Program Analysis with ML

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Lecture #10 out of 10 80 minutes

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How Machine Learning Works?

Al Coding Companions
What's Next?

3/23

Chapter #1:

How Machine Learning Works?

[Determinism Training Embedding Tasks]

Deterministic Algorithm

A <u>deterministic</u> algorithm means that given a particular input, the algorithm will always produce the same output:

```
String sayHello(int hours, int minutes) {
  if (hours > 4 && hours < 12) {
    return "Good morning!";
  } else if (hours > 12 && hours < 18) {
    return "Good afternoon!";
  } else if (hours > 18 && hours < 22) {
    return "Good evening!";
  }
  return "Good night!";
}</pre>
```

The behavior of the sayHello() function is defined upfront by its creator.

[Determinism Training Embedding Tasks]

Training a Model

"The process of training an <u>ML model</u> involves providing a <u>learning</u> <u>algorithm</u> with <u>training data</u>. The algorithm finds patterns in the training data that map the <u>input data attributes</u> to the <u>target attributes</u>, and it outputs an ML model that captures these patterns." (c) Amazon

```
8:35 Good morning!
8:40 Good morning!
10:00 How are you?
11:55 Good afternoon!
13:18 Good day!
14:50 Good afternoon!
15:22 Good afternoon, Sir!
17:14 Good evening!
...
22:34 Evening!
23:50 Good night!
```

```
f: H \times M \rightarrow G H = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, 23\} M = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, 59\} G = \{\text{"Good morning!"}, \text{"Good afternoon!"}, \text{"Good evening!"}, \text{"Good night!"}\}
```

[Determinism Training Embedding Tasks]

Embedding

"An embedding is a relatively low-dimensional space into which you can translate high-dimensional vectors." (c) Google

Features:		Embeddings:	Vectors:
8:35	Good morning!	(8, 30, "morning")	(8, 30, 0)
8:40	Good morning!	(8, 45, "morning")	(8, 45, 0)
10:00	How are you?	NIL	
11:55	Good afternoon!	(12, 00, "morning")	(12, 00, 0)
13:18	Good day!	NIL	
14:50	Good afternoon!	(14, 45, "afternoon")	(14, 45, 1)
15:22	Good afternoon, Sir!	(15, 30, "afternoon")	(15, 30, 1)
17:14	Good evening!	(17, 00, "evening")	(17, 00, 2)
22:34	Evening!	(22, 30, "evening")	(22, 30, 2)
23:50	Good night!	(23, 45, "night")	(23, 45, 3)

[Determinism Training Embedding Tasks]

Data Science

There are five tasks to complete repeatedly:

- 1. Collect and clean a dataset
- 2. Define features + embeddings
- 3. Choose and tune an algorithm
- 4. Train a Model
- 5. Validate the Model

Chapter #2:

Al Coding Companions

[Complete PR Review Risks Explain Safurai Repeat Tests Refactor LLM]

Auto Code Completion

This is how <u>Copilot</u> by GitHub is suggesting code completion in our <u>own</u> programming language, which he definitely hasn't seen before:

```
81  # Converts this to hash
82  | > as-hash
83  | reduced. > @
84  | list
85  | bytes-as-array ^ 1
86  | 1
87  | [a b]
88  | plus. > @
89  | times.
90  | 31  | a
92  | as-int.
93  | (0.as-bytes.and b).right 54
```



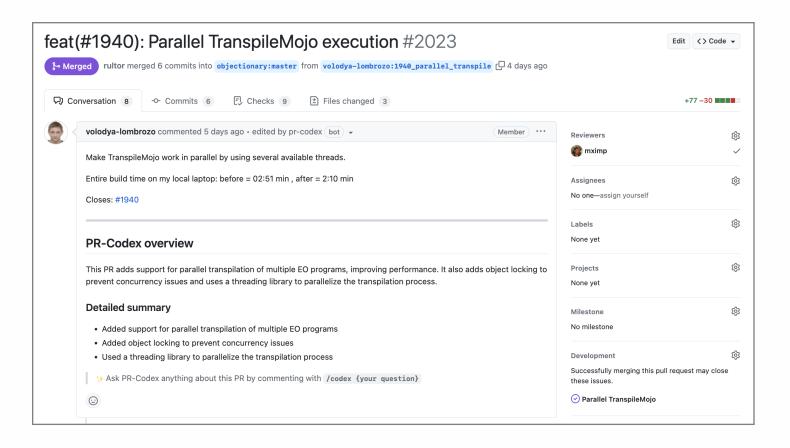




Read also about <u>AWS CodeWhisperer</u> at <u>Werner Vogels' blog</u>. Also, about TabNine (used to be Codota).

[Complete PR Review Risks Explain Safurai Repeat Tests Refactor LLM]

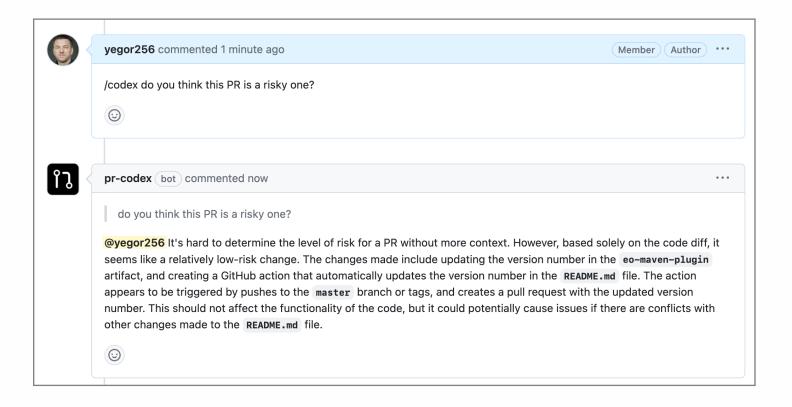
Pull Request Explanation



PR-Codex plugin for GitHub by dlabs

[Complete PR Review Risks Explain Safurai Repeat Tests Refactor LLM]

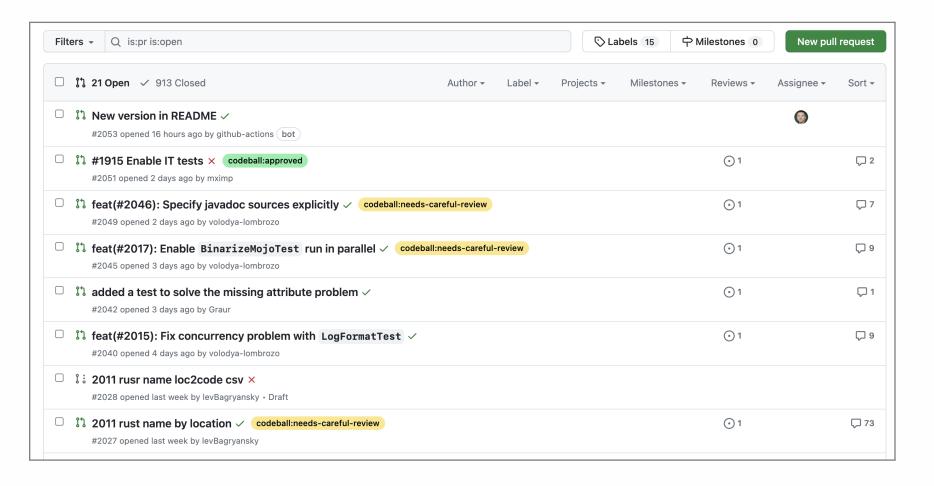
Reviewing Changes



The discussion happened in this GitHub issue: objectionary/eo:2034

[Complete PR Review Risks Explain Safurai Repeat Tests Refactor LLM]

Pull Request Risk Analysis



Codeball plugin for GitHub

[Complete PR Review Risks Explain Safurai Repeat Tests Refactor LLM]

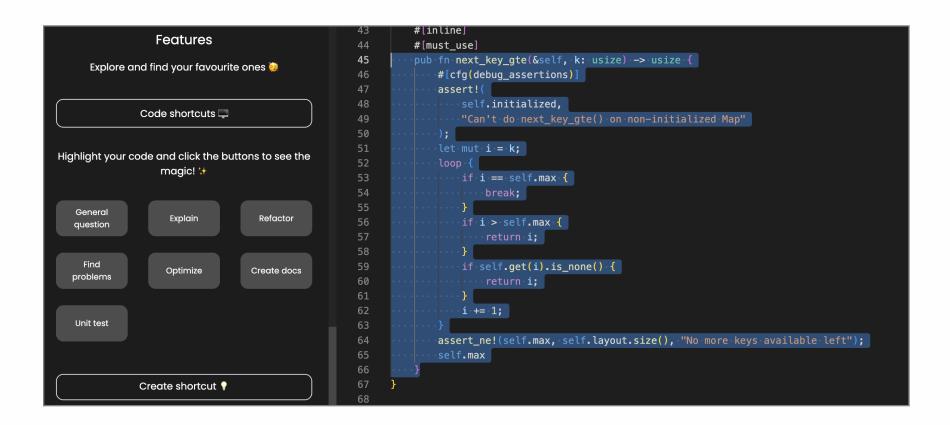
Explain This to Me!

```
GENERATE DOCS
                         src > ® map.rs
                                    #[inline]
                                    pub fn clear(&mut self) {
   (光.)
                                       self.max = 0;
Powered by Mintlify -
 Join our community
DOCSTRING FORMAT
                               /// Arguments:
                         148
                         149
  ✓ Auto-detect Def...
                               /// * f: `f` is a closure that takes two references as arguments: a reference to a `usize` key and a
  JSDoc
                               /// reference to a `V` value. It returns a boolean value indicating whether the key-value pair should be
  reST
  NumPy
  DocBlock
                                   pub fn retain<F: Fn(&usize, &V) -> bool>(&mut self, f: F) {
                                       #[cfg(debug_assertions)]
  Doxygen
                                       assert!(self.initialized, "Can't do retain() on non-initialized Map");
  Javadoc
                                       for i in 0..self.max {
  GoDoc
                                           if let Some(p) = self.get_mut(i) {
  RustDoc
                                               if !f(&i, p) {
 DOCUMENTATION PROGR...
                                                       ptr::write(self.head.add(i), None);
i Language not suppo...
```

Writer plugin for VS-Code by Mintlify

[Complete PR Review Risks Explain Safurai Repeat Tests Refactor LLM]

All in One Package



Plugin for VS-Code by Safurai

[Complete PR Review Risks Explain Safurai Repeat Tests Refactor LLM]

Repeat After Me!

Read about "making repeated edits easier with IntelliCode suggestions", by Peter Groenewegen.

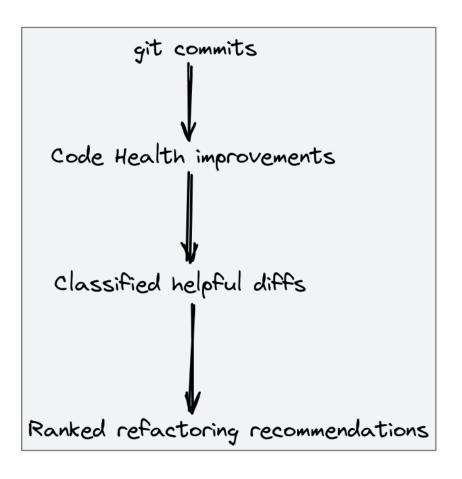
[Complete PR Review Risks Explain Safurai Repeat Tests Refactor LLM]

Test Case Generation

Ponicode was alive in 2022, now it's dead acquired by CircleCI.

[Complete PR Review Risks Explain Safurai Repeat Tests Refactor LLM]

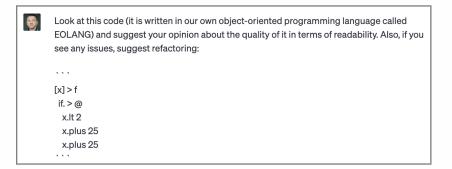
Automated Refactoring



I found this picture in the CodeScene website.

[Complete PR Review Risks Explain Safurai Repeat Tests Refactor LLM]

Large Language Models (LLM)



Based on the code snippet provided, it seems to define a function called ` ${f f}$ ` that takes an argument 'x', and applies some logic to it based on a conditional statement. In terms of readability, there are some aspects of the code that could be improved: 1. The use of `>` to indicate the start of the function definition may be confusing to someone who is not familiar with EOLANG. It might be better to use a more descriptive keyword like `function` instead. 2. The use of `if.` and 'e' may be confusing to someone not familiar with EOLANG. It's not immediately clear what these symbols mean. 3. The lack of indentation makes it harder to see which statements are part of the conditional block and which are not. 4. The repeated use of `x.plus 25` could be simplified by combining them into a single Here is a refactored version of the code that addresses these issues: javascript Copy code function f(x)if x.lt(2) { x.plus(50)In this version, I have used the 'function' keyword to define the function, and 'if' to define the conditional statement. I have also used curly braces to indicate the start and end of the conditional block, which makes it easier to see which statements are part of the block. Finally, I have combined the two `x.plus(25)` statements into a single `x.plus(50)` statement.

Companions What's Next? 19/23

Chapter #3: What's Next?

[Neural EEG]

Neural Software Analysis

"Neural Software Analysis"

By Michael Pradel, Satish Chandra Communications of the ACM, January 2022, Vol. 65 No. 1, Pages 86–96

Watch it.

[Neural EEG]

Electroencephalography (EEG)

"Understanding Programming Expertise: An Empirical Study of Phasic Brain Wave Changes"

By Igor Crk, Timothy Kluthe, Andreas Stefik

ACM Transactions on Computer-Human Interaction, Volume 23, Issue 1,

Article No. 2, Pages 1–29

[Neural EEG]

Programmers are parts of programs

[Neural EEG]

References