Vim Cheat Sheet

Global

- :h[elp] keyword open help for keyword
- :sav[eas] filesave file as
- :clo[se] close current pane
- :ter[minal] open a terminal window
- **K** open man page for word under the cursor

Cursor movement

- **h** move cursor left
- i move cursor down
- k move cursor up
- l move cursor right
- **gj** move cursor down (multi-line text)
- **gk** move cursor up (multiline text)
- **H** move to top of screen
- M move to middle of screen
- **L** move to bottom of screen
- $\ensuremath{\mathbf{W}}$ jump forwards to the start of a word
- **W** jump forwards to the start of a word (words can contain punctuation)
- **e** jump forwards to the end of a word
- **E** jump forwards to the end of a word (words can contain punctuation)
- **b** jump backwards to the start of a word
- **B** jump backwards to the start of a word (words can contain punctuation)
- **ge** jump backwards to the end of a word
- **gE** jump backwards to the end of a word (words can contain punctuation)
- % move cursor to matching character (default supported pairs: '()', '{\}', '[]' - use : h matchpairs in vim for more info)
- **0** jump to the start of the line
- ^ jump to the first nonblank character of the line

Editing

- **r** replace a single character.
- **R** replace more than one character, until **ESC** is pressed.
- **J** join line below to the current one with one space in between
- **gJ** join line below to the current one without space in between
- **gwip** reflow paragraph
- **g∼** switch case up to motion
- **gu** change to lowercase up to motion
- $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{g}}\boldsymbol{\mathsf{U}}$ change to uppercase up to motion
- **CC** change (replace) entire line
- **c\$** or **C** change (replace) to the end of the line
- **CİW** change (replace) entire word
- **CW** or **CC** change (replace) to the end of the word
- **S** delete character and substitute text (same as cl)
- **S** delete line and substitute text (same as cc)
- **xp** transpose two letters (delete and paste)
- **u** undo
- **U** restore (undo) last changed line
- Ctrl + r redo
- repeat last command

Marking text (visual mode)

- **V** start visual mode, mark lines, then do a command (like y-yank)
- \boldsymbol{V} start linewise visual mode
- **O** move to other end of marked area
- Ctrl + v start visual block mode
- **0** move to other corner of block
- aw mark a word

Macros

- qa record macro a
- **q** stop recording macro
- @a run macro a
- @@ rerun last run macro

Cut and paste

- yy yank (copy) a line
- 2yy yank (copy) 2 lines
- **yw** yank (copy) the characters of the word from the cursor position to the start of the next word
- yiw yank (copy) word under the cursor
- **yaw** yank (copy) word under the cursor and the space after or before it
- **y\$** or **Y** yank (copy) to end of line
- **p** put (paste) the clipboard after cursor
- **P** put (paste) before cursor
- **gp** put (paste) the clipboard after cursor and leave cursor after the new text
- **gP** put (paste) before cursor and leave cursor after the new text
- dd delete (cut) a line
- 2dd delete (cut) 2 lines
- **dw** delete (cut) the characters of the word from the cursor position to the start of the next word
- diw delete (cut) word under the cursor
- **daw** delete (cut) word under the cursor and the space after or before it
- :3,5d delete lines starting from 3 to 5
- :g/{pattern}/ddelete all lines containing pattern
- :g!/{pattern}/ddelete all lines not containing pattern
- ${f d}$ \$ or ${f D}$ delete (cut) to the end of the line
- X delete (cut) character

Working with multiple files

- :e[dit] file edit a file in a new buffer
- :bn[ext] go to the next buffer
- :bp[revious] go to the previous buffer
- :bd[elete] delete a buffer (close a file)
- :b[uffer]#-go to a buffer by index #
- **:b[uffer] file** go to a buffer by file
- :ls or :buffers list all open buffers
- :sp[lit] file open a file in a new buffer and split window
- :vs[plit] file open a file in a new buffer and vertically split window
- :vert[ical] ba[ll] edit all buffers as vertical windows
- :tab ba[ll] edit all buffers as tabs
- Ctrl + ws split window
- Ctrl + wv split window vertically
- Ctrl + ww switch windows
- Ctrl + wq quit a window
- Ctrl + wx exchange current window with next one
- Ctrl + w= make all windows equal height & width
- Ctrl + wh move cursor to the left window
 (vertical split)
- Ctrl + wl move cursor to the right window
 (vertical split)
- Ctrl + wj move cursor to the window below
 (horizontal split)
- Ctrl + wk move cursor to the window above
 (horizontal split)
- Ctrl + wH make current window full height at far left (leftmost vertical window)
- Ctrl + wL make current window full height at far right (rightmost vertical window)
- **Ctrl** + **wJ** make current window full width at the very bottom (bottommost horizontal window)
- **Ctrl** + **wK** make current window full width at the very top (topmost horizontal window)

Diff

- **zf** manually define a fold up to motion
- **zd** delete fold under the cursor
- **za** toggle fold under the cursor
- **ZO** open fold under the cursor
- ZC close fold under the cursor
- **zr** reduce (open) all folds by one level

the document document gd - move to local declaration

Insert mode -

inserting/appending text

i - insert before the cursor

Indent text ab - a block with () **\$** - jump to the end of the >> - indent (move right) **aB** - a block with {} line one shiftwidth g_ - jump to the last non-<< - de-indent (move left) at - a block with <> tags blank character of the line line one shiftwidth **ib** - inner block with () qq - go to the first line of >% - indent a block with () or {} (cursor on brace) **iB** - inner block with {} **G** - go to the last line of the it - inner block with <> <% - de-indent a block with () or {} (cursor on brace) 5gg or 5G - go to line 5 >ib - indent inner block Esc or Ctrl + c - exit with () visual mode >at - indent a block with Visual commands <> tags gD - move to global > - shift text right declaration **3==** - re-indent 3 lines < - shift text left fx - jump to next =% - re-indent a block with occurrence of character x **y** - yank (copy) marked text () or {} (cursor on brace) tx - jump to before next d - delete marked text **=iB** - re-indent inner block occurrence of character x with {} ∼ - switch case **Fx** - jump to the previous qq=G - re-indent entire occurrence of character x u - change marked text to lowercase **Tx** - jump to after previous **]p** - paste and adjust indent occurrence of character x U - change marked text to to current line uppercase - repeat previous f, t, F or Exiting T movement Registers :W - write (save) the file, - repeat previous f, t, F or :reg[isters]-show but don't exit T movement, backwards registers content :w !sudo tee %-**}** - jump to next paragraph "**xy** - yank into register x write out the current file (or function/block, when using sudo editing code) "xp - paste contents of : WQ or : X or ZZ - write register x **{** - jump to previous (save) and quit paragraph (or "+y - vank into the system function/block, when : q - quit (fails if there are clipboard register editing code) unsaved changes) "+p - paste from the system ZZ - center cursor on screen :q! or **ZQ** - quit and throw clipboard register away unsaved changes zt - position cursor on top Marks and positions of the screen : wqa - write (save) and :marks - list of marks quit on all tabs **zb** - position cursor on bottom of the screen **ma** - set current position for Search and replace mark A Ctrl + e - move screen /pattern - search for down one line (without **a** - jump to position of pattern moving cursor) mark A ?pattern - search Ctrl + y - move screen up backward for pattern **y`a** - yank text to position one line (without moving of mark A cursor) \vpattern - 'very magic' **0** - go to the position pattern: non-alphanumeric Ctrl + b - move screen up characters are interpreted as where Vim was previously one page (cursor to last line) exited special regex symbols (no escaping needed) Ctrl + f - move screen " - go to the position when down one page (cursor to n - repeat search in same last editing this file first line) direction - go to the position of the Ctrl + d - move cursor last change in this file **N** - repeat search in opposite and screen down 1/2 page direction - go to the position Ctrl + u - move cursor :%s/old/new/gbefore the last jump and screen up 1/2 page replace all old with new throughout file : ju[mps] - list of jumps

Ctrl + i - go to newer

position in jump list

:%s/old/new/gc-

replace all old with new

throughout file with

zm - fold more (close) all folds by one level **Zi** - toggle folding functionality **] C** - jump to start of next change [C - jump to start of previous change do or :diffg[et] - obtain (get) difference (from other buffer) **dp** or : **diffpu[t]** - put difference (to other buffer) :diffthis - make current window part of diff :dif[fupdate] - update differences :diffo[ff] - switch off diff mode for current window

I - insert at the beginning of the line	Ctrl + o - go to older position in jump list
a - insert (append) after the cursor	: changes - list of changes
A - insert (append) at the end of the line	g , - go to newer position in change list
O - append (open) a new line below the current line	g ; - go to older position in change list
0 - append (open) a new line above the current line	Ctrl +] - jump to the tag under cursor
ea - insert (append) at the end of the word	•
Ctrl + h - delete the character before the cursor during insert mode	
Ctrl + w - delete word before the cursor during insert mode	
Ctrl + j - add a line break at the cursor position during insert mode	
Ctrl + t - indent (move right) line one shiftwidth during insert mode	
Ctrl + d - de-indent (move left) line one shiftwidth during insert mode	
Ctrl + n - insert (auto- complete) next match before the cursor during insert mode	
Ctrl + p - insert (auto- complete) previous match before the cursor during insert mode	
Ctrl + rx - insert the contents of register x	
Ctrl + ox - Temporarily enter normal mode to issue one normal-mode command x.	
Esc or Ctrl + c - exit insert mode	

confirmations

: noh[lsearch] - remove highlighting of search matches

newer position in Search in multiple files

:vim[grep]
/pattern/
{`{file}`} - search for
pattern in multiple files

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{:cn[ext]} &- jump to the \\ next match \end{tabular}$

:cp[revious] - jump to the previous match

: cope[n] - open a window containing the list of matches

:ccl[ose] - close the quickfix window

Tabs

:tabnew or :tabnew
{page.words.file}

- open a file in a new tab

Ctrl + wT - move the current split window into its own tab

gt or :tabn[ext] move to the next tab

 $gT \ \mathrm{or}$

:tabp[revious] - move to the previous tab

#gt - move to tab number

:tabm[ove] #-move current tab to the #th position (indexed from o)

:tabc[lose] - close the current tab and all its windows

: tabo[nly] - close all tabs except for the current one

:tabdo command - run the command on all tabs (e.g.:tabdo q - closes all opened tabs)