Support

Hinges that prevents translation in the same direction does NOT produce couple moment, but force in that direction.

Cartesian

$$\rho = \frac{\left[1 + \left(\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}y}\right)^2\right]^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}x^2}}$$

$$\vec{v} = v\vec{u}_t$$

$$\dot{\theta} = \frac{v}{\rho}$$

$$\vec{a} = \dot{v}\vec{u}_t + v\vec{u}_t$$

$$= \dot{v}\vec{u}_t + \frac{v^2}{\rho}\vec{u}_n$$

Cylindrical Polar but with an additional

axis, z. $\vec{u}_z = \vec{u}_\theta \times \vec{u}_r$

Linear Momentum and Impulse

$$\begin{split} \vec{L} &= m\vec{\boldsymbol{v}} \\ \vec{I} &= \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \vec{F}(t) \, \mathrm{d}t \end{split}$$

$$m\boldsymbol{v}_1 + \sum \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \boldsymbol{F} \, \mathrm{d}t = m\boldsymbol{v}_2 \end{split}$$

Tangential-Polar

Let ψ be the angle between \vec{r} and \vec{u}_t , η be the angle between the tangential and the polar axis.

Can be conserved.

$$\tan(\psi) = \frac{r\dot{\theta}}{\dot{r}} = \frac{r}{\frac{\mathrm{d}r}{\mathrm{d}\theta}}$$
$$\eta = 90^{\circ} - \psi$$
$$\vec{u}_N = \vec{u}_r \cos(\eta)$$

Polar

$$\begin{split} v &= r \\ &= v_r \vec{u}_r + v_\theta \vec{u}_\theta \\ &= \dot{r} \vec{u}_r + r \dot{\theta} \vec{u}_\theta \\ \vec{a} &= \left(\ddot{r} - r \dot{\theta}^2 \right) \vec{u}_r + \left(r \ddot{\theta} + 2 \dot{r} \dot{\theta} \right) \end{split}$$

Energetics

$$U_{\text{const}} = F \cos(\theta)(b - a)$$

$$U_{\text{var}} = \int_{a}^{b} F \cos(\theta) \, ds$$

$$U_{\text{spring}} = \frac{1}{2} k \left(s_{b}^{2} - s_{a}^{2} \right)$$

 $T = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$ $V_g = Wh = mgh$ $V_s = +\frac{1}{2}ks^2$ Can be conserved.

$$T_1 + V_1 = T_2 + V_2$$



$$I_1 + V_1 = I_2 + V$$









