

## **ilities**

### **Reusability**

- The ability to use some or all of the aspects of the preexisting software in other projects with little to no modifications

### **Security**

- The software is able to withstand and resist hostile acts and influences

### **Maintainability**

- A measure of how easily bug fixes or functional modifications can be accomplished

### **Portability**

- The software should be usable across a number of different conditions and environments

### **Performance**

- The software performs its tasks within a time-frame that is acceptable for the user, and does not require too much memory

### **Scalability**

- The software adapts well to increasing data or number of users

### **Compatibility**

- The software is able to operate with other products that are designed for interoperability with another product

### **Reliability**

- The software is able to perform a required function under stated conditions for a specified period of time

### **Usability**

- The software user interface must be usable for its target user or audience

### **Robustness**

- The software is able to operate under stress or tolerate unpredictable or invalid input

### **Extensibility**

- New capabilities can be added to the software without major changes to the underlying architecture

### **Fault-tolerance**

- The software is resistant to and able to recover from component failure