## Exercises, Algebraic Geometry I – Week 11

## Exercise 59. Tensor products with ample invertible sheaves (4 points)

Let X be a scheme of finite type over a Noetherian ring A. Let  $\mathcal{L}$  and  $\mathcal{M}$  be invertible sheaves on X. Show the following:

- (i) If  $\mathcal{L}$  is ample and  $\mathcal{M}$  is globally generated, then  $\mathcal{L} \otimes \mathcal{M}$  is ample.
- (ii) If  $\mathcal{L}$  is ample, then there exists  $n_0 \geq 0$  such that  $\mathcal{L}^{\otimes n} \otimes \mathcal{M}$  is ample for all  $n \geq n_0$ .
- (iii) if  $\mathcal{L}$  and  $\mathcal{M}$  are ample, then so is  $\mathcal{L} \otimes \mathcal{M}$ .
- (iv) If  $\mathcal{L}$  is very ample (over A) and  $\mathcal{M}$  is globally generated, then  $\mathcal{L} \otimes \mathcal{M}$  is very ample.

## Exercise 60. Extending coherent sheaves (4 points)

The goal of this exercise is to extend a coherent sheaf defined on an open subscheme; in particular the following statement.

- (\*) If X is a Noetherian scheme,  $i: U \hookrightarrow X$  is an open subscheme of X,  $\mathcal{F}$  is a coherent sheaf on U, and  $\mathcal{G}$  is a quasi-coherent sheaf on X such that  $\mathcal{F} \subseteq \mathcal{G}|_U$ , then there exists a coherent subsheaf  $\mathcal{F}' \subseteq \mathcal{G}$  such that  $\mathcal{F}'|_U = \mathcal{F}$ .
  - (i) Prove that every quasi-coherent sheaf on a Noetherian affine scheme is the union of its coherent subsheaves.
    - (Here, we say that a sheaf of abelian groups  $\mathcal{F}$  on a topological space X is a union of subsheaves of abelian groups  $\mathcal{F}_{\alpha}$  if for every open  $U \subset X$  the group  $\mathcal{F}(U)$  is the union of its subgroups  $\mathcal{F}_{\alpha}(U)$ .)
  - (ii) Show that (\*) holds if X is affine.
- (iii) Show that (\*) holds.

## Exercise 61. Morphisms from projective spaces (4 points)

Let k be a field and let  $f: \mathbb{P}^n_k \to X$  be a morphism of k-schemes. Show the following:

- (i) If X is affine, then  $f(\mathbb{P}_k^n)$  is a (k-rational) point of X.
- (ii) If  $X = \mathbb{P}_k^m$ , then f is the composition of a d-fold Veronese morphism for a unique  $d \geq 0$  with iterated projections from points, inclusions of hyperplanes and an automorphism of  $\mathbb{P}_k^m$ .
- (iii) If X is quasi-projective over k, then either  $f(\mathbb{P}^n_k)$  is a (k-rational) point of X or the fibres of f over the k-rational points are finite.
- (iv) (+1 extra point) Furthermore if  $f(\mathbb{P}^n_k)$  is not a k-rational point then f is finite.

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Exercise 62. Calculating divisor class groups (4 points)

Let k be a field. Calculate the divisor class group of the affine cone over the Veronese image of  $\mathbb{P}^1_k$  in  $\mathbb{P}^2_k$ .

Exercise 63. Birational isomorphisms in small dimension (4 points)

Two integral schemes X and Y are called *birational* (over a scheme S) if there exist non-empty open subschemes  $U \subseteq X$  and  $V \subseteq Y$  and an isomorphism  $U \cong V$  (over S).

- (i) Let X and Y be integral normal schemes of dimension 1 which are proper over a field k. Show that if X and Y are birational over k, then they are isomorphic over k.
  (Hint: Use Exercise 36 (ii))
- (ii) Let k be a field. Calculate  $\operatorname{Pic}(\mathbb{P}^1_k \times_{\operatorname{Spec}} {}_k \mathbb{P}^1_k)$ . Deduce that  $\mathbb{P}^1_k \times_{\operatorname{Spec}} {}_k \mathbb{P}^1_k$  and  $\mathbb{P}^2_k$  are not isomorphic over k (even though they are birational over k).

The last exercise is not necessary for the understanding of the lectures at this point.

Exercise 64. The Grothendieck group of a scheme (+ 5 extra points)

Let X be a Noetherian scheme. The Grothendieck group  $K_0(X)$  of X is defined as the quotient of the free abelian group generated by all coherent sheaves on X by the subgroup generated by the expressions  $\mathcal{F} - \mathcal{F}' - \mathcal{F}''$ , whenever there is an exact sequence

$$0 \to \mathcal{F}' \to \mathcal{F} \to \mathcal{F}'' \to 0$$

of coherent sheaves on X.

- (i) If X is integral and  $\mathcal{F}$  is a coherent sheaf on X, we define the rank of  $\mathcal{F}$  as  $rank(\mathcal{F}) := \dim_{\mathcal{O}_{X,\eta}}(\mathcal{F}_{\eta})$ , where  $\eta$  is the generic point of X. Show that rank(-) defines a surjective homomorphism from  $K_0(X)$  to  $\mathbb{Z}$ .
- (ii) Let  $Y \subseteq X$  be a closed subscheme and let  $\mathcal{F}$  be a coherent sheaf on X with support on Y. Show that  $\mathcal{F}$  admits a finite filtration by coherent sheaves

$$0 = \mathcal{F}_0 \subseteq \mathcal{F}_1 \subseteq \ldots \subseteq \mathcal{F}_n = \mathcal{F}$$

such that each  $\mathcal{F}_i/\mathcal{F}_{i-1}$  is the pushforward of a coherent sheaf on Y.

(iii) Let  $\iota: Y \hookrightarrow X$  be a closed immersion. Show that there is an exact sequence

$$K_0(Y) \stackrel{\alpha}{\to} K_0(X) \stackrel{\beta}{\to} K_0(X-Y) \to 0,$$

where  $\alpha$  is induced by  $\iota_*$  and  $\beta$  is induced by  $(-)|_{X-Y}$ .

(Hints: First, note that  $\beta \circ \alpha = 0$ , so that  $\beta$  induces a homomorphism

$$\overline{\beta}: K_0(X)/\alpha(K_0(Y)) \to K_0(X-Y).$$

Then, use Exercise 54 and Part (ii) of the current exercise to construct an inverse to  $\overline{\beta}$ .)

(iv) Let k be a field. Calculate  $K_0(\operatorname{Spec} k)$ ,  $K_0(\mathbb{A}^1_k)$ , and  $K_0(\mathbb{P}^1_k)$ .