$S_{o} \ E[S_{2}] = E[\frac{1}{n} \frac{2}{s^{2}}, (k_{1} - k_{1})^{2} - \frac{1}{n} (2 - k_{1}) \cdot n \cdot (2 - k_{1}) + (2 - k_{1})^{2}]$ where X-4= 1 2 X; -4 = 1 2 X; -1 2 X = 1 2 (X; -4) $E[S^{2}] = E\left[\frac{1}{\pi} \underset{i=1}{\overset{\alpha}{\leqslant}} (x_{i} - \overline{x})^{2}\right]$ $= E \left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - u_i)^2 - \frac{2}{n} (\hat{x} - u_i) \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - u_i) + (\hat{x} - u_i)^2 \right]$ $= E \left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - w)^2 - \frac{1}{n} (\hat{x} - w) \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - w) + \frac{1}{n} (\hat{x} - w)^2 \cdot n \right]$ = E[\frac{1}{\gamma_{121}} (\cdots_1 - \cdots_2 - \cdots_1 - \cdots_2 (\cdots_1 - \cdots_1)^2 (\cdots $= E \left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{2} \left((x_{i} - x_{i})^{2} - 2(\bar{x} - x_{i})(x_{i} - x_{i}) + (\bar{x} - x_{i})^{2} \right) \right]$ $= E \left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left((x_i - x_i) - (\widetilde{\chi} - x_i) \right)^2 \right]$ $= E \left[\frac{1}{n} \stackrel{\wedge}{\lesssim} (X_{i} - u)^{2} - (\overline{X} - u)^{2} \right]$ $= E \left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{k} (X_{i} - x_{i})^{2} - 2 (\overline{X} - x_{i})^{2} + (\overline{X} - x_{i})^{2} \right]$

Prove $E[(x-u)^2] = \frac{1}{7} \delta^2$ We know: $Var(ax_i) = a^2 Var(x_i)$ $Var(x_i) = a^2 Var(x_i)$ $Var(x_i) = a^2 Var(x_i)$

 $E[\bar{x}] = E[\frac{1}{n} \frac{2}{z^2} x_i] = \frac{1}{n} \frac{2}{z^2} E[x_i] = \frac{1}{n} \frac{n}{z^2} n = n$ Here: $E[(\bar{x} - n)^2] = E[(\bar{x} - E(\bar{x}))^2]$

 $= Var(\overline{X})$ $= Var(\overline{X})$ $= Var(\overline{X})$ $= \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} Var(\overline{X})$ $= \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} Var(\overline{X})$ $= \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} Var(\overline{X})$

 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} E\left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} (x_{i} - \overline{x})^{2}\right] = \delta^{2} \frac{\delta^{2}}{n} = \frac{n-1}{n} \delta^{2}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} E\left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} (x_{i} - \overline{x})^{2}\right] = \delta^{2}$ $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} (x_{i} - \overline{x})^{2} = \delta^{2}$

 $Var(X') = Var(\frac{1}{\pi} sun(x_i))$ X' is mean of sample $=\frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{m} \sum_{m} \left(\delta^2 \right)$ = 1/ Sun (Var (Xi)) = 1 Var (Sum (Xi))