# CS100: CPADS

## Basic Input/Output System

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#### What is the BIOS?

- BIOS Basic Input/Output System
- Software built into the motherboard of your computer
  - Performs the POST (Power-On Self Test) when system starts
  - Identifies and initializes system devices
    - e.g. CPU, memory, video card, disk drives, keyboard, mouse, etc.
  - Starts booting your operating system (if you have one)
- Provides an interface for a user to configure system devices

### Why Enter the BIOS?

- Set the system time
- Enable/disable onboard devices
  - Motherboards have many built-in components that you may or may not want to use
    - e.g. onboard graphics, onboard LAN controller, etc.
- Set the order of available boot devices
- Set a BIOS password
- Look at system info
  - Bios provides information on the CPU, memory and other components connected to the motherboard
- Overclock your system

### Flashing BIOS

- Update the BIOS
  - Not recommended unless your BIOS is currently having problems

- BIOS is software, software requires updates
  - Bug fixes
  - Add support for new hardware such as new CPUs