

1. 计算 `x + y`
2. 第一布里渊区的范围是: `$-\frac{\pi}{a} < k < \frac{\pi}{a}$`
3. 白日依山尽，黄河入海流

问题:

- 如果传入的公式是行间公式，不清楚如何放置下划线

$$\int f(x) \, dx$$

那么会怎么样呢？是否会有缩进 a very very very very very very very very very very very long text

- 不清楚如何针对公式的宽度自适应下划线的位置

对于 `p+n` 结，其扩散电容的表达式为: `$C_D = \left(\frac{Aq^2P_{n0}L_p}{k_eT}\right)\exp\left(\frac{qV}{k_eT}\right)$`

你好。下面是一段测试文字。

```
1 x = 3
2 print("Hello, World!")
```

Python

Here is the content of the variable **with style**

```
Hello World
1 #let forecast(day) = block[
2   #box(square(
3     width: 2cm,
4     inset: 8pt(c),
5     fill: if day(a).weather == "sunny"(b) {
6       yellow
7     } else {
8       aqua
9     },
10    align(
11      bottom + right,
12      strong(day.weather),
13    ),
14  ))
15 #h(6pt)
16 #set text(22pt, baseline: -8pt)
```

Typst

```
Hello World
17 #day.temperature °#day.unit // 你好呀
18 ]
19 #let forecast(day) = block[
20   #box(square(
21     width: 2cm,
22     inset: 8pt,
23     fill: if day.weather == "sunny" {
24       yellow
25     } else {
26       aqua
27     },
28     align(
29       bottom + right,
30       strong(day.weather),
31     ),
32   ))
33 #h(6pt)
34 #set text(22pt, baseline: -8pt)
35 #day.temperature °#day.unit
36 ]
```

Typst

zebraw 测试

Adding `rbx` to `rcx` gives the desired result.

What is `fn main()` in Rust would be `int main()` in C.

```
1 fn main() {
2   println!("Hello World!");
3 }
```

Rust

This has ``backticks`` in it (but the spaces are trimmed). And `here` the leading space is also trimmed.

Hello world

Hello World

10

raw(text: "strong", block: false, lang: "typc")
`content`

Hello world ! this is a very very very very very very very very very very very lo
ng text