

React in the real world


A short talk about data flow
«the heart of any React app»

Sven A Robbestad

Frontend developer at Inmeta Consulting AS


PrivatBedriftNettbutikk

Min bedriftMin sideTrådløs bedriftOla Olaisen



Oversikt

Søk...



Antall abonnenter

0

Aktive

0

Sperrede

0

Reserverte

0

Detaljer

Kontakt

Organisasjonsnavn

ABS-PARKETTGRUPPEN NORGE AS

Organisasjonsnummer

976 390 512

Adresse

Avtaletype

Avtaledato

Kontakt NetCom dersom innholdet er feil.



Legg til abonnent



Legg til fakturasted




Administrer grupper




Bestill SIM-kort


PrivatBedriftNettbutikk

Min bedriftMin sideTrådløs bedriftOla Olaisen




Rapporter


 Søk...




Totalforbruk

 Totalforbruk, per abonnent

Siste fakturaperiode


 Totalforbruk, per fakturasted

Siste fakturaperiode


 Totalforbruk, per gruppe

Siste fakturaperiode


Tjenester og varekjøp

 Tjenester og varekjøp, per abonnent

Siste fakturaperiode


 Tjenester og varekjøp, per fakturasted

Siste fakturaperiode


 Tjenester og varekjøp, per gruppe

Siste fakturaperiode


Dataforbruk

 Dataforbruk, per abonnent

Siste fakturaperiode

 Dataforbruk, per fakturasted

Siste fakturaperiode

 Dataforbruk, per gruppe

Siste fakturaperiode

Endre status

Sperre abonnement

Lukk

Abonnementet sperres fordi



Mobilen er stjålet



Mobilen er mistet

Det kan ta opptil 10 minutter før dette oppdateres



Neste

Data flow

One of the major reasons for using React is the Flux architecture.

The idea that you have to use MVC to create web apps was discarded by the React team, and that has been an eye opener.

Data flow

As a consequence there are a lot
of Flux implementations in the
wild:

Fluxxor, Reflux, McFly, Marty,
Fluxible, Fynx, DeLorean

And the list goes on

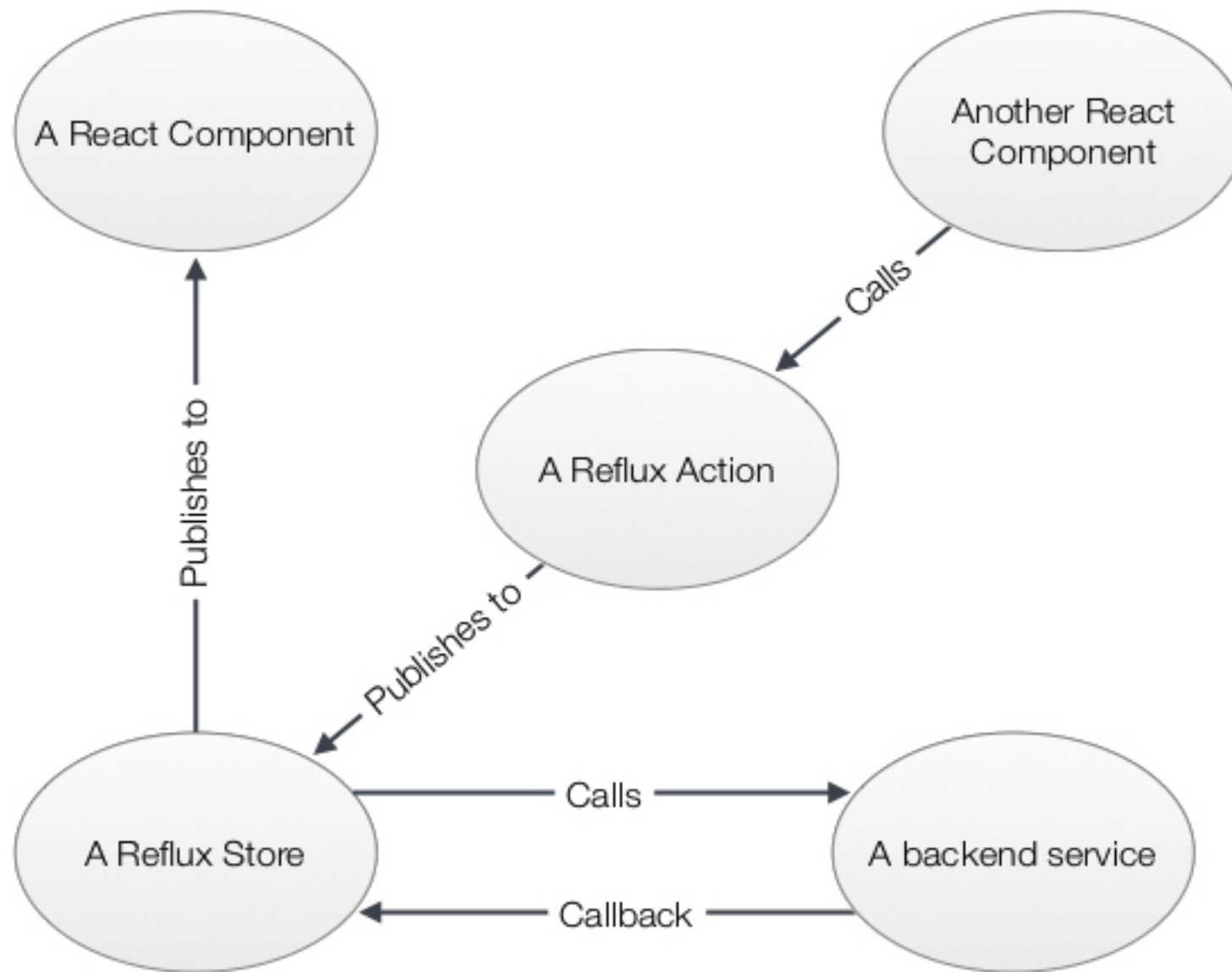
Data flow

After much deliberation, we
landed on Reflux

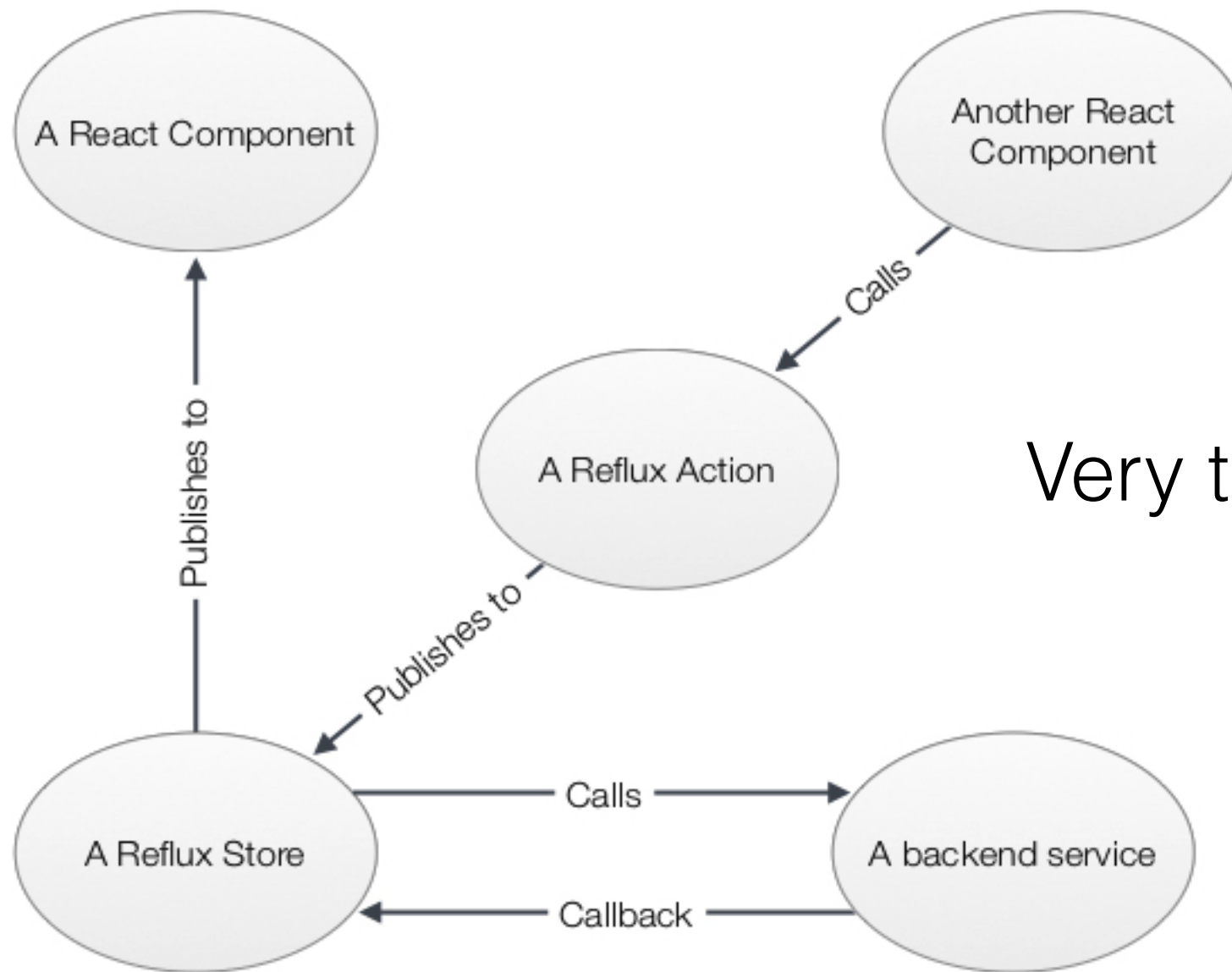
The fundamental reason is that
the implementation was easy to
understand and easy to
implement

However, after a while we decided
to use it in a slightly different way
than it's described in the docs. In
the following slides I'll share some
of our experiences with Reflux.

Regular Reflux

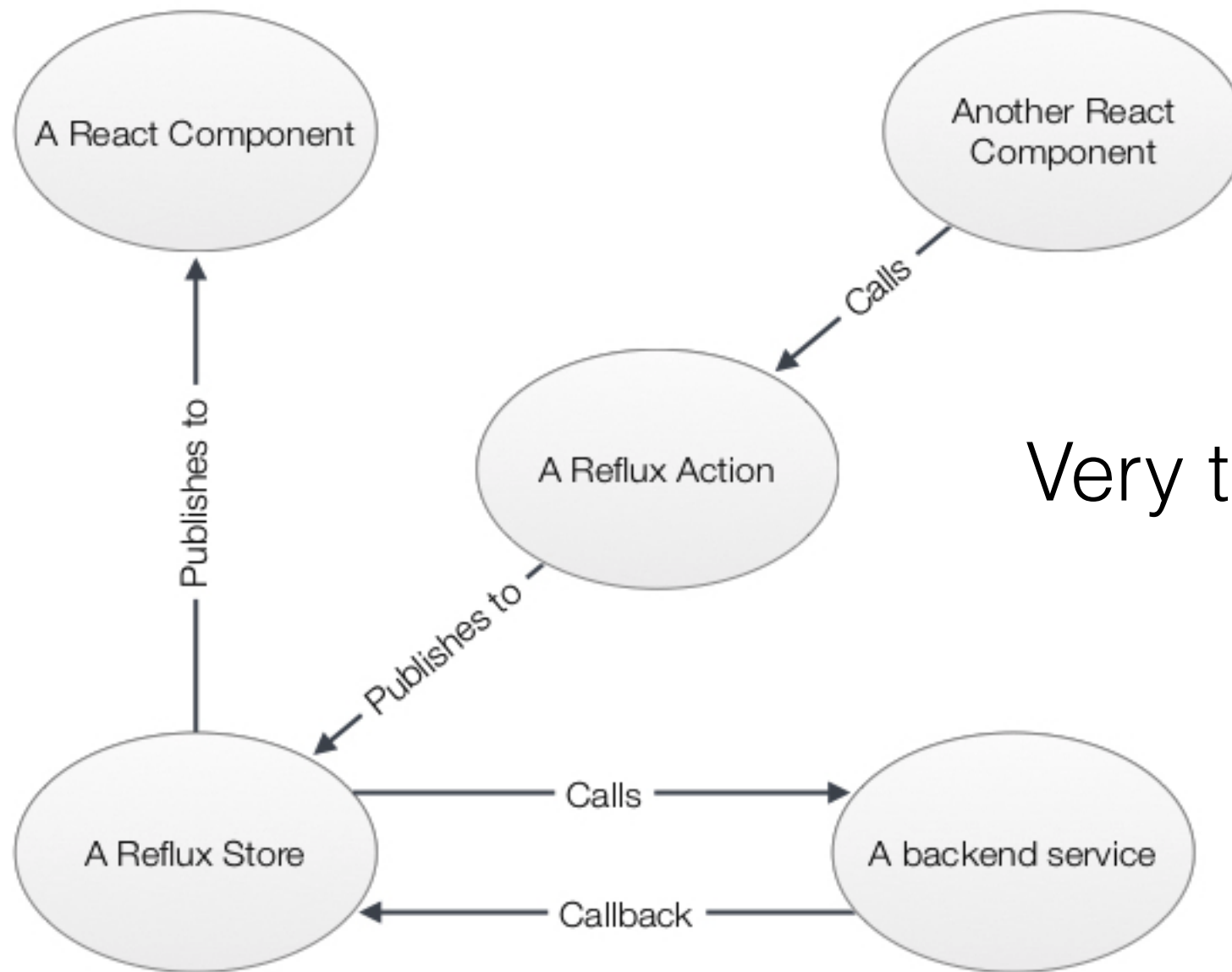


Regular Reflux



Very thin actions

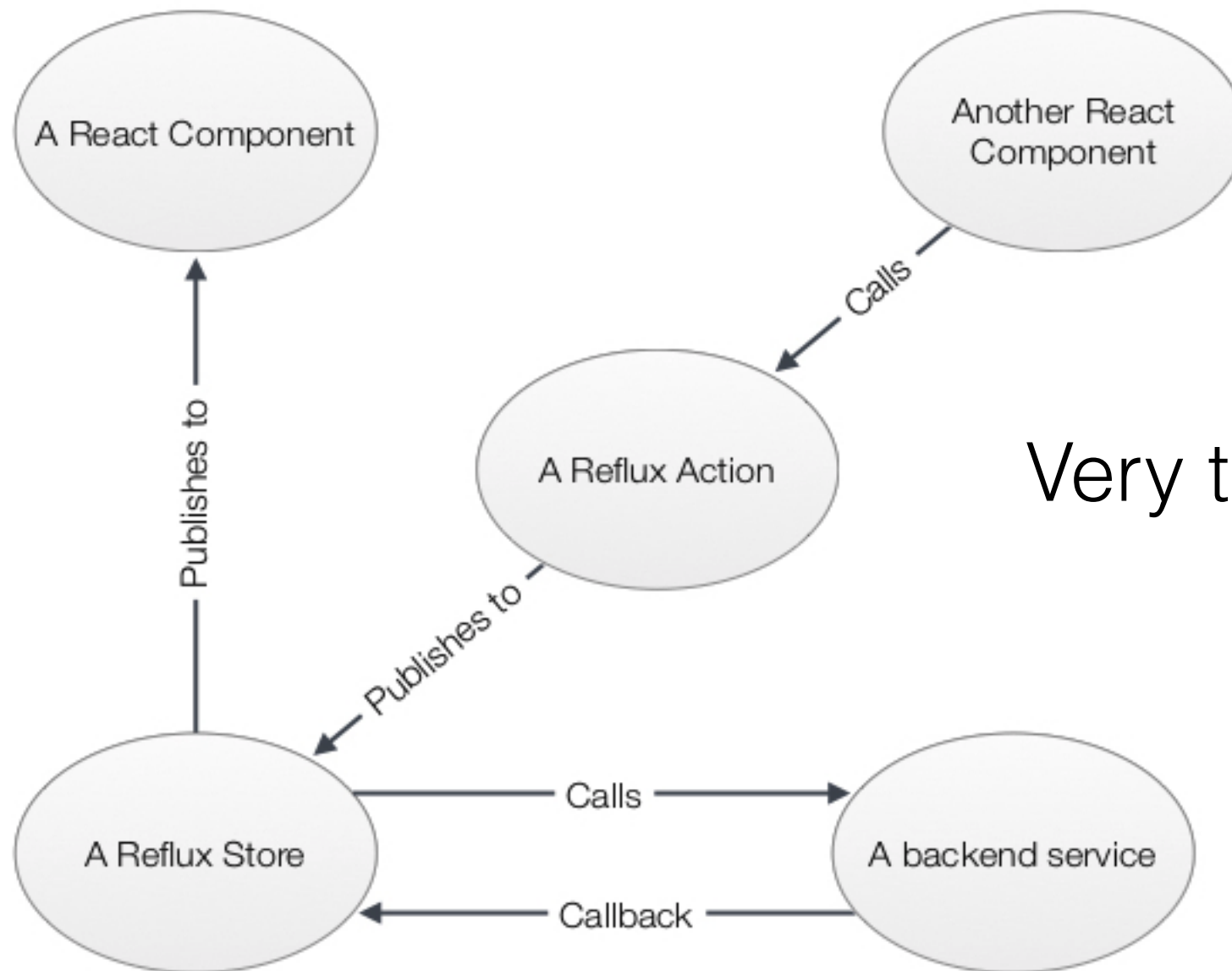
Regular Reflux



Very thin actions

Very fat stores

Regular Reflux



Very thin actions

Very fat stores

Services called from stores
can get hard to debug
Also hard to test

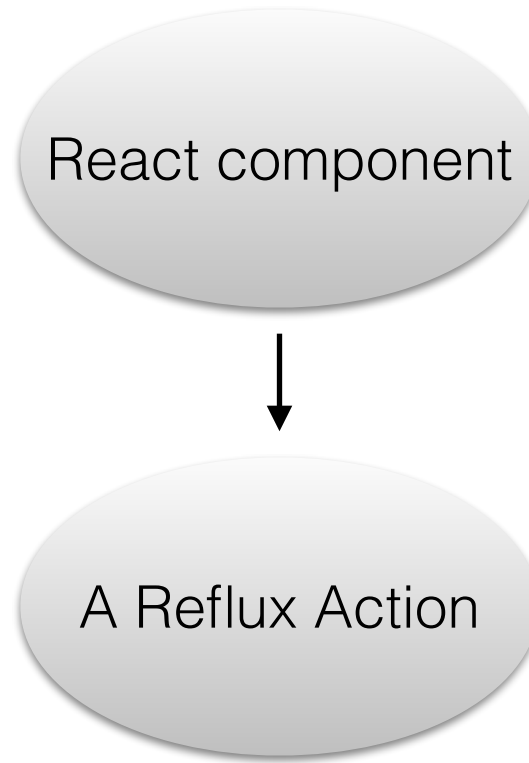
How this looks

```
// Creating an Action
var makeRequest = Reflux.createAction();

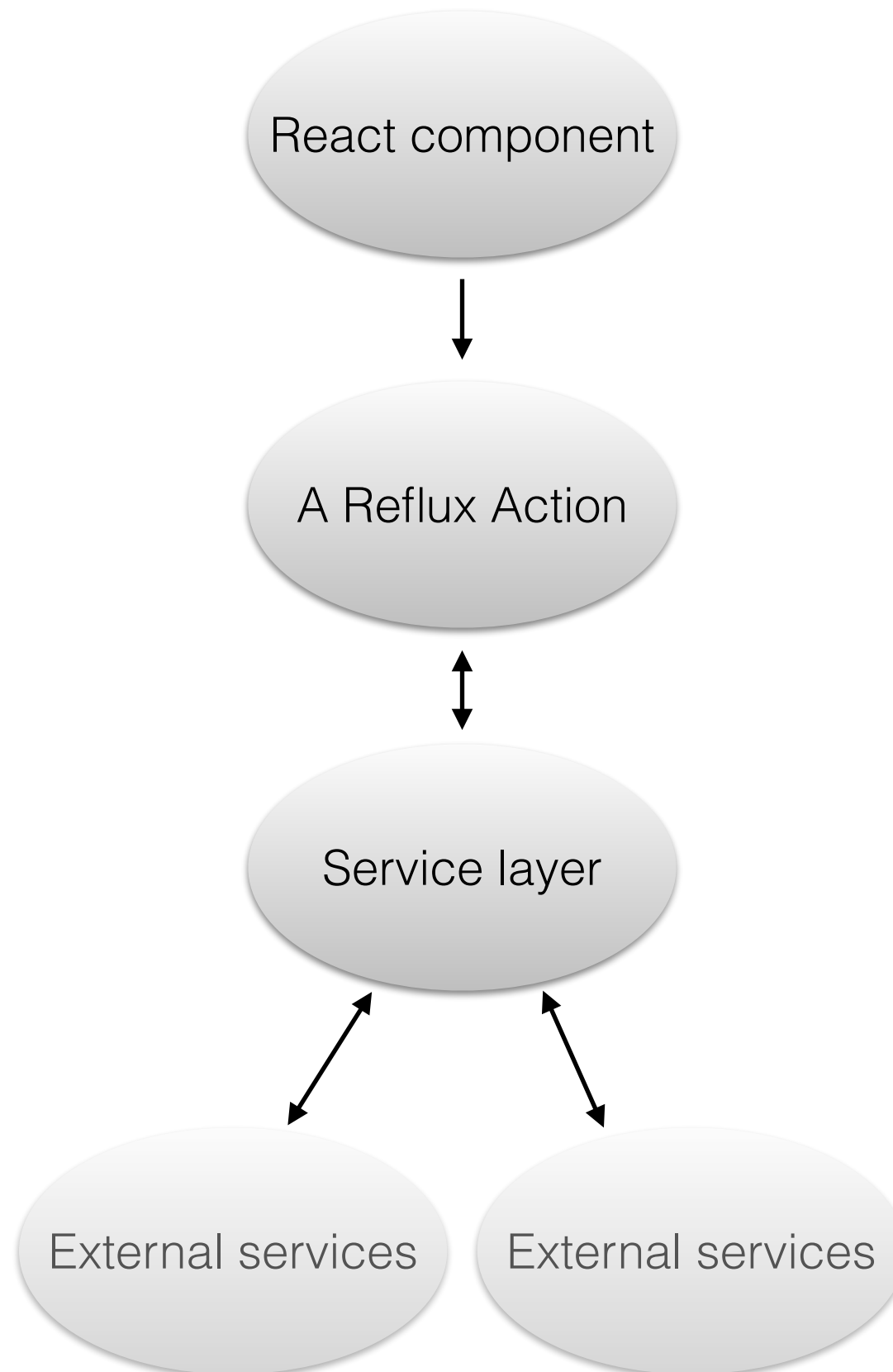
// A Reflux Store
var statusStore = Reflux.createStore({
  init: function() {
    |   this.listenTo(makeRequest, this.onMakeRequest);
  },
  onMakeRequest: function(url) {
    |   // Assume `request` is some HTTP library (e.g. superagent)
    |   request(url, function(response) {
    |   |   if (response.ok) {
    |   |   |   makeRequest.completed(response.body);
    |   |   } else {
    |   |   |   makeRequest.failed(response.error);
    |   |   }
    |   })
  }
});

// A simple view component that outputs to console
function ConsoleComponent() {
  statusStore.listen(function(data) {
    |   console.log('data: ', ata);
  });
}
```

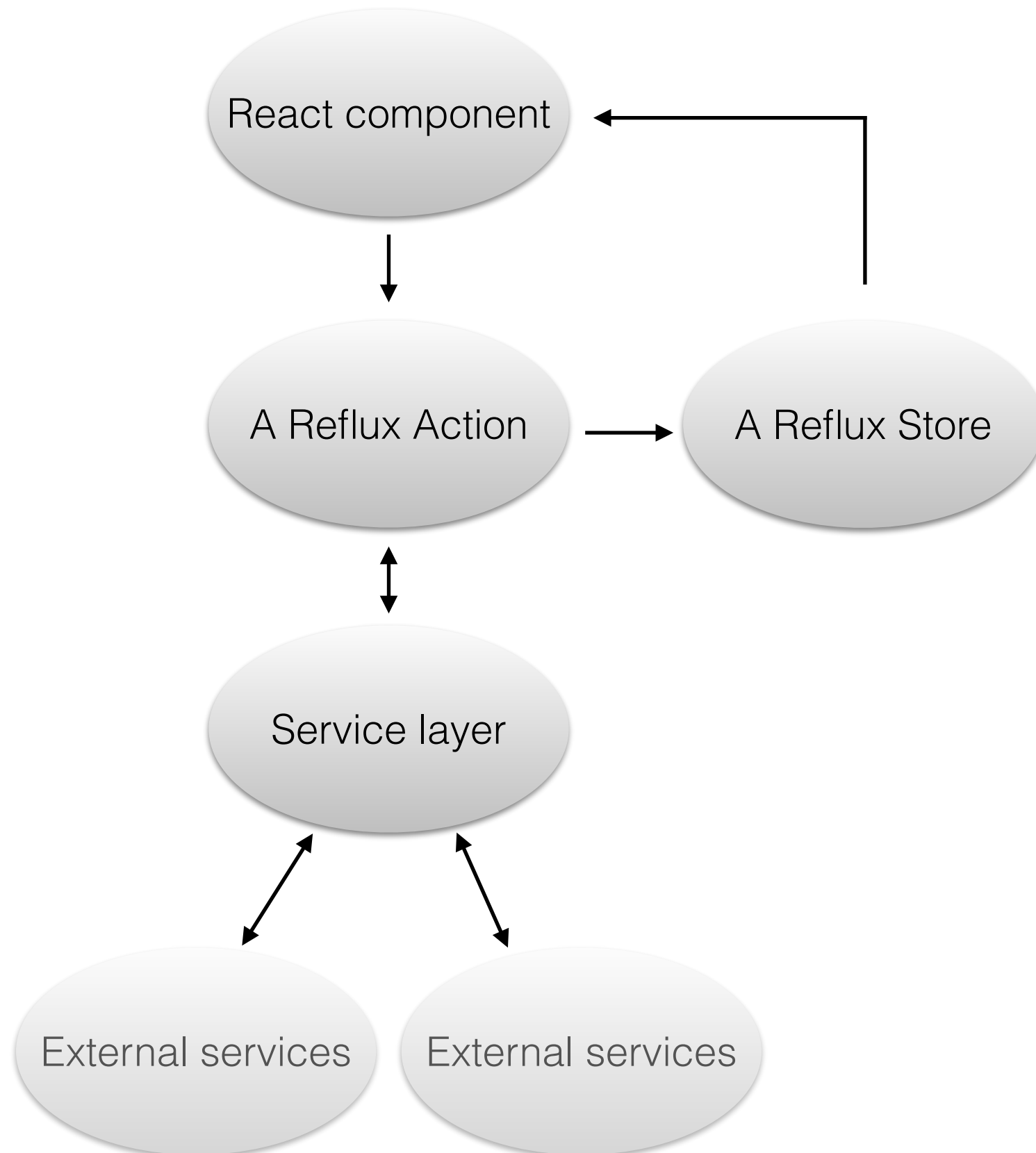
Improved Reflux



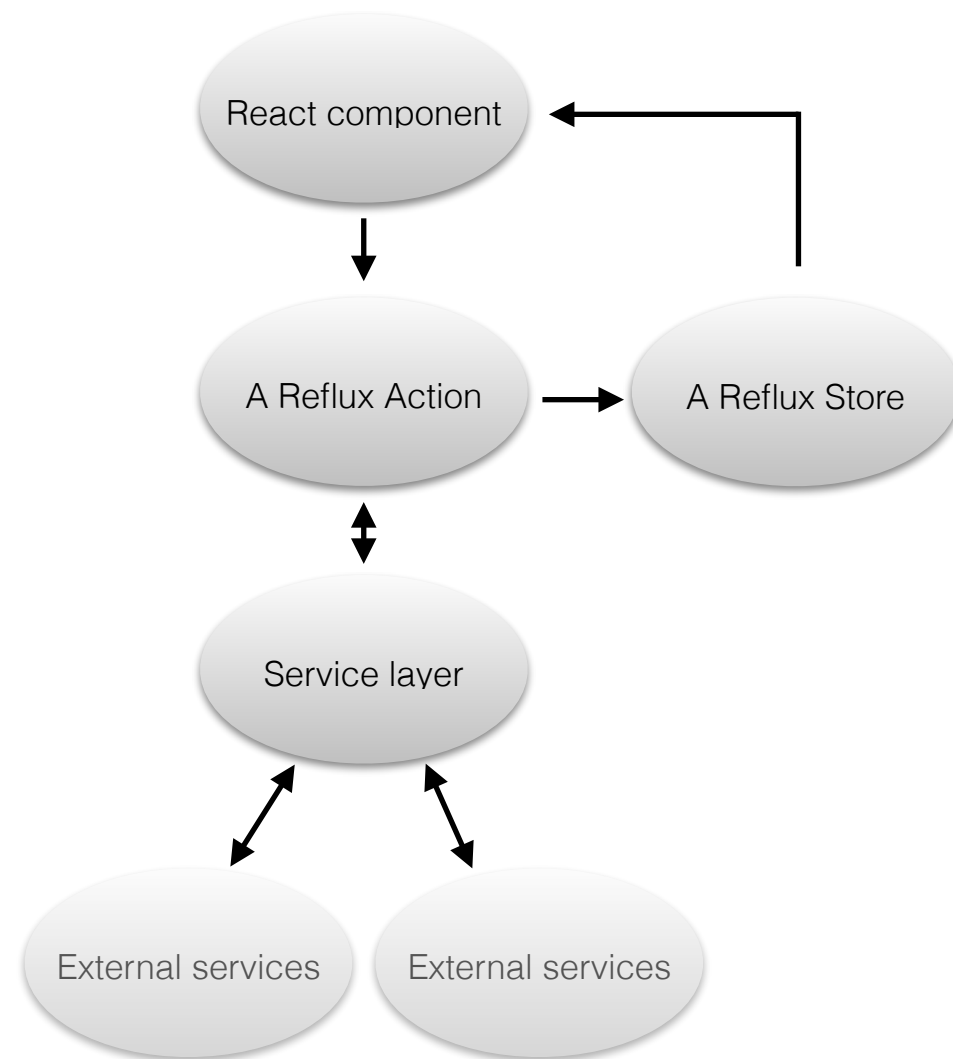
Improved Reflux



Improved Reflux



Improved Reflux



Benefits

Better separation of concerns

- Easier to test

Easier to structure data flow

Unnecessary to change Reflux, it's just a better way of using it. Reflux already supports this architecture

How this looks

```

var actions = {
  getRequestData: Reflux.createAction("getDataFromServer"),
  getRequestDataSuccess: Reflux.createAction('getDataFromServerSuccess')
};

actions.getDataFromServer.listen(function (url) {
  DataService.getData(url).
    then(function (response) {
      actions.getRequestDataSuccess(data);
    }).catch(function (err) {
      // do some error handling
    });
});

```

```

class DataService {
  getData(url){
    var req = request.get(url)
    .set('Content-Type', this.contentType)
    return new Promise(function (resolve, reject) {
      req.end(function (err, res) {
        resolve(res.text);
      });
    });
  }
}

```

```

const DataStore = Reflux.createStore({
  init(){
    this.listenTo(actions.getDataFromServer, this.getDataFromServer);
  },
  getDataFromServer: function(result){
    this.trigger(result.message);
  }
});

```

```

const ConsoleComponent = React.createClass({
  mixins: [
    Reflux.listenTo(actions.getDataFromServerSuccess, "getData")
  ],
  getData(){
    console.log(data);
  },
  render(){
    return <div />
  }
})

```