第七章习题

7.1 课件习题

题: (PPT 5页)

答:

题: (例7.4) 瑞利衰落信道, SNR的均值为20dB, 接收机SNR判决门限为10dB

- 1. 无分集接收机的中断概率
- 2. 4支路分集接收机的中断概率

答:

对于 瑞利衰落信道下的接收信噪比,有:

$$Pr\left[\gamma \leq \gamma_0
ight] = 1 - \exp\left(-rac{\gamma_0}{arGamma}
ight)$$

1. 计算:

$$Pr_1 = 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{10}{100}\right) = 0.0951626$$

2. 计算:

$$Pr_2 = (Pr_1)^4 = 0.000082$$

注:区分中断概率和误码率!

题:当接收机采用 M=2 天线的MRC分集系统时,如果要达到 $BER=10^{-6}$,那么所需要的信噪比为多少?与单天线相比,获得了多大的分集增益?

补充题目:对于 BPSK

答:

1. 采用 M=2 天线的MRC分集系统

$$\overline{BER} = \left(rac{1}{4arGamma}
ight)^2 C_3^2 = 10^{-6} \Rightarrow arGamma = 26.4 dB$$

2. 单天线:

$$BER = Q\left(\sqrt{2\gamma}\right) = 10^{-6} \Rightarrow \gamma = 54dB$$

7.2 作业习题

题7.7:

Consider a single branch Rayleigh fading signal has a 20% chance of being 6 dB below some mean SNR threshold.

- (a) Determine the mean of the Rayleigh fading signal as referenced to the threshold.
- (b) Find the likelihood that a two branch selection diversity receiver will be 6 dB below the mean SNR threshold.
- (c) Find the likelihood that a three branch selection diversity receiver will be 6 dB below the mean SNR threshold.
- (d) Find the likelihood that a four branch selection diversity receiver will be 6 dB below the mean SNR threshold.
- (e) Based on your answers above, is there a law of diminishing returns when diversity is used? 答:

题7.10:

答:

题7.11:在瑞利衰落信道中,定义:

平均信噪比 γ_{aver} 调制方式对应的误码率 — 信噪比公式 $P_b\left(\gamma
ight)$

因误码率过高而中断时误码率门限 x

因误码率过高而中断的概率 y

则有:

$$y = Pr\left[P_b\left(\gamma
ight) > x
ight] = Pr\left[\gamma < P_b^{-1}\left(x
ight)
ight]$$

对于瑞利信道,有:

$$Pr\left[P < P_{\min}
ight] = 1 - \exp\left(rac{P_{\min}}{P_{aver}}
ight)$$

变为信噪比形式:

$$Pr\left[\gamma < \gamma_{ ext{min}}
ight] = 1 - \exp\left(rac{\gamma_{ ext{min}}}{\gamma_{aver}}
ight)$$

代入则有:

$$y = Pr\left[\gamma < P_b^{-1}\left(x
ight)
ight] = 1 - \exp\left(rac{P_b^{-1}\left(x
ight)}{\gamma_{aver}}
ight)$$

- (1) 请反解出 γ_{aver} 的表达式
- (2) 若接收端采用M支路分集,请写出y的新表达式
- (3) 若接收端不采用分集,调制方式为BPSK,因误码率过高而中断时的误码率门限为 10^{-3} ,要使 因 误码率过高而中断的概率不高于 10^{-3} ,请求出所需的最低的平均信噪比 $(\gamma_{aver})_{min}$

(4) 若接收端采用4支路分集,调制方式为BPSK,因误码率过高而中断时的误码率门限为 10^{-3} ,要使因误码率过高而中断的概率不高于 10^{-3} ,请求出所需的最低的平均信噪比 $(\gamma_{aver})_{min}$