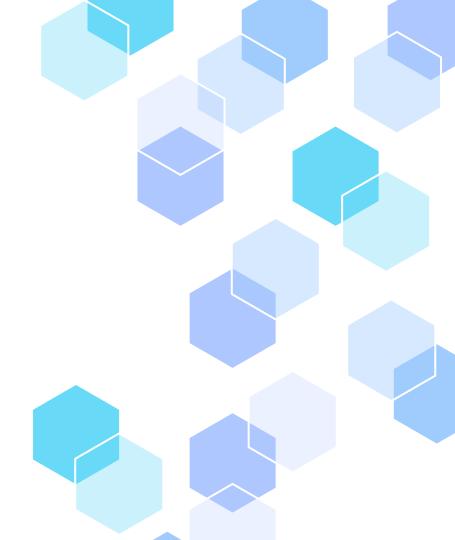
Intuitive Physics in Virtual Reality

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Data Science Practicum Project
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When playing Jenga...

All the players are trying to make the tower stay stable...

But how do we know?

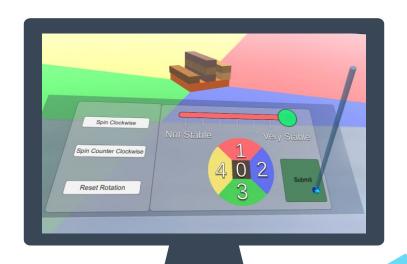


This Study

- Human Intuitions about Tower Stability in VR
 - Evaluate various tower designs in an immersive virtual reality environment
- Predictive Modeling
 - Image-based models to predict whether towers will fall or not

Experiment Design

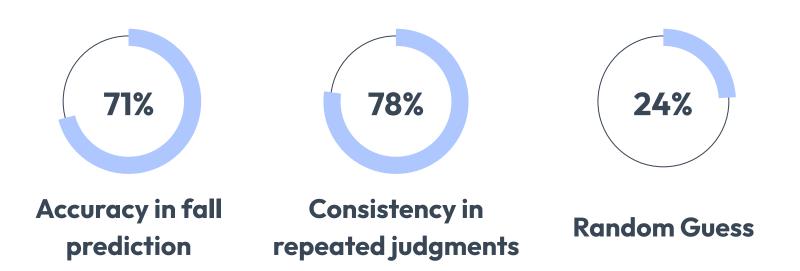
- 50 unique tower design
- For each tower:
 - Rate stability on 1 7 scale
 - Predict likely fall direction
- 3 evaluation rounds, 150 total trials



Demo



Human Behavior Results



Observers rely on well-developed intuitive skills and knowledge of physical principles rather than simple guessing.

Tower Difficulty

The portion of participants that correctly judged the towers' falling direction

Easiest

(> 90% correct)

Medium

(~70%)

Hardest (< 40%)



















Image-based models Performance

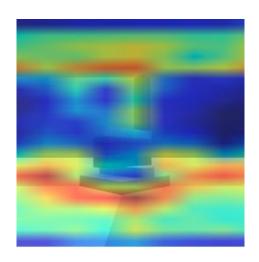
Dataset: Images of different viewing angles of 50 towers, total 164 unstable & 144 stable towers' photo

Over 95% accuracy

- Precision drop from training:
 - Potential overfitting
 - Sensitivity to variations

	ResNet50		InceptionV3	
	Training	Testing	Training	Testing
Accuracy	95.98	95.45	96.43	95.45
Precision	95.45	85.71	95.49	85.71
Recall	97.67	100.00	98.45	100.00
F1 Score	96.55	92.31	96.95	92.31

Model Explainability



ResNet50

Focuses on top/bottom



InceptionV3

Considers full structure

Spectrum from warm to cool.

Red =

Areas that contribute most to the decision making process

Blue =

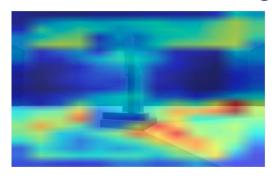
Areas that
contribute least to
the decision
making process

Interesting Case

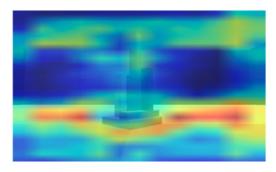
Same tower, different viewing angles



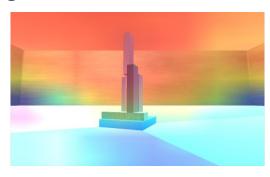
Human: Stable (38%)



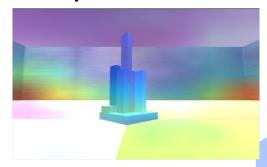
ResNet50: Stable



ResNet50: Unstable

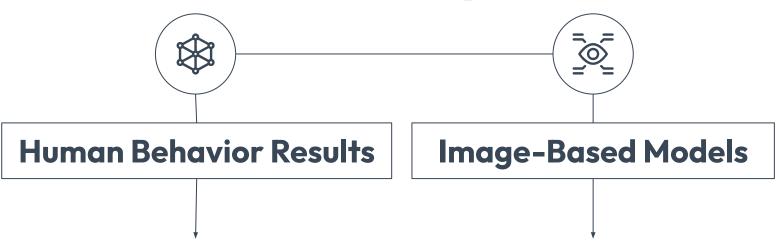


InceptionV3: Stable



InceptionV3: Unstable

Summary



Humans show robust intuitive grasp of physical principles with high accuracy (71%) and significant consistency (78%)

Deep learning models show the potential to reach human capabilities but more work is needed to understand the gap between human and machines' intuitive physics

Thanks!

Dr. Bei Xiao Jesse Schwartz (Lab alumni) Michael Reinisch (MS student) Chenxi Liao (PhD student)

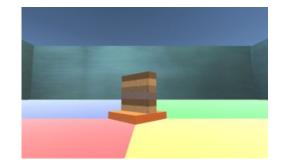
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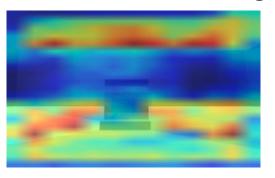


Interesting Case

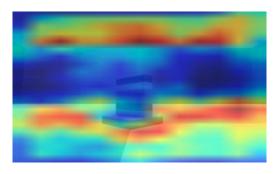
Same tower, different viewing angles



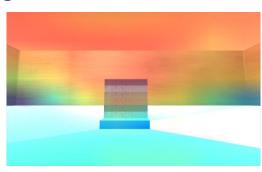
Human: Stable (96%)



ResNet50: Stable



ResNet50: Stable



InceptionV3: Stable



InceptionV3: Unstable