

< Logistic Regression Cost Function >

ex) Training Set

	tumor size (cm)	...	patient's age	malignant?
	x_1	...	x_n	y
$i=1$	10		52	1
$i=2$	2		73	0
\vdots	5	...	55	0
\vdots	12		49	1
$i=m$

$j = 1, 2, \dots, n \leftarrow \text{features}$

target $y = 0 \text{ or } 1$

< Logistic Regression Model >

$$f_{\vec{w}, b}(\vec{x}) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\vec{w} \cdot \vec{x} + b)}}$$

$i = 1, 2, \dots, m \leftarrow \text{training example}$

* (How to choose $\vec{w} = [w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n]$ and b ?) *

- Squared error cost (linear regression)

$$J(\vec{w}, b) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{1}{2} (f_{\vec{w}, b}(\vec{x}^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})^2$$

< linear regression >



\Rightarrow
if use same
cost function
for logistic regression...

< logistic regression >



\Rightarrow lots of local minima

\therefore Squared error cost
is good for logistic regression

“따라서 이러한 형태를 convex 형태로
변환시켜줘야 함”