✓ Congratulations! You passed!

TO PASS 75% or higher

Keep Learning

GRADE 100%

Hash Tables and Hash Functions

	TEST SUBMISSION GRADE	
1.	What is the size of the array needed to store integer keys with up to 12 digits using direct addressing? $12 \\ \bullet 10^{12} \\ 2^{12}$	1/1 point
	\checkmark $$ Correct $$ This is the number of all integers with up to 12 digits.	
2.	What is the maximum possible chain length for a hash function $h(x)=x \mod 1000$ used with a hash table of size 1000 for a universe of all integers with at most 12 digits? $\begin{array}{c} & 1 \\ & 10^{12} \\ & \end{array}$	1/1 point
	\checkmark Correct $\label{eq:correct}$ When the values of the last 3 digits are fixed, there are 10^9 numbers with at most 12 digits.	
3.	You want to hash integers from 0 up to 1000000. What can be a good choice of p for the universal family? $ 1000002 $ $ 01000003 $ $ 9999997 $	1/1 point
	✓ Correct This is a prime number bigger than 1000000.	
4.	How can one build a universal family of hash functions for integers between -1000000 (minus one million) and 1000000 (one million)? • First, add 1000000 to each integer and get the range of integers between 0 and 2000000 . Then use the universal family for integers with $p=2000003$. • First, add 1000000 to each integer. Then use the universal family for integers with $p=1000003$. • Take the universal family for integers with $p=1000003$.	1/1 point
	✓ Correct	