5 Contractions in non-standard language

Activity A

Writers sometimes use non-standard contractions in order to reflect informal speech. Match each of the contractions below with a full form.

'n	other	ain't	doncha	dunno	gonna	gotcha	gotta	innit	wanna	ya	yer
1	isn't/a	aren't _									
	your										
	I don't know										
	another										
	isn't it / hasn't he / don't they, etc. (used to emphasize a sentence)										
	5 I've got you										
	' don't you										
	8 you										
9 (am/are/is) going to											
10 want to											
Activity B											
Complete the informal conversation with the contractions in A.											
A: Where you off?											
B: Sam's house1 come?											
A: Yeah, I'll come for half an hour.											
B: Half an hour? No, it's a party!											
A: A party? Well that's a whole² story. What time will it finish?											
			³, but it's a		o it's		⁴ be late	e, innit!	Come or	, the	n.
			es								
A: `	: Yeah, but sorry, mate —6 get up early to revise.										
B: Got an exam?											
A: Yeah, and he's gonna kill me if I don't pass!											
B: Who? ⁷ old man?											
A: Yeah, who else!											
B: OK, ⁸ (= I understand you). See ⁹ tomorrow then.											
A: See ¹⁰ .											

Activity C

Discuss the questions with a partner.

- 1 Which, if any, of the contractions in A would it be appropriate for a foreign learner of English to use?
- 2 Do you use spoken contractions in your language? If so, tell your partner the most common examples.
- **3** Are written contractions used? If so, show your partner the most common examples.
- **4** What are three of the main differences between informal and formal speech in your language?