# Final Year Project

Effects of ISI on Equal Gain Combining and Maximal-Ratio Combining with Sub-Optimal Design

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## Introduction

#### Introduction

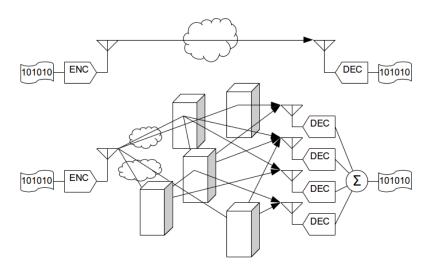
BACKGROUND
Communications Overview
Detection Basics
Aims of Project

RESULTS
Achievements
Results

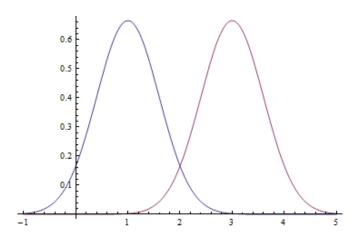
OBSTACLES
Problems Encountered

FUTURE WORK
Future Work

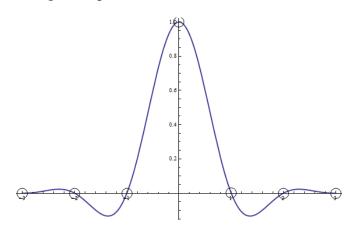
### A TYPICAL COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM



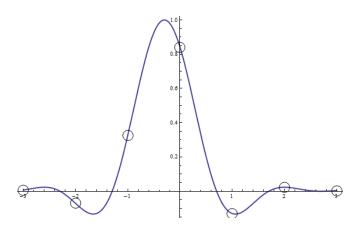
### Likelihood of receiving a signal



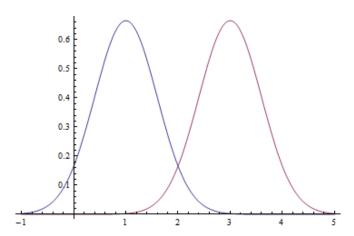
### Received signal response



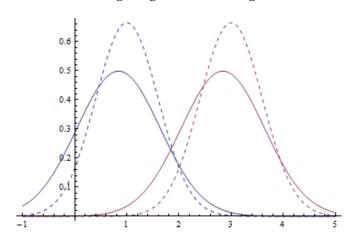
### Received signal response with timing error



### Likelihood of receiving a signal



### Likelihood of receiving a signal with timing error



# AIMS OF PROJECT

To determine the effects of Tikhonov-distributed timing offset on receiver performance, and develop a means of improving performance through redefining the decision region boundaries.

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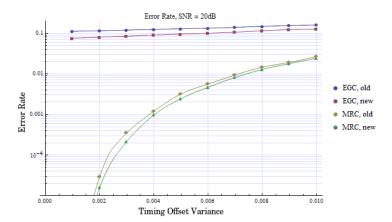
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- ► Examined performance in non-fading (line-of-sight) environment
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- Examined performance in Rayleigh fading environment with MRC
- ► Positive results:
  - ► Lower optimum decision region boundaries in the presence of timing error
  - Performance increase from redesigning detector to take this into account

#### **RESULTS**

- ► EGC: Improvements of 20-33%
- ► MRC: Improvements of 7-20%



- ► Simulation speed: 6 ways to do anything, only one is fast
  - ► Solution: Read up on Mathematica functions, testing and timing each method
  - ► Solution: Reduce how often you have to do something
  - ► Solution: Functions with memory
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- Running simulations across multiple machines that can be switched off at any point
  - ► Solution: Output regularly
  - ► Solution: Make sure outputs are descriptive
  - ► Solution: Easily reconfigurable code

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- ► Summarize findings in a publication