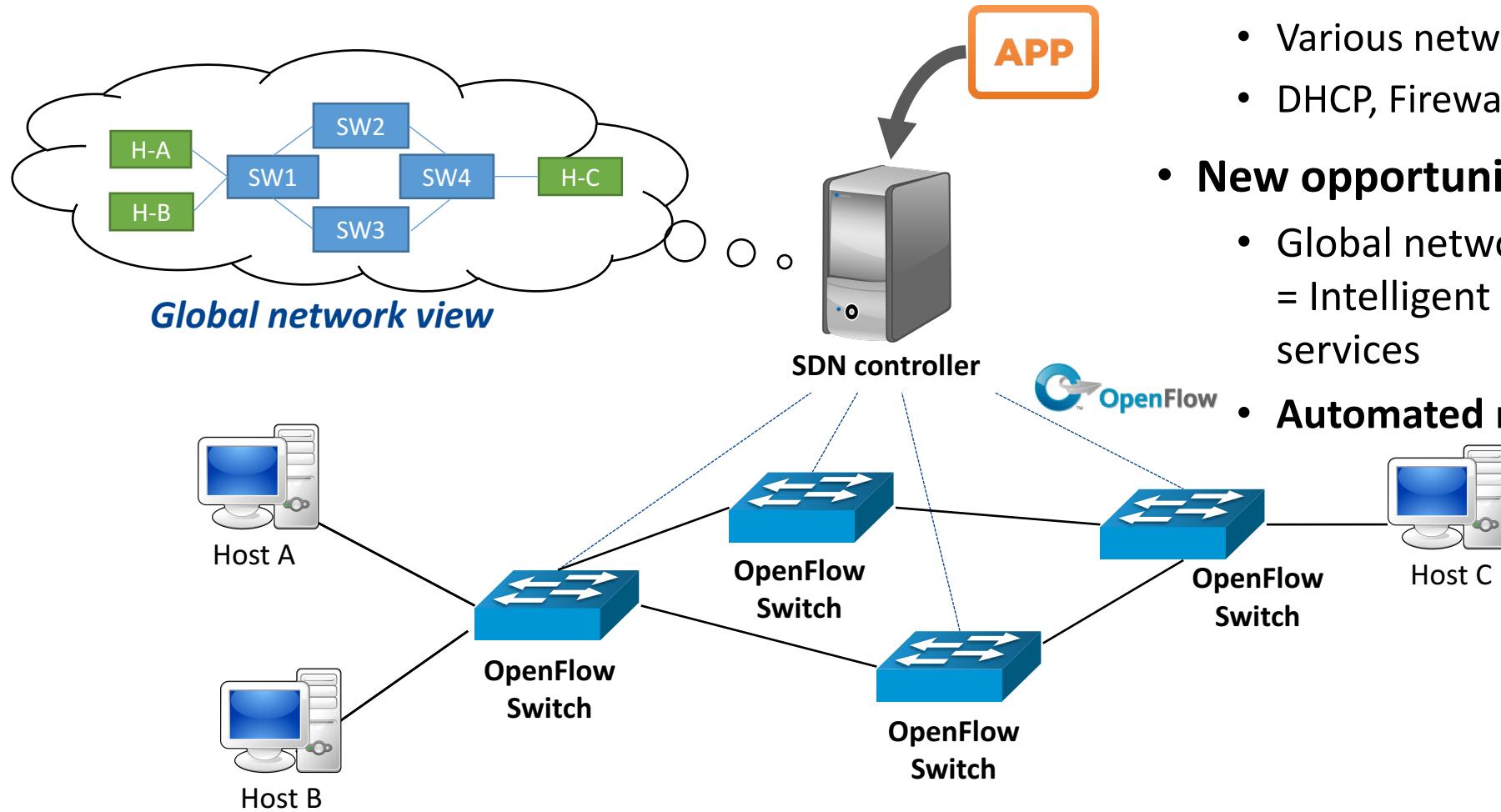
- **Separation & Centralization** of the control plane



- **OpenFlow:**

- A *de-facto standard SDN protocol*

SDN: New opportunities



- **Flexible** service customization
 - Various network functions in SDN APPs
 - DHCP, Firewall, DDoS detector, and etc.
- **New opportunities**
 - Global network view + SDN APPs
= Intelligent & innovative network/security services
 - **Automated** network management

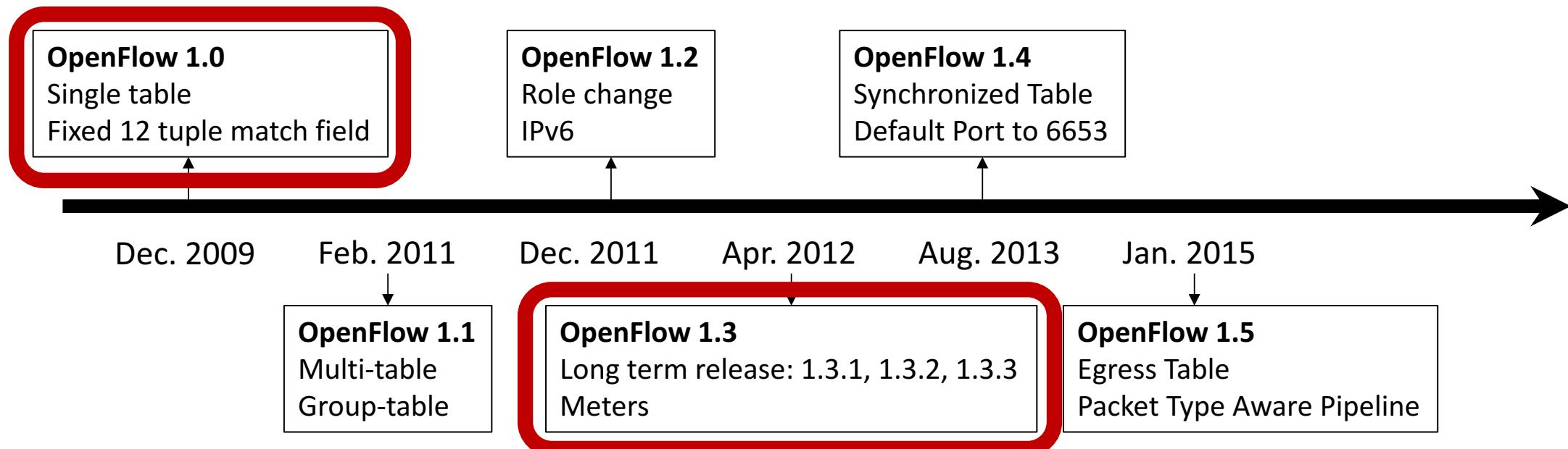
• *Global network view + APPs + Dynamic network control = PROGRAMMABLE NETWORK !!*

OpenFlow

- A De-facto standard protocol in SDN
- Maintained by ***Open Networking Foundation***
- Supported by 120+ industrial members
- Version timeline

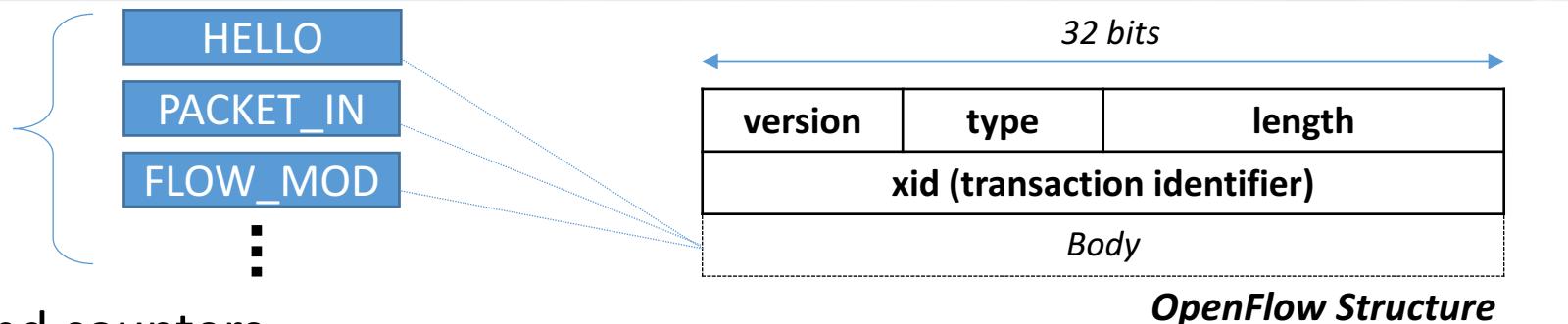


<https://www.opennetworking.org/>

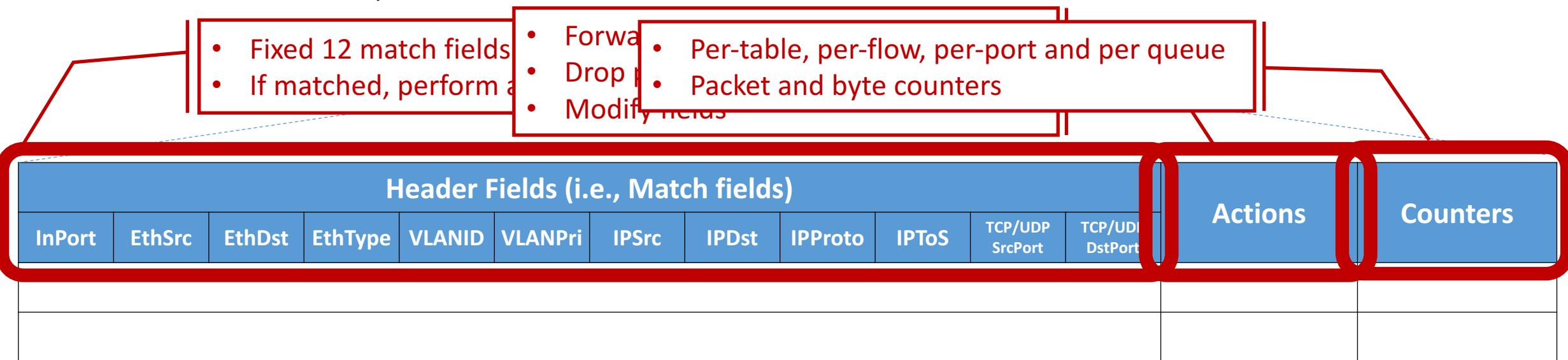


OpenFlow 1.0

- 22 message types
- Flow table structure
 - Header fields, actions and counters

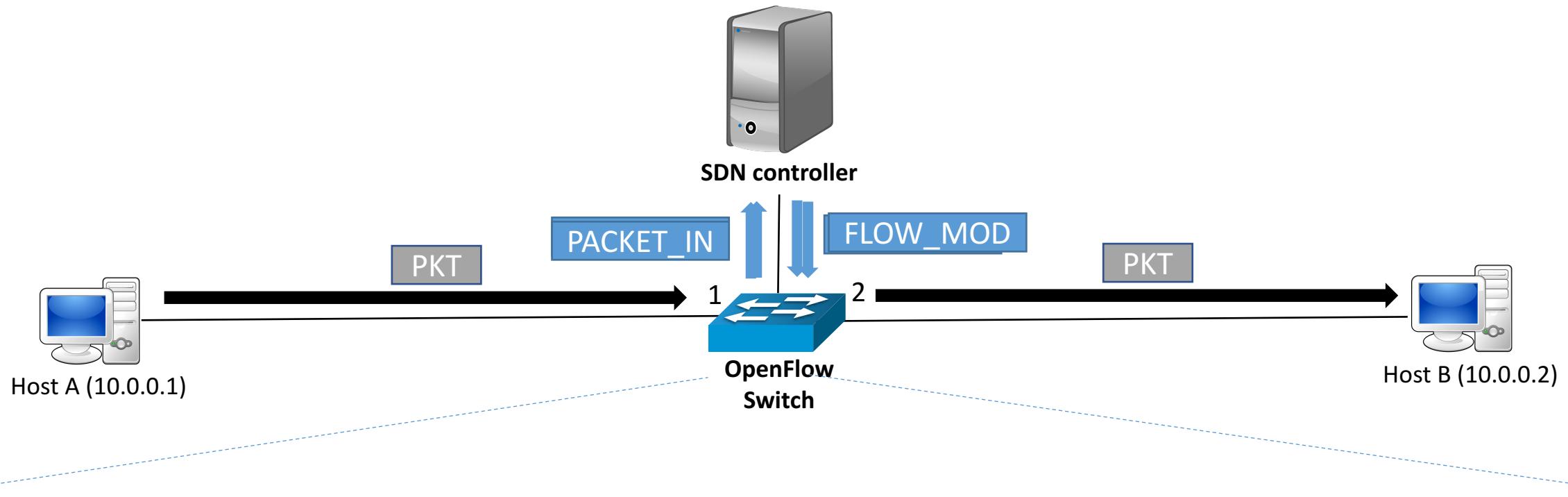


- Fixed 12 match fields
- If matched, perform a
- Forward
- Drop
- Modify
- Per-table, per-flow, per-port and per queue
- Packet and byte counters



Flow Table Structure

OpenFlow 1.0: Basic Operation



	Header Fields (i.e., Match fields)												Actions	Counters
Priority	InPort	EthSrc	EthDst	EthType	VLANID	VLANPri	IPSrc	IPDst	IPProto	IPToS	TCP/UDP SrcPort	TCP/UDP DstPort		
10	[InPort]: 1, [EthType]: 0x0800, [IPDst]: 10.0.0.2												Forward 2	P: 1, B: 64

OpenFlow 1.0 vs. OpenFlow 1.3

OpenFlow 1.0

- Released in Dec. 2009.
- 22 message types
- Single controller
- Single flow table
- Fixed 12 tuple match fields



OpenFlow 1.3

- Released in Apr. 2012.
- **30** message types
- **Multiple** controllers
- **Multiple** flow tables
- Extensible match (OXM)
- **Group** table
- **Meter** table
- Instruction (action set)

SDN adoption: Enterprise

Deutsche Telekom, AT&T, SKT team on 'xRAN' to bring SDN, NFV to the RAN

by Anne Morris | Oct 12, 2016 4:00pm

Source: <https://www.fiercewireless.com/europe/deutsche-telekom-touts-benefits-software-based-ran>

Facebook, Google use SDN to boost data center connectivity

by

Lee Doyle

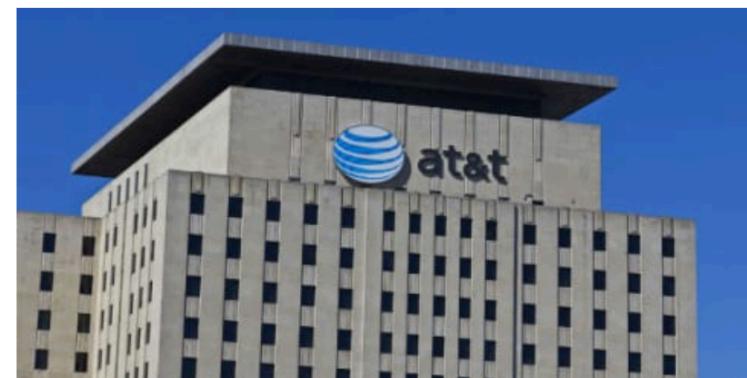
Doyle Research



Internet content providers like Facebook and Google are already using SDN to improve hyperscale data center connectivity. But more could be done.

Source: <http://searchsdn.techtarget.com/tip/Facebook-Google-use-SDN-to-boost-data-center-connectivity>

AT&T to Join Verizon in Working With KT on NFV, SDN, and 5G



Dan Meyer
June 15, 2017
10:44 am PT

AT&T is set to join Verizon in working with South Korean operator KT on software-defined networking (SDN), network functions virtualization (NFV), and 5G.

Source: <https://www.sdxcentral.com/articles/news/att-to-join-verizon-in-working-with-kt-on-nfv-sdn-and-5g/2017/06/>

SDN adoption: Military

DEFENSE

Pentagon considering push to software-defined networking



Source: <https://www.fedscoop.com/pentagon-considering-push-software-defined-networking/>

New Technology Approaches Can Solve Complex U.S. Navy Problems

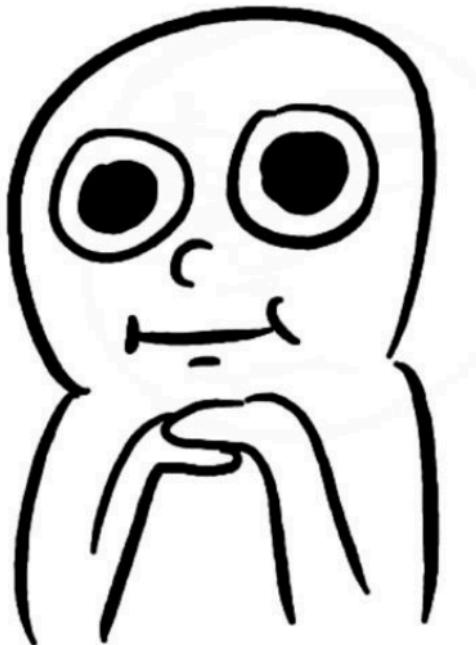
February 1, 2017

By Cmdr. Jamie Gateau, USN (Ret.)

**Software-defined networking, virtualization and orchestration enable [redacted]
[redacted] and enhance security, capability and flexibility ashore.**

U.S. Navy commanders often struggle to deliver uninterrupted communications at sea without the added complications of providing command and control in denied or degraded environments. They face a double whammy of operational and technical hurdles.

Source: <https://www.afcea.org/content/Article-new-technology-approaches-can-solve-complex-us-navy-problems>



But, what about SECURITY?

TAXONOMIC MODELING OF SECURITY THREATS IN SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKING

PRESENTED BY

Jennia Hizver

BlackHat USA 15' Briefing

ATTACKING SDN INFRASTRUCTURE: ARE WE READY FOR THE NEXT-GEN NETWORKING?

PRESENTED BY

Changhoon Yoon &
Seunasoo Lee

BlackHat USA 16' Briefing

FLOWFUZZ - A FRAMEWORK FOR FUZZING OPENFLOW-ENABLED SOFTWARE AND HARDWARE SWITCHES

Software-defined Networking (SDN) is a new networking paradigm which aims for increasing the flexibility of current network deployments by separating the data

DELTA: SDN SECURITY EVALUATION FRAMEWORK

Software-Defined Networking(SDN) has been an attractive paradigm for building future Internet architecture over the past few years. With a separation of the vendor

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Nicholas Gray & Thomas
Zinner & Phuoc Tran-Gia &
Manuel Sommer

BlackHat USA 17'
Briefing

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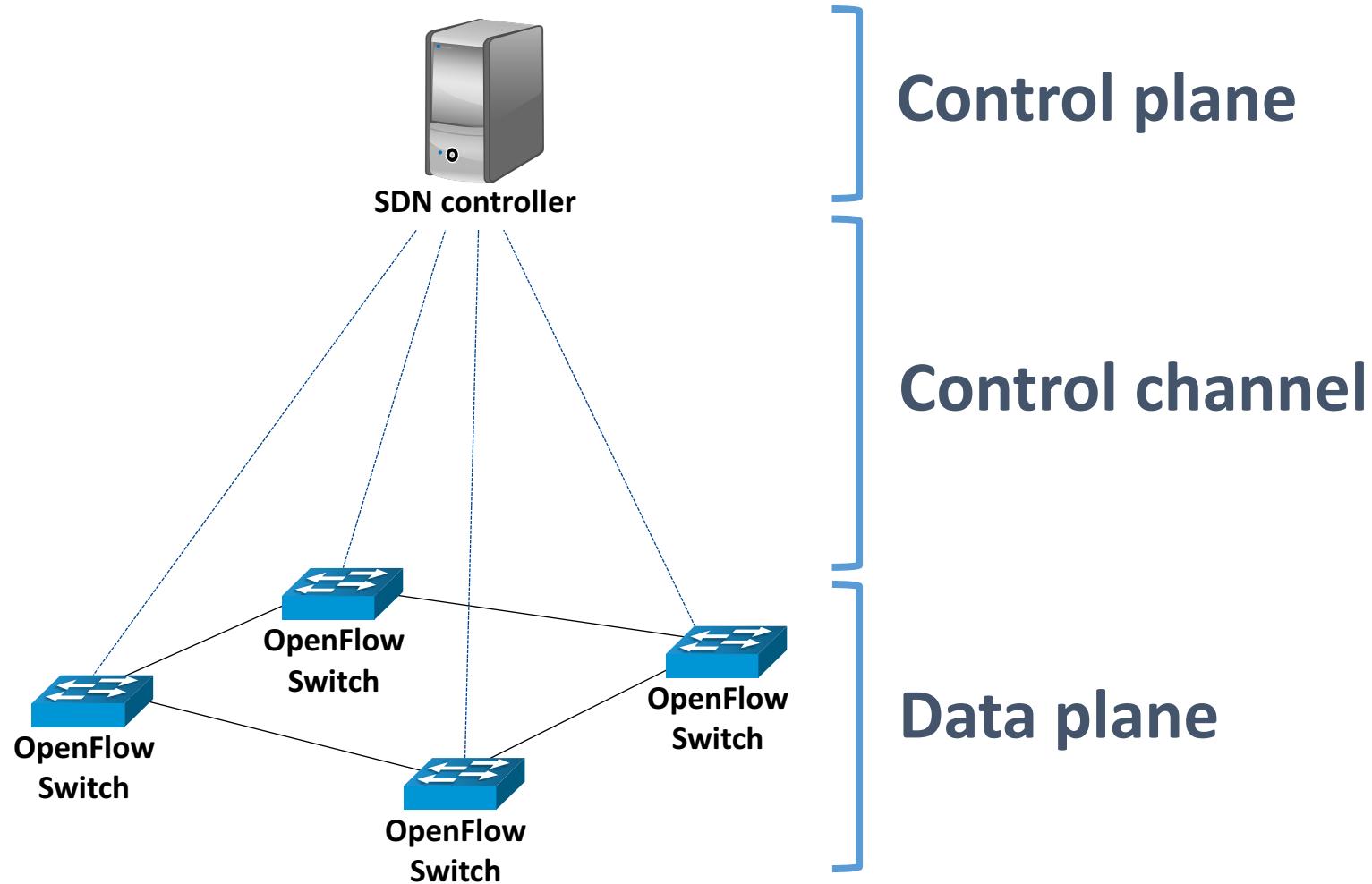
Seungsoo Lee & Jinwoo Kim
& Seungwon Shin

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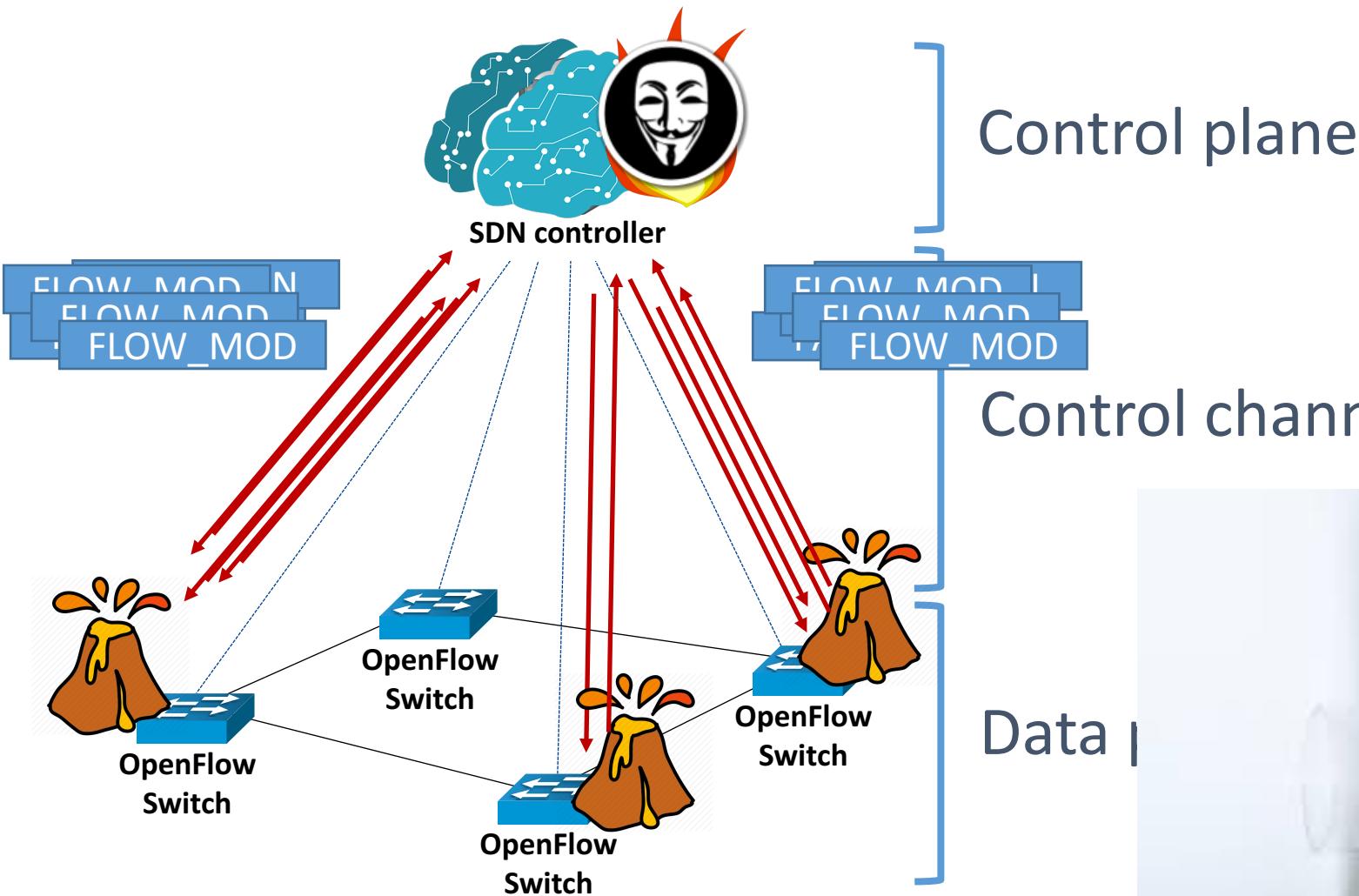
— Paper Counts

* Google scholar [scholar.google.com]

Attack Vectors in SDN architecture



Attack Examples



Control plane

Control channel

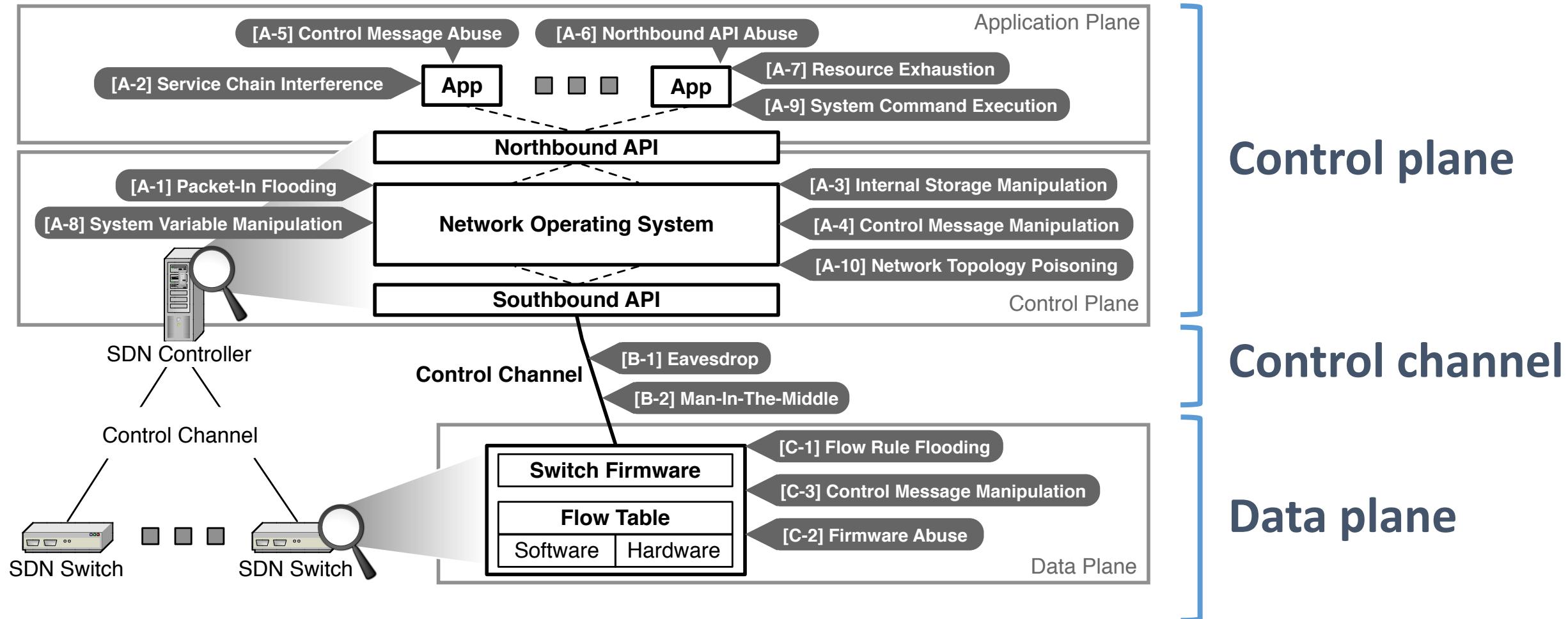
Data |

(e.g., Eavesdropping attack)



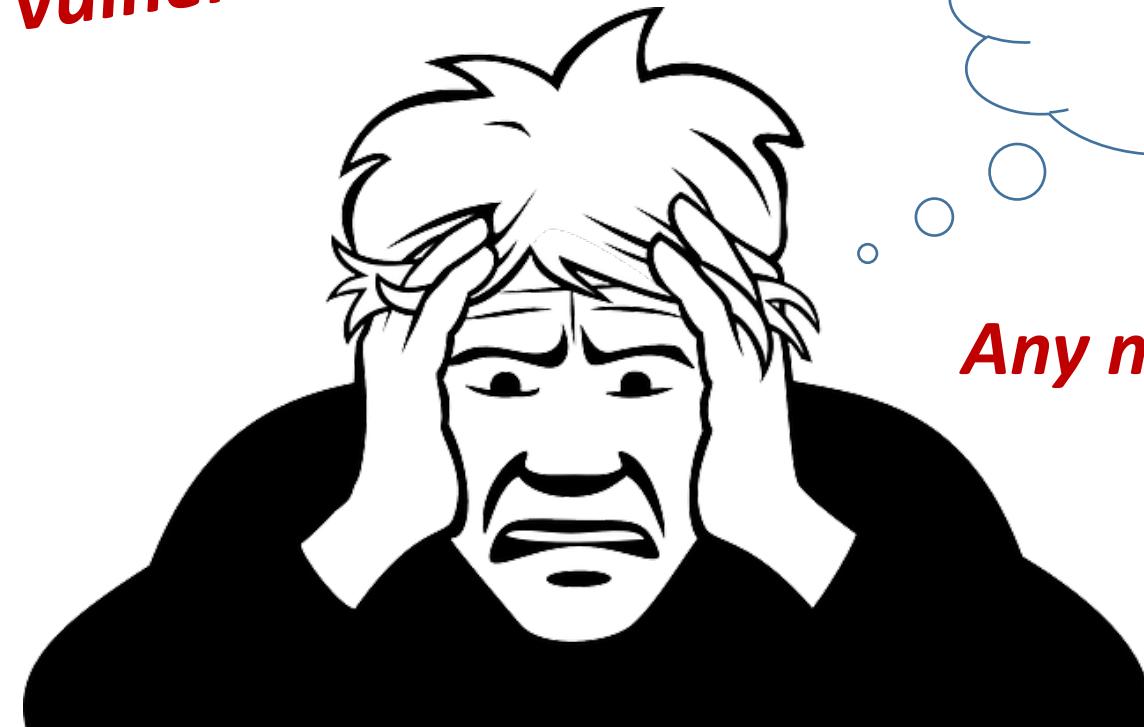
ing attack)

SDN Vulnerability Genome Project [1]



Network admin's concerns...

*How many vulnerabilities exist
now?*



Any more vulnerabilities?

How to reproduce each test case?



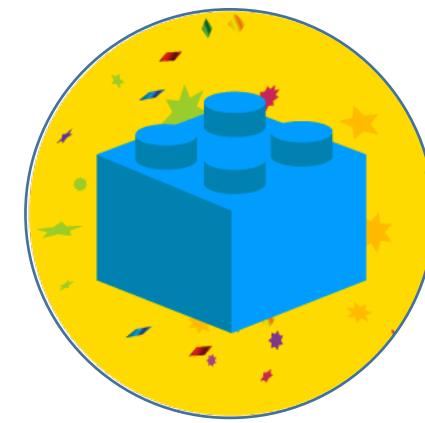
- **DELTA: A Security Assessment Framework for SDN**



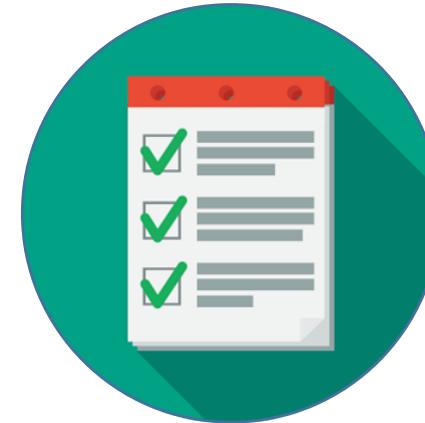
Automating a working process



Finding new attacks

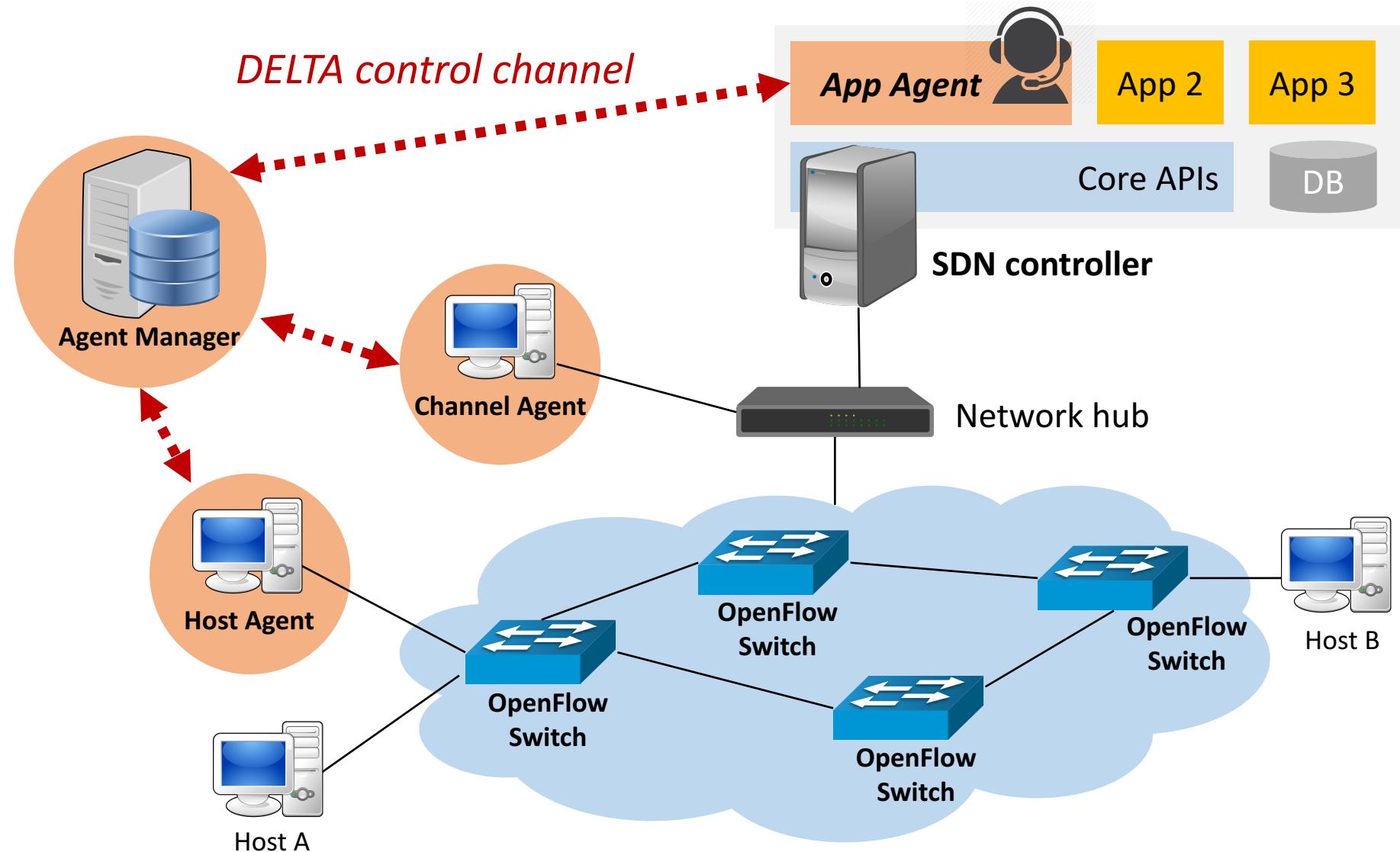


Supporting diverse
SDN components



Covering many attack cases

DELTA: System Design



DELTA: System Design



- Agent Manager
- The '**Control tower**'
- Remotely controls the agents deployed to the target network
- Leverages different agents to perform various security test cases
- Analyzes the test results collected from the agents

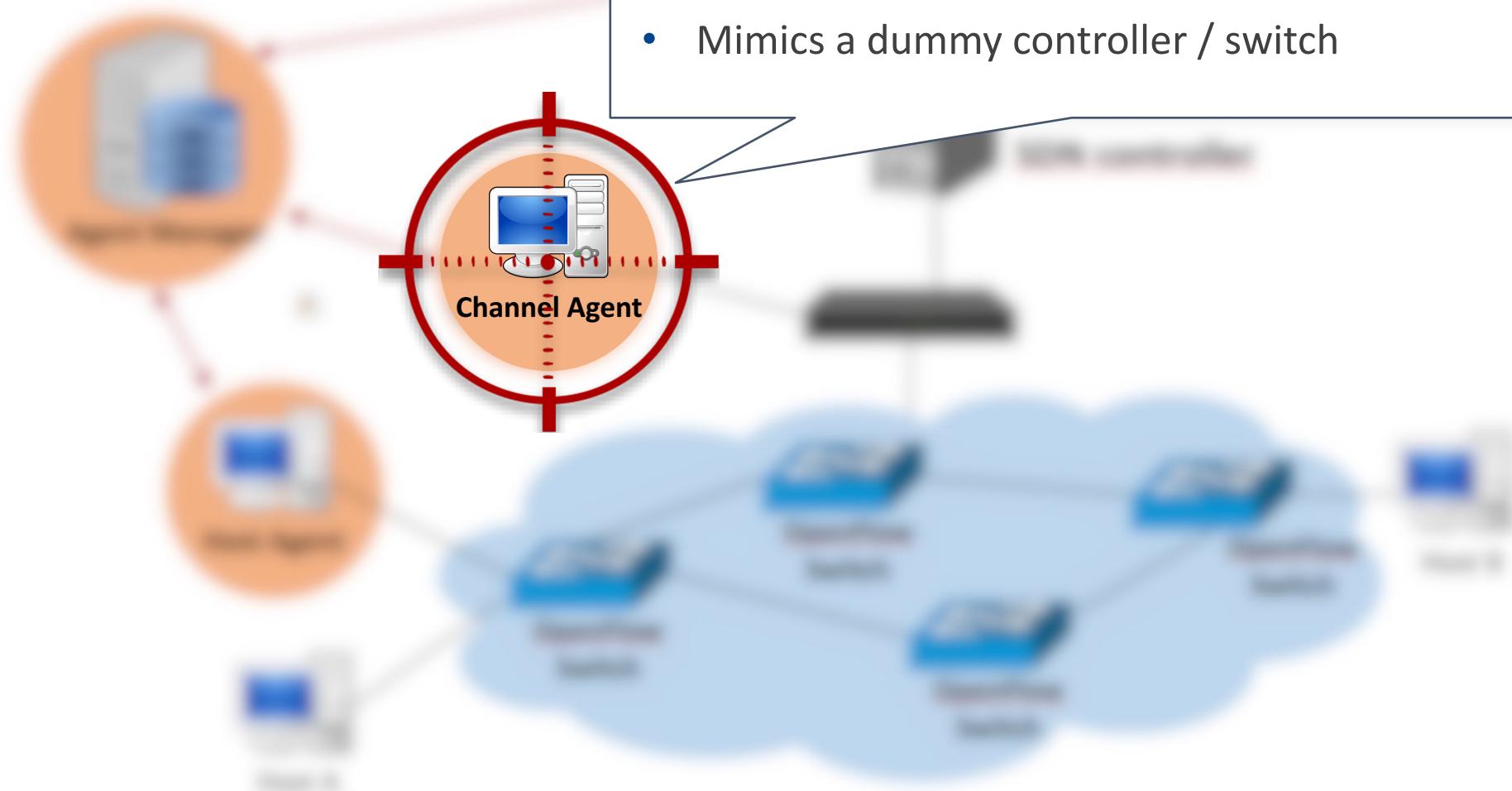
DELTA: System Design



- Application Agent
- SDN applications that conduct attack procedures as instructed by the manager
- Implements the known **malicious functions** as an application agent library
- Includes **fuzzing modules** that randomize the SDN control flows

DELTA: Sys

- ‘Channel Agent’
- Located between the controller and the switch
- Includes **fuzzing modules** that sniff and modify the unencrypted **SDN control messages**
- Mimics a dummy controller / switch

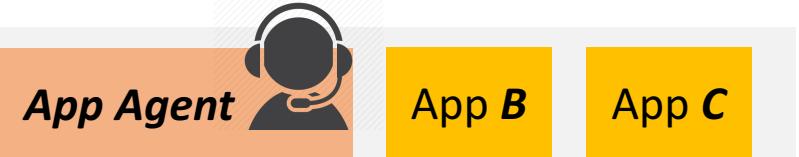


DELTA: System Design

- ‘Host Agent’
- A legitimate network host participating in the target SDN
- Generates **network traffic** as instructed by the agent manager (e.g. DDoS, LLDP injection etc.)
- Checks the connectivity to other hosts

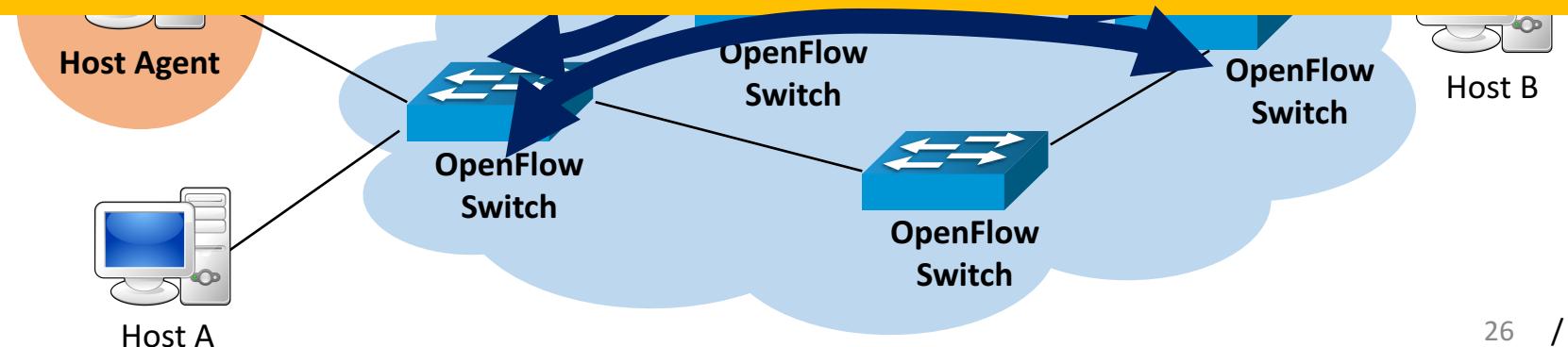


Automated Operation



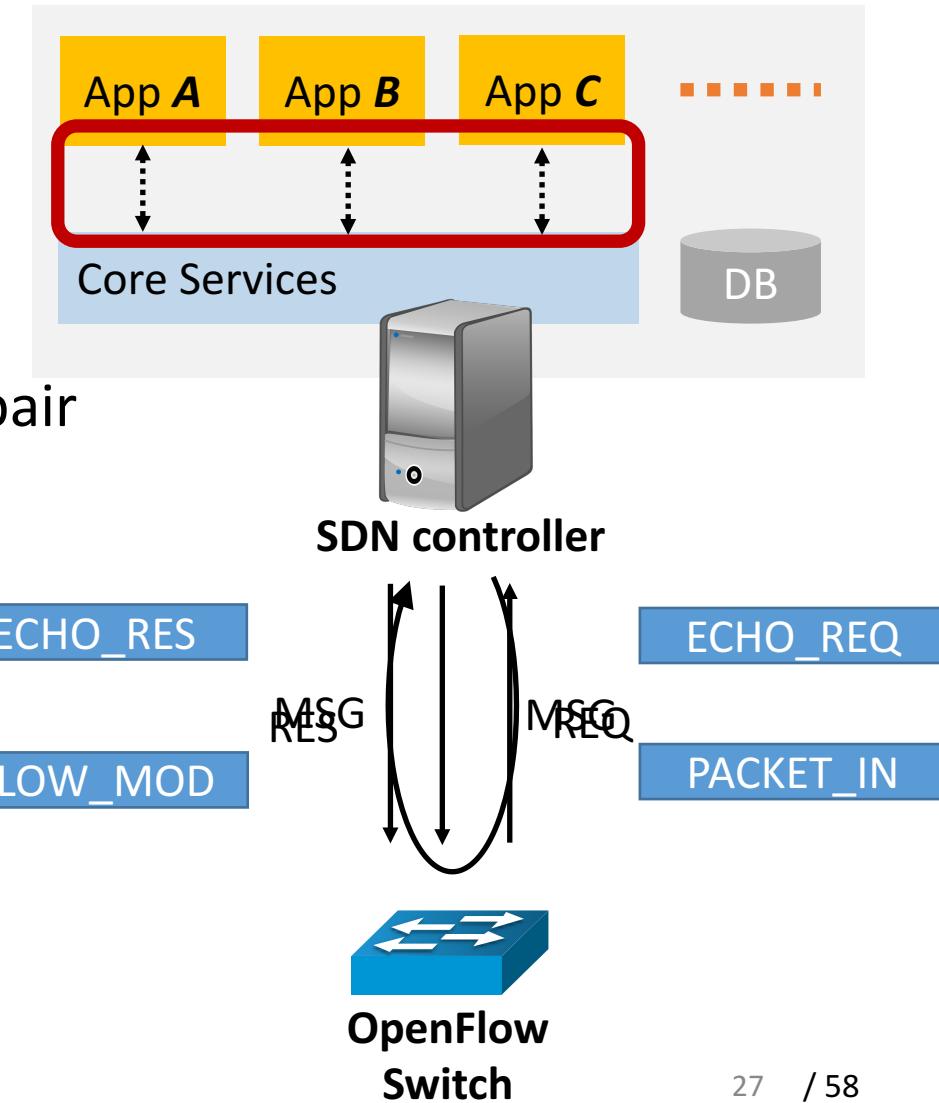
Automating a working process

2. **Instruct** each agent to conduct the test
3. **Collect** the result of the test from each agent
4. **Notify** the result



SDN Control Flow Fuzzing

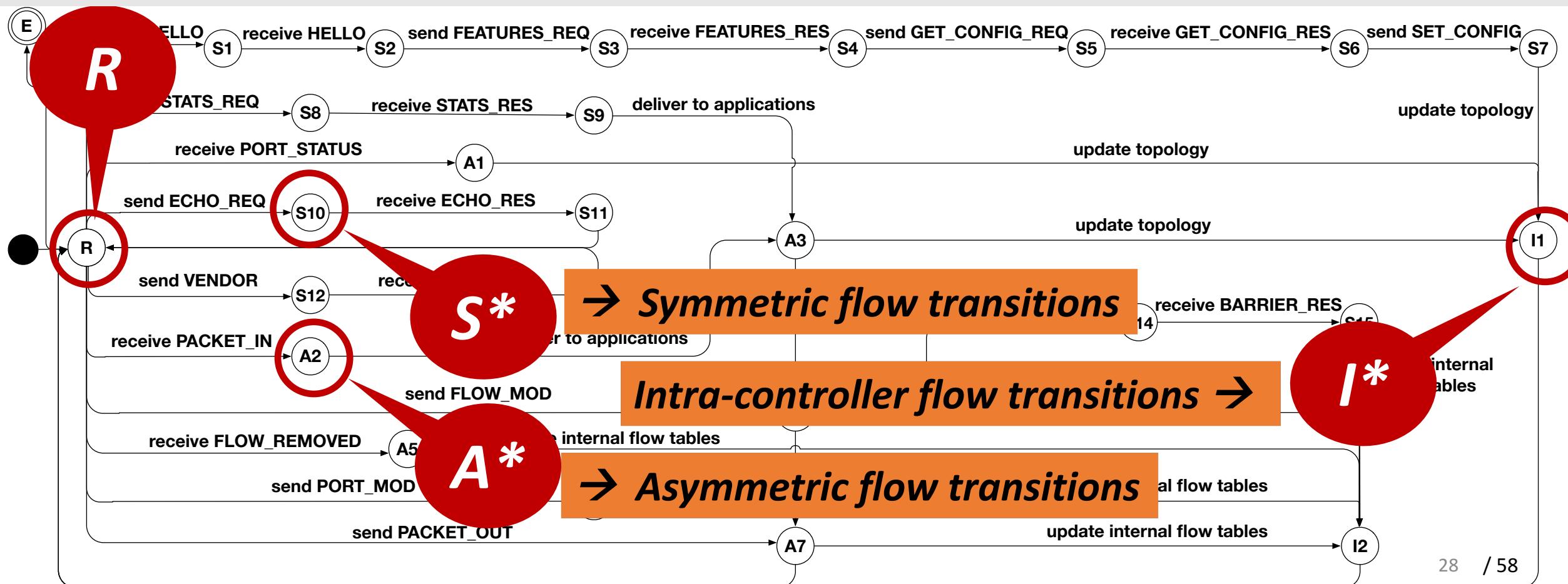
- Find **NEW** security holes in SDN (i.e., OpenFlow protocol based)
- Define three types of control flow operations
 1. **Symmetric** control flow: Req. & Res. message pair
 2. **Asymmetric** control flow: One-way message
 3. **Intra-controller** control flow: between applications and core services



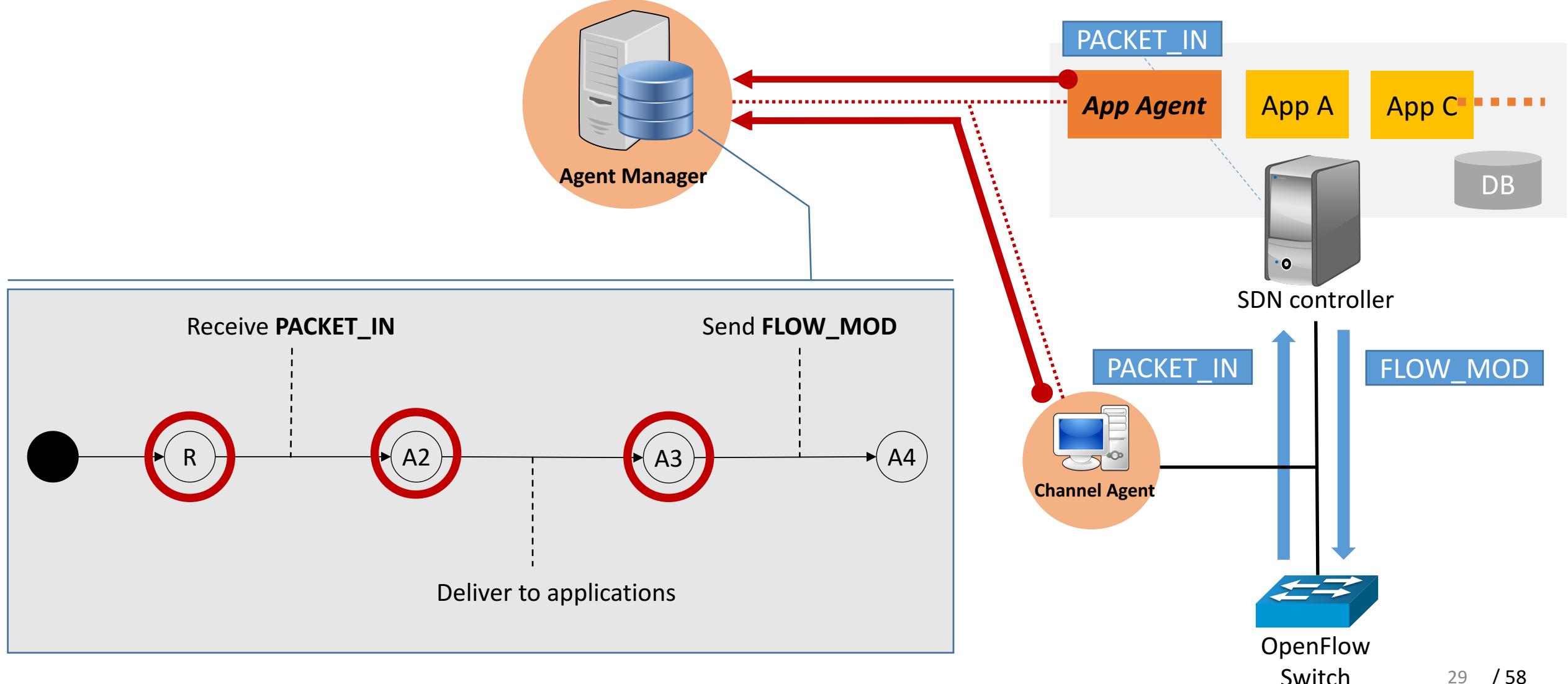
Operational State Diagram

To find new vulnerabilities,

1. *Infer* the current state of the controller
2. *Manipulate* the control flow sequence or the input values

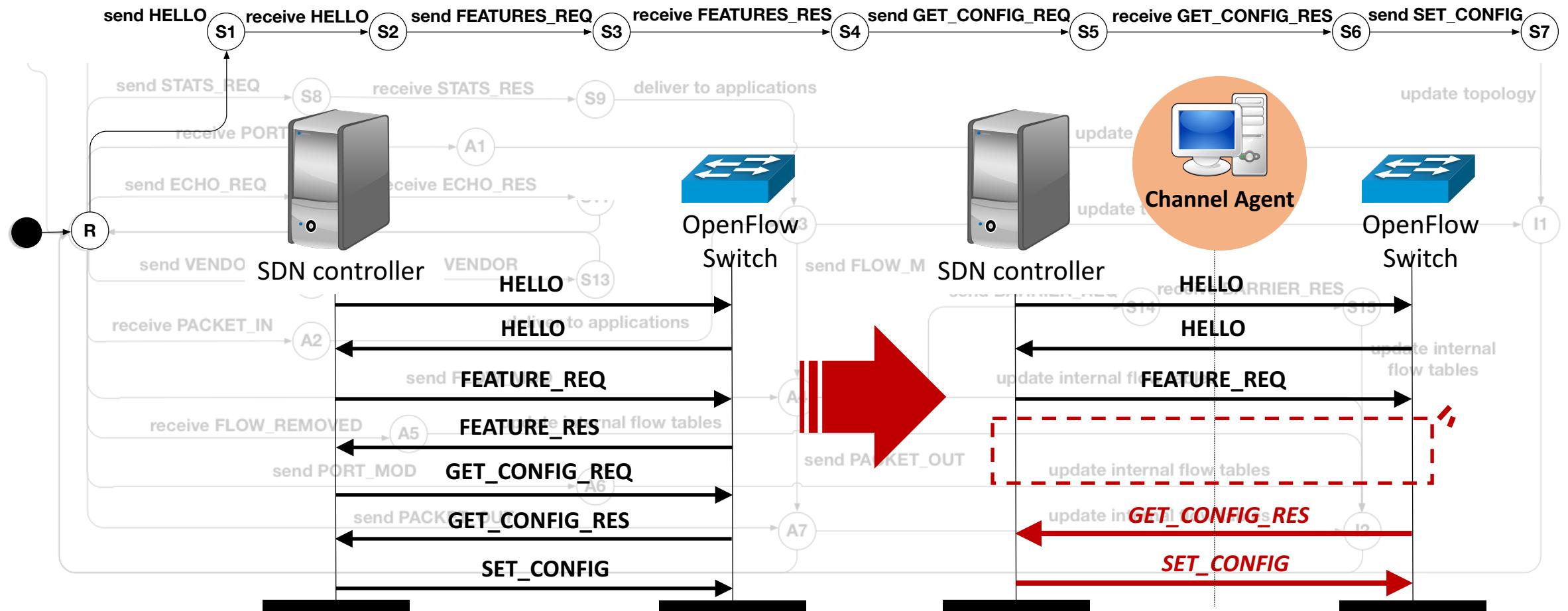


Identifying Current State of Controller



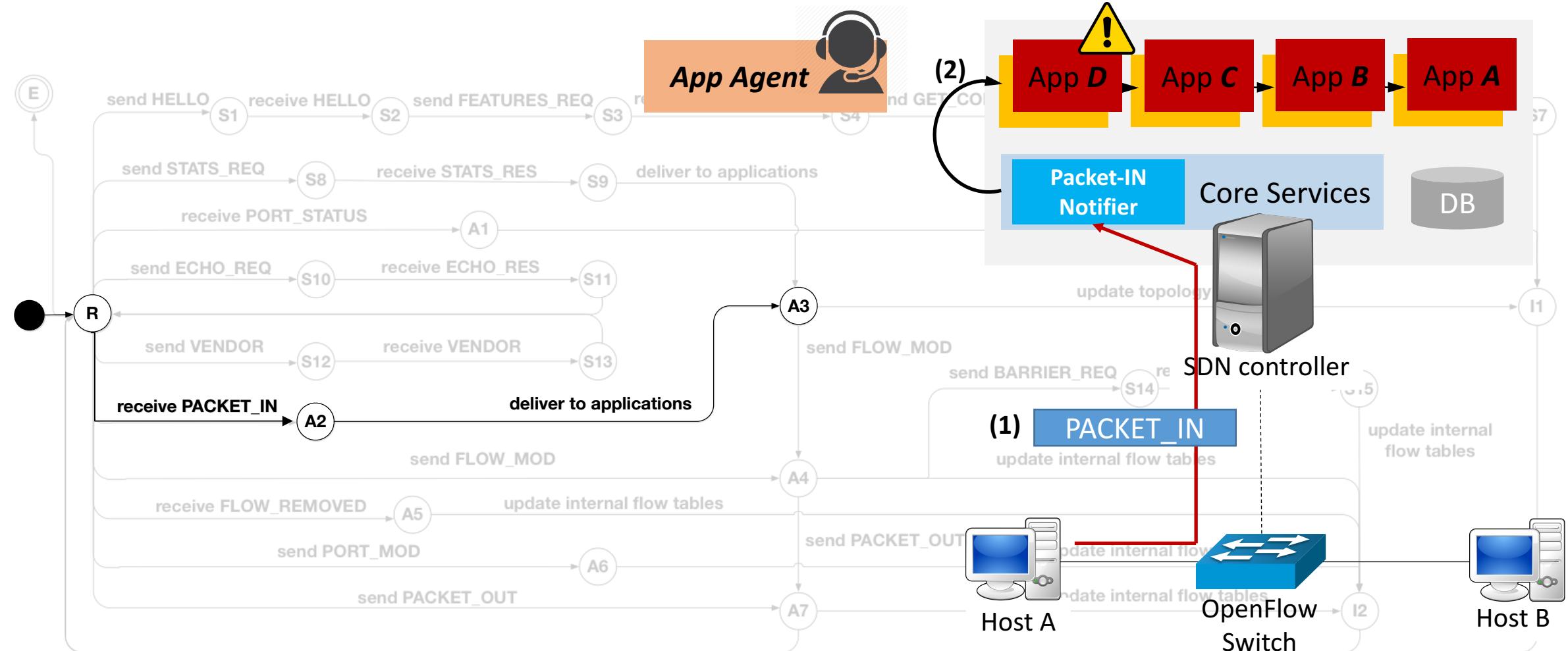
Randomizing Symmetric Control Flow Sequence

#BHUSA



Randomizing Asymmetric Control Flow Sequence

#BHUSA



Randomizing Input Values

- Between an SDN controller and an SDN switch

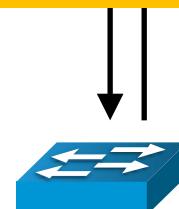


Finding new attacks



<i>hard_timeout</i>	<i>priority</i>
<i>buffer_id</i>	
<i>out_port</i>	<i>flags</i>
<i>action[]</i>	

e.g.) ADD (0x0000) → (*Undefined*) (0xFFFF)



OpenFlow
Switch

Implementation

- Program languages: Java / Python

```
[INFO] Reactor Summary:  
[INFO]  
[INFO] delta ..... SUCCESS [ 0.007 s] [LOC]  
[INFO] delta-manager ..... SUCCESS [ 13.459 s] 4537  
[INFO] delta-agents ..... SUCCESS [ 0.006 s]  
[INFO] delta-agent-apps ..... SUCCESS [ 0.005 s]  
[INFO] delta-agent-apps-onos ..... SUCCESS [ 0.005 s]  
[INFO] delta-agent-app-onos-1.13.1 ..... SUCCESS [ 2.111 s] 721  
[INFO] delta-agent-apps-floodlight ..... SUCCESS [ 0.003 s]  
[INFO] delta-agent-app-floodlight-1.2 ..... SUCCESS [ 14.281 s] 821  
[INFO] delta-agent-apps-opendaylight ..... SUCCESS [ 0.003 s]  
[INFO] delta-agent-app-odl-oxygen-sr2 ..... SUCCESS [ 1.558 s] 808  
[INFO] delta-agent-apps-vya ..... SUCCESS [ 0.001 s] 322  
[INFO] delta-agent-channel ..... SUCCESS [ 8.409 s] 3835  
[INFO] delta-agent-host ..... SUCCESS [ 0.218 s] 213  
[INFO]  
[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
```

Supported SDN Components

- Supports four different SDN controllers



Supporting diverse SDN components

Pica8	P-3290	1.0, 1.3
Arista Networks	7050-T36	1.0
HPE	E3800 24G-2SFP+	1.0
Linux Foundation Collaborative Project	OpenVSwitch	1.0, 1.3

Web-based UI

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Live test queue:

#	Timestamp	Category	Testcase #	Name	Status	Result
1	2016-09-12 08:56:26	DATA_PLANE_OF	1.1.030	Group Identifier Violation	COMPLETE	PASS
2	2016-09-12 08:56:57	CONTROL_PLANE_OF	2.1.020	Corrupted Control Message Type	COMPLETE	FAIL
3	2016-09-12 08:57:15	ADVANCED	3.1.100	Application Eviction	RUNNING	UNKNOWN
4	2016-09-12 08:57:14	ADVANCED	3.1.030	Infinite Loops	QUEUED	UNKNOWN

Live Test Queue

Search:

#	Timestamp	Category	Testcase #	Name	Status	Result
1	2017-07-11 20:56:29	DATA_PLANE_OF	1.1.170	Malformed Buffer ID Values	COMPLETE	PASS

Show 20 entries
Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries

Previous 1 Next

DELTA configuration
Target Controller: ONOS

DELTA log
[2017.07.11 20:56:16 KST] [Thread-0] INFO AttackConductor - Channel agent is connected
[2017.07.11 20:56:19 KST] [Thread-1] INFO TestSwitchCase - 1.1.170 - Malformed Buffer

Configuration and Log Pane

Test Case Inventory

- Test set 1: Data plane security



Covering many attack cases

- e.g., SDN applications exploiting SDN controllers' architectural vulnerabilities

DELTA Test Cases		
Category	▲ Testcase #	▲ Name
ADVANCED	3.1.100	Application Eviction
ADVANCED	3.1.110	Memory Exhaustion
ADVANCED	3.1.120	CPU Exhaustion
ADVANCED	3.1.130	System Variable Manipulation
ADVANCED	3.1.140	System Command Execution

Let's start DEMO time!



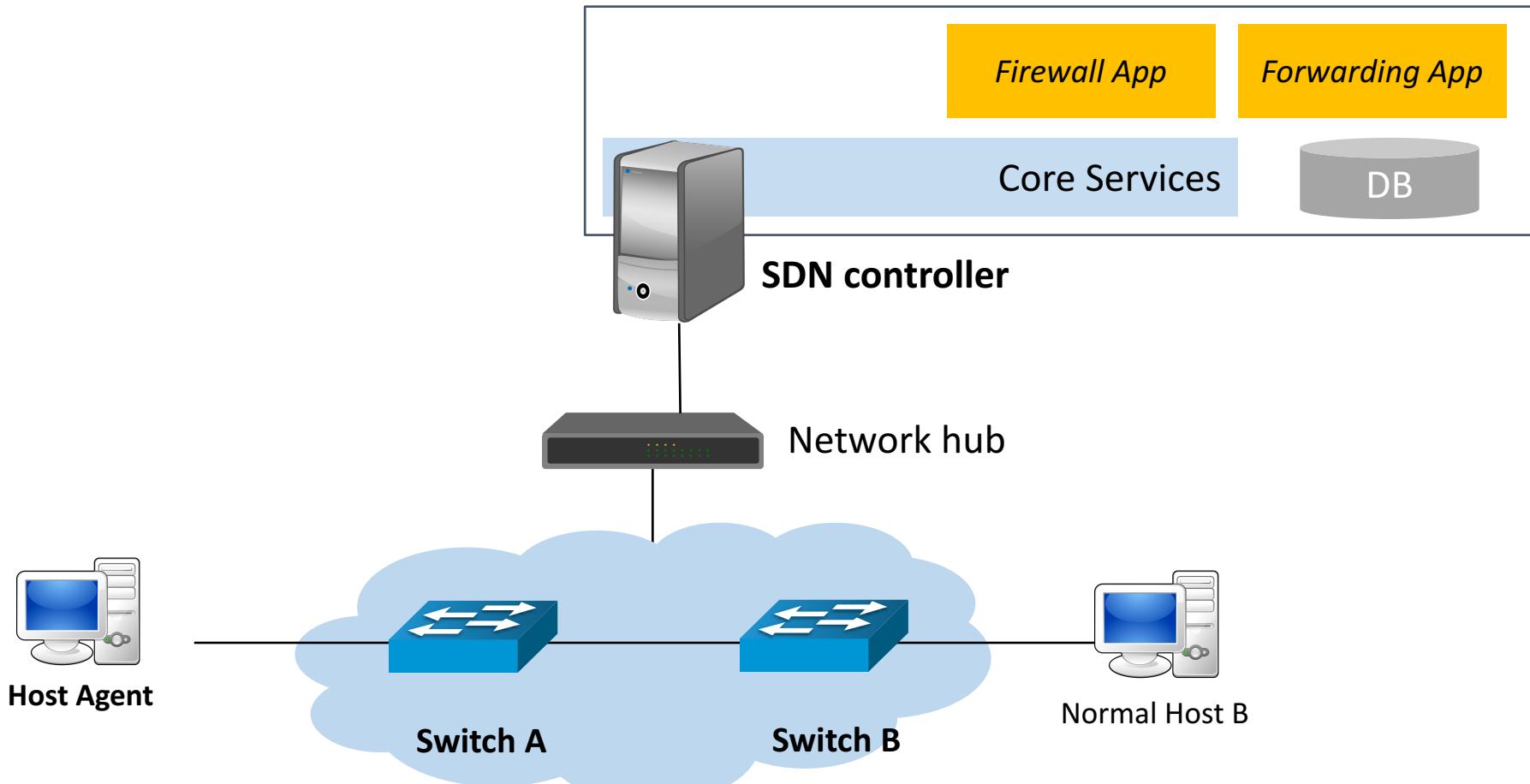
Demonstration



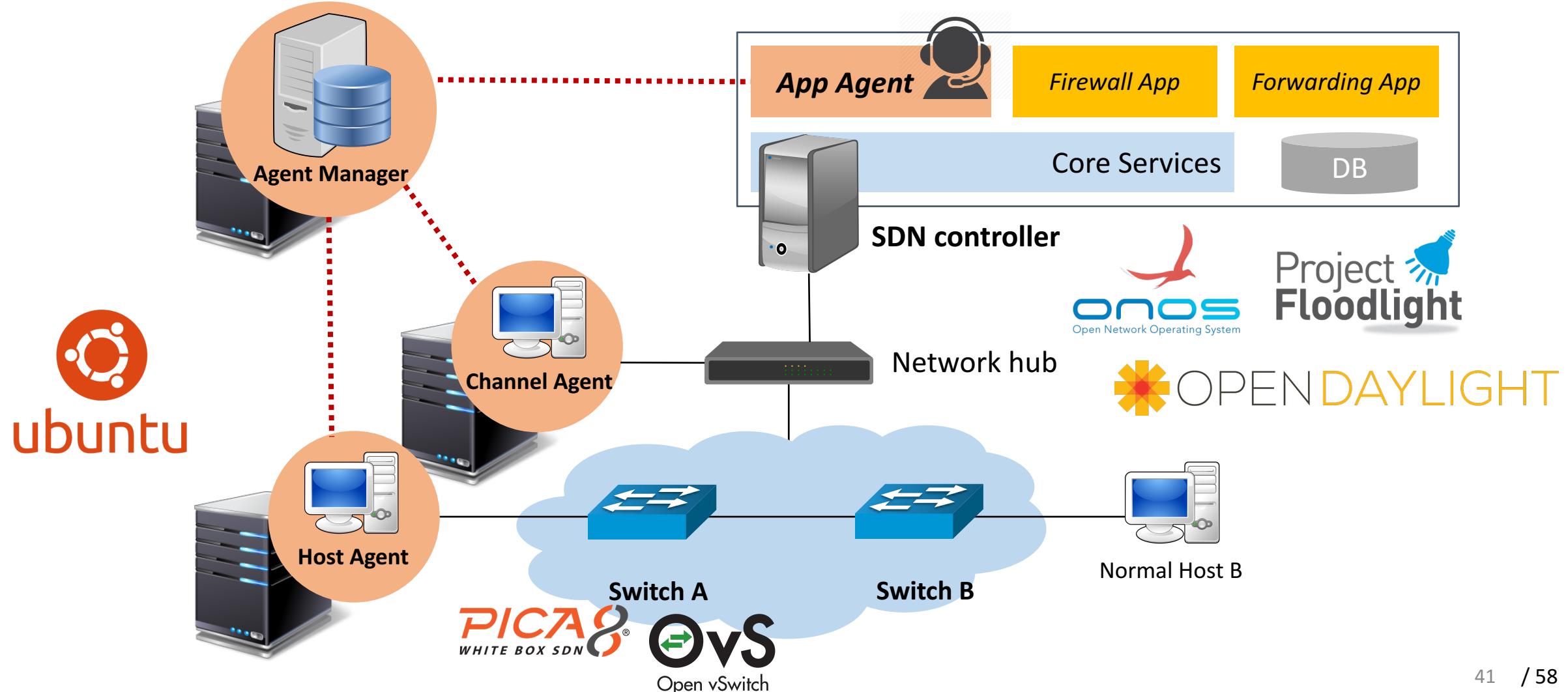
#BHUSA

- Test environments
- 1 KNOWN attack for Floodlight
- 2 NEW attacks for ONOS, OpenDaylight

Test Environments

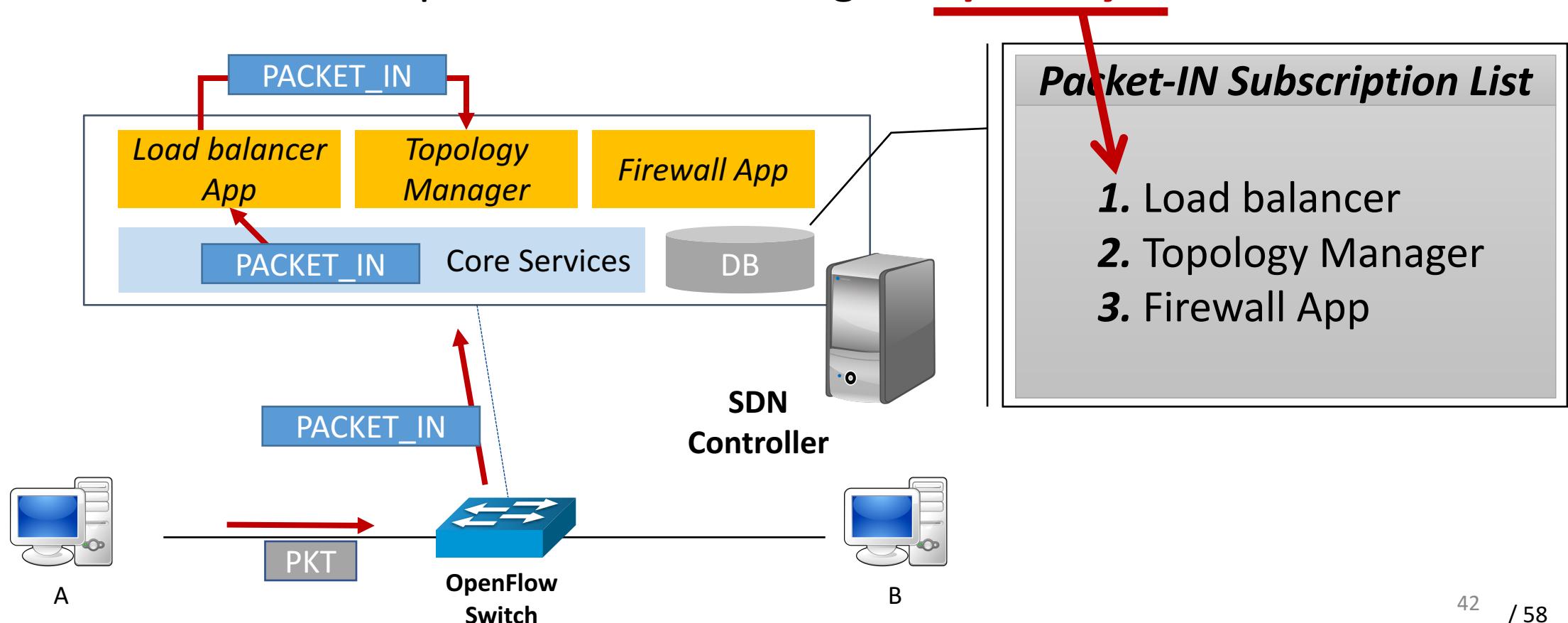


Test Environments



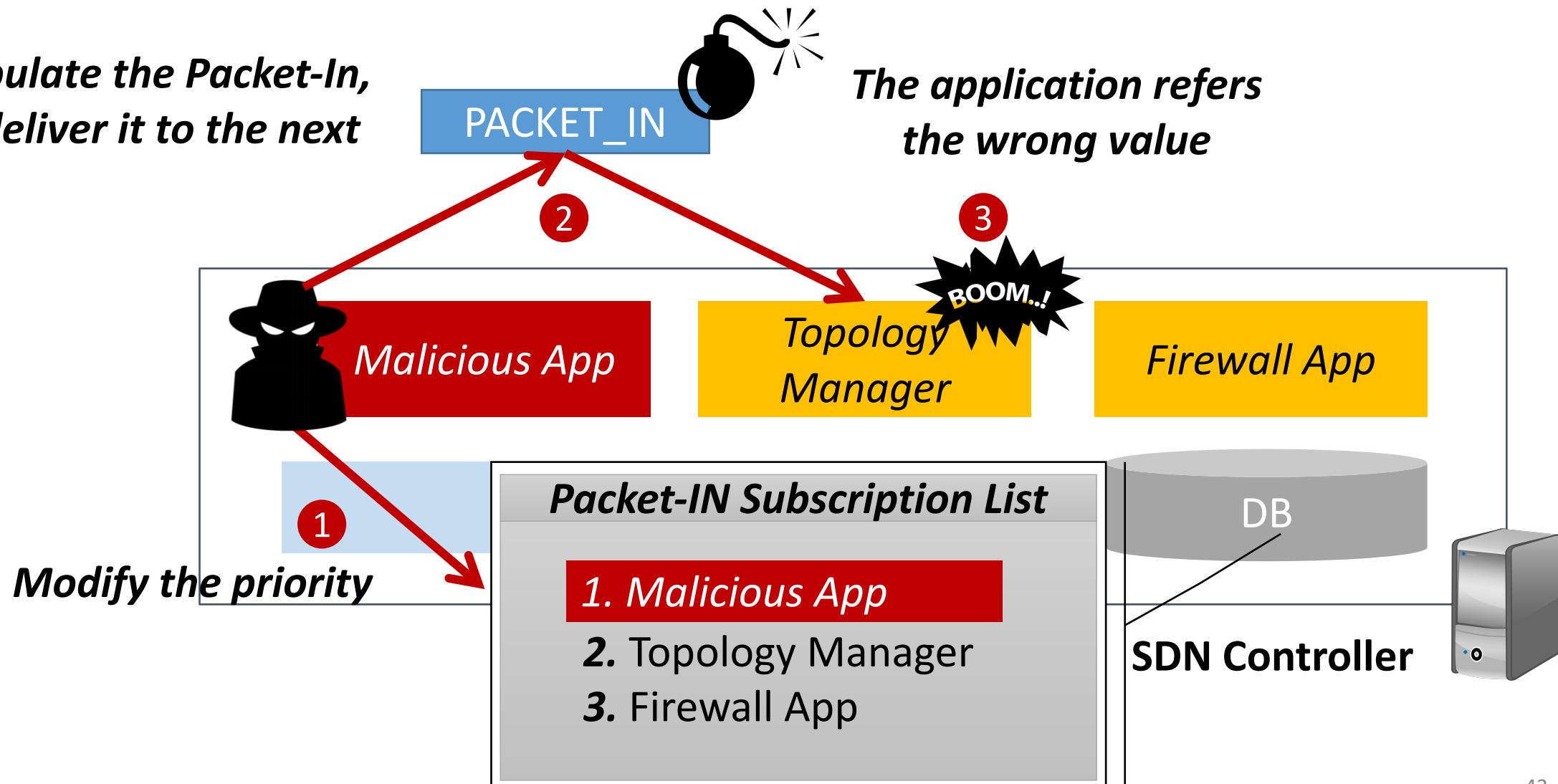
Event Subscription in SDN

- An SDN controller maintains ***an event subscription list***
- Packet-In events are processed according to ***a priority***

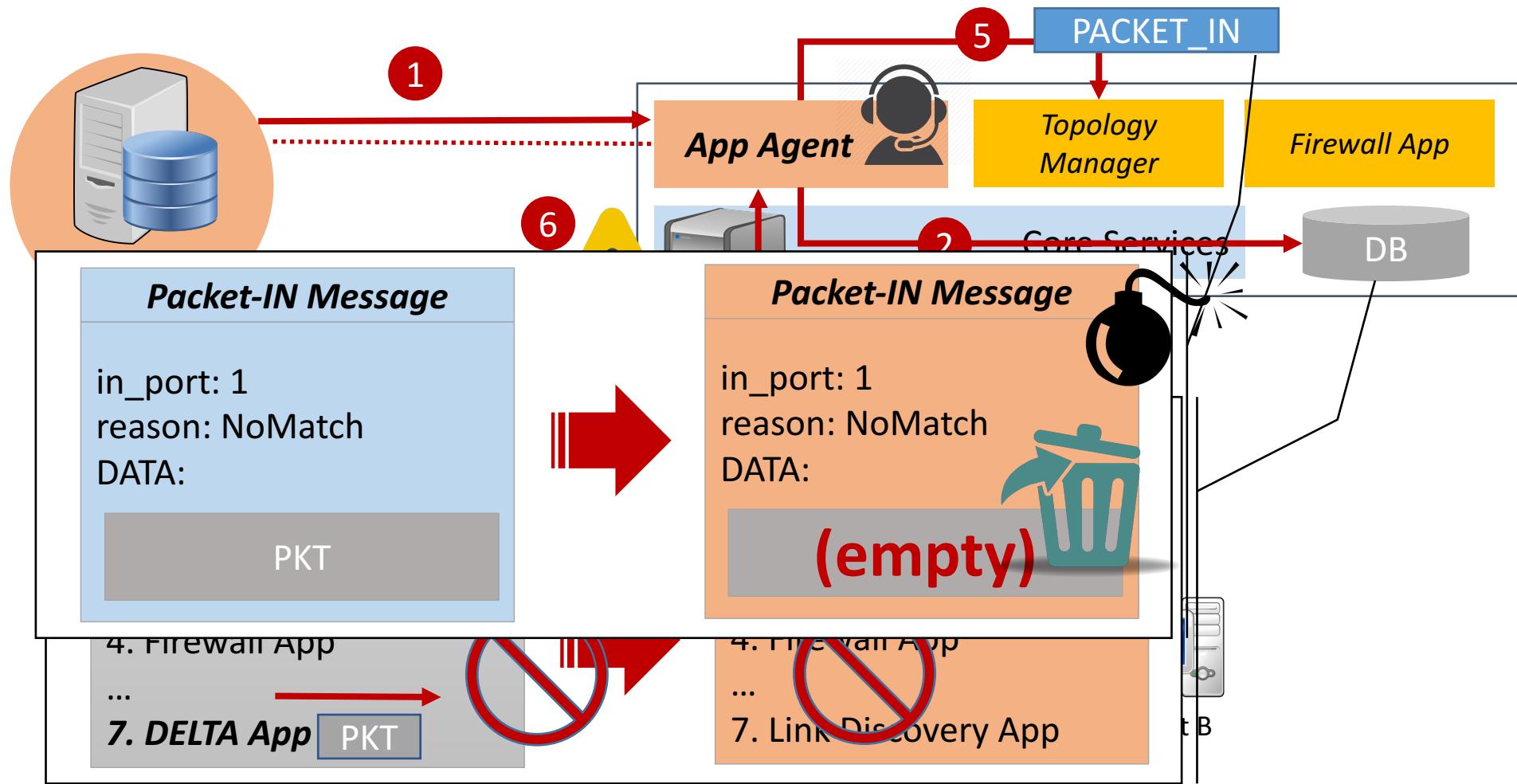


Attack Strategy: Smash the subscription!

*manipulate the Packet-In,
and deliver it to the next*



DEMO 1: Packet-In Data Forge attack



6 The app generates a forged message to the controller to change the port of the packet or subscription

DEMO 1: Packet-In Data Forge attack

DEMO 1: Packet-In Data Forge attack

#BHUSA

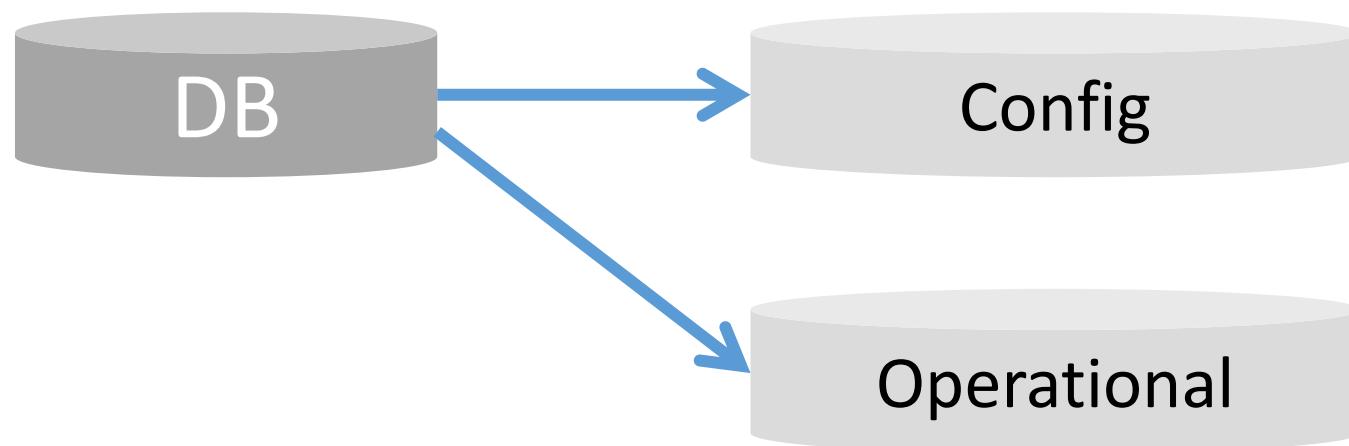
- Feasible to Floodlight 1.1
- *Why?*
 - SDN applications granted ***powerful authority***
- *How to defend?*
 - Policy-based ***access control*** to SDN applications
 - e.g., Security-Mode ONOS [1]

BRING
ME
APIs!!!



Databases in OpenDaylight

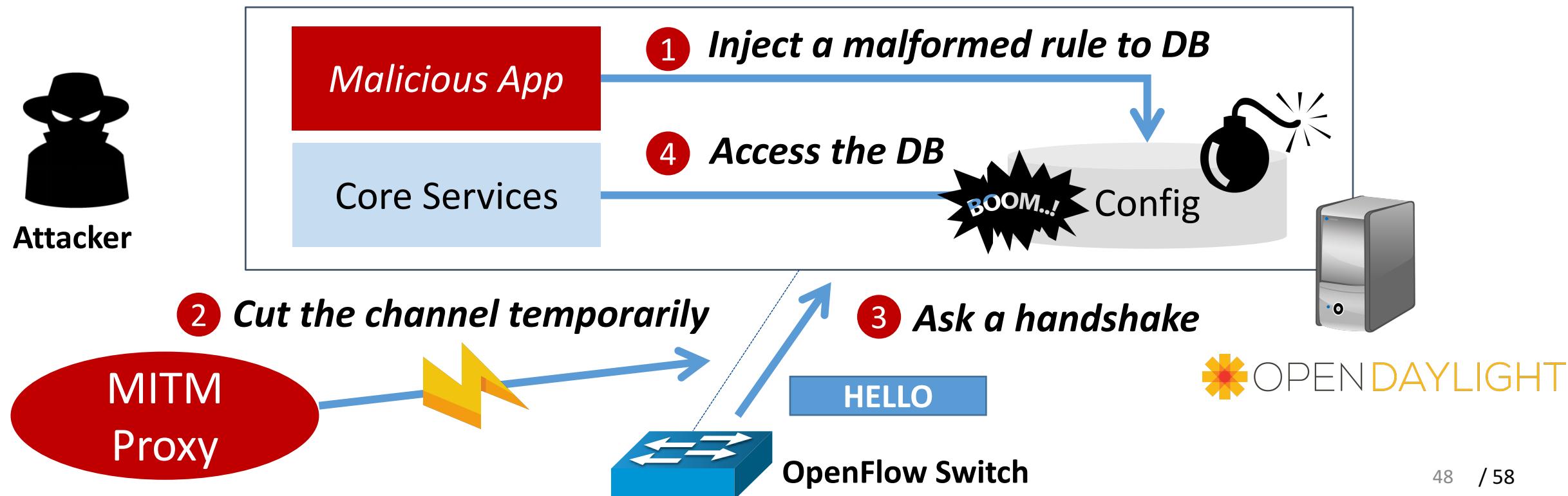
- OpenDaylight (ODL) manages two types of databases



*Proactive and **persistent** rules,
Non-volatile memory*

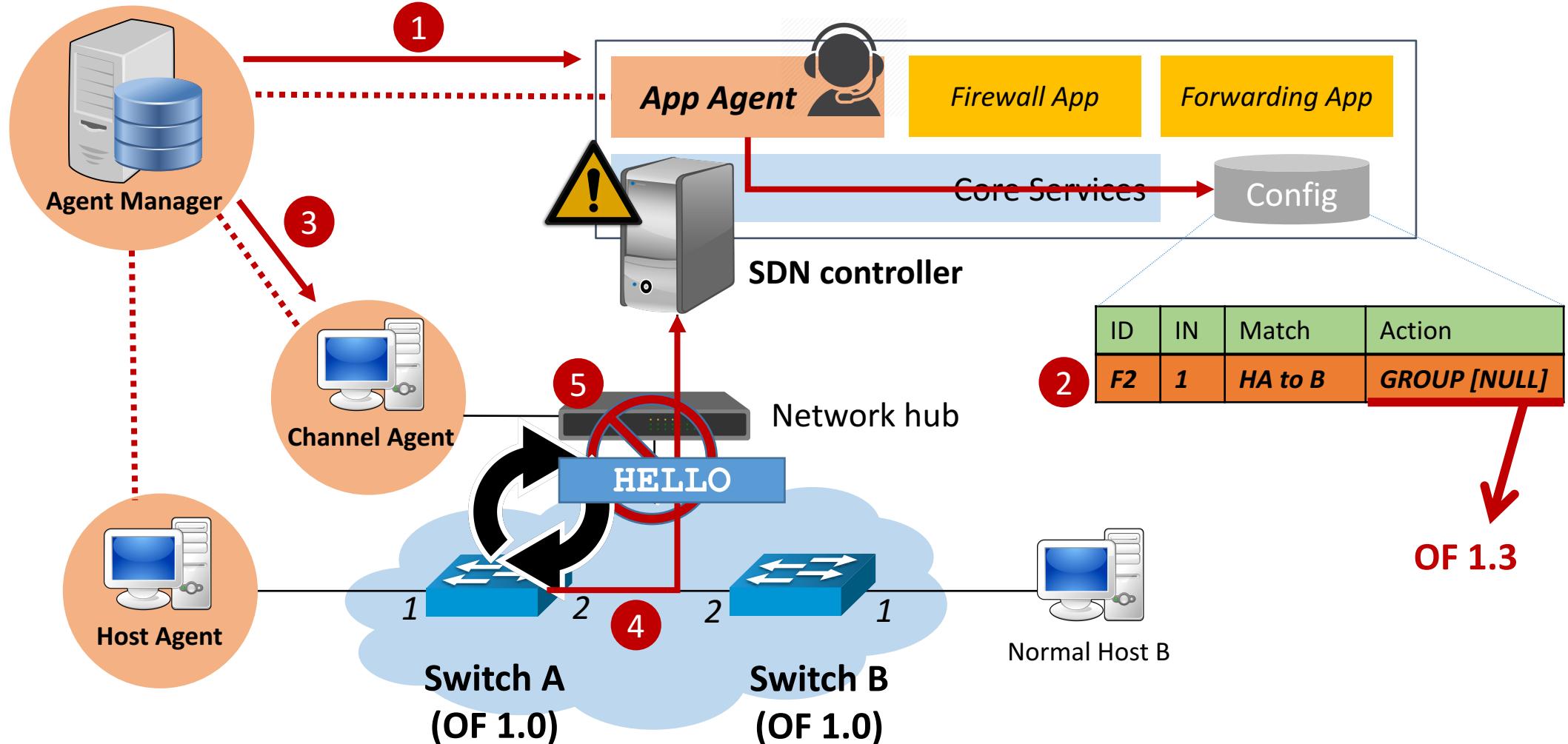
*Reactive and temporary rules
Volatile memory*

- ODL *refers* the configuration DB, when handshaking with a switch



DEMO 2: Malformed Flow Rule Generation

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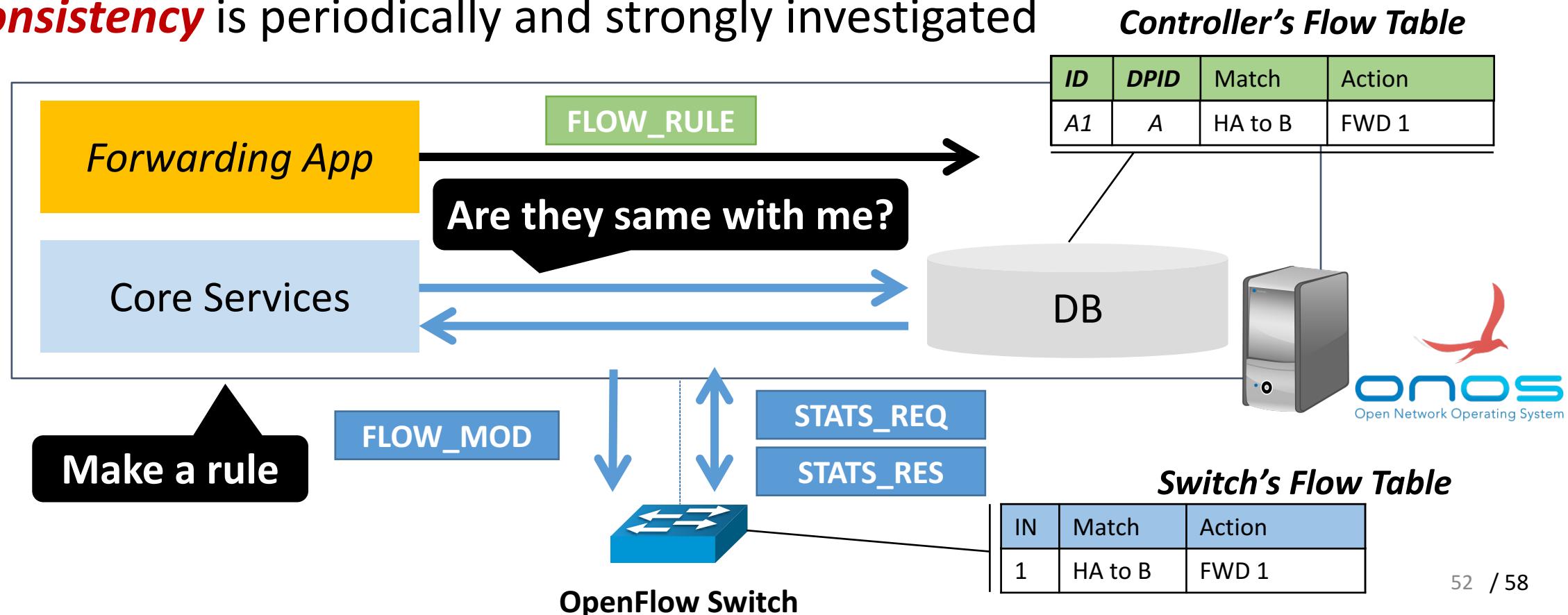
- 3 The AM instructs the channel agent to disconnect the switch A action



- Feasible to OpenDaylight oxygen (latest version)
- ***Why?***
 - Improper exception handling in the handshake process
 - Absence of malformed flow rule management
- ***How to defend?***
 - Detecting the infinite failures and resolving root causes
 - Filtering an input that has incompatible fields

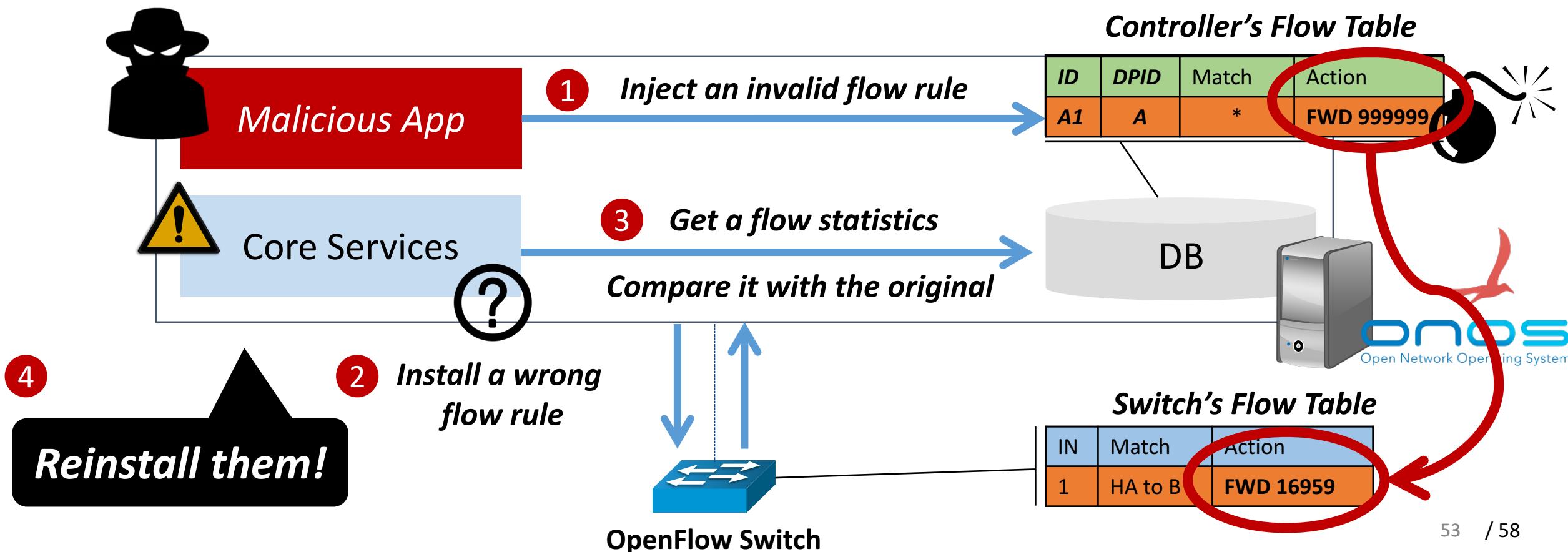
Flow Synchronization in ONOS

- ONOS synchronizes the internal flow tables with switches using ***flow statistics***
- Consistency*** is periodically and strongly investigated



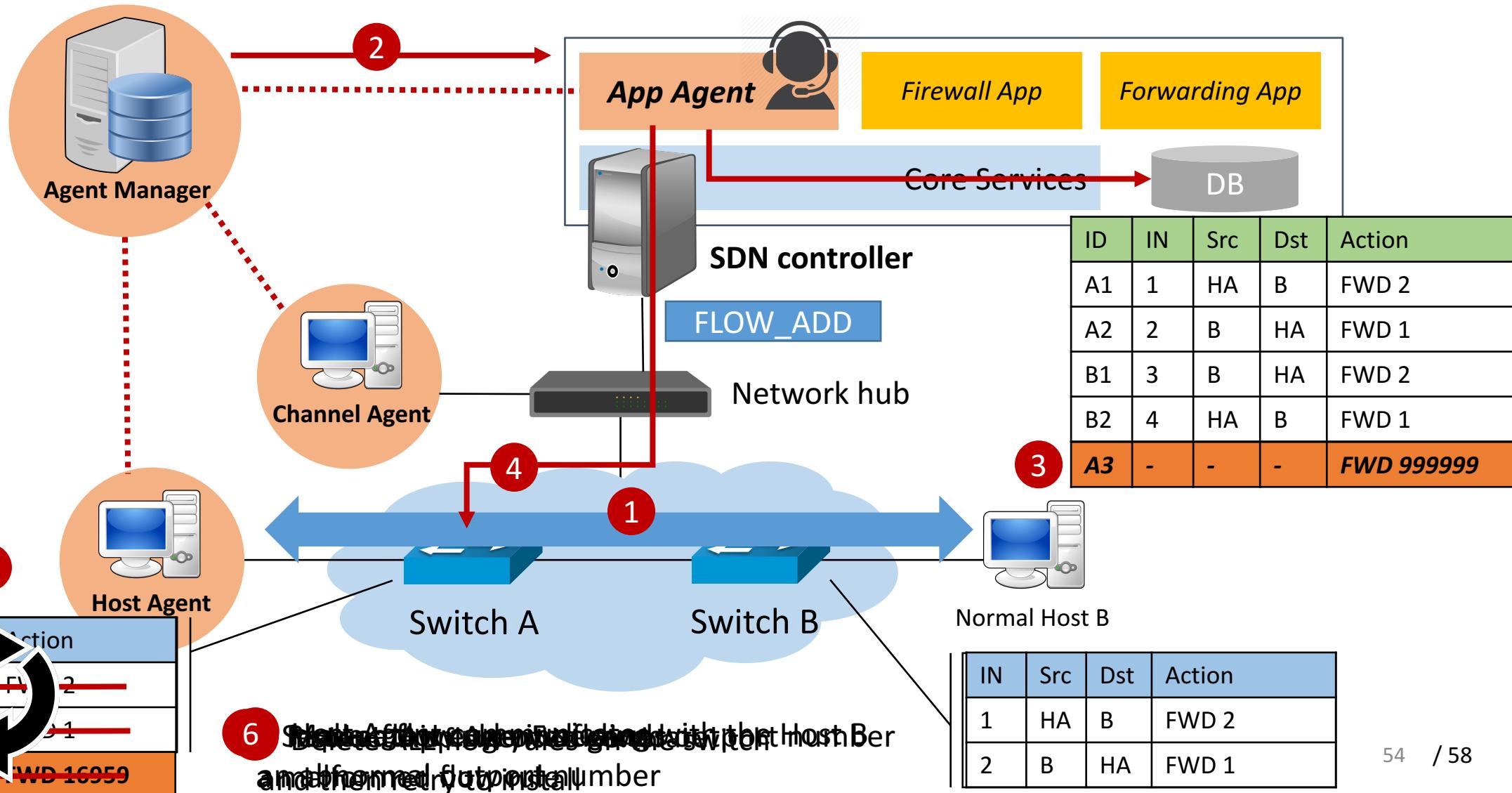
Attack Strategy: Exploit the synchronization!

- If consistency is broken, ONOS **removes** and **reinstalls** everything
- Let's **break the consistency** by installing a malformed flow rule



DEMO 3: Infinite Flow Rule Synchronization

#BHUSA



- Feasible to ONOS 1.13 (latest version)
- *Why?*
 - **Careless range check** against to field values
 - Meaningless flow synchronization
- *How to defend?*
 - Thorough range check in critical fields
 - Root cause analysis of synchronization failures

Summary of NEW attack cases

No.	Attack Name	Control Flow Type	Controller
1	Malformed Flow Rule Generation 1	Intra-Controller Flow	OpenDaylight
2	Malformed Flow Rule Generation 2	Intra-Controller Flow	ONOS
3	Flow Rule Inconsistency 1	Asymmetric Flow	ONOS
4	Flow Rule Inconsistency 2	Asymmetric Flow	Floodlight
5	Flow Rule Inconsistency 3	Asymmetric Flow	ONOS
6	Infinite Flow Rule Synchronization 1	Asymmetric Flow	ONOS
7	Infinite Flow Rule Synchronization 2	Asymmetric Flow	ONOS
8	Flow Rule ID Spoofing 1	Asymmetric Flow	Floodlight
9	Flow Rule ID Spoofing 2	Asymmetric Flow	Floodlight

Final Remarks

- Although SDN offers significant benefits as a next-gen networking, a lot of work still needs to be done to improve the security of SDN.
- **DELTA** helps to verify the security of SDN architecture thoroughly.
- **DELTA** fuzzing techniques enable us to discover new vulnerabilities.

DELTA is now available as an open source project, so anyone can join us! (<https://github.com/OpenNetworkingFoundation/delta>)

 [OpenNetworkingFoundation / DELTA](#)

 Unwatch ▾ 41  Unstar 193  Fork 73



Acknowledgement



- This work was supported by Institute for Information & communications Technology Promotion(IITP) grant funded by the Korea government(MSIT) (No.2018-0-00254, SDN security technology development)
- And also, this work was supported by Institute for Information & communications Technology Promotion(IITP) grant funded by the Korea government(MSIP) (No. B0190-16-2012, Global SDN/NFV OpenSource Software Core Module/Function Development)