

Question 1. [25 points] State a big-O upper bound on the running time of the following method, where the problem size N is the number of elements in the array passed as the method's parameter. Explain your answer briefly.

```
public static int q1(int[] arr) {
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < arr.length; j++) {
            sum += (arr[i] * arr[j]);
        }
    }
    return sum;
}
```

Question 2. [25 points] State a big-O upper bound on the running time of the following method, where the problem size N is the number of elements in the array passed as the method's parameter. Explain your answer briefly.

```
public static int q2(int[] arr) {
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
        int max = arr.length;
        if (max > 10000) {
            max = 10000;
        }
        for (int j = 0; j < max; j++) {
            sum += (arr[i] * arr[j]);
        }
    }
    return sum;
}
```

Question 3. [25 points] State a big-O upper bound on the running time of the following method, where the problem size N is the number of elements in the `ArrayList` passed as the method's parameter. Explain your answer briefly.

```
public static int q3(ArrayList<Integer> arr) {  
    int sum = 0;  
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); i++) {  
        sum += arr.get(i);  
    }  
    return sum;  
}
```

Question 4. [25 points] State a big-O upper bound on the running time of the following method, where the problem size N is the number of elements in the `LinkedList` passed as the method's parameter. Explain your answer briefly.

```
public static int q4(LinkedList<Integer> arr) {  
    int sum = 0;  
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); i++) {  
        sum += arr.get(i);  
    }  
    return sum;  
}
```