

DesignWare[®] Synthesizable Components for AMBA 2

User Guide

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Product Codes JaguarMicro VBSZ0035 9t.chen 10.11.13.171 2021-11-30 09:51:31

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Revision History

The following table provides a summary of changes made to this User Guide.

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| Date | Image Version | Description |
|---------------|---------------|---|
| December 2020 | 2020.12a | Updated Replaced coreConsultant screen captures |
| July 2018 | 2018.07a | The first version of the User Guide |
| | | |

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Preface

This preface contains the following sections

- "User Guide Organization" on page 7
- "Related Product Information" on page 7
- "Web Resources" on page 8
- "Customer Support" on page 8
- "Product Codes" on page 9

This user guide provides information that you need to interface the, referred to as IP throughout the remainder of this user guide.

The information in this user guide includes Configuring the Core using the coreConsultant GUI and additional coreConsultant and coreAssembler information.

User Guide Organization

The chapters of this user guide are organized as follows:

- Chapter 1, "Product Overview" introduces the, supported standards, and architecture.
- Chapter 2, "Configuring the Core" provides an overview of the step-by-step process you use to configure, synthesize, simulate, and export the using the Synopsys coreConsultant tool.
- Appendix A, "Additional coreConsultant Information", provides miscellaneous information related to coreConsultant, such as writing a batch script, accessing help information, and workspace directory contents.

Related Product Information

Refer to the following documentation:

- Using DesignWare Library IP in coreAssembler Contains information on getting started with using DesignWare SIP components for AMBA 2 components within coreTools
- coreAssembler User Guide Contains information on using coreAssembler
- coreConsultant User Guide Contains information on using coreConsultant

- Guide to Documentation for DesignWare Synthesizable Components for AMBA 2, AMBA 3 AXI, and AMBA 4 AXI (Documentation Overview) - To see a complete listing of documentation within the DesignWare Synthesizable Components for AMBA 2.
- Verification IP (VIP)

To run simulations in coreConsultant, the testbench uses the following:

Synopsys AMBA VMT and AMBA SVT VIP - Download from the SolvNet Download Center

Web Resources

- DesignWare IP product information: https://www.synopsys.com/designware-ip.html
- Your custom DesignWare IP page: https://www.synopsys.com/dw/mydesignware.php
- Documentation through SolvNetPlus: https://solvnetplus.synopsys.com (Synopsys password required)
- Synopsys Common Licensing (SCL): https://www.synopsys.com/keys

Customer Support

Synopsys provides the following various methods for contacting Customer Support:

- Prepare the following debug information, if applicable:
 - □ For environment set-up problems or failures with configuration, simulation, or synthesis that occur within coreConsultant or coreAssembler, select the following menu:

File > Build Debug Tar-file

Check all the boxes in the dialog box that apply to your issue. This option gathers all the Synopsys product data needed to begin debugging an issue and writes it to the <core tool startup directory>/debug.tar.gz file.

- □ For simulation issues outside of coreConsultant or coreAssembler:
 - Create a waveforms file (such as VPD or VCD).
 - Identify the hierarchy path to the DesignWare instance.
 - Identify the timestamp of any signals or locations in the waveforms that are not understood.
- *For the fastest response*, enter a case through SolvNetPlus:
 - a. https://solvnetplus.synopsys.com



SolvNetPlus does not support Internet Explorer. Use a supported browser such as Microsoft Edge, Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, or Apple Safari.

- b. Click the Cases menu and then click Create a New Case (below the list of cases).
- c. Complete the mandatory fields that are marked with an asterisk and click **Save**. Ensure to include the following:
 - **Product L1:** DesignWare Library IP
 - Product L2: AMBA

d. After creating the case, attach any debug files you created.

For more information about general usage information, refer to the following article in SolvNetPlus: https://solvnetplus.synopsys.com/s/article/SolvNetPlus-Usage-Help-Resources

- Or, send an e-mail message to support_center@synopsys.com (your email will be queued and then, on a first-come, first-served basis, manually routed to the correct support engineer):
 - Include the Product L1 and Product L2 names, and Version number in your e-mail so it can be routed correctly.
 - For simulation issues, include the timestamp of any signals or locations in waveforms that are not understood
 - Attach any debug files you created.
- Or, telephone your local support center:
 - North America:
 Call 1-800-245-8005 from 7 AM to 5:30 PM Pacific time, Monday through Friday.
 - All other countries: https://www.synopsys.com/support/global-support-centers.html

Product Codes

Following is the list of all product codes associated with DesignWare Synthesizable Components for AMBA 2.

- Product Code: 3771-0 DesignWare APB Peripherals
- Product Code: 3772-0 DesignWare APB Advanced Peripherals
- Product Code: 3889-0 DW_ahb_dmac
- Product Code 2925-0 DesignWare

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■ Product Code 3768-0 - DesignWare AHB Components



For the list of components associated with each product code, and Licenses Requirements, see the "Licenses" section of *DesignWare Synthesizable Components for AMBA 2, AMBA 3 AXI Installation Guide.*

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Product Overview

The DesignWare[®] Library IP Cores are configurable, synthesizable, and programmable components. The DesignWare Library contains the following IP Cores of AMBA family:

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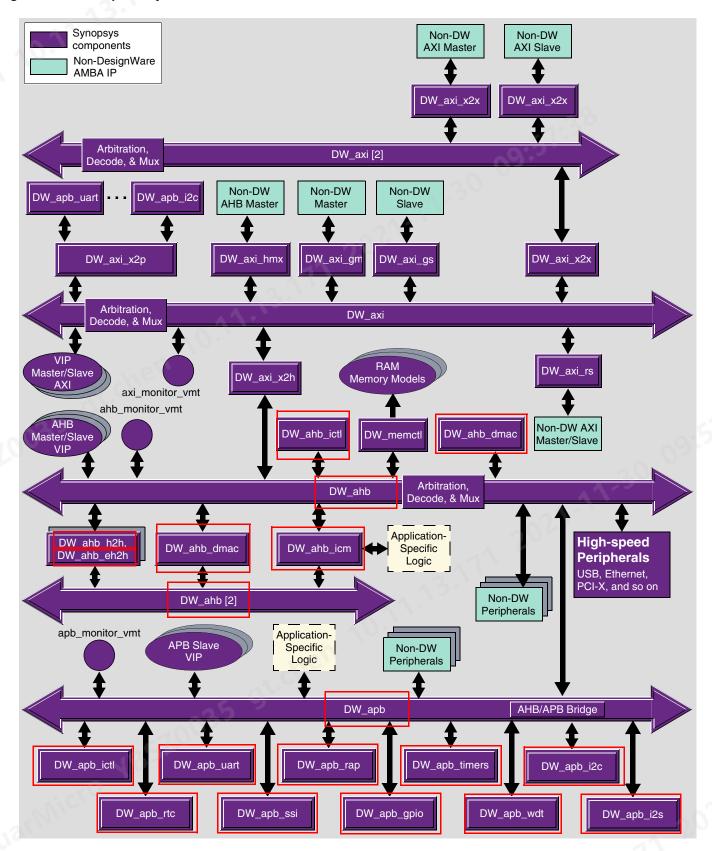
- **DW_ahb** The DW_ahb provides the AHB bus fabric to connect AHB masters and slaves to form the part of a System-on-Chip (SoC) bus solution.
- **DW_ahb_dmac** The DW_ahb_dmac is an AHB-Central DMA controller core that transfers data from a source peripheral to a destination peripheral over one or more AHB bus.
- **DW_ahb_eh2h** The DW_ahb_eh2h is an AHB-to-AHB bridge with a FIFO-based architecture, designed to achieve high throughput and high bus efficiency.
- **DW_ahb_h2h** The DW_ahb_h2h is an AHB-to-AHB bridge with a register-based architecture, designed to perform retiming of the datapath to a different clock domain with minimal gate count and low bus performance.
- **DW_ahb_icm** The DW_ahb_icm is a programmable multi-layer Interconnection Matrix (ICM) peripheral.
- **DW_ahb_ictl** The DW_ahb_ictl is a configurable vectored interrupt controller for AMBA-based systems.
- **DW_apb** The DW_apb provides a bridge between the AHB bus and a set of APB peripherals. All communication between masters on the AHB, and slaves on the APB pass through the DW_apb.
- **DW_apb_gpio** The DW_apb_gpio is a programmable General Purpose Programming I/O (GPIO) peripheral.
- **DW_apb_i2c** The DW_apb_i2c provides support for the communications link between integrated circuits in a system. It is a simple two-wire bus with a software-defined protocol for system control, which is used in temperature sensors and voltage level translators to EEPROMs, General Purpose I/O, A/D and D/A converters, CODECs, and other types of microprocessors.
- **DW_apb_i2s** The DW_apb_i2s is a serial link designed for digital audio systems, such as A/D and D/A converters, digital signal processors, and so on.
- **DW_apb_ictl** The DW_apb_ictl is a configurable vectored interrupt controller for AMBA-based systems.
- **DW_apb_rap** The DW_apb_rap is a programmable Remap and Pause (RAP) controller peripheral.

- **DW_apb_rtc** The DW_apb_rtc is a programmable Real Time Clock (RTC) peripheral.
- **DW_apb_ssi** The DW_apb_ssi is a programmable Synchronous Serial Interface (SSI) peripheral.
- **DW_apb_timers** The DW_apb_timers is a programmable timers peripheral.
- **DW_apb_uart** The DW_apb_uart is a programmable Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART).
- **DW_apb_wdt** The DW_apb_wdt is a programmable Watchdog Timer (WDT) peripheral.

Synopsys DesignWare Synthesizable Components environment is a parameterizable bus system that contains AMBA 2-compliant AHB (Advanced High-performance Bus), and APB (Advanced Peripheral Bus) components, and AMBA 3 AXI, AMBA 4 AXI (Advanced eXtensible Interface) components.

Figure 1-1 illustrates an example of this environment, including the AHB bus, the APB Bus (includes the APB Bridge), AHB multilayer interconnect IP, APB peripheral components, verification master/slave models, and bus monitors. To access the product page and documentation for AMBA components, see the DesignWare IP Solutions for AMBA Interconnect page. (SolvNetPlus ID required)

Figure 1-1 Complete System



You can connect, configure, synthesize, and verify within a DesignWare subsystem using coreAssembler, documentation for which is available on the web in the *coreAssembler User Guide*.

If you want to configure, synthesize, and verify a single component, you might prefer to use coreConsultant, documentation for which is available in the coreConsultant User Guide.

2

Configuring the Core

DesignWare Synthesizable IPs (SIPs) are packaged using Synopsys coreTools, which enable you to configure, synthesize, and run simulations on a single SIP title, or to build a configured subsystem using DesignWare components for AMBA 2, library. You can do this by generating a workspace view using one of the following coreTools applications:

- coreConsultant Used for configuration, RTL generation, synthesis, and execution of packaged verification for a single SIP title. The *coreConsultant User Guide* provides complete information on the usage of coreConsultant.
- coreAssembler Used for building and configuring a subsystem that connects multiple SIP titles with DesignWare Synthesizable IPs as well as AMBA 2 library components, RTL generation, synthesis, and creation of a template subsystem testbench. The *coreAssembler User Guide* provides complete information on the usage of coreAssembler.

A workspace is your working version of a DesignWare SIP component or subsystem. In fact, you can create several workspaces to experiment with different design alternatives.



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If you are unfamiliar with coreTools—which is comprised of the coreAssembler, coreConsultant, and coreBuilder tools—you can go to *Using DesignWare Library IP in coreAssembler* to "get started" learning how to work with DesignWare SIP components.

This chapter shows you how to use coreConsultant and coreAssembler tools to configure, simulate, synthesize, and export the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs to your design flow.

The final output from coreConsultant design flow is a set of RTL files (the configured RTL core) and scripts to allow you to run various tools standalone within your own design flow.

The topics in this chapter are as follows:

- "Setting up Your Environment" on page 16
- "Overview of the coreConsultant Configuration and Integration Process" on page 16
- "Overview of the coreAssembler Configuration and Integration Process" on page 21
- "Configuring the Core Using coreConsultant" on page 44
- "Creating a Subsystem Using coreAssembler" on page 78

■ "Database Files" on page 80

2.1 Setting up Your Environment

The DesignWare Synthesizable IPs are included in a release of DesignWare SIP components. It is assumed that you have already downloaded and installed the release. If you have not, you can download and install the latest versions of required tools using the *DesignWare Synthesizable Components for AMBA 2, AMBA 3 AXI Installation Guide*.

You also need to set up your environment correctly using specific environment variables, such as DESIGNWARE_HOME, VERA_HOME, PATH, and SYNOPSYS. If you are not familiar with these requirements and the necessary licenses, see "Setting up Your Environment" section in the *DesignWare Synthesizable Components for AMBA 2, AMBA 3 AXI Installation Guide*.

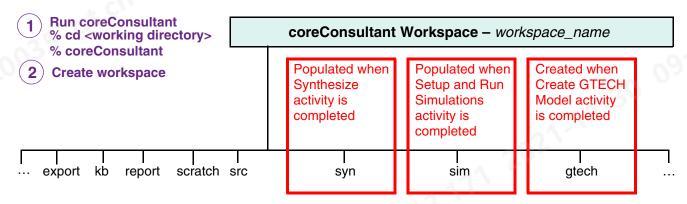
2.2 Overview of the coreConsultant Configuration and Integration Process

Once you have correctly downloaded and installed a release of DesignWare SIP components and then set up your environment, you can begin work on the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs using coreConsultant.

2.2.1 coreConsultant Usage

Figure 2-1 illustrates some general directories and files in a coreConsultant workspace.

Figure 2-1 coreConsultant Usage Flow



3 Use coreConsultant to create, synthesize, and verify your component

Table 2-1 provides a description of the implementation workspace directory and subdirectories.

Table 2-1 coreConsultant Implementation Workspace Directory Contents

| Directory/Subdirectory | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| auxiliary | Scripts and text files used by coreConsultant. Generated upon first creating workspace. |
| custom | Contains RTL preprocessor scripts. Generated during Specify Configuration activity. |

Table 2-1 coreConsultant Implementation Workspace Directory Contents (Continued)

| Directory/Subdirectory | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| doc | Contains local copies of component-specific databooks. Generated upon first creating workspace. |
| export | Contains files used to integrate results from the completed source configuration and synthesis activities into your design (outside coreConsultant). Generated upon first creating workspace; populated during Specify Configuration activity. |
| gtech | Contains synthesis scripts and output Netlists from gtech generation; also used for RTL simulation of encrypted source code. Generated during Generate GTECH Model activity. |
| kb | Contains knowledge base information used by coreConsultant. These are binary files containing the state of the design. Generated upon first creating workspace; populated and updated throughout activities. |
| report | Contains all of the reports created by coreConsultant during build, configuration, test and synthesis phases. An index.html file in this directory links to many of these generated reports. Generated upon first creating workspace; populated and updated throughout activities. |
| scratch | Contains temp files used during the coreConsultant processes. Generated upon first creating workspace; populated and updated throughout activities. |
| sim | Contains test stimulus and output files. Generated upon first creating workspace; updated during Setup and Run Simulations activity. |
| spyglass | Contains SpyGlass Lint and CDC configuration files for the component. Generated upon first SpyGlass run; updated during Run Spyglass RTL Checker activity. |
| src | Includes the top-level RTL file, design_name.v. If you have a source license, this contains plain-text RTL; if you only have a DesignWare license, this contains encrypted RTL. Generated upon first creating workspace; populated during Specify Configuration activity. |
| syn | Contains synthesis files for the component. Generated upon first creating workspace; updated during Synthesis activity and Formal Verification activity. |
| xprop | Contains the files used for the VCS Xprop analysis activity. Generated upon running the "Run VCS XPROP Analyzer" activity under the "Verify Component" Tab in coreConsultant. This directory is created only when the VCS_HOME variable is set. |

For details on some key files created during coreConsultant activities, see "Database Files" on page 80 For information on using coreConsultant, see the *coreConsultant User Guide*.

2.2.2 Configuring the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs within coreConsultant

The "Parameter Description" chapter in the databook of the respective DesignWare Synthesizable IPs describe the hardware configuration parameters that you configure using the coreConsultant GUI.

The "Creating the RTL View of a Core" chapter in the *coreConsultant User Guide* discusses how to specify a configuration for an individual DesignWare Synthesizable IPs.

2.2.3 Creating Gate-Level Netlists within coreConsultant

The "Creating the Gate-Level Netlist for a Core" chapter in the *coreConsultant User Guide* discusses how to create a translation of the RTL view into a technology-specific netlist for an individual DesignWare Synthesizable IPs.

2.2.4 Verifying the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs within coreConsultant

The "Verification" chapter in the databook of the respective DesignWare Synthesizable IPs provide an overview of the testbench available for DesignWare Synthesizable IPs verification using the coreConsultant GUI.

The "Verifying Your Implementation" chapter in the *coreConsultant User Guide* discusses how to simulate an individual component.

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2.3 Running Low Power Static Verification Using VC LP

You can perform low power static verification using Synopsys VC Low Power (VC LP) tool. As shown in Figure 2-2 you can run VC LP in the coreConsultant GUI.

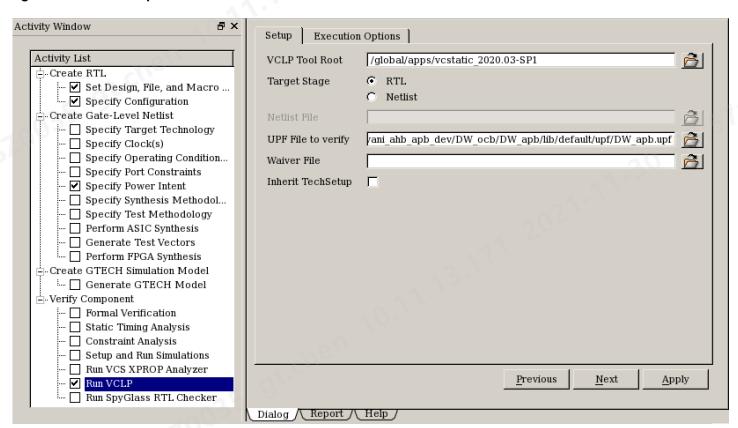
The VC LP flow in coreConsultant runs the following Low Power Checks either on the RTL or Netlist:

- Power Intent Consistency Checks
- Signal Corruption Checks
- Structural Checks
- Power and Ground (PG) Checks
- Functional Checks

For details on each of these checks, refer to the *VC Low Power User Guide*, which is available at the following location:

https://solvnet.synopsys.com/dow_retrieve/latest/ni/vc_static.html

Figure 2-2 VC LP Options in coreConsultant

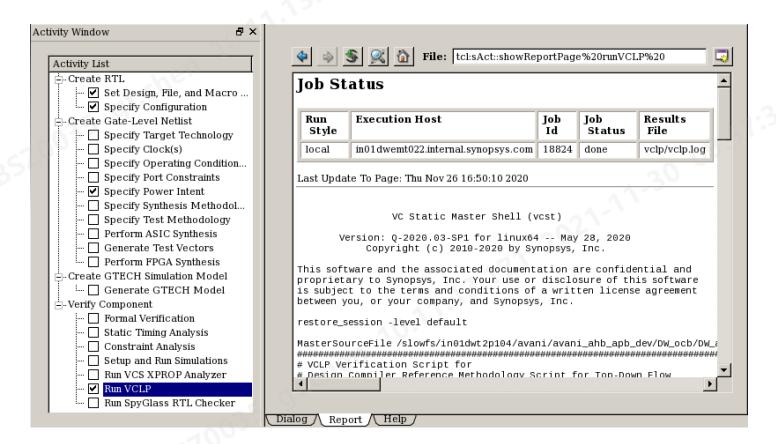


To run VC LP, complete the following steps:

- 1. Select **Verify Component> Run VCLP** activity.
- 2. In the **Setup** tab, complete the following fields:
 - □ **VCLP Tool Root**: Specify the complete path for the VC LP tool.
 - □ **Target Stage**: Select either RTL or Netlist stage.
 - For RTL stage, specify the location of the *.upf file.
 - For Netlist stage, specify the location of the netlist and the upf prime file (UPF output of Design Compiler).
- 3. Click Apply.

On completion, the results are available in the Report tab. Go to the report summary, and check for any errors/warnings as shown in Figure 2-3. For debugging the warnings/errors, refer to the *VC Low Power User Guide*.

Figure 2-3 VC LP - Sample Report Summary

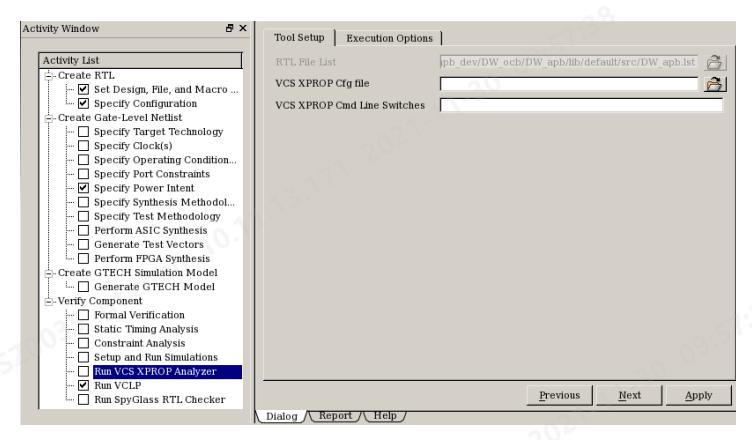


2.4 Running VCS XPROP Analyzer

This section discusses the procedure to run the VCS XPROP analyzer activity.

Figure 2-4 shows the coreConsultant GUI in which you run the VCS XPROP analyzer.

Figure 2-4 VCS Xprop Option in coreConsultant



This activity runs the XPROP analysis on the configured RTL files. It checks the code for any potential instrumentation issues and reports the same. The VCS XPROP Analyzer results are saved in the <workspace>/xprop/xprop.log file. The script <workspace>/xprop/sh.xprop contains the VCS XPROP configuration and switch settings. This can be used to run the VCS XPROP activity in batch mode.

From the "Tool Setup" tab in Figure 2-4, you can pass any command-line switches that can be supplied in addition to what is considered by default.

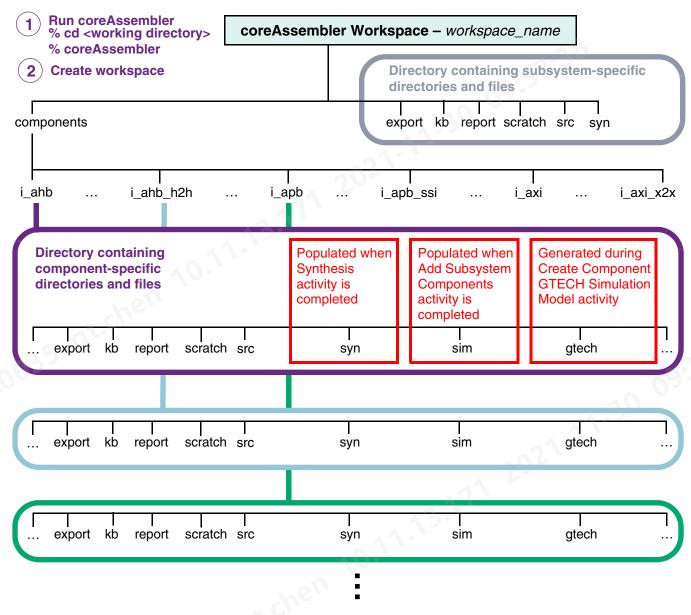
2.5 Overview of the coreAssembler Configuration and Integration Process

Once you have correctly downloaded and installed a release of DesignWare SIP components and then set up your environment, you can begin work on your DesignWare subsystem with coreAssembler.

2.5.1 coreAssembler Usage

Figure 2-5 illustrates some general directories and files in a coreAssembler workspace.

Figure 2-5 coreAssembler Usage Flow



3 Use coreAssembler to create, synthesize, and verify your subsystem

Table 2-2 provides a description of the implementation workspace directory and subdirectories.

Table 2-2 coreAssembler Implementation Workspace Directory Contents

| Directory/Subdirectory | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| components | Contains a directory for each IP component instance connected in the subsystem. Generated and populated with separate component directories upon first adding components; populated and updated throughout activities. |
| i_component/auxiliary | Scripts and text files used by coreAssembler. Generated during Add Subsystem Components activity. |
| i_component/custom | Contains RTL preprocessor scripts. Generated during Configure Components activity. |
| i_component/doc | Contains local copies of component-specific databooks. Generated during Add Subsystem Components activity. |
| i_component/export | Contains files used to integrate results from the completed source configuration and synthesis activities into your design (outside coreAssembler). Generated during Add Subsystem Components activity; populated during Configure Components activity. |
| i_component/gtech | Contains synthesis scripts and output netlists from gtech generation; also used for RTL simulation of encrypted source code. Generated during Create Component GTECH Simulation Model activity. |
| i_component/kb | Contains knowledge base information used by coreAssembler. These are binary files containing the state of the design. Generated during Add Subsystem Components activity; populated and updated throughout activities. |
| i_component/report | Contains all of the reports created by coreAssembler during build, configuration, test and synthesis phases. An index.html file in this directory links to many of these generated reports. Generated during Add Subsystem Components activity; populated and updated throughout activities. |
| i_component/scratch | Contains temp files used during the coreAssembler processes. Generated during Add Subsystem Components activity; populated and updated throughout activities. |
| i_component/sim | Contains test stimulus and output files. Generated during Add Subsystem Components activity; updated during Setup and Run Simulations (for /i_component) activity. |
| i_component/spyglass | Contains SpyGlass Lint and CDC configuration files for the component. Generated upon first SpyGlass run; updated during Run Spyglass RTL Checker activity. |
| i_component/src | Includes the top-level RTL file, design_name.v. If you have a source license, this contains plain-text RTL; if you only have a DesignWare license, this contains encrypted RTL. Generated during Add Subsystem Components activity; populated during Specify Configuration activity. |

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Table 2-2 coreAssembler Implementation Workspace Directory Contents (Continued)

| Directory/Subdirectory | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| i_component/syn | Contains synthesis files for the component. Generated during Add Subsystem Components activity; updated during Synthesis activity. |
| i_component/xprop | Contains the files used for the VCS Xprop analysis activity. Generated upon running the "Run VCS XPROP Analyzer" activity. This directory is created only when the VCS_HOME variable is set. |
| export | Contains subsystem files used to integrate the results from the completed source configuration and synthesis activities into your design (outside coreAssembler). Generated upon first creating workspace; populated starting with Memory Map Specification activity. |
| kb | Contains subsystem knowledge base information used by coreAssembler. These are binary files containing the state of the design. Generated upon first creating workspace; populated and updated throughout activities. |
| report | Contains subsystem reports created by coreAssembler during build, configuration, test and synthesis phases. An index.html file in this directory links to many of these generated reports. Generated upon first creating workspace; populated and updated throughout activities. |
| scratch | Contains subsystem temp files used during the coreAssembler processes. Generated upon first creating workspace; populated and updated throughout activities. |
| src | Includes the RTL related to the subsystem. If you have a source license, this contains plain-text RTL; if you only have a DesignWare license, this contains encrypted RTL. Generated upon first creating workspace; populated starting with Generate Subsystem RTL activity. |
| syn | Contains synthesis files for the subsystem. Generated upon first creating workspace; updated during Synthesize activity and Formal Verification activity. |

- For details on some key files created during coreAssembler activities, see "Database Files" on page 80.
- For information on using coreAssembler, see the *coreAssembler User Guide*.
- For information on getting started with using DesignWare SIP components for AMBA 2 components within coreTools, see *Using DesignWare Library IP in coreAssembler*.

2.5.2 DesignWare Synthesizable IPs within Simple Subsystems

"DW_ahb in Simple Subsystem"

"DW_ahb_dmac in Simple Subsystem"

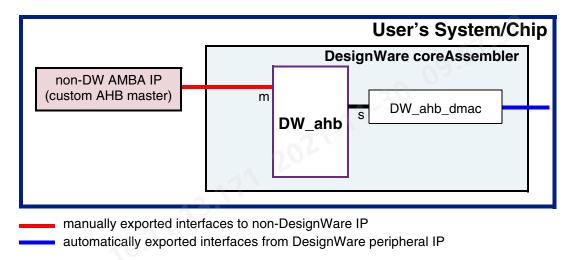
"DW_ahb_eh2h in Simple Subsystem"

- "DW_ahb_h2h in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_ahb_icm in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_ahb_ictl in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_apb in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_apb_gpio in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_apb_i2c in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_apb_i2s in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_apb_ictl in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_apb_rap in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_apb_rtc in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_apb_ssi in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_apb_timers in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_apb_uart in Simple Subsystem"
- "DW_apb_wdt in Simple Subsystem" BSZ0035 9t.chen

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Figure 2-6 illustrates the DW_ahb in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-6 DW_ahb in Simple Subsystem



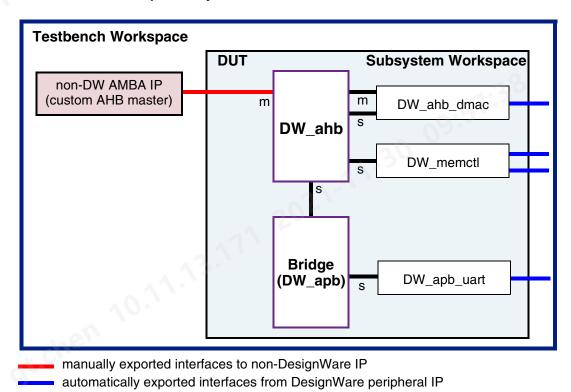
The subsystem in Figure 2-6 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_ahb
- DW_ahb_dmac
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master — such as a CPU — later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-7 illustrates the DW_ahb_dmac in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-7 DW_ahb_dmac in Simple Subsystem



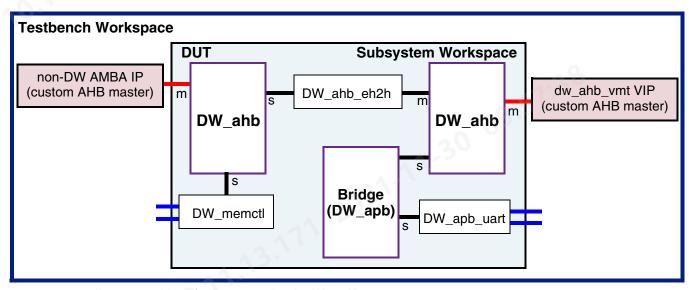
The subsystem in Figure 2-7 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_ahb_dmac
- DW_ahb
- DW_memctl (source)
- DW_apb
- DW_apb_uart
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-8 illustrates the DW_ahb_eh2h in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-8 DW_ahb_eh2h in Simple Subsystem



manually exported interfaces to non-DesignWare IP
automatically exported interfaces from DesignWare peripheral IP

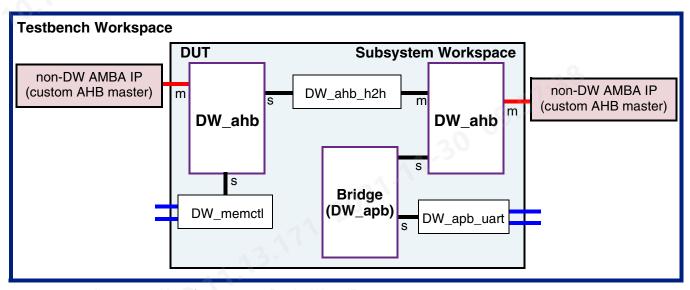
The subsystem in Figure 2-8 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW ahb eh2h
- Two DW_ahb instances
- DW_memctl
- DW_apb
- DW_apb_uart
- Two AHB Masters

An AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-9 illustrates the DW_ahb_h2h in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-9 DW_ahb_h2h in Simple Subsystem



manually exported interfaces to non-DesignWare IP
automatically exported interfaces from DesignWare peripheral IP

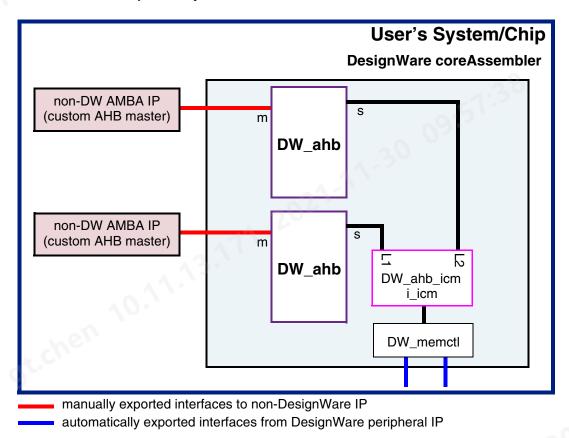
The subsystem in Figure 2-9 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW ahb h2h
- Two DW_ahb instances
- DW_memctl
- DW_apb
- DW_apb_uart
- Two AHB Masters

An AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-10 illustrates the DW_ahb_icm in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-10 DW_ahb_icm in Simple Subsystem



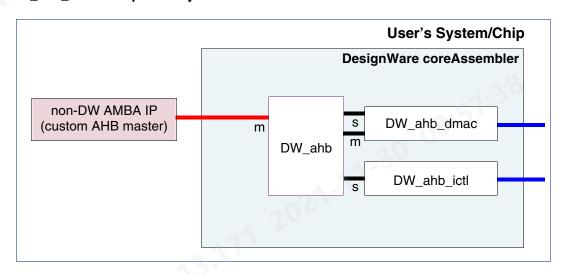
The subsystem in Figure 2-10 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW ahb icm
- Two DW_ahb instances
- DW_memctl
- Two AHB Masters

An AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-11 illustrates the DW_ahb_ictl in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-11 DW_ahb_ictl in Simple Subsystem



manually exported interfaces to non-DesignWare IPautomatically exported interfaces from DesignWare peripheral IP

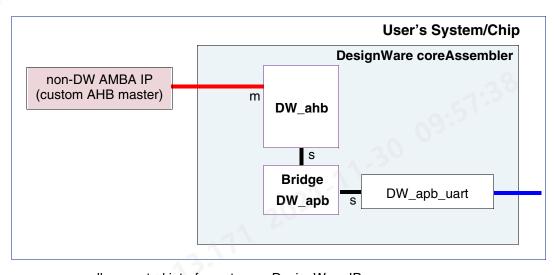
The subsystem in Figure 2-11 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_ahb_ictl
- DW_ahb
- DW_ahb_dmac
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master — such as a CPU — later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-12 illustrates the DW_apb in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-12 DW_apb in Simple Subsystem



manually exported interfaces to non-DesignWare IPautomatically exported interfaces from DesignWare peripheral IP

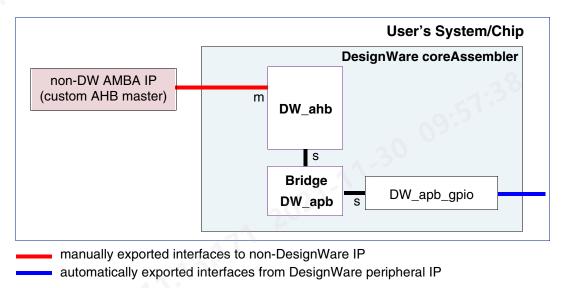
The subsystem in Figure 2-12 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_apb
- DW_ahb
- DW_apb_uart
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master—such as a CPU—later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-13 illustrates the DW_apb_gpio in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-13 DW_apb_gpio in Simple Subsystem



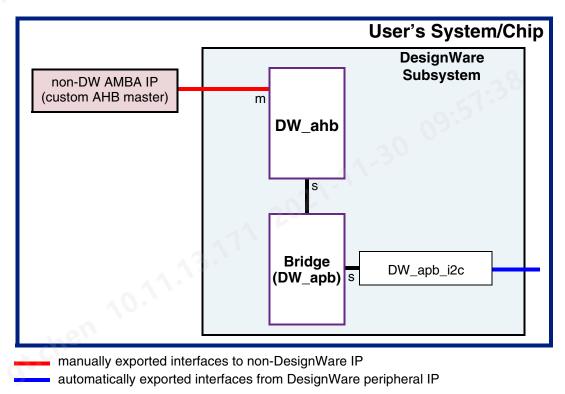
The subsystem in Figure 2-13 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_apb_gpio
- DW_ahb
- DW_apb
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-14 illustrates the DW_apb_i2c in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-14 DW_apb_i2c in Simple Subsystem



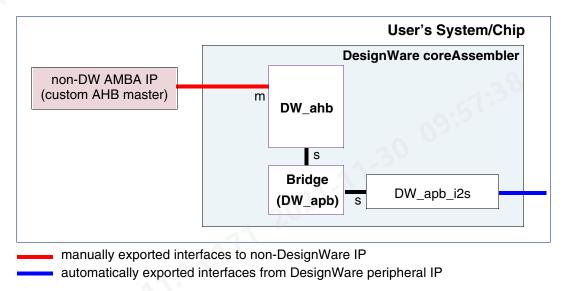
The subsystem in Figure 2-14 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_apb_i2c
- DW_ahb
- DW_apb
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-15 illustrates the DW_apb_i2s in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-15 DW_apb_i2s in Simple Subsystem



The subsystem in Figure 2-15 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

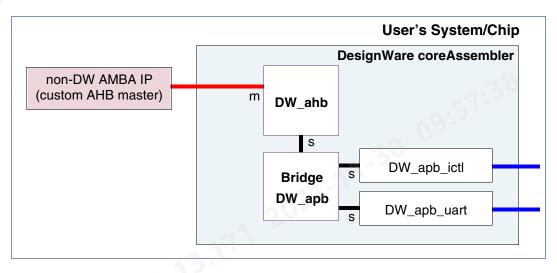
- DW_apb_i2s
- DW_ahb
- DW_apb
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

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Figure 2-16 illustrates the DW_apb_ictl in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-16 DW_apb_ictl in Simple Subsystem



manually exported interfaces to non-DesignWare IPautomatically exported interfaces from DesignWare peripheral IP

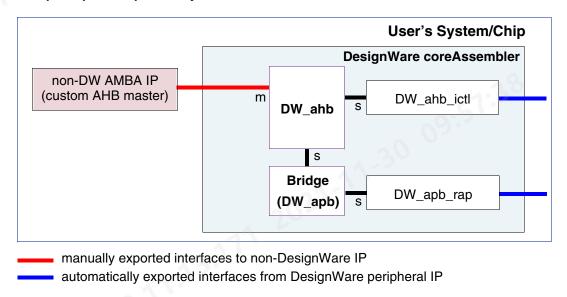
The subsystem in Figure 2-16 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_apb_ictl
- DW_ahb
- Dw_apb
- DW_apb_uart
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-17 illustrates the DW_apb_rap in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-17 DW_apb_rap in Simple Subsystem



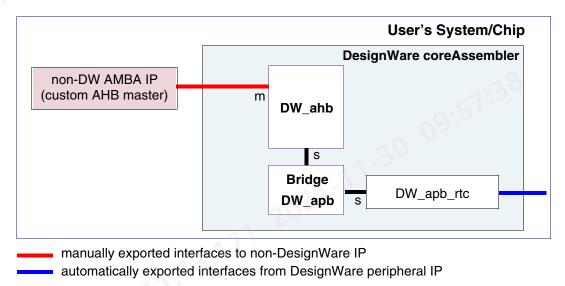
The subsystem in Figure 2-17 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_apb_rap
- DW ahb
- DW_apb
- DW_ahb_ictl
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master — such as a CPU — later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-18 illustrates the DW_apb_rtc in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-18 DW_apb_rtc in Simple Subsystem



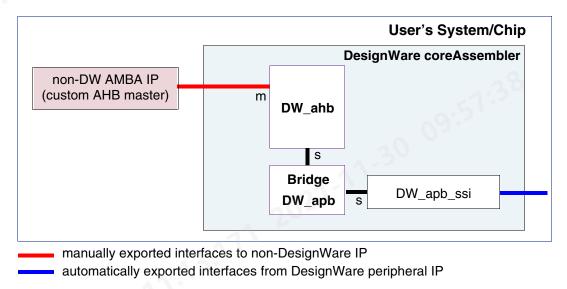
The subsystem in Figure 2-18 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_apb_rtc
- DW_ahb
- DW_apb
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-19 illustrates the DW_apb_ssi in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-19 DW_apb_ssi in Simple Subsystem



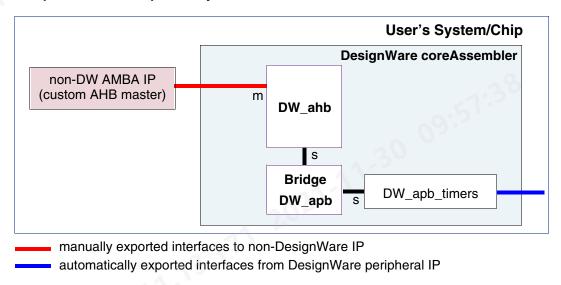
The subsystem in Figure 2-19 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_apb_ssi
- DW_ahb
- DW_apb
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-20 illustrates the DW_apb_timers in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-20 DW_apb_timers in Simple Subsystem



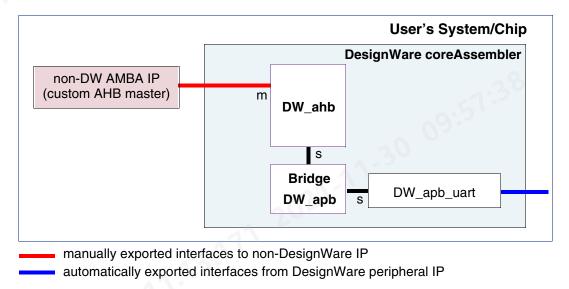
The subsystem in Figure 2-20 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_apb_timers
- DW_ahb
- DW_apb
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master — such as a CPU — later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-21 illustrates the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-21 DW_apb_uart in Simple Subsystem



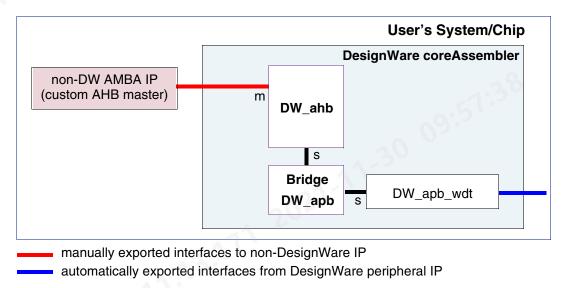
The subsystem in Figure 2-21 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_apb_uart
- DW_ahb
- DW_apb
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

Figure 2-22 illustrates the DW_apb_wdt in a simple subsystem.

Figure 2-22 DW_apb_wdt in Simple Subsystem



The subsystem in Figure 2-22 contains the following components that you may want to use as you learn to use coreAssembler:

- DW_apb_wdt
- DW_ahb
- DW_apb
- AHB Master

The AHB Master is meant to be exported out of the design and then replaced by a real AHB Master – such as a CPU – later in the design process; at least one exported AHB master is required in a subsystem if you intend to do a basic simulation that tests connections.

2.5.3 Configuring the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs within a Subsystem

The "Parameter Description" chapter in the databook of the respective DesignWare Synthesizable IPs describe the hardware configuration parameters that you configure using the coreAssembler GUI.

The "Creating the RTL View of a Subsystem" chapter in the *coreAssembler User Guide* discusses how to configure subsystem components and automatically connect them using the coreAssembler GUI.

2.5.4 Creating Gate-Level Netlists within coreAssembler

The "Creating the Gate-Level Netlist for a Subsystem" chapter in the *coreAssembler User Guide* discusses how to create a translation of the RTL view into a technology-specific netlist for a subsystem.

2.5.5 Verifying the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs within coreAssembler

The "Verification" chapter in the databook of the respective DesignWare Synthesizable IPs provides an overview of the testbench available for verification using the coreAssembler GUI.

The "Verifying Subsystems and Components" chapter in the *coreAssembler User Guide* discusses how to simulate a subsystem.

2.5.6 Running SpyGlass on Generated Code with coreAssembler

When you select Verify Component > Run SpyGlass RTL Checker for /i_component from the Activity List, the corresponding Activity View appears. In this Activity View, you can select to run SpyGlass Lint and SpyGlass CDC.

Configuring the Core Using coreConsultant 2.6

After you have correctly downloaded and installed a release of DesignWare SIP components and then setup your environment, you can begin to work on DesignWare Synthesizable IPs using coreConsultant. This section describes how to configure, simulate and synthesize the core using coreConsultant.

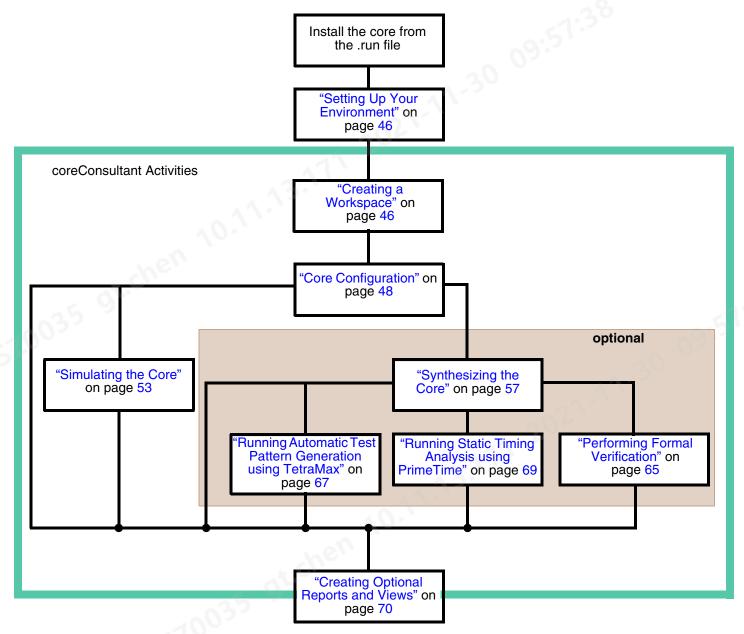
This section discuses the following topics:

- "Design Flow" on page 45
- "Setting Up Your Environment" on page 46
- "Creating a Workspace" on page 46
- "Core Configuration" on page 48
- "Running SpyGlass® Lint and SpyGlass® CDC" on page 51
- "Simulating the Core" on page 53
- "Synthesizing the Core" on page 57
- "Performing Formal Verification" on page 65
- "Inserting Design For Test Using Design Compiler" on page 67
- Juanniero VBS70035 grechen 10.11.13.171 2021-11-30 09:57:38 "Running Automatic Test Pattern Generation using TetraMax" on page 67

2.6.1 Design Flow

The coreConsultant GUI guides you through the core design flow. Most coreConsultant activities are optional as indicated by the various paths shown in Figure 2-23 and do not need to be completed before exporting the configured RTL to your chip design flow.

Figure 2-23 Design Flow



2.6.2 Setting Up Your Environment



Correctly setting up your installation directory and environment ensures that you can quickly configure the core.

To confirm that you have a correct installation directory and environment setup, perform these steps:

- Confirm that you have installed the core design files and fully set up your environment as described in the *DesignWare Synthesizable Components for AMBA 2, AMBA 3 AXI Installation Guide*.
- Confirm that you are using the required versions of coreConsultant and your preferred synthesis and simulation tools as specified in the installation guide.
- Check that \$DESIGNWARE_HOME points to your installation base directory. Executing the
 following command in a Unix terminal shell lists a directory structure similar to that described in the
 "DESIGNWARE_HOME Directory Structure" appendix of the installation guide.
 - % ls \$DESIGNWARE_HOME
- When you are using Synopsys Design Compiler, check that \$SYNOPSYS points to the Synopsys tools tree.
- Check that the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs-specific licenses are installed correctly on your license server by using the lmstat command. For example, enter:
 - % lmstat -a -c \$LM_LICENSE_FILE | grep <PRODUCT_LICENCE_FILE>

For more information, see the "Setting License File Environment Variable" and "Checking License Requirements" sections of the *installation guide*.



Do not proceed unless you have completed all of these steps.

2.6.3 Creating a Workspace

A workspace is a local Unix directory structure containing your configured copy of the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs. For more details about this directory structure, see "coreConsultant Usage" on page 16. You can create several workspaces to experiment with different design alternatives.

To create a workspace, follow these steps:

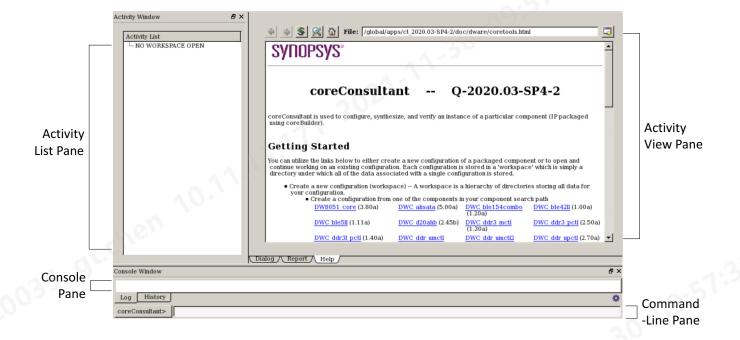


All screens in this section are for the illustration purpose only. They may differ from the actual coreConsultant screens depending on the selected DesignWare Component.

- 1. In a UNIX shell, navigate to a directory where you plan to locate your component workspace.
- 2. Start the coreConsultant GUI:
 - % coreConsultant &

Figure 2-24 shows the initial coreConsultant screen.

Figure 2-24 Initial coreConsultant Screen



3. Create a workspace.

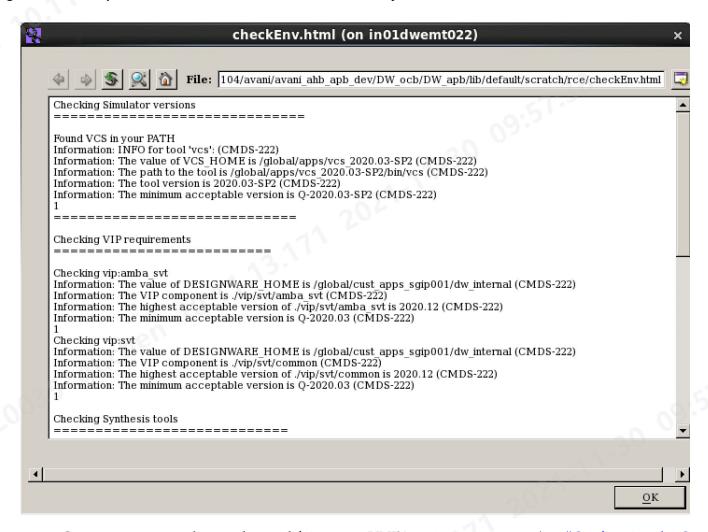
From this screen, click on the name of the IP core that you would like to configure.



Here is a common problem that can occur:

The DesignWare Synthesizable IPs is not visible in the initial coreConsultant page. The \$DESIGNWARE_HOME environmental variable is not set (or is not pointing to your IP installation directory) in the shell from which coreConsultant was started. For more details, see "Configuring the Core Using coreConsultant" on page 44 4. Validate your installation and from the menu bar. A report window (Figure 2-25) shows the results.

Figure 2-25 Sample Results of the Check Environment Activity



Correct any reported errors by modifying your UNIX environment setup (see "Configuring the Core Using coreConsultant" on page 44) or through the **Edit > Tool Installation Roots** menu.

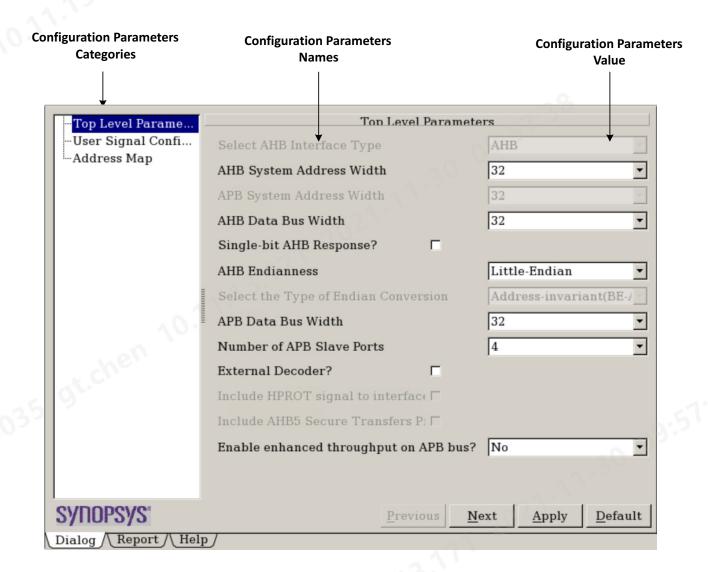
2.6.4 Core Configuration

After you have created a workspace, you configure the core and create the RTL using the Create RTL activity dialog boxes as illustrated in Figure 2-26.



All screens in this section are for the illustration purpose only. They may differ from the actual coreConsultant screens depending on the selected DesignWare Component.

Figure 2-26 Specify Configuration Activity



1. Specify your configuration.

Select options to enable or disable features.

- You can use default values for an initial simulation and synthesis trial. However, you must select or enter specific values required to implement your design.
- Make sure that you understand the definition of each parameter and change the default value only when it is not suitable for your application.
 - You can access detailed information about each parameter by right-clicking on the parameter label and selecting *What's This* or by selecting the Help tab.
- The coreConsultant tool enforces the parameter interdependencies interactively.

□ For more information about the configuration parameters, see the "Parameters Description" chapter in the respective databooks.



Use the **Set Design and File Prefix** activity when you plan to instantiate the core more than once in your design. It is used to create a unique name for each design in your component.

2. Generate RTL.

Click **Apply** to generate configured RTL code for the core. The coreConsultant tool then checks your parameter values and generates configured RTL code in the <workspace>/src/ directory.

You can return to the Configuration activity to configure the core again (create new RTL) at any time.

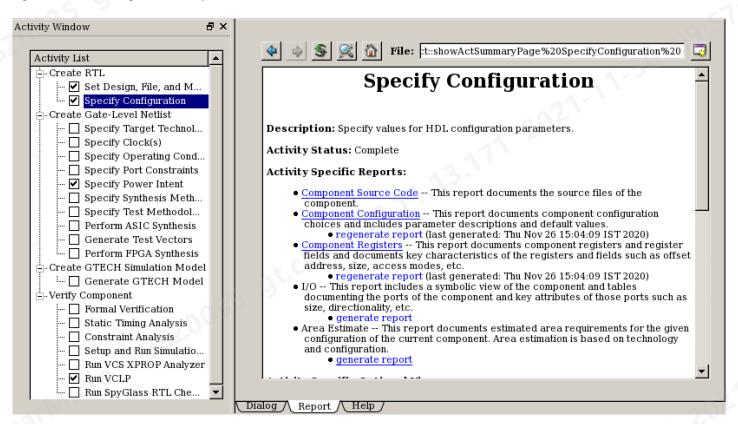


Create a batch script so that you can recreate your exact configuration at a later stage in case you delete or overwrite your current workspace. For more details, see Creating a Batch Script.

3. View reports and generate optional views/reports.

After you have configured the core, coreConsultant generates several configuration reports. You can access these from the Report tab (shown in Figure 2-27 on page 50).

Figure 2-27 Configuration Reports



Also, you can generate Activity Specific Reports and Activity Specific Optional Views. For more information, see "Creating Optional Reports and Views" on page 70. For example, to generate an example component instantiation, click the **generate view** link as indicated in Figure 2-27.



- If any problems occur during or after the Specify Configuration activity, see "Troubleshooting" on page 84.
- At this point, you can verify the core ("Simulating the Core" on page 53) or generate a
 gate-level netlist ("Synthesizing the Core" on page 57).

2.6.5 Running SpyGlass® Lint and SpyGlass® CDC

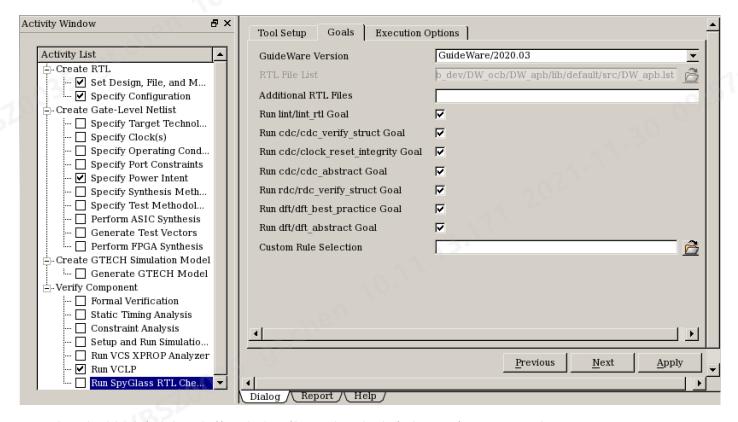
This section discusses the procedure to run SpyGlass Lint and SpyGlass CDC.



All screens in this section are for the illustration purpose only. They may differ from the actual coreConsultant screens depending on the selected DesignWare Component.

Figure 2-28 shows the sample screen of coreConsultant GUI in which you run Lint and CDC goals.

Figure 2-28 SpyGlass Options in coreConsultant

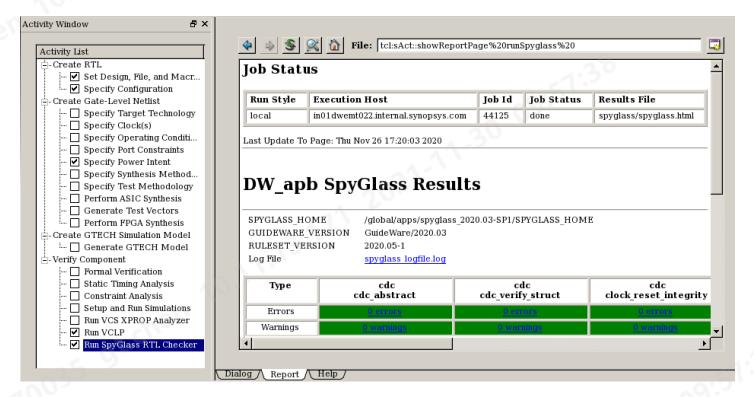


Within the block/rtl_handoff, only lint/lint_rtl and cdc/cdc_verify_struct goals are run.

In Figure 2-28, select the type of run goals. You can select either Lint run goal or CDC run goal, or both Lint and CDC run goals. By default, both Lint and CDC are selected.

When the Lint and/or CDC is run, the results are available in the Report tab. Errors (if any) are displayed with a red colored cell and warnings (if any) are displayed in yellow colored cell, as shown in Figure 2-29.

Figure 2-29 coreConsultant SpyGlass Sample Report Summary



2.6.5.1 Fixed Settings

The settings are fixed (hardcoded) when you run SpyGlass in coreConsultant.

2.6.5.2 SpyGlass Lint

Table 2-3 lists the SpyGlass Link waiver files that are used by the coreConsultant tool.

Table 2-3 Waiver Files for Sypglass Lint

| File Name | Description |
|---|--|
| <pre><configured_workspace>/spyglass/spyglass_d esign_specific_waivers.swl</configured_workspace></pre> | These are DesignWare Synthesizable IPs design-specific rule waivers. This file contains Lint waivers for DesignWare Synthesizable IPs (if applicable). The reason for each of the waivers (if any) are included as comments in the file. |
| <pre><configured_workspace>/spyglass/spyglass_e ngineering_council_rules.tcl</configured_workspace></pre> | This file contains rules that Synopsys waives for its IPs. |

2.6.5.3 SpyGlass CDC

To define the SpyGlass CDC constraints, it is important to understand the reset and clock logic used in DesignWare Cores. For information on reset and clock logic, see <component name> databook.

2.6.5.3.1 CDC Files

Table 2-4 summarizes files for SpyGlass CDC used by coreConsultant.

Table 2-4 Constraint and Waiver Files for Sypglass CDC

| File Name | Description |
|---|---|
| <pre><configured_workspace>/spyglass/manual.sgdc</configured_workspace></pre> | These are the constraints pertaining to a given configuration. |
| <pre><configured_workspace>/spyglass/ports.sgdc</configured_workspace></pre> | These are the list of I/O signals. |
| <pre><configured_workspace>/spyglass/clocks.sgdc</configured_workspace></pre> | These are the list of respective clocks. |
| <pre><configured_workspace>/spyglass/resets.sgdc</configured_workspace></pre> | These are the list of respective resets. |
| <pre><configured_workspace>/spyglass/spyglass_ design_specific_waivers.swl</configured_workspace></pre> | These are DesignWare Synthesizable IPs design-specific rule waivers. This file contains CDC waivers for DesignWare Synthesizable IPs (if applicable). The reason for each of the waivers (if any) are included as comments in the file. |
| <pre><configured_workspace>/spyglass/spyglass_engin eering_council_rules.tcl</configured_workspace></pre> | These are rules that Synopsys waives for its IPs. |

2.6.5.3.2 CDC Path Debug Using the SpyGlass GUI

For debugging the CDC path, it is necessary to run SpyGlass in interactive mode in the configured workspace. To invoke the SpyGlass GUI and to run CDC, complete the following steps:

- 1. Go to the *<configured_workspace*>/spyglass directory.
- 2. Issue ./sh.spyglass to start the spyGlass GUI or issue ./sh.spyglass -batch to start the SpyGlass in batch mode.
- 3. In the SpyGlass GUI, the Goal Setup window opens by default.
- 4. Uncheck the lint_rtl option and click the **Selected Goal (s)** button.
- 5. After the CDC run is complete, the Analyze Results window displays the results.

Navigate to and select the relevant errors to open a schematic for analysis.

2.6.6 Simulating the Core

This section shows you how to simulate the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs in the coreConsultant environment. You can simulate the core RTL in the supplied testbench test environment.

Before You Start

Check that you have the latest tool versions installed and your environment variables are set up correctly (see "Configuring the Core Using coreConsultant" on page 44). To check your tools, click the Help > Check Environment menu item. Correct any reported errors by modifying your UNIX environment setup or through the Edit > Tool Installation Roots menu.

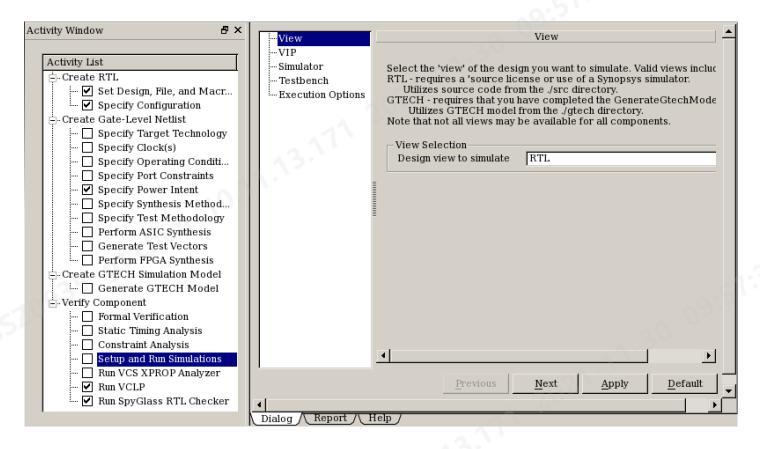
The steps involved in simulating the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs are:

- "Running the Simulation"
- "Checking Simulation Status and Results" on page 55

2.6.6.1 Running the Simulation

The Simulate activity is where you select your simulation options and run the simulation. When the simulation is complete, the results are available in the Report tab of the Simulate dialog box.

Figure 2-30 Setup and Run Simulation Activity



A new workspace has all the default verification values set. You can choose to modify these values based on your application requirements or click **Default** in Figure 2-30 to reset all DesignWare Synthesizable IPs verification attributes to their default values.

To modify values based on your application requirements, complete the following steps:

- In the Verify Component activity, select Setup and Run Simulations.
 The View page, shown in Figure 2-30, is displayed.
- 2. Specify the **Simulation View**.
 - a. In View Selection, select the view to simulate:
 - RTL

- b. Click Next.
- 3. Specify the VIP versions in the **VIP** area, and click **Next**. You can keep the default values in these fields.
- 4. Select the simulator.
 - a. In the **Simulator** field, select the simulator you wish to use. Only Synopsys VCS simulator is supported in this release.
 - b. In the **Waves Setup** field, select whether you want waveform files to be generated for each test run.
 - c. In the **Depth of waves to be recorded**, specify the wave depth.
 - d. Click Next.
- 5. Select the testcase in the **Testcase** field.
- 6. Specify Execution Options.
 - a. Select the **Do Not Launch Simulation** check box to generate only a simulation script and not launch the simulation process.
 - b. Select one of the following **Run Style** selections.
 - You can retain the default value in this field.
 - c. Add command-line options to the **Run Style Options** box as required. For options separated by the pipe(|) symbol, include the options within double-quotes as shown in the following example:

```
"os_version="WS6.0|WS7.0",os_distribution=redhat"
```

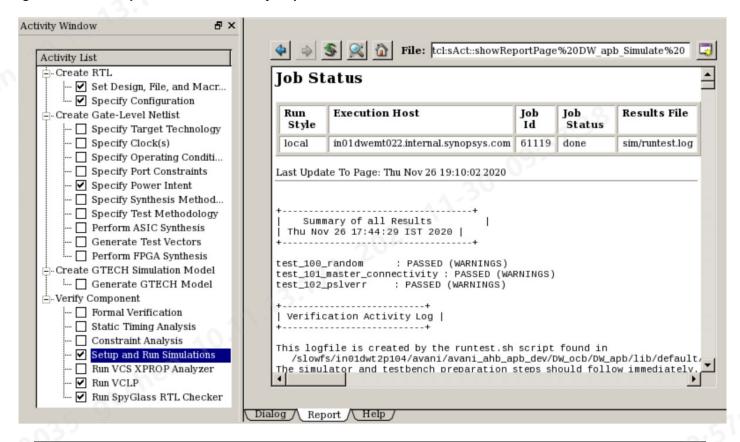
- d. Select the **Send e-mail** check box if you want to receive an e-mail when the Simulation activity is complete, and enter the e-mail address in the **To** field.
- e. Click Next.
- 7. Click **Apply** to start the simulation.

2.6.6.2 Checking Simulation Status and Results

To check simulation status and results:

- 1. Click the **Report** tab.
- 2. Click the **Setup and Run Simulations Summary** link.

Figure 2-31 Example Simulate Summary Report





When you select the "LSF/GRD" option for the Run Style in the 'Execution Options' of the Simulate dialog box in Figure 2-30 on page 54, the status of the simulation jobs (running or complete) is incorrect. After all of the simulation jobs are submitted to the LSF/GRD queue, the status indicates "complete." You should use "bjobs/qstatus" to check if all of the jobs are completed.

2.6.6.3 Location of Simulation Files

After simulations are completed, you can also check simulation files in the workspace/sim directory

Table 2-5 workspace/sim Contents

| File | Description | |
|--|--|--|
| test.log | Simulation fully detailed test log file | |
| Passed or Failed | Pass or fail notification folder for the simulation | |
| test.result | Test result detail (pass with/without warnings or test fail) | |
| workspace/sim/ <testpattern></testpattern> | | |
| test.startsim | Command script to launch simulation | |
| test.sim_command | Simulation Control file | |

2.6.6.4 Running Simulations from UNIX Shell

After you run a simulation through the coreConsultant GUI, you can re-run the simulation directly from the UNIX command line, as follows:

- 1. Go to the <workspace>/sim directory:
 - % cd <workspace>/sim
- 2. Execute the run.scr script.

You can run the test with waveform dumps by editing the test.sim_command file and uncomment the waveform dump switches for the simulator (the following example is for VCS):

```
+vpdfile+test.vpd
```

+define+DUMP DEPTH=0

You can add more required switches to be passed to the simulator by editing the test.sim_command.

You can edit the Makefile and comment out the tests you do not want to include in the simulation.



If you build your own test environment, you can use the -f ./src/component.lst option during compilation to read in the file list, including both component_cc_constants.v and other RTL files.

2.6.7 Synthesizing the Core

The coreConsultant tool is your interface to Synopsys synthesis tools for ASIC synthesis of the core.

If you want to access the synthesis scripts for exporting to your chip database, or if you are using non-Synopsys synthesis tools, refer to "Creating Optional Reports and Views" on page 70.

The topics in this section are as follows:

- "Setting Synthesis Preferences" on page 58
- "Synthesizing Your Core" on page 59
- "Synthesizing the Core for an ASIC" on page 59

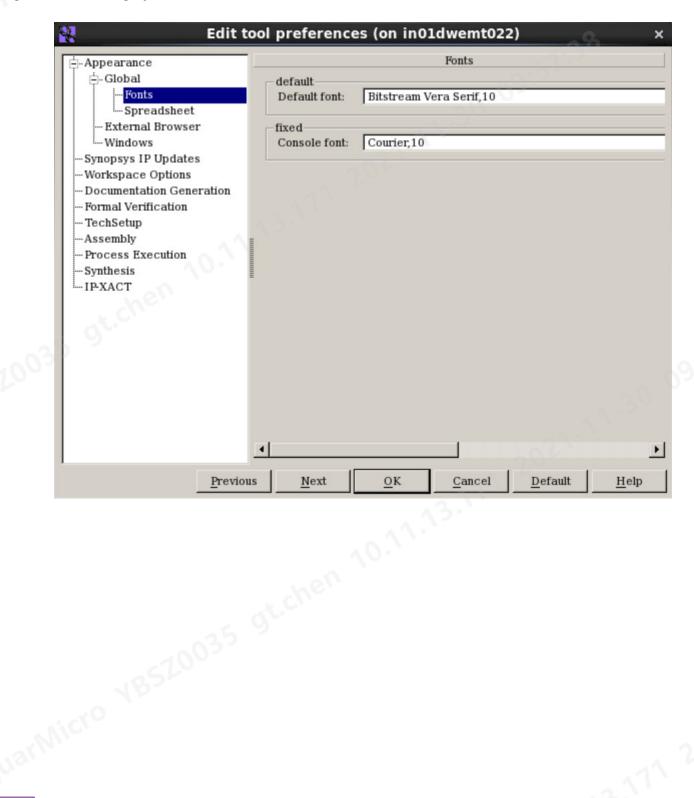
Before You Start

Check that you have the latest tool versions installed and your environment variables set up correctly (see "Configuring the Core Using coreConsultant" on page 44). To check your tools, click the Help > Check Environment menu item. Correct any reported errors by modifying your Unix environment setup or through the Edit > Tool Installation Roots menu. You can access global synthesis options through Edit -> Preferences -> Synthesis menu.

2.6.7.1 Setting Synthesis Preferences

You can set synthesis-specific preferences by choosing the **Edit > Preferences > Synthesis** in coreConsultant as shown in Figure 2-32.

Figure 2-32 Setting Synthesis Preferences

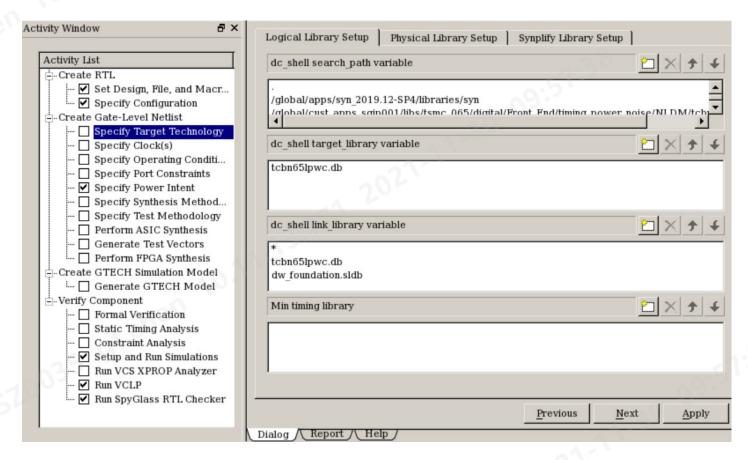


58

2.6.7.2 Synthesizing Your Core

To synthesize your core, select the 'Create Gate-Level Netlist' activity as shown in Figure 2-33.

Figure 2-33 Create Gate-Level Netlist (Synthesis) Activity



2.6.7.3 Synthesizing the Core for an ASIC

When you want to map and synthesize the core to an ASIC using the Synopsys DC tool within coreConsultant, follow the process outlined in this section. Otherwise, you must export the synthesis scripts from coreConsultant as outlined in "Synthesizing to a Device Outside of coreConsultant" on page 75 so that you can synthesize the core in your own design flow.

The topics in this section are as follows:

- "Performing ASIC Synthesis" on page 60
- "Checking ASIC Synthesis Results" on page 64

2.6.7.3.1 Performing ASIC Synthesis

You must configure the core (see "Core Configuration" on page 48) before starting this task. To synthesize your core, complete the following steps in the Create Gate-Level Netlist activity (see Figure 2-34).

1. Specify Target Technology.

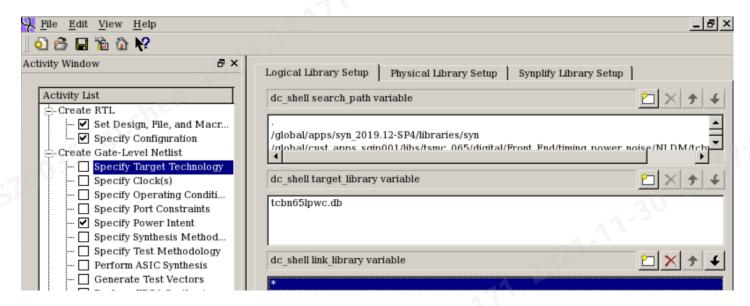
A target library must be specified, otherwise, errors occur in coreConsultant. For ASIC synthesis, use a target technology of .18 microns or less. To add a target technology library, click the folder icon (A in Figure 2-34) and use the navigation tool (B in the figure).

When you are running Physical Synthesis, then you must specify the physical library under the "**Physical Library Setup**" tab.

The default values for the search_path and link library do not normally need to be changed.

Figure 2-34 Specify Target Technology – Logical Library Setup

2. Specify Clocks.



The default CycleTime for the input clocks gets populated in the initial screen. You can obtain the values for default CycleTime for all the clocks from coreConsultant. The default values for other clock-related synthesis attributes provide acceptable synthesis results in most libraries.

To obtain all the clocks, go to "Specify clocks" and note down all the clock names and default cycle time.

3. Specify Operating Conditions and Wireloads.

- a. When you do not see a value beside "OperatingConditionsWorst", select an appropriate value from the drop-down list. If there is no value for this attribute, you may get an error message.
- b. You should also set the various "WireLoad" attributes, unless you are using Physical Synthesis. For detailed help on any of the options, right-click and select "Help on this Row".
- c. Click **Apply** and look at the report, which gives the operating conditions and WireLoad information as shown in Figure 2-35.

Figure 2-35 Specify Operating Conditions and Wireloads Window

| Attributes | DW apb |
|--|--------|
| WireLoad | |
| TclAuxSynthesisScript[setup] | |
| TclAuxSynthesisScript[elab] | |
| TclAuxSynthesisScript[constrain] | |
| TclAuxSynthesisScript[dcrmInitial] | |
| TclAuxSynthesisScript[dcrmPathGroupScript] | 1 |
| TclAuxSynthesisScript[cleanup] | 70. |
| TclAuxSynthesisScript[report] | V 0. |
| TclAuxSynthesisScript[dftInsertion] | 2,0 |
| TclAuxSynthesisScript[dftCleanup] | 1 |
| TclAuxSynthesisScript[qmap] | |
| FormalVerificationAuxScript | |
| StaticTimingAuxScript | |
| AtpgTclAuxScript[setup] | |

4. Specify Port Constraints.

Port input and output delay constraints are specified using actual clocks. However, asynchronous inputs use virtual clock as a reference.

The default input and output delay constraints are specified as a percentage of the clk associated with the port.

5. Specify Synthesis Methodology.

In the "Specify Synthesis Methodology" activity, review the synthesis strategy attributes. These attributes are set by the core developer and can be optionally modified by you. The default setting of these attributes provide acceptable synthesis results in most libraries.

To run Physical Synthesis, click on the "Physical Synthesis" tab (Figure 2-36) and specify information in the related fields. The physical synthesis flow uses the Synopsys DC-Topographical engine, which is part of Design Compiler (dc_shell).

Activity Window General Advanced Activity List Specify common synthesis strategy attributes. -Create RTL NOTE: These attributes are typically set by the core ✓ Set Design, File, and Macro Prefixes developer and do not generally require modification ▼ Specify Configuration by the core integrator. Create Gate-Level Netlist Design: DW apb Specify Target Technology Specify Clock(s) DW apb Attributes ■ Specify Operating Conditions & Wire... OptimizationPriorities timing area ☐ Specify Port Constraints ScanStyle multiplexed flip flor Specify Power Intent ScanExclude Specify Synthesis Methodology Specify Test Methodology Perform ASIC Synthesis Generate Test Vectors Perform FPGA Synthesis Create GTECH Simulation Model Generate GTECH Model - Verify Component Formal Verification Static Timing Analysis - Constraint Analysis Setup and Run Simulations Current cell = Run VCS XPROP Analyzer Run VCLP ▼ Run SpyGlass RTL Checker Previous Next Apply

Figure 2-36 Specify Synthesis Methodology – Physical Synthesis Tab

6. Specify Test Methodology.

These attributes are set by the core developer and can be optionally modified by you. For more details, refer to "Inserting Design For Test Using Design Compiler" on page 67.

Dialog Report Help

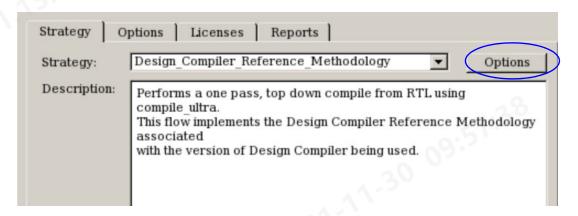
7. Perform ASIC Synthesis.

You can select the synthesis strategy on the Strategy tab shown in Figure 2-37 on page 63. The default flow is "Design_Compiler_Reference_Methodology". A detailed explanation of each strategy is provided in the GUI.



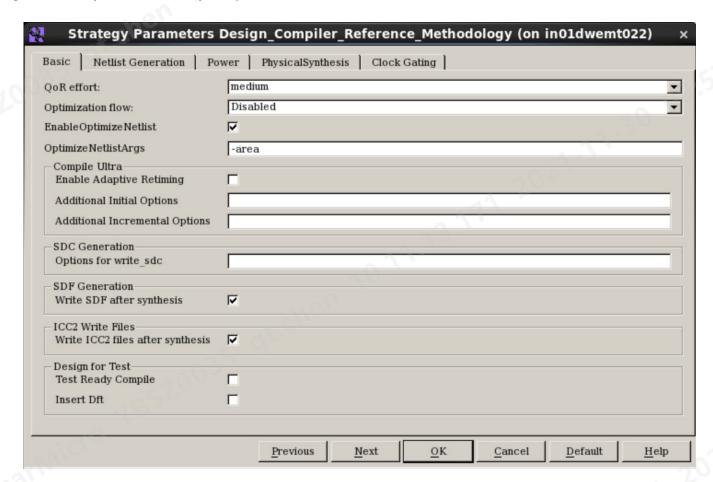
One other strategy that is of interest is the DCTCL_one_pass_compile_ultra, which uses a simple TCL script based on the Synopsys Design Compiler Reference Methodology at https://solvnet.synopsys.com/retrieve/021023.html. This synthesis strategy is quicker and does not generate intermediate stages. Therefore, it is much easier to trace the steps in the flow.

Figure 2-37 Synthesize Activity -> Strategy Tab



Clicking on the **Options** button (highlighted in Figure 2-37) beside the selected strategy lists a series of other options to specify other options for that particular strategy. More information for all these options is available in the *coreConsultant User Guide* (also see "Help Information" on page 86) or by right-clicking on any dialog text.

Figure 2-38 Synthesize Activity -> Options Button



These are the most important options.

Design for Test

Here you specify whether to add the -scan option to the initial compile call ("Test Ready Compile") and/or insert DFT circuitry ("Insert Dft"). See "Inserting Design For Test Using Design Compiler" on page 67.

Physical Synthesis

When you are running Physical Synthesis, tick the "Physical Synthesis" box and complete the other relevant fields. Setting this parameter causes the physical synthesis placement engine to be used during optimization. Net loads and delays are estimated during placement. The flow may be used with a physical library in the .ddc format or Milkyway reference library. Note that no placement data is saved with the ddc or Milkyway database.

8. When you have finished specifying the remaining synthesis options, click **Apply**.



If you experience any problems during synthesis, refer to "Troubleshooting" on page 84.

2.6.7.3.2 Checking ASIC Synthesis Results

After you have run synthesis, coreConsultant generates several reports. You can access these by clicking the Report tab in Figure 2-33 on page 59.

All the synthesis results and log files are created under the syn directory in your workspace. The final symbolic link points to the current synthesis stage directory. The final log file is written to workspace/syn/run.log.

Except in the case of the DCTCL_one_pass_compile_ultra strategy, your "final" netlist and report directories (initial, incr2, or incr2) depend on the QoR effort that you chose for your synthesis (default is Medium) or whether you chose to insert DFT (see "Inserting Design For Test Using Design Compiler" on page 67):

- Low effort initial
- Medium effort incr1
- High effort incr2

The QoR effort is selected through the **Synthesis -> Options**¹ -> **Basic** tab. There are also options here (amongst many) to:

- Generate reports for all stages²
- Generate netlist for all stages
- 1. BUTTON as circled in Figure 2-37 on page 63 and not TAB.
- 2. The synthesis process runs in stages or steps, which are normally initial, incr1, or incr2, depending on the value of the QoR Effort synthesis strategy parameter.
- 3. component indicates the name of the IP that you are using. For example, DW_ahb.

Table 2-6 includes the other files that are generated after synthesis.

Table 2-6 **ASIC Synthesis Output Files**

| Files | Purpose |
|------------------------------|--|
| ./syn/final/db/component.ddc | Synopsys database files (gate level) that can be read into dc_shell for further synthesis, if desired. |
| ./syn/final/db/component.v | Gate-level netlist that is mapped to technology libraries that you specify. |
| ./syn/final/report/*.* | Synthesis report files. |

When you are run Physical Synthesis, the final .ddc file is stored in the <workspace>/syn/final/db directory.



In the <workspace>/syn directory, run.scr, Makefile, and final are symbolic links to the current synthesis stage files. These links are also used and set to different locations during ATPG and Formal Verification.

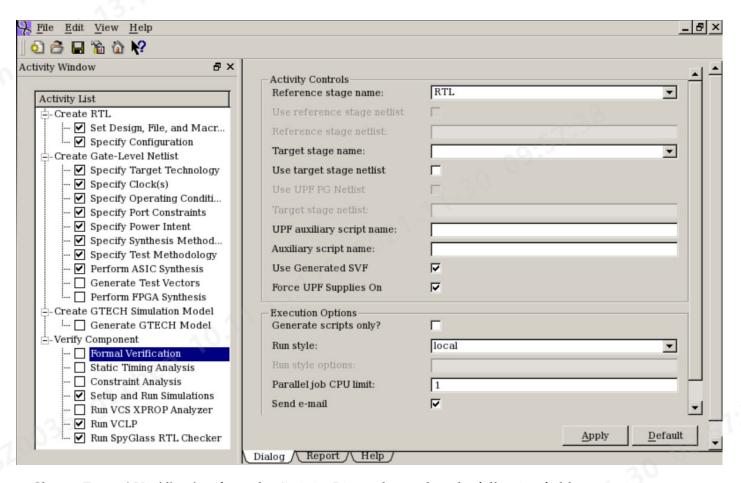
2.6.8 **Performing Formal Verification**

You use the Formal Verification activity (in Figure 2-39) for RTL-to-gate comparisons in coreConsultant.



Formal verification, also referred to as formal equivalence checking, is an activity which takes the output of synthesis as input. Synthesis must be completed before a meaningful set up can exist in the Formality window. For more information, refer to the following site: https://www.synopsys.com/implementation-and-signoff/signoff/formality-equivalencechecking.html 10.11.13.171 20° variation variation

Figure 2-39 Formal Verification Activity



Choose **Formal Verification** from the Activity List and complete the following fields:

- Reference stage name: RTL.
- Target stage name: Select last synthesis stage from the pull-down menu.
- **UPF auxiliary script name:** Provide a script to be used for UPF flow. It can be used to specify the retention register models that match in both the reference and implementation designs.
- Auxiliary script name: Specify the name of any auxiliary fm_shell script that you want to execute before the fm_shell verify command. For example, you may want to insert commands to set or remove compare points.
- **Generate scripts only:** When selected, coreConsultant generates the necessary scripts for formal verification in the workspace but it does not execute them. You can invoke these manually.
- Use Generated SVF: Enabled.

The Formality results are saved in the <workspace>/syn/<Output stage> directory. The file <workspace>/syn/<Target stage name>.tcl may be inspected to help you understand the Formal Verification flow.

2.6.9 Inserting Design For Test Using Design Compiler

You perform Design For Test (DFT) insertion during synthesis. To insert DFT:

- 1. Check that the core input clocks are selected as "Test Clock" in the "Specify Clocks" window. This is normally selected by default.
- 2. In the "Specify Test Methodology" window, modify the options according to your chip DFT scheme. For detailed help on any of the options, right-click and select "Help on this Row".
- 3. DFT insertion is controlled in the "Design For Test" tab that is displayed by clicking the "Options" button (NOT the Options tab) in the "Synthesis" window (Figure 2-37 on page 63). You must select one of these two options:
 - "Test Ready Compile": Design" Compiler uses scan flip-flops in synthesis, but it does not insert and route the chains. The scan option is added to the initial compile call.
 - □ "Insert DFT": Design Compiler completes DFT insertion, that is, it performs synthesis with scan flip-flops and scan chain insertion.

The DFT results are saved in the <workspace>/syn/dft/ directory.

2.6.10 Running Automatic Test Pattern Generation using TetraMax

Juan Micro VB 5 Z0035 9t.chem 10.11.13.171 2021-

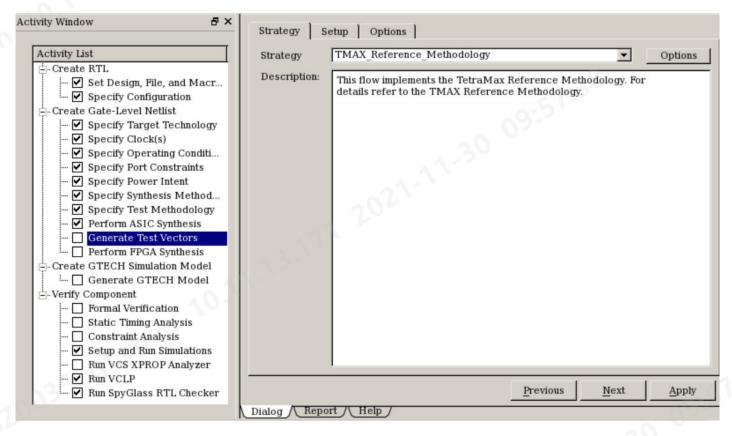
You perform automatic test pattern generation (ATPG) by using the Synopsys TetraMax tool.



- ATPG is an activity which takes the output of synthesis as input.
- Synthesis must be completed (with DFT as described in "Inserting Design For Test Using Design Compiler" on page 67) before a setup can exist in the ATPG window.

To run ATPG, you must complete the Generate Test Vectors activity (Figure 2-40) in coreConsultant.

Figure 2-40 Generate Test Vectors Activity



After you have synthesized the core with the Insert Dft option (see "Inserting Design For Test Using Design Compiler" on page 67), select the Generate Test Vectors -> Setup tab and complete the following fields in the dialog box.

- **Input stage**: Specify the last synthesis stage from the pull-down menu.
- **Output stage**: Set to any name that you want to use to identify the output files that will be created in your workspace directory. For example, *atpg*.
- **Test Libraries**: Specify the library Verilog file names.

These are the Verilog simulation models for the target libraries used during synthesis. They provide the description of the logical functionality of all the cells in the standard cell library. They are needed for the ATPG tool to comprehend the logic function implemented be each standard cell instantiated.

■ **Test Pattern Format**: Specify your test format.

The ATPG results are saved in the <workspace>/syn/<Output stage> directory.

The following files in <workspace>/syn/<Output stage> can help you understand the ATPG flow:

- atpg/script/component.tcl
- Makefile

For more information about running ATPG, refer to the *coreConsultant User Guide* (also see "Help Information" on page 86).

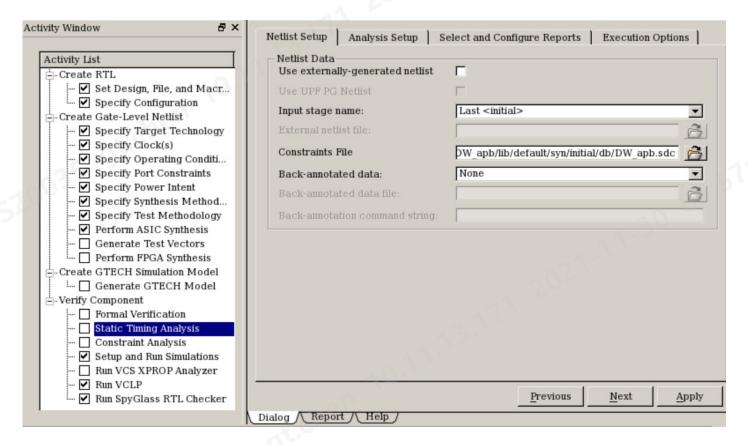
2.6.11 Running Static Timing Analysis using PrimeTime

You perform static timing analysis (STA) by using the Synopsys PrimeTime tool.

The STA activity allows you to run PrimeTime static timing analysis using constraints generated from coreConsultant. This can be run either on the netlist generated from synthesis or on an externally generated netlist (for example from a layout tool). An externally generated SPEF or SDF file can also be read for back-annotation.

You must first complete the "Performing ASIC Synthesis" on page 60 step or have an externally generated netlist available before starting this task. To perform STA, select the **Static Timing Analysis** activity.

Figure 2-41 Static Timing Analysis Activity



To run STA, complete the following set-up options:

1. Netlist Setup

Click the Netlist Setup tab and complete the following fields:

Input stage name: This field should be automatically filled in by coreConsultant if you have successfully completed ASIC Synthesis. Otherwise, specify the last synthesis stage from the pulldown menu. Typically it is Last<initial>.

Constraints file: This field should be automatically filled in by coreConsultant if you have successfully completed ASIC Synthesis.

Analysis Setup

Next, click on the Analysis Setup tab, which allows you to select various STA setup options. You can accept most of the default settings here.

3. **Select and Configure Reports**

In this tab, you can choose what reports you would like PrimeTime to produce. You can accept most of the default settings here.

4. Click **Apply**.

The STA results are saved in the <workspace>/syn/final/report/sta directory.

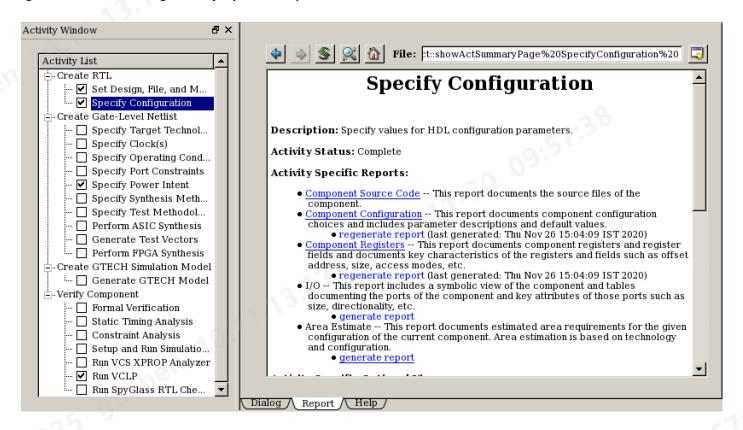
2.6.12 **Creating Optional Reports and Views**

After configuring the core, you can generate several configuration reports. The coreConsultant tool displays a list of activity-specific views you can optionally generate. You can access this list by clicking the **Report** tab, shown in Figure 2-42, in the **Specify Configuration** activity.



Some of the activity-specific report creation may not be fully functional with your core. For uarMicro YBSZ0035 gt.chen 10:11:13:171 assistance, contact Synopsys Customer Support.

Figure 2-42 Generating Activity-Specific Reports and Views



2.6.12.1 Activity-Specific Reports and Views

You can generate reports that document the I/O signals, parameters, and register descriptions.

Table 2-7 describes the activity-specific optional reports.

Table 2-7 Activity-Specific Reports

| Report | File Names (in <workspace>/report)</workspace> | Description |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Component Configuration | ComponentConfiguration.html ComponentConfiguration.xml | Documents component configuration choices and includes parameter descriptions and default values |
| Component Registers | ComponentRegisters.html ComponentRegisters.xml | Documents component registers and register fields; documents key characteristics of the registers and fields such as offset address, size, and access mode |
| I/O | IO.html IO.xml | Includes a symbolic view of the component and tables documenting the ports of the component and key attributes of those ports such as size, direction |

You can also generate other reports and views such as area estimates, IP-XACT (to use IP-XACT XML format), component level header files, example component instantiation, and RAL files. These reports can be viewed through the coreConsultant Reports tab, and they are saved in the <workspace/export> directory. Table 2-8 describes the activity-specific optional views.

Table 2-8 Activity-Specific Optional Views

| Optional Views | File Name (in <workspace>/export)</workspace> | Description |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| IP-XACT Component | component.xml | Generates IP-XACT component corresponding to the current component. |
| Example Component Instantiation | component_inst.v | Generates an example netlist that instantiates the component. |
| Component Register Headers | ./headers/* | Generates component-level header files containing definitions of key register constants. |
| Component RAL | component.ralf | Generates RAL (register abstraction language) file for the component. |



To automatically generate these reports or views, select appropriate check boxes in the **File > Generate Reports** or **File > Generate Optional Views** dialog box.

2.6.12.2 Format of Activity-Specific Reports

The reports are generated in XML using the DocBook schema (an open source XML-based language). These reports are subsequently rendered in HTML applying an XSLT style sheet.

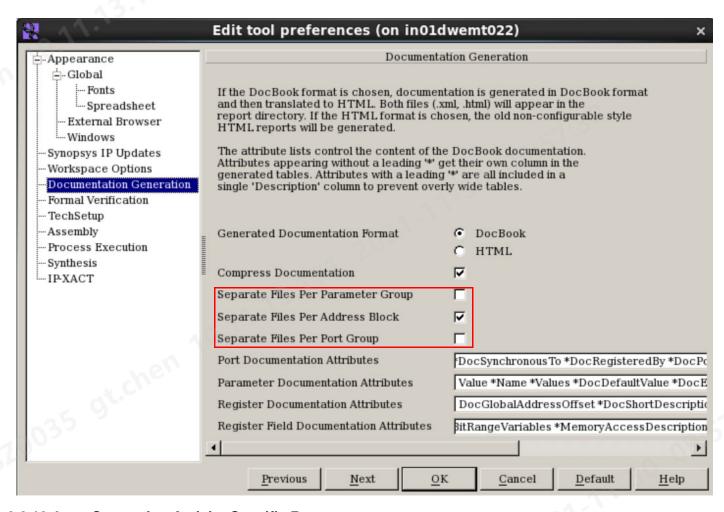
2.6.12.3 Setting Preferences for Report Generation

It is possible to generate reports as a single file or multiple files based on specific groups of signals and registers. To generate reports contained in a single file for easier navigation, set the preference as follows:

- 1. In the coreConsultant GUI, click **Edit > Preferences**.
- 2. In the **Edit tool preferences** window, select **Document Generation**.
- 3. Uncheck the "Separate Files Per ..." check boxes, as shown in Figure 2-43.

You have to do this only once because these settings are saved in your ~/.synopsys_rt_prefs.tcl file. You must do this before you create the reports. If you have previously created reports with old settings, delete the workspace and start again.

Figure 2-43 Separate Files Options



2.6.12.4 Generating Activity-Specific Reports

To generate the required report, click the respective **generate report**. For example, to generate component registers-related reports, click the one highlighted in Figure 2-42.

2.6.12.5 Accessing Reports

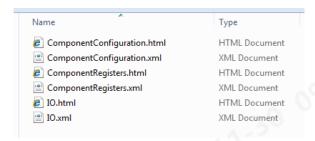
To view the report, click Reload Page after clicking generate report as shown in Figure 2-44.

Figure 2-44 Viewing Reports



You can also access these report files from the **your workspace/report** directory. The content of this directory is similar to that shown in Figure 2-45:

Figure 2-45 Contents of the Report Directory



2.6.12.6 Generating and Accessing Activity-Specific Views

To generate the required view, click the respective **generate view** in the **Report** tab.

Access the generated views from the **<your workspace>/export** directory.

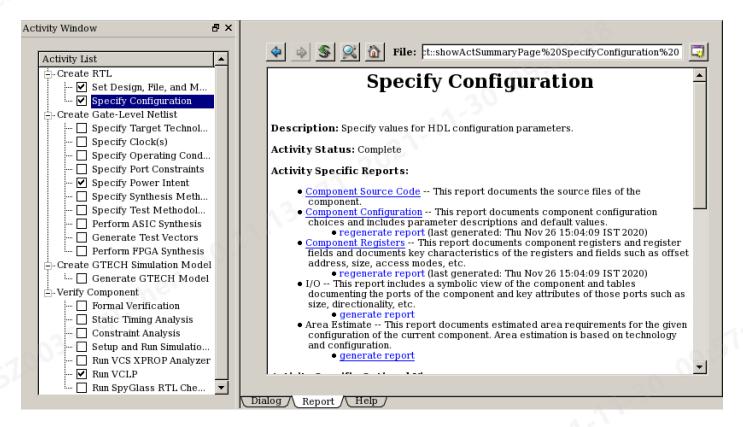
2.6.13 **Exporting a Core to Your Chip Design Database**

At a certain point you may want to transfer (export) a configured core into your own custom design flow. æfiles The coreConsultant tool has a number of features to accomplish this task. This section shows you how to

2.6.13.1 Generating an Example Core Instantiation

After you have configured your DesignWare Synthesizable IPs, you can generate an example Component Instantiation.

Figure 2-46 Generating an Example Core Instantiation



To create an example instantiation of your core, follow these steps:

- 1. Select the Report tab in the Specify Configuration activity.
- 2. Click the **generate view** link as indicated in Figure 2-42.

The core instantiation is now available in export/component_inst.v.

2.6.13.2 Synthesizing to a Device Outside of coreConsultant

If you want to map and synthesize the core to a device using the Synopsys synthesis tools within coreConsultant, then follow the process as outlined in "Synthesizing the Core" on page 57. Otherwise, you must export the synthesis scripts from coreConsultant as outlined here so that you can synthesize the core in your own design flow. This section shows you how to access the relevant synthesis scripts and information for your configured core. You can then transfer these to your chip design database. The SDC file generated by coreConsultant can be used as a reference.



To get a detailed description of how to integrate the IP at chip level. enter man Synthesis_API in the coreConsultant command line.

Method 1: Using write_sdc Command

Use the write_sdc command to write out a script in a Synopsys Design Constraints (SDC) format. The SDC files are TCL scripts that use a subset of the commands supported by PrimeTime and Design Compiler. This file generation process does not require a Design Compiler license.

You invoke this command on the coreConsultant command line as follows:

write sdc file name

Figure 2-47 Using write_sdc Command on coreConsultant Command Line



This file resides in the directory where you invoked coreConsultant.



When a technology library is not loaded in the **Specify Target Technology -> dc_shell target_library variable**, the generated SDC file contains constraints relative to a generic technology library. You need to modify these constraints to match your target library cell names.

If a technology library is not loaded, use the [-force] option to force the writing of the SDC file even if the **Specify Target Technology** activity has not been completed:

write_sdc [-force] file_name

Method 2: Accessing Synopsys Design Compiler Scripts

To access Design Compiler scripts:

- 1. Complete all the set-up steps in "Performing ASIC Synthesis" on page 60.
- 2. In the **Options** tab of the Synthesis activity, select the **Generate scripts only?** check box.
- 3. Click **Apply**.

The location of the constraints in an unpackaged core is at <workspace>/syn/constrain/script/component.sdc

Table 2-9 ASIC Synthesis Flow Files in <workspace>/syn

| Synthesis Type | File | Description |
|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | constrain/script/component.cscr | Primary constraints |
| ASIC | run.scr | Runs synthesis |
| 48 | Makefile | Creates synthesis scripts |

2.6.13.3 Exporting Formality, DFT, and ATPG Scripts

When you want run Formality and Tetramax (for ATPG) using the Synopsys synthesis tools within coreConsultant, then follow the process as outlined in "Performing Formal Verification" on page 65 or "Running Automatic Test Pattern Generation using TetraMax" on page 67. Otherwise, you must export the relevant scripts from coreConsultant as outlined here so that you can run Formality or TetraMax on the core in your own design flow.

This section shows you how to access the relevant scripts and information for your configured core. You can then transfer these to your chip design database. You must have access to Synopsys Design Compiler and Formality to generate and export the relevant scripts. The topics in this section are as follows:

- "Exporting Formality Scripts"
- "Exporting DFT Scripts"
- "Exporting ATPG Scripts"
- "Exporting Views and Reports" on page 78

Exporting Formality Scripts

To access the Formality scripts you must first complete synthesis in coreConsultant. For details on generating and accessing the Formality scripts, see "Performing Formal Verification" on page 65. When you select the DCTCL_one_pass_compile_ultra flow (under Synthesis -> Strategy), synthesis runs quicker as it does not generate intermediate stages. The generated Formality script does not contain any core-specific directives. It is only useful to keep track of the .svf files (for all synthesis stages) and pass them all to Formality.

A template for that script may be inspected at <workspace>/export/fm.tcl. You must use the Svf flow for RTL-to-gate comparison. To disable non-applicable warning messages in Formality, ensure that your .synopsys_fm.setup file contains the following line:

```
set hdlin_warn_on_mismatch_message {FMR_ELAB-146 FMR_ELAB-147 FMR_VLOG-116}
```

Exporting DFT Scripts

See "Inserting Design For Test Using Design Compiler" on page 67.

Exporting ATPG Scripts

To access the ATPG scripts you must first complete synthesis in coreConsultant. For details on generating and accessing the TetraMax scripts, see "Running Automatic Test Pattern Generation using TetraMax" on page 67. When you select the DCTCL_one_pass_compile_ultra flow (under Synthesis -> Strategy), synthesis runs quicker as it does not generate intermediate stages. The generated ATPG script does not contain any core-specific directives. It is only useful to keep track of the following and to pass them to TetraMax:

- spf file (from the synthesis DFT stage)
- Technology library netlist
- Design netlist
- snps_phy_atpg_aux.tcl ("Running Automatic Test Pattern Generation using TetraMax" on page 67)

A template for that script may be inspected at <workspace>/export/atpg.tcl. A template for the Makefile may be inspected at <workspace>/export/Makefile.atpg.

2.6.13.3.1 Exporting Views and Reports

As part of the export process, you may want to generate documentation for your configured core to be used as part of the documentation for an entire chip. The report and view generation process is based on DocBook, which allows documentation for I/O definitions, parameter definitions, and memory maps to be generated in HTML, RTF, and MIF formats from the DocBook source.

For more information, see "Creating Optional Reports and Views" on page 70. All reports can be accessed in the <workspace>/report directory. The optional views are located in the <workspace>/export directory.



The Generating Optional Reports and Views feature is still under development within coreConsultant and may not be fully functional with your core. For assistance, contact Synopsys Customer Support (see "Help Information" on page 86).

2.7 Creating a Subsystem Using coreAssembler

After you have correctly downloaded and installed a release of DesignWare SIP components and then setup your environment, you can begin to work on a subsystem using coreAssembler.

This section describes how to build a subsystem with DesignWare Synthesizable IPs using coreAssembler.

This section discuses the following topics:

- "Configuring DesignWare Synthesizable IPs within a Subsystem" on page 78
- "Creating Gate-Level Netlists within coreAssembler" on page 80
- "Verifying the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs within coreAssembler" on page 80



While adding components into the coreAssembler GUI, you must add the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs after adding all other components in the GUI. This requirement is due to a limitation in coreAssembler, which will be fixed in a subsequent release.

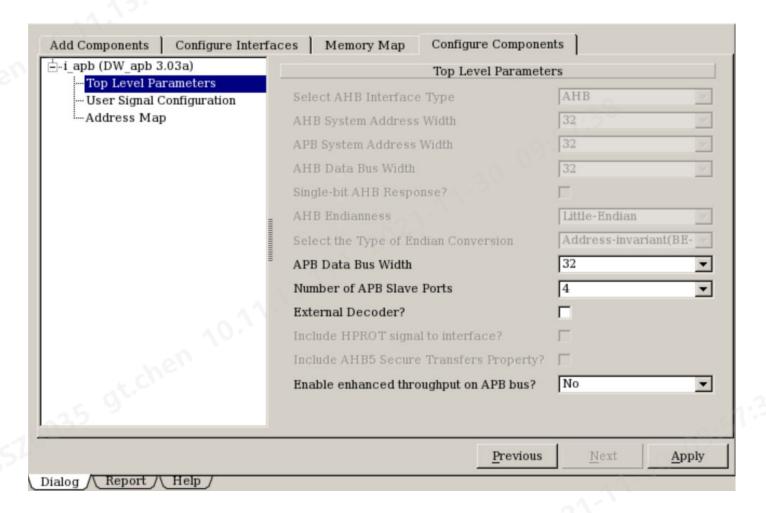
2.7.1 Configuring DesignWare Synthesizable IPs within a Subsystem

Figure 2-48 represents the coreAssembler GUI to configure DesignWare Synthesizable IPs in a subsystem.

The "Parameter Descriptions" chapter in the databook of the respective component describes the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs hardware configuration parameters that you configure using the coreAssembler GUI. Corresponding databooks for the other components in a subsystem contain "Parameters" chapters that describe their respective configuration parameters.

The "Creating the RTL View of a Subsystem" chapter in the *coreAssembler User Guide* discusses how to configure subsystem components and automatically connect them using the coreAssembler GUI.

Figure 2-48 Configuring DesignWare Synthesizable IPs in a Subsystem



1. Specify your configuration for DesignWare Synthesizable IPs.

Select options to enable or disable features.

- □ You can use default values for an initial trial subsystem. However, you must select or enter specific values required to implement your design.
- Make sure that you understand the definition of each parameter and change the default value only when it is not suitable for your application.
 - You can access detailed information about each parameter by right-clicking on the parameter label and selecting *What's This* or by selecting the Help tab.
- □ The coreAssembler tool enforces the parameter interdependencies interactively. For more information about the configuration parameters, refer to the "Parameters" chapter in the databooks of the respective IPs.

2. Generate Subsystem RTL

Click **Apply** to generate configured RTL code for the subsystem. The coreAssembler tool then checks your parameter values and generates configured subsystem RTL code in the workspace/component/src/ directory.

2.7.2 Creating Gate-Level Netlists within coreAssembler

The "Creating the Gate-Level Netlist for a Subsystem" chapter in the *coreAssembler User Guide* discusses how to create a translation of the RTL view into a technology-specific netlist for a subsystem.

2.7.3 Verifying the DesignWare Synthesizable IPs within coreAssembler

The "Verification" chapter in the databook of the respective component provides an overview of the testbench verification using the coreAssembler GUI.

2.7.3.1 coreAssembler Subsystem Simulation Guidelines

The hardware reset test and bit-bash test can be performed using the coreAssembler.

2.7.4 Running Spyglass on Generated Code with coreAssembler

When you select **Verify Component > Run Spyglass RTL Checker for** /*i_component* from the Activity List, the corresponding Activity View appears. In this Activity View, you can select to run Spyglass Lint and Spyglass CDC.

2.8 Database Files

The following subsections describe some key files created in coreConsultant and coreAssembler activities.

2.8.1 Design/HDL Files

The following sections describe the design and HDL files that are produced by coreConsultant and coreAssembler when configuring and verifying a DesignWare Synthesizable Component. The following files are created in different directories by coreConsultant and coreAssembler:

- coreConsultant workspace/ directory
- coreAssembler workspace/components/i_component/ directory

2.8.1.1 RTL-Level Files

The following table describes the RTL files that are generated by the Create RTL activity. They are encrypted except where otherwise noted. Any Synopsys synthesis tool or simulator can read encrypted RTL files.

Table 2-10 RTL-Level Files

| Files | Encrypted? | Purpose |
|---------------------------------|------------|---|
| ./src/component_cc_constants.vh | No | Includes definitions and values of all configuration parameters that you have specified for the component. |
| ./src/component.v | No | Top-level HDL file. Include the DesignWare libraries by using the following options in your simulator invocation: +libext+.v+.V -y \${SYNOPSYS}/packages/gtech/src_ver -y \${SYNOPSYS}/dw/sim_ver |
| ./src/component_submodule.v | Yes | Sub-modules of component |
| ./src/component_constants.vh | No | Includes the constants used internally in the design. |
| ./src/component_undef.v | | Includes an undef for each of the definitions found in the component_cc_constants.v file; compiled in after the last file listed in ./src/components.lst when compiling multiple instances of the same IP. |
| ./src/component.lst | No | Lists the order in which the RTL files should be read into tools, such as simulators or dc_shell. For example, use the following option to read the design into VCS: vcs +v2k -f component.lst |
| /src/component_all_includes.vh | Yes | Lists all files the includes deigned and constant used in the design. |

2.8.1.2 Simulation Model Files

The following table includes files generated for the component during the Generate GTECH Simulation activity. These files are needed when you are using a non-Synopsys simulator (when you cannot use the encrypted RTL).

Table 2-11 Simulation Model Files

| Files | Encrypted? | Purpose |
|---------------------------------------|------------|--|
| ./gtech/final/db/ <i>component</i> .v | v No | Simulation model of the component for use with non-Synopsys simulators. A technology-independent, gate-level netlist; VHDL and Verilog versions are generated. Include the DesignWare libraries by using the following options in your simulator invocation: |
| nicro yb | | <pre>+libext+.v+.V -y \${SYNOPSYS}/packages/gtech/src_ver -y \${SYNOPSYS}/dw/sim_ver</pre> |

2.8.2 Synthesis Files

The following table includes files generated after the Create Gate-Level Netlist activity is performed on a component.

Table 2-12 Synthesis Files

| Files | Encrypted? | Purpose |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---|
| ./syn/auxScripts | No | Auxiliary files for synthesis. |
| ./syn/final/db/ <i>component</i> .db | Binary format | Synopsys .db files (gate level) that can be read into dc_shell for further synthesis, if desired. |
| ./syn/final/db/ <i>component</i> .v | No | Gate-level netlist that is mapped to technology libraries that you specify. |
| ./syn/constrain/script/*.* | No | Constraint files for the components. |
| ./syn/final/report/*.* | No | Synthesis result files. |

2.8.3 Verification Reference Files

Files described in the following table include information pertaining to the operation of the component so that you can verify installation and configuration of the component has been successful. These files are not for re-use during system-level verification.

Table 2-13 Verification Reference Files

| Files | Encrypted? | Purpose |
|---------------------------------|------------|---|
| ./sim/runtest | No | Perl script that runs the Setup and Run Simulations activity from the command line. |
| ./sim/runtest.log | No | The overall result of simulation, including pass/fail results. |
| ./sim/test_testname/test.result | No | Pass/fail of individual test. |
| ./sim/test_testname/test.log | No | Log file for individual test. |
| | | |
| | | |



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Additional coreConsultant Information

The topics in this section are as follows:

- "Troubleshooting" on page 84
- "Creating a Batch Script" on page 85
- "Help Information" on page 86
- "Dumping Debug Information When Problems Occur" on page 87

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A.1 Troubleshooting

This section describes some common problems you may encounter while performing activities in the coreConsultant.

A.1.1 Specify Configuration Activity

Here are some common problems that can occur after you generate RTL for your configured core:

- Encrypted source code is generated. Typically this problem is caused by not providing a Project ID
 while installing the core. You must re-install the core using the Project ID number. For more
 information, see the <full product name> installation guide.
- The coreConsultant tool issues a message that it cannot write to certain files. Check your available storage. You may have too little storage on your server.

A.1.2 Setup and Run Simulation Activity

An error occurs if AMBA VMT or SVT VIP is not installed in the DesignWare home directory.

A.1.3 Create Gate-Level Netlist Activity

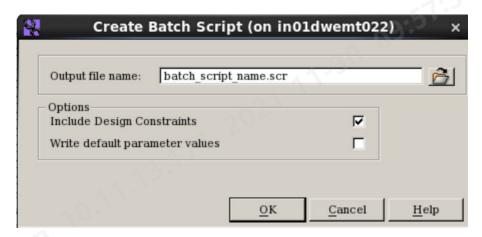
Here are some common problems that can occur after you perform synthesis (ASIC) for your configured core:

- coreConsultant cannot invoke the synthesis tool after a crash. The activity has detected the presence of a synthesis "guard" file from the previous run. Usually this indicates that a synthesis run is in progress in this workspace. The guard file is removed when the synthesis run is completed. This activity cannot continue because files) written by this activity can adversely affect the outcome of the synthesis run. Check the Console Pane for any messages that are called out for the guard file name.
- A user defined strategy file does not exist. Go the Console Pane and scroll to the message about the file not being created. Create that file.
- A cell name was specified that could not be found in the currently loaded technology libraries. Review the technology and link libraries being used and select a cell that exists within one of the libraries.
- When you cannot achieve timing closure with the default settings, then

Creating a Batch Script A.2

Batch mode allows you to execute a series of coreConsultant commands from a batch file. You create a batch script after you configure the core, so that you can recreate your exact configuration at a later stage in case you delete or overwrite your current workspace. To create a batch file, choose the **File > Write Batch Script** menu item and enter a name for the file, as illustrated in Figure A-1.

Figure A-1 **Create Batch Script**



You can review and edit the batch file by looking at the file in an ASCII editor.

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A.3 Help Information

Several types of online help are available through coreConsultant:

coreConsultant User Manual and Command Reference

These are available through the Help menu (see Figure A-2) and are also available at <cc_tool_root>/../doc/dware where <cc_tool_root> is the path to your coreConsultant executable as returned by typing the following command in a Unix shell:

% which coreConsultant

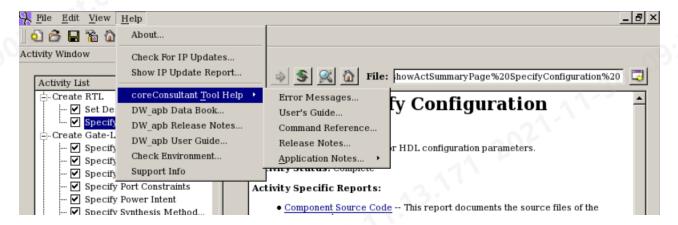
■ "What's This?" Quick Help

When you position your mouse pointer over a GUI item and right-click, coreConsultant displays a menu with the "What's This?" option. Clicking "What's This?" displays a brief help message for the selected item. "What's This?" can also be accessed by left-clicking the Question Pointer on the toolbar and then left-clicking on a GUI item.

■ The Toolbar Help Menu

Click the toolbar Help button to show a list of help topics. When you click a topic, the corresponding help information appears. Figure A-2 shows the Help pull-down with the available manuals for both the and the coreConsultant tool.

Figure A-2 coreConsultant Help Menu Pull-down with coreConsultant Manuals



Activity View Help Tab

The ACTIVITY VIEW pane features a Help tab that displays a detailed, context-specific help page, with additional links to the online command reference and other appropriate references.

■ Help on coreConsultant Commands

The Synopsys coreTools Online Command Reference Index is available through the Help menu. It contains a collection of man pages for all coreConsultant commands, attributes, variables, and item types.

You can also access coreConsultant command help by entering one of the following commands at the coreConsultant prompt in the Console pane:

```
coreConsultant> help [cmd] [-verbose]
coreConsultant> cmd -help
coreConsultant> man [cmd]
```

Dumping Debug Information When Problems Occur

The menu entry, **File > Build Debug Tar-file**, is used to capture debug information for the Synopsys Support Center. This menu item creates the file <working_dir>/debug.tar.gz. This debug file includes:

- Batch script for recreating the workspace.
- Output from the existing debug_info command.
- Synthesis and simulation log files (if available).
- Results of an environment check (if available). RSZ0035 9t.chen 70.11.13.171

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