

Improvement of regression model

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Date: 2024/9/6

Content: 1. [Feature selection](#); 2. [Correlation analysis](#) + (3. [Issues](#); 4. [Appendix](#); 5. [References](#).)

Feature selection

Dependent variables

- Presence of accident

- Severity of accident (Not finished)

 - Presence of person injury

 - Presence of property damage

 - Value of person injury

 - Severely injured person

 - Lightly injured person

 - Value of property damage

Feature selection methods:

- Sequential feature selection

 - SFFS: sequential forward floating selection

 - SBFS: sequential backward floating selection

Parameters setting for sequential feature selection:

- Forward/Backward

- Estimator/Model

 - Linear regression

 - Logistic regression model (Not finished)

Metrics used in scoring performance in feature selection

- For linear regression:

 - Neg_mean_squared_error

 - R2 score

 - Neg_median_absolute_error

 - Neg_mean_absolute_error

- For logistic regression (Not finished)

 - Accuracy

 - F1

 - Recall

 - Roc_auc

- Cv

 - K value for stratified k-fold cross-validation: 5/10/15/20/25

Comparison

- Between forward and backward

- Between linear regression and logistic regression

- Between different scoring metrics

- Between different k values for cross validation

Regression model with all features

For comparison, regression result with all features without any feature selection: (split is with 0.3 test size)

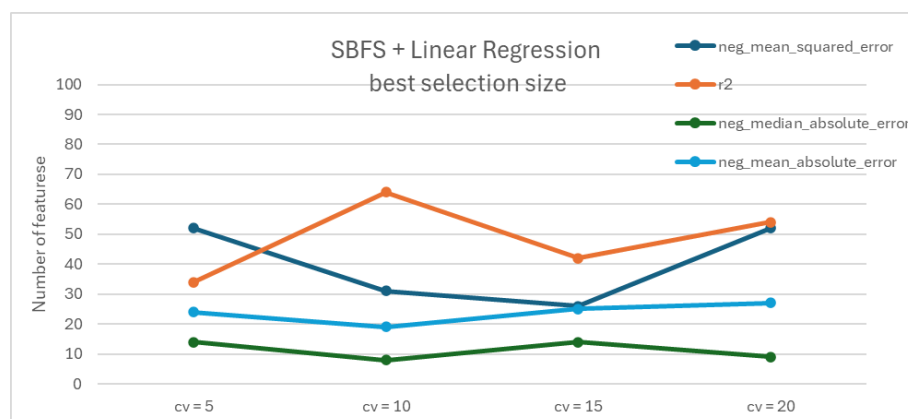
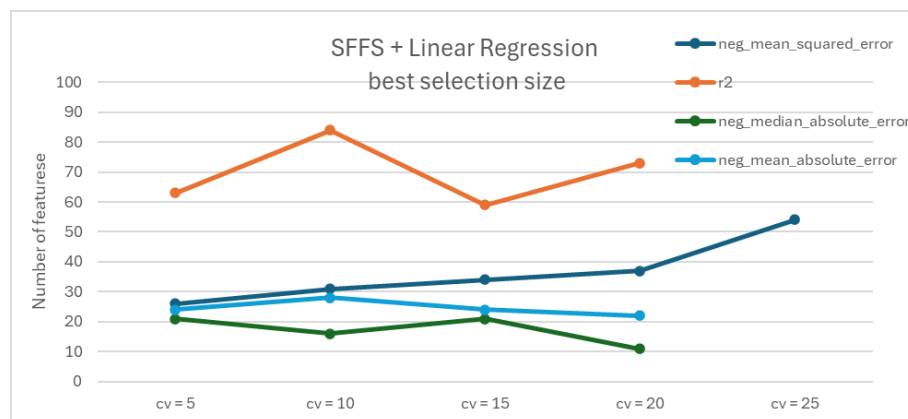
Original	OLS		R squared	Adj R	accuracy	precision	recall	f1 score
		all	0.672	0.641	0.937	0.930	0.906	0.917
		split	0.716	0.676	0.878	0.864	0.836	0.848
	Logit		Pseudo R squared		accuracy	precision	recall	f1 score
		all	0.780		0.949	0.936	0.935	0.936
		split	0.837		0.960	0.954	0.932	0.942

Find the best size of feature selection

Linear regression model

With four scoring metrics and four to five cv values setting, there are 17 selection results of forward and 16 results of backward with linear regression model in total.

Best size of feature selection (of both forward and backward)



Average size of feature selection with linear regression

average selection size		
sffs	sbfs	average
37	31	34

Best size of feature selection is around 34 for linear regression.

Summarize the selected features with best size of selection

Linear regression model

The following table shows features ordered by number of being selected. Curb-related variables including **cp**, **cmax**, **cmin**, **cmean** are always among the selection with the top number of being selected. Other numeric values such as **r_width_value**, **speedlimit_value**, **dtrafficarea** are also mostly frequently selected.

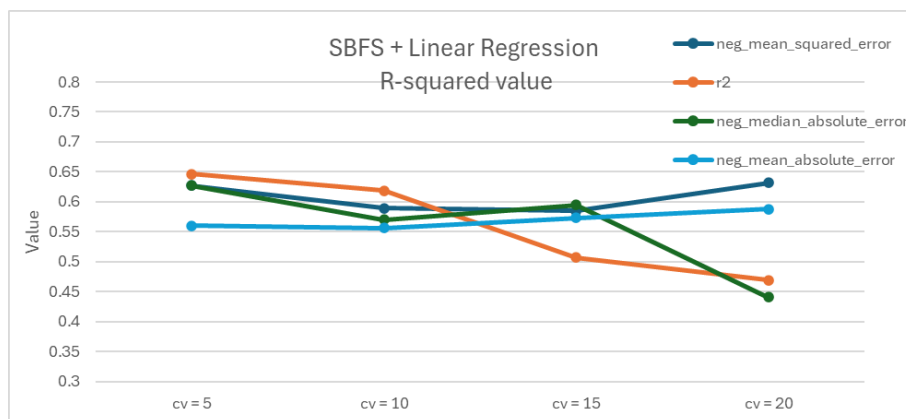
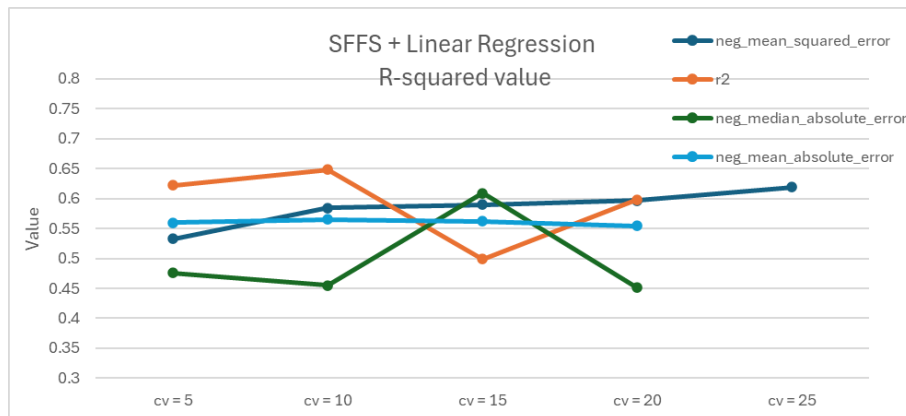
Summary table of feature selection results

No.	SFFS		SBFS		SFS Total	
	Feature	Number	Feature	Number	Feature	Number
1	speedlimit_6	16	speedlimit_2	15	speedlimit_2	30
2	trafficarea_2	15	trafficarea_2	13	trafficarea_2	28
3	speedlimit_2	15	r_width_7	12	speedlimit_6	28
4	r_surface_2	14	speedlimit_6	12	r_width_value	23
5	r_width_6	13	r_width_value	11	r_width_2	23
6	speedlimit_4	13	speedlimit_value	11	r_width_6	23
7	speedlimit_5	13	r_width_2	11	speedlimit_value	22
8	r_width_value	12	speedlimit_1	11	r_width_7	22
9	r_width_2	12	speedlimit_3	11	speedlimit_1	22
10	r_surface_1	12	cp	10	speedlimit_4	22
11	speedlimit_value	11	cmax	10	speedlimit_5	22
12	curbtype_2	11	dtrafficarea	10	r_surface_1	21
13	z_qnr_30	11	r_width_5	10	speedlimit_3	21
14	z_qnr_31	11	r_width_6	10	cp	20
15	r_width_4	11	r_surface_1	9	dtrafficarea	20
16	speedlimit_1	11	speedlimit_4	9	cmax	19
17	cp	10	speedlimit_5	9	curbtype_2	19
18	dtrafficarea	10	curbtype_2	8	r_width_4	19
19	trafficarea_3	10	z_qnr_26	8	r_width_5	19
20	r_width_7	10	trafficarea_1	8	z_qnr_30	18
21	speedlimit_3	10	trafficarea_3	8	trafficarea_3	18
22	cmax	9	r_width_3	8	r_surface_2	18
23	curbtype_1	9	r_width_4	8	z_qnr_26	17
24	z_qnr_3	9	cmean	7	z_qnr_31	17
25	z_qnr_23	9	curbtype_1	7	curbtype_1	16
26	z_qnr_26	9	z_qnr_30	7	trafficarea_1	16
27	r_width_5	9	z_knr_9	7	r_width_3	16
28	cmin	8	cmin	6	z_qnr_3	15
29	z_qnr_7	8	z_qnr_3	6	cmin	14
30	z_qnr_25	8	z_qnr_7	6	z_qnr_7	14
31	trafficarea_1	8	z_qnr_10	6	z_qnr_23	14
32	r_width_1	8	z_qnr_16	6	z_knr_9	14
33	r_width_3	8	z_qnr_31	6	cmean	13
34	z_qnr_8	7	dtram1	5	z_qnr_25	13
35	z_knr_9	7	dtrain1	5	r_width_1	13
36	iem1n	6	gvm_dvw	5	z_qnr_8	12
37	cmean	6	z_qnr_8	5	z_qnr_10	11

Apply selected features to regression model

Compare R-squared value and Adj R-squared value of regression model with 17 forward selection results as well as 16 backward selection results.

R-squared value of regression model using selected features (of both forward and backward)

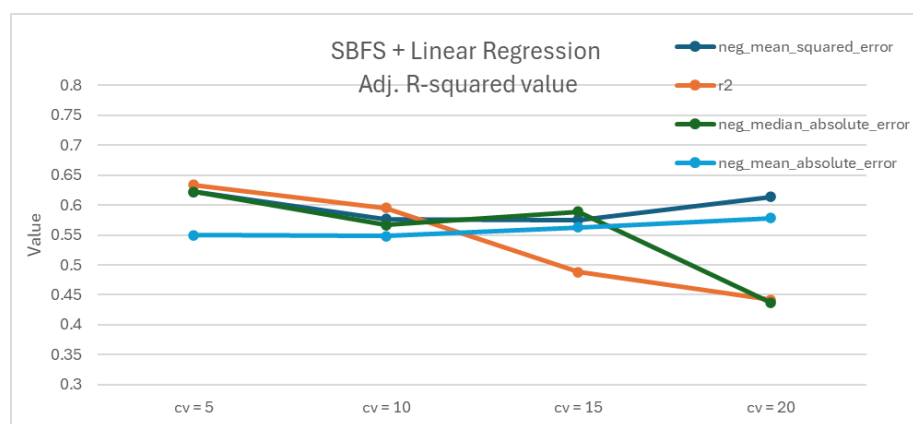
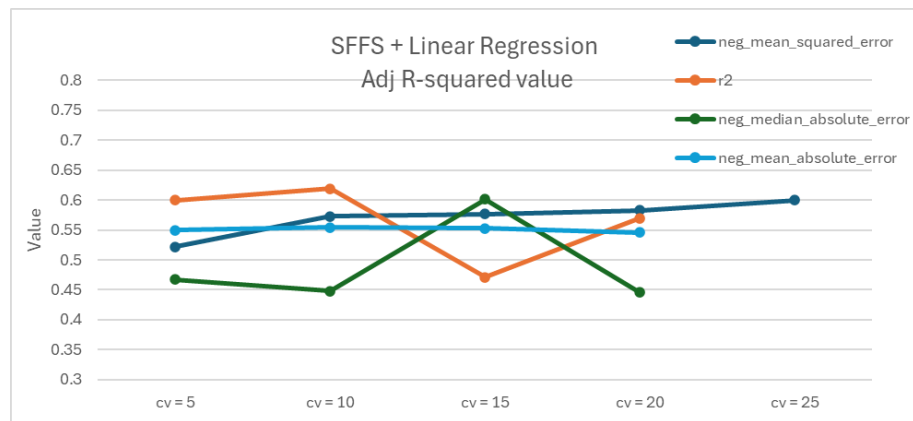


Average R-squared value of OLS regression model with feature selection

average r squared	
sffs	sbfs
0.559	0.574

R-squared value of regression model using only selected features from forward selection is around 0.559, using those from backward selection is around 0.574.

Adj R-squared value of regression model using selected features (of both forward and backward)



Average Adj. R-squared value of OLS regression model with feature selection

average adj r squared	
sffs	sbfs
0.544	0.563

Adj. R-squared value of regression model using only selected features from forward selection is around 0.544, using those from backward selection is around 0.563.

Correlation analysis

Pairwise correlation is analysed for all features, of which the visualization result is in appendix.

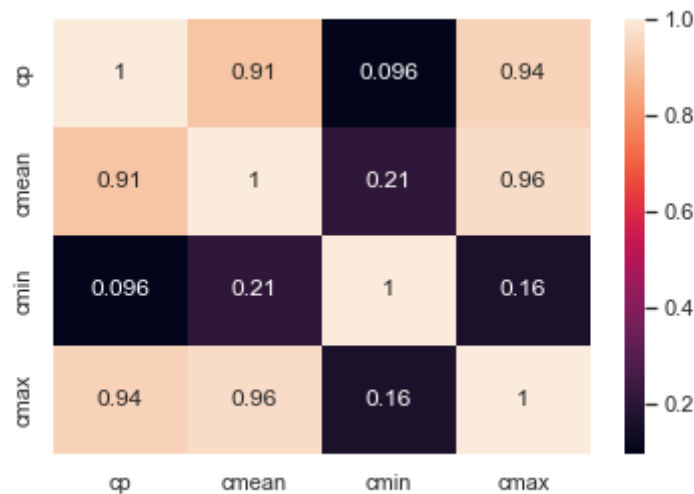
Summary of sorted correlation values of variable pairs is shown in the following table, only pairs with a correlation value higher than 0.5 or lower than -0.5 are included here. Among curb-related variables (**cp**, **cmean**, **cmax**) are correlated with each other.

Pairs of variables		Correlation
curbtype_2	curbtype_1	-1.000
r_surface_2	r_surface_1	-1.000
speedlimit_2	speedlimit_value	-0.844
trafficarea_2	trafficarea_1	-0.778
speedlimit_1	dtrafficarea	-0.621
trafficarea_3	trafficarea_1	-0.581
speedlimit_3	speedlimit_value	0.508
z_knr_9	z_qnr_19	0.547
z_knr_10	z_qnr_33	0.549
mewmax	mewmin	0.560
z_knr_11	z_qnr_24	0.567
z_knr_11	z_qnr_25	0.575
z_knr_1	z_qnr_1	0.575
droad	dcurb	0.580
r_width_3	r_width_value	0.596
z_knr_3	z_qnr_15	0.620
z_knr_12	z_qnr_31	0.622
z_knr_5	z_qnr_10	0.641
z_knr_12	z_qnr_32	0.646
z_knr_2	z_qnr_2	0.691
z_knr_8	z_qnr_18	0.730
megmax	meg	0.749
iemax	iemin	0.788
mewmax	mew	0.844
megmin	meg	0.859
mewmin	mew	0.862
cmean	cp	0.906
iemax	ie	0.920
cmax	cp	0.940
iemin	ie	0.957
cmax	cmean	0.964
gvm_msp	gvm_dwv	0.982
gvm_asp	gvm_msp	0.982
gvm_asp	gvm_dwv	0.986

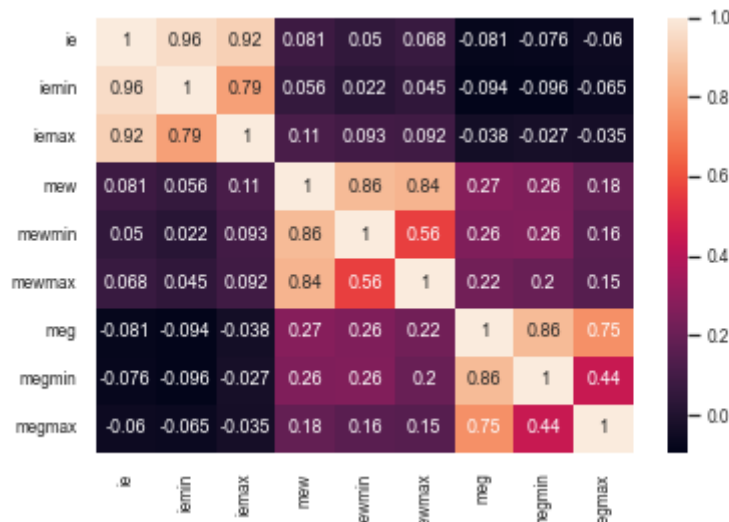
For visualization of correlation matrix, features could be divided into several groups:

1. curb-related features
2. entropy features
3. traffic-transport numeric features
4. traffic-transport categorical features – urban zone and city districts
5. traffic-transport categorical features – others

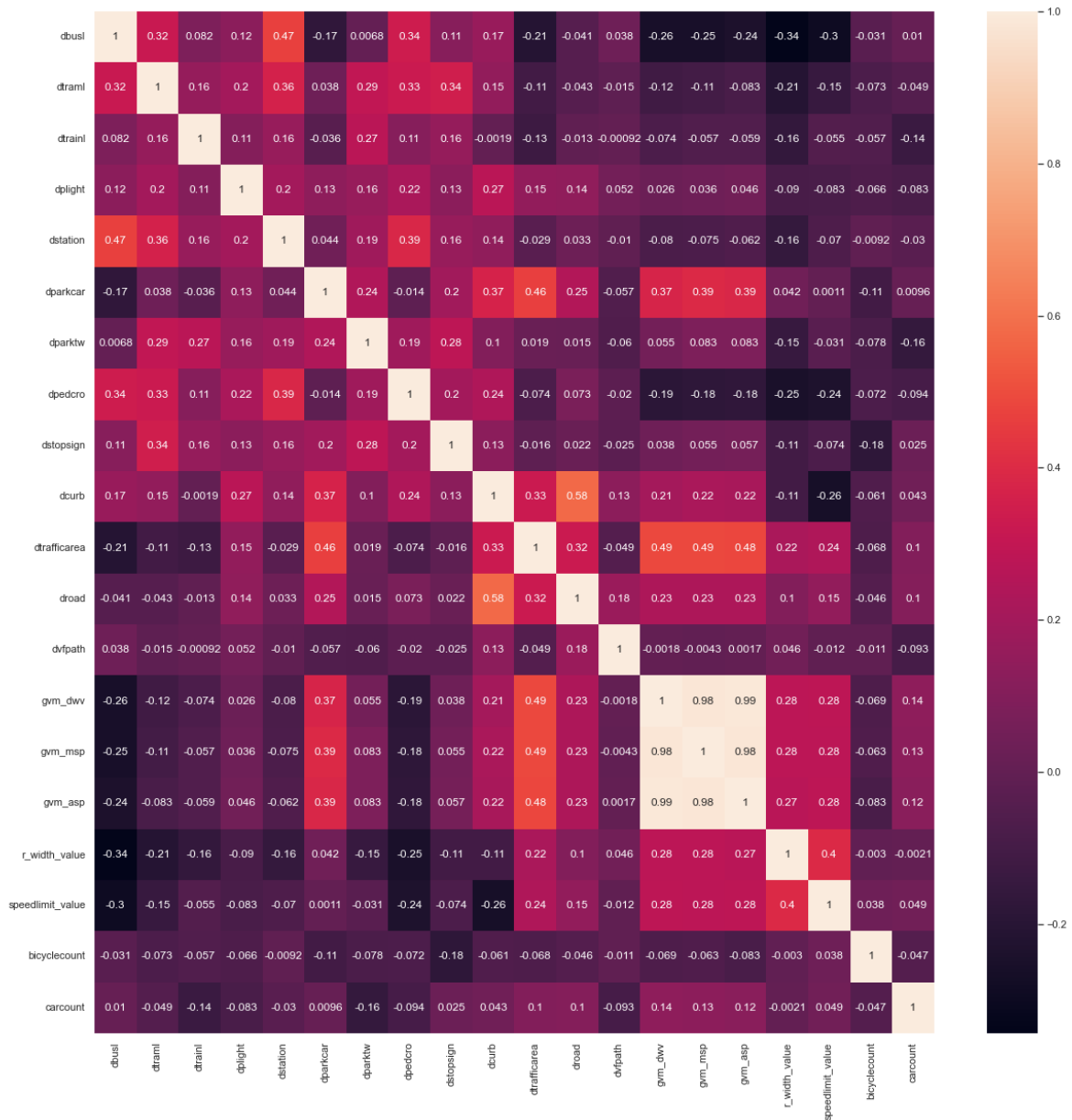
Curb-related variables



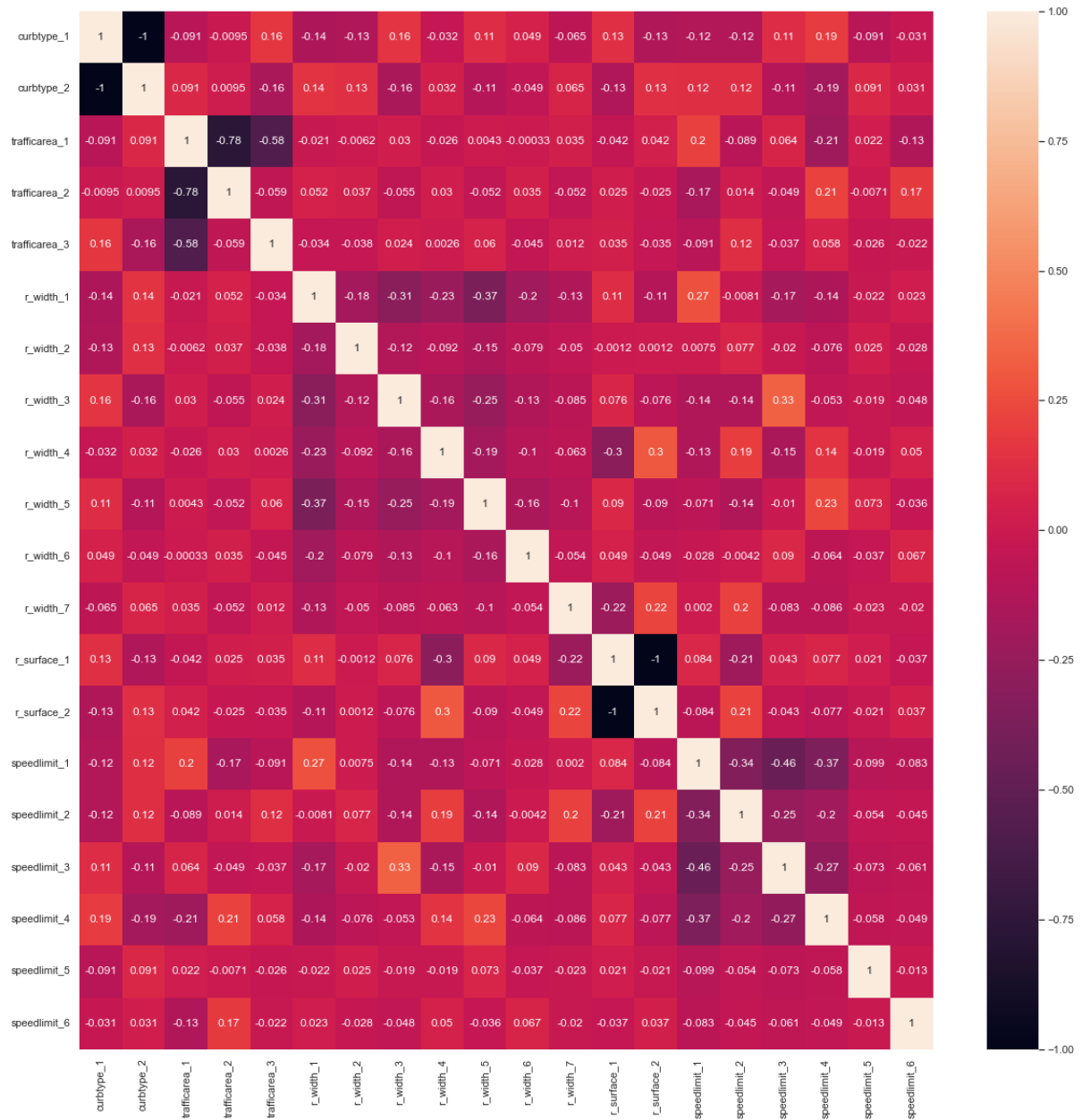
Entropy variables



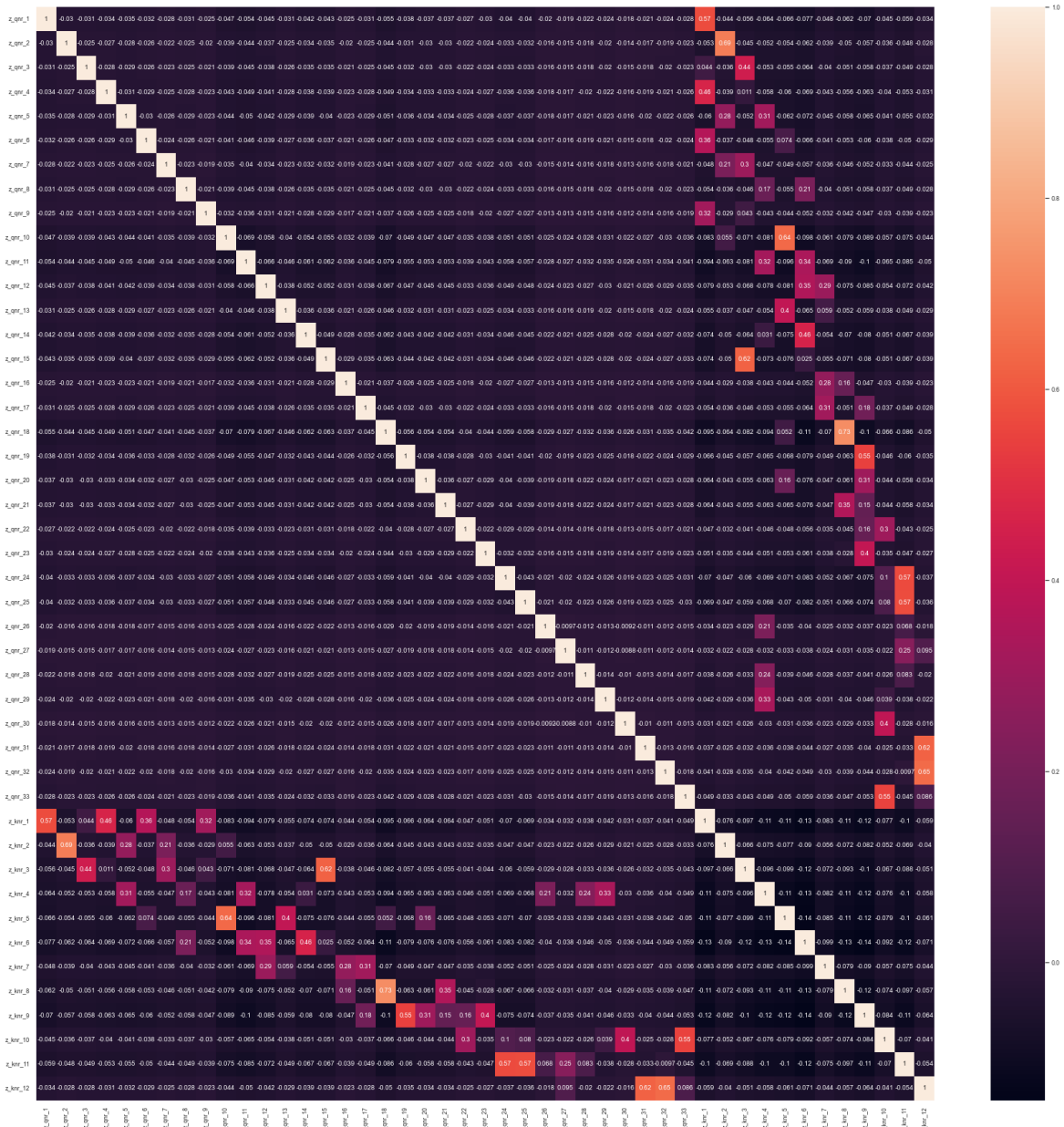
Traffic-transport numeric variables



Traffic-transport categorical variables - others



Traffic-transport categorical variables – Urban districts & statistical zones



Issues:

Sequential feature selection with floating and cross validation is time consuming, especially in local environment without parallel jobs.

Errors of setting scoring metric were found for feature selection with logistic regression and therefore that part needs to be corrected and not included in this report.

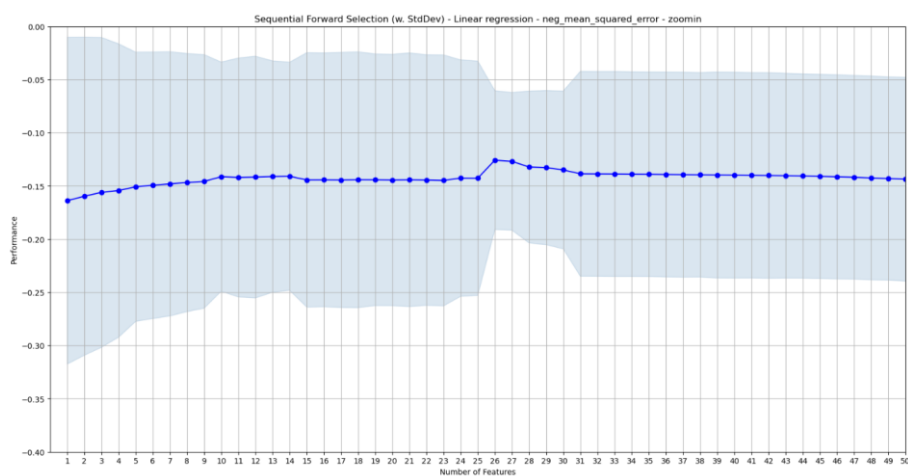
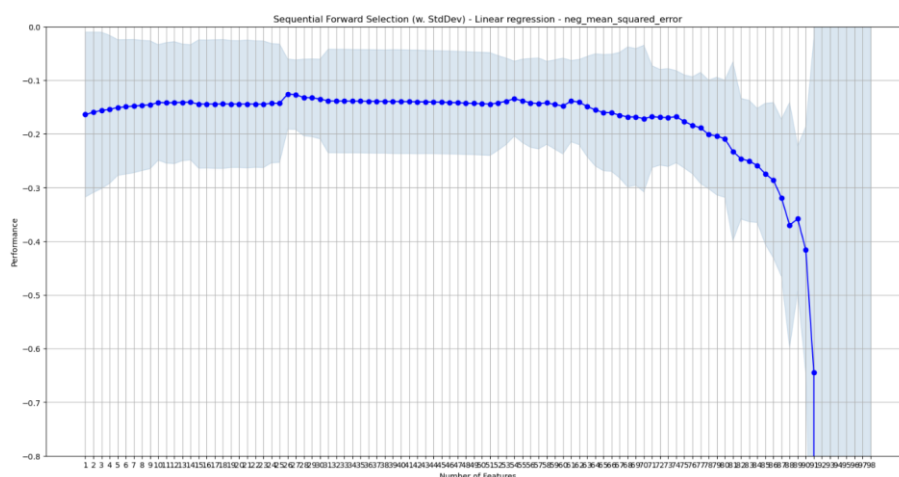
Working on correct feature selection with logistic regression has been paused since 09.04.

✓	Roman Briskine	[Science IT] ScienceCluster maintenance	04.09.2024 06:00	04.09.2024 22:15
⚠	Roman Briskine	[Science IT] ScienceCluster service interruption	05.09.2024 08:00	09.09.2024 18:00

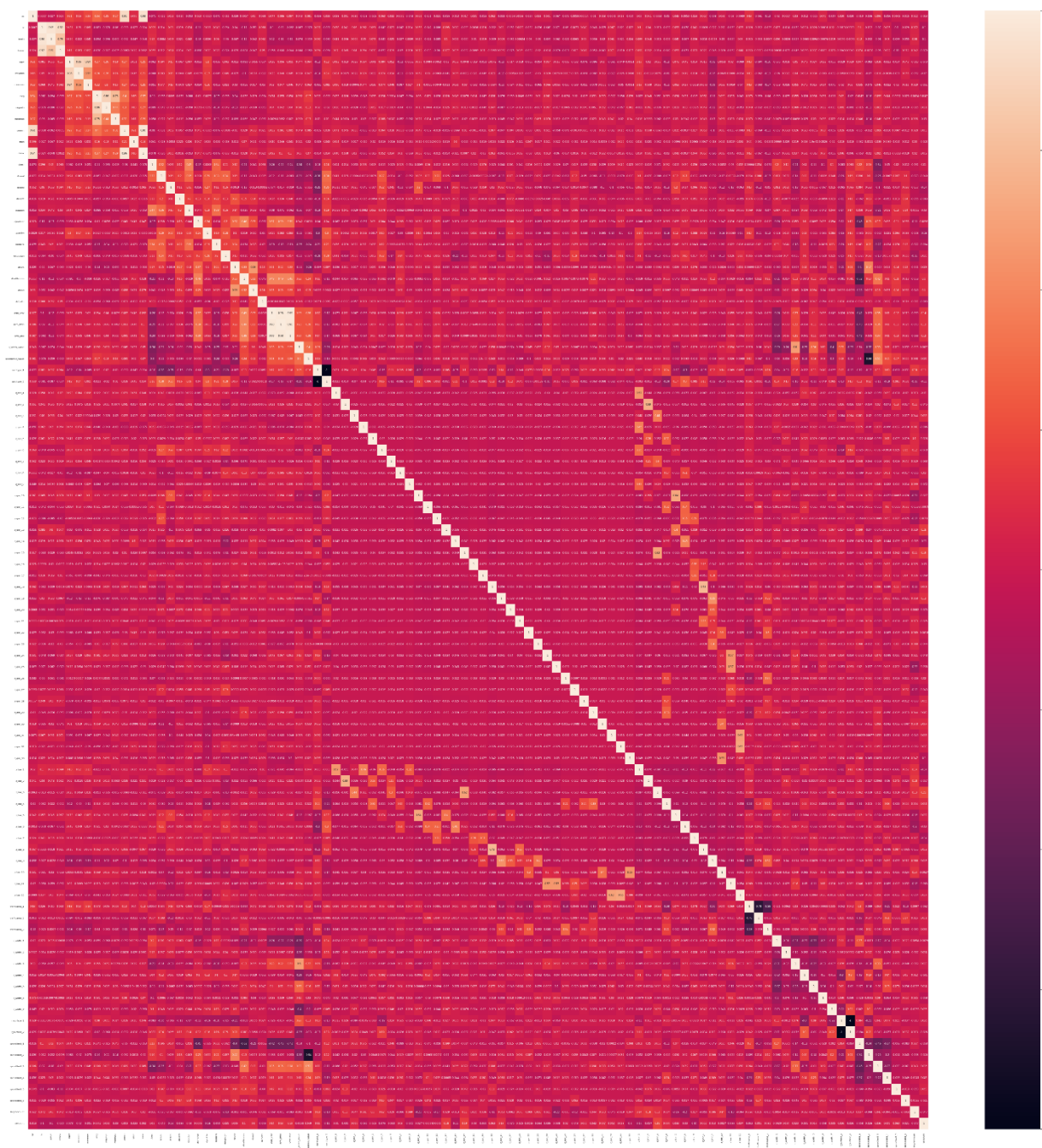
Appendix:

Process visualization of finding the best size of feature selection:

FFFS of linear regression, scoring = neg_mean_square_error, cv = 5. The best size is 26.



Correlation matrix of all features:



References:

https://rasbt.github.io/mlxtend/user_guide/feature_selection/SequentialFeatureSelector/

https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/model_evaluation.html#regression-metrics

Joe Bemister-Buffington, Alex J. Wolf, Sebastian Raschka, and Leslie A. Kuhn (2020) Machine Learning to Identify Flexibility Signatures of Class A GPCR Inhibition Biomolecules 2020, 10, 454. <https://www.mdpi.com/2218-273X/10/3/454#>

Ferri, F. J., Pudil P., Hatef, M., Kittler, J. (1994). "Comparative study of techniques for large-scale feature selection." Pattern Recognition in Practice IV : 403-413.

Pudil, P., Novovičová, J., & Kittler, J. (1994). "Floating search methods in feature selection." Pattern recognition letters 15.11 (1994): 1119-1125.