

Data Visualization with Python

Cheat Sheet: Maps, Waffles, WordCloud and Seaborn

Function	Description	Syntax	Example	Visual
Folium				
Мар	Create a map object with specified center coordinates and zoom level.	[folium.Nbp(location=[lat, lon], zoom_start=n)]	[world_map = folium.Map()] canada =folium.Map(location=[56.130, -106.35], zoom_start=4)	
Marker	Add a marker to the map with custom icon, popup, and tiles Tiles as Stamen Toner	folium.Marker(locations[lat , lon], popupe "Marker Popup", tiles-"Stamen Tomer").add_to(map)	folium.Marker(location=[556.110, -106.35], tooltip="Marker", tiles="Stamen Toner").add_to(world_map)	
	Tiles as Stamen Terrain	folium.Narker(location=[lat , lon],	folium.Marker(location=[556.138, -106.35], [tooltip='Marker', tiles='Stamen Terrain').add_to(world_map)	
Circle	Add a circle to the map with specified radius, color, and fill opacity.	folium.features.CircleMarker(location=[lat, lon], radius=n, color='red', fill_opacity=n).add_to(map)	folium.features.CircleMarker(location=[56.130, -186.35], radius=1800, color='red', fill_opacity=0.5),add_to(world_map)	
Chorpleth	Create a choropteth map based on a GeoJSON file and a specified data column.	<pre>folium.Chorepleth(gee.data*path/to/geojon.file*) data-ef, columns/'region', 'walue.column'], key_om''eature_properties_id', fill_color='YiOnNu', fill_opativpa',7, lic_opativpa',2, lieged_name-iegend').add_to(map)</pre>	<pre>world.ms.choropieth(gso_distance)d_gso_ data=df_cm_columns['contro', 'Total'], key_com'*feature_properties.name', #111_color='YiOrMd', f111_epsctive*7.line_spective*2.2, legend_name='Inmigration to Canada')</pre>	THE STATE OF THE S
PyWaffle				
Waffle	Create a walfle chart based on values and categories.	<pre>pit:figure(figureClass = Woffle,rows = 20, columns = 30, values = values) waffle_chart = woffle.Woffle(values=[value1, value2,], rows=n, columns=n)</pre>	<pre>plt.figure(FigureClass = Wasffle, rows = 20, columns = 30, values = df_sin("ctal"), cmmp, name = "tabb", legend = ("label": label, "lot": "lower left", "bbox_to_mnchor":(0,-0.1), "neol": 3))</pre>	
Legend	Add a legend to the waffle chart.	<pre>waffle_chart.legend(loc='upper left', bbox_to_anchor=(1, 1))</pre>		
Title	Add a title to the waffle chart.	waffle_chart.set_title('Waffle Chart Title')		
Labels	Add labels to the waffle chart.	<pre>waffle_chart.set_labels(['Label 1', 'Label 2',])</pre>		
WordCloud			alice_wc = WordCloud(background_color='white', max_words=2000, mask-alice_mask,	
WordCloud	Create a word cloud object based on text data.	wordcloud = WordCloud(),generate(text_data)	<pre>stopwordsstopwords) alice_we_merate(alice_novel) pit.imshow(alice_we, interpolation='bilinear')</pre>	King one T Chine
Generate	Generate the word cloud based on the text data.	wordcloud.generate(text_data)		
Display	Display the word cloud using matplotlib or other plotting libraries.	plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')		
Options	Set various options for the word cloud, such as font, colors, mask, and stopwords.	<pre>wordcloud = Wordcloud(font_path='path/to/font_file',</pre>		
Seaborn				
barplot	Create a bar plot to Visualize the relationship between a categorical variable and a numeric variable.	sns.barplot(x='x_variable', y='y_variable', data-dataframe)	sns.bamplot(x='Continent', y='Total', data=df_cani)	
countplot	Create a count plot to display the frequency of each category in a categorical variable.	sns.countplot(x-'category', data-dataframe)	sns.countplot(x='Continent', data-df_can)	
regplot	Create a scatter plot with a linear regression line to visualize the relationship between two numeric variables.	<pre>sns.regplot(x='x_variable', y='y_variable', data-dataframe)</pre>	sns.regplot(x-'year', y-'total', data-df_tot)	

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Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2023-06-18	0.1	Dr. Pooja	Initial version created