**Вариант 1**

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| 1. Выберите слово, сходное по значению со словом **occupation**.  A) profession.  B) decision.  C) respect.  D) condition.  E) success. |
| 2. Выберите слово, близкое по значению: believe.  A) Advise.  B) Suppose.  C) Reach.  D) See.  E) Notice. |
| 3. Выберите правильное слово  This is … way to school.  A) any  B) the  C) an  D) –  E) some |
| 4. Выберите правильный вариант притяжательной формы существительного в единственном числе.  A) people’s work.  B) teachers’ colleges.  C) student’s opportunity.  D) fathers’s boots.  E) women’s appearance. |
| 5. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого.  There … something in the box.  A) Been.  B) Were.  C) Is.  D) Am.  E) Are. |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других.  A) **G**lue  B) **G**lutton  C) **G**lobe  D) **G**eography  E) **G**lassy |
| 7. Дополните пословицу:  East or West, … is best.  A) Home.  B) Shopping.  C) School.  D) Rest.  E) South. |
| 8. Выберите правильный вариант перевода слова:  Неправда  A) Truth.  B) Distruth.  C) Untruth.  D) Imtruth.  E) Intruth. |
| 9. Образуйте прилагательное при помощи суффикса:  Use  A) word  B) ic  C) ly  D) ous  E) less |
| 10. Выберите верное местоимение.  Pete says apple are… favorite fruit.  A) Its.  B) You.  C) Her.  D) I.  E) His. |
| 11. Выберите верное местоимение.  … books were read last year.  A) It.  B) This.  C) One.  D) That.  E) Those. |
| 12. Дополните предложение, вставив нужное местоимение:  Did you meet ... on your way home?  A) none  B) nobody  C) any  D) anybody  E) some |
| 13. Выберите правильный ответ:  Is Tom going to play on the bridge?  A) No, she isn’t.  B) Yes, he is.  C) Yes, it is.  D) Yes, he will.  E) Yes, she is. |
| 14. Определите, чем является подчёркнутое слово:  The girl washing the floor is my sister.  A) герундием  B) причастием  C) наречием  D) инфинитивом  E) модальным глаголом |
| 15. “To get in” означает:  A) Распространяться  B) Преодолеть  C) Продолжать  D) Обойти  E) Входить |
| 16. Форма множественного числа отличается от остальных в слове:  A) Tooth.  B) Horse.  C) Eye.  D) Animal.  E) Body. |
| 17. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  My brother and I … born in Almaty.  A) been  B) was  C) is  D) were  E) am |
| 18. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого:  We … institute every Friday.  A) Attend.  B) Has attended.  C) Was attended.  D) Is attending.  E) Attending. |
| 19. Выберите правильный вариант:  We were told that the train … five minutes later.  A) had been arriving  B) would arrive  C) has arrived  D) will arrive  E) would be arrivе |
| 20. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  He (to send) for the doctor.  A) Is send.  B) Are send.  C) Was sent.  D) Have been sent.  E) Are sent. |
| 21. Закончите предложение :  When I was younger, I … play tennis quite well.  A) To be used to  B) To get used to  C) Used to  D) Used  E) Am used to |
| 22. Образуйте форму Gerund от глагола have:  A) To have had.  B) To have.  C) Having.  D) To be having.  E) To have been having. |
| 23. Образуйте форму Perfect Infinitive от глагола Tell:  A) To have telling.  B) To be told.  C) To tell.  D) To have told.  E) To have tell. |
| 24. Прочтите текст и ответьте на вопрос после текста:  A traveller who had been riding in rain and was wet through, arrived at a small hotel in the country. There was only one fireplace in the hall and a lot of people around it. The traveller thought of a plan how to get warm. He asked the hotel owner to give some fish to his horse. The hotel owner was surprised but the traveller insisted and the hotel owner did as he was asked. All the people rushed out to see the horse eat fish. The traveller had the fireplace all to himself and felt comfortable. When the hotel owner had returned he said, "I was sure horses do not eat fish". - "Then why did you give it to my horse?".  Why did the traveller ask the hotel owner to feed his horse with fish?  A) because he wanted to get warm  B) because it was hungry  C) because he was tired  D) because he wanted to sleep  E) because he wanted to see the horse eat fish |
| 25. Дополните предложение:  Please, ... another dress. This one is too big for you.  A) hope  B) let  C) case  D) think  E) try on |
| 26. Выразите одним словом:  You send them to your relatives on holidays.  A) Postcards.  B) Sorrows.  C) Clouds.  D) Bags.  E) Children. |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  Professor Asher … another lecture at the same time next week.  A) would give  B) has been giving  C) has given  D) will be giving  E) gives |
| 28. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  All the people we … came, and some that we hadn’t invited.  A) have invited  B) were inviting  C) inviting  D) invite  E) had invited |
| 29. Вставьте необходимый модальный глагол:  Weve got plenty of time. We ... hurry.  A) may not  B) don’t can  C) must  D) needn’t  E) had to |
| 30. Выберите подходящий русский эквивалент к слову “freshman”  In American English, freshman means … .  A) вновь прибывший  B) первокурсник  C) новичок в деле  D) выпускник  E) второкурсник |
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**Вариант 2**

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| 1. Выберите антоним слова. **Noise.**  A) weight.  B) cheer.  C) silence.  D) cut.  E) sail. |
| 2. Выберите правильное слово  Pass me … salt, please.  A) –  B) those  C) the  D) an  E) a |
| 3. Существительное во множественном числе.  A) wolfes  B) wolfs  C) welf  D) wolves  E) wolf |
| 4. Выберите правильный вариант предложения в Past Simple Tense.  A) My friend has just come home.  B) Pupils run and jump at P.T. Lessons.  C) We are reading now.  D) Ahmed phoned me yesterday.  E) My birthday will be on Sunday. |
| 5. Выберите подходящий английский эквивалент.  **На стене напротив двери весит большая картина.**  A) A large picture on the wall opposite the door there is.  B) There is on the wall a large picture opposite the door.  C) Opposite the door on the wall is there a large picture.  D) There is a large picture on the wall opposite the door.  E) A large picture is there on the wall opposite the door. |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других слов:  A) **U**mbrella.  B) B**u**s.  C) Br**u**sh.  D) B**u**tter.  E) B**u**sh. |
| 7. Образуйте прилагательное с противоположным значением от слова "possible":  A) Impossible.  B) Repossible.  C) Ilpossible.  D) Inpossible.  E) Unpossible. |
| 8. Выберите верное местоимение.  It’s nice that Becky brought her textbook with … .  A) She.  B) It.  C) Hers.  D) Her.  E) Me. |
| 9. Выберите верное местоимение.  … is a large house.  A) This.  B) Those.  C) Its.  D) None.  E) These. |
| 10. Выберите верное местоимение:  Is there … apples in the basket?  A) no  B) any  C) anything  D) nothing  E) some |
| 11. Выберите правильный ответ:  Are you going to invite her to the party?  A) Yes, I shall.  B) Yes, I am.  C) Yes, there is.  D) Yes, it is.  E) No, I shan’t |
| 12. Найдите правильный вариант перевода на русский язык:  It’s no use asking him about it.  A) Вы скоро привыкнете к этому.  B) Раньше здесь был дом.  C) Бесполезно его спрашивать об этом.  D) Я часто его встречал.  E) Он обычно приходил к нам. |
| 13. Выберите страдательный залог герундия в несовершенном времени на примере следующего глагола:  To write  A) writing  B) being written  C) write  D) be writing  E) having been written |
| 14. Определите предложение с Participle I:  A) He buys fruits every Sunday.  B) A young lady buying flowers is my aunt.  C) She bought a new dress last week.  D) They want to buy tickets.  E) We like buying ice–cream. |
| 15. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением «Продолжать, идти дальше»:  A) To go in for  B) To go on  C) To go off  D) To go without  E) To go back |
| 16. Найдите предложение с фразовым глаголом:  A) The sun shines in the sky.  B) He was born in October.  C) There were many people in the street.  D) They go to school in the morning.  E) Come in, please. |
| 17. Подберите соответствующий перевод:  The book is less interesting than the film.  A) Книга более интересная, чем фильм.  B) Фильм такой же интересный, как книга.  C) Фильм менее интересный, чем книга.  D) Книга менее интересная, чем фильм.  E) Книга такая же интересная как фильм. |
| 18. Дополните предложение:  Not to catch the train means to ... it.  A) have  B) like  C) buy  D) sell  E) miss |
| 19. К теме Travelling относится слово:  A) Snow.  B) Excursion.  C) Study.  D) Pupil.  E) Tree. |
| 20. Выберите слово с суффиксом, обозначающим состояние или качество:  A) Freshless.  B) Freshly.  C) Freshable.  D) Freshy.  E) Freshness. |
| 21. Выберите правильный вариант притяжательной формы существительного:  Astana is this … new capital.  A) Сountries’.  B) Countries.  C) Country’s.  D) Country.  E) Countrys’. |
| 22. Выберите глагол в форме Past Continuous:  A) Was doing.  B) Has done.  C) Is done.  D) Doing.  E) Done. |
| 23. Вставьте глагол в соответствующей форме:  Seeing Nick enter the room I rose (greet) him.  A) to greet  B) greeted  C) greet  D) to greeting  E) to greeted |
| 24. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопрос после текста:  Jonathan Swift liked order in everything. All the people in his house, for example, had to shut the door behind them when they came into the room or left it. One day a maid servant came and asked him to let her visit her sister who lived ten miles away. Swift not only agreed, but let her go there in his own carriage. The girl was so happy that she forgot to shut the door when she left the room. Swift let her go, but about half an hour later he ordered one of the servant to ride after the carriage and tell the girl come back. The poor girl had to turn back. She asked him what he wanted. I only want you to shut the door, was his answer. Now you may go to visit your sister. I wish you a pleasant journey.  *Why did J. Swift order the girl to come back?*  A) Because he wanted to teach her discipline.  B) Because he was a good master.  C) Because he wanted to wish her a pleasant jourhey.  D) Because he wanted to give her his carriage.  E) Because he wanted to stay her at home. |
| 25. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  Last Friday he … in Astana ,…he?  A) wasn’t, was  B) were, weren’t  C) were, was  D) were, were  E) wasn’t, wasn’t |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  I just … a postgraduate degree in business and administration.  A) will complete  B) completing  C) have completed  D) has completed  E) is compliting |
| 27. Выберите правильный вариант:  He explained that they … for us near the gate.  A) will be waiting  B) will wait  C) would wait  D) wait  E) would waiting |
| 28. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  The patient (to take) to hospital last Friday.  A) Was take.  B) Take.  C) Were taken.  D) Was taken.  E) Was took. |
| 29. Найдите эквивалент:  Она должна прийти.  A) Can she come?  B) She had to come in time.  C) She needn’t come.  D) She should have come in time.  E) She is to come. |
| 30. Закончите предложение:  A jack is an old name for ...  A) a danger  B) a tower  C) a village  D) a city  E) a sailor |
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**Вариант 3**

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| 1. Синонимом слова “Sad” является:  A) Happy.  B) Bright.  C) Merry.  D) Dull.  E) Clever. |
| 2. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  Kansas is situated in … central part of … USA.  A) -, -.  B) The, the.  C) A, a.  D) An, a.  E) -, the. |
| 3. Выберите правильный вариант притяжательной формы существительного в единственном числе.  A) students’ choir.  B) inspectors’ idea.  C) actresse’s hat.  D) actor’s voice.  E) spectators’ seats. |
| 4. Выберите правильную форму глагола  They … married next week.  A) gets  B) was getting  C) are getting  D) got  E) is getting |
| 5. Выберите правильную форму глагола .  There … any sugar on the table.  A) am  B) isn`t  C) are  D) is  E) aren`t |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других.  A) **G**lade  B) **G**lass  C) **G**eneral  D) **G**lad  E) **G**litter |
| 7. Выберите правильный вариант переводa слова:  Неаккуратный  A) Intidy.  B) Untidy.  C) Tidy.  D) Imtidy.  E) Retidy. |
| 8. Выберите верное местоимение.  Please, wait for … . I’ll be ready in a minute.  A) She.  B) Me.  C) They.  D) He.  E) I. |
| 9. Вставьте пропущенное местоимение:  … artist has a great talent.  A) them  B) this  C) they  D) those  E) these |
| 10. Дополните предложение:  Is there ... in the room?  A) no  B) nobody's  C) nothing's  D) anybody  E) anywhere |
| 11. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  I… a bit lonely these days  A) am  B) do  C) are  D) is  E) were |
| 12. Найдите правильный вариант сказуемого:  I … to clean the carpet.  A) Are going.  B) Is going.  C) Goes.  D) Going.  E) Am going. |
| 13. Выберите правильный вариант формы глагола:  The best thing is … in the forest.  A) walking  B) have been walking  C) have walked  D) walk  E) is walking |
| 14. Определите предложение с Participle II:  A) I don’t know the words written on the blackboard.  B) We shall write you as soon as possible.  C) Nick wrote a report a week ago.  D) She wanted to write a letter to her granny.  E) They are still writing a test. |
| 15. Aнтонимoм слова “Joy”является :  A) Happiness  B) Beauty  C) Grief  D) Laughter  E) Smile |
| 16. “To go ahead” означает:  A) Двигаться вперед  B) Возвращаться  C) Выходить  D) Сопровождать  E) Повышаться |
| 17. Найдите предложение с фразовым глаголом:  A) Put it on the table.  B) Don’t put your legs on the sofa.  C) Put the book in the bookcase.  D) I don’t put any sugar into my tea.  E) It was cold so he put on his coat. |
| 18. Дополните фразу:  To go to the lectures means ... them.  A) to look  B) to come from  C) to learn  D) to write  E) to attend |
| 19. Выразите одним словом:  A person who travels by plane or by ship is a ...  A) stranger.  B) businessman.  C) seller.  D) customer.  E) passenger. |
| 20. Найдите глагол от прилагательного black:  A) To blackise.  B) To blacket.  C) To blackish.  D) To blacken.  E) To blacked. |
| 21. Выберите правильный вариант множественного числа существительного:  Boy-friend  A) Boys-friends.  B) Boies-friend.  C) Boy-friendes.  D) Boys-friend.  E) Boy-friends. |
| 22. Выберите верный вариант отрицания к данному предложению:  He used to do everything his mother said.  A) He didn’t use to do everything his mother said.  B) He didn’t use do everything his mother said.  C) He not used to do everything his mother said.  D) He used to not do everything his mother said.  E) He didn’t used to do everything his mother said. |
| 23. Вставьте глагол в соответствующей форме:  Tell her what you would like her (do).  A) to do.  B) to be doing.  C) doing.  D) do.  E) to have do. |
| 24. Прочтите текст и ответьте на вопрос после текста:  The famous composer Rakhmaninov was also a very good pianist. When he was a small boy he was asked to play at a home party at their friends’ place. Though he was only eight he was quite experienced in playing the piano and did it well. At that concert he was to play one of Beethoven’s sonatas. It must be mentioned that there are several very long intervals in that sonata. In each of these intervals the boy took his hands off the keyboard and waited. During one of these intervals the old mother of the hostess came up to him and said, «My boy, why don’t you play anything that you know very well?»  Why did the boy stop playing several times?  A) because he didn’t remember the sonata  B) because he was mistaken  C) because the sonata had some long intervals  D) because he was tired  E) because the sonata had some short intervals |
| 25. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  His only bad habit is that he … too loudly.  A) is talking  B) was talking  C) talked  D) talk  E) talks |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  She fell ill because she … too hard.  A) working  B) had working  C) has worked  D) had worked  E) works |
| 27. Укажите правильный вариант сказуемого:  He said he … to London in May.  A) Will come.  B) Would come.  C) Shall come.  D) Came.  E) Should come. |
| 28. Выберите правильный перевод предложения в страдательном залоге:  Фильм был снят в этом году.  A) The film has made this year.  B) The film was make this year.  C) The film has been made this year.  D) The film have been made this year.  E) The film have made this year. |
| 29. Глагол to have употреблен в качестве модального в предложении:  A) I had much money yesterday.  B) They had no time to finish their work.  C) We did not have a rest the whole day.  D) Do you have to go to the market to buy fish or meat?  E) What did you have for dinner? |
| 30. Выберите правильный вариант ответа:  What is the name of the oldest and best known public school for boys in Great Britain?  A) Norwich  B) Oxford  C) Eton  D) Cambridge  E) Bath |
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**Вариант 4**

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| 1. Синонимом слова “Smart” является:  A) Dirty.  B) Tall.  C) Bright.  D) Coward.  E) Bald. |
| 2. Выберите правильное слово  I don`t like …. music.  A) those  B) an  C) these  D) –  E) a |
| 3. Дополните предложение:  The man standing at the window is … father.  A) Pavel’s and Lena  B) Pavel and Lena  C) Pavel’s and Lena’s  D) Pavel and Lena’s  E) Pavels and Lenas |
| 4. Определите правильный вариант предложения со сказуемым в Present Simple Tense.  A) My uncle has visited Astana this autumn.  B) I went to the shop yesterday.  C) It is very hot in summer.  D) My parents will return home late in the evening.  E) Students are writing a test. |
| 5. Выберите правильную форму глагола .  There … some people in the park.  A) isn`t  B) are  C) aren`t  D) is  E) am |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенное буквосочетание читается отлично от других слов:  A) H**ea**vy.  B) T**ea**cher.  C) M**ea**t.  D) Cl**ea**n.  E) B**ea**t. |
| 7. Обобщающим для данной группы слов является слово:  A) Water.  B) Sea.  C) Ocean.  D) River.  E) Lake. |
| 8. Найдите глагол, образованный при помощи префикса:  A) reconstruct  B) locate  C) realize  D) electrify  E) graduate |
| 9. Выберите верное местоимение:  He has the habit of talking to … .  A) herself  B) yourself  C) myself  D) ourselves  E) himself |
| 10. Дополните предложение:  There is ... snow in the street, isn’t there?  A) anything  B) much  C) many  D) something  E) nothing |
| 11. Выберите правильный вариант:  Could you tell me … has happened?  A) where  B) what  C) which  D) who  E) why |
| 12. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  It ... a nice fairy-tale.  A) Am.  B) Been.  C) Are.  D) Is.  E) Be. |
| 13. Найдите правильный вариант перевода:  Он не собирается идти домой.  A) He isn’t going home now  B) He is going home now  C) He’ll go home soon  D) He is going to go home  E) He isn’t going to go home |
| 14. Определите функцию герундия в следующем предложении:  The meeting was planned **for discussing** and **creating**.  A) определение  B) подлежащее  C) сказуемое  D) обстоятельство цели  E) дополнение |
| 15. Выберите нужный фразовый глагол:  Please … the light. This room is dark.  A) Turn right.  B) Turn left.  C) Turn off.  D) Turn on.  E) Turn. |
| 16. Дополните предложение:  She ... from her illness.  A) is fond of  B) likes  C) suffers  D) enjoys  E) is interesting |
| 17. Дайте определение слову neighbour:  A) A person who is fond of reading.  B) A person who is interested in sport.  C) A person who lives near you.  D) A person whom you like.  E) A person who studies at the institute. |
| 18. Дополните пословицу:  A watched … never boils.  A) Frying-pan.  B) Pot.  C) Pan.  D) Kettle.  E) Sauce-pan. |
| 19. Выберите слово с суффиксом, обозначающим процесс или результат действия:  A) Reader.  B) Writer.  C) Organization.  D) Easily.  E) Helpless. |
| 20. Выберите правильный вариант множественного числа существительного:  Fire-place  A) Firies-places.  B) Fires-places.  C) Fire-place.  D) Fires-place.  E) Fire-places. |
| 21. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) They thought I should work in the garden at that moment.  B) They thought I should be working in the garden at that moment.  C) They thought I should have worked in the garden at that moment.  D) They thought I should have been worked in the garden at that moment.  E) They thought I should worked in the garden at that moment. |
| 22. Найдите эквивалент:  Ей следует приходить вовремя.  A) Can she come?  B) She should come in time.  C) She is to come.  D) She needn’t come.  E) She had to come in time. |
| 23. Поставьте предложение в отрицательную форму:  Ann used to have a piano.  A) Ann didn’t use to have a piano.  B) Ann don’t use to have a piano.  C) Ann use not to have a piano.  D) Ann doesn’t used to have a piano.  E) Ann used to haven’t a piano. |
| 24. Вставьте в предложение глагол в соответствующей форме:  Nick used (live) alone.  A) having lived  B) living  C) live  D) to live  E) to be living |
| 25. Найти правильный вариант глагола.  She told me she … a bad time with her husband.  A) was having  B) had have  C) will have  D) were having  E) has had |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  It was a firm that I … of.  A) have never heard  B) never hear  C) nevers hears  D) has never heard  E) had never heard |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  There must be a mistake: the hotel . . . by my wife.  A) will pay  B) are being paid  C) have been paid  D) is paying  E) was paid |
| 28. Выберите предложение с Participle I:  A) Ann wasn’t offered the job.  B) The delegation answered all the questions.  C) He has gone home by that time.  D) What is this instrument used for?  E) Standing on the bridge he watched the boats. |
| 29. Прочитайте текст, выберите правильный ответ на вопрос:  Mark Twain once said, “When I was a boy of 14, I thought that my father was the most ignorant of all men. But when I got to be 21, I was surprised at how much the old man had learned in seven years.”  What did Mark Twain think about his father?  A) He got to be 21.  B) He was a boy of 14.  C) He knew very little.  D) He was surprised.  E) He ignored all men. |
| 30. Дополните предложение.  In the House of Commons the members sit … .  A) on two sides of the hall  B) on four sides of the hall  C) on three sides and in the corner of the hall  D) on three sides of the hall  E) on two sides and in the middle of the hall |
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**Вариант 5**

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| 1. Выберите предлог противоположный предлогу: up.  A) Under.  B) On.  C) In.  D) Down.  E) At. |
| 2. Выберите слово, близкое по значению: small.  A) Tall.  B) High.  C) Big.  D) Little.  E) Round. |
| 3. Дополните предложение:  … weather is fine and … sun is shining brightly today.  A) The | the  B) - | -  C) A | a  D) The | a  E) A | the |
| 4. Выберите правильное слово.  This is the … dress.  A) ladys’  B) lady’s  C) ladies  D) lady  E) of lady |
| 5. Выберите правильную форму глагола .  There… a lot of bread on the table.  A) am  B) were  C) is  D) weren`t  E) are |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других слов:  A) **C**ertainly.  B) **C**emetery.  C) **C**atch.  D) **C**entre.  E) **C**elebrate. |
| 7. К теме Село относится слово:  A) Rainy.  B) Break.  C) Swimmer.  D) Supper.  E) Wheat. |
| 8. Выберите правильный английский эквивалент данной пословицы:  Плохая молва летит на крыльях.  A) It never rains but it pours.  B) Appetite comes with eating.  C) Bad news travels fast.  D) No pains, no gains.  E) Look before you leap. |
| 9. Выберите правильный вариант перевода слова:  Перестройка  A) Construction.  B) Disconstruction.  C) Reconstruction.  D) Inconstruction.  E) Unconstruction. |
| 10. Выберите верное местоимение:  Be careful! They are looking at … .  A) Our.  B) I.  C) We.  D) Ours.  E) Us. |
| 11. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения:  I have … to say.  A) anybody.  B) nothing.  C) anything.  D) nobody.  E) any. |
| 12. Выберите вопросительное местоимение для выделенного слова:  We usually have dinner ***at five.***  A) With whom.  B) Where.  C) What.  D) Why.  E) What time. |
| 13. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  Running ... very good for your legs, for your heart and lungs.  A) Is.  B) Am.  C) Are.  D) Been.  E) Be. |
| 14. Определите, чем является подчёркнутое слово:  Thank you for coming.  A) инфинитивов  B) причастием  C) герундием  D) модальным глаголом  E) наречием |
| 15. Выберите правильный вариант фразового глагола “to put”:  Don ’t forget … your scarf …, please.  A) to put… down.  B) to put…after.  C) to put … to.  D) to put … in.  E) to put … on. |
| 16. Дайте определение слову crowd:  A) To play together.  B) A great number of people.  C) A big black bird.  D) To speak loudly.  E) To have the same interest. |
| 17. Образуйте прилагательное при помощи суффикса:  Interest  A) y  B) ing  C) able  D) ful  E) ly |
| 18. Выберите правильный вариант множественного числа существительного:  Our ... are ... .  A) Children / brothers.  B) Childs / brothers.  C) Children / brother.  D) Child / brothers.  E) Childrens / brothers. |
| 19. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) Aliya said that she should try to come in time.  B) Aliya said that she would tries to come in time.  C) Aliya said that she shouldn’t try to come in time.  D) Aliya said that she should tries to come in time.  E) Aliya said that she would try to come in time. |
| 20. Вставьте модальный глагол:  …I speak to Sam, please? – Just a minute.  A) Ought  B) Will  C) Could  D) Must  E) Shall |
| 21. Найдите предложение, имеющее значение будущего времени:  A) They aren’t doing homework now.  B) What is he going to do?  C) He is playing chess now.  D) What are they doing?  E) I’m going home now. |
| 22. Выберите верный вариант общего вопроса к предложению:  Nick used to be interested in collecting cactuses.  A) Would Nick use to be interested in collecting cactuses?  B) Did Nick used to be interested in collecting cactuses?  C) Use Nick to be interested in collecting cactuses?  D) Used Nick be interested in collecting cactuses?  E) Did Nick use to be interested in collecting cactuses? |
| 23. Определите название формы по приведенному примеру:  To be going.  A) Indefinite Infinitive Active.  B) Participle 1.  C) Participle 2.  D) Continuous Infinitive Active.  E) Gerund. |
| 24. Выберите предложение, в котором причастие употреблено в функции обстоятельства:  A) They saw a flying bird.  B) The boy reading a book is my brother.  C) I heard her speaking on the phone.  D) While reading a book she was eating sweets.  E) The boy crying in the street is my friend. |
| 25. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  In the year 2030, people … the same things as they do now.  A) will eat  B) shall eat  C) don’t  D) ate  E) eat |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  I … a nightmare when the alarm-clock rang and woke me up.  A) was having  B) has had  C) have had  D) had  E) have |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  After everybody… a chance to say what they thought, we took a vote.  A) has  B) has had  C) have had  D) had had  E) would have |
| 28. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  Tomorrow the bill (to pay).  A) Will be paid.  B) Will paid.  C) Paid.  D) Pay.  E) Be paid. |
| 29. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание после текста:  One day my cousin George and I decided to visit our Granny in London. After lunch we all three decided to sail down the Thames to have a look at the old ships. But suddenly it started raining, so we had to change our plans. We decided to visit Madame Tussaud’s instead. George hadn’t been there before. It was great fun seeing all the wax figures. There were some new ones I hadn’t seen before. After an hour Granny felt a little tired and wanted to sit down and rest for a moment. George and I went to look at all the murderers in the cellar. We promised to come back in half an hour.  When we came back we saw two American tourists standing in front of Granny and taking a photo of hers. We heard one of them say, “She is sure to look like a real woman!” You should have seen their faces a moment later when Granny opened her eyes!  Выберите заголовок к тексту:  A) A clever Granny.  B) English museums.  C) Good relatives.  D) George and his Granny.  E) A case in the museum. |
| 30. Выберите подходящее слово.  The Whispering Gallery is remarkable for its … .  A) private  B) size  C) crowned  D) acoustics  E) light |
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**Вариант 6**

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| 1. Выберите антоним слова: **Harmful.**  A) useful.  B) lucky.  C) fan.  D) hobby.  E) foolish. |
| 2. Дополните предложение:  Never cross … street when … light is red.  A) - | a  B) the | the  C) a | a  D) - | the  E) the | a |
| 3. Множественное число существительного к слову: a watch.  A) Watchis.  B) Watchs.  C) Watchiez.  D) Watchies.  E) Watches. |
| 4. Дополните предложение:  It was … new coat.  A) Victor Nicolaevich’s  B) Victor’s Nicolaevich  C) Victor Nicolaevichs  D) Victors Nicolaevich  E) Victor’s Nicolaevich’s |
| 5. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого.  We … to watch a new film.  A) Am going.  B) Was going.  C) Are going.  D) Be going.  E) Is going. |
| 6. Окончание читается отлично от других в слове:  A) Expected.  B) Waited.  C) Developed.  D) Wanted.  E) Needed. |
| 7. Закончите фразеологизм:  … hurts more than truth. Ничто не ранит больнее правды.  A) Everything.  B) Nothing.  C) Something.  D) No.  E) Anything. |
| 8. Выберите верное местоимение.  Hello, Tom. Have … seen Pete?  A) You.  B) Your.  C) He.  D) It.  E) She. |
| 9. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения:  There is … in the room. – Who?  A) No.  B) Some.  C) Anything.  D) Anybody’s.  E) Somebody. |
| 10. Выберите вопросительное местоимение для выделенного слова:  They are usually ***at home*** in the evening.  A) Why.  B) How.  C) When.  D) Who.  E) Where. |
| 11. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  ... you a teacher?  A) Are.  B) Been.  C) Is.  D) Be.  E) Am. |
| 12. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) He said that he return tomorrow.  B) He said that he would return tomorrow.  C) He said that he shall return tomorrow.  D) He said that he should return tomorrow.  E) He said that he will return tomorrow. |
| 13. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого:  There … several beautiful parks in this city.  A) Be  B) Been  C) Is  D) Are  E) Was |
| 14. Определите функцию инфинитива в следующем предложении:  I’m sure he will be the last to leave.  A) дополнение  B) определение  C) подлежащее  D) обстоятельство  E) сказуемое |
| 15. Синонимом слова shut является:  A) Turn.  B) Pick.  C) Make.  D) Close.  E) Open. |
| 16. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением "выходить":  A) Get alone.  B) Get out.  C) Get with.  D) Get over.  E) Get from. |
| 17. Переведите “To go on hikes”  A) Ездить на велосипеде  B) Ходить пешком  C) Ходить в поход  D) Ездить за границу  E) Ездить верхом |
| 18. Выразите одним словом:  You can cross the river over it.  A) Economic.  B) District.  C) View.  D) Advice.  E) Bridge. |
| 19. Найдите правильный вариант сказуемого:  He … his work tomorrow.  A) Has finished.  B) Will finish.  C) Have finished.  D) Finishe.  E) Finished. |
| 20. Вставьте нужную форму глагола:  You must … a letter  A) wrote  B) written  C) to write  D) writing  E) write |
| 21. Выберите верный вариант отрицания к данному предложению:  Last summer I used to eat a lot of berries.  A) I used not eat a lot of berries last summer.  B) I use not to eat a lot of berries last summer.  C) I didn’t used eat a lot of berries last summer.  D) I didn’t use to eat a lot of berries last summer.  E) I not use to eat a lot of berries last summer. |
| 22. Выберите предложение с Герундием:  A) Your ring is very unexpected.  B) She is ringing to her best friend.  C) Ring me up, please!  D) He rang me yesterday.  E) Thank you for ringing me up! |
| 23. Выберите верное причастие:  A ... fridge  A) Boughting.  B) Bought.  C) Buying.  D) Boughted.  E) Buyed. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст, выберите правильный ответ на вопрос:  Jane came home after her first day at school. “Well, dear”, asked her mother, “what did they teach you?” “Not much,” answered the child. “I have to go again.”  What did her mother ask her?  A) She asked her whether the teacher liked Jane.  B) She asked what the teachers had looked like.  C) She asked what they had taught Jane.  D) She asked her whether she had liked her teacher.  E) She asked what they had asked Jane. |
| 25. Выберите значение приставки de-:  A) взаимо-  B) внутри  C) противоположное значение  D) сверх-  E) повтор действия |
| 26. Образуйте новое слово от “ to eat “, выбрав верный суффикс:  A) y  B) ful  C) tic  D) able  E) al |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  The burglars dropped a piece of paper with an address on it as they … out of the window.  A) were climbing  B) climb  C) climbed  D) are climbing  E) have climbed |
| 28. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  She couldn’t find the book that I … her.  A) lend  B) lent  C) have been lending  D) had lent  E) have lent |
| 29. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  The window (to leave) open by somebody.  A) Was leaved.  B) Has been leaved.  C) Has been left.  D) Was leave.  E) Were left. |
| 30. Выберите подходящее слово.  From the earliest times the … of London depended upon its water-born trade.  A) north  B) part  C) south  D) prosperity  E) circumstances |
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**Вариант 7**

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| 1. Выберите слово, противоположное по значению: poor.  A) Silly.  B) Wide.  C) Dull.  D) Rich.  E) Various. |
| 2. Выберите правильное слово.  He was born in … small Russian town.  A) a  B) an  C) some  D) –  E) the |
| 3. Выберите неисчисляемое существительное:  A) Branch.  B) Bear.  C) Botany.  D) Bed.  E) Balcony. |
| 4. Выберите притяжательную форму существительного в единственном числе.  A) Birds’.  B) Dogs’.  C) Men’s.  D) Boys’.  E) Sister’s. |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  He … not going to help his mother. He was too busy with his homework.  A) was not  B) were  C) are  D) was  E) is not |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других.  A) **G**entle  B) **G**aze  C) **G**ate  D) **G**arden  E) **G**eese |
| 7. Aнтонимoм слова “Day”является :  A) Night  B) Afternoon  C) Evening  D) Midday  E) Morning |
| 8. Выберите правильный вариант предлога:  Go … reading the story. I want to know its end.  A) Through.  B) On.  C) Out.  D) About.  E) In. |
| 9. К теме Село относится слово:  A) Rainy.  B) Supper.  C) Harvest.  D) Swimmer.  E) Break. |
| 10. Дополните пословицу:  Live and …  A) Earn.  B) Learn.  C) Live.  D) Think.  E) Love. |
| 11. Выберите верное местоимение:  I saw them . This is … cat .  A) me  B) yours  C) ours  D) him  E) their |
| 12. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  The children … sometimes absolutely naughty.  A) am  B) is  C) does  D) are  E) was |
| 13. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) I hoped that I should find him at school.  B) I hoped that I shall find him at school.  C) I hoped that I will find him at school.  D) I hoped that I would found him at school.  E) I hoped that I should found him at school. |
| 14. Определите функцию инфинитива в следующем предложении:  He forgot to do his homework when he was at home.  A) определение  B) подлежащее  C) дополнение  D) сказуемое  E) обстоятельство |
| 15. Переведите “To be good at… ”  A) Быть преуспевающим  B) Быть прилежным  C) Быть хорошо воспитанным  D) Хорошо разбираться, знать что-либо  E) Быть образованным |
| 16. Найдите прилагательное, имеющее отрицательное значение:  A) dependent  B) indefinite  C) useful  D) understandable  E) regular |
| 17. Вставьте нужное указательное местоимение в предложении:  Look! ... men in the street are my friends.  A) Which  B) This  C) These  D) Whose  E) That |
| 18. Выберите правильный вариант вопросительного местоимения:  By … is this book written?  A) Who.  B) Whose.  C) Whom.  D) What.  E) Which. |
| 19. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого:  Amos … a present to his mother.  A) Send.  B) Were sent.  C) Sent.  D) Is sends.  E) Are sending. |
| 20. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  `What … you … at?` `A strange bird. Look! It’s quite near us.`  A) has / looked  B) are / looking  C) did / look  D) is / looking  E) do / look |
| 21. Выберите глагол в форме Present Perfect Active:  A) Have does.  B) Have doing.  C) Have done.  D) Have do.  E) Have did. |
| 22. Выберите верный вариант общего вопроса к предложению:  Everything used to be different many years ago.  A) Use everything to be different many years ago?  B) Used everything be different many years ago?  C) Did everything used to be different many years ago?  D) Use everything to was different many years ago?  E) Did everything use to be different many years ago? |
| 23. Определите название формы по приведенному примеру:  Drinking.  A) Participle 2.  B) Gerund.  C) Indefinite Infinitive Active.  D) Progressive Infinitive .  E) Infinitive Passive. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст, выберите правильный ответ на вопрос:  Charles has just entered school. “What is your name?” the teacher asked. “Charles”, was the answer. “Charles what?” the teacher questioned. “Oh, that’s all right,” the boy said, “”just call me Charles.”  What has happened to Charles?  A) He entered the school by the side door.  B) He has been attending school for some months.  C) He has done the first homework.  D) He has become a pupil.  E) He doesn’t want to enter school. |
| 25. Образуйте новое слово от “hope” c помощью следующих суффиксов.  A) Ism.  B) Able.  C) Tion.  D) Ly.  E) Ful. |
| 26. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  A delicious cake (to taste) by him now.  A) Is tasted.  B) Was being tasted.  C) Has been tasted.  D) Was tasted.  E) Is being tasted. |
| 27. Заменитe выделенное модальное выражение его эквивалентом:  The conference **is to** begin next Tuesday  A) might  B) must  C) should  D) could  E) can |
| 28. Выберите правильный вариант перевода на английский язык:  Много деревьев было во дворе.  A) Many trees were in the yard.  B) There are many trees in the yard.  C) Many trees are in the yard.  D) There is many trees in the yard.  E) There are no trees in the yard. |
| 29. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  I went to see how she was and found her…  A) has been crying  B) were crying  C) cried  D) crying  E) cries |
| 30. Выберите правильный ответ.  What is the capital of Massachusetts?  A) Memphis.  B) St. Louis.  C) Atlanta.  D) Los Angeles.  E) Boston. |
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**Вариант 8**

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| 1. Синонимом слова “Remain” является:  A) Repeat.  B) Leave.  C) Stay.  D) Go away.  E) Become. |
| 2. Дополните предложение:  … finest weather in this part of … country is in September.  A) The | the  B) The | a  C) A | the  D) A | a  E) The | - |
| 3. Найдите существительное в единственном числе.  A) feet.  B) stories.  C) pages.  D) advice.  E) hobbies. |
| 4. Укажите предложение, в котором “**-s**” является показателем притяжательного падежа.  A) One boy’**s** mother made tasty cookies.  B) The Stogov**s** went to the Black Sea.  C) My uncle’**s** bought a sideboard.  D) The class teacher usually open**s** our meetings.  E) He always greet**s** people. |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  My mother … going to clean the floor. I want to help her.  A) am  B) be  C) is  D) are  E) were |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других слов:  A) R**i**ver.  B) K**i**nd.  C) L**i**brary.  D) Pol**i**te.  E) Rec**i**te. |
| 7. Антоним слова “Large”  A) High  B) Difficult  C) Tall  D) Heavy  E) Small |
| 8. Закончите фразеологизм:  War is the sports of … Война – развлечение королей.  A) Knights.  B) Generals.  C) Queens.  D) Kings.  E) Soldiers. |
| 9. Выберите правильный вариант переводa слова:  Неофициальный  A) Official.  B) Unofficial.  C) Reofficial.  D) Inofficial.  E) Imofficial. |
| 10. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения:  “… is absent”-said Kate to the teacher.  A) some.  B) anything.  C) any.  D) nobody.  E) anybody. |
| 11. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  Englishmen ... very fond of tea.  A) Are.  B) Been.  C) Be.  D) Am.  E) Is. |
| 12. Вставьте правильный вариант вспомогательного глагола: It … snowing the whole day yesterday.  A) are  B) have  C) was  D) be  E) shall |
| 13. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) The doctor said that he will come the next day.  B) The doctor said that he would come the next day.  C) The doctor said that he shall come the next day.  D) The doctor said that he comes the next day.  E) The doctor said that he should come the next day. |
| 14. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого:  There … eight new words in this lesson.  A) Was  B) Is  C) Am  D) Been  E) Are |
| 15. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением «Продолжать»:  A) To go about  B) To go in for  C) To go off  D) To go without  E) To go on |
| 16. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением "мыть посуду":  A) Wash out  B) Wash up.  C) Wash.  D) Wash for.  E) Wash in. |
| 17. Переведите “Становиться известным”  A) To belong  B) To replace  C) To come in  D) To become unknown  E) To become known |
| 18. Выберите верный вариант местоимений:  How are … children? – Fine, thanks. How are …?  A) Your / yours.  B) Yours / my.  C) Yours / yours.  D) Your / your.  E) Yours / your. |
| 19. Дополните предложение:  That’s the house ... we stayed in May.  A) what  B) when  C) where  D) who  E) which |
| 20. Выберите верный вариант сказуемого:  How much meat … you … this week?  A) Did… bought.  B) Have… buy.  C) Have… bought.  D) Do… buy.  E) Do… bought. |
| 21. Дополните предложение в Present Indefinite Passive:  Many houses ... built in our city.  A) is  B) am  C) are  D) was  E) will |
| 22. Выберите верный вариант общего вопроса к предложению:  My father used to be a scientist.  A) Use my father to be a scientist?  B) Does my father used to be a scientist?  C) Would my father use to be a scientist?  D) Did my father used to be a scientist?  E) Did my father use to be a scientist? |
| 23. Образуйте форму Participle 2 от глагола lose:  A) To lost.  B) To lose.  C) Losing.  D) Lost.  E) Losed. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст и выберите подходящий заголовок:  After the War of Independence the USA needed a capital city. It was difficult to choose it because different cities in different parts of the country wanted to be the nation’s capital. In the end it was decided to build a new city. In 1791 George Washington, the first president, chose the place where the city now stands. He thought it was a good place because the Potomac River was large enough for ships to come as far as the site of the city. The land round the city was called the District of Columbia, after Christopher Columbus; and the city on it was named Washington, in honour of the country’s first president.  A) Different cities of America.  B) The War of Independence.  C) The discovery of America.  D) The first President.  E) From the history of the capital. |
| 25. Образуйте новое слово от “ accept “, употребив верный суффикс:  A) acceptan  B) acceptal  C) acceptous  D) acceptable  E) acceptic |
| 26. Задайте вопрос к выделенному слову:  He usually ***goes*** to the seaside in summer.  A) When does he usually go to the seaside?  B) What does he usually do in summer?  C) Why does he usually go to the seaside?  D) Where does he usually go in summer?  E) Who usually goes to the seaside in summer? |
| 27. Выберите правильный модальный глагол:  You … open the window. It is stuffy here.  A) Has to.  B) Should.  C) Need.  D) Are to.  E) Can’t. |
| 28. В данном предложении герундий является:  I enjoy reading fantastics.  A) дополнением.  B) определением.  C) подлежащим.  D) обстоятельством.  E) именной частью сказуемого. |
| 29. Вставьте глагол в соответствующей форме:  I didn’t expect it (rain).  A) to have being rain.  B) to be rain.  C) to begin to rain.  D) to rain.  E) to rained. |
| 30. Выберите правильный ответ на вопрос:  What is the capital of Georgia?  A) Augusta.  B) Atlanta.  C) Albany.  D) Annapolis.  E) Austin. |
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**Вариант 9**

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| 1. Выберите правильное слово  Julia was a bit … about travelling by ship because she’d seen the film «Titanic».  A) nervous  B) sensible  C) overcome  D) sensitive  E) fed up |
| 2. Дополните предложение:  … flat is nice but … bathroom is too small.  A) a | the  B) The | the  C) - | -  D) A | a  E) The | a |
| 3. Существительное во множественном числе.  A) clives  B) clivves  C) cliff  D) cliffes  E) cliffs |
| 4. Выберите притяжательную форму существительного во множественном числе.  A) Fan’.  B) Fan’es.  C) Fans’s.  D) Fans’.  E) Fan’s. |
| 5. Вставьте правильную форму глагола  Watch out! You … knock the vase over.  A) is going to  B) are going to  C) am going to  D) would  E) was going to |
| 6. Выберите верное местоимение.  My father gave me that book … .  A) Itself.  B) Yourself.  C) Myself.  D) Himself.  E) Herself. |
| 7. Вставьте пропущенные местоимения:  … book is more interesting than … one.  A) these, this  B) this, that  C) this, these  D) this, those  E) that, that |
| 8. Выберите правильный вариант:  … is that man in a green suit? I don’t know …  A) who / him  B) who / hers  C) what / whom  D) who / this  E) what / his |
| 9. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  What size … your shoes ?  A) are  B) is  C) was  D) am  E) does |
| 10. Выберите нужный вариант вспомогательного глагола.  We … writing a composition now.  A) Is.  B) Be.  C) Are.  D) Was.  E) Am. |
| 11. Найдите правильную форму сказуемого:  There … a sports center in Moscow.  A) Been  B) Were  C) Is  D) Be  E) Are |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант.  I like … .  A) Drawing.  B) Draws.  C) Drawn.  D) Draw.  E) Drew. |
| 13. Выберите предложение с Participle I:  A) He has just sung this part.  B) They sang a lot yesterday.  C) They usually sing on weekends.  D) Mr. Marat listened to the girls singing Kazakh folk songs.  E) I enjoy singing pop – songs. |
| 14. Выберите правильный вариант ответа:  Where does the President of the USA live and work?  A) in the White House  B) in Congress  C) in the Supreme Court  D) in the Empire State Building  E) in the Pentagon |
| 15. Выберите слово, в котором выделенное буквосочетание читается отлично от других слов:  A) Ear**th**.  B) **Th**ousand.  C) Ei**th**er.  D) **Th**under.  E) **Th**ree. |
| 16. Выберите правильный вариант предлога:  I haven’t read this newspaper yet. I only looked it ….  A) Through.  B) Up.  C) After.  D) In.  E) Out. |
| 17. Переведите “To do the shopping ”  A) Ходить на базар  B) Дарить подарки  C) Делать покупки  D) Держать магазин  E) Разглядывать витрины |
| 18. Выразите одним словом:  A stopping place for trains is a ...  A) village.  B) stop.  C) station.  D) field.  E) city. |
| 19. Выберите лишнее слово в данной группе слов:  A) Ham.  B) Juice.  C) Chicken.  D) Bread.  E) Aunt. |
| 20. Выберите правильный английский эквивалент данной пословицы:  Где хотенье, там и уменье.  A) A man can die but once.  B) A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.  C) Appetite comes with eating.  D) A good beginning makes a good ending.  E) Where there is a will there is a way. |
| 21. Закончите предложение:  The weather was ... .  A) brightly.  B) well.  C) badly.  D) nicely.  E) bad. |
| 22. Выберите глагол в форме Future-in-the-Past:  A) Will be getting.  B) Shall been read.  C) Would walked.  D) Should doing.  E) Would continue. |
| 23. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  The pupils (to ask) by the teacher at every lesson.  A) Has been asked.  B) Is asked.  C) Was asked.  D) Are asked.  E) Will be ask. |
| 24. Определите название формы по приведенному примеру:  To have gone.  A) Participle 1.  B) Perfect Infinitive Active.  C) Gerund.  D) Participle 2.  E) Indefinite Infinitive Active. |
| 25. Образуйте новое слово от “real” c помощью следующих суффиксов.  A) Al.  B) Ist.  C) Ment.  D) Ic.  E) Tion. |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  I think I … the report next Monday.  A) don’t finish  B) am not finishing  C) haven’t finished  D) won’t finish  E) am not finished |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  He was tired. He … 5 km.  A) skies  B) was skied  C) had ski  D) has skying  E) had skied |
| 28. Замените выделенное модальное выражение его эквивалентом:  I **was able** to speak English well  A) might  B) could  C) may  D) can  E) must |
| 29. Задайте общий вопрос к предложению:  My brother used to be a taxi-driver.  A) Do my brother used to be a taxi-driver?  B) Did my brother used to be a taxi-driver?  C) Did my brother use to be a taxi-driver?  D) Does my brother used to be a taxi-driver?  E) Used my brother to be a taxi-driver? |
| 30. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание после текста:  Mr. Nelson wanted to be elected sheriff in a New Hampshire county. He went from farm to farm asking people to vote for him. Mrs. Marrow saw him coming up one day and reached for the broom. Get off, you good-for-nothing loafer, she shouted.  But Mrs. Marrow, said Nelson. I have just come to ask you if you’ll vote for me for sheriff.  Sheriff! shouted Mrs. Marrow. Your place is in the lockup, not in the sheriff’s office. You are a scoundrel, and your father was a scoundrel, and your grandfather was a scoundrel. Get out of here before I take this broom to you.  Nelson decided to go. Before climbing back into the car,he took out his notebook and wrote, after the name of Marrow, one word: Doubtful.  Закончите предложение:  Mr. Nelson was ...  A) ... a sheriff.  B) ... a President.  C) ... a cruel and brave man.  D) ... a candidate for sheriff.  E) ... a graduate from New Hampshire University. |
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**Вариант 10**

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| 1. Антонимом слова “Rise” является:  A) Ring.  B) Recite.  C) Get up.  D) Show.  E) Set. |
| 2. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  … Northern part of … state Michigan has many spots.  A) An, a.  B) The, the.  C) An, -.  D) An, the.  E) A, a. |
| 3. Выберите правильный вариант притяжательной формы существительного в единственном числе.  A) workmans’ union.  B) people’s organization.  C) grandfathers’s decision.  D) men’s rights.  E) reader’s hobby. |
| 4. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого.  There … many wild animals in Australia.  A) Are.  B) Is.  C) Am.  D) Be.  E) Was. |
| 5. Выберите подходящий английский эквивалент:  **Моя сестра собиралась сходить в театр вчера.**  A) My sister often visits her mother on Sundays.  B) My sister was going to pay a visit to the theatre yesterday.  C) My sister used to go to the theatre.  D) Yesterday my sister visited a theatre.  E) My sister will buy a ticket for “Spartacus”. |
| 6. Выберите слово со ІІ типом слога  A) Sake  B) Tame  C) Bake  D) Frame  E) Mat |
| 7. Выберите верное местоимение.  At … moment I was at home.  A) Its.  B) Those.  C) That.  D) These.  E) It. |
| 8. Выберите вопросительное местоимение для выделенного слова:  I am interested ***in sports.***  A) Where.  B) Why.  C) Who.  D) What.  E) When. |
| 9. Найдите множественное число слова “a boy”:  A) Boieses  B) Boyes  C) Boies  D) Boys  E) Boyses |
| 10. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  My flat ... very comfortable.  A) Been.  B) Am.  C) Be.  D) Is.  E) Are. |
| 11. Выберите правильное сказуемое:  The train … at the station by 4 o’clock yesterday.  A) has arrive  B) have arrives  C) have arrive  D) had arrived  E) have arrived |
| 12. Дополните предложение в Past Indefinite Passive:  The theatre ... built in 1970.  A) is  B) was  C) are  D) were  E) be |
| 13. Определите функцию инфинитива в следующем предложении:  To smoke is bad for health.  A) сказуемое  B) определение  C) дополнение  D) подлежащее  E) обстоятельство |
| 14. Выберите правильный ответ.  The Scottish lake in which there is supposed to be a monster is …  A) Lake Huron  B) Lake Michigan  C) Loch Ness  D) Lake Superior  E) Lake Erie |
| 15. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением «Заботиться»:  A) To look in  B) Look out  C) To look before  D) To look up  E) To look after |
| 16. Выберите определение к выражению to pay attention:  A) To go in for sport.  B) To check up a control work.  C) To listen to somebody without interrupting.  D) To give somebody a book.  E) To play football. |
| 17. Дайте определение слову hurry:  A) To be late.  B) To catch a train.  C) To do something very quickly.  D) To play with friends.  E) To go to the cinema with one’s friends. |
| 18. Выберите лишнее слово в данной группе слов:  A) Brother.  B) Mug.  C) Wife.  D) Daughter.  E) Son. |
| 19. Закончите фразеологизм:  Hear …, speak … Слушай много, говори мало.  A) Much, little.  B) More, more.  C) Many, much.  D) All the time, never.  E) Little, much. |
| 20. Образуйте прилагательное с противоположным значением от слова "definite":  A) Ildefinite.  B) Undefinite.  C) Indefinite.  D) Imdefinite.  E) Redefinite. |
| 21. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) They knew that they would manage somehow.  B) They knew that they would managed somehow.  C) They knew that they will manage somehow.  D) They knew that they wouldn’t managed somehow.  E) They knew that they should managed somehow. |
| 22. Поставьте предложение в отрицательную форму:  Karen used to go swimming every day.  A) Karen used to didn’t go swimming every day.  B) Karen don’t used to go swimming every day.  C) Karen use not to go swimming every day.  D) Karen didn’t use to go swimming every day.  E) Karen doesn’t used to go swimming every day. |
| 23. Выделенное слово является Participle 1впредложении:  A) The book is very ***interesting.***  B) She ate her supper ***watching*** a film on TV.  C) That ***morning*** was clear and sunny.  D) I saw a bookshop near the ***turning.***  E) I saw a new ***building*** in the street. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст, выберите правильный ответ на вопрос:  A very rich man asked a famous artist to draw something for him in his album. The artist did so, and asked for one hundred dollars. “Why!” cried the rich man. “It took you only five minutes to do it!” “Yes,” answered the artist. “But it took me twenty years to learn how to do it in five minutes.”  Why did the famous artist ask for money for his work?  A) It had taken him twenty years to draw money.  B) It had taken him twenty minutes to learn how to ask for money.  C) It had taken him twenty years to learn how to draw.  D) It had taken him five minutes to learn how to do albums.  E) It took him five minutes to learn how to draw. |
| 25. Образуйте новое слово “ победоносный “, употребив верный суффикс :  A) victorive  B) victoriful  C) victoral  D) victoriable  E) victoriuos |
| 26. Дополните предложение:  I think they know very (мало) English songs.  A) few  B) a little  C) little  D) some  E) any |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  … you often … your brother these days?  A) Does . . . see  B) Is . . . seen  C) Has . . . seen  D) Are . . . seeing  E) Do . . . see |
| 28. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  They stood under the shelter because it … .  A) was raining  B) rains  C) have been raining  D) rained  E) has rained |
| 29. Выберите верный модальный глагол:  He … go to the dentist because he has toothache.  A) Mustn’t  B) Should  C) Ought  D) Was able to  E) Have |
| 30. Переведите:  Придя домой, он сразу позвонил Джейн.  A) Having come home, he called Jane immediately  B) Have come home, he called Jane immediately  C) Having coming home, he called Jane immediately  D) Coming home, he called Jane immediately  E) Come home, he called Jane immediately |
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**Вариант 11**

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| 1. Выберите слово, сходное по значению со словом **quiet**.  A) clear.  B) special.  C) calm.  D) hard.  E) strange. |
| 2. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  … White House is … home of … president.  A) The, the, the.  B) The, the, -.  C) -, the, -.  D) -, the, a.  E) A, an, -. |
| 3. Выберите существительное во множественном числе.  A) Knivs.  B) Knivies  C) Knives.  D) Knifes.  E) Knifs. |
| 4. Поставьте глагол в предложении в Past Simple Tense.  **He … glad to see his friends’ victory in a football game last week.**  A) is.  B) was.  C) am.  D) are.  E) were. |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  What … you going to be when you leave school?  A) is  B) am  C) was  D) were  E) are |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других.  A) **K**eep  B) **K**eel  C) **K**ale  D) **K**night  E) **K**een |
| 7. Найдите глагол, образованный при помощи префиксa:  A) communicate  B) lighten  C) misdo  D) characterise  E) invite |
| 8. Выберите верное местоимение:  The music was so loud that I had to shout to make … .  A) ourselves  B) himself  C) herself  D) myself  E) itself |
| 9. Найдите правильное местоимение:  They believed … it was true.  A) Which.  B) What.  C) Who.  D) Whose.  E) That. |
| 10. Дополните предложение существительным в притяжательном падеже  Do you know my…daughter?  A) Uncle  B) Uncles’  C) Uncle’s  D) Uncles  E) Uncles’s |
| 11. Выберите правильный вариант глагола:  Mary … just …fresh newspaper to her father.  A) have … bring  B) have …brought  C) has … bring  D) have … brings  E) has … brought |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант перевода на русский язык:  Во дворе много деревьев.  A) There were no trees in the yard.  B) There are no trees in the yard.  C) There are many trees in the yard.  D) Many trees were in the yard.  E) There many trees in the yard. |
| 13. Определите функцию инфинитива в следующем предложении:  I was the first to come.  A) подлежащее  B) определение  C) обстоятельство  D) дополнение  E) сказуемое |
| 14. Выберите правильный вариант ответа:  What is the national emblem of England?  A) rose  B) maple leaf  C) violet  D) tulip  E) shamrock |
| 15. Найдите антоним к слову:  “Difficult”  A) Hard.  B) Easy.  C) Heavy.  D) Calm.  E) Clear. |
| 16. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением «Записывать»:  A) To put down  B) To put up with  C) To put on  D) To put out  E) To put off |
| 17. Найдите предложение с фразовым глаголом:  A) I don’t like coffee.  B) The girl looks after her little sister.  C) What do you usually wear to school?  D) He couldn’t play the guitar.  E) The family breakfast is usually at 9 o’clock. |
| 18. Выберите обобщающее слово для данной группы слов:  A) Sweet.  B) Department.  C) Store.  D) Price.  E) Shopping. |
| 19. Дайте определение слову expensive:  A) Costing a lot of money.  B) A very rich person.  C) A good mark at school.  D) A fine weather.  E) A beautiful thing. |
| 20. Поставьте глагол в предложении в Past Continuous Tense:  The children (to sleep) when their parents came home.  A) were sleep.  B) was sleep.  C) was sleeping.  D) were sleeping.  E) were to sleeping. |
| 21. Дополните предложение в Present Indefinite Passive:  The children ... by excellent teachers in our school.  A) to be taught  B) were teaching  C) was taught  D) is teached  E) are taught |
| 22. Вставьте необходимое сочетание с модальным глаголом:  You look tired. Yes, I ... last night.  A) can sleep  B) can not sleep  C) can’t sleep  D) couldn’t sleep  E) could sleep |
| 23. Задайте вопрос к предложению:  They used to live in the same street.  A) Do they used to live in the same street?  B) Does they used to live in the same street?  C) Did they used to live in the same street?  D) Did they use to live in the same street?  E) Would they used to live in the same street? |
| 24. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание после текста:  Mr. Nelson wanted to be elected sheriff in a New Hampshire county. He went from farm to farm asking people to vote for him. Mrs. Marrow saw him coming up one day and reached for the broom. Get off, you good-for-nothing loafer, she shouted.  But Mrs. Marrow, said Nelson. I have just come to ask you if you’ll vote for me for sheriff.  Sheriff! shouted Mrs. Marrow. Your place is in the lockup, not in the sheriff’s office. You are a scoundrel, and your father was a scoundrel, and your grandfather was a scoundrel. Get out of here before I take this broom to you.  Nelson decided to go. Before climbing back into the car,he took out his notebook and wrote, after the name of Marrow, one word: Doubtful.  Выберите заголовок к тексту:  A) How to Become a President.  B) The Last Elections.  C) Mrs. Marrow Is a Sheriff.  D) He Wants to Be a Sheriff.  E) Mr. Nelson and a Scoundrel. |
| 25. Подберите подходящее по смыслу слово:  I… go to the cinema with my brother  A) slowly  B) happy  C) quickly  D) early  E) often |
| 26. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения:  … is giving our secret information. The enemy knows about our plans.  A) Nothing  B) Somebody  C) Anybody  D) Something  E) Nobody |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  When … married?  A) does you get  B) have you been getting  C) did you get  D) do you get  E) have you got |
| 28. Выберите правильный вариант глаголов:  Dauren hoped they … before anybody started to look for them.  A) should come  B) would have come  C) would come  D) would came  E) will have come |
| 29. Выберите предложение с Герундием:  A) Travelling is very interesting in any season.  B) He is travelling now.  C) My family are travelling now.  D) She likes books about travelling expeditions.  E) She is going to travel to Africa. |
| 30. Выберите верное причастие:  ... Etiquette  A) Spoken.  B) Speaked.  C) Spokening.  D) Spoking.  E) Speaking. |
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**Вариант 12**

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| 1. Синонимом слова “Fellow” является:  A) Worker.  B) Comrade.  C) Brother.  D) Enemy.  E) Driver. |
| 2. Выберите правильное слово  Where is … cat?  A) some  B) a  C) an  D) –  E) the |
| 3. Дополните предложение:  The little … face was happy.  A) girl  B) girls’s  C) girl’s  D) girls  E) girls’es |
| 4. Выберите правильный вариант предложения в Past Simple Tense.  A) Pupils run and jump at P.T. Lessons.  B) My friend has just come home.  C) Ahmed phoned me yesterday.  D) My birthday will be on Sunday.  E) We are reading now. |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  Where … you going when you met your friend in the street yesterday?  A) were  B) been  C) are  D) is  E) was |
| 6. Выберите слово с ІІI типом слога  A) Barn  B) Base  C) Close  D) Rose  E) Same |
| 7. Выберите правильный вариант переводa слова:  Несчастный  A) Inhappy.  B) Happy.  C) Imhappy.  D) Unhappy.  E) Rehappy. |
| 8. Выберите верное местоимение:  There is … milk in the bottle.  A) some  B) any  C) anybody  D) something  E) anything |
| 9. Выберите правильный вариант множественного числа существительного:  Bench  A) Benchies.  B) Benches.  C) Benchess.  D) Bench.  E) Benchs. |
| 10. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  What … your parents’ address last year ?  A) am  B) was  C) are  D) is  E) were |
| 11. Выберите правильное отрицательное предложение:  You must forget about it.  A) You haven’t to forget about it.  B) You shouldn’t forget about it.  C) You can’t forget about it.  D) You needn’t forget about it.  E) You mustn’t forget about it. |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого:  There … no shops in this part of the town.  A) be  B) am  C) is  D) was  E) are |
| 13. Выберите правильный вариант.  A child stopped … .  A) Cried.  B) Cry.  C) Cry to.  D) Crying.  E) Cries. |
| 14. Выберите правильный вариант ответа.  What theatre was organized by W. Shakespeare?  A) Green Theatre.  B) Globe Theatre.  C) Old Vic Theatre.  D) Royal Theatre.  E) Open Theatre. |
| 15. Выберите верное окончание для словосочетания:  A bottle of...  A) honey.  B) butter.  C) oil.  D) cream.  E) sugar. |
| 16. Выберите нужный фразовый глагол.  I … the bus at Furmonov street.  A) Get on.  B) Get over.  C) Get tired.  D) Get up.  E) Get sick. |
| 17. “Безвредный” Найдите правильный перевод:  A) Boundless  B) Bottomless  C) Endless  D) Harmless  E) Homeless |
| 18. Закончите предложение:  To come back means to ...  A) go on foot.  B) come in time.  C) return.  D) go by bus.  E) come late. |
| 19. Закончите пословицу:  Actions speak louder...  A) ... you speak.  B) ... than words.  C) ... than one.  D) ... than wealth.  E) ... make long friends. |
| 20. Найдите правильный вариант перевода:  Он не идет сейчас домой.  A) He’ll go home soon.  B) He is going home now.  C) He isn’t going to go home.  D) He is going to go home.  E) He isn’t going home now. |
| 21. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  Peter just … me a new job.  A) was offered  B) was offer  C) have offered  D) has offered  E) offers |
| 22. Поставьте глагол в предложении в Present Indefinite Passive:  The boy (to say) to come to school in time.  A) is to be said  B) was saying  C) is said  D) is saying  E) was said |
| 23. Выберите предложение с Past Participle:  A) The house built in 1789 was the oldest building in the town.  B) The man standing at the door helped the old lady.  C) It was snowing the whole day.  D) He is reading the book at this moment.  E) Seeing that he was late he took the taxi. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание после текста:  For the people who live along the banks of the St. Lawrence River the arrival of the ice-breakers is a very important event each year. When the ice-breakers arrive everyone knows that spring will soon come and that long Canadian winter is almost over. The slow movement of the ice-breaking ships up the river to Montreal is reported over the radio and in the newspapers. Whole families go on Sunday excursions to the river bank where they spend hours watching the ship at work.  In March many ships gather in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, waiting for the signal telling them that the way to Montreal is free. As soon as the signal is given, a race begins for the port. The winning ship is given a great welcome, and the captain receives a special prize.  ***Закончите предложение:***  The arrival of the ice-breakers means that ...  A) ... you can go on an excursion to the river bank.  B) ... it is reported over the radio.  C) ... people can walk along the river.  D) ... the captains will receive good prizes.  E) ... the long winter is almost over. |
| 25. Образуйте прилагательное при помощи суффикса:  Cloud  A) ing  B) ly  C) y  D) ful  E) able |
| 26. Выберите верные местоимения.  She saw me at school yesterday, but …was too busy to talk with … .  A) You, he.  B) We, their.  C) Him, its.  D) I, her.  E) They, we. |
| 27. Выберите правильный вариант вопросительного местоимения:  … of you speaks English?  A) Which.  B) Whom.  C) When.  D) What.  E) Whose. |
| 28. Выберите правильный вариант глаголов:  I was sure that they … (to arrive) in the evening.  A) would be arriving  B) would arrive  C) should arrive  D) should have arrived  E) would have arrived |
| 29. Задайте специльный вопрос к предложению:  I used to read a lot of books.  A) Do I used to read a lot of books?  B) Did I used read a lot of books?  C) Why do I used to read a lot of books?  D) When did I use to read a lot of books?  E) Did I used to read a lot of books? |
| 30. Выберите правильный вариант употребления инфинитива:  A) My son to be too young to marry.  B) My son was too young to married.  C) My son was too young to being marry.  D) My son is too young to have marrying.  E) My son is too young to marry. |
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**Вариант 13**

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| 1. Выбери слово, противоположное по смыслу слову “Enter”:  A) Arrive.  B) Come in.  C) Insert.  D) Able.  E) Leave. |
| 2. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  They placed … box on … table.  A) -, the.  B) An, a.  C) The, the.  D) -, -.  E) The, an. |
| 3. Выберите притяжательную форму существительного в единственном числе.  A) girls’ stamps.  B) farmers’ department.  C) shop-assistants’ duties.  D) children’s clothes.  E) grandmother’s bag. |
| 4. Дополните предложение:  The child was glad. There … many animals in the Zoo.  A) is  B) are  C) were  D) to be  E) was |
| 5. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого.  They … to visit Astana.  A) Is going.  B) Am going.  C) Was going.  D) Be going.  E) Are going. |
| 6. Выберите правильный вариант перевода слова:  Неважный  A) Inimportant.  B) Disimportant.  C) Unimportant.  D) Important.  E) Reimportant. |
| 7. Выберите верное местоимение.  There are not … flowers in the vase.  A) Something.  B) Anything.  C) Some.  D) Any.  E) Nothing. |
| 8. Выберите неисчисляемoе существительнoе:  A) Rule.  B) Water.  C) Road.  D) Army.  E) Hero. |
| 9. Выберите правильное отрицательное предложение:  You must forget about it.  A) You haven’t to forget about it.  B) You can’t forget about it.  C) You needn’t forget about it.  D) You mustn’t forget about it.  E) You shouldn’t forget about it. |
| 10. Выберите предложение с герундием:  A) I enjoyed watching TV.  B) Having watched TV we went for a walk.  C) Yesterday Mr. Green watched TV in the evening.  D) We have been watching TV since morning.  E) Nick is watching TV now. |
| 11. Определите функцию инфинитива в следующем предложении:  Arman was the first to recover.  A) обстоятельство  B) определение  C) дополнение  D) сказуемое  E) подлежащее |
| 12. Выберите верное причастие:  The ... day  A) Followeding.  B) Following.  C) Followeded.  D) Followning.  E) Followned. |
| 13. Прочитайте текст, выберите завершение предложения, соответствующее содержанию текста:  Balzac, the famous French writer, was a man of great talent. But he himself was proud of his ability to tell a person’s character by his or her handwriting. One day a woman brought him a young boy’s exercise-book. She said she wanted to know what Balzac thought of the boy’s character. Balzac studied the boy’s handwriting carefully. Then he said that the boy was a lazy fellow. “It’s very strange,” said the woman smiling. “This is a page from your own exercise-book, which you used when you were a boy.”  Balzac … .  A) Was an engineer.  B) Had an exercise-book.  C) Was going by train to France.  D) Was a man of great talent.  E) Was a famous English writer. |
| 14. Закончите предложение:  Sherwood Forest is famous for legendary … .  A) Robin Hood.  B) Mary Poppins.  C) Harry Potter.  D) Winnie-the-Pooh.  E) Sleeping Beauty. |
| 15. Выберите слово с третьим типом слога:  A) Visit.  B) Observe.  C) Pupil.  D) Place.  E) More. |
| 16. Синонимом слова “Discover” является:  A) Close  B) Find  C) Take  D) Meet  E) Open |
| 17. Выберите верное окончание для словосочетания:  A loaf of ...  A) lemonade.  B) tea.  C) bacon.  D) bread.  E) flour. |
| 18. Выберите нужный фразовый глагол.  We like to walk and … the stars at night.  A) Look out on.  B) Look down upon.  C) Look out.  D) Look up.  E) Look at. |
| 19. Дополните предложение:  He ... his brother’s example.  A) appearance  B) suffers  C) learn  D) follows  E) advice |
| 20. Закончите пословицу:  Actions speak louder...  A) ... than words.  B) ... you speak.  C) ... make long friends.  D) ... than wealth.  E) ... than one. |
| 21. Выберите верный вариант местоимений:  How long does … take … to go to the nearest shop?  A) She / you.  B) He / you.  C) It / you.  D) It / your.  E) She / your. |
| 22. Выберите глагол в форме Past Continuous Active:  A) Was work.  B) Was being worked.  C) Was works.  D) Was worked.  E) Was working. |
| 23. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол в предложении:  I ... not heard this news.  A) have  B) was  C) did  D) do  E) does |
| 24. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  Last week I (to ask) to write an article.  A) Was ask.  B) Was asked.  C) Am asked.  D) Has asked.  E) Is asked. |
| 25. Подберите нужное по смыслу прилагательное или наречие:  He wrote a dictation very …  A) badly  B) much  C) hardly  D) bad  E) lately |
| 26. Найдите правильное местоимение:  In Kazakhstan there is only one lake … I haven’t visited yet.  A) Whose.  B) What.  C) Which.  D) Whom.  E) Who. |
| 27. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  Zulfiya … to have made a report on psychology previous Thursday.  A) was  B) isn’t  C) is  D) weren’t  E) were |
| 28. Глагол to do употреблен в качестве вспомогательного в предложении:  A) What are you doing?  B) He never does his morning exercises.  C) I’ve done all you have asked me to do.  D) Who did the shoppings in your family?  E) Did you know how to drive a car? |
| 29. Выберите правильный вариант:  He answered he … when he … the answer.  A) phoned / knew  B) will phone / knows  C) would phone / knew  D) would phone / would know  E) will phone / would know |
| 30. Задайте вопрос к предложению:  Liz has got short hair now but it used to be very long.  A) Do her hair used to be very long?  B) If her hair used to be very long?  C) Did her hair used to be very long?  D) Did her hair use to be very long?  E) Does her hair used to be very long? |
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**Вариант 14**

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| 1. Выберите слово, противоположное по значению: long.  A) Sad.  B) Proud.  C) Low.  D) Short.  E) High. |
| 2. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  … potatoes are grown everywhere in … British Isles.  A) -, the.  B) A, an.  C) An, the.  D) A, the.  E) -, a. |
| 3. Выберите неисчисляемое существительное:  A) Ground.  B) Garden.  C) Game.  D) Gymnasium.  E) Giraffe. |
| 4. Поставьте глагол в предложении в Present Simple Tense.  **… you as old as your friend?**  A) is.  B) was.  C) am.  D) were.  E) are. |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  Look! There … a book on the table.  A) are  B) was  C) were  D) am  E) is |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других.  A) **G**lutton  B) **G**eography  C) **G**lassy  D) **G**lue  E) **G**lobe |
| 7. Выберите производное слово от слова "help":  A) Helpy.  B) Helply.  C) Helpless.  D) Imhelp.  E) Helpiation. |
| 8. Выберите верное местоимение:  Mary didn’t know about it. … was at home.  A) She.  B) They.  C) Me.  D) You.  E) Him. |
| 9. Выберите верное местоимение.  There are … interesting toys on the table.  A) Nothing.  B) Any.  C) Some.  D) Anything.  E) Something. |
| 10. Выберите правильный вариант:  I thought … there was nothing to worry about.  A) which  B) what  C) whom  D) that  E) whose |
| 11. Выберите притяжательную форму существительного в единственном числе.  A) Neighbours’  B) Aunt’s  C) Dogs’  D) Plants’  E) Planes’ |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант формы глагола:  He was looking forward to … to Astana to business-trip.  A) is sending  B) have send  C) being sent  D) sending  E) sent |
| 13. Выберите предложение с Participle I:  A) Yesterday they went to the park.  B) Going along the street Imet Mary.  C) Nick likes going to the skating rink.  D) We have gone to Almaty.  E) Our parents want to go to the theatre. |
| 14. Выберите подходящее слово.  The battle at Trafalgar was a … victory of the British nation.  A) triumphant  B) erect  C) small  D) little  E) privilege |
| 15. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением «Собираться сделать что-либо»:  A) To be away  B) To be going to do something  C) To be back  D) To be off  E) To be in |
| 16. Переведите “Заботиться о… ”:  A) To like  B) To take in  C) To take care of  D) To take out.  E) To defend |
| 17. Образуйте новое слово от глагола “write” с помощью следующих приставок.  A) Un.  B) Im.  C) Ir.  D) Re.  E) In. |
| 18. Выберите глагол в форме Present Perfect Active:  A) Have been waiting.  B) Had read.  C) Was cought.  D) Has finished.  E) Were having. |
| 19. Выберите правильный вариант:  We were told that the train … five minutes later.  A) would be arrivе  B) had been arriving  C) would arrive  D) will arrive  E) has arrived |
| 20. Выберите правильный вопрос:  You shouldn’t close the window  A) Will I close the window?  B) Should I close the window?  C) Could I close the window?  D) Need I close the window?  E) May I close the window? |
| 21. Найдите предложение, имеющее значение будущего времени:  A) I’m going home now.  B) He is playing chess now.  C) What is he going to do?  D) They aren’t doing homework now.  E) What are they doing? |
| 22. Закончите предложение :  When I was younger, I … play tennis quite well.  A) To get used to  B) To be used to  C) Used  D) Am used to  E) Used to |
| 23. Вставьте глагол в соответствующей форме:  Seeing Nick enter the room I rose (greet) him.  A) to greeted  B) to greeting  C) greet  D) to greet  E) greeted |
| 24. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание после текста:  London is famous as a city where businessmen carry umbrellas and wear bowler hats. But do you know how the umbrella came to England?  The word umbrella is Italian, meaning a little shade. The Italians did not invent the umbrella, however, it was used many centuries ago in the East as a protection against the sun. In England it was used more as a protection against the rain and the first man to appear in the streets of London with an umbrella more than a hundred and fifty years ago was Jonas Hanway. But the first umbrella user did not have an easy time: he got into trouble with coachmen. They did not want people to use umbrellas in rainy weather, they wanted them to ride in their coaches.  But the Londoners were so grateful to Jonas Hanway that when he died they erected a monument to his memory in Westminster Abbey, where it may still be seen to this days.  Ответьте на вопрос:  *How did the Englishmen use the umbrella?*  A) They used the umbrella as a little shade.  B) They used the umbrella in hot weather.  C) They used the umbrella to ride a coach.  D) They used the umbrella as a protection against the sun.  E) They used the umbrella as a protection against the rain. |
| 25. Выберите антоним к подчеркнутому слову:  The **damp** climate of this country made my cough very strong.  A) moist  B) wet  C) raw  D) humid  E) dry |
| 26. Выразите одним словом:  You send them to your relatives on holidays.  A) Postcards.  B) Bags.  C) Sorrows.  D) Clouds.  E) Children. |
| 27. Выберите правильный английский эквивалент данной пословицы:  Сколько голов, столько умов.  A) So many men, so many minds.  B) A good beginning makes a good ending.  C) East or West, home is best.  D) As you make your bed so you must lie on it.  E) No pains, no gains. |
| 28. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  Clothes … very different in the year 2100.  A) are  B) will be  C) is  D) are going to  E) is going to be |
| 29. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  When the film started the children … in the living room.  A) Played  B) Play  C) Has played  D) Had playing  E) Were playing |
| 30. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  Her book (to finish) next month.  A) Was finished.  B) Be finished.  C) Were finished.  D) Will be finished.  E) Is finished. |
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**Вариант 15**

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| 1. Антонимом слова “Dream” является:  A) Possibility.  B) Ability.  C) Reality.  D) Success.  E) Luck. |
| 2. Дополните предложение:  … year ago he was in … 10-th form.  A) - | the  B) The | the  C) A | the  D) A | a  E) A | - |
| 3. Существительное во множественном числе.  A) watch  B) glases  C) torch  D) torches  E) watchis |
| 4. Поставьте глагол в предложении в Present Simple Tense.  **New Year’s Day … the time for making New Year resolutions.**  A) is.  B) am.  C) was.  D) are.  E) were. |
| 5. Выберите правильную форму глагола .  … there any snakes in the forest?  A) wasn`t  B) is  C) are  D) isn`t  E) - |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других слов:  A) **U**mbrella.  B) Br**u**sh.  C) B**u**tter.  D) B**u**s.  E) B**u**sh. |
| 7. Выберите правильный вариант перевода слова:  Невозможный  A) Unpossible.  B) Possible.  C) Inpossible.  D) Dispossible.  E) Impossible. |
| 8. Образуйте сложное слово:  text  A) room  B) yard  C) day  D) book  E) paper |
| 9. Выберите верное местоимение:  I love … very much!  A) She.  B) Mines.  C) Him.  D) He.  E) Hers. |
| 10. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения:  Have you got … new books?  A) Nothing.  B) Something.  C) None.  D) Any.  E) Anything. |
| 11. Найдите правильное местоимение:  He published the book … nobody ever read.  A) Whose.  B) Which.  C) Whom.  D) Who.  E) What. |
| 12. Вставьте пропущенные слова:  The … resources are quite enough to meet the … material needs.  A) Earth’s, people’s  B) Earth’s, peoples  C) Earths’, peoples’  D) Earths, people’s  E) Earths, peoples |
| 13. Выберите правильный ответ:  Is Tom going to play on the bridge?  A) Yes, it is.  B) Yes, he is.  C) No, she isn’t.  D) Yes, he will.  E) Yes, she is. |
| 14. Закончите предложение:  The national emblem of Scotland is ...  A) the rose.  B) the helmet.  C) the daffodil.  D) the red hand.  E) the thistle. |
| 15. Найдите синоним к слову:  “To work”  A) To write.  B) To run.  C) To build.  D) To read.  E) To labour. |
| 16. Найдите предложение с фразовым глаголом:  A) He is the best pupil in his class.  B) Children must help their parents.  C) He took me to the cinema with him yesterday.  D) She doesn’t like tea with milk.  E) Take off your coat, it’s very warm in the street. |
| 17. Переведите “Быть расположенным ”  A) To be lucky  B) To be separated  C) To be upset  D) To consist of  E) To be situated |
| 18. Дополните предложение:  Not to catch the train means to ... it.  A) like  B) have  C) miss  D) sell  E) buy |
| 19. Найдите правильный вариант перевода:  She shouldn’t come.  A) Ей можно прийти.  B) Ей не следует приходить.  C) Ей пришлось прийти.  D) Она не могла прийти.  E) Она должна прийти. |
| 20. Выберите верный вариант отрицания к данному предложению:  He used to do everything his mother said.  A) He not used to do everything his mother said.  B) He used to not do everything his mother said.  C) He didn’t used to do everything his mother said.  D) He didn’t use to do everything his mother said.  E) He didn’t use do everything his mother said. |
| 21. Вставьте в предложение глагол в соответствующей форме:  He is very good at (learn) languages.  A) learning  B) being learnt  C) to learn  D) learn  E) have learnt |
| 22. Вставьте глагол в соответствующей форме:  Tell her what you would like her (do).  A) to do.  B) to have do.  C) do.  D) to be doing.  E) doing. |
| 23. Выберите предложение, в котором причастие употреблено в функции обстоятельства:  A) While reading a book she was eating sweets.  B) They saw a flying bird.  C) I heard her speaking on the phone.  D) The boy crying in the street is my friend.  E) The boy reading a book is my brother. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопрос после текста:  After the War of Independence the USA needed a capital city. It was difficult to choose it because different cities in different parts of the country wanted to be the nation’s capital. In the end it was decided to build a new city. In 1791 George Washington, the first president, chose the place where the city now stands. He thought it was a good place because the Potomac River was large enough for ships to come as far as the site of the city. The land round the city was called the District of Columbia, after Christopher Columbus; and the city on it was named Washington, in honour of the country’s first president.  ***Why did George Washington choose this place for the city?***  A) Because the war of Independence was over.  B) Because it was the district of Columbia.  C) Because Christopher Columbus discovered this place.  D) Because it was good for ships to come to the city.  E) Because he was the first president. |
| 25. Закончите фразеологизм:  To … oneself together. Взять себя в руки.  A) Put.  B) Get.  C) Take.  D) Pull.  E) Give. |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  The biggest event in Tom’s life … by chance.  A) happened  B) has happen  C) was happening  D) has been happening  E) happens |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  I woke up and found out that water … through the ceiling.  A) has been pouring  B) was pouring  C) is pouring  D) poured  E) has poured |
| 28. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  I … him for ages.  A) didn’t see  B) haven’t seen  C) hasn’t seen  D) don’t see  E) won’t see |
| 29. Укажите правильный вариант сказуемого:  He said he … the report by 8 o’clock.  A) Will finish.  B) Would have finished.  C) Should have finished.  D) Will have finished.  E) Would had finished. |
| 30. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  At this very moment the suspect . . . by the police.  A) was interviewed  B) has been interviewed  C) is being interviewed  D) is interviewed  E) had been interviewed |
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**Вариант 16**

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| 1. Выберите слово, противоположное по значению: young.  A) Kind.  B) Happy.  C) Clean.  D) Old.  E) Nice. |
| 2. Выберите правильное слово  Julia has got … orange.  A) an  B) some  C) the  D) A  E) – |
| 3. Выберите правильное слово.  It`s the … foot.  A) of the dog’s  B) Doges’  C) of the dog  D) Dog’  E) dog’s |
| 4. Дополните предложение:  How are you? – I … all right.  A) were  B) am  C) been  D) was  E) are |
| 5. Выберите подходящий английский эквивалент:.  **Я собираюсь быть дома в 8 часов вечера.**  A) I went to the shop yesterday.  B) I am going to be at home at 8 o’clock in the evening.  C) They have already gone home.  D) I am going to my desk now.  E) We’ll go to the meeting after classes. |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других.  A) **G**lass  B) **G**lad  C) **G**eneral  D) **G**litter  E) **G**lade |
| 7. Выберите правильный вариант переводa слова:  Неприятный  A) Displeasant.  B) Mispleasant.  C) Pleasant.  D) Unpleasant.  E) Repleasant. |
| 8. Образуйте существительное от глагола serve:  A) Serve.  B) Serventy.  C) Servesation.  D) Servelity.  E) Servant. |
| 9. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения в предложении:  We live in Wales. ... parents live with ... .  A) Our / they.  B) Ours / we.  C) Theirs / our.  D) Our / us.  E) Mine / me. |
| 10. Дополните предложение, вставив нужное местоимение:  They did not pick ... flowers.  A) anything  B) somebody  C) no  D) nothing  E) any |
| 11. Выберите исчисляемoе существительнoе:  A) Magazine.  B) News.  C) Health.  D) Rain.  E) Peace. |
| 12. Выберите правильное отрицательное предложение:  You must forget about it.  A) You shouldn’t forget about it.  B) You needn’t forget about it.  C) You mustn’t forget about it.  D) You can’t forget about it.  E) You haven’t to forget about it. |
| 13. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого:  There … someone at the door.  A) Is  B) Am  C) Are  D) Were  E) Be |
| 14. Прочитайте текст, выберите завершение предложения, соответствующее содержанию текста:  Balzac, the famous French writer, was a man of great talent. But he himself was proud of his ability to tell a person’s character by his or her handwriting. One day a woman brought him a young boy’s exercise-book. She said she wanted to know what Balzac thought of the boy’s character. Balzac studied the boy’s handwriting carefully. Then he said that the boy was a lazy fellow. “It’s very strange,” said the woman smiling. “This is a page from your own exercise-book, which you used when you were a boy.”  Balzac … .  A) Was going by train to France.  B) Was an engineer.  C) Was a man of great talent.  D) Was a famous English writer.  E) Had an exercise-book. |
| 15. Найдите антоним к слову:  “Difficult”  A) Calm.  B) Clear.  C) Heavy.  D) Hard.  E) Easy. |
| 16. Дополните предложение:  He made a very interesting ... at the conference.  A) report  B) lesson  C) problem  D) table  E) article |
| 17. Выразите одним словом:  A person who travels by plane or by ship is a ...  A) passenger.  B) customer.  C) businessman.  D) seller.  E) stranger. |
| 18. Закончите пословицу:  Better late...  A) ... like the present.  B) ... than never.  C) ... and quick to perform.  D) ... what you can do today.  E) ... before pleasure. |
| 19. Выберите правильный вариант вопросительного местоимения:  By … is this book written?  A) What.  B) Which.  C) Whose.  D) Whom.  E) Who. |
| 20. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол в предложении:  ... you meet her at the station?  A) Was  B) Will  C) Are  D) Does  E) Have |
| 21. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) They thought I should work in the garden at that moment.  B) They thought I should have been worked in the garden at that moment.  C) They thought I should be working in the garden at that moment.  D) They thought I should have worked in the garden at that moment.  E) They thought I should worked in the garden at that moment. |
| 22. Вставьте в предложение глагол в соответствующей форме:  Nick used (live) alone.  A) live  B) having lived  C) living  D) to live  E) to be living |
| 23. Выделенное слово является Participle 1впредложении:  A) I saw a new ***building*** in the street.  B) That ***morning*** was clear and sunny.  C) I saw a bookshop near the ***turning.***  D) She ate her supper ***watching*** a film on TV.  E) The book is very ***interesting.*** |
| 24. Допишите предложение.  The novel “Treasure Island” was written by …  A) Somerset Maugham.  B) Robert Stevenson.  C) Robert Burns.  D) Alan Marshall.  E) Mark Twain. |
| 25. Переведите “To be keen on ”  A) Находить удовольствие.  B) Обладать хорошим слухом.  C) Страстно желать, увлекаться чем-либо.  D) Быть честным.  E) Держать на уровне. |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  He… when he fell over and broke his leg.  A) skies  B) has been skiing  C) skied  D) were skiing  E) was skiing |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  She said she … just … dinner.  A) had cooked  B) cooks  C) is cooking  D) has cooked  E) cook |
| 28. Выберите правильный перевод предложения в страдательном залоге:  Ему показали дорогу.  A) Him was shown the way.  B) He was shown the way.  C) He was show the way.  D) He was showed the way.  E) He showed the way. |
| 29. Поставьте предложение в отрицательную форму:  David used to work at the factory.  A) David doesn’t used to work at the factory.  B) David used to didn’t work at the factory.  C) David not used to work at the factory.  D) David don’t used to work at the factory.  E) David didn’t use to work at the factory. |
| 30. В данном предложении герундий является:  Before **having** dinner you must wash your hands.  A) дополнением.  B) именной частью сказуемого.  C) обстоятельством.  D) определением.  E) подлежащим. |
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**Вариант 17**

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| 1. Синонимом слова “Famous” является:  A) Well-known.  B) Clever.  C) Inventive.  D) Unknown.  E) Industrious. |
| 2. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  … first of September is … great holiday in … life of schoolchildren.  A) The, a, the.  B) -, -, -.  C) A, an, a.  D) -, the, -.  E) An, the, -. |
| 3. Выберите правильный вариант предложения в Past Simple Tense.  A) Pupils run and jump at P.T. Lessons.  B) Ahmed phoned me yesterday.  C) We are reading now.  D) My friend has just come home.  E) My birthday will be on Sunday. |
| 4. Выберите правильную форму глагола .  There … some butter in the fridge.  A) are  B) am  C) isn`t  D) `s  E) wasn`t |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  The children … going to play football when it began to rain.  A) was  B) were  C) to be  D) are  E) is |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других слов:  A) **C**entre.  B) **C**elebrate.  C) **C**ertainly.  D) **C**atch.  E) **C**emetery. |
| 7. Выберите правильный вариант предлога:  Go … reading the story. I want to know its end.  A) About.  B) Out.  C) Through.  D) In.  E) On. |
| 8. Вставьте необходимое слово в предложение:  The streets in this town are really ... . Nobody ever cleans them.  A) different  B) cheap  C) clean  D) dirty  E) difficult |
| 9. Найдите прилагательное, имеющее отрицательное значение:  A) helpful  B) important  C) simple  D) happy  E) unhappy |
| 10. Выберите верное местоимение.  … has taken my pen.  A) Somebody.  B) Something.  C) Anybody.  D) No.  E) Anything. |
| 11. Выберите исчисляемое существительное:  A) Health  B) Butter  C) Bottle  D) Sugar  E) Time |
| 12. Выберите правильное сказуемое:  The train … at the station by 4 o’clock yesterday.  A) have arrive  B) has arrive  C) have arrives  D) had arrived  E) have arrived |
| 13. Найдите правильный вариант перевода на русский язык:  It’s no use asking him about it.  A) Вы скоро привыкнете к этому.  B) Бесполезно его спрашивать об этом.  C) Раньше здесь был дом.  D) Я часто его встречал.  E) Он обычно приходил к нам. |
| 14. Определите функцию инфинитива в следующем предложении:  I’m sure he will be the last to leave.  A) дополнение  B) сказуемое  C) определение  D) обстоятельство  E) подлежащее |
| 15. Дополните предложение:  He used his hands and feet to ... the mountains.  A) trade  B) borrow  C) fly  D) unite  E) climb |
| 16. Дайте определение слову crowd:  A) To speak loudly.  B) To have the same interest.  C) A great number of people.  D) A big black bird.  E) To play together. |
| 17. Выберите правильный английский эквивалент данной пословицы:  Не вешай нос.  A) The devil is not so black as he is painted.  B) Never say die.  C) A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.  D) Tastes differ.  E) Half a loaf is better than no bread. |
| 18. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  My brother and I … born in Almaty.  A) is  B) am  C) were  D) been  E) was |
| 19. Выберите правильный вариант вспомогательного глагола: My children … learning Spanish at the moment.  A) is  B) were  C) shall  D) was  E) are |
| 20. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) They knew that they will manage somehow.  B) They knew that they should managed somehow.  C) They knew that they would managed somehow.  D) They knew that they wouldn’t managed somehow.  E) They knew that they would manage somehow. |
| 21. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  The child (to care) for.  A) Were cared.  B) Have been cared.  C) Is care.  D) Is cared.  E) Are cared. |
| 22. Выберите предложение с Past Participle:  A) It was snowing the whole day.  B) The man standing at the door helped the old lady.  C) He is reading the book at this moment.  D) The house built in 1789 was the oldest building in the town.  E) Seeing that he was late he took the taxi. |
| 23. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание после текста:  The majority of the British population live in small houses built close together. A typical house of this kind is built with two floors.  The front door, which faces the street, opens into a hall with two rooms, one on each side of the hall. One of them is the dining-room, the other is the sitting-room.  The rooms upstairs are bedrooms. They are often small.  Often the dining-room is the most comfortable room in the house and the one that is used all the time.  Very many houses of this type were built in the 19th and early 20th centuries. Today the land on which they stand has become very valuable so the houses are very expensive.  Ответьте на вопрос:  *Where do the majority of the British people live in?*  A) In comfortable flats.  B) In the country.  C) In small houses.  D) In big houses.  E) In small towns. |
| 24. Выберите правильный вариант ответа.  The members of the House of Commons are chosen by the … .  A) Prime Minister  B) Queen  C) Electors  D) House of Lords  E) Queen and the House of Lords |
| 25. Образуйте новое слово от “ to eat “, выбрав верный суффикс:  A) y  B) able  C) tic  D) al  E) ful |
| 26. Вставьте пропущенное местоимение:  All sentences consist of words and … of letters.  A) these  B) this  C) them  D) that  E) they |
| 27. Выберите правильный вариант вопросительного местоимения:  … of you speaks English?  A) Whose.  B) Whom.  C) What.  D) When.  E) Which. |
| 28. Выберите словосочетание с существительным множественного числа в притяжательном падеже:  A) Yesterday’s newspapers.  B) My daughter’s toys.  C) My sons’ cars.  D) The doctor’s sons.  E) The dog’s legs. |
| 29. Выберите верный модальный глагол:  He … go to the dentist because he has toothache.  A) Should  B) Have  C) Was able to  D) Mustn’t  E) Ought |
| 30. Выделенное слово является Gerund в предложении:  A) Be careful at the street ***crossing.***  B) He was fond of ***reading*** books about travels.  C) The ***reading*** of the article took him only a few minutes.  D) He took part in the second ***meeting.***  E) There was a lot of snow ***lying*** on the ground. |
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**Вариант 18**

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| 1. Выберите правильный артикль:  Is he … teacher?  A) the  B) an  C) –  D) a  E) any |
| 2. Выберите правильный вариант притяжательной формы существительного в единственном числе.  A) people’s work.  B) teachers’ colleges.  C) fathers’s boots.  D) women’s appearance.  E) student’s opportunity. |
| 3. Найдите предложение в Present Continuous Tense.  A) Moscow is a port of five seas.  B) You can see with your own eyes everything.  C) Dad hasn’t forgotten his promise.  D) They are playing football in the yard now.  E) The tickets are too expensive. |
| 4. Дополните предложение:  I opened the fridge. There … much food there.  A) was  B) be  C) been  D) are  E) were |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  She … going to see a new film tomorrow. Let’s go together!  A) is  B) were  C) was  D) am  E) are |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенное буквосочетание читается отлично от других слов:  A) H**ea**vy.  B) T**ea**cher.  C) M**ea**t.  D) Cl**ea**n.  E) B**ea**t. |
| 7. Aнтонимoм слова “Day”является :  A) Morning  B) Afternoon  C) Night  D) Evening  E) Midday |
| 8. Выберите правильный вариант предлога:  Go … reading the story. I want to know its end.  A) Out.  B) Through.  C) About.  D) On.  E) In. |
| 9. Дополните пословицу:  East or West, … is best.  A) Shopping.  B) School.  C) Rest.  D) Home.  E) South. |
| 10. Образуйте прилагательное при помощи суффикса.  **help**  A) y  B) able  C) ic  D) al  E) ful |
| 11. Выберите верное местоимение.  Pete says apple are… favorite fruit.  A) Her.  B) His.  C) Its.  D) You.  E) I. |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант:  Could you tell me … has happened?  A) which  B) who  C) what  D) where  E) why |
| 13. Найдите множественное число слова “a boy”:  A) Boys  B) Boieses  C) Boyes  D) Boies  E) Boyses |
| 14. Закончите предложение:  Prince Charles is Queen Elizabeth’s II … .  A) Husband.  B) Brother.  C) Son.  D) Father.  E) Uncle. |
| 15. Синонимом слова “Spare” является:  A) Free  B) Various  C) Clear  D) Different  E) Busy |
| 16. Переведите “Заботиться о… ”:  A) To take out.  B) To defend  C) To like  D) To take in  E) To take care of |
| 17. Найдите правильный вариант слова “разногласие “:  A) dislike.  B) disinterested.  C) disagreement  D) displeased.  E) disorganized |
| 18. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения:  There is … in the bag. It’s empty.  A) No.  B) Nothing.  C) Somewhere.  D) Anyone.  E) Any. |
| 19. Выберите правильное отрицательное предложение:  I have to make a telephone call.  A) I had not to make a telephone call.  B) I don’t have to make a telephone call.  C) I not have to make a telephone call.  D) I doesn’t have to make a telephone call.  E) I haven’t make a telephone call. |
| 20. Поставьте предложение в отрицательную форму:  Ann used to have a piano.  A) Ann doesn’t used to have a piano.  B) Ann use not to have a piano.  C) Ann used to haven’t a piano.  D) Ann don’t use to have a piano.  E) Ann didn’t use to have a piano. |
| 21. Образуйте форму Gerund от глагола have:  A) To have been having.  B) Having.  C) To have had.  D) To have.  E) To be having. |
| 22. Образуйте форму Perfect Infinitive от глагола Tell:  A) To have tell.  B) To tell.  C) To have told.  D) To be told.  E) To have telling. |
| 23. Выберите верное причастие:  A ... fridge  A) Buyed.  B) Boughted.  C) Buying.  D) Boughting.  E) Bought. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание после текста:  London parks are the most beautiful areas of the city. In the summer you can sit in St. James’s Park by the side of the lake and listen to the band playing music.  Green Park is a different kind of park. It is a quiet, wooden place.  Hyde Park was once part of a forest. In our days, Speakers’ Corner of the park is always a centre of activity. Sunday is the most popular day and you will usually find some people standing on their soap-boxes and making speeches.  There is a boating lake, and skating in the winter if the ice is 10 centimetres thick.  There is an open-air theatre where plays are put on in the summer, and rose garden and a restaurant.  Закончите предложение:  A quiet wooden place is ...  A) ... Speakers’ Corner.  B) ... Green park.  C) ... St. Games’s Park.  D) ... Hyde Park.  E) ... Forest. |
| 25. Выразите одним словом:  You send them to your relatives on holidays.  A) Children.  B) Clouds.  C) Bags.  D) Postcards.  E) Sorrows. |
| 26. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  Last Friday he … in Astana ,…he?  A) were, were  B) wasn’t, was  C) wasn’t, wasn’t  D) were, was  E) were, weren’t |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  His only bad habit is that he … too loudly.  A) is talking  B) talked  C) talk  D) was talking  E) talks |
| 28. Выберите правильную форму сказуемого:  He … … her since 1982.  A) Have known.  B) Had known.  C) Will have known.  D) Has known.  E) Has knew. |
| 29. Выберите правильный вариант:  He explained that they … for us near the gate.  A) would wait  B) will be waiting  C) will wait  D) wait  E) would waiting |
| 30. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  The patient (to take) to hospital last Friday.  A) Was take.  B) Take.  C) Was taken.  D) Were taken.  E) Was took. |
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**Вариант 19**

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| 1. Выберите слово, сходное по значению со словом **to amuse**.  A) to marry.  B) to use.  C) to entertain.  D) to remain.  E) to share. |
| 2. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  … tourists think that … life of … capital is not active.  A) The, a, a.  B) An, a, -.  C) A, the, an.  D) The, the, the.  E) -, an, a. |
| 3. Выберите правильный вариант притяжательной формы существительного в единственном числе.  A) actresse’s hat.  B) students’ choir.  C) spectators’ seats.  D) actor’s voice.  E) inspectors’ idea. |
| 4. Поставьте глагол в предложении в Present Simple Tense.  **A palace … a large and splendid building.**  A) are.  B) was.  C) am.  D) were.  E) is. |
| 5. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого.  We … to have a party.  A) Are going.  B) Was going.  C) Be going.  D) Is going.  E) Am going. |
| 6. Окончание читается отлично от других в слове:  A) Waited.  B) Needed.  C) Developed.  D) Expected.  E) Wanted. |
| 7. Антоним слова “Large”  A) Small  B) High  C) Tall  D) Difficult  E) Heavy |
| 8. Выразите одним словом:  People go in for sports there.  A) Stadium.  B) Mountains.  C) School.  D) Wood.  E) Basket. |
| 9. Найдите имя существительное:  A) organize  B) Russian  C) worker  D) usually  E) rainy |
| 10. Выберите верное местоимение.  It’s nice that Becky brought her textbook with … .  A) Hers.  B) Her.  C) Me.  D) It.  E) She. |
| 11. Выберите вопросительное местоимение для выделенного слова:  We usually have dinner ***at five.***  A) Where.  B) Why.  C) With whom.  D) What time.  E) What. |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант множественного числа существительного:  Bench  A) Benchies.  B) Benchess.  C) Bench.  D) Benches.  E) Benchs. |
| 13. Определите функцию инфинитива в следующем предложении:  He forgot to do his homework when he was at home.  A) обстоятельство  B) сказуемое  C) дополнение  D) определение  E) подлежащее |
| 14. Прочитайте текст, выберите завершение предложения, соответствующее содержанию текста:  Balzac, the famous French writer, was a man of great talent. But he himself was proud of his ability to tell a person’s character by his or her handwriting. One day a woman brought him a young boy’s exercise-book. She said she wanted to know what Balzac thought of the boy’s character. Balzac studied the boy’s handwriting carefully. Then he said that the boy was a lazy fellow. “It’s very strange,” said the woman smiling. “This is a page from your own exercise-book, which you used when you were a boy.”  Balzac … .  A) Had an exercise-book.  B) Was a man of great talent.  C) Was going by train to France.  D) Was an engineer.  E) Was a famous English writer. |
| 15. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением «Включить»:  A) To turn down  B) To turn up  C) To turn off  D) To turn into  E) To turn on |
| 16. Найдите предложение с фразовым глаголом:  A) I get up at seven every morning.  B) I have lunch at 12 o’clock.  C) I go to work by bus.  D) I come home at 7 o’clock.  E) I usually read books in the evening. |
| 17. Выберите правильный вариант:  This is my chair and … your armchair over there.  A) those are  B) this is  C) that is  D) its is  E) these are |
| 18. Найдите правильный вариант сказуемого:  In Britain the banks … at 9.30 in the morning.  A) Open.  B) Opening.  C) Has opened.  D) Is opening.  E) Opens. |
| 19. Определите правильный вариант глагола:  When we came back the children … in the garden with two unknown boys.  A) Are playing.  B) Were playing.  C) Was playing.  D) Would play.  E) Play. |
| 20. Выберите глагол в форме Present Perfect:  A) Have win.  B) Had win.  C) Has winning.  D) Has winned.  E) Has won. |
| 21. Вставьте необходимый модальный глагол:  Jack left before the end of the meeting. He ... go home earlier.  A) can  B) may  C) had to  D) ought  E) must |
| 22. Выберите верный вариант общего вопроса к предложению:  Nick used to be interested in collecting cactuses.  A) Did Nick use to be interested in collecting cactuses?  B) Did Nick used to be interested in collecting cactuses?  C) Used Nick be interested in collecting cactuses?  D) Use Nick to be interested in collecting cactuses?  E) Would Nick use to be interested in collecting cactuses? |
| 23. Выберите предложение с Герундием:  A) She is ringing to her best friend.  B) He rang me yesterday.  C) Your ring is very unexpected.  D) Ring me up, please!  E) Thank you for ringing me up! |
| 24. Выберите правильный ответ.  Tthe highest mountain on the British Isles is …  A) Scaffel Pike  B) Snowdon  C) Elbrus  D) Royal  E) Ben Nevis |
| 25. Выберите правильный английский эквивалент данной пословицы:  Сколько голов, столько умов.  A) A good beginning makes a good ending.  B) East or West, home is best.  C) So many men, so many minds.  D) No pains, no gains.  E) As you make your bed so you must lie on it. |
| 26. Выберите значение приставки de-:  A) внутри  B) противоположное значение  C) сверх-  D) взаимо-  E) повтор действия |
| 27. Укажите правильный вариант сказуемого:  He said he … to London in May.  A) Will come.  B) Would come.  C) Should come.  D) Shall come.  E) Came. |
| 28. Выберите правильный перевод предложения в страдательном залоге:  Фильм был снят в этом году.  A) The film have made this year.  B) The film was make this year.  C) The film have been made this year.  D) The film has made this year.  E) The film has been made this year. |
| 29. Выберите правильный вариант перевода на английский язык:  Много деревьев было во дворе.  A) There are many trees in the yard.  B) Many trees were in the yard.  C) There are no trees in the yard.  D) There is many trees in the yard.  E) Many trees are in the yard. |
| 30. Выберите предложение с Past Participle:  A) She is cleaning the flat at this moment.  B) It was raining all day long.  C) He watched boats going up and down the river.  D) The new hotel opened last year was beautiful.  E) He left the room without saying a word. |
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**Вариант 20**

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| 1. Выберите правильное слово  This is … way to school.  A) any  B) –  C) an  D) some  E) the |
| 2. Дополните предложение:  The man standing at the window is … father.  A) Pavel and Lena’s  B) Pavel and Lena  C) Pavel’s and Lena’s  D) Pavel’s and Lena  E) Pavels and Lenas |
| 3. Поставьте глагол в предложении в Present Simple Tense.  **A palace … a large and splendid building.**  A) is.  B) was.  C) are.  D) were.  E) am. |
| 4. Дополните предложение:  We … home, when the rain began.  A) to leaving  B) was leaving  C) were leaving  D) to be leaving  E) are leaving |
| 5. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого.  There … something in the box.  A) Am.  B) Were.  C) Been.  D) Are.  E) Is. |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других.  A) **G**arden  B) **G**ate  C) **G**aze  D) **G**eese  E) **G**entle |
| 7. Найдите синоним слова “To start”  A) To begin  B) To bring  C) To give  D) To finish  E) To play |
| 8. Выберите правильный вариант предлога:  Go … reading the story. I want to know its end.  A) Through.  B) Out.  C) On.  D) About.  E) In. |
| 9. К теме "Library" относится слово:  A) Department.  B) Novel.  C) Weather.  D) Garden.  E) Green. |
| 10. Выразите одним словом:  People go in for sports there.  A) Wood.  B) Stadium.  C) Basket.  D) Mountains.  E) School. |
| 11. Выберите правильный английский эквивалент данной пословицы:  Плохая молва летит на крыльях.  A) Bad news travels fast.  B) It never rains but it pours.  C) Appetite comes with eating.  D) Look before you leap.  E) No pains, no gains. |
| 12. Выберите верное местоимение.  Hello, Tom. Have … seen Pete?  A) He.  B) You.  C) She.  D) It.  E) Your. |
| 13. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) He said that he return tomorrow.  B) He said that he will return tomorrow.  C) He said that he should return tomorrow.  D) He said that he would return tomorrow.  E) He said that he shall return tomorrow. |
| 14. Выберите верное причастие:  The ... day  A) Followeding.  B) Followning.  C) Followned.  D) Following.  E) Followeded. |
| 15. Переведите:  Заниматься спортом  A) To go in for sport.  B) To study sport.  C) To have sport.  D) To sport.  E) To learn sport. |
| 16. Найдите прилагательное, имеющее отрицательное значение:  A) regular  B) understandable  C) indefinite  D) useful  E) dependent |
| 17. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения:  There is … in the bag. It’s empty.  A) Somewhere.  B) No.  C) Any.  D) Anyone.  E) Nothing. |
| 18. Дополните предложение:  That’s the house ... we stayed in May.  A) where  B) what  C) which  D) who  E) when |
| 19. Выберите правильный вариант множественного числа существительного:  Roof  A) Rooves.  B) Roof.  C) Roofes.  D) Roofs.  E) Roovs. |
| 20. Найдите правильный вариант перевода:  She isn’t allowed to come.  A) Ей можно не приходить.  B) Она сможет прийти.  C) Она может прийти.  D) Она не может прийти.  E) Ей не разрешают прийти. |
| 21. Найдите предложение, имеющее значение будущего времени:  A) I’m going home now.  B) What is he going to do?  C) What are they doing?  D) He is playing chess now.  E) They aren’t doing homework now. |
| 22. Выберите верный вариант общего вопроса к предложению:  Everything used to be different many years ago.  A) Did everything used to be different many years ago?  B) Use everything to was different many years ago?  C) Used everything be different many years ago?  D) Did everything use to be different many years ago?  E) Use everything to be different many years ago? |
| 23. Определите название формы по приведенному примеру:  Drinking.  A) Indefinite Infinitive Active.  B) Gerund.  C) Participle 2.  D) Progressive Infinitive .  E) Infinitive Passive. |
| 24. Определите название формы по приведенному примеру:  To have gone.  A) Participle 2.  B) Indefinite Infinitive Active.  C) Gerund.  D) Participle 1.  E) Perfect Infinitive Active. |
| 25. Образуйте новое слово “ победоносный “, употребив верный суффикс :  A) victoral  B) victorive  C) victoriful  D) victoriuos  E) victoriable |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  In the year 2030, people … the same things as they do now.  A) shall eat  B) will eat  C) don’t  D) eat  E) ate |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  All the people we … came, and some that we hadn’t invited.  A) have invited  B) were inviting  C) had invited  D) invite  E) inviting |
| 28. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  There must be a mistake: the hotel . . . by my wife.  A) are being paid  B) is paying  C) will pay  D) was paid  E) have been paid |
| 29. Прочитайте текст, выберите правильный ответ на вопрос:  Mark Twain once said, “When I was a boy of 14, I thought that my father was the most ignorant of all men. But when I got to be 21, I was surprised at how much the old man had learned in seven years.”  What did Mark Twain think about his father?  A) He got to be 21.  B) He was a boy of 14.  C) He knew very little.  D) He was surprised.  E) He ignored all men. |
| 30. Выберите подходящий русский эквивалент к слову “freshman”  In American English, freshman means … .  A) выпускник  B) новичок в деле  C) первокурсник  D) вновь прибывший  E) второкурсник |
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**Вариант 21**

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| 1. Синонимом слова “Rest” является:  A) Industrious.  B) Work.  C) Tired.  D) Relax.  E) Invent. |
| 2. Выберите правильное слово  Pass me … salt, please.  A) –  B) the  C) those  D) an  E) a |
| 3. Выберите правильное слово.  This is the … dress.  A) lady’s  B) ladys’  C) lady  D) of lady  E) ladies |
| 4. Определите правильный вариант предложения со сказуемым в Present Simple Tense.  A) My uncle has visited Astana this autumn.  B) I went to the shop yesterday.  C) My parents will return home late in the evening.  D) It is very hot in summer.  E) Students are writing a test. |
| 5. Выберите подходящий английский эквивалент.  **На стене напротив двери весит большая картина.**  A) A large picture on the wall opposite the door there is.  B) Opposite the door on the wall is there a large picture.  C) There is a large picture on the wall opposite the door.  D) A large picture is there on the wall opposite the door.  E) There is on the wall a large picture opposite the door. |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других слов:  A) K**i**nd.  B) L**i**brary.  C) R**i**ver.  D) Pol**i**te.  E) Rec**i**te. |
| 7. Выберите антоним к слову:  “Teacher”  A) Worker.  B) Driver.  C) Doctor.  D) Student.  E) Engineer. |
| 8. Обобщающим для данной группы слов является слово:  A) Climate.  B) Cloud.  C) Ice.  D) Snow.  E) Rain. |
| 9. Выберите верное местоимение:  I saw them . This is … cat .  A) him  B) ours  C) yours  D) me  E) their |
| 10. Выберите вопросительное местоимение для выделенного слова:  They are usually ***at home*** in the evening.  A) Who.  B) Why.  C) When.  D) How.  E) Where. |
| 11. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) I hoped that I should find him at school.  B) I hoped that I would found him at school.  C) I hoped that I will find him at school.  D) I hoped that I shall find him at school.  E) I hoped that I should found him at school. |
| 12. Выберите правильный ответ:  Are you going to invite her to the party?  A) Yes, there is.  B) Yes, it is.  C) No, I shan’t  D) Yes, I am.  E) Yes, I shall. |
| 13. Найдите правильный вариант перевода на русский язык:  It’s no use asking him about it.  A) Я часто его встречал.  B) Он обычно приходил к нам.  C) Бесполезно его спрашивать об этом.  D) Раньше здесь был дом.  E) Вы скоро привыкнете к этому. |
| 14. Выберите предложение с герундием:  A) We have been watching TV since morning.  B) Yesterday Mr. Green watched TV in the evening.  C) Having watched TV we went for a walk.  D) Nick is watching TV now.  E) I enjoyed watching TV. |
| 15. “To get in” означает:  A) Продолжать  B) Преодолеть  C) Распространяться  D) Входить  E) Обойти |
| 16. Дайте определение слову neighbour:  A) A person who is fond of reading.  B) A person who studies at the institute.  C) A person who is interested in sport.  D) A person who lives near you.  E) A person whom you like. |
| 17. Закончите фразеологизм:  Since …was a boy. Со времени царя Гороха.  A) Albert.  B) Adam.  C) Alfred.  D) Nick.  E) Adrian. |
| 18. Образуйте прилагательное с противоположным значением от слова "definite":  A) Indefinite.  B) Imdefinite.  C) Undefinite.  D) Redefinite.  E) Ildefinite. |
| 19. Найдите имя прилагательное:  A) nineteen  B) slow  C) read  D) beauty  E) badly |
| 20. Выберите указательное местоимение для предложения:  Do you like ... apples?  A) these  B) this  C) the  D) thise  E) that |
| 21. Выберите неисчисляемое имя существительное:  A) Soldier.  B) Doll.  C) Weather.  D) Chair.  E) River. |
| 22. Найдите правильный вариант перевода:  Он не идет сейчас домой.  A) He isn’t going to go home.  B) He is going to go home.  C) He is going home now.  D) He’ll go home soon.  E) He isn’t going home now. |
| 23. Выберите правильный модальный глагол:  You … eat so many sweets.  A) Didn’t have.  B) Shouldn’t.  C) Don’t have.  D) Oughtn’t.  E) Haven’t to. |
| 24. Образуйте форму Participle 2 от глагола lose:  A) Losed.  B) Lost.  C) To lose.  D) To lost.  E) Losing. |
| 25. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  Zulfiya … to have made a report on psychology previous Thursday.  A) weren’t  B) was  C) is  D) were  E) isn’t |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  I just … a postgraduate degree in business and administration.  A) has completed  B) will complete  C) have completed  D) is compliting  E) completing |
| 27. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  Tomorrow the bill (to pay).  A) Will be paid.  B) Be paid.  C) Will paid.  D) Pay.  E) Paid. |
| 28. Переведите:  Интересно, где Сью? Она обещала не опаздывать.  A) I wonder where Sue was. She promised to be not late.  B) I wonder where Sue. She promised not be late.  C) I wonder where Sue is. She promised not to being late.  D) I wonder where is Sue. She promises not to be late.  E) I wonder where Sue is. She promised not to be late. |
| 29. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание после текста:  Mr. Nelson wanted to be elected sheriff in a New Hampshire county. He went from farm to farm asking people to vote for him. Mrs. Marrow saw him coming up one day and reached for the broom. Get off, you good-for-nothing loafer, she shouted.  But Mrs. Marrow, said Nelson. I have just come to ask you if you’ll vote for me for sheriff.  Sheriff! shouted Mrs. Marrow. Your place is in the lockup, not in the sheriff’s office. You are a scoundrel, and your father was a scoundrel, and your grandfather was a scoundrel. Get out of here before I take this broom to you.  Nelson decided to go. Before climbing back into the car,he took out his notebook and wrote, after the name of Marrow, one word: Doubtful.  Закончите предложение:  Mr. Nelson was ...  A) ... a President.  B) ... a graduate from New Hampshire University.  C) ... a sheriff.  D) ... a cruel and brave man.  E) ... a candidate for sheriff. |
| 30. Выберите правильный вариант ответа:  What is the name of the oldest and best known public school for boys in Great Britain?  A) Norwich  B) Bath  C) Eton  D) Cambridge  E) Oxford |
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**Вариант 22**

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| 1. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  Kansas is situated in … central part of … USA.  A) A, a.  B) -, the.  C) The, the.  D) -, -.  E) An, a. |
| 2. Выберите притяжательную форму существительного в единственном числе.  A) Men’s.  B) Dogs’.  C) Sister’s.  D) Birds’.  E) Boys’. |
| 3. Поставьте глаголы в предложении в Past Simple Tense.  **Yesterday my brother … at the cinema, I … also there.**  A) were, am.  B) was, was.  C) is, am.  D) was, were.  E) are, is. |
| 4. Выберите правильную форму глагола .  There … any sugar on the table.  A) isn`t  B) aren`t  C) am  D) are  E) is |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  We … going to visit Picture Gallery. We are interested in Kazakh art.  A) is  B) were  C) been  D) are  E) was |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других.  A) **K**night  B) **K**eel  C) **K**een  D) **K**ale  E) **K**eep |
| 7. Дополните пословицу:  Live and …  A) Live.  B) Think.  C) Earn.  D) Learn.  E) Love. |
| 8. Выберите верное местоимение:  Mary didn’t know about it. … was at home.  A) You.  B) Him.  C) They.  D) Me.  E) She. |
| 9. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения :  … girl is George’s cousin .  A) those.  B) its.  C) that.  D) mine.  E) these. |
| 10. Выберите правильный вариант:  … is that man in a green suit? I don’t know …  A) what / his  B) who / this  C) what / whom  D) who / him  E) who / hers |
| 11. Выберите неисчисляемoе существительнoе:  A) Hero.  B) Army.  C) Rule.  D) Road.  E) Water. |
| 12. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) The doctor said that he will come the next day.  B) The doctor said that he should come the next day.  C) The doctor said that he shall come the next day.  D) The doctor said that he would come the next day.  E) The doctor said that he comes the next day. |
| 13. Выберите страдательный залог герундия в несовершенном времени на примере следующего глагола:  To write  A) be writing  B) having been written  C) writing  D) write  E) being written |
| 14. Определите, чем является подчёркнутое слово:  The girl washing the floor is my sister.  A) герундием  B) модальным глаголом  C) причастием  D) инфинитивом  E) наречием |
| 15. Синонимом слова “Discover” является:  A) Find  B) Meet  C) Close  D) Open  E) Take |
| 16. Aнтонимoм слова “Joy”является :  A) Beauty  B) Grief  C) Laughter  D) Smile  E) Happiness |
| 17. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением «Продолжать, идти дальше»:  A) To go without  B) To go on  C) To go off  D) To go back  E) To go in for |
| 18. Переведите пословицу “There is no place like home ”  A) Нет ничего лучше родного дома  B) Одна голова хорошо, две лучше  C) Лучше поздно, чем никогда  D) Долг платежем красен  E) Без труда, не вытащишь рыбку из пруда |
| 19. Выразите одним словом:  You can cross the river over it.  A) View.  B) Bridge.  C) District.  D) Economic.  E) Advice. |
| 20. Найдите правильный вариант слова “разногласие “:  A) displeased.  B) disorganized  C) disinterested.  D) dislike.  E) disagreement |
| 21. Выберите глагол в форме Future Simple:  A) Will goes.  B) Will goed.  C) Will go.  D) Will gone.  E) Will went. |
| 22. Выберите верный вариант общего вопроса к предложению:  My father used to be a scientist.  A) Use my father to be a scientist?  B) Did my father use to be a scientist?  C) Would my father use to be a scientist?  D) Does my father used to be a scientist?  E) Did my father used to be a scientist? |
| 23. Определите название формы по приведенному примеру:  To be going.  A) Gerund.  B) Participle 2.  C) Participle 1.  D) Continuous Infinitive Active.  E) Indefinite Infinitive Active. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст, выберите завершение предложения, соответствующее содержанию текста:  Mark Twain was travelling in France. Once he was going by train to Dijon. He asked the conductor to wake him up when they came to Dijon and put him off the train not paying attention to his protests. When he woke up the train was in Paris already. He realized that the conductor had forgotten to wake him up at Dijon. He was very angry. He ran up to the conductor and began to shout at him. The conductor looked at him calmly. “You are not half so angry as the American whom I put off the train at Dijon,” he said.  Mark Twain knew … .  A) The conductor.  B) The way to Dijon.  C) That the conductor would be angry.  D) That it was difficult to make him do it.  E) That it was difficult to wake him up. |
| 25. Образуйте новое слово от “ to eat “, выбрав верный суффикс:  A) y  B) tic  C) al  D) ful  E) able |
| 26. Найти правильный вариант глагола.  She told me she … a bad time with her husband.  A) were having  B) had have  C) was having  D) will have  E) has had |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  She fell ill because she … too hard.  A) had worked  B) had working  C) working  D) has worked  E) works |
| 28. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  The window (to leave) open by somebody.  A) Were left.  B) Has been leaved.  C) Was leaved.  D) Has been left.  E) Was leave. |
| 29. Вставьте необходимый модальный глагол:  Weve got plenty of time. We ... hurry.  A) needn’t  B) must  C) had to  D) may not  E) don’t can |
| 30. Дополните предложение.  In the House of Commons the members sit … .  A) on three sides of the hall  B) on two sides of the hall  C) on four sides of the hall  D) on two sides and in the middle of the hall  E) on three sides and in the corner of the hall |
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**Вариант 23**

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| 1. Выберите правильный предлог  Do not learn all your answers off … heart.  A) on  B) in  C) at  D) out  E) by |
| 2. Выберите правильное слово  I don`t like …. music.  A) a  B) –  C) these  D) those  E) an |
| 3. Выберите притяжательную форму существительного во множественном числе.  A) Fans’.  B) Fan’.  C) Fan’es.  D) Fan’s.  E) Fans’s. |
| 4. Выберите правильную форму глагола .  There … some people in the park.  A) aren`t  B) isn`t  C) am  D) are  E) is |
| 5. Выберите подходящий английский эквивалент:  **Как ты собираешься провести свой выходной?**  A) Where did you go last weekend?  B) How are you going to spend your weekend?  C) How are you getting on?  D) What do you do at the weekends?  E) Where will you go for a weekend? |
| 6. Образуйте прилагательное при помощи суффикса.  **help**  A) y  B) able  C) ful  D) ic  E) al |
| 7. Выберите верное местоимение.  Please, wait for … . I’ll be ready in a minute.  A) She.  B) I.  C) They.  D) Me.  E) He. |
| 8. Выберите верное местоимение:  There is … interesting in the newspaper.  A) anybody.  B) something  C) somebody  D) anything.  E) nobody. |
| 9. Выберите вопросительное местоимение для выделенного слова:  I am interested ***in sports.***  A) When.  B) Who.  C) Where.  D) Why.  E) What. |
| 10. Выберите исчисляемoе существительнoе:  A) Peace.  B) Rain.  C) Magazine.  D) News.  E) Health. |
| 11. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  Mag and her sister … in Rome last summer.  A) was  B) is  C) were  D) am  E) are |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант формы глагола:  The best thing is … in the forest.  A) have been walking  B) walking  C) is walking  D) have walked  E) walk |
| 13. Определите функцию инфинитива в следующем предложении:  To smoke is bad for health.  A) подлежащее  B) сказуемое  C) дополнение  D) обстоятельство  E) определение |
| 14. Прочитайте текст, выберите завершение предложения, соответствующее содержанию текста:  Balzac, the famous French writer, was a man of great talent. But he himself was proud of his ability to tell a person’s character by his or her handwriting. One day a woman brought him a young boy’s exercise-book. She said she wanted to know what Balzac thought of the boy’s character. Balzac studied the boy’s handwriting carefully. Then he said that the boy was a lazy fellow. “It’s very strange,” said the woman smiling. “This is a page from your own exercise-book, which you used when you were a boy.”  Balzac … .  A) Was a man of great talent.  B) Was an engineer.  C) Had an exercise-book.  D) Was going by train to France.  E) Was a famous English writer. |
| 15. Выберите слово, в котором выделенное буквосочетание читается отлично от других слов:  A) Ei**th**er.  B) **Th**ree.  C) **Th**under.  D) **Th**ousand.  E) Ear**th**. |
| 16. Синонимом слова “Spare” является:  A) Free  B) Various  C) Busy  D) Clear  E) Different |
| 17. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением «Включить»:  A) To turn down  B) To turn off  C) To turn into  D) To turn up  E) To turn on |
| 18. Выберите правильный фразовый глагол:  The teacher told us to … the blackboard.  A) Look after.  B) Look up.  C) Look.  D) Look at.  E) Look for. |
| 19. “Беспокойный” Найдите правильный перевод:  A) Continuous  B) Restless  C) Disorder  D) Helpless  E) Groundless |
| 20. Выразите одним словом:  A stopping place for trains is a ...  A) city.  B) village.  C) station.  D) stop.  E) field. |
| 21. Образуйте новое слово от глагола “write” с помощью следующих приставок.  A) Ir.  B) Un.  C) Im.  D) Re.  E) In. |
| 22. Выберите глагол в форме Future-in-the-Past:  A) Shall been read.  B) Would walked.  C) Will be getting.  D) Would continue.  E) Should doing. |
| 23. Выберите правильный модальный глагол.  I … skate and ski very well.  A) Must to  B) Were to  C) Was  D) Can  E) Be able to |
| 24. Поставьте предложение в отрицательную форму:  Karen used to go swimming every day.  A) Karen used to didn’t go swimming every day.  B) Karen doesn’t used to go swimming every day.  C) Karen use not to go swimming every day.  D) Karen don’t used to go swimming every day.  E) Karen didn’t use to go swimming every day. |
| 25. Задайте вопрос к выделенному слову:  He usually ***goes*** to the seaside in summer.  A) Where does he usually go in summer?  B) When does he usually go to the seaside?  C) Who usually goes to the seaside in summer?  D) Why does he usually go to the seaside?  E) What does he usually do in summer? |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  I … a nightmare when the alarm-clock rang and woke me up.  A) had  B) have  C) was having  D) have had  E) has had |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  It was a firm that I … of.  A) never hear  B) has never heard  C) nevers hears  D) have never heard  E) had never heard |
| 28. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  A delicious cake (to taste) by him now.  A) Is being tasted.  B) Was being tasted.  C) Is tasted.  D) Has been tasted.  E) Was tasted. |
| 29. Выберите предложение с Past Participle:  A) He left the room without saying a word.  B) The new hotel opened last year was beautiful.  C) He watched boats going up and down the river.  D) She is cleaning the flat at this moment.  E) It was raining all day long. |
| 30. Выберите подходящее слово.  The Whispering Gallery is remarkable for its … .  A) crowned  B) size  C) acoustics  D) private  E) light |
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**Вариант 24**

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| 1. Выберите слово, близкое по значению: believe.  A) Reach.  B) See.  C) Suppose.  D) Advise.  E) Notice. |
| 2. Дополните предложение:  … weather is fine and … sun is shining brightly today.  A) A | a  B) A | the  C) The | a  D) The | the  E) - | - |
| 3. Поставьте глагол в предложении в Past Simple Tense.  **He … glad to see his friends’ victory in a football game last week.**  A) am.  B) is.  C) are.  D) were.  E) was. |
| 4. Выберите правильную форму глагола .  There… a lot of bread on the table.  A) were  B) is  C) are  D) am  E) weren`t |
| 5. Вставьте правильную форму глагола  Look out! That dog … bite you.  A) were going to  B) would  C) is going to  D) am going to  E) are going to |
| 6. Выберите слово с ІІI типом слога  A) Same  B) Barn  C) Base  D) Close  E) Rose |
| 7. Найдите прилагательное, имеющее отрицательное значение:  A) meaningful  B) hopeful  C) real  D) unthinkable  E) famous |
| 8. Выберите верное местоимение:  He has the habit of talking to … .  A) myself  B) ourselves  C) yourself  D) himself  E) herself |
| 9. Вставьте пропущенные местоимения:  … book is more interesting than … one.  A) this, that  B) these, this  C) that, that  D) this, those  E) this, these |
| 10. Найдите правильное местоимение:  They believed … it was true.  A) Which.  B) Who.  C) That.  D) What.  E) Whose. |
| 11. Дополните предложение существительным в притяжательном падеже  Do you know my…daughter?  A) Uncles’s  B) Uncle’s  C) Uncle  D) Uncles  E) Uncles’ |
| 12. Найдите правильный вариант перевода на русский язык:  It’s no use asking him about it.  A) Вы скоро привыкнете к этому.  B) Бесполезно его спрашивать об этом.  C) Раньше здесь был дом.  D) Я часто его встречал.  E) Он обычно приходил к нам. |
| 13. Определите функцию герундия в следующем предложении:  The meeting was planned **for discussing** and **creating**.  A) обстоятельство цели  B) подлежащее  C) дополнение  D) сказуемое  E) определение |
| 14. Выберите предложение с Participle I:  A) Going along the street Imet Mary.  B) Our parents want to go to the theatre.  C) Nick likes going to the skating rink.  D) We have gone to Almaty.  E) Yesterday they went to the park. |
| 15. “To go ahead” означает:  A) Двигаться вперед  B) Повышаться  C) Выходить  D) Сопровождать  E) Возвращаться |
| 16. Найдите предложение с фразовым глаголом:  A) The sun shines in the sky.  B) They go to school in the morning.  C) There were many people in the street.  D) He was born in October.  E) Come in, please. |
| 17. К теме Travelling относится слово:  A) Tree.  B) Snow.  C) Study.  D) Pupil.  E) Excursion. |
| 18. Выберите неисчисляемое имя существительное:  A) River.  B) Weather.  C) Soldier.  D) Chair.  E) Doll. |
| 19. Выберите глагол в форме Present Perfect Active:  A) Have does.  B) Have do.  C) Have done.  D) Have doing.  E) Have did. |
| 20. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) Aliya said that she would tries to come in time.  B) Aliya said that she shouldn’t try to come in time.  C) Aliya said that she would try to come in time.  D) Aliya said that she should try to come in time.  E) Aliya said that she should tries to come in time. |
| 21. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  He often (to laugh) at.  A) Is laughed.  B) Were laughed.  C) Are laughed.  D) Have been laughed.  E) Am laughed. |
| 22. Найдите эквивалент:  Ей следует приходить вовремя.  A) Can she come?  B) She is to come.  C) She should come in time.  D) She had to come in time.  E) She needn’t come. |
| 23. Образуйте форму Perfect Infinitive от глагола Tell:  A) To tell.  B) To be told.  C) To have tell.  D) To have told.  E) To have telling. |
| 24. Прочтите текст и ответьте на вопрос после текста:  A traveller who had been riding in rain and was wet through, arrived at a small hotel in the country. There was only one fireplace in the hall and a lot of people around it. The traveller thought of a plan how to get warm. He asked the hotel owner to give some fish to his horse. The hotel owner was surprised but the traveller insisted and the hotel owner did as he was asked. All the people rushed out to see the horse eat fish. The traveller had the fireplace all to himself and felt comfortable. When the hotel owner had returned he said, "I was sure horses do not eat fish". - "Then why did you give it to my horse?".  Why did the traveller ask the hotel owner to feed his horse with fish?  A) because he was tired  B) because he wanted to sleep  C) because he wanted to get warm  D) because he wanted to see the horse eat fish  E) because it was hungry |
| 25. Дополните предложение:  They ... sausages at this shop.  A) cost  B) price  C) bring  D) department  E) sell |
| 26. Выразите одним словом:  You send them to your relatives on holidays.  A) Sorrows.  B) Clouds.  C) Bags.  D) Postcards.  E) Children. |
| 27. Образуйте новое слово от “real” c помощью следующих суффиксов.  A) Al.  B) Tion.  C) Ment.  D) Ic.  E) Ist. |
| 28. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  I think I … the report next Monday.  A) am not finishing  B) won’t finish  C) don’t finish  D) am not finished  E) haven’t finished |
| 29. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  Professor Asher … another lecture at the same time next week.  A) has been giving  B) gives  C) would give  D) has given  E) will be giving |
| 30. Выберите подходящее слово.  From the earliest times the … of London depended upon its water-born trade.  A) part  B) circumstances  C) south  D) prosperity  E) north |
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**Вариант 25**

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| 1. Выберите антоним слова. **Noise.**  A) sail.  B) silence.  C) cut.  D) weight.  E) cheer. |
| 2. Дополните предложение:  Never cross … street when … light is red.  A) - | the  B) the | the  C) a | a  D) - | a  E) the | a |
| 3. Выберите правильный вариант притяжательной формы существительного в единственном числе.  A) people’s organization.  B) men’s rights.  C) reader’s hobby.  D) workmans’ union.  E) grandfathers’s decision. |
| 4. Поставьте глагол в предложении в Present Simple Tense.  **… you as old as your friend?**  A) were.  B) am.  C) are.  D) was.  E) is. |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  We … home, when the rain began.  A) to be leaving  B) was leaving  C) to leaving  D) are leaving  E) were leaving |
| 6. Выберите правильный вариант перевода, обращая внимание на суффикс:  “Плата”  A) Unpayed.  B) Payness.  C) Repayed.  D) Payment.  E) Payful. |
| 7. Выберите верное местоимение:  I love … very much!  A) Mines.  B) He.  C) Hers.  D) She.  E) Him. |
| 8. Выберите исчисляемое существительное:  A) Health  B) Butter  C) Sugar  D) Bottle  E) Time |
| 9. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) He said that he shall return tomorrow.  B) He said that he would return tomorrow.  C) He said that he return tomorrow.  D) He said that he should return tomorrow.  E) He said that he will return tomorrow. |
| 10. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого:  There … someone at the door.  A) Is  B) Are  C) Were  D) Be  E) Am |
| 11. Найдите правильный вариант сказуемого:  I … to clean the carpet.  A) Going.  B) Am going.  C) Goes.  D) Are going.  E) Is going. |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант формы глагола:  He was looking forward to … to Astana to business-trip.  A) sent  B) is sending  C) being sent  D) sending  E) have send |
| 13. Определите функцию инфинитива в следующем предложении:  I was the first to come.  A) сказуемое  B) подлежащее  C) дополнение  D) определение  E) обстоятельство |
| 14. Закончите предложение:  Prince Charles is Queen Elizabeth’s II … .  A) Uncle.  B) Husband.  C) Father.  D) Brother.  E) Son. |
| 15. Выберите слово с третьим типом слога:  A) Observe.  B) More.  C) Visit.  D) Place.  E) Pupil. |
| 16. Синонимом слова shut является:  A) Close.  B) Open.  C) Make.  D) Turn.  E) Pick. |
| 17. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением «Продолжать»:  A) To go about  B) To go in for  C) To go off  D) To go on  E) To go without |
| 18. Найдите предложение с фразовым глаголом:  A) I don’t put any sugar into my tea.  B) Put it on the table.  C) Don’t put your legs on the sofa.  D) It was cold so he put on his coat.  E) Put the book in the bookcase. |
| 19. Подберите соответствующий перевод:  The book is less interesting than the film.  A) Книга менее интересная, чем фильм.  B) Фильм менее интересный, чем книга.  C) Книга более интересная, чем фильм.  D) Фильм такой же интересный, как книга.  E) Книга такая же интересная как фильм. |
| 20. Вставьте нужное указательное местоимение в предложении:  Look! ... men in the street are my friends.  A) That  B) Which  C) This  D) Whose  E) These |
| 21. Выберите правильный вариант вопросительного местоимения:  By … is this book written?  A) What.  B) Who.  C) Whom.  D) Whose.  E) Which. |
| 22. Вставьте модальный глагол:  …I speak to Sam, please? – Just a minute.  A) Ought  B) Must  C) Could  D) Will  E) Shall |
| 23. Выберите предложение, в котором причастие употреблено в функции обстоятельства:  A) The boy crying in the street is my friend.  B) The boy reading a book is my brother.  C) I heard her speaking on the phone.  D) They saw a flying bird.  E) While reading a book she was eating sweets. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопрос после текста:  Jonathan Swift liked order in everything. All the people in his house, for example, had to shut the door behind them when they came into the room or left it. One day a maid servant came and asked him to let her visit her sister who lived ten miles away. Swift not only agreed, but let her go there in his own carriage. The girl was so happy that she forgot to shut the door when she left the room. Swift let her go, but about half an hour later he ordered one of the servant to ride after the carriage and tell the girl come back. The poor girl had to turn back. She asked him what he wanted. I only want you to shut the door, was his answer. Now you may go to visit your sister. I wish you a pleasant journey.  *Why did J. Swift order the girl to come back?*  A) Because he wanted to wish her a pleasant jourhey.  B) Because he was a good master.  C) Because he wanted to teach her discipline.  D) Because he wanted to stay her at home.  E) Because he wanted to give her his carriage. |
| 25. Закончите фразеологизм:  To … oneself together. Взять себя в руки.  A) Pull.  B) Get.  C) Take.  D) Give.  E) Put. |
| 26. Выберите значение приставки de-:  A) повтор действия  B) внутри  C) сверх-  D) противоположное значение  E) взаимо- |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  … you often … your brother these days?  A) Is . . . seen  B) Do . . . see  C) Has . . . seen  D) Are . . . seeing  E) Does . . . see |
| 28. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  After everybody… a chance to say what they thought, we took a vote.  A) had had  B) would have  C) has had  D) has  E) have had |
| 29. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  Her book (to finish) next month.  A) Were finished.  B) Be finished.  C) Is finished.  D) Was finished.  E) Will be finished. |
| 30. Задайте вопрос к предложению:  He used to wear glasses twenty years ago.  A) Used he to wear glasses twenty years ago?  B) Did he use to wear glasses twenty years ago?  C) Do he used to wear glasses twenty years ago?  D) Didn’t he used to wear glasses twenty years ago?  E) Does he used to wear glasses twenty years ago? |
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**Вариант 26**

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| 1. Выберите антоним слова: **Harmful.**  A) fan.  B) hobby.  C) lucky.  D) useful.  E) foolish. |
| 2. Выберите правильное слово.  He was born in … small Russian town.  A) –  B) an  C) the  D) some  E) a |
| 3. Дополните предложение:  The little … face was happy.  A) girls  B) girls’s  C) girl’s  D) girl  E) girls’es |
| 4. Выберите правильную форму глагола .  There … some butter in the fridge.  A) wasn`t  B) am  C) isn`t  D) are  E) `s |
| 5. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого.  We … to watch a new film.  A) Am going.  B) Are going.  C) Is going.  D) Was going.  E) Be going. |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других.  A) **G**eography  B) **G**lobe  C) **G**lue  D) **G**lutton  E) **G**lassy |
| 7. Выберите правильный вариант предлога:  Go … reading the story. I want to know its end.  A) Out.  B) On.  C) Through.  D) About.  E) In. |
| 8. Вставьте необходимое слово в предложение:  The streets in this town are really ... . Nobody ever cleans them.  A) dirty  B) different  C) difficult  D) cheap  E) clean |
| 9. Закончите фразеологизм:  War is the sports of … Война – развлечение королей.  A) Knights.  B) Queens.  C) Kings.  D) Generals.  E) Soldiers. |
| 10. Выберите правильный вариант перевода слова:  Неправда  A) Truth.  B) Imtruth.  C) Distruth.  D) Intruth.  E) Untruth. |
| 11. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения :  … girl is George’s cousin .  A) these.  B) mine.  C) those.  D) that.  E) its. |
| 12. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  I… a bit lonely these days  A) were  B) are  C) am  D) is  E) do |
| 13. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) I hoped that I shall find him at school.  B) I hoped that I will find him at school.  C) I hoped that I should find him at school.  D) I hoped that I would found him at school.  E) I hoped that I should found him at school. |
| 14. Дополните предложение в Past Indefinite Passive:  The theatre ... built in 1970.  A) were  B) was  C) are  D) be  E) is |
| 15. Выберите слово с суффиксом, обозначающим состояние или качество:  A) Freshy.  B) Freshness.  C) Freshless.  D) Freshable.  E) Freshly. |
| 16. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения:  There is … in the bag. It’s empty.  A) Any.  B) Nothing.  C) Anyone.  D) Somewhere.  E) No. |
| 17. Дополните предложение:  That’s the house ... we stayed in May.  A) when  B) who  C) where  D) what  E) which |
| 18. Форма множественного числа отличается от остальных в слове:  A) Horse.  B) Animal.  C) Tooth.  D) Body.  E) Eye. |
| 19. Определите правильный вариант глагола:  When we came back the children … in the garden with two unknown boys.  A) Was playing.  B) Would play.  C) Are playing.  D) Play.  E) Were playing. |
| 20. Вставьте нужную форму глагола:  You must … a letter  A) to write  B) written  C) writing  D) write  E) wrote |
| 21. Задайте вопрос к предложению:  They used to live in the same street.  A) Does they used to live in the same street?  B) Do they used to live in the same street?  C) Did they used to live in the same street?  D) Did they use to live in the same street?  E) Would they used to live in the same street? |
| 22. Вставьте в предложение глагол в соответствующей форме:  He is very good at (learn) languages.  A) learn  B) being learnt  C) to learn  D) learning  E) have learnt |
| 23. Выберите верное причастие:  A ... fridge  A) Buying.  B) Buyed.  C) Boughting.  D) Bought.  E) Boughted. |
| 24. Прочтите текст и ответьте на вопрос после текста:  The famous composer Rakhmaninov was also a very good pianist. When he was a small boy he was asked to play at a home party at their friends’ place. Though he was only eight he was quite experienced in playing the piano and did it well. At that concert he was to play one of Beethoven’s sonatas. It must be mentioned that there are several very long intervals in that sonata. In each of these intervals the boy took his hands off the keyboard and waited. During one of these intervals the old mother of the hostess came up to him and said, «My boy, why don’t you play anything that you know very well?»  Why did the boy stop playing several times?  A) because the sonata had some long intervals  B) because he was tired  C) because the sonata had some short intervals  D) because he was mistaken  E) because he didn’t remember the sonata |
| 25. Дополните предложение:  Please, ... another dress. This one is too big for you.  A) hope  B) try on  C) let  D) case  E) think |
| 26. Выразите одним словом:  You send them to your relatives on holidays.  A) Postcards.  B) Children.  C) Sorrows.  D) Bags.  E) Clouds. |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  Clothes … very different in the year 2100.  A) are  B) is  C) is going to be  D) are going to  E) will be |
| 28. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  She couldn’t find the book that I … her.  A) lent  B) have been lending  C) have lent  D) lend  E) had lent |
| 29. Выберите верный перевод:  He is thought to be clever and honest  A) Считают, что он умный и честный человек.  B) Все думали, что он умный и честный человек.  C) Он думал, что он умный и честный человек.  D) Он собирается быть умным и честным человеком.  E) Он думает, как стать умным и честным человеком. |
| 30. Выберите правильный ответ.  What is the capital of Massachusetts?  A) Boston.  B) Memphis.  C) St. Louis.  D) Atlanta.  E) Los Angeles. |
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**Вариант 27**

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| 1. Выберите правильный предлог  Do not learn all your answers off … heart.  A) on  B) in  C) out  D) by  E) at |
| 2. Дополните предложение:  … finest weather in this part of … country is in September.  A) The | -  B) A | the  C) The | the  D) A | a  E) The | a |
| 3. Выберите притяжательную форму существительного в единственном числе.  A) grandmother’s bag.  B) shop-assistants’ duties.  C) children’s clothes.  D) girls’ stamps.  E) farmers’ department. |
| 4. Выберите правильную форму глагола  They … married next week.  A) got  B) gets  C) was getting  D) are getting  E) is getting |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  He … not going to help his mother. He was too busy with his homework.  A) are  B) is not  C) were  D) was not  E) was |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других слов:  A) B**u**tter.  B) Br**u**sh.  C) **U**mbrella.  D) B**u**s.  E) B**u**sh. |
| 7. Найдите синоним слова “To start”  A) To play  B) To give  C) To bring  D) To finish  E) To begin |
| 8. Выразите одним словом:  People go in for sports there.  A) School.  B) Wood.  C) Stadium.  D) Basket.  E) Mountains. |
| 9. Обобщающим для данной группы слов является слово:  A) Sea.  B) Water.  C) Lake.  D) River.  E) Ocean. |
| 10. Образуйте прилагательное с противоположным значением от слова "possible":  A) Repossible.  B) Inpossible.  C) Unpossible.  D) Ilpossible.  E) Impossible. |
| 11. Найдите правильное местоимение:  If you find … mistakes, please tell me.  A) Anything.  B) Any.  C) Somebody.  D) Nothing.  E) Something. |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого:  There … several beautiful parks in this city.  A) Are  B) Be  C) Is  D) Been  E) Was |
| 13. Найдите правильный вариант перевода на русский язык:  It’s no use asking him about it.  A) Он обычно приходил к нам.  B) Вы скоро привыкнете к этому.  C) Я часто его встречал.  D) Бесполезно его спрашивать об этом.  E) Раньше здесь был дом. |
| 14. Выберите правильный вариант формы глагола:  He was looking forward to … to Astana to business-trip.  A) is sending  B) sent  C) sending  D) being sent  E) have send |
| 15. Переведите “Заботиться о… ”:  A) To like  B) To take out.  C) To take in  D) To take care of  E) To defend |
| 16. Найдите глагол от прилагательного black:  A) To blacket.  B) To blacked.  C) To blacken.  D) To blackish.  E) To blackise. |
| 17. Дополните предложение:  Is there ... sugar on the table?  A) something  B) nothing  C) many  D) anything  E) any |
| 18. Выберите правильный вариант:  This is my chair and … your armchair over there.  A) its is  B) that is  C) these are  D) this is  E) those are |
| 19. Выберите правильный вариант множественного числа существительного:  Boy-friend  A) Boy-friends.  B) Boys-friend.  C) Boies-friend.  D) Boys-friends.  E) Boy-friendes. |
| 20. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого:  They … in Europe all summer.  A) Stays.  B) Was stayed.  C) Stayed.  D) Has stayed.  E) Is staying. |
| 21. Выберите правильную форму сказуемого в страдательном залоге:  Letters … … every day (to post).  A) Are been posted.  B) Be posted.  C) Have be posted.  D) Are posted.  E) Are being posting. |
| 22. Вставьте глагол в соответствующей форме:  Seeing Nick enter the room I rose (greet) him.  A) greeted  B) greet  C) to greet  D) to greeted  E) to greeting |
| 23. Выделенное слово является Participle 1впредложении:  A) That ***morning*** was clear and sunny.  B) I saw a bookshop near the ***turning.***  C) She ate her supper ***watching*** a film on TV.  D) I saw a new ***building*** in the street.  E) The book is very ***interesting.*** |
| 24. Прочитайте текст, выберите правильный ответ на вопрос:  Jane came home after her first day at school. “Well, dear”, asked her mother, “what did they teach you?” “Not much,” answered the child. “I have to go again.”  What did her mother ask her?  A) She asked what the teachers had looked like.  B) She asked her whether she had liked her teacher.  C) She asked her whether the teacher liked Jane.  D) She asked what they had asked Jane.  E) She asked what they had taught Jane. |
| 25. Выберите правильный английский эквивалент данной пословицы:  Сколько голов, столько умов.  A) So many men, so many minds.  B) No pains, no gains.  C) As you make your bed so you must lie on it.  D) East or West, home is best.  E) A good beginning makes a good ending. |
| 26. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  Zulfiya … to have made a report on psychology previous Thursday.  A) weren’t  B) was  C) were  D) is  E) isn’t |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  I … him for ages.  A) don’t see  B) haven’t seen  C) didn’t see  D) hasn’t seen  E) won’t see |
| 28. Выберите правильный вариант глаголов:  Dauren hoped they … before anybody started to look for them.  A) will have come  B) would have come  C) would came  D) would come  E) should come |
| 29. Найдите эквивалент:  Она должна прийти.  A) She is to come.  B) She needn’t come.  C) Can she come?  D) She had to come in time.  E) She should have come in time. |
| 30. Выберите правильный ответ на вопрос:  What is the capital of Georgia?  A) Atlanta.  B) Annapolis.  C) Augusta.  D) Albany.  E) Austin. |
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**Вариант 28**

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| 1. Синонимом слова “Fast” является:  A) Wise.  B) Slow.  C) Fear.  D) Quick.  E) Far. |
| 2. Дополните предложение:  … flat is nice but … bathroom is too small.  A) The | a  B) A | a  C) - | -  D) a | the  E) The | the |
| 3. Выберите правильное слово.  It`s the … foot.  A) dog’s  B) Doges’  C) of the dog  D) Dog’  E) of the dog’s |
| 4. Поставьте глагол в предложении в Present Simple Tense.  **New Year’s Day … the time for making New Year resolutions.**  A) was.  B) is.  C) am.  D) were.  E) are. |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  My mother … going to clean the floor. I want to help her.  A) were  B) am  C) are  D) is  E) be |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других.  A) **G**lade  B) **G**lass  C) **G**litter  D) **G**eneral  E) **G**lad |
| 7. Антоним слова “Large”  A) Small  B) High  C) Heavy  D) Difficult  E) Tall |
| 8. Выберите правильный вариант переводa слова:  Неаккуратный  A) Tidy.  B) Untidy.  C) Imtidy.  D) Intidy.  E) Retidy. |
| 9. Образуйте сложное слово:  text  A) book  B) yard  C) room  D) day  E) paper |
| 10. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения в предложении:  We live in Wales. ... parents live with ... .  A) Theirs / our.  B) Our / they.  C) Mine / me.  D) Ours / we.  E) Our / us. |
| 11. Найдите множественное число слова “a boy”:  A) Boyses  B) Boieses  C) Boyes  D) Boys  E) Boies |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого:  There … eight new words in this lesson.  A) Is  B) Been  C) Am  D) Are  E) Was |
| 13. Определите, чем является подчёркнутое слово:  Thank you for coming.  A) инфинитивов  B) модальным глаголом  C) причастием  D) наречием  E) герундием |
| 14. Определите предложение с Participle I:  A) We like buying ice–cream.  B) They want to buy tickets.  C) A young lady buying flowers is my aunt.  D) She bought a new dress last week.  E) He buys fruits every Sunday. |
| 15. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением «Заботиться»:  A) To look after  B) Look out  C) To look before  D) To look up  E) To look in |
| 16. Выберите нужный фразовый глагол:  Please … the light. This room is dark.  A) Turn right.  B) Turn off.  C) Turn on.  D) Turn left.  E) Turn. |
| 17. Переведите “Быть расположенным ”  A) To consist of  B) To be upset  C) To be lucky  D) To be separated  E) To be situated |
| 18. Дайте определение слову hurry:  A) To go to the cinema with one’s friends.  B) To be late.  C) To do something very quickly.  D) To catch a train.  E) To play with friends. |
| 19. Выберите указательное местоимение для предложения:  Do you like ... apples?  A) thise  B) the  C) these  D) that  E) this |
| 20. Выберите правильную форму сказуемого:  The workers will … … this school next year.  A) Has built.  B) Be built.  C) Build.  D) Has build.  E) Have build. |
| 21. Выберите правильную форму сказуемого в страдательном залоге:  Most schools … on Sunday(to close).  A) Are close.  B) Are been close.  C) Are being closed.  D) Be closed.  E) Are closed. |
| 22. Определите название формы по приведенному примеру:  To be going.  A) Participle 2.  B) Indefinite Infinitive Active.  C) Participle 1.  D) Gerund.  E) Continuous Infinitive Active. |
| 23. Прочитайте текст, выберите правильный ответ на вопрос:  Charles has just entered school. “What is your name?” the teacher asked. “Charles”, was the answer. “Charles what?” the teacher questioned. “Oh, that’s all right,” the boy said, “”just call me Charles.”  What has happened to Charles?  A) He has become a pupil.  B) He entered the school by the side door.  C) He has been attending school for some months.  D) He has done the first homework.  E) He doesn’t want to enter school. |
| 24. Выберите правильный вариант ответа:  Which is the biggest state of the USA?  A) Texas  B) Arizona  C) Alaska  D) Florida  E) California |
| 25. Дополните предложение:  I think they know very (мало) English songs.  A) a little  B) few  C) little  D) some  E) any |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  The burglars dropped a piece of paper with an address on it as they … out of the window.  A) were climbing  B) climbed  C) climb  D) are climbing  E) have climbed |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  She said she … just … dinner.  A) is cooking  B) had cooked  C) cook  D) cooks  E) has cooked |
| 28. Выберите правильный вариант глаголов:  I was sure that they … (to arrive) in the evening.  A) would be arriving  B) would arrive  C) would have arrived  D) should have arrived  E) should arrive |
| 29. Глагол to have употреблен в качестве модального в предложении:  A) They had no time to finish their work.  B) I had much money yesterday.  C) We did not have a rest the whole day.  D) Do you have to go to the market to buy fish or meat?  E) What did you have for dinner? |
| 30. Задайте вопрос к предложению:  He used to wear glasses twenty years ago.  A) Do he used to wear glasses twenty years ago?  B) Did he use to wear glasses twenty years ago?  C) Used he to wear glasses twenty years ago?  D) Didn’t he used to wear glasses twenty years ago?  E) Does he used to wear glasses twenty years ago? |
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**Вариант 29**

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| 1. Антонимом слова “Dream” является:  A) Possibility.  B) Success.  C) Luck.  D) Ability.  E) Reality. |
| 2. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  … Northern part of … state Michigan has many spots.  A) The, the.  B) An, the.  C) An, -.  D) A, a.  E) An, a. |
| 3. Укажите предложение, в котором “**-s**” является показателем притяжательного падежа.  A) My uncle’**s** bought a sideboard.  B) He always greet**s** people.  C) One boy’**s** mother made tasty cookies.  D) The class teacher usually open**s** our meetings.  E) The Stogov**s** went to the Black Sea. |
| 4. Выберите правильный вариант предложения в Past Simple Tense.  A) Pupils run and jump at P.T. Lessons.  B) Ahmed phoned me yesterday.  C) My birthday will be on Sunday.  D) My friend has just come home.  E) We are reading now. |
| 5. Вставьте правильную форму глагола  Watch out! You … knock the vase over.  A) was going to  B) would  C) am going to  D) is going to  E) are going to |
| 6. К теме Село относится слово:  A) Harvest.  B) Rainy.  C) Supper.  D) Swimmer.  E) Break. |
| 7. Образуйте существительное от глагола serve:  A) Serve.  B) Servesation.  C) Servelity.  D) Servant.  E) Serventy. |
| 8. Выберите верное местоимение:  The music was so loud that I had to shout to make … .  A) herself  B) myself  C) ourselves  D) himself  E) itself |
| 9. Выберите верное местоимение.  … books were read last year.  A) It.  B) This.  C) That.  D) One.  E) Those. |
| 10. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  It ... a nice fairy-tale.  A) Are.  B) Am.  C) Been.  D) Is.  E) Be. |
| 11. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) The doctor said that he will come the next day.  B) The doctor said that he would come the next day.  C) The doctor said that he shall come the next day.  D) The doctor said that he comes the next day.  E) The doctor said that he should come the next day. |
| 12. Найдите правильную форму сказуемого:  There … a sports center in Moscow.  A) Were  B) Been  C) Is  D) Are  E) Be |
| 13. Определите предложение с Participle II:  A) They are still writing a test.  B) I don’t know the words written on the blackboard.  C) She wanted to write a letter to her granny.  D) We shall write you as soon as possible.  E) Nick wrote a report a week ago. |
| 14. Выберите правильный вариант ответа:  Where does the President of the USA live and work?  A) in Congress  B) in the White House  C) in the Empire State Building  D) in the Pentagon  E) in the Supreme Court |
| 15. Выберите слово, в котором выделенное буквосочетание читается отлично от других слов:  A) Ear**th**.  B) **Th**ousand.  C) **Th**under.  D) **Th**ree.  E) Ei**th**er. |
| 16. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением «Записывать»:  A) To put up with  B) To put off  C) To put on  D) To put down  E) To put out |
| 17. Найдите предложение с фразовым глаголом:  A) I usually read books in the evening.  B) I have lunch at 12 o’clock.  C) I go to work by bus.  D) I come home at 7 o’clock.  E) I get up at seven every morning. |
| 18. Дополните предложение:  He ... his brother’s example.  A) follows  B) learn  C) advice  D) appearance  E) suffers |
| 19. Дайте определение слову expensive:  A) Costing a lot of money.  B) A very rich person.  C) A beautiful thing.  D) A fine weather.  E) A good mark at school. |
| 20. Закончите предложение:  The weather was ... .  A) nicely.  B) brightly.  C) bad.  D) badly.  E) well. |
| 21. Выберите правильный вариант множественного числа существительного:  Fire-place  A) Fire-places.  B) Fires-place.  C) Fires-places.  D) Firies-places.  E) Fire-place. |
| 22. Вставьте необходимое сочетание с модальным глаголом:  You look tired. Yes, I ... last night.  A) can not sleep  B) can’t sleep  C) couldn’t sleep  D) could sleep  E) can sleep |
| 23. Определите название формы по приведенному примеру:  To have gone.  A) Participle 1.  B) Gerund.  C) Perfect Infinitive Active.  D) Participle 2.  E) Indefinite Infinitive Active. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст и выберите подходящий заголовок:  After the War of Independence the USA needed a capital city. It was difficult to choose it because different cities in different parts of the country wanted to be the nation’s capital. In the end it was decided to build a new city. In 1791 George Washington, the first president, chose the place where the city now stands. He thought it was a good place because the Potomac River was large enough for ships to come as far as the site of the city. The land round the city was called the District of Columbia, after Christopher Columbus; and the city on it was named Washington, in honour of the country’s first president.  A) The War of Independence.  B) The discovery of America.  C) Different cities of America.  D) From the history of the capital.  E) The first President. |
| 25. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения:  … is giving our secret information. The enemy knows about our plans.  A) Nothing  B) Nobody  C) Something  D) Somebody  E) Anybody |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  When the film started the children … in the living room.  A) Has played  B) Play  C) Played  D) Had playing  E) Were playing |
| 27. Выберите правильную форму сказуемого:  He … … her since 1982.  A) Has known.  B) Had known.  C) Will have known.  D) Has knew.  E) Have known. |
| 28. Выберите правильный перевод предложения в страдательном залоге:  Ему показали дорогу.  A) Him was shown the way.  B) He was show the way.  C) He was showed the way.  D) He was shown the way.  E) He showed the way. |
| 29. Задайте специльный вопрос к предложению:  I used to read a lot of books.  A) Did I used to read a lot of books?  B) When did I use to read a lot of books?  C) Why do I used to read a lot of books?  D) Did I used read a lot of books?  E) Do I used to read a lot of books? |
| 30. Вставьте в предложение глагол в соответствующей форме:  It’s no use (worry) about it.  A) to have worried  B) to worried  C) worrying  D) to been worried  E) worry |
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**Вариант 30**

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| 1. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  … White House is … home of … president.  A) -, the, a.  B) The, the, -.  C) -, the, -.  D) The, the, the.  E) A, an, -. |
| 2. Выберите существительное, употребляющиеся только в форме множественного числа.  A) share.  B) size.  C) secret.  D) fear.  E) clothes. |
| 3. Поставьте глаголы в предложении в Past Simple Tense.  **Yesterday my brother … at the cinema, I … also there.**  A) was, were.  B) were, am.  C) are, is.  D) was, was.  E) is, am. |
| 4. Найдите предложение в Present Continuous Tense.  A) You can see with your own eyes everything.  B) The tickets are too expensive.  C) They are playing football in the yard now.  D) Moscow is a port of five seas.  E) Dad hasn’t forgotten his promise. |
| 5. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого.  There … many wild animals in Australia.  A) Am.  B) Are.  C) Is.  D) Be.  E) Was. |
| 6. Выберите правильный вариант переводa слова:  Несчастный  A) Imhappy.  B) Rehappy.  C) Unhappy.  D) Inhappy.  E) Happy. |
| 7. Выберите верное местоимение.  My father gave me that book … .  A) Itself.  B) Yourself.  C) Myself.  D) Herself.  E) Himself. |
| 8. Выберите верное местоимение.  … is a large house.  A) Those.  B) This.  C) None.  D) Its.  E) These. |
| 9. Выберите притяжательную форму существительного в единственном числе.  A) Planes’  B) Dogs’  C) Neighbours’  D) Plants’  E) Aunt’s |
| 10. Выберите правильный вариант глагола:  Mary … just …fresh newspaper to her father.  A) has … bring  B) has … brought  C) have … bring  D) have …brought  E) have … brings |
| 11. Найдите правильный вариант перевода:  Он не собирается идти домой.  A) He isn’t going to go home  B) He is going to go home  C) He is going home now  D) He’ll go home soon  E) He isn’t going home now |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант.  I like … .  A) Drawing.  B) Draws.  C) Drawn.  D) Draw.  E) Drew. |
| 13. Выберите предложение с Participle I:  A) They sang a lot yesterday.  B) I enjoy singing pop – songs.  C) Mr. Marat listened to the girls singing Kazakh folk songs.  D) They usually sing on weekends.  E) He has just sung this part. |
| 14. Выберите правильный ответ.  The Scottish lake in which there is supposed to be a monster is …  A) Lake Erie  B) Lake Huron  C) Lake Michigan  D) Lake Superior  E) Loch Ness |
| 15. Выберите слово с третьим типом слога:  A) More.  B) Place.  C) Pupil.  D) Observe.  E) Visit. |
| 16. Aнтонимoм слова “Joy”является :  A) Beauty  B) Laughter  C) Smile  D) Happiness  E) Grief |
| 17. Выберите верное окончание для словосочетания:  A bottle of...  A) butter.  B) honey.  C) oil.  D) cream.  E) sugar. |
| 18. Выберите правильный вариант фразового глагола “to put”:  Don ’t forget … your scarf …, please.  A) to put … in.  B) to put … to.  C) to put… down.  D) to put … on.  E) to put…after. |
| 19. Закончите предложение:  To come back means to ...  A) return.  B) go on foot.  C) go by bus.  D) come late.  E) come in time. |
| 20. Переведите:  Заниматься спортом  A) To go in for sport.  B) To have sport.  C) To study sport.  D) To learn sport.  E) To sport. |
| 21. Выберите слово с суффиксом, обозначающим процесс или результат действия:  A) Organization.  B) Writer.  C) Easily.  D) Helpless.  E) Reader. |
| 22. Выберите правильный модальный глагол.  I … skate and ski very well.  A) Be able to  B) Can  C) Was  D) Must to  E) Were to |
| 23. Вставьте глагол в соответствующей форме:  Tell her what you would like her (do).  A) to have do.  B) do.  C) doing.  D) to do.  E) to be doing. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст, выберите правильный ответ на вопрос:  A very rich man asked a famous artist to draw something for him in his album. The artist did so, and asked for one hundred dollars. “Why!” cried the rich man. “It took you only five minutes to do it!” “Yes,” answered the artist. “But it took me twenty years to learn how to do it in five minutes.”  Why did the famous artist ask for money for his work?  A) It took him five minutes to learn how to draw.  B) It had taken him five minutes to learn how to do albums.  C) It had taken him twenty years to draw money.  D) It had taken him twenty minutes to learn how to ask for money.  E) It had taken him twenty years to learn how to draw. |
| 25. Дополните предложение:  They ... sausages at this shop.  A) cost  B) price  C) bring  D) sell  E) department |
| 26. Найдите правильное местоимение:  In Kazakhstan there is only one lake … I haven’t visited yet.  A) Which.  B) What.  C) Whom.  D) Who.  E) Whose. |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  The biggest event in Tom’s life … by chance.  A) happens  B) happened  C) was happening  D) has happen  E) has been happening |
| 28. Выберите правильный вариант:  He answered he … when he … the answer.  A) will phone / would know  B) would phone / knew  C) phoned / knew  D) will phone / knows  E) would phone / would know |
| 29. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  At this very moment the suspect . . . by the police.  A) had been interviewed  B) is interviewed  C) is being interviewed  D) was interviewed  E) has been interviewed |
| 30. Поставьте предложение в отрицательную форму:  David used to work at the factory.  A) David not used to work at the factory.  B) David don’t used to work at the factory.  C) David didn’t use to work at the factory.  D) David used to didn’t work at the factory.  E) David doesn’t used to work at the factory. |
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**Вариант 31**

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| 1. Синонимом слова “Sad” является:  A) Bright.  B) Clever.  C) Happy.  D) Merry.  E) Dull. |
| 2. Выберите правильное слово  Where is … cat?  A) –  B) some  C) the  D) a  E) an |
| 3. Существительное во множественном числе.  A) welf  B) wolves  C) wolf  D) wolfs  E) wolfes |
| 4. Дополните предложение:  How are you? – I … all right.  A) were  B) am  C) been  D) are  E) was |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  What … you going to be when you leave school?  A) were  B) is  C) are  D) was  E) am |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенное буквосочетание читается отлично от других слов:  A) B**ea**t.  B) T**ea**cher.  C) M**ea**t.  D) Cl**ea**n.  E) H**ea**vy. |
| 7. Выберите правильный вариант предлога:  Go … reading the story. I want to know its end.  A) In.  B) About.  C) Out.  D) On.  E) Through. |
| 8. К теме Село относится слово:  A) Wheat.  B) Supper.  C) Swimmer.  D) Rainy.  E) Break. |
| 9. Дополните предложение, вставив нужное местоимение:  Did you meet ... on your way home?  A) anybody  B) some  C) nobody  D) none  E) any |
| 10. Вставьте правильный вариант вспомогательного глагола: It … snowing the whole day yesterday.  A) are  B) have  C) was  D) shall  E) be |
| 11. Выберите правильное сказуемое:  The train … at the station by 4 o’clock yesterday.  A) had arrived  B) have arrive  C) has arrive  D) have arrives  E) have arrived |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант перевода на русский язык:  Во дворе много деревьев.  A) There were no trees in the yard.  B) There many trees in the yard.  C) Many trees were in the yard.  D) There are many trees in the yard.  E) There are no trees in the yard. |
| 13. Выберите страдательный залог герундия в несовершенном времени на примере следующего глагола:  To write  A) be writing  B) write  C) being written  D) writing  E) having been written |
| 14. Выберите верное причастие:  The ... day  A) Followned.  B) Following.  C) Followeded.  D) Followning.  E) Followeding. |
| 15. Найдите прилагательное, имеющее отрицательное значение:  A) dependent  B) useful  C) regular  D) indefinite  E) understandable |
| 16. Образуйте прилагательное при помощи суффикса:  Interest  A) ly  B) ing  C) ful  D) able  E) y |
| 17. Выберите верный вариант местоимений:  How are … children? – Fine, thanks. How are …?  A) Your / yours.  B) Yours / yours.  C) Yours / my.  D) Your / your.  E) Yours / your. |
| 18. Выберите правильный вариант вопросительного местоимения:  By … is this book written?  A) What.  B) Which.  C) Whose.  D) Whom.  E) Who. |
| 19. Дополните предложение существительным в притяжательном падеже:  Do you know my ... husband?  A) siste’s  B) sister’s  C) sister  D) sisters’s  E) sisters |
| 20. Выберите правильный вариант сказуемого:  We … institute every Friday.  A) Has attended.  B) Was attended.  C) Is attending.  D) Attending.  E) Attend. |
| 21. Выберите правильный вариант:  We were told that the train … five minutes later.  A) will arrive  B) had been arriving  C) would be arrivе  D) has arrived  E) would arrive |
| 22. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  He (to send) for the doctor.  A) Are send.  B) Was sent.  C) Is send.  D) Are sent.  E) Have been sent. |
| 23. Закончите предложение :  When I was younger, I … play tennis quite well.  A) Used to  B) Used  C) Am used to  D) To be used to  E) To get used to |
| 24. Прочтите текст и ответьте на вопрос после текста:  The famous composer Rakhmaninov was also a very good pianist. When he was a small boy he was asked to play at a home party at their friends’ place. Though he was only eight he was quite experienced in playing the piano and did it well. At that concert he was to play one of Beethoven’s sonatas. It must be mentioned that there are several very long intervals in that sonata. In each of these intervals the boy took his hands off the keyboard and waited. During one of these intervals the old mother of the hostess came up to him and said, «My boy, why don’t you play anything that you know very well?»  Why did the boy stop playing several times?  A) because he didn’t remember the sonata  B) because he was tired  C) because the sonata had some long intervals  D) because the sonata had some short intervals  E) because he was mistaken |
| 25. Переведите “To be keen on ”  A) Держать на уровне.  B) Быть честным.  C) Находить удовольствие.  D) Страстно желать, увлекаться чем-либо.  E) Обладать хорошим слухом. |
| 26. Выразите одним словом:  You send them to your relatives on holidays.  A) Sorrows.  B) Bags.  C) Clouds.  D) Children.  E) Postcards. |
| 27. Закончите фразеологизм:  To … oneself together. Взять себя в руки.  A) Get.  B) Give.  C) Pull.  D) Take.  E) Put. |
| 28. Найдите эквивалент:  Она должна прийти.  A) She needn’t come.  B) Can she come?  C) She should have come in time.  D) She had to come in time.  E) She is to come. |
| 29. Инфинитив является сложным подлежащим в предложении:  A) I’m pleased to have met him.  B) I saw him read this book.  C) I am not in the mood to dance.  D) He is said to be a very talented actor.  E) He asked me not to be late. |
| 30. Выберите подходящий русский эквивалент к слову “freshman”  In American English, freshman means … .  A) первокурсник  B) вновь прибывший  C) выпускник  D) новичок в деле  E) второкурсник |
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**Вариант 32**

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| 1. Синонимом слова “Smart” является:  A) Coward.  B) Dirty.  C) Tall.  D) Bright.  E) Bald. |
| 2. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  They placed … box on … table.  A) The, an.  B) The, the.  C) -, -.  D) -, the.  E) An, a. |
| 3. Множественное число существительного к слову: a watch.  A) Watches.  B) Watchiez.  C) Watchs.  D) Watchis.  E) Watchies. |
| 4. Дополните предложение:  I opened the fridge. There … much food there.  A) been  B) are  C) was  D) were  E) be |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  Where … you going when you met your friend in the street yesterday?  A) been  B) are  C) were  D) is  E) was |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других слов:  A) **C**emetery.  B) **C**atch.  C) **C**entre.  D) **C**ertainly.  E) **C**elebrate. |
| 7. Обобщающим для данной группы слов является слово:  A) Climate.  B) Rain.  C) Cloud.  D) Snow.  E) Ice. |
| 8. Дополните пословицу:  East or West, … is best.  A) South.  B) School.  C) Shopping.  D) Rest.  E) Home. |
| 9. Найдите глагол, образованный при помощи префикса:  A) electrify  B) realize  C) locate  D) graduate  E) reconstruct |
| 10. Вставьте пропущенное местоимение:  … artist has a great talent.  A) they  B) these  C) them  D) those  E) this |
| 11. Выберите верное местоимение:  Is there … apples in the basket?  A) some  B) no  C) any  D) nothing  E) anything |
| 12. Выберите правильный вариант глагола:  Mary … just …fresh newspaper to her father.  A) has … brought  B) has … bring  C) have …brought  D) have … bring  E) have … brings |
| 13. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) He said that he would return tomorrow.  B) He said that he shall return tomorrow.  C) He said that he should return tomorrow.  D) He said that he will return tomorrow.  E) He said that he return tomorrow. |
| 14. Определите, чем является подчёркнутое слово:  The girl washing the floor is my sister.  A) инфинитивом  B) герундием  C) наречием  D) причастием  E) модальным глаголом |
| 15. Дополните фразу:  To go to the lectures means ... them.  A) to attend  B) to learn  C) to write  D) to come from  E) to look |
| 16. Дополните предложение:  Not to catch the train means to ... it.  A) miss  B) like  C) have  D) buy  E) sell |
| 17. Найдите имя прилагательное:  A) badly  B) slow  C) beauty  D) nineteen  E) read |
| 18. Дополните предложение:  That’s the house ... we stayed in May.  A) when  B) which  C) what  D) where  E) who |
| 19. Дополните предложение существительным в притяжательном падеже  This is his…friend.  A) Daughters’s  B) Daughter’s  C) Daughter  D) Daughters  E) Daughteres |
| 20. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол в предложении:  ... you meet her at the station?  A) Was  B) Are  C) Will  D) Have  E) Does |
| 21. Выберите верный вариант отрицания к данному предложению:  He used to do everything his mother said.  A) He used to not do everything his mother said.  B) He didn’t used to do everything his mother said.  C) He not used to do everything his mother said.  D) He didn’t use to do everything his mother said.  E) He didn’t use do everything his mother said. |
| 22. Образуйте форму Gerund от глагола have:  A) To have had.  B) To have.  C) To be having.  D) To have been having.  E) Having. |
| 23. Вставьте в предложение глагол в соответствующей форме:  Nick used (live) alone.  A) having lived  B) living  C) to be living  D) to live  E) live |
| 24. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание после текста:  Mr. Nelson wanted to be elected sheriff in a New Hampshire county. He went from farm to farm asking people to vote for him. Mrs. Marrow saw him coming up one day and reached for the broom. Get off, you good-for-nothing loafer, she shouted.  But Mrs. Marrow, said Nelson. I have just come to ask you if you’ll vote for me for sheriff.  Sheriff! shouted Mrs. Marrow. Your place is in the lockup, not in the sheriff’s office. You are a scoundrel, and your father was a scoundrel, and your grandfather was a scoundrel. Get out of here before I take this broom to you.  Nelson decided to go. Before climbing back into the car,he took out his notebook and wrote, after the name of Marrow, one word: Doubtful.  Выберите заголовок к тексту:  A) Mr. Nelson and a Scoundrel.  B) Mrs. Marrow Is a Sheriff.  C) He Wants to Be a Sheriff.  D) The Last Elections.  E) How to Become a President. |
| 25. Выберите антоним к подчеркнутому слову:  The **damp** climate of this country made my cough very strong.  A) wet  B) humid  C) raw  D) dry  E) moist |
| 26. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  Zulfiya … to have made a report on psychology previous Thursday.  A) were  B) isn’t  C) weren’t  D) is  E) was |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  I woke up and found out that water … through the ceiling.  A) has poured  B) has been pouring  C) is pouring  D) poured  E) was pouring |
| 28. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  The patient (to take) to hospital last Friday.  A) Take.  B) Was took.  C) Was taken.  D) Were taken.  E) Was take. |
| 29. Заменитe выделенное модальное выражение его эквивалентом:  The conference **is to** begin next Tuesday  A) can  B) must  C) might  D) should  E) could |
| 30. Закончите предложение:  A jack is an old name for ...  A) a village  B) a sailor  C) a city  D) a tower  E) a danger |
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**Вариант 33**

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| 1. Выберите предлог противоположный предлогу: up.  A) At.  B) Down.  C) On.  D) In.  E) Under. |
| 2. Выбери слово, противоположное по смыслу слову “Enter”:  A) Insert.  B) Arrive.  C) Leave.  D) Come in.  E) Able. |
| 3. Выберите правильный вариант артиклей.  … potatoes are grown everywhere in … British Isles.  A) -, a.  B) A, the.  C) -, the.  D) A, an.  E) An, the. |
| 4. Найдите существительное в единственном числе.  A) pages.  B) hobbies.  C) stories.  D) feet.  E) advice. |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  The child was glad. There … many animals in the Zoo.  A) is  B) was  C) are  D) to be  E) were |
| 6. Окончание читается отлично от других в слове:  A) Wanted.  B) Waited.  C) Expected.  D) Needed.  E) Developed. |
| 7. Выразите одним словом:  People go in for sports there.  A) Wood.  B) Basket.  C) Mountains.  D) School.  E) Stadium. |
| 8. Выберите правильный английский эквивалент данной пословицы:  Плохая молва летит на крыльях.  A) Appetite comes with eating.  B) No pains, no gains.  C) Bad news travels fast.  D) Look before you leap.  E) It never rains but it pours. |
| 9. Выберите правильный вариант перевода слова:  Перестройка  A) Construction.  B) Inconstruction.  C) Disconstruction.  D) Reconstruction.  E) Unconstruction. |
| 10. Образуйте прилагательное при помощи суффикса:  Use  A) word  B) ic  C) ly  D) less  E) ous |
| 11. Выберите верное местоимение:  Be careful! They are looking at … .  A) Our.  B) We.  C) I.  D) Us.  E) Ours. |
| 12. Дополните предложение:  Is there ... in the room?  A) anybody  B) nobody's  C) no  D) nothing's  E) anywhere |
| 13. Выберите правильный ответ:  Is Tom going to play on the bridge?  A) No, she isn’t.  B) Yes, he will.  C) Yes, he is.  D) Yes, it is.  E) Yes, she is. |
| 14. Определите предложение с Participle I:  A) He buys fruits every Sunday.  B) A young lady buying flowers is my aunt.  C) She bought a new dress last week.  D) They want to buy tickets.  E) We like buying ice–cream. |
| 15. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением "выходить":  A) Get out.  B) Get from.  C) Get with.  D) Get over.  E) Get alone. |
| 16. Дополните предложение:  She ... from her illness.  A) is fond of  B) enjoys  C) suffers  D) is interesting  E) likes |
| 17. Выберите указательное местоимение для предложения:  Do you like ... apples?  A) the  B) that  C) these  D) thise  E) this |
| 18. Выберите правильный вариант притяжательной формы существительного:  Arman Bolatovich is our … friend.  A) Family’s.  B) Family.  C) Familys.  D) Familie’s.  E) Families. |
| 19. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  My brother and I … born in Almaty.  A) were  B) am  C) was  D) been  E) is |
| 20. Выберите правильную форму сказуемого:  The workers will … … this school next year.  A) Has built.  B) Have build.  C) Has build.  D) Be built.  E) Build. |
| 21. Выберите правильное отрицательное предложение:  I have to make a telephone call.  A) I don’t have to make a telephone call.  B) I had not to make a telephone call.  C) I doesn’t have to make a telephone call.  D) I not have to make a telephone call.  E) I haven’t make a telephone call. |
| 22. Поставьте предложение в отрицательную форму:  Ann used to have a piano.  A) Ann used to haven’t a piano.  B) Ann use not to have a piano.  C) Ann doesn’t used to have a piano.  D) Ann didn’t use to have a piano.  E) Ann don’t use to have a piano. |
| 23. Выберите предложение с Герундием:  A) She is ringing to her best friend.  B) Thank you for ringing me up!  C) He rang me yesterday.  D) Ring me up, please!  E) Your ring is very unexpected. |
| 24. Выберите правильный вариант ответа:  Which is the biggest state of the USA?  A) Florida  B) Alaska  C) Texas  D) California  E) Arizona |
| 25. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  They stood under the shelter because it … .  A) was raining  B) has rained  C) have been raining  D) rained  E) rains |
| 26. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  He was tired. He … 5 km.  A) had ski  B) had skied  C) skies  D) has skying  E) was skied |
| 27. Укажите правильный вариант сказуемого:  He said he … the report by 8 o’clock.  A) Would had finished.  B) Will finish.  C) Should have finished.  D) Will have finished.  E) Would have finished. |
| 28. Выберите правильный перевод предложения в страдательном залоге:  Фильм был снят в этом году.  A) The film have been made this year.  B) The film has made this year.  C) The film have made this year.  D) The film has been made this year.  E) The film was make this year. |
| 29. Выберите верный перевод:  The train is reported to have arrived on time.  A) Сообщили, что поезд прибывает вовремя.  B) Сообщают, что поезд прибыл вовремя.  C) Поезду сообщили, что он прибудет вовремя.  D) Поезд сообщил, что он прибыл вовремя.  E) Поезду сообщили, что он прибыл вовремя. |
| 30. Прочитайте текст, выберите правильный ответ на вопрос:  Mark Twain once said, “When I was a boy of 14, I thought that my father was the most ignorant of all men. But when I got to be 21, I was surprised at how much the old man had learned in seven years.”  What did Mark Twain think about his father?  A) He was a boy of 14.  B) He ignored all men.  C) He got to be 21.  D) He knew very little.  E) He was surprised. |
|  |

**Вариант 34**

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| --- |
| 1. Выберите слово, противоположное по значению: poor.  A) Rich.  B) Wide.  C) Silly.  D) Various.  E) Dull. |
| 2. Дополните предложение:  … year ago he was in … 10-th form.  A) The | the  B) - | the  C) A | the  D) A | -  E) A | a |
| 3. Выберите существительное во множественном числе.  A) Knives.  B) Knivs.  C) Knivies  D) Knifes.  E) Knifs. |
| 4. Дополните предложение:  It was … new coat.  A) Victor’s Nicolaevich’s  B) Victor Nicolaevich’s  C) Victor Nicolaevichs  D) Victor’s Nicolaevich  E) Victors Nicolaevich |
| 5. Дополните предложение:  Look! There … a book on the table.  A) were  B) is  C) was  D) are  E) am |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других.  A) **G**eese  B) **G**aze  C) **G**arden  D) **G**ate  E) **G**entle |
| 7. Выберите антоним к слову:  “Teacher”  A) Engineer.  B) Doctor.  C) Worker.  D) Student.  E) Driver. |
| 8. Закончите фразеологизм:  … hurts more than truth. Ничто не ранит больнее правды.  A) Nothing.  B) Everything.  C) Something.  D) No.  E) Anything. |
| 9. Выберите производное слово от слова "help":  A) Imhelp.  B) Helpy.  C) Helpless.  D) Helpiation.  E) Helply. |
| 10. Выберите верное местоимение.  At … moment I was at home.  A) Its.  B) Those.  C) That.  D) These.  E) It. |
| 11. Выберите правильную форму глагола “to be”:  ... you a teacher?  A) Is.  B) Be.  C) Been.  D) Am.  E) Are. |
| 12. Выберите правильный ответ:  Are you going to invite her to the party?  A) Yes, I shall.  B) Yes, it is.  C) Yes, there is.  D) Yes, I am.  E) No, I shan’t |
| 13. Найдите правильный вариант перевода на русский язык:  It’s no use asking him about it.  A) Раньше здесь был дом.  B) Вы скоро привыкнете к этому.  C) Я часто его встречал.  D) Бесполезно его спрашивать об этом.  E) Он обычно приходил к нам. |
| 14. Определите функцию инфинитива в следующем предложении:  Arman was the first to recover.  A) дополнение  B) подлежащее  C) определение  D) сказуемое  E) обстоятельство |
| 15. Выберите фразовый глагол со значением "мыть посуду":  A) Wash out  B) Wash for.  C) Wash.  D) Wash in.  E) Wash up. |
| 16. Дополните предложение:  He used his hands and feet to ... the mountains.  A) climb  B) fly  C) borrow  D) unite  E) trade |
| 17. Выразите одним словом:  A person who travels by plane or by ship is a ...  A) customer.  B) passenger.  C) businessman.  D) stranger.  E) seller. |
| 18. Образуйте прилагательное с противоположным значением от слова "definite":  A) Redefinite.  B) Imdefinite.  C) Ildefinite.  D) Indefinite.  E) Undefinite. |
| 19. Выберите правильный вариант местоимения:  There is … in the bag. It’s empty.  A) No.  B) Nothing.  C) Any.  D) Anyone.  E) Somewhere. |
| 20. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  Peter just … me a new job.  A) offers  B) has offered  C) have offered  D) was offer  E) was offered |
| 21. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) Aliya said that she would tries to come in time.  B) Aliya said that she should tries to come in time.  C) Aliya said that she should try to come in time.  D) Aliya said that she would try to come in time.  E) Aliya said that she shouldn’t try to come in time. |
| 22. Выберите правильный вопрос:  You shouldn’t close the window  A) Will I close the window?  B) Could I close the window?  C) Need I close the window?  D) Should I close the window?  E) May I close the window? |
| 23. Вставьте в предложение глагол в соответствующей форме:  He is very good at (learn) languages.  A) to learn  B) learning  C) being learnt  D) learn  E) have learnt |
| 24. Выберите предложение с Past Participle:  A) Seeing that he was late he took the taxi.  B) It was snowing the whole day.  C) The house built in 1789 was the oldest building in the town.  D) The man standing at the door helped the old lady.  E) He is reading the book at this moment. |
| 25. Выберите правильный вариант вопросительного местоимения:  … of you speaks English?  A) What.  B) Whose.  C) Whom.  D) When.  E) Which. |
| 26. Глагол to do употреблен в качестве вспомогательного в предложении:  A) What are you doing?  B) He never does his morning exercises.  C) Did you know how to drive a car?  D) Who did the shoppings in your family?  E) I’ve done all you have asked me to do. |
| 27. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  He… when he fell over and broke his leg.  A) was skiing  B) has been skiing  C) were skiing  D) skied  E) skies |
| 28. Найдите правильный вариант глагола.  There must be a mistake: the hotel . . . by my wife.  A) will pay  B) are being paid  C) have been paid  D) was paid  E) is paying |
| 29. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание после текста:  One day my cousin George and I decided to visit our Granny in London. After lunch we all three decided to sail down the Thames to have a look at the old ships. But suddenly it started raining, so we had to change our plans. We decided to visit Madame Tussaud’s instead. George hadn’t been there before. It was great fun seeing all the wax figures. There were some new ones I hadn’t seen before. After an hour Granny felt a little tired and wanted to sit down and rest for a moment. George and I went to look at all the murderers in the cellar. We promised to come back in half an hour.  When we came back we saw two American tourists standing in front of Granny and taking a photo of hers. We heard one of them say, “She is sure to look like a real woman!” You should have seen their faces a moment later when Granny opened her eyes!  Выберите заголовок к тексту:  A) Good relatives.  B) A clever Granny.  C) English museums.  D) George and his Granny.  E) A case in the museum. |
| 30. Дополните предложение.  In the House of Commons the members sit … .  A) on four sides of the hall  B) on two sides and in the middle of the hall  C) on three sides and in the corner of the hall  D) on three sides of the hall  E) on two sides of the hall |
|  |

**Вариант 35**

|  |
| --- |
| 1. Синонимом слова “Remain” является:  A) Stay.  B) Become.  C) Go away.  D) Leave.  E) Repeat. |
| 2. Выберите слово, близкое по значению: small.  A) Tall.  B) Round.  C) High.  D) Little.  E) Big. |
| 3. Выберите правильное слово  Julia has got … orange.  A) the  B) an  C) –  D) some  E) A |
| 4. Выберите неисчисляемое существительное:  A) Game.  B) Gymnasium.  C) Ground.  D) Giraffe.  E) Garden. |
| 5. Выберите правильную форму глагола .  … there any snakes in the forest?  A) are  B) wasn`t  C) -  D) isn`t  E) is |
| 6. Выберите слово, в котором выделенная буква читается отлично от других слов:  A) Rec**i**te.  B) R**i**ver.  C) K**i**nd.  D) L**i**brary.  E) Pol**i**te. |
| 7. К теме "Library" относится слово:  A) Novel.  B) Green.  C) Department.  D) Garden.  E) Weather. |
| 8. Найдите имя существительное:  A) rainy  B) organize  C) usually  D) Russian  E) worker |
| 9. Дополните предложение, вставив нужное местоимение:  They did not pick ... flowers.  A) no  B) nothing  C) any  D) anything  E) somebody |
| 10. Выберите правильный вариант:  I thought … there was nothing to worry about.  A) which  B) whose  C) what  D) that  E) whom |
| 11. Найдите правильный вариант глагола:  The children … sometimes absolutely naughty.  A) are  B) is  C) does  D) am  E) was |
| 12. Выберите нужный вариант вспомогательного глагола.  We … writing a composition now.  A) Is.  B) Be.  C) Am.  D) Was.  E) Are. |
| 13. Найдите правильный вариант сказуемого:  I … to clean the carpet.  A) Is going.  B) Going.  C) Are going.  D) Am going.  E) Goes. |
| 14. Определите предложение с Participle II:  A) We shall write you as soon as possible.  B) They are still writing a test.  C) I don’t know the words written on the blackboard.  D) Nick wrote a report a week ago.  E) She wanted to write a letter to her granny. |
| 15. Выберите правильный вариант предлога:  I haven’t read this newspaper yet. I only looked it ….  A) In.  B) Through.  C) After.  D) Up.  E) Out. |
| 16. Дайте определение слову neighbour:  A) A person who lives near you.  B) A person who is interested in sport.  C) A person who is fond of reading.  D) A person whom you like.  E) A person who studies at the institute. |
| 17. Выберите лишнее слово в данной группе слов:  A) Juice.  B) Bread.  C) Ham.  D) Chicken.  E) Aunt. |
| 18. Найдите правильный вариант слова “разногласие “:  A) disinterested.  B) dislike.  C) displeased.  D) disagreement  E) disorganized |
| 19. Выберите верный вариант местоимений:  How long does … take … to go to the nearest shop?  A) He / you.  B) It / your.  C) She / you.  D) It / you.  E) She / your. |
| 20. Найдите правильный вариант сказуемого:  He … his work tomorrow.  A) Finishe.  B) Has finished.  C) Will finish.  D) Finished.  E) Have finished. |
| 21. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол в предложении:  I ... not heard this news.  A) was  B) have  C) do  D) did  E) does |
| 22. Выберите правильно построенное предложение:  A) They thought I should worked in the garden at that moment.  B) They thought I should have been worked in the garden at that moment.  C) They thought I should be working in the garden at that moment.  D) They thought I should work in the garden at that moment.  E) They thought I should have worked in the garden at that moment. |
| 23. Определите название формы по приведенному примеру:  Drinking.  A) Participle 2.  B) Indefinite Infinitive Active.  C) Progressive Infinitive .  D) Infinitive Passive.  E) Gerund. |
| 24. Прочитайте текст и выполните задание после текста:  For the people who live along the banks of the St. Lawrence River the arrival of the ice-breakers is a very important event each year. When the ice-breakers arrive everyone knows that spring will soon come and that long Canadian winter is almost over. The slow movement of the ice-breaking ships up the river to Montreal is reported over the radio and in the newspapers. Whole families go on Sunday excursions to the river bank where they spend hours watching the ship at work.  In March many ships gather in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, waiting for the signal telling them that the way to Montreal is free. As soon as the signal is given, a race begins for the port. The winning ship is given a great welcome, and the captain receives a special prize.  ***Закончите предложение:***  The arrival of the ice-breakers means that ...  A) ... the long winter is almost over.  B) ... people can walk along the river.  C) ... you can go on an excursion to the river bank.  D) ... it is reported over the radio.  E) ... the captains will receive good prizes. |
| 25. Выберите словосочетание с существительным множественного числа в притяжательном падеже:  A) The dog’s legs.  B) Yesterday’s newspapers.  C) The doctor’s sons.  D) My sons’ cars.  E) My daughter’s toys. |
| 26. Выберите правильную форму глагола в страдательном залоге:  Tomorrow the bill (to pay).  A) Be paid.  B) Will be paid.  C) Pay.  D) Paid.  E) Will paid. |
| 27. Замените выделенное модальное выражение его эквивалентом:  I **was able** to speak English well  A) might  B) may  C) could  D) must  E) can |
| 28. Задайте общий вопрос к предложению:  My brother used to be a taxi-driver.  A) Used my brother to be a taxi-driver?  B) Did my brother used to be a taxi-driver?  C) Does my brother used to be a taxi-driver?  D) Do my brother used to be a taxi-driver?  E) Did my brother use to be a taxi-driver? |
| 29. Выберите предложение, в котором инфинитив использован в функции дополнения:  A) This book is worth reading.  B) I want to have a rest.  C) My task is to write this exercise.  D) To be in England is my dream.  E) Our plan is to be in England this summer. |
| 30. Выберите подходящее слово.  The Whispering Gallery is remarkable for its … .  A) size  B) light  C) crowned  D) private  E) acoustics |
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# Коды правильных ответов

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **№** | **1** | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** | **6** | **7** | **8** | **9** | **10** | **11** | **12** | **13** | **14** | **15** | **16** | **17** | **18** | **19** | **20** | **21** | **22** | **23** | **24** | **25** | **26** | **27** | **28** | **29** | **30** |
| **1** | A | B | B | C | C | D | A | C | E | E | E | D | B | B | E | A | D | A | B | C | C | C | D | A | E | A | D | E | D | B |
| **2** | C | C | D | D | D | E | A | D | A | B | B | C | B | B | B | E | D | E | B | E | C | A | A | A | A | C | C | D | E | E |
| **3** | D | B | D | C | B | C | B | B | B | D | A | E | A | A | C | A | E | E | E | D | E | A | A | C | E | D | B | C | D | C |
| **4** | C | D | D | C | B | A | A | A | E | B | B | D | E | D | D | C | C | B | C | E | B | B | A | D | A | E | E | E | C | A |
| **5** | D | D | A | B | C | C | E | C | C | E | B | E | A | C | E | B | B | A | B | C | B | E | D | D | A | A | D | A | E | D |
| **6** | A | B | E | A | C | C | B | A | E | E | A | B | D | A | D | B | C | E | B | E | D | E | B | C | C | D | A | D | C | D |
| **7** | D | A | C | E | D | A | A | B | C | B | E | D | A | A | D | B | C | C | C | B | C | E | B | D | E | E | B | A | D | E |
| **8** | C | A | D | A | C | A | E | D | B | D | A | C | B | E | E | B | E | A | C | C | C | E | D | E | D | B | B | A | D | B |
| **9** | A | B | E | D | B | D | B | A | A | C | C | A | D | A | C | A | C | C | E | E | E | E | D | B | B | D | E | B | C | D |
| **10** | E | B | E | A | B | E | C | D | D | D | D | B | D | C | E | C | C | B | A | C | A | D | B | C | E | A | E | A | B | A |
| **11** | C | A | C | B | E | D | C | D | E | C | E | C | B | A | B | A | B | E | A | D | E | D | D | D | E | B | C | B | A | A |
| **12** | B | E | C | C | A | A | D | A | B | B | E | E | D | B | C | A | D | C | B | E | D | C | A | E | C | D | A | B | D | E |
| **13** | E | C | E | C | E | C | D | B | D | A | B | B | D | A | B | B | D | E | D | A | C | E | A | B | A | C | A | E | C | D |
| **14** | D | A | A | E | E | B | C | A | C | D | B | C | B | A | B | C | D | D | C | B | C | E | D | E | E | A | A | B | E | D |
| **15** | C | C | D | A | C | E | E | D | C | D | B | A | B | E | E | E | E | C | B | D | A | A | A | D | D | A | B | B | B | C |
| **16** | D | A | E | B | B | C | D | E | D | E | A | C | A | C | E | A | A | B | D | B | C | D | D | B | C | E | A | B | E | C |
| **17** | A | A | B | D | B | D | E | D | E | A | C | D | B | A | E | C | B | C | E | E | D | D | C | C | B | A | E | C | A | B |
| **18** | D | E | D | A | A | A | C | D | D | E | B | C | A | C | A | E | C | B | B | E | B | C | E | B | D | B | E | D | A | C |
| **19** | C | D | D | E | A | C | A | A | C | B | D | D | D | B | E | A | C | A | B | E | C | A | E | E | C | B | B | E | B | D |
| **20** | E | A | A | C | E | E | A | C | B | B | A | B | D | D | A | C | E | A | D | E | B | D | B | E | D | B | C | D | C | C |
| **21** | D | B | A | D | C | C | D | A | E | E | A | D | C | E | D | D | B | A | B | A | C | E | B | B | B | C | A | E | E | C |
| **22** | C | C | B | A | D | A | D | E | C | D | E | D | E | C | A | B | B | A | B | E | C | B | D | E | E | C | A | D | A | B |
| **23** | E | B | A | D | B | C | D | B | E | C | C | B | A | A | A | A | E | D | B | C | D | D | D | E | E | C | E | A | B | C |
| **24** | C | D | E | B | C | B | D | D | A | C | B | B | A | A | A | E | E | B | C | A | A | C | D | C | E | D | E | B | E | D |
| **25** | B | B | C | C | E | D | E | D | B | A | B | C | D | E | A | A | D | D | A | E | C | C | E | C | A | D | B | A | E | B |
| **26** | D | E | C | E | B | A | B | A | C | E | D | C | C | B | B | B | C | C | E | D | D | D | D | A | B | A | E | E | A | A |
| **27** | D | C | A | D | E | E | E | C | B | E | B | A | D | D | D | C | E | B | A | C | D | C | C | E | A | B | B | B | A | A |
| **28** | D | E | A | B | D | D | A | B | A | E | D | D | E | C | A | C | E | C | C | C | E | E | A | C | B | A | B | B | D | B |
| **29** | E | A | C | B | E | A | D | B | E | D | B | C | B | B | E | D | E | A | A | C | A | C | C | D | D | E | A | D | B | C |
| **30** | D | E | D | C | B | C | E | B | E | B | A | A | C | E | D | E | C | D | A | A | A | B | D | E | D | A | B | B | C | C |
| **31** | E | C | B | B | C | E | D | A | A | C | A | D | C | B | D | B | A | D | B | E | E | B | A | C | D | E | C | E | D | A |
| **32** | D | B | A | C | C | B | A | E | E | E | C | A | A | D | A | A | B | D | B | C | D | E | D | C | D | E | E | C | B | B |
| **33** | B | C | C | E | E | E | E | C | D | D | D | A | C | B | A | C | C | A | A | E | A | D | B | B | A | B | E | D | B | D |
| **34** | A | C | A | B | B | E | D | A | C | C | E | D | D | C | E | A | B | D | B | B | A | D | B | C | E | C | A | D | E | E |
| **35** | A | D | B | C | A | B | A | E | C | D | A | E | D | C | B | A | E | D | D | C | B | C | E | A | D | B | C | E | B | E |