CS100 Fall 2017

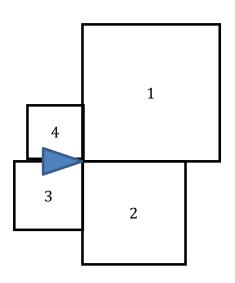
Name _____

CPADS Assignment #1

 Develop a **strategy** with pseudocode that creates a pinwheel by obtaining user input for variables **size1**, **size2**, **size3**, **size4** and computing movement to the centers of each square **USING** the variables **size1**, **size2**, **size3**, **size4** in the following manners:

- a) **Square 1:** Move to the center using a forward, 90 degree left turn, forward procedure returning back to the origin after drawing the square using forward and 90 degree turn commands
- b) **Square 2:** Compute the direct distance to the center, turn 45 degrees, move forward, draw the second square, and then move back to the origin by turning around and using a forward command
- c) **Square 3:** Compute the (x,y) coordinates of the third square assuming the turtle begins at the origin and move directly to this location by assuming you have a command that can position the turtle to an absolute coordinate, and then draw the third square. **DO NOT** return to the origin.
- d) **Square 4:** Move directly from the center of the third square to the center of the fourth square:
 - Compute the **dx** and **dy** distances from the center of the third square to the center of the fourth square
 - Compute the distance and angle to go *directly* from one center to the other (Hint: Use the tangent function to calculate the angle)
 - Use one turn and one forward command to move to the center of the fourth square (Hint: Consider what direction the cursor is facing after finishing drawing the third square to determine the proper angle and direction to turn)
 - Draw the fourth square and assume you have a command to directly return the turtle to the origin

Hint: SKETCH STRATEGIES TO FIGURE OUT THE PROPER COMPUTATIONS!



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2. Open Pycharm making sure to select the Python 3.x interpreter. Create a new project named CS100-Assign1. Right click on CS100-Assign1 in the left sidebar and select New->Python File. Name the file pinwheelCompute. Type the following code exactly as shown copying the drawSquareFromCenter() function code from pinwheel.py in CS100-Lab3

```
# import turtle graphics library
import turtle
# import math functions
from math import *
# COPY CODE FROM LAB 3 for drawSquareFromCenter()
def drawSquareFromCenter(turtle,x):...
def main():
   # Create turtle
   bob = turtle.Turtle()
   # Get user input for size of first square
   size1 = int(input('Enter size for first square: '))
   # Draw graphics
   drawSquareFromCenter(bob, size1)
   # Press <enter> to exit program
   input()
# Execute program
main()
```

The program should prompt the user to enter a size for the first square draw it centered about the origin.

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3. **USING YOUR STRATEGY FROM PART 1,** complete the program by adding code that obtains user input for variables **size2**, **size3**, **size4** and computes movement to the centers of each square **USING** the variables **size1**, **size2**, **size3**, **size4**. **No computations should be performed in movement commands.** You **MUST** move in the following manners:

- a) **Square 1:** Move to the center using a forward, 90 degree left turn, forward procedure returning back to the origin after drawing the square using forward and 90 degree turn commands
- b) **Square 2:** Declare a variable for the direct distance to the center **dist**, turn 45 degrees, move forward, draw the second square, and then move back to the origin by turning around and using a forward command (Hint: The square root function in python is **sqrt(x)**)
- c) **Square 3:** Declare two variables **x** and **y** and compute the (x,y) coordinates of the third square assuming the turtle begins at the origin. Use the **setposition(x,y)** turtle command to move directly to this location, and then draw the third square. **DO NOT** return to the origin.
- d) **Square 4:** Declare three variables **dx**, **dy**, **dist**, and **ang** computed as follows:
 - Compute the **dx** and **dy** distances from the center of the third square to the center of the fourth square
 - Compute **dist** and **ang** as the distance and angle to go *directly* from one center to the other (Hint: Use the tangent function to calculate the angle. In python, the tangent function is **atan(x)** which returns the angle in *radians*. To convert from radians to degrees, use the python command **degrees(x)**)
 - Use one turn and one forward command to move to the center of the fourth square (Hint: Consider what direction the cursor is facing after finishing drawing the third square to determine the proper angle and direction to turn)
 - Draw the fourth square and move back to the origin using the home()
 command

Hint: EXPLAIN YOUR AGILE DEVELOPMENT APPROACH FOR YOUR PROGRAM, i.e. discuss the order in which you added code. ADD COMMENTS TO YOUR CODE EXPLAINING EACH SECTION!

