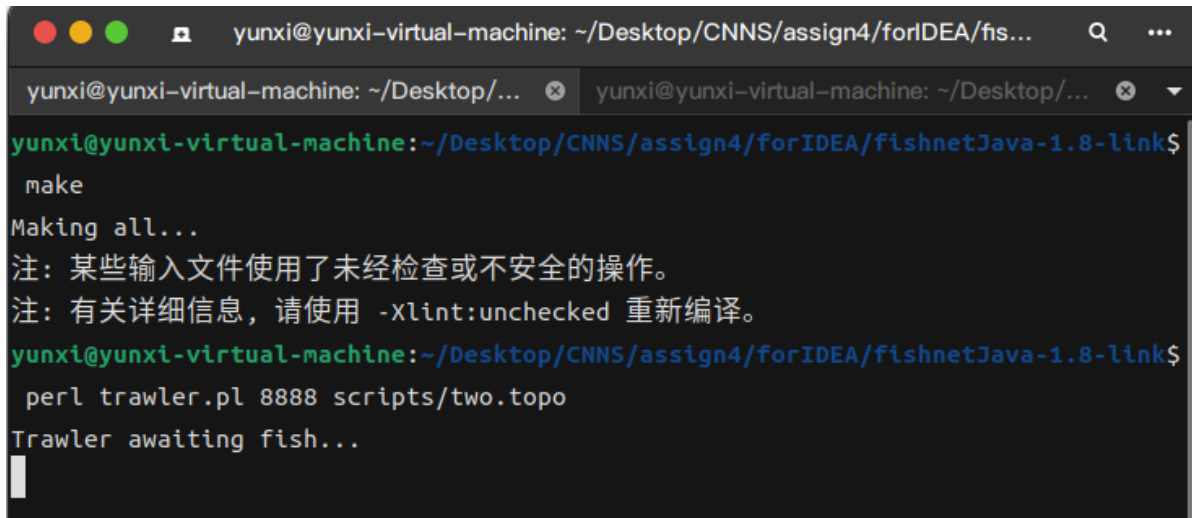


two-node fishnet emulation 的输出和相应的标记

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1. make 的截图来证明编译过程



```
yunxi@yunxi-virtual-machine: ~/Desktop/CNNS/assign4/forIDEA/fis...
yunxi@yunxi-virtual-machine: ~/Desktop/...
yunxi@yunxi-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/CNNS/assign4/forIDEA/fishnetJava-1.8-link$
make
Making all...
注: 某些输入文件使用了未经检查或不安全的操作。
注: 有关详细信息, 请使用 -xlint:unchecked 重新编译。
yunxi@yunxi-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/CNNS/assign4/forIDEA/fishnetJava-1.8-link$
perl trawler.pl 8888 scripts/two.topo
Trawler awaiting fish...
```

2. 启动两个节点

```
yunxi@yunxi-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/CNNS/assign4/forIDEA/fishnetJava-1.8-link$
perl trawler.pl 8888 scripts/two.topo
Trawler awaiting fish...
Got port 10000: assigning addr: 0
Got port 10001: assigning addr: 1
```

```
yunxi@yunxi-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/CNNS/assign4/forIDEA/fishnetJava-1.8-link$
perl fishnet.pl emulate localhost 8888 10000
Node 0: started
server 21 2
Node 1: server started, port = 21
```

```
yunxi@yunxi-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/CNNS/assign4/forIDEA/fishnetJava-1.8-link$
perl fishnet.pl emulate localhost 8888 10001
Node 1: started
```

3. node 1 向 node 0 传输 50000 bit 的包

- 配置文件 two.topo

```
edge 0 1 lossRate 0.05 delay 5 bw 10000 bt 1000
```

- node 0 (server)

```

yunxi@yunxi-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/CNNS/assign4/forIDEA/fishnetJava-1.8-link$
perl fishnet.pl emulate localhost 8888 10000
Node 0: started
server 21 2
Node 0: server started, port = 21
SNode 0: time = 1670150125131 msec
Node 0: connection accepted
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....FNode 0:
time = 1670150136145 msec
Node 0: connection closed
Node 0: total bytes received = 50000

```

- node 1 (transfer client)

```

yunxi@yunxi-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/CNNS/assign4/forIDEA/fishnetJava-1.8-link$
perl fishnet.pl emulate localhost 8888 10001
Node 1: started
transfer 0 21 40 50000
S:Node 1: time = 1670150125940 msec
Node 1: started
Node 1: bytes to send = 50000
.....
.....???.....?????????????????????:.....???
.....?????????:.....
.....???.....?????:.....???.....?????:???..
.....???.....?????:.....???.....?????:???..??:
.....???.....
.....???.....?????:.....
.....???.....?????:.....
.....???.....?:??!.
????:.....???.....???.....?:.....??:.....?!.
?:.....?:.....??:.....??:.....
.???..?:.....??:.....?:.....
.....???.....?????:.....
.....Node 1: time = 1670150133952
Node 1: sending completed
Node 1: closing connection...
???.....?:.....
???.....?:.....??:.....?:.....!.:Node 1: time = 1670150135953
msec
Node 1: connection closed
Node 1: total bytes sent = 50000
Node 1: time elapsed = 10013 msec
Node 1: Bps = 4993.508439029262

```

4. What is going on ?

- client 向 server 发送 SYN 请求, server 收到 SYN 数据包 (图中的 'S: Node 1', 'SNode 0')

```
Node 1: started
transfer 0 21 40 50000
S:Node 1: time = 1670150125940 msec
Node 1: started
Node 1: bytes to send = 50000
.....
```

```
SNode 0: time = 1670150125131 msec
Node 0: connection accepted
.....
```

- server 向 client 回复 —— 发送 SYN (S) 和 ACK (:), 图同上
- client 收到 ACK 后开始向 server 发送 packet, 共计 50000 字节, 中间 server 每收到一个 DATA packet 都会在屏幕上打印一个 '.', 并检查包的大小是否一致, 将每个包的 ACK 信息发送回 client。如下图 (图中 '.' 表示发送一个 DATA packet, ':' 表示收到一个推进字段的 ACK, '!' 表示收到一个不推进字段的 ACK, '?' 表示 client 向 server 重传一个 DATA packet) :

```
.....???.....???????.....
.....???.....?:??!.:.....
.....???.....???.....:???.....??:.....??:
.....?!.?:.....:???..?:.....:....
```

- 全部包发送完成时, client 向 server 发送一个 FIN 包, 如下图 server 收到的 'F':

```
.....FNod
e 0: time = 1670150136145 msec
Node 0: connection closed
Node 0: total bytes received = 50000
```