

G: GC

E: Earth

S: SN

B: Boosted point

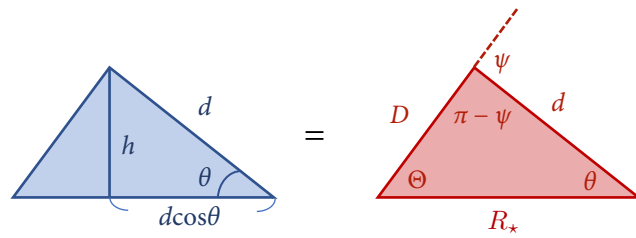
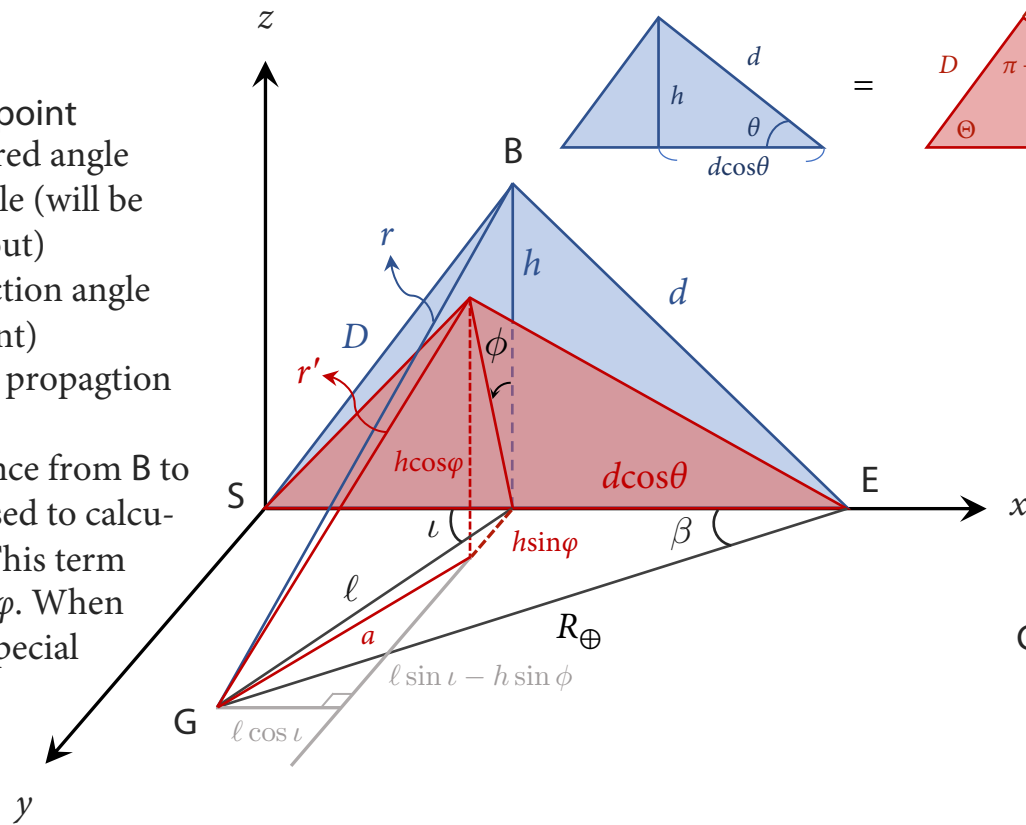
β : off-centered angle

θ : open-angle (will be integrated out)

α : the deflection angle (θ -dependent)

$D = ct$ (SNv propagation length)

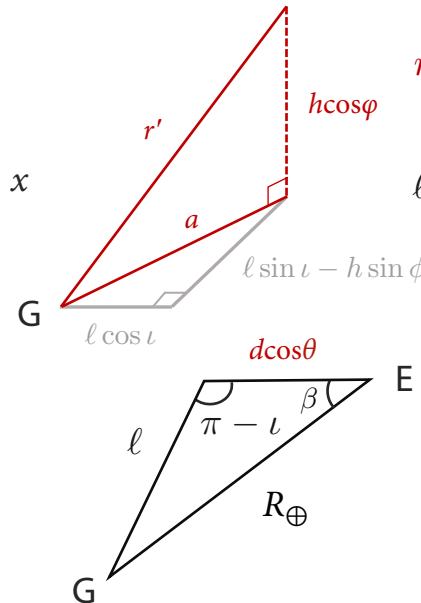
r' : the distance from B to G, will be used to calculate $n_\chi(r')$. This term varies with ϕ . When $\phi = 0$, it is special with $r' = r$.



$$\frac{R_\star}{\sin \psi} = \frac{D}{\sin \theta} = \frac{d}{\sin \Theta} \text{ and } D^2 = d^2 + R_\star^2 - 2dR_\star \cos \theta$$

$$D + \frac{d}{\beta_\chi} = R_\star + ct_{\text{input}} \equiv \zeta \text{ where } \beta_\chi = \frac{v_\chi}{c}$$

$$d = -\frac{\beta_\chi}{1 - \beta_\chi^2} \left(\sqrt{(R_\star^2 - \zeta^2)(1 - \beta_\chi^2)} + (R_\star \beta_\chi \cos \theta - \zeta) \right)$$



$$\begin{aligned} r'^2 &= a^2 + h^2 \cos^2 \phi \\ &= \ell^2 \cos^2 \iota + (\ell \sin \iota - h \sin \phi)^2 + h^2 \cos^2 \phi \\ \ell^2 &= R_\oplus^2 + d^2 \cos^2 \theta - 2R_\oplus d \cos \theta \cos \beta \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos \iota = \frac{R_\oplus^2 - \ell^2 - d^2 \cos^2 \theta}{2\ell d \cos \theta}$$

In the limit of SN at GC ($S = G$), we have $\beta = 0$ and $R_\star = R_\oplus$. Thus we recover

$$\ell = R_\oplus - d \cos \theta$$

$$r^2 = h^2 + \ell^2 = d^2 \sin^2 \theta + (R_\oplus - d \cos \theta)^2$$

$$= R_\oplus^2 + d^2 - R_\oplus d \cos \theta = D^2$$

$$\therefore r = D \text{ as desired!}$$

$$\cos \iota = \frac{R_\oplus^2 - (R_\oplus - d \cos \theta)^2 - d^2 \cos^2 \theta}{2\ell d \cos \theta}$$

$$= \frac{2R_\oplus d \cos \theta - 2d^2 \cos^2 \theta}{2(R_\oplus - d \cos \theta)d \cos \theta} = 1 \text{ which implies } \sin \iota = 0$$

$$r'^2 = \ell^2 \cos^2 \iota + (\ell \sin \iota - h \sin \phi)^2 + h^2 \cos^2 \phi$$

$$= \ell^2 + h^2 \sin^2 \phi + h^2 \cos^2 \phi$$

$$= \ell^2 + h^2 = r^2 \text{ as desired!}$$