grade 100%

Test your knowledge on aesthetics in analysis

то	TAL POINTS 4	
1.	Which of the following aesthetics attributes can you map to the data in a scatterplot? Select all that apply. Size	1/1 point
	 Correct You can map the color, shape, and size aesthetics to the data in a scatterplot. 	
	□ Text✓ Shape	
	 Correct You can map the color, shape, and size aesthetics to the data in a scatterplot. 	
	▼ Color	
	 Correct You can map the color, shape, and size aesthetics to the data in a scatterplot. 	
2.	Which of the following functions let you display smaller groups, or subsets, of your data? geom_point()	1/1 point
	geom_bar()	
	ggplot() ggplot()	
	SEPIOU	
	✓ Correct The facet_wrap() function lets you display smaller groups, or subsets, of your data.	
3.	What is the role of the <i>x</i> argument in the following code?	1/1 point
	<pre>ggplot(data = diamonds) + geom_bar(mapping = aes(x = cut))</pre>	
	○ A variable	
	O A function	
	An aesthetic A dataset	
	 Correct X is an aesthetic that refers to the x-axis of the plot. The x aesthetic maps the variable cut from the diamonds dataset to the x-axis of the plot. 	
4.	A data analyst creates a scatterplot with a lot of data points. It is difficult for the analyst to distinguish the individual points on the plot because they overlap. What function could the analyst use to make the points easier to find?	1/1 point
	geom_point() geom_line()	
	geon_inter() geom_jitter()	
	geom_bar()	
	Correct The analyst could use the geom_jitter() function to make the points easier to find. The geom_jitter() function adds a small amount of random noise to each point in the plot, which helps deal with the overlapping of points.	