

MARKET MANAGEMENT APPLICATION

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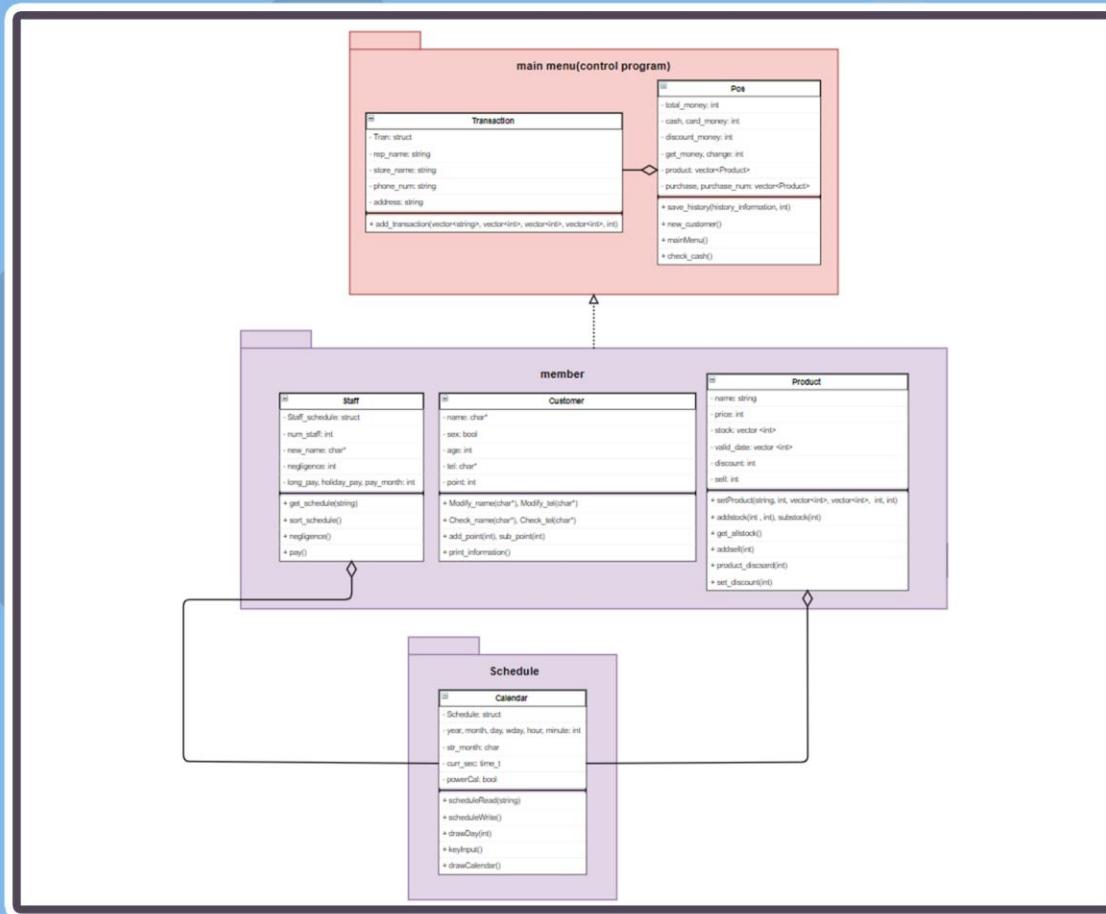


Goal of design

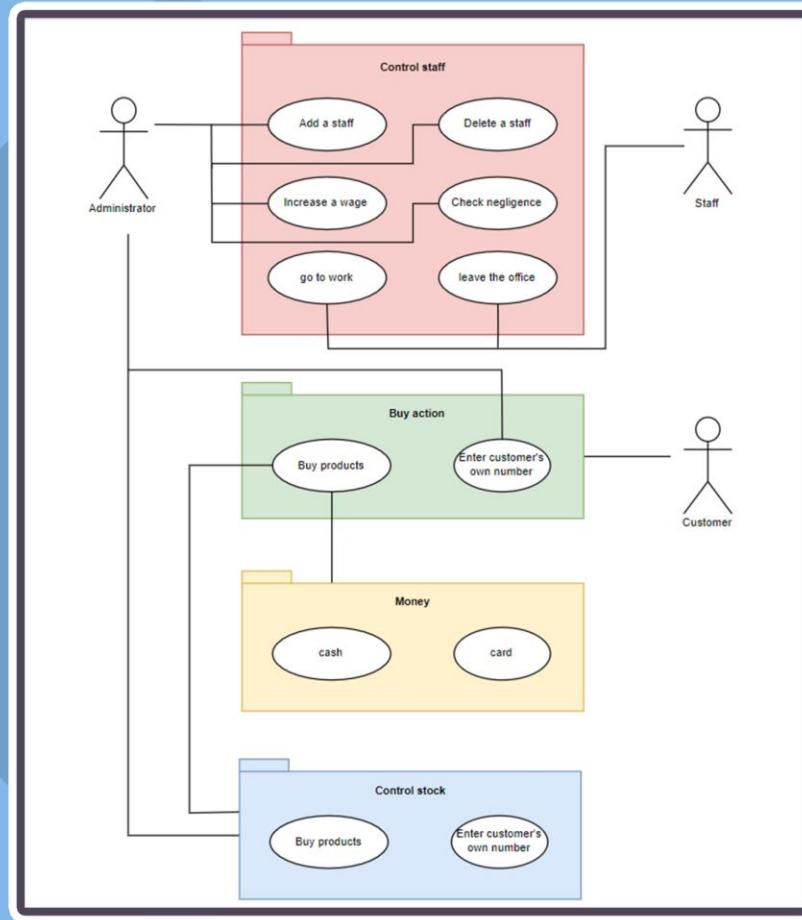


- It was important to create a **realistic** and **easy to use** MMA.
- Feeling constrained by the Visual Studio program, use a tool called **QT**.
- Divided into **6 classes**, we tried to make as many functions as possible.
- By **putting special functions**, we made a distinction between real MMA.

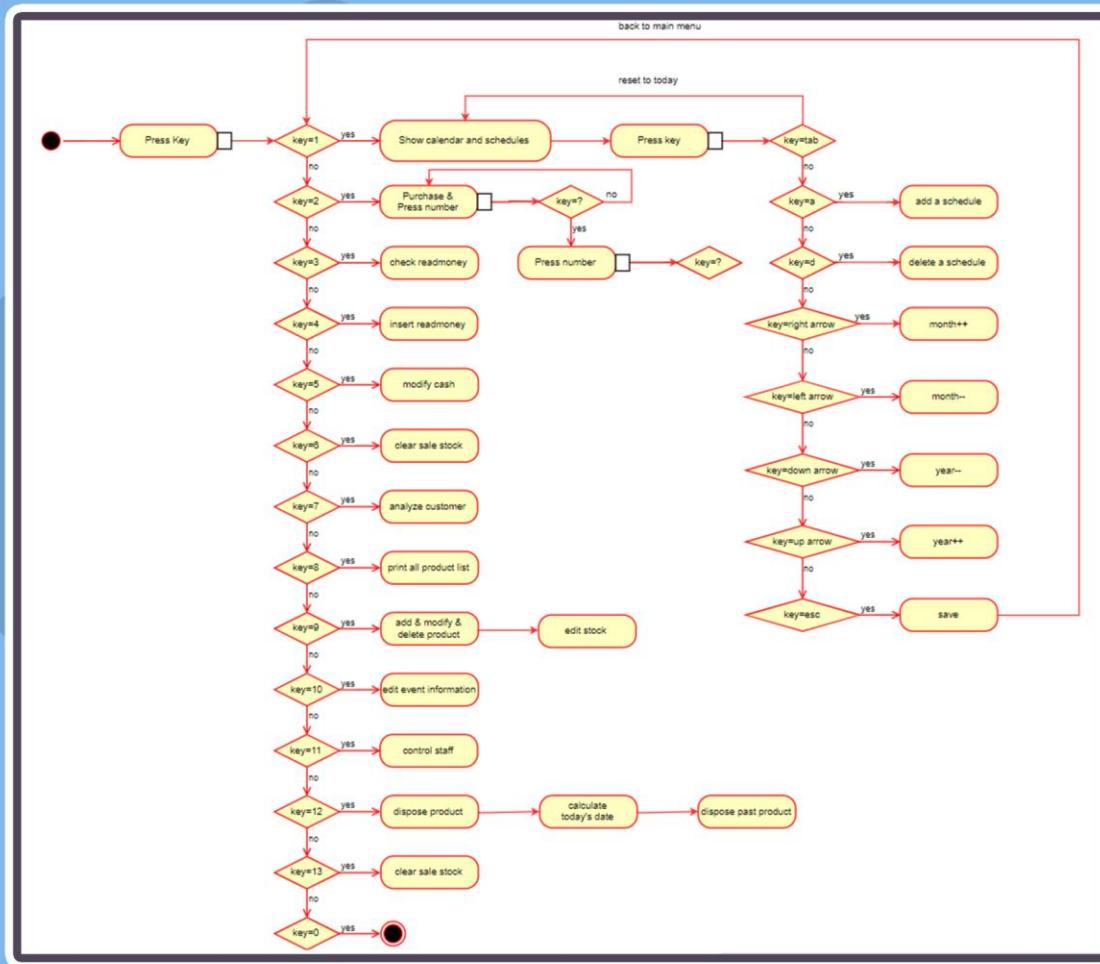
UML



UML



UML



3-1. Calendar



void scheduleRead(string filename)

: A method for reading text files on a holiday or event schedule, such as Christmas or Pepero Day.

void scheduleWrite()

: A method for writing staffs schedules.

int D_day(int d_year, int d_month, int d_day)

: A method that calculates d-day from Jan,1st 2018.

Vector<int> returnTime()

: A method that returns current time by vector<int>.

3-1. Calendar

void scheduleRead(string filename)

: A method for reading text files on a holiday or event schedule, such as Christmas or Pepero Day.

```
void Calendar::scheduleRead(string filename) {
    ifstream inFile(filename);

    while (!inFile.eof()) {
        char inputLine[100] = { 0, };
        inFile.getline(inputLine, 100);

        if (inputLine[0] == NULL) { break; }

        string r_type;
        char* r_note;

        int r_year, r_month, r_day, r_start_hour, r_start_min, r_end_hour, r_end_min;

        r_type = strtok(inputLine, "/");
        r_year = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/")) - 2019;
        r_month = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));
        r_day = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));

        schedule[num_sch[r_year][r_month]][r_year][r_month].sch_type = r_type;
        schedule[num_sch[r_year][r_month]][r_year][r_month].sch_day = r_day;
```

```
if (r_type[0] == 'a') {
    r_start_hour = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));
    schedule[num_sch[r_year][r_month]][r_year][r_month].sch_start_hour = r_start_hour;

    r_start_min = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));
    schedule[num_sch[r_year][r_month]][r_year][r_month].sch_start_min = r_start_min;

    r_end_hour = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));
    schedule[num_sch[r_year][r_month]][r_year][r_month].sch_end_hour = r_end_hour;

    r_end_min = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));
    schedule[num_sch[r_year][r_month]][r_year][r_month].sch_end_min = r_end_min;

    r_note = strtok(NULL, "/");
    strcpy(schedule[num_sch[r_year][r_month]][r_year][r_month].sch_note, r_note);
    if (r_note == NULL)
        schedule[num_sch[r_year][r_month]][r_year][r_month].sch_note ==NULL;
}

else if (r_type[0] == 'e') {

}

else { // b, c, d
    r_note = strtok(NULL, "/");
    strcpy(schedule[num_sch[r_year][r_month]][r_year][r_month].sch_note, r_note);
}
num_sch[r_year][r_month]++;

//sort(student, student + numStudent, compare);

inFile.close();
```

3-1. Calendar

void scheduleWrite()

: A method for writing staffs schedules.

```
void Calendar::scheduleWrite() { ///////////////// a,e 나눠야 할수도?????????  
    ofstream outFile("staff_schedule.txt");  
    for (int y = 0; y < 10; y++) {  
        for (int m = 1; m < 13; m++) {  
            for (int i = 0; i < num_sch[y][m]; i++) {  
  
                if (schedule[i][y][m].sch_type[0] == 'a') {  
                    outFile << "a/" << y + 2019 << "/" << m << "/" << schedule[i][y][m].sch_day << "/";  
                    outFile << schedule[i][y][m].sch_start_hour << "/" << schedule[i][y][m].sch_start_min << "/";  
                    outFile << schedule[i][y][m].sch_end_hour << "/" << schedule[i][y][m].sch_end_min << "/";  
                    outFile << schedule[i][y][m].sch_note << endl;  
                }  
                else { // e일경우  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
  
    outFile.close();  
}
```

3-1. Calendar

int D_day(int d_year, int d_month, int d_day)
: A method that calculates d-day from Jan,1st 2018.

```
int Calendar::D_day(int d_year, int d_month, int d_day) {
    int anni_all_day = 0, ye = 0, mo = 0, a = 0;
    int now_all_day = 0, ye2 = 0, mo2 = 0, b = 0;
    int D_day = 0;
    for (int i = 2018; i < d_year; ++i) {
        ye += 365;
        if (dayMonthLimit(2) == 29)
            ye += 366;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < d_month - 1; ++i) {
        mo += dayMonthLimit(i);
    }
    if (dayMonthLimit(year) == 29 && d_month > 2) {
        a = 1;
    }
    anni_all_day = d_day + ye + mo + a;

    for (int i = 2018; i < year; ++i) {
        ye2 += 365;
        if (dayMonthLimit(2) == 29)
            ye2 += 366;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < month - 1; ++i) {
        mo2 += dayMonthLimit(i);
    }
    if (dayMonthLimit(year) == 29 && month > 2) {
        b = 1;
    }
    now_all_day = day + ye2 + mo2 + b;
    D_day = (anni_all_day - now_all_day);
    return D_day;
}
```

3-1. Calendar



Vector<int> returnTime()

: A method that returns current time by vector<int>.

```
vector<int> Calendar::returnTime() {  
    vector<int> clock = { year, month, day, hour, minute };  
    return clock;  
}
```

3-2. Product



**void setProduct(string name, int price,
vector<int> valid_date, vector<int> stock,
int discount, int sell)**

: A method for adding product with several parameters.

void addstock(int num, int date)

: A method for adding stock with date

int substock(int n)

: A method that decreases stock when selled n products.

void set_discount(int n)

: A method that modify product's events.

3-2. Product



**void setProduct(string name, int price,
vector<int> valid_date, vector<int> stock,
int discount, int sell)**

: A method for adding product with several parameters.

```
void Product::setProduct(string name, int price, vector<int> valid_date, vector<int> stock, int discount, int sell) {  
    this->setname(name);  
    this->setprice(price);  
    for (int i = 0; i < valid_date.size(); i++) {  
        this->setvalid_date(valid_date.at(i));  
        this->setstock(stock.at(i));  
    }  
    this->setdiscount(discount);  
    this->setsell(sell);  
    //this->setcategory(category);  
} //배열에 등록
```

3-2. Product



void addstock(int num, int date)

: A method for adding stock with date

```
void Product::addstock(int num , int date) {  
    this->stock.push_back(num);  
    this->valid_date.push_back(date);  
    ;  
}//재고 추가
```

3-2. Product

int substock(int n)

: A method that decreases stock when sold n products.

3-2. Product



void set_discount(int n)

: A method that modify product's events.

```
void Product::set_discount(int n) {  
    this->discount = n;  
}//물품 행사 추가
```

3-3. Staff



**void set_work_start(int staff_num,
int schedule_num)**

: A method for setting staff's start time.

**void set_work_end(int staff_num,
int schedule_num)**

: A method for setting staff's end time.

void set_negligence()

: A method that checks staff's negligences.

void calculate_work_time()

: A method that calculates staff's work time.

3-3. Staff



void sort_schedule()

: A method that sorts staff's schedules by using sort algorithm.

void upgrade_pay_hour()

: A method that increases pay for no negligence staff.

void pay()

: A method for pay to staffs.

3-3. Staff



**void set_work_start(int staff_num,
int schedule_num)**

: A method for setting staff's start time.

```
//출근 시간 set
void Staff::set_work_start(int staff_num, int schedule_num) {
    staff2[staff_num].sch2[schedule_num].cur_work_start_time = returnTime();
```

3-3. Staff



**void set_work_end(int staff_num,
int schedule_num)**

: A method for setting staff's end time.

```
//퇴근시간 set
void Staff::set_work_end(int staff_num, int schedule_num) {
    staff2[staff_num].sch2[schedule_num].cur_work_end_time = returnTime();}
```

3-3. Staff



void set_negligence()

: A method that checks staff's negligences.

```
//근무 태만 횟수 set
void Staff::set_negligence() {
    for(int i=0;num_staff;i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < 30; j++) {
            //조기퇴근
            if ((staff2[i].sch2[j].work_end_hour - staff2[i].sch2[j].cur_work_end_time.at(4) > 0) || ((staff2[i].sch2[j].work_end_hour - staff2[i].sch2[j].cur_work_end_time.at(4) > 0) && (staff2[i].sch2[j].cur_work_end_time.at(4) - staff2[i].sch2[j].work_start_hour > 0)) {
                staff2[i].negligence++;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

3-3. Staff

void calculate_work_time()

: A method that calculates staff's work time.

```
void Staff::calculate_work_time() { //해당스태프번호, 해당스태프의스케줄번호
    for (int staff_num = 0; staff_num < num_staff; staff_num++) {
        for (int schedule_num = 0; schedule_num < 30; schedule_num++) {
            //스태프 해당 스케줄에 일한 시간 계산
            staff2[staff_num].sch2[schedule_num].work_time_day = ((staff2[staff_num].sch2[schedule_num].w
```



```
if (staff2[staff_num].sch2[schedule_num].work_time_day >= 8)      //8시간 이상 일하면
    staff2[staff_num].sch2[schedule_num].work_time_day = -1;      //1시간은 휴식시간

else if (staff2[staff_num].sch2[schedule_num].work_time_day >= 4)  //4시간 이상 8시간 미만 일하
    staff2[staff_num].sch2[schedule_num].work_time_day = -0.5;   //30분은 휴식시간
}
}
```

3-3. Staff



void sort_schedule()

: A method that sorts staff's schedules by using sort algorithm.

```
void Staff::sort_schedule() {
    ifstream readFile;
    readFile.open("staff_list.txt");           //staff 목록

    //staff2에 직원 정렬.
    if (readFile.is_open()) {
        while (!readFile.eof()) {
            char tmp[256];
            readFile.getline(tmp, 256);
            staff2[num_staff].new_name=tmp;
            this->num_staff++;
        }
    }

    readFile.close();

    //staff2에 스케줄 정렬
    for (int i = 0; i < num_staff; i++) {
        for (int j =0; j < num_schedule_temp; j++) {
            if (!strcmp(staff2[i].new_name, staff1[j].new_name)) {
                staff2[i].sch2[num_schedule] = staff1[j].sch;
                this->num_schedule++;
            }
        }
        this->num_schedule = 0;
    }
}
```

3-3. Staff



void upgrade_pay_hour()

: A method that increases pay for no negligence staff.

```
void Staff::upgrade_pay_hour() {
    for (int i = 0; i < num_staff; i++)
        if(staff2[i].negligence==0)          //negligence 횟수가 없다면
            staff2[i].pay_hour += 200;       //시급 200원 인상
}
```

3-3. Staff

void pay()

: A method for pay to staffs.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <algorithm>
#include <cmath>
#include <ctime>

using namespace std;

class Staff {
public:
    string new_name;
    int num_staff;
    vector<Staff> staff2;
    vector<vector<int>> sch2;
    vector<vector<int>> work_time;
    vector<vector<int>> holiday;
    vector<vector<int>> cur_work_start_time;
    vector<vector<int>> work_day;
    vector<vector<int>> long_pay;
    vector<vector<int>> holiday_pay;
    vector<vector<int>> pay_month;
    vector<vector<int>> pay_hour;
};

void Staff::pay() {
    ifstream file;
    file.open("staff_pay.txt", ios::app); //staff pay 목록

    for (int i = 0; i < num_staff; i++) {
        if (num_staff > 5) { // 직원이 5인 이상이면 연장수당, 휴일수당
            if (int j = 0; j < 20; j++) {

                //하루에 일한 시간이 8시간 초과면 연장수당
                //연장수당은 기본 시급의 0.5배
                if (staff2[i].sch2[j].work_day > 8) {
                    staff2[i].long_pay += (int)((staff2[i].sch2[j].work_day - 8)*staff2[i].pay_hour*0.5);
                }

                //휴일수당은 휴일에 8시간 이하로 근무하면 기본 시급의 0.5배
                //휴일수당은 휴일에 8시간 초과하여 근무하면 기본 시급의 1배
                if (staff2[i].sch2[j].cur_work_start_time.at(3) == 0) { //휴일에 일하였다면
                    if (staff2[i].sch2[j].work_time_day > 8)
                        staff2[i].holiday_pay += (int)((staff2[i].sch2[j].work_day - 8)*staff2[i].pay_hour*1.
                    else
                        staff2[i].holiday_pay += (int)((staff2[i].sch2[j].work_day - 8)*staff2[i].pay_hour*0.
                }
            }

            //월급 계산
            staff2[i].pay_month += long_pay + holiday_pay + (staff2[i].sch2[j].work_day)*staff2[i].pay_hour;

            file << staff2[i].new_name << "님의 연장수당은 " << staff2[i].long_pay << "원입니다." << endl; /
            file << staff2[i].new_name << "님의 휴일수당은 " << staff2[i].holiday_pay << "원입니다." << endl; /
            file << staff2[i].new_name << "님의 월급은 " << staff2[i].pay_month << "원입니다." << endl; /
        }
    }

    file.close();
}
```

3-4. POS



void productRead(const char* filename)

: A method that reads text file which has product list.

void productWrite(const char* filename)

: A method that writes text file which has product list.

void set_total_money()

: A method for setting money in device.

void input_total_cash()

: A method for writing money in device.

3-4. POS



void modify_product()

: A method that modifies products.

void add_stock()

: A method that adds product's stock.

void sub_stock()

: A method for delete product which is not long before the expiration date.

void input_buy_product()

: A method that implements payment process.

3-4. POS



void calculate_cash_buy(int q)

: A method that calculates exchange after payment.

void discount_string(int dis)

: A method that sets product's events.

void trash_product_clear()

: A method for disposes products that are out of date.

3-4. POS

void productRead(const char* filename)
: A method that reads text file which has product list.

```
ifstream inFile(filename);

while (!inFile.eof()) {
    char inputLine[200] = { 0, };
    inFile.getline(inputLine, 200);

    if (inputLine[0] == NULL) { break; }
    string r_name;
    int r_price, r_discount, r_sell, r_category;
    //int r_valid_date;
    //int r_location;

    r_name = strtok(inputLine, "/");
    r_price = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));
    char* r_stock_index = strtok(NULL, "/");
    r_discount = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));
    r_sell = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));

    vector <int> r_valid_date;
    vector <int> r_stock;
    int r_index;
    char* r_c;
```

```
bool c = true;
while (1) {
    if (c) {
        r_index = atoi(strtok(r_stock_index, ".#"));
        c = false;
    }
    else {
        r_c = strtok(NULL, ".#");
        if (r_c == NULL)
            break;
        r_index = stoi(r_c);
    }

    r_valid_date.push_back(r_index);
    r_index = atoi(strtok(NULL, ".#"));
    r_stock.push_back(r_index);
}

Product input_p;
input_p.setProduct(r_name, r_price, r_valid_date, r_stock, r_discount, r_sell);
product.push_back(input_p);
```

3-4. POS



void productWrite(const char* filename)

: A method that writes text file which has product list.

```
void POS::productWrite(const char* filename) {
    ofstream outFile(filename);

    for (int i = 0; i < product.size(); i++) {
        outFile << product.at(i).getname() << "/" << product.at(i).getprice() << "/";
        for (int j = 0; j < product.at(i).getstock().size(); j++) {
            outFile << product.at(i).getvalid_date().at(j) << "." << product.at(i).getstock().at(j);
            if (j == product.at(i).getstock().size() - 1)
                outFile << "#/";
            else
                outFile << ".";
        }
        outFile << product.at(i).getdiscount() << "/" << product.at(i).getsell() << endl;
    }
    outFile.close();
}
```

3-4. POS



void set_total_money()

: A method for setting money in device.

```
void POS::productWrite(const char* filename) {
    ofstream outFile(filename);

    for (int i = 0; i < product.size(); i++) {
        outFile << product.at(i).getname() << "/" << product.at(i).getprice() << "/";
        for (int j = 0; j < product.at(i).getstock().size(); j++) {
            outFile << product.at(i).getvalid_date().at(j) << "." << product.at(i).getstock().at(j);
            if (j == product.at(i).getstock().size() - 1)
                outFile << "#/";
            else
                outFile << ".";
        }
        outFile << product.at(i).getdiscount() << "/" << product.at(i).getsell() << endl;
    }
    outFile.close();
}
```

3-4. POS

void input_total_cash()

: A method for writting money in device.

```
void POS::input_total_cash() {
    int set_cash[8] = { 0 };
    cout << "50000 28<n>" ;
    cin >> set_cash[0];
    while (getchar() != '\n') ;

    cout << "10000 28<n>" ;
    cin >> set_cash[1];
    while (getchar() != '\n') ;

    cout << "5000 28<n>" ;
    cin >> set_cash[2];
    while (getchar() != '\n') ;

    cout << "1000 28<n>" ;
    cin >> set_cash[3];
    while (getchar() != '\n') ;

    cout << "500 28<n>" ;
    cin >> set_cash[4];
    while (getchar() != '\n') ;

    cout << "100 28<n>" ;
    cin >> set_cash[5];
    while (getchar() != '\n') ;

    cout << "50 28<n>" ;
    cin >> set_cash[6];
    while (getchar() != '\n') ;

    cout << "10 28<n>" ;
    cin >> set_cash[7];
    while (getchar() != '\n') ;

    set_total_cash(set_cash);
}
```

3-4. POS



void modify_product()

: A method that modifies products.

```
void POS::modify_cash() {
    int input;
    cout << "현금 입금 : 0 출금 : 1" << endl;
    cin >> input;
    while (getchar() != '\n');

    system("cls");

    if (input == 0) {
        add_total_cash();
    }
    else if (input == 1) {
        sub_total_cash();
    }
}
```

3-4. POS

void add_stock()

: A method that adds product's stock.

```
void POS::add_stock() {
    int index, num, date;
    while (1) {
        cout << "재고를 추가할 상품의 번호를 입력하시오 : ";
        cin >> index;
        while (getchar() != '\n');
        cout << endl;
        if (index >= 1 && index <= product.size())
            break;
    }
    while (1) {
        cout << "추가할 개수를 입력하시오 : ";
        cin >> num;
        while (getchar() != '\n');
        cout << endl;
        if (num >= 1)
            break;
    }

    calendar.reset_curr_time();
    vector<int> time = calendar.returnTime();

    while (1) {
        cout << "상품들의 유통기한을 입력하시오 (예 : 20191225) : ";
        cin >> date;
        while (getchar() != '\n');
        cout << endl;
        if (date >= 100000000) {
            cout << "잘못된 값이 입력되었습니다.";
            continue;
        }
        else if (date >= 10000 * time[0] + 100 * time[1] + time[2]) // 오늘 이후 날짜
            break;
        else {
            cout << "유통기한이 이미 지난 상품입니다.";
            return;
        }
    }
    product.at(index).addstock(num, date);
}
```

3-4. POS

void sub_stock()

: A method for delete product which is not long before the expiration date.

```
① void POS::add_stock() {
    int index, num, date;
    ② while (1) {
        cout << "재고를 추가할 상품의 번호를 입력하시오 : ";
        cin >> index;
        while (getchar() != '\n');
        cout << endl;
        if (index >= 1 && index <= product.size())
            break;
    }
    ③ while (1) {
        cout << "추가할 개수를 입력하시오 : ";
        cin >> num;
        while (getchar() != '\n');
        cout << endl;
        if (num >= 1)
            break;
    }

    calendar.reset_curr_time();
    vector<int> time = calendar.returnTime();

    ④ while (1) {
        cout << "상품들의 유통기한을 입력하시오 (예 : 20191225) : ";
        cin >> date;
        while (getchar() != '\n');
        cout << endl;
        ⑤ if (date >= 100000000) {
            cout << "잘못된 값이 입력되었습니다.";
            continue;
        }
        else if (date >= 10000 * time[0] + 100 * time[1] + time[2]) // 오늘 이후 날짜
            break;
        else {
            cout << "유통기한이 이미 지난 상품입니다.";
            return;
        }
    }
    product.at(index).addstock(num, date);
}
```

3-4. POS

void input_buy_product() : A method that implements payment process.

```
void POS::input_buy_product() {  
  
    char in[100];  
    int input;  
  
    sum_purchase = 0;  
    purchase.clear();  
    purchase_num.clear();  
  
    while (1) {  
        cin >> in; // 구매할 상품을 바코드(숫자)로 입력  
        while (getchar() != '\n');  
        if (in[0] == 'r') // 아무것도 없이 엔터만 친 경우  
            break;  
  
        input = atoi(in);  
        purchase.push_back(input);  
        purchase_num.push_back(1);  
  
        cout << "행사 - " << discount_string(product.at(input).getdiscount()) << endl;  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < purchase.size() - 1; i++) { // 같은 제품일 경우 수량만 up  
            if (input == purchase[i]) {  
                purchase_num[i]++;  
                purchase.pop_back();  
                purchase_num.pop_back();  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
if (purchase.size() == 0) {  
    cout << "구매하실 상품을 바코드로 입력해주세요." << endl;  
}  
  
for (int i = 0; i < purchase.size(); i++) {  
    if (product.at(purchase[i]).getdiscount() >= 10) sum_purchase += product.at(purchase[i]).getdiscount();  
    else sum_purchase += product.at(purchase[i]).getprice();  
    purchase_num[i] = product.at(purchase[i]).getstock();  
}  
  
cout << "총 금액은 " << sum_purchase << "입니다." << endl;  
cout << "구매하실 상품을 바코드로 입력해주세요." << endl;  
  
if (sum_purchase >= 10000) {  
    cout << "할인 혜택을 받으시려면 10000원 이상 구매하세요." << endl;  
    cout << "구매하실 상품을 바코드로 입력해주세요." << endl;  
}  
  
else if (sum_purchase >= 20000) {  
    cout << "할인 혜택을 받으시려면 20000원 이상 구매하세요." << endl;  
    cout << "구매하실 상품을 바코드로 입력해주세요." << endl;  
}  
  
else if (sum_purchase >= 30000) {  
    cout << "할인 혜택을 받으시려면 30000원 이상 구매하세요." << endl;  
    cout << "구매하실 상품을 바코드로 입력해주세요." << endl;  
}  
  
else if (sum_purchase >= 40000) {  
    cout << "할인 혜택을 받으시려면 40000원 이상 구매하세요." << endl;  
    cout << "구매하실 상품을 바코드로 입력해주세요." << endl;  
}  
  
else if (sum_purchase >= 50000) {  
    cout << "할인 혜택을 받으시려면 50000원 이상 구매하세요." << endl;  
    cout << "구매하실 상품을 바코드로 입력해주세요." << endl;  
}
```

```
    else {  
        // 현금 결제  
        while (1) {  
            cout << "받은 금액 입력 : " << endl;  
            cin >> this->get_money;  
            while (getchar() != '\n');  
            //qt에서 주가 현금 얼마짜리로 몇장 받는지  
            if (this->get_money >= sum_purchase) {  
  
                break;  
            }  
        }  
        cout << "금액이 부족합니다" << endl;  
    }  
    this->change = this->get_money - sum_purchase; //거스름돈  
    this->calculate_cash_buy(this->change); //현금 별 거스름돈 계산?  
    for (int i = 0; i < purchase.size(); i++) {  
        product[purchase[i]].addsell(purchase_num[i]);  
        product[purchase[i]].substock(purchase_num[i]); //재고 감소  
        if (product.at(purchase[i]).getdiscount() == 11) {  
            product[purchase[i]].addsell(purchase_num[i]);  
            product[purchase[i]].substock(purchase_num[i]);  
        }  
        else if (product.at(purchase[i]).getdiscount() == 21) {  
            product[purchase[i]].addsell(purchase_num[i] / 2);  
            product[purchase[i]].substock(purchase_num[i] / 2);  
        }  
    }  
    Sleep(5000);  
    //영수증 - purchase 이용해서!!  
}
```

3-4. POS

void calculate_cash_buy(int q)

: A method that calculates exchange after payment.

```
void POS::calculate_cash_buy(int q) {
    set_total_money();
    // (고객지불금액) — (제품가격 * 제품개수) 가정
    // — (고객지불금액) — (제품가격 * 제품개수)에서 거스름돈 계산
    cout << "거스름돈 : " << q << endl;
    if (cash[0] < q / 5000) {
        cout << "5000원이 부족합니다." << endl;
        q -= (cash[0] * 5000);
        cash[0] = 0;
    }
    else {
        cout << "5000원 : " << q / 5000 << endl;
        cash[0] = cash[0] - (q / 5000);
        q = q % 5000;
    }

    if (cash[1] < q / 10000) {
        cout << "10000원 : " << cash[1];
        cout << "\t10000원이 부족합니다." << endl;
        q -= (cash[1] * 10000);
        cash[1] = 0;
    }
    else {
        cout << "10000원 : " << q / 10000 << endl;
        cash[1] = cash[1] - (q / 10000);
        q = q % 10000;
    }

    if (cash[2] < q / 5000) {
        cout << "5000원 : " << cash[2];
        cout << "\t5000원이 부족합니다." << endl;
        q -= (cash[2] * 5000);
        cash[2] = 0;
    }
    else {
        cout << "5000원 : " << q / 5000 << endl;
        cash[2] = cash[2] - (q / 5000);
        q = q % 5000;
    }
}
```

```
if (cash[4] < q / 500) {
    cash[4] = 0;
}
else {
    cout << "500원 : " << q / 500 << endl;
    cash[4] = cash[4] - (q / 500);
    q = q % 500;
}

if (cash[5] < q / 100) {
    cout << "100원 : " << cash[5];
    cout << "\t100원이 부족합니다." << endl;
    q -= (cash[5] * 100);
    cash[5] = 0;
}
else {
    cout << "100원 : " << q / 100 << endl;
    cash[5] = cash[5] - (q / 100);
    q = q % 100;
}

if (cash[6] < q / 50) {
    cout << "50원 : " << cash[6];
    cout << "\t50원이 부족합니다." << endl;
    q -= (cash[6] * 50);
    cash[6] = 0;
}
else {
    cout << "50원 : " << q / 50 << endl;
    cash[6] = cash[6] - (q / 50);
    q = q % 50;
}

if (cash[7] < q / 10) {
    cout << "10원 : " << cash[7];
    cout << "\t10원이 부족합니다." << endl;
    q -= (cash[7] * 10);
    cash[7] = 0;
}
else {
    cout << "10원 : " << q / 10 << endl;
    cash[7] = cash[7] - (q / 10);
}

if (total_money - card_money < q) {
```

3-4. POS



void discount_string(int dis)

: A method that sets product's events.

```
string POS::discount_string(int dis) {
    switch (dis) {
        case 0:
            return "행사 없음";
        case 1:
            return "10% 할인";
        case 2:
            return "20% 할인";
        case 3:
            return "30% 할인";
        case 4:
            return "40% 할인";
        case 5:
            return "50% 할인";
        case 6:
            return "60% 할인";
        case 7:
            return "70% 할인";
        case 8:
            return "80% 할인";
        case 9:
            return "90% 할인";
        case 11:
            return "1+1 행사";
        case 21:
            return "2+1 행사";
    }
}
```

3-4. POS



void trash_product_clear()

: A method for disposes products that are out of date.

```
void POS::trash_product_clear() {
    int index, date;

    calendar.reset_curr_time();
    vector<int> time = calendar.returnTime();

    cout << "****유통기한 지난 제품 목록****" << endl;
    int num = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < product.size(); i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < product.at(i).getstock().size(); j++) {
            if (product.at(i).getvalid_date().at(j) < 10000 * time[0] + 100 * time[1] + time[2])
                continue;
            else {
                cout << i + 1 << ". " << product.at(i).getname() << endl;
                cout << product.at(i).getstock().at(j) << "개 - ";
                cout << product.at(i).getvalid_date().at(j) << "까지" << endl;
                num++;
            }
        }
        product.at(i).substock(num);
    }

    Sleep(5000);
    cout << endl << "제거 완료";
    Sleep(2000);
    productWrite("Product.txt");
}
```

3-5. Transaction

**void add_transaction(vector<string> name,
vector<int> price, vector<int> count,
vector<int> discount, int sum_price)**

: A method that adding transaction details.

void transactionRead(string filename)

: A method for reading text files with transaction details.

void print_receipt(int intdex)

: A method for printing receipt.

3-5. Transaction

**void add_transaction(vector<string> name,
vector<int> price, vector<int> count,
vector<int> discount, int sum_price)**
: A method that adding transaction details.

```
void Transaction::add_transaction(vector<string> name, vector<int> price, vector<int> count, vector<int>  
Tran input_t;  
  
    input_t.number = transact.size() + 1;  
    for (int i = 0; i < name.size(); i++) {  
        input_t.name.push_back(name.at(i));  
        input_t.price.push_back(price.at(i));  
        input_t.count.push_back(count.at(i));  
        input_t.discount.push_back(discount.at(i));  
    }  
    input_t.sum_price = sum_price;  
  
    transact.push_back(input_t);  
}
```

3-5. Transaction

void transactionRead(string filename)

: A method for reading text files with transaction details.

```
void Transaction::transactionRead(string filename) {
    ifstream inFile(filename);

    while (!inFile.eof()) {
        Tran input_t;

        char inputLine[200] = { 0, };
        inFile.getline(inputLine, 200);

        if (inputLine[0] == NULL) { break; }
        vector<string> r_name;
        vector<int> r_price;
        vector<int> r_count;
        vector<int> r_discount;
        int r_number, r_sum_price;

        string r_str;

        input_t.number = atoi(strtok(inputLine, "/"));
        char* r_product_index = strtok(NULL, "/");
        input_t.sum_price = atoi(strtok(NULL, "/"));

        int r_index;
        char* r_c;
```

```
while (1) {
    if (c) {
        r_c = strtok(r_product_index, "#");
        c = false;
    } else {
        r_c = strtok(NULL, "#");
        if (r_c == NULL)
            break;
        r_index = atoi(r_c);
    }

    input_t.name.push_back(r_c);

    r_index = atoi(strtok(NULL, "#"));
    input_t.price.push_back(r_index);

    r_index = atoi(strtok(NULL, "#"));
    input_t.count.push_back(r_index);

    r_index = atoi(strtok(NULL, "#"));
    input_t.discount.push_back(r_index);

    transact.push_back(input_t);
}
```

3-5. Transaction

void print_receipt(int index)

: A method for printing receipt.

```
void Transaction::print_receipt(int index) {           // 영수증 출력
    cout << "*****영수증*****" << endl;
    cout << "대표자 이름 : " << rep_name << endl;
    cout << "가게 이름 : " << store_name << endl;
    cout << "전화번호 : " << phone_num << endl;
    cout << "가게 주소 : " << address << endl;
    cout << "와이파이 비밀번호 : emart3474 " << endl;
    cout << "***\t 품명 \t 단가 \t 수량 \t 행사 \t\t 금액 ***" << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < transact.at(index).name.size(); i++) {
        cout << i + 1 << ".\t" << transact.at(index).name.at(i) << "\t" << transact.at(index).price.at(i)
        cout << discount_string(transact.at(index).discount.at(i)) << "\t" << transact.at(index).price.a
    }
    cout << "총 금액 : " << transact.at(index).sum_price << endl;
    cout << "*****" << endl;
```

3-6. Customer



bool check_name(string _name)

: A method that checking whether customers name is same with parameter.

bool check_tel(string _tel)

: A method that checking whether customers tel number is same with parameter.

3-6. Customer



bool check_name(string _name)

: A method that checking whether customers name is same with parameter.

```
-bool Customer::Check_name(char* _name) {  
    if (name == _name) return true;  
    else return false;  
}
```

3-6. Customer



bool check_tel(string _tel)

: A method that checking whether customers tel number is same with parameter.

```
bool Customer::Check_tel(char* _tel) {
    int count = 0;
    for (int index = 0; index < 4; index++)
        if (tel[index] == _tel[index]) count++;
    if (count == 4) return true;
    else return false;
}
```

Features



- We can manage customers by analyzing customers' age, sex etc.
- We can save and use points.
- We can manage product's stock and discard
- There are event products ex) 10% discount.

Features



- We can decide **staff's pay** by checking **negligence** using staff's start hour and end hour.
- We can give **wages** using tax, extra pay, non-duty allowance.
- We can add and delete staff.
- We can manage staff's statement.

Features



- We can manage **events / holidays / staff's schedule** in calendar
- We can save **transaction lists** in MMA and print **receipt**.
- We can decide **cash / card pay** and calculate **exchange**
- We can manage cash in MMA.

Features



- We can save and manage product's sales volume.
- We can add and delete products.

Thank You!!!

