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TO PASS 80% or higher

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grade 88.88%

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Machine Learning 272	Probability & Statistics 137

LA	Veek 2 Quiz TEST SUBMISSION GRADE 8.88%	
1.	What is a windowed dataset?  0/1 point	
	○ There's no such thing	
	The time series aligned to a fixed shape	
	A fixed-size subset of a time series	
	A consistent set of subsets of a time series	
	! Incorrect	
2.	What does 'drop_remainder=true' do?  It ensures that all rows in the data window are the same length by adding data  It ensures that all data is used	
	It ensures that all rows in the data window are the same length by cropping data	
	It ensures that the data is all the same shape	
	✓ Correct	
3.	What's the correct line of code to split an n column window into n-1 columns for features and 1 column for a label 1/1 point	
	dataset = dataset.map(lambda window: (window[n-1], window[1]))	
	(a) dataset = dataset.map(lambda window: (window[:-1], window[-1:]))	
	dataset = dataset.map(lambda window: (window[-1:], window[:-1]))	
	dataset = dataset.map(lambda window: (window[n], window[1]))	

	✓ Correct	
4.	What does MSE stand for?	1/1 point
	○ Mean Second error	
	○ Mean Slight error	
	Mean Squared error	
	○ Mean Series error	
	✓ Correct	
5.	What does MAE stand for?	1 / 1 point
	Mean Average Error	
	Mean Advanced Error	
	Mean Absolute Error	
	○ Mean Active Error	
	✓ Correct	
6.	If time values are in time[], series values are in series[] and we want to split the series into training and validation at time 1000, what is the correct code?	1 1/1 point
	<pre>time_train = time[:split_time]</pre>	
	x_train = series[:split_time]  time_valid = time[split_time:]	
	x_valid = series[split_time:]	
	time_train = time[:split_time]	
	x_train = series[:split_time]  time_valid = time[split_time]	
	x_valid = series[split_time]	
	time_train = time[split_time]	
	x_train = series[split_time]	
	time valid = time[split time:]	

x\_valid = series[split\_time:]

	time_train = time[split_time]	
	x_train = series[split_time]	
	time_valid = time[split_time]	
	x_valid = series[split_time]	
	✓ Correct	
7	If you want to inspect the learned parameters in a layer after training, what's a good technique to use?	1/1
/.	n you want to inspect the learned parameters in a rayer after training, what's a good technique to use.	1/1 point
	Run the model with unit data and inspect the output for that layer	
	Decompile the model and inspect the parameter set for that layer	
	Iterate through the layers dataset of the model to find the layer you want	
	<ul> <li>Assign a variable to the layer and add it to the model using that variable. Inspect its properties after training</li> </ul>	
	✓ Correct	
0	How do you set the learning rate of the SGD optimizer?	444
0.	now do you set the learning rate of the Sob optimizer:	1 / 1 point
	Use the Ir property	
	You can't set it	
	Use the Rate property	
	Use the RateOfLearning property	
	✓ Correct	
	<b>V</b> - Contact	
9.	If you want to amend the learning rate of the optimizer on the fly, after each epoch, what do you do?	1/1 point
	Use a LearningRateScheduler and pass it as a parameter to a callback	
	Callback to a custom function and change the SGD property	
	Use a LearningRateScheduler object in the callbacks namespace and assign that to the callback	
	O You can't set it	
	✓ Correct	