

Acceptance Automation Testing Strategy

From “legacy code” to delivering product value

TNT coaching pod

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Yes, lack of automation testing strategy will impact your metrics.

Automating SOLID checks



Yes, local installation of a linter will ensure all of your SOLID principles are covered.

Developing Safe Software on Different Levels



- Software Testing and its purpose
- Types of Testing
- High-Level testing, low-level testing
- Manual Testing
- Test Automation
- What is a test?
- The test “pyramid”
- Tools, framework, environments
- Starting with Legacy Application

Software Testing

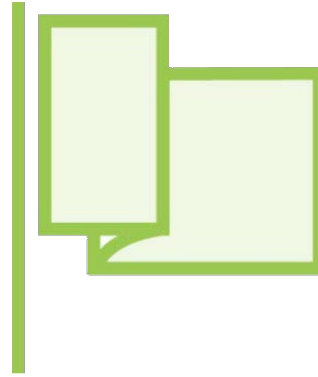


- Making objective judgement regarding the extent to which the system meets, exceeds, or fails to meet stated objectives.

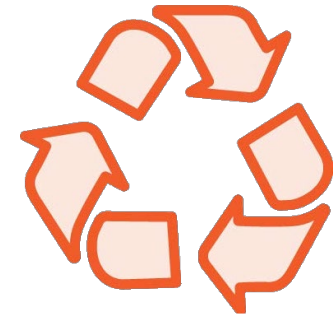
Purpose of Testing



Verifying stated objectives and requirements



Uncover negative impact to customers and maintainability



Mitigate Risk

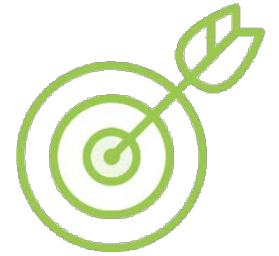
Why Test At All?



**Understand
Software**



**Stability of the
System**



**Meets User
Expectations**



Regression



Quality

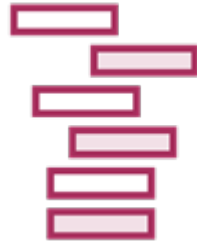


Work

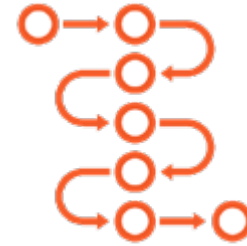
Types of Testing



Unit



Integration



System



Acceptance

High Level vs. Low Level Testing



- High Level
 - More abstract, it describes overall goals and systemic features. Typically more concerned with the interaction with the user through GUI with the system as a whole or larger components of the system.
- Low Level
 - Low-level testing describes individual components, it provides the test rather than overview, rudimentary functions rather than complex, it is typically more concerned with individual components within the system and how they operate.

Manual Testing



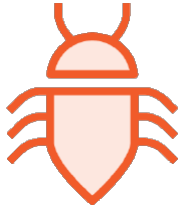
| | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| F. C. Baia Mare | - C. S. Tirgoviște | 5-0 (1-0) |
| Jiul Petroșani | - Steaua | 1-0 (0-0) |
| F. C. Bihor | - Gloria Buzău | 2-1 (0-1) |
| Dinamo | - F. C. Argeș | 3-4 (1-2) |
| A.S.A. Tg. Mureș | - S. C. Bacău | 3-1 (2-0) |
| U. T. Arad | - Politehnica Iași | 6-2 (2-2) |
| Corvinul Hunedoara | - „Poli” Timișoara | 3-1 (1-0) |
| Olimpia Satu Mare | - Sportul studențesc | 1-0 (1-0) |
| Univ. Craiova | - Chimia Rm. Vilcea | 4-1 (1-0) |

INPUT

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----|----|---|----|-------|----|
| 1. F. C. ARGES | 34 | 20 | 5 | 9 | 54-29 | 43 |
| 2. Dinamo | 34 | 16 | 9 | 9 | 51-28 | 41 |
| 3. Steaua | 34 | 18 | 4 | 12 | 57-32 | 40 |
| 4. Univ. Craiova | 34 | 15 | 8 | 11 | 40-25 | 38 |
| 5. F. C. Baia Mare | 34 | 17 | 4 | 13 | 42-38 | 38 |
| 6. Sportul stud. | 34 | 14 | 7 | 13 | 42-41 | 33 |
| 7. C. S. Tirgoviște | 34 | 13 | 5 | 14 | 38-38 | 35 |
| 8. S. C. Bacău | 34 | 14 | 6 | 14 | 37-38 | 34 |
| 9. A.S.A. Tg. Mureș | 34 | 13 | 6 | 15 | 49-59 | 32 |
| 10. Olimpia | 34 | 14 | 4 | 16 | 38-52 | 32 |
| 11. „Poli” Timișoara | 34 | 13 | 5 | 16 | 35-37 | 31 |
| 12. Politehnica Iași | 34 | 11 | 9 | 14 | 37-44 | 31 |
| 13. Gloria Buzău | 34 | 13 | 5 | 16 | 34-46 | 31 |
| 14. Jiul | 34 | 13 | 5 | 16 | 38-51 | 31 |
| 15. Chimia Rm. V. | 34 | 13 | 5 | 16 | 38-54 | 31 |
| — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 16. Corvinul | 34 | 13 | 4 | 17 | 45-50 | 30 |
| 17. U. T. Arad | 34 | 11 | 7 | 16 | 45-46 | 29 |
| 18. F. C. Bihor | 34 | 10 | 8 | 16 | 37-49 | 28 |

OUTPUT

Automation Testing



Bugs are one of the outputs of testing.



Manual to Automation



Automated Tests may be created, parameterized, and reputedly executed.

What to Test?



Business logic

**Unexpected
conditions**

**Boundary
conditions**

Invariants

Bad input values

Regressions

Testing Pyramid Revealed



Unit Testing

Integration Testing

System Testing

Acceptance Testing



Tools, Frameworks, and Environment



JUnit, TestNG

Mockito, PowerMock

Arquillian

Cucumber, JBehave



Demo



Flight Management Application

No Tests

Business Logic

Classes

File Edit View Navigate Code Analyze Refactor Build Run Tools VCS Window Help test_pyramid_strategy - Passenger.java [test_pyramid_strategy]

Before > airport > src > main > java > com > tnttest > test_pyramid_strategy > airport > Passenger Add Configuration...

Project 1: Project

- Before D:\training\TDD\implementing-test-pyramid-s
 - .idea
 - airport [test_pyramid_strategy]
 - .idea
 - src
 - main
 - java
 - com.tnttest.test_pyramid_strategy.airp
 - Flight
 - Main
 - Passenger
 - test
 - target
 - pom.xml
 - test_pyramid_strategy.iml
 - test_pyramid_strategy.ipr
 - test_pyramid_strategy.iws
 - External Libraries
 - < 1.8 > C:\Program Files (x86)\Java\jdk1.8.0_241
 - Scratches and Consoles

2: Favorites

Passenger.java x pom.xml (test_pyramid_strategy) x

```
1 package com.tnttest.test_pyramid_strategy.airport;
2
3 public class Passenger {
4
5     private String identifier;
6     private String name;
7     private String countryCode;
8
9     public Passenger(String identifier, String name, String countryCode) {
10         this.identifier = identifier;
11         this.name = name;
12         this.countryCode = countryCode;
13     }
14
15     public String getIdentifier() { return identifier; }
16
17
18
19     public void setIdentifier(String identifier) { this.identifier = identifier; }
20
21
22     public String getName() { return name; }
23
24
25
26     public void setName(String name) { this.name = name; }
27
28
29
30     public String getCountryCode() { return countryCode; }
31
32
33
34     public void setCountryCode(String countryCode) { this.countryCode = countryCode; }
35
36
37
38
39 }
```

Ant Database Maven

Event Log 48:1 CRLF UTF-8 Tab*

FileEditViewNavigateCodeAnalyzeRefactorBuildRunToolsVCSWindowHelptest_pyramid_strategy - Passenger.java [test_pyramid_strategy]

Before > airport > src > main > java > com > tnttest > test_pyramid_strategy > airport > PassengerAdd Configuration...

Project

Before D:\training\TDD\implementing-test-pyramid-s

airport [test_pyramid_strategy]

src

main

java

com.tnttest.test_pyramid_strategy.airp

Flight

Main

Passenger

test

target

pom.xml

test_pyramid_strategy.iml

test_pyramid_strategy.ipr

test_pyramid_strategy.iws

External Libraries

< 1.8 > C:\Program Files (x86)\Java\jdk1.8.0_241

Scratches and Consoles

Passenger.java

pom.xml (test_pyramid_strategy)

13

14

15 public String getIdentifier() { return identifier; }

18

19 public void setIdentifier(String identifier) { this.identifier = identifier; }

22

23 public String getName() { return name; }

26

27 public void setName(String name) { this.name = name; }

30

31 public String getCountryCode() { return countryCode; }

34

35 public void setCountryCode(String countryCode) { this.countryCode = countryCode; }

38

39

40

41 @Override

42 public String toString() {

43 return "Passenger " + getName() + " with identifier: " + getIdentifier() + " from " + getCountryCode();

44 }

45

46 public void recordToSystem() { System.out.println(this + " has been recorded to the company system"); }

48

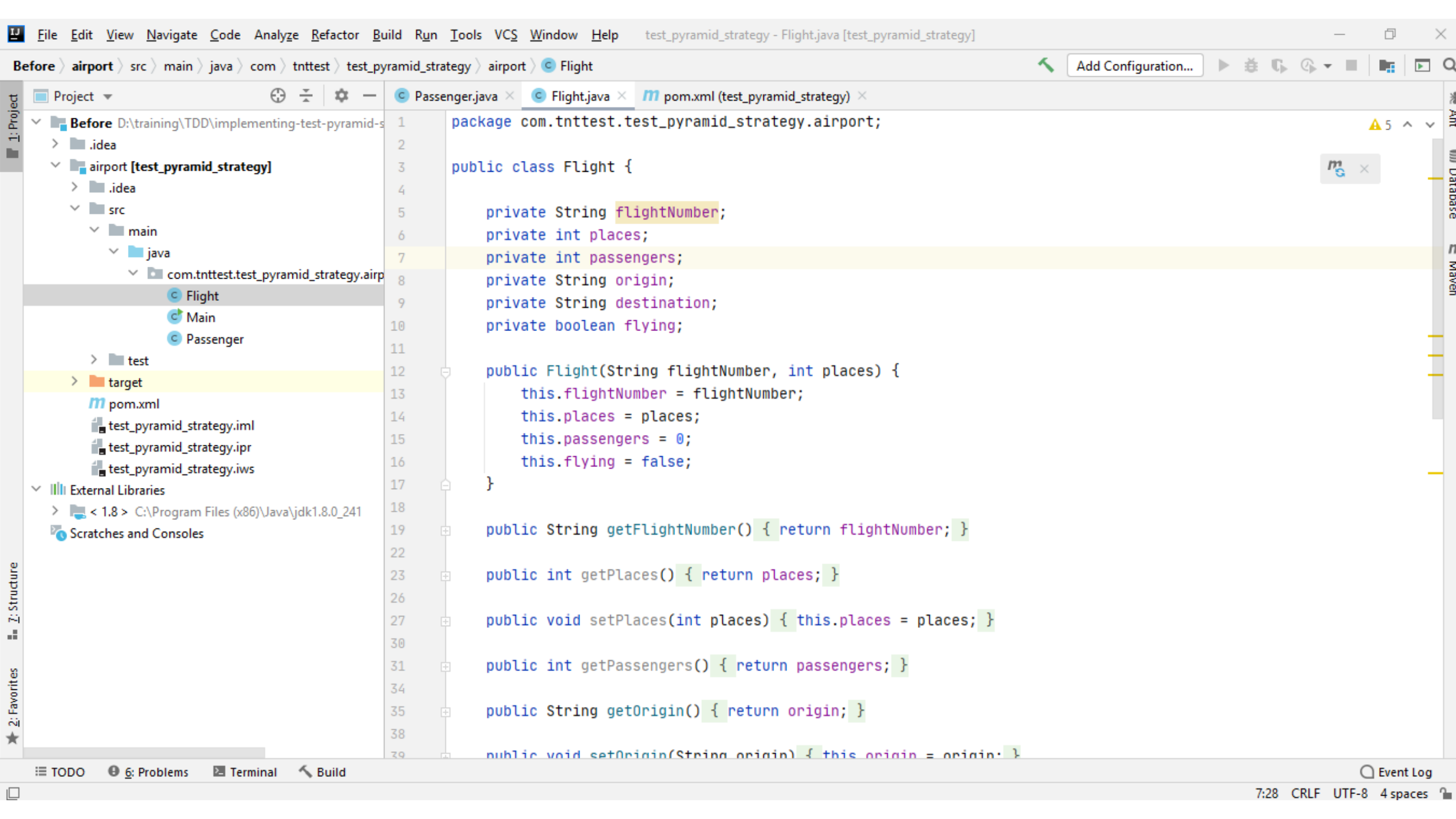
49

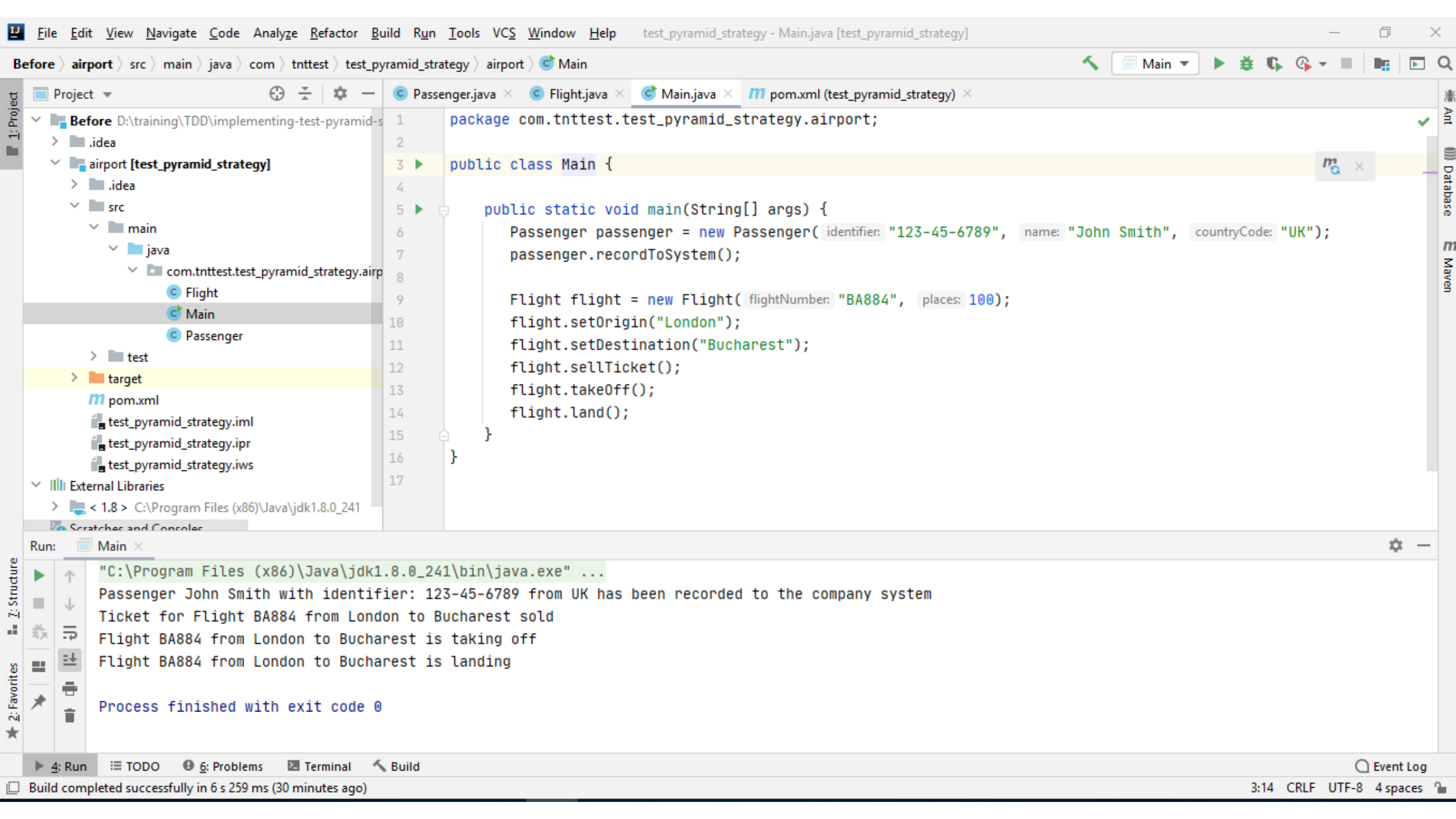
50

3

2: Favorites

TODO6: ProblemsTerminalBuildEvent Log





Unit Testing – Our Basic Components Work in Isolation

Testing Individual Units and Components

Adding Features Using Unit Tests

Unit Testing Benefits



Safer code

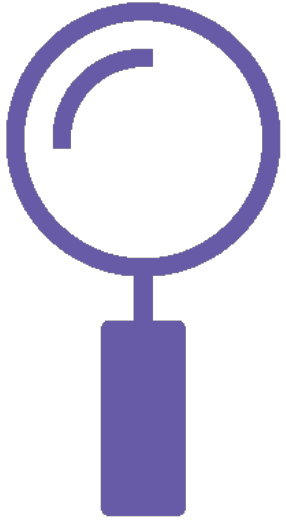
Spend More Time Thinking About The Code

Exposes Edge Cases

Easily introduce new functionality

Documents the application

Unit Testing Benefits



Bugs are found at an early stage



**Developers can catch bugs related
To bad design and implementation**

Isolate Incorrect Code



Isolate lines that causing issues

Failed unit test linked to code
causing unexpected behavior.

Easily Introduce New Functionality



Writing Test First helps developers confidently add new functionality without causing regression

Writing Test First helps developers understand business value of the code.

Document The Application



Well Written Unit Tests Are Self-Documenting

Easy to On-Board

No need to Reference External Documentation

Unit Tests Become Documentation

Execute existing code by running a simple test.

Code Coverage



A measure used to describe the degree to which the source code of a program is executed when a particular test suite runs.

Higher Percentage – more source code executed during testing

Coverage Metrics – percentage of program methods and the percentage of program lines called during execution of the test suite

What Code Coverage Percentage is Feasible?



80%



90%



100%

80% is the minimum percentage that is required.

Included into definition of done


Unit Testing alone will not get you to 100% of code coverage

Sometimes 100% is not possible, but should always be a target.






- JaCoCo Agent runs when test are run
 - Agent collects the coverage information.

Code Coverage Results – Class Level

 [test_pyramid_strategy](#) >  com.pluralsight.test_pyramid_strategy.airport

com.pluralsight.test_pyramid_strategy.airport

| Element | Missed Instructions | Cov. | Missed Branches | Cov. | Missed | Cxty | Missed | Lines | Missed | Methods | Missed | Classes |
|--|-----------------------------------|------|------------------------|------|--------|------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
|  Flight | <div><div></div></div> | 0% | | n/a | 14 | 14 | 28 | 28 | 14 | 14 | 1 | 1 |
|  Passenger | <div><div></div><div></div></div> | 67% | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | 4 | 13 | 6 | 29 | 4 | 9 | 0 | 1 |
|  Main | <div><div></div></div> | 0% | | n/a | 2 | 2 | 10 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 181 of 261 | 30% | 0 of 8 | 100% | 20 | 29 | 44 | 67 | 20 | 25 | 2 | 3 |



Code Coverage Results on a method level

[test_pyramid_strategy](#) > [com.pluralsight.test_pyramid_strategy.airport](#) > Passenger

Passenger

| Element | Missed Instructions | Cov. | Missed Branches | Cov. | Missed | Cxt | Missed | Lines | Missed | Methods |
|---|------------------------|------|------------------------|------|--------|-----|--------|-------|--------|---------|
| toString() | <div><div></div></div> | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| recordToSystem() | <div><div></div></div> | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| setName(String) | <div><div></div></div> | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| getName() | <div><div></div></div> | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Passenger(String, String, String) | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | 0 | 3 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 1 |
| setIdentifier(String) | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1 |
| setCountryCode(String) | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 |
| getIdentifier() | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | | n/a | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| getCountryCode() | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | | n/a | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 38 of 118 | 67% | 0 of 8 | 100% | 4 | 13 | 6 | 29 | 4 | 9 |

```
test_pyramid_strategy > com.pluralsight.test_pyramid_strategy.airport > Passenger.java
```

Passenger.java

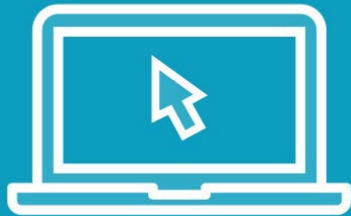
```
1. package com.pluralsight.test_pyramid_strategy.airport;
2.
3. import java.util.Arrays;
4. import java.util.Locale;
5. import java.util.regex.Matcher;
6. import java.util.regex.Pattern;
7.
8. public class Passenger {
9.
10.     private String identifier;
11.     private String name;
12.     private String countryCode;
13.     String regex = "^(?!000|666)[0-8][0-9]{2}-(?!00)[0-9]{2}-(?!0000)[0-9]{4}$";
14.     Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile(regex);
15.
16.     public Passenger(String identifier, String name, String countryCode) {
17.         Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(identifier);
18.         if (!matcher.matches()) {
19.             throw new RuntimeException("Invalid identifier");
20.         }
21.
22.         if (!Arrays.asList(Locale.getISOCountries()).contains(countryCode)) {
23.             throw new RuntimeException("Invalid country code");
24.         }
25.
26.         this.identifier = identifier;
27.         this.name = name;
28.         this.countryCode = countryCode;
29.     }
30.
31.     public String getIdentifier() {
32.         return identifier;

```

100% code coverage?



- 100% code coverage does not mean your code works perfectly.
- Test Scripts do not test anything substantial
- Unit Testing only covers classes and methods in isolation and does not constitute full scope of automated testing.
- Unit Tests do not cover interaction between different classes nor do they exhaust all the possible use cases.



Flight Management Application

Unit Test Passenger with JUnit

Creation of a passenger

Restrictions on identifier and country code

Methods behavior

Flight Management Application – No Unit Tests



Flight Management Application

Follow along at:

<https://ghe.aa.com/00919842/AutomationFrameworkStrategy.git>

File Edit View Navigate Code Analyze Refactor Build Run Tools VCS Window Help test_pyramid_strategy - Passenger.java [test_pyramid_strategy]

Before > airport > src > main > java > com > tnttest > test_pyramid_strategy > airport > Passenger Add Configuration...

Project 1: Project

- Before D:\training\TDD\implementing-test-pyramid-s
- > .idea
- > airport [test_pyramid_strategy]
- > .idea
- > src
 - > main
 - > java
 - > com.tnttest.test_pyramid_strategy.airp
 - Flight
 - Main
 - Passenger
- > test
- > target
- m pom.xml
- test_pyramid_strategy.iml
- test_pyramid_strategy.ipr
- test_pyramid_strategy.iws

External Libraries

- > < 1.8 > C:\Program Files (x86)\Java\jdk1.8.0_241
- Scratches and Consoles

2: Favorites

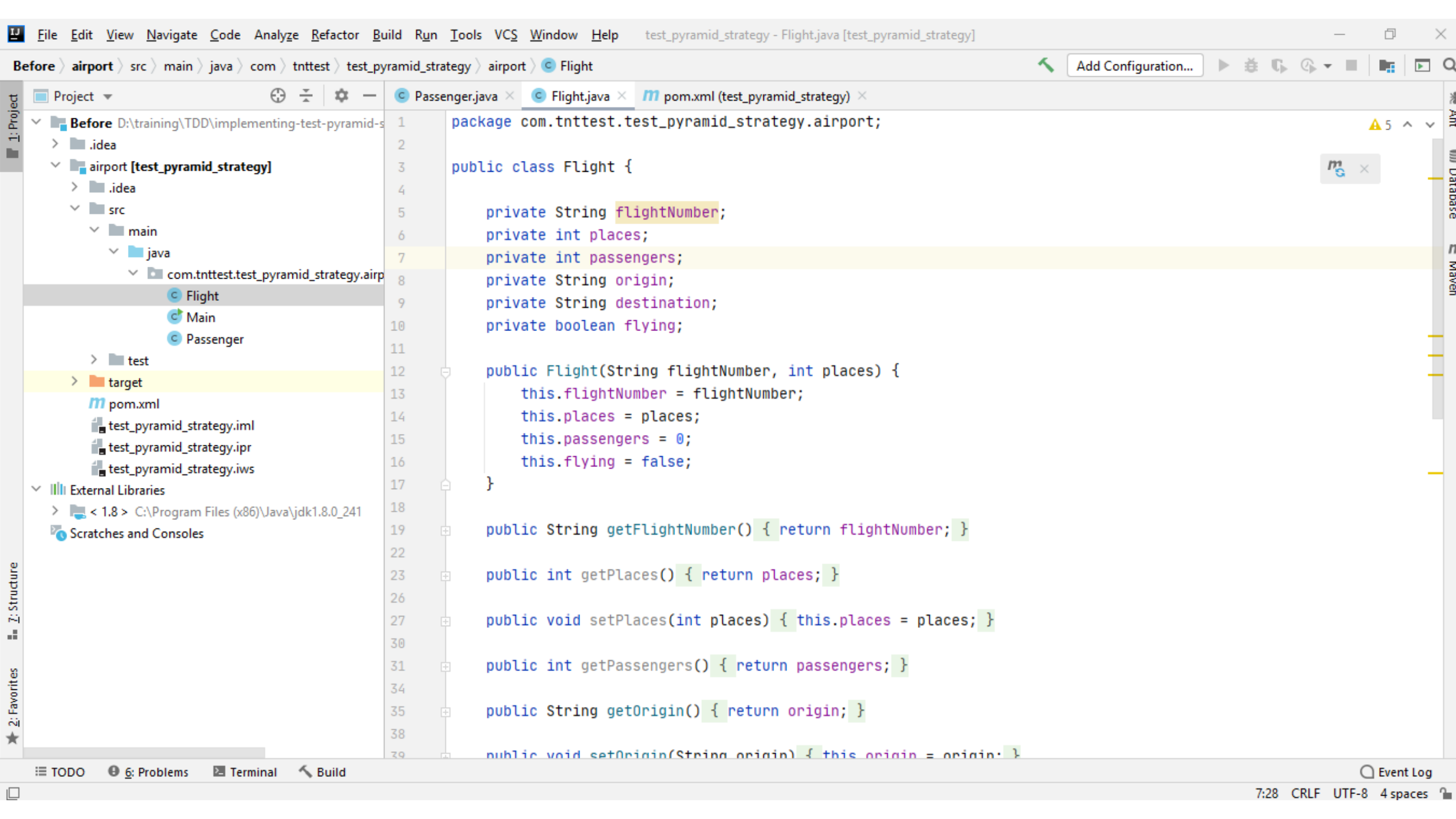
Passenger.java x pom.xml (test_pyramid_strategy) x

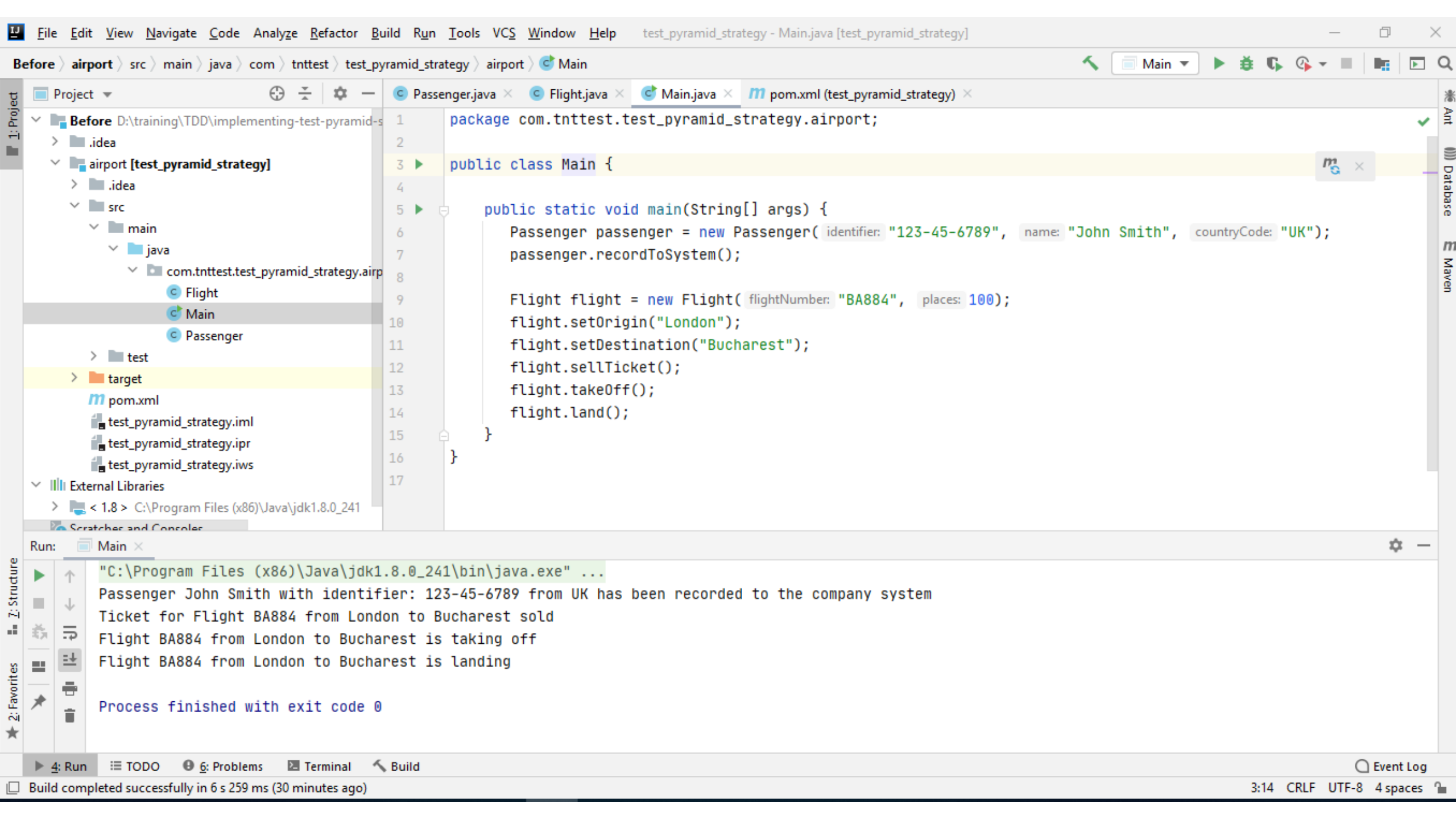
```
1 package com.tnttest.test_pyramid_strategy.airport;
2
3 public class Passenger {
4
5     private String identifier;
6     private String name;
7     private String countryCode;
8
9     public Passenger(String identifier, String name, String countryCode) {
10         this.identifier = identifier;
11         this.name = name;
12         this.countryCode = countryCode;
13     }
14
15     public String getIdentifier() { return identifier; }
16
17
18     public void setIdentifier(String identifier) { this.identifier = identifier; }
19
20     public String getName() { return name; }
21
22     public void setName(String name) { this.name = name; }
23
24     public String getCountryCode() { return countryCode; }
25
26     public void setCountryCode(String countryCode) { this.countryCode = countryCode; }
27
28
29 }
```

Ant Database Maven

TODO Problems Terminal Build Event Log

48:1 CRLF UTF-8 Tab*







Project view on the left shows the project structure:

- Phase1 C:\Users\919842\source\TDD
 - .idea
 - airport [test_pyramid_strategy]
 - .idea
 - src
 - main
 - test
 - java
 - com.delextest.test_p
 - PassengerTest
 - target
 - pom.xml
 - test_pyramid_strategy.iml
 - test_pyramid_strategy.ipr
 - test_pyramid_strategy.iws
- External Libraries
- Scratches and Consoles

The main editor shows the `pom.xml` file with the following content:

```
57 </configuration>
58 </execution>
59 </executions>
60 </plugin>
61 </plugins>
62 </build>
63
64 <dependencies>
65   <dependency>
66     <groupId>org.junit.jupiter</groupId>
67     <artifactId>junit-jupiter-api</artifactId>
68     <version>5.0.1</version>
69     <scope>test</scope>
70   </dependency>
71   <dependency>
72     <groupId>org.junit.jupiter</groupId>
73     <artifactId>junit-jupiter-engine</artifactId>
74     <version>5.0.1</version>
75     <scope>test</scope>
76   </dependency>
77 </dependencies>
78
79 </project>
```

Add JaCoCo to your POM XML



The screenshot shows an IDE with the following components:

- Project Explorer:** Shows a project structure with a `test` directory containing a `java` subdirectory. The `com.tnttest.test_pyramid_strategy.airp` package is expanded, showing `PassengerTest`. The `target` directory is also visible, containing `pom.xml`, `test_pyramid_strategy.iml`, `test_pyramid_strategy.ipr`, and `test_pyramid_strategy.iws`.
- External Libraries:** Lists several Maven dependencies, including `org.junit.jupiter:junit-jupiter-api:5.0.1`, `org.junit.jupiter:junit-jupiter-engine:5.0.1`, `org.junit.platform:junit-platform-commons:1.0`, and `org.junit.platform:junit-platform-engine:1.0`.
- Code Editor:** Displays the `pom.xml` file for `test_pyramid_strategy`. The configuration includes a `target` of `1.8` and a `JaCoCo` plugin configuration. The plugin is configured with the following XML:

```
<target>1.8</target>
</configuration>
</plugin>
<plugin>
  <groupId>org.jacoco</groupId>
  <artifactId>jacoco-maven-plugin</artifactId>
  <version>0.7.9</version>
  <executions>
    <execution>
      <goals>
        <goal>prepare-agent</goal>
      </goals>
    </execution>
    <execution>
      <id>report</id>
      <phase>test</phase>
      <goals>
        <goal>report</goal>
      </goals>
    </execution>
  </executions>
</plugin>
```

The breadcrumb at the bottom of the code editor indicates the current position in the XML document: `project > build > plugins > plugin > executions > execution > configuration > rules > rule > limits > limit > value`.

Adding First Test Class



1. Inside the test folder, and a package
2. Inside the package add a test class and give it a name that is descriptive of the test.

The screenshot shows an IDE with two main panes. The left pane displays the project structure for 'Phase1'. The 'test' folder is expanded, showing a 'java' subfolder. Inside 'java', a package 'com.delextest.test_pyramid_strategy.airport' is visible, containing a class 'PassengerTest'. The right pane shows the code for 'PassengerTest.java'. The code defines a package, imports necessary classes, and contains two test methods: 'testPassengerCreation()' and 'testInvalidSsn()'.

```
1 package com.delextest.test_pyramid_strategy.airport;
2
3 import ...
4
5
6
7
8 public class PassengerTest {
9
10     @Test
11     public void testPassengerCreation() {
12         Passenger passenger = new Passenger( identifier: "123-45-6789", name: "John Smith", coun
13         assertNotNull(passenger);
14     }
15
16     @Test
17     public void testInvalidSsn() {
18         assertThrows(RuntimeException.class,
19             ()->{
20                 Passenger passenger = new Passenger( identifier: "123-456-789", name: "John Sm
21             });
22
23 }
```

Checking Test Coverage



- Open command line and run mvn test from the command line
- Running mvn test will run the jacoco plugin to measure your test coverage.
- Navigate to target > site > jacoco > index.html to view your test coverage

The screenshot shows an IDE with the following components:

- Project Explorer:** Shows the project structure with folders like `target`, `classes`, `generated-sources`, `generated-test-sources`, `maven-archiver`, `maven-status`, `site`, `jacoco`, `surefire-reports`, and `test-classes`. The `jacoco` folder is expanded, showing `com.delextest.test_pyramid_strategy.airport`.
- Code Editor:** Displays the `PassengerTest.java` file. It contains two test methods:

```
1 package com.delextest.test_pyramid_strategy.a
2
3 import ...
4
5 public class PassengerTest {
6
7     @Test
8     public void testPassengerCreation() {
9         Passenger passenger = new Passenger
10         assertNotNull(passenger);
11     }
12
13     @Test
14     public void testInvalidSsn() {
15         assertThrows(RuntimeException.class,
16             ()->{
17                 Passenger passenger = new
18             });
19     }
20 }
```
- Run Console:** Shows the output of the test run:

```
996 ms [INFO] All coverage checks have been met.
480 ms [INFO] -----
ILD SUCCESS
-----
tal time: 5.667 s
nished at: 2020-08-26T01:34:32-07:00
-----
```
- Context Menu:** A right-click context menu is open over the `index.html` file in the `jacoco` folder. The menu options include: New, Cut, Copy, Paste, Find Usages, Analyze, Refactor, Add to Favorites, Reformat Code, Optimize Imports, Delete..., Mark as Plain Text, Run 'index.html', Debug 'index.html', Run 'index.html' with Coverage, Create 'index.html'..., Show in Explorer, File Path, Open in Terminal, Open in Browser (highlighted), Local History, Git, Reload from Disk, Compare With..., Compare File with Editor, and Mark Directory as.

JaCoCo Coverage Report



- After running the tests that we have added, we get following coverage reports.

← → ↺ ⓘ localhost:63342/test_pyramid_strategy/target/site/jacoco/index.html

test_pyramid_strategy

test_pyramid_strategy

| Element | Missed Instructions | Cov. | Missed Branches | Cov. | Missed | Cxty | Missed | Lines | Missed | Methods | Missed | Classes |
|---|------------------------|------|------------------------|------|--------|------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| com.delextest.test_pyramid_strategy.airport | <div><div></div></div> | 14% | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | 24 | 26 | 50 | 60 | 24 | 25 | 2 | 3 |
| Total | 195 of 228 | 14% | 0 of 2 | 100% | 24 | 26 | 50 | 60 | 24 | 25 | 2 | 3 |

test_pyramid_strategy > com.delextest.test_pyramid_strategy.airport

com.delextest.test_pyramid_strategy.airport

| Element | Missed Instructions | Cov. | Missed Branches | Cov. | Missed | Cxty | Missed | Lines | Missed | Methods | Missed | Classes |
|-----------|------------------------|------|------------------------|------|--------|------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| Flight | <div><div></div></div> | 0% | | n/a | 14 | 14 | 28 | 28 | 14 | 14 | 1 | 1 |
| Passenger | <div><div></div></div> | 38% | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | 8 | 10 | 12 | 22 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 1 |
| Main | <div><div></div></div> | 0% | | n/a | 2 | 2 | 10 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 195 of 228 | 14% | 0 of 2 | 100% | 24 | 26 | 50 | 60 | 24 | 25 | 2 | 3 |

JaCoCo Method Coverage Report



Since we only added tests for a passenger class, we get 100% coverage for that class

test_pyramid_strategy > com.delextest.test_pyramid_strategy.airport > Passenger

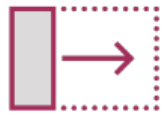
Passenger

| Element | Missed Instructions | Cov. | Missed Branches | Cov. | Missed | Cxty | Missed | Lines | Missed | Methods |
|---|---------------------|------|-----------------|------|--------|------|--------|-------|--------|---------|
| toString() | | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| recordToSystem() | | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| setIdentifier(String) | | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| setName(String) | | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| setCountryCode(String) | | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| getIdentifier() | | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| getName() | | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| getCountryCode() | | 0% | | n/a | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Passenger(String, String, String) | | 100% | | 100% | 0 | 2 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 52 of 85 | 38% | 0 of 2 | 100% | 8 | 10 | 12 | 22 | 8 | 9 |

Adding more tests and checking coverage



Identifier Rules



SSNs: 9-digit numbers, AAA-GG-SSSS



The first three digits cannot be 000, 666, or between 900 and 999



Digits 4 and 5: group number, from 01 to 99



Last 4 digits: serial numbers from 0001 to 9999

Test Invalid ID



Start by writing a test that checks and ID for a US passenger:

```
15 generated
16 generated
17 maven-al
18 maven-st
19 site
20 jacoco
21 > co
22 > co
23 > jac
24 inc
25 inc

@Test
public void testInvalidSsn() {
    assertThrows(RuntimeException.class,
        () -> {
            Passenger passenger = new Passenger( identifier: "123-456-789", name: "John Smith", countryCode: "US");
        });
}
```

Add the new business rules to the passenger class

Test Invalid ID



Start by writing a test that checks and ID for a US passenger:
Add the new business rules to the passenger class


```
public class Passenger {  
  
    private String identifier;  
    private String name;  
    private String countryCode;  
    private String ssnRegex = "^(?!000|666)[0-8][0-9]{2}-(?!00)[0-9]{2}-(?!0000)[0-9]{4}$";  
    private Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile(ssnRegex);  
  
    public Passenger(String identifier, String name, String countryCode) {  
        Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(identifier);  
        if(!matcher.matches()) {  
            throw new RuntimeException("Invalid identifier");  
        }  
        this.identifier = identifier;  
        this.name = name;  
        this.countryCode = countryCode;  
    }  
}
```

Run JaCoCo to check the coverage



test_pyramid_strategy

test_pyramid_strategy

| Element | Missed Instructions | Cov. | Missed Branches | Cov. | Missed | Cxty | Missed | Lines | Missed | Methods | Missed | Classes |
|---|------------------------|------|------------------------|------|--------|------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
|  com.pluralsight.test_pyramid_strategy.airport | <div><div></div></div> | 45% | <div><div></div></div> | 100% | 16 | 29 | 38 | 67 | 16 | 25 | 2 | 3 |
| Total | 143 of 261 | 45% | 0 of 8 | 100% | 16 | 29 | 38 | 67 | 16 | 25 | 2 | 3 |

Created with Ja

The coverage has increased to 41% on the class level

Increasing the coverage by adding a country code check



```
@Test
public void testInvalidCountryCode() {
    assertThrows(RuntimeException.class,
        ()->{
            Passenger passenger = new Passenger(identifier: "123-45-6789", name: "John Smith", countryCode: "GJ");
        });
}
```

Add and run the test. The test should fail.

```
public Passenger(String identifier, String name, String countryCode) {
    Matcher matcher = pattern.matcher(identifier);
    if(!matcher.matches()) {
        throw new RuntimeException("Invalid identifier");
    }

    if(!Arrays.asList(Locale.getISOCountries()).contains(countryCode)) {
        throw new RuntimeException("Invalid country code");
    }
}
```

Unit Testing for the Flight Class



- Add a new test class to test the Passenger class
- Write your first test `testFlightCreateion()`
- Run the test
- Check the Coverage Report

Integration Testing



After testing each component separately, in order to achieve better code coverage, and ensure confidence, we need to create some unit tests.

Integration testing is a level of software testing where individual units are combined and tested as a group.

Check the interaction between integrated units.

The fact that unit tests work fine in isolation does not necessarily mean that they also work fine together.

Integration testing is performed to expose effects in interfaces and in interactions between components.

Type Of Integration Testing



Black Box Testing

- also known as behavioral testing,
- Internal Implementation of an item being tested is not known
- Therefore the name

Type Of Integration Testing



White Box Testing

- White box testing, also known as open box testing,
- Code-based testing or structural testing
- Choose inputs, execution path, and outputs
- Programming know how is required

Type Of Integration Testing



Grey Box Testing

software testing method which is a combination of black box testing method and white box testing method

System Testing



- System testing means to test the complete and integrated software.
- In order to evaluate the system's compliance with the specified requirements. Objective is to detect inconsistencies between units that are integrated together.
- Common cases of using a test double/mocking/virtualization are when you are communicating with an external service or with an internal one, but which is not yet available. This kind of service may be maintained by the different team. They may be slow or difficult to access or it may take some time until becoming fully available.

Acceptance Testing – Compliance with Business



Did we satisfy customer requests?

What gives value to the software being developed?

What adds business value to the application?

Motivation of Automated Acceptance Testing



- A system is tested for acceptability
- Evaluate the system's compliance with the business requirements.
- Confirm that the software is ready to be made available to the end users.

What Gives Software Business Value



- Reducing Uncertainty in business requirements
- Working Features
- Feature is a tangible deliverable piece of functionality that helps the business achieve their business goals.
- One of the business goals may be to satisfy customers by providing a simple and convenient way for them to manage their flights
- Some features that might help achieve this goal could be choose a flight, change a flight, or choose a seat on the plane.

Communication within a Product Team



Customer



Business
Analyst

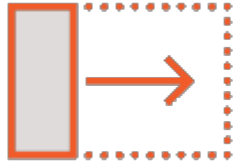


Developer



Tester

Introducing a New Feature



Features – high level requirements



Break the feature into stories



Acceptance criteria

Formulated User Story Example



Given the flights operated by company X

When I want to find the quickest route
from Bucharest to New York on May 15 20...

Then I will be provided the route Bucharest
- Frankfurt - New York, with a duration of...

From User Story Analysis to Acceptance Criteria



Clear understanding about what the project will need to deliver

Main goals of the application

Example: Increase sales by providing higher quality overall flight services



Requirements:

- Choose Flights
- Change Flights
- Find an optimal route



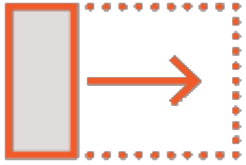
As a passenger

- I want to know the flights for a given destination within a given period of time
- So that I can choose the flight(s) that suit(s) my needs

As a passenger

- I want to be able to change my initial flight(s) to different one(s)
- So that I can follow the changes of my schedule

Breaking Features down into Stories



Each story - a different facet of the problem



Feedback on the functionality



Too large to be implemented at once

Breaking Features down into Stories

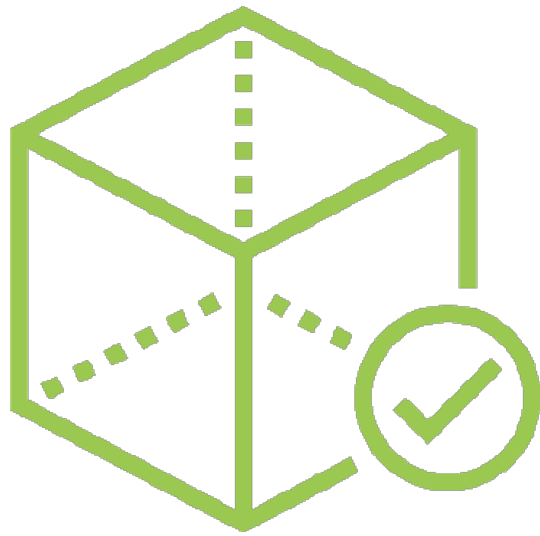


Find direct flights

Find alternative routes with
connections

Find One Way Flights

Find Return Flights



Definition: Given/When/Then

- Given <a context>
- When <something happens>
- Then <some result is expected>

Given the flights operated by the company

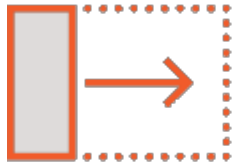
When I want to travel from Bucharest to London next Wednesday

Then I should be provided 2 possible flights: 10:35 and 16:20



What is cucumber and what is it good for?

Automated Acceptance Tests



Originates from XP and TDD



Different from unit tests, focus on behavior



Express what the software needs to do

Automated Acceptance Test Example



Feature: Removing and Adding a Passenger

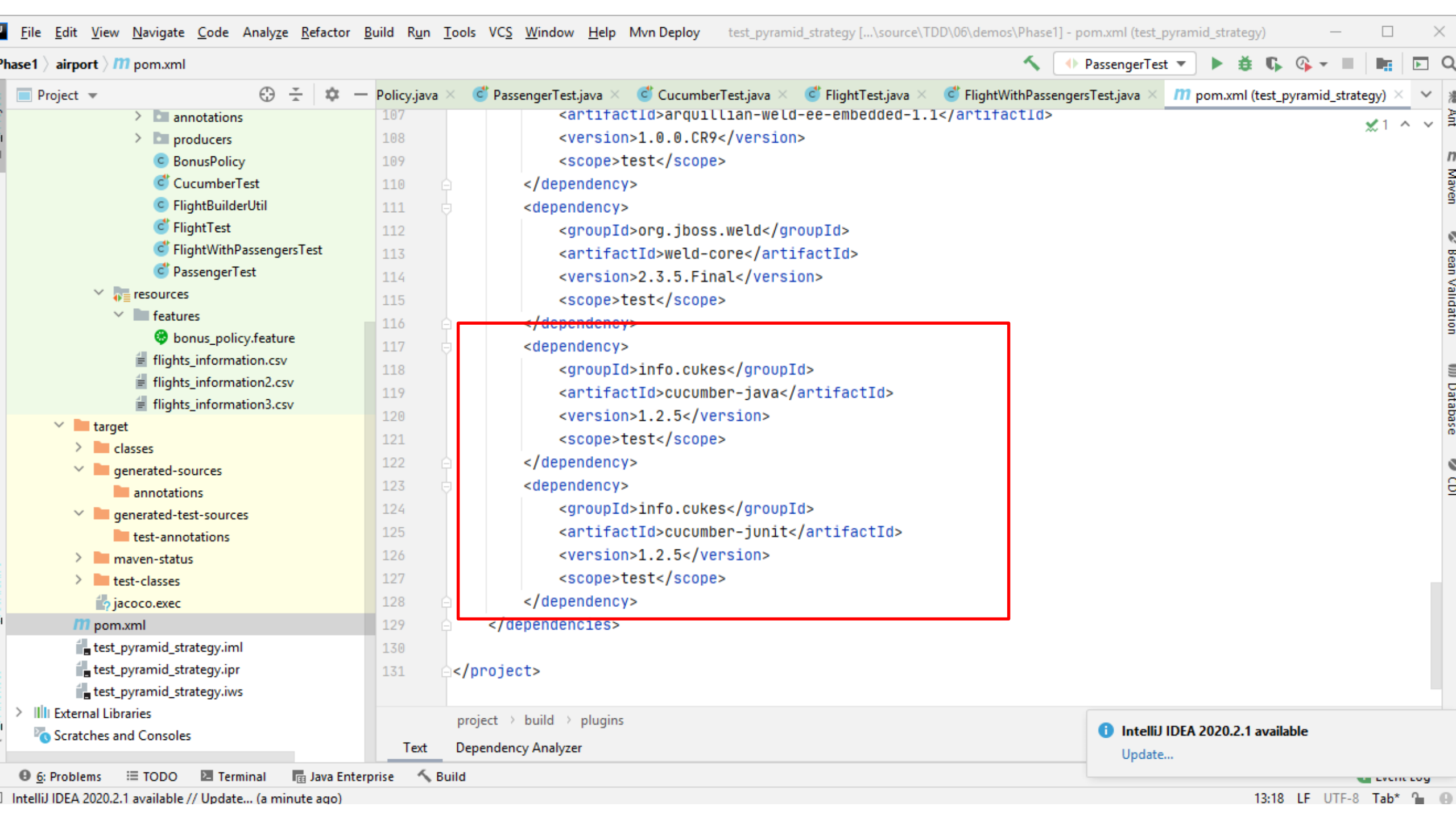
Process of adding and removing passengers depends on type of reservation (passenger type)

Scenario:

Given A flight is available

When we have an economy reservation

Then you can add remove a passenger from the flight



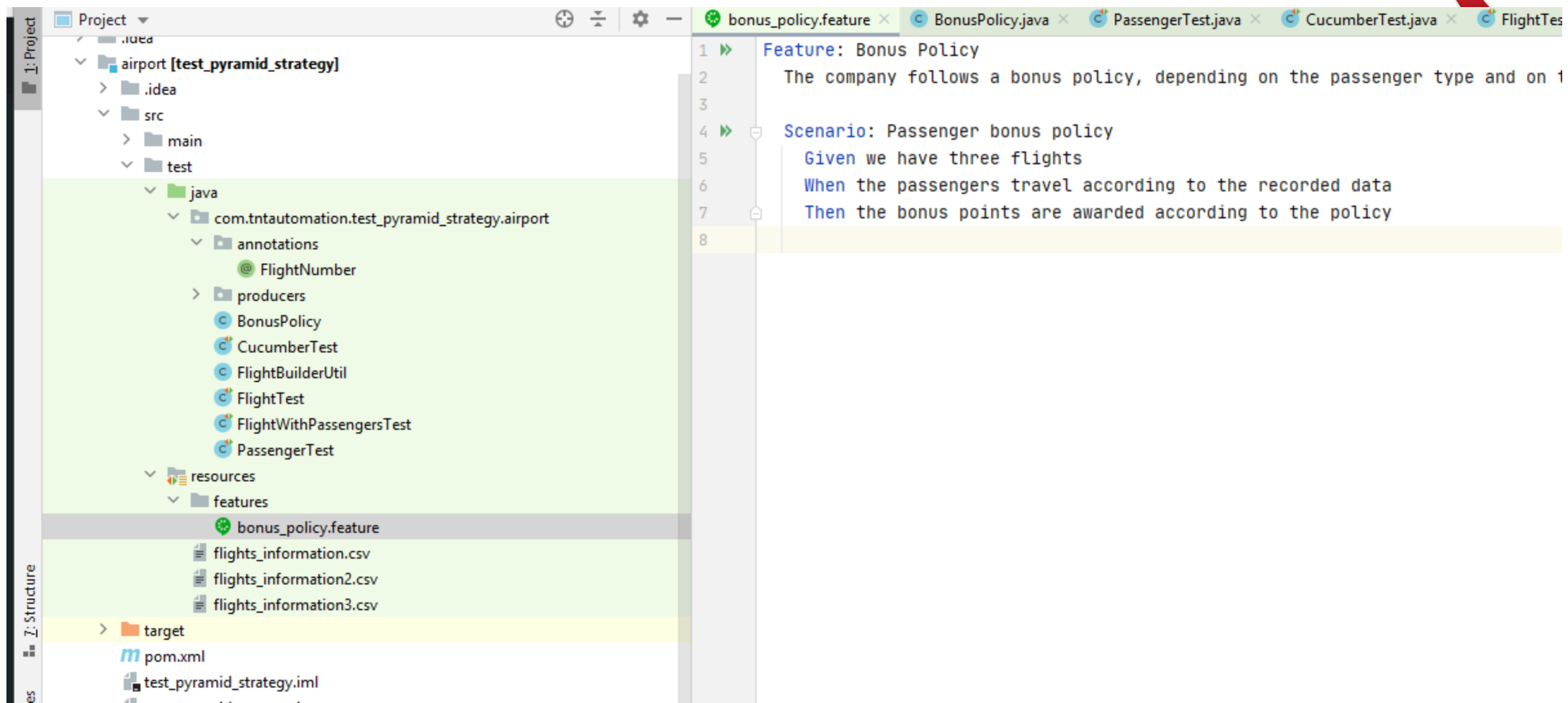
IntelliJ IDEA interface showing a Maven project named "Phase1" with a sub-project "airport" (test_pyramid_strategy). The project structure on the left includes:

- Phase1
- .idea
- src
 - main
 - test
 - java
 - resources
 - features
 - flights_information.csv
 - flights_information2.csv
 - flights_information3.csv
- target
- pom.xml
- test_pyramid_strategy.iml
- test_pyramid_strategy.ipr
- test_pyramid_strategy.iws

The main editor displays the `pom.xml` file for the "test_pyramid_strategy" module, showing dependencies for Arquillian Weld and Cucumber:

```
107 <artifactId>arquillian-weld-ee-embedded-1.1</artifactId>
108 <version>1.0.0.CR9</version>
109 <scope>test</scope>
110 </dependency>
111 <dependency>
112 <groupId>org.jboss.weld</groupId>
113 <artifactId>weld-core</artifactId>
114 <version>2.3.5.Final</version>
115 <scope>test</scope>
116 </dependency>
117 <dependency>
118 <groupId>info.cukes</groupId>
119 <artifactId>cucumber-java</artifactId>
120 <version>1.2.5</version>
121 <scope>test</scope>
122 </dependency>
123 <dependency>
124 <groupId>info.cukes</groupId>
125 <artifactId>cucumber-junit</artifactId>
126 <version>1.2.5</version>
127 <scope>test</scope>
128 </dependency>
129 </dependencies>
130
131 </project>
```

The bottom status bar shows "project > build > plugins" and "Text" mode. A notification at the bottom right indicates "IntelliJ IDEA 2020.2.1 available" with an "Update..." link.



Adding a test runner



src

main

test

java

com.tntautomation.test_pyramid_strategy.airport

annotations

@ FlightNumber

producers

BonusPolicy

CucumberTest

FlightBuilderUtil

FlightTest

FlightWithPassengersTest

PassengerTest

resources

features

bonus_policy.feature

flights_information.csv

flights_information2.csv

flights_information3.csv

target

```
3 import ...
7
8 /**
9  * Entry point for running the Cucumber tests in JUnit.
10 */
11 @RunWith(Cucumber.class)
12 @CucumberOptions(
13     plugin = {"pretty"},
14     snippets = SnippetType.CAMELCASE,
15     features = "classpath:features")
16 public class CucumberTest {
17
18     /**
19      * This class should be empty, step definitions should be in separate classes.
20      */
21
22 }
23
```

Running feature files – not implemented.



The screenshot shows the IntelliJ IDEA interface with a Cucumber test run. The test is stopped, and the IDE suggests implementing missing steps with provided snippets.

Project Structure:

- .idea
- src
 - main
 - test

Test Run Details:

- Test: CucumberTest (1)
- Package: com.tntautomation.test_pyramid_strategy.airport.CucumberTest
- Feature: Bonus Policy (6 ms)
- Scenario: Passenger bonus policy (1 ms)
 - Given we have three flights (1 ms)
 - /Given we have three flights (0 ms)
 - When the passengers travel according to the recorded data (0 ms)
 - /When the passengers travel according to the recorded data (0 ms)
 - Then the bonus points are awarded according to the policy (0 ms)
 - /Then the bonus points are awarded according to the policy (0 ms)

Test Results:

Stopped. Tests ignored: 6 of 9 tests – 7 ms

You can implement missing steps with the snippets below:

```
@Given("^we have three flights$")
public void weHaveThreeFlights() throws Throwable {
    // Write code here that turns the phrase above into concrete actions
    throw new PendingException();
}

@When("^the passengers travel according to the recorded data$")
public void thePassengersTravelAccordingToTheRecordedData() throws Throwable {
    // Write code here that turns the phrase above into concrete actions
    throw new PendingException();
}

@Then("^the bonus points are awarded according to the policy$")
public void theBonusPointsAreAwardedAccordingToThePolicy() throws Throwable {
    // Write code here that turns the phrase above into concrete actions
    throw new PendingException();
}
```

Code Snippets:

```
@CucumberOptions(
    plugin = {"pretty"},
    snippets = SnippetType.CAMELCASE,
    features = "classpath:features")
```

IntelliJ IDEA 2020.2.1 available

Test Runner Overview



src

main

test

java

com.tntautomation.test_pyramid_strategy.airport

annotations

@ FlightNumber

producers

BonusPolicy

CucumberTest

FlightBuilderUtil

FlightTest

FlightWithPassengersTest

PassengerTest

resources

features

bonus_policy.feature

flights_information.csv

flights_information2.csv

flights_information3.csv

target

```
3 import ...
7
8 /**
9  * Entry point for running the Cucumber tests in JUnit.
10 */
11 @RunWith(Cucumber.class)
12 @CucumberOptions(
13     plugin = {"pretty"},
14     snippets = SnippetType.CAMELCASE,
15     features = "classpath:features")
16 public class CucumberTest {
17
18     /**
19      * This class should be empty, step definitions should be in separate classes.
20      */
21
22 }
23
```

Discover more Cucumber capabilities



Feature: Bonus Policy

The company follows a bonus policy, depending on the passenger type and on the distance that has been traveled

Scenario Outline: Passenger bonus policy

Given we have the flights defined into "<file1>" and "<file2>" and "<file3>"

When the passengers travel according to the data recorded into these files

Then passenger with identifier "<identifier>" name "<name>" and countryCode "<countryCode>" has been awarded <points>

Examples:

| file1 | file2 | file3 | identifier |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | flights_information3.csv | 900-45-6809 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | flights_information3.csv | 900-45-6797 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | flights_information3.csv | 123-45-6799 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | flights_information3.csv | 123-45-6789 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | flights_information3.csv | 900-45-6789 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | flights_information3.csv | 123-45-6790 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | flights_information3.csv | 900-45-6790 |



The company follows a bonus policy, depending on the passenger type and on the distance that has been traveled

Given we have the flights defined into "<file1>" and "<file2>" and "<file3>"

Then passenger with identifier "<identifier>" name "<name>" and countryCode "<countryCode>" has been awarded <points>

| file1 | file2 | file3 | identifier |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | flights_information3.csv | 900-45-6809 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | flights_information3.csv | 900-45-6797 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | | |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | name | countryCode points |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | Susan Todd | GB 210 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | Harry Christensen | GB 420 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | Bethany King | US 630 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | John Smith | US 420 |
| flights_information.csv | flights_information2.csv | Jane Underwood | GB 420 |
| | | James Perkins | US 630 |
| | | Mary Calderon | GB 630 |