The Dining Philosophers Problem

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- Each philosopher repeats the following
 - sequence of states : {HUNGRY, EATING, THINKING)
- Init state: THINKING
 - 10~500 msec and then switches HUNGRY
- If he can eat, then immediately switches to EATING state
- He is in EATING state for 10~500 msec and then release both of the chopsticks
- After releasing both of the chopsticks, he switches to THINKING state

Result

Philosopher 0 eating count: 843

Philosopher 0 wait time in HUNGRY state (157.951 sec)

Philosopher 1 eating count: 842

Philosopher 1 wait time in HUNGRY state (171.384 sec)

Philosopher 2 eating count: 875

Philosopher 2 wait time in HUNGRY state (160.234 sec)

Philosopher 3 eating count: 849

Philosopher 3 wait time in HUNGRY state (167.027 sec)

Philosopher 4 eating count: 837

Philosopher 4 wait time in HUNGRY state (171.974 sec)

Min count 837

Max count 875



AVG count 849,200

Count Variance = 180.960

Min wait time (157.951 sec) in HUNGRY state Max wait time (171.974 sec) in HUNGRY state AVG wait time (165.714 sec) in HUNGRY state Variance wait time (33.187007 sec) in HUNGRY state

Total Run time (600.042 sec)

- 제출 기한 : 2019.05.28 일 23:59
- 제출방법 : 보고서 파일 (한글,Word) 1, 프로그램 c 파일 1 → zip 파일로 압축 제출
 - 압축파일 제목 (학번_이름_HW2.zip)
 - 보고서 양식:
 - ◆ 문제정의
 - ◆ 실행 결과 화면,
 - ◆ 소스코드(각 함수 분석 내용 작성(주석) 해결방법 설명)
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Template Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <limits.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#define HUNGRY 0
#define EATING 1
#define THINKING 2
#define NUM PHIL 5
#define EXEC TIME 600
typedef struct philosopher
{
    unsigned short numEat;
    int state;
    long wait;
}philosopher;
philosopher phil[NUM PHIL];
sem t chopstick[NUM PHIL];
// 10~500 msec wait
int idlewait()
    int sleepTimeMS = (rand() % 491 + 10);
    usleep(sleepTimeMS * 1000);
    return sleepTimeMS;
}
unsigned int tick() //get current time(msec)
{
    struct timeval tv;
    gettimeofday(&tv, (void*)0);
    return tv.tv sec * (unsigned int)1000 + tv.tv usec / 1000;
}
void initPhil(void)
void* dining(void* arg)
```

```
{
   unsigned short i;
   unsigned short left, right;
    unsigned int start time;
   unsigned int start hungry, end hungry;
}
void main(void)
   pthread t t[NUM PHIL];
   unsigned short i, args[NUM PHIL], minCount = USHRT MAX, maxCount
=0;
   long start, end, minWait = LONG MAX, maxWait = 0, waitAVG = 0,
waitVar = 0;
   double countAVG = 0, countVar = 0;
   srand(time((void*)0));
   start = tick();
   initPhil();
   for(i=0;i<NUM PHIL;i++)</pre>
       args[i]=i;
   end = tick();
   for(i=0;i<NUM PHIL;i++)</pre>
       printf("Philosopher %d eating count : %d\nPhilosopher %d
waiting time in HUNGRY
state : %ld.%ld sec\n\n", i, phil[i].numEat, i, phil[i].wait / 1000,
phil[i].wait % 1000);
       countAVG += phil[i].numEat;
       if(minCount > phil[i].numEat)
           minCount = phil[i].numEat;
       if (maxCount < phil[i].numEat)</pre>
           maxCount = phil[i].numEat;
       waitAVG += phil[i].wait;
```

```
if(minWait > phil[i].wait)
            minWait = phil[i].wait;
        if(maxWait < phil[i].wait)</pre>
            maxWait = phil[i].wait;
    countAVG /= NUM PHIL;
    waitAVG /= NUM PHIL;
    for(i=0;i<NUM PHIL;i++)</pre>
              countVar += (countAVG - phil[i].numEat) * (countAVG -
phil[i].numEat);
        waitVar += (waitAVG - phil[i].wait) * (waitAVG -
phil[i].wait);
    }
    countVar /= NUM PHIL;
    waitVar /= NUM PHIL;
    printf("Min count : %d\nAvg count : %d\nAvg count : %.3f\nCount
variance : %.3f\n\n",
minCount, maxCount, countAVG, countVar);
    printf("Min wait time in HUNGRY state : %ld.%ld sec\nMax wait
time in HUNGRY state
: %ld.%ld sec\nAVG wait time in HUNGRY state : %ld.%ld sec\nVariance
wait time in
HUNGRY state : %ld.%ld sec\n\n",
           minWait / 1000, minWait % 1000, maxWait / 1000, maxWait %
1000, waitAVG /
1000, waitAVG % 1000, waitVar / 1000000, (waitVar % 1000000) / 1000);
    printf("Total run time : %ld.%ld sec\n\n", (end - start) / 1000,
(end - start)% 1000);
```