Al Assignment2

Yearagra Paliwal (SP22004)

Example 1:

true

```
?- run.
 true.
 ?- depth_first_search('jaipur','pune').
The DFS-discovered path is: [jaipur, --> ,delhi, --> ,bhubaneshwar, --> ,cochin, --> ,trivandrum, --> , nagpur, --> ,chandigarh, --> ,patna, --> ,baroda, --> ,pune]
 The path's total cost is: 10599
 true .
 ?- best_first_search('jaipur','pune').
 The BFS-discovered path is: jaipur --> pune
 The path's total cost is: 1371
 true .
Example 2:
 ?- run.
 true.
 ?- best_first_search('delhi', 'patna').
 The BFS-discovered path is:
 delhi --> patna
 The path's total cost is: 1086
 ?- depth_first_search('nagpur','cochin').
 The DFS-discovered path is:
 [nagpur, --> ,cochin]
 The path's total cost is: 1608
                                                    Activate Windows
```

Code:

Colourising buffer ... done, 0.02 seconds, 247 fragments

```
O
File Edit Browse Compile Prolog Pce Help
                                                                                                                                                                                                        assignment.pl
 csv_read_file('graph.csv', Distances, [functor(distance)]), maplist(assert,Distances),
 csv_read_file('graph.csv', DisHeuristics,[functor(heuristic)]), maplist(assert,DisHeuristics).
next node (Current, Next, Path) :-
      distance(Current, Next, Dist),
not(member(Next, Path)),
assert(cost(Dist)).
 % Depth First Search
depth_first_search(Initial_city, Target_city) :- depth_first(Initial_city, Target_city, [Initial_city]).
depth first(Target_city, Target_city, _):-
assert(cities(Target_city)), distance_list_conversion(List), nl,
write("The DFS-discovered path is: "), nl,
write(List), cost_list_conversion(CostList), cost_summation(CostList, TotalCost), nl, nl,
write("The path's total cost is: "),
write(TotalCost).
depth first(Initial_city, Target_city, Visited) :-
    next_node(Initial_city, Next_node, Visited), assert(cities(Initial_city)), assert(cities(" --> ")),
    depth first(Next_node, Target_city, [Next_node|Visited]).
% converting distances further into a list format
distance_list_conversion([Px|Tail]):- retract(cities(Px)), distance list conversion(Tail).
distance_list_conversion([]).
 % converting distances further into a list format
cost_list_conversion_bfs([Px|Tail]):- retract(cost_bfs(Px)), cost list conversion bfs(Tail).
                                                                                                                                                                                                    Line: 36
File Edit Browse Compile Prolog Pce Help
                                                                                                                                                                                                       44
 assignment.pl
converting distances further into a list format
cost_list_conversion_bfs([Px|Tail]):- retract(cost_bfs(Px)), cost_list_conversion_bfs([]).
cost_list_conversion_bfs([]).
 % cost summation on each of the steps is store in following variables
cost_summation([],0).
cost_summation([T|R],M) := cost_summation(R,S), M is T+S.
% Best First Search
best first search(Initial_city, Target_city) :-
heuristic(Initial_city, Target_city, Value), nl,
write("The BFS-discovered path is: "), nl,
write(Initial_city), bestFirstSearch(Initial_city, Target_city, [Value-Initial_city], []).
bestFirstSearch(X,X,_,_) := nl,nl,
write("The path's total cost is: "),
cost_list_conversion_bfs(CostListBfs),cost_summation(CostListBfs,NetCost),
write(NetCost).
bestFirstSearch(_,_,[],_):- write("No more items exist on the Open List.").
bestFirstSearch(Initial_city, Target, OpenList, ClosedList) :-
[Headl | Tail] = OpenList,
  -Initial_cityNode = Head1,
findall(Value-NextNode, (distance(Initial_cityNode, NextNode,_), Initial_cityNode \== NextNode, not(member(NextNode,ClosedList)), heuris
tic(NextNode,Target,Value)), NN),
 append (NN, Tail, UpdatedOpenList),
keysort(UpdatedOpenList, SortedOpenList),
[HeadNode|_] = SortedOpenList,
```

Line: 37

```
File Edx Browse Compile Prolog Pce Help

**Best First Search
best first Search
best first Search (Initial_city, Target_city):-
heuristic (Initial_city, Target_city, Value), nl,
write (The BFS-discovered path is: "), nl,
write (The BFS-discovered path is: "), nl,
write (The path's total cost is: "),
cost list conversion bfs (CostListBfs), cost_summation (CostListBfs, NetCost),
write (NetCost).

bestFirstSearch([X,X,__]):- write("No more items exist on the Open List.").
bestFirstSearch([Thitial_city, Target_OpenList, ClosedList):-

[Head! Tail] = OpenList,
_-Initial_cityNode = Head!,
findal! (Value-NextNode, (distance(Initial_cityNode, NextNode,_), Initial_cityNode \== NextNode, not(member(NextNode, ClosedList)), heuris
tic (NextNode, Target, Value)), NN),
append (NN, Tail, UpdatedOpenList),
ReadNode(] = SortedOpenList),
[HeadNode] = SortedOpenList),
Reysort (UpdatedOpenList, SortedOpenList),
[HeadNode] = SortedOpenList,
_-EstiNextNode = ReadNode,
write("---> "), write(BestNextNode, Dist),
assert(cost_bfs (Dist)),
bestFirstSearch (BestNextNode, Target, SortedOpenList, [Initial_city|ClosedList]).

Line 43
```

Thank You