HW3Q2

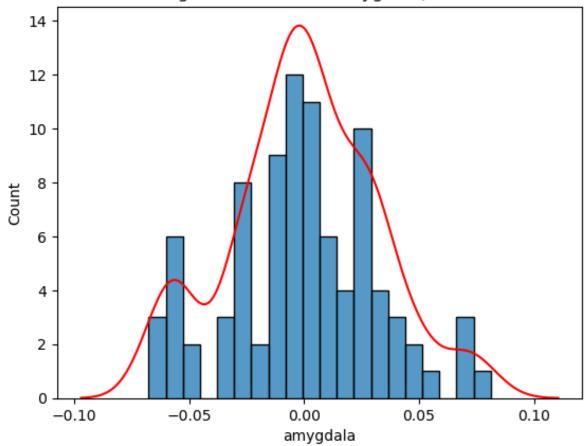
```
In [1]: import numpy as np
   import pandas as pd
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   from scipy.stats import chi2_contingency
   from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
   import seaborn as sns
In [2]: path = "data/n90pol.csv"
   df = pd.read_csv(path)
   data = df[['amygdala', 'acc']]
```

(a)

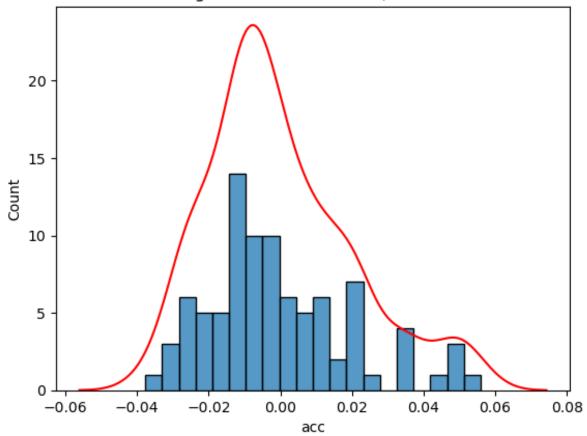
```
In [3]: # Amygdala
    sns.histplot(df['amygdala'], bins=20)
    sns.kdeplot(df['amygdala'], color='r', bw_method=0.3)
    plt.title("Histogram and KDE of Amygdala, nbin=20")
    #plt.savefig('Histogram and KDE of Amygdala, nbin=20')
    plt.show()

# ACC
    sns.histplot(df['acc'], bins=20)
    sns.kdeplot(df['acc'], color='r', bw_method=0.3)
    plt.title("Histogram and KDE of ACC, nbins=20")
    #plt.savefig('Histogram and KDE of ACC, nbins=20')
    plt.show()
```

Histogram and KDE of Amygdala, nbin=20



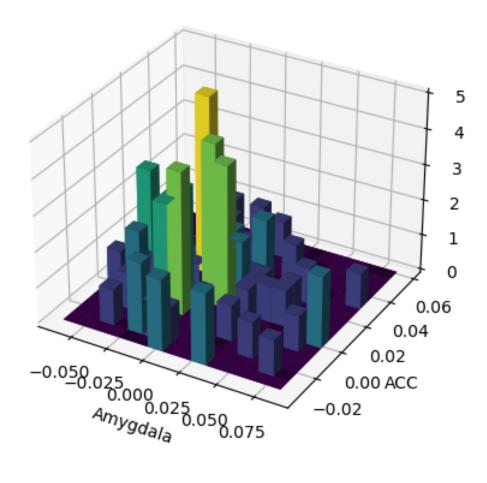
Histogram and KDE of ACC, nbins=20



(b)

```
In [4]:
        #2-d histogram
        min data = data.min().values
        max_data = data.max().values
        nbin = 15
        fig = plt.figure()
        ax = fig.add subplot(111, projection='3d')
        hist, xedges, yedges = np.histogram2d(df['amygdala'], df['acc']
        xpos, ypos = np.meshgrid(xedges[:-1] + xedges[1:], yedges[:-1]
        xpos = xpos.flatten()/2.
        ypos = ypos.flatten()/2.
        zpos = np.zeros_like(xpos)
        dx = xedges[1] - xedges[0]
        dy = yedges[1] - yedges[0]
        dz = hist.flatten()
        normalize = plt.Normalize(dz.min(), dz.max())
        ax.bar3d(xpos, ypos, zpos, dx, dy, dz, color=plt.cm.viridis(nor
        ax.set xlabel('Amygdala')
        ax.set vlabel('ACC')
        ax.set_title("2-d Histogram of Amygdala and ACC, nbin=15")
        #plt.savefig('2-d Histogram of Amygdala and ACC, nbin=15')
        plt.show()
```

2-d Histogram of Amygdala and ACC, nbin=15



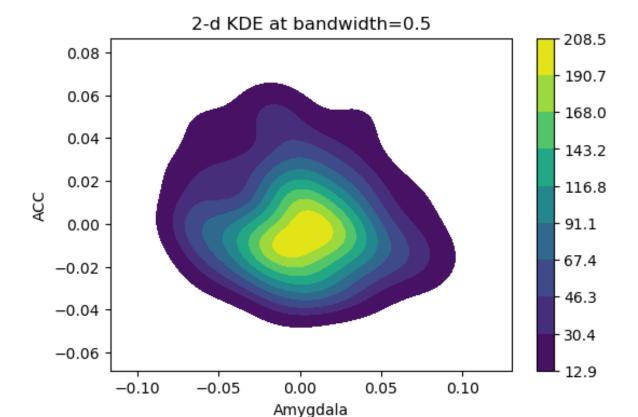
(c)

```
In [5]: #2d heat-map
   plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))

kde_x = df['amygdala']
   kde_y = df['acc']

sns.kdeplot(x=kde_x, y=kde_y, cmap='viridis', fill=True, cbar=1)

plt.xlabel('Amygdala')
   plt.ylabel('ACC')
   plt.title("2-d KDE at bandwidth=0.5")
   #plt.savefig("2d kde plot")
   plt.show()
```



```
In [6]:
        #chi2 test for independence
        c_table = pd.crosstab(kde_x, kde_y)
        chi2 = chi2 contingency(c_table)
        print(chi2.pvalue)
        0.30049182632409444
```

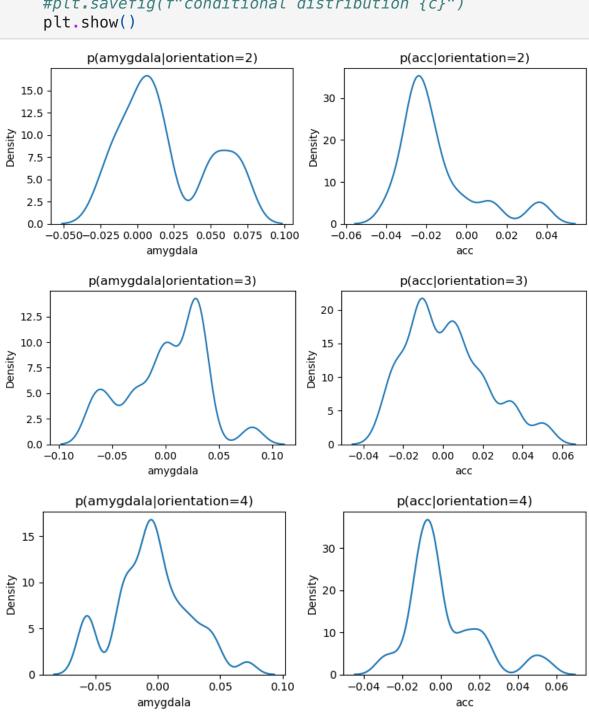
```
#covariance matrix for independence
In [7]:
        covariance = np.cov(kde_x, kde_y)[0, 1]
        print(covariance)
```

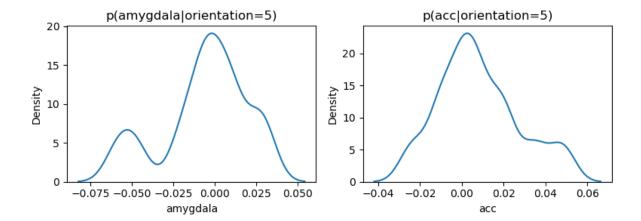
-8.560931960049936e-05

(d)

```
#calc conditional sample means
In [8]:
        means = df.groupby('orientation')[['amygdala', 'acc']].mean()
        print(means.T)
        orientation
                            2
                                       3
                                                4
                                                          5
                     0.019062 0.000588 -0.00472 -0.005692
        amygdala
                    -0.014769
                               0.001671 0.00131 0.008142
        acc
        #plotting conditional distribution for c=2 to 6
In [9]:
        for c in range(2, 6):
            orientation = df[df['orientation'] == c]
```

```
fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(8, 3))
sns.kdeplot(orientation['amygdala'], bw_adjust=0.5, ax=axs
axs[0].set_title(f"p(amygdala|orientation={c})")
sns.kdeplot(orientation['acc'], bw_adjust=0.5, ax=axs[1])
axs[1].set_title(f"p(acc|orientation={c})")
plt.tight_layout()
#plt.savefig(f"conditional distribution {c}")
plt.show()
```





(e)

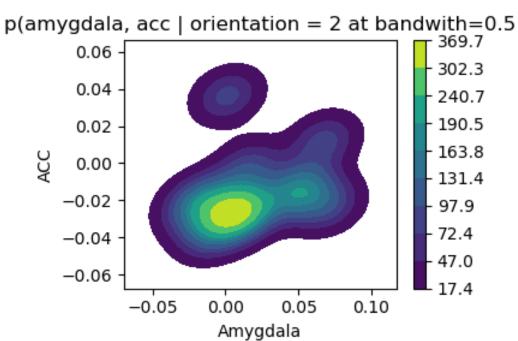
```
In [10]: # Plotting joint distribution for each orientation
for c in range(2, 6):
    orientation = df[df['orientation'] == c]

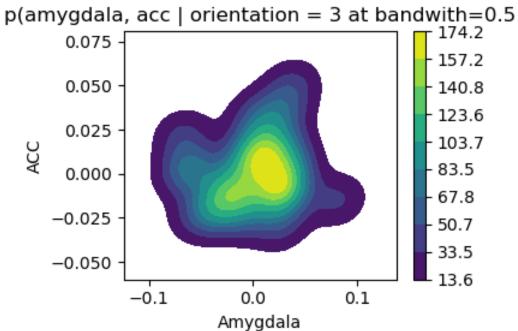
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 1, figsize=(4, 3))

kde_x = orientation['amygdala']
    kde_y = orientation['acc']
    sns.kdeplot(x=kde_x, y=kde_y, bw_method=0.5, cmap='viridis'

ax.set_title(f"p(amygdala, acc | orientation = {c} at bandwax.set_xlabel('Amygdala')
    ax.set_ylabel('ACC')

plt.tight_layout()
    #plt.savefig(f"joint_distribution_orientation_{c}.png")
    plt.show()
```





p(amygdala, acc | orientation = 4 at bandwith=0.5

