

Operating Systems - Assignment

COMP2006

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Introduction

The following report is for the Operating Systems Assignment for 2017. It will detail how mutual exclusion was achieved for processes and threads. Also the processes and threads that accessed shared resources. Submitted alongside this report is a README, source code and test inputs and outputs.

1 Process MSSV

For this implementation of the solution, mutual exclusion is achieved by having the parent (consumer) wait for all child (producer) processes to complete execution before continuing. This waiting is implemented by having the parent wait for the `semParent` semaphore before accessing the shared variable, representing the number of child processes finished. Once the parent has finished creating children it will only be reading the value of the shared variable. The `semParent` semaphore is to prevent the critical section problem. So the child does not write to the variable as the parent reads. Once a child completes execution it waits for the `semParent` semaphore before acquiring a mutex lock to update a shared resource, indicating it is finished. The parent is forced to wait until the value of the shared variable shows that all children are finished.

```
wait(semParent)

// critical section

signal(semParent)
```

To ensure mutual exclusion for the shared resources (`buffer1`, `buffer2` and `counter`) the child waited to acquire a mutex lock before entering its critical section to modify the shared resources. Since `buffer1` was never modified and only read from this did not require a mutex lock to be obtained before reading.

```
wait(semMutex)

// critical section

signal(semMutex)
```

The semaphores required (`semMutex` and `semParent`), `buffer1`, `buffer2` and `counter` were implemented using shared memory. The following POSIX shared memory functions were used to create shared memory, and the corresponding functions to close the shared memory:

```
shm_link()
ftruncate()
mmap()
shm_unlink()
close()
munmap()
```

Zombie processes were killed with the use of `signal(SIGCHILD, SIG_IGN)`.

2 Thread MSSV

To achieve mutual exclusion in the multi-threaded program, the parent (consumer) must wait for all threads (producer) to complete execution. The parent uses *pthread_lock_mutex()* to lock the mutex then performs a *pthread_cond_wait()* on a condition variable. The condition variable represents how many threads are still executing.

Once a thread completes execution, it acquires a mutex lock to alter the condition variable signaling it has finished its task. The thread also performs a conditional wait in the case where the parent is using the shared variable.

```
pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex)
pthread_cond_wait(&use, &mutex)
pthread_cond_signal(&use);
pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex)
```

In thread MSSV the shared resources are declared as global variables. Threads have access to the variables declared global in the parent. Before a thread could access the shared resources it would first need to acquire a mutex lock. The function *pthread_lock_mutex()* blocks the caller if the mutex is in use by another. It can then alter the shared resources, counter and buffer2, before releasing the mutex lock.

To allocate the memory for buffer1, buffer2, counter and regions *malloc()* was used. The appropriate *free()* calls were used to free the allocated memory. This was done to ensure memory leaks were not present in the operation of the program.

3 Testing

3.1 Method

To test each implementation of MSSV worked as intended multiple input files were used. With these input files, multiple delays were chosen as well. Input files of various 9x9 numbers were used. Input files were used that were valid, contained one error, contained multiple errors. Also tested were smaller grids than 9x9 and empty files.

Testing was performed on the lab machines in various rooms of Building 314, Level 2.

3.2 Errors

There are no known errors in the process MSSV and the thread MSSV. Care has been taken to ensure potential memory leaks are prevented, by using the appropriate measures to free allocated memory. Memory leaks are not present in the testing of each MSSV currently performed.

3.3 Input Files

$$specTest = \begin{matrix} 6 & 2 & 4 & 5 & 3 & 9 & 1 & 8 & 7 \\ 5 & 1 & 9 & 7 & 2 & 8 & 6 & 3 & 4 \\ 8 & 3 & 7 & 6 & 1 & 4 & 2 & 9 & 5 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 & 8 & 6 & 5 & 7 & 2 & 9 \\ 9 & 5 & 8 & 2 & 4 & 7 & 3 & 6 & 1 \\ 7 & 6 & 2 & 3 & 9 & 1 & 4 & 5 & 8 \\ 3 & 7 & 1 & 9 & 5 & 6 & 8 & 4 & 2 \\ 4 & 9 & 6 & 1 & 8 & 2 & 5 & 7 & 3 \\ 2 & 8 & 5 & 4 & 7 & 3 & 9 & 1 & 6 \end{matrix}$$

$$testFail = \begin{matrix} \boxed{2} & 2 & 4 & 5 & 3 & 9 & 1 & 8 & 7 \\ 5 & 1 & 9 & 7 & 2 & 8 & 6 & 3 & 4 \\ 8 & 3 & 7 & 6 & 1 & 4 & 2 & 9 & 5 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 & 8 & 6 & 5 & 7 & 2 & 9 \\ 9 & 5 & 8 & 2 & 4 & 7 & 3 & 6 & 1 \\ 7 & 6 & 2 & 3 & 9 & 1 & 4 & 5 & 8 \\ 3 & 7 & 1 & 9 & 5 & 6 & 8 & 4 & 2 \\ 4 & 9 & 6 & 1 & 8 & 2 & 5 & 7 & 3 \\ 2 & 8 & 5 & 4 & 7 & 3 & 9 & 1 & 6 \end{matrix}$$

$$multiFail = \begin{matrix} \boxed{2} & 2 & 4 & 5 & 3 & 9 & 1 & 8 & 7 \\ 5 & 1 & 9 & 7 & 2 & 8 & 6 & 3 & 4 \\ 8 & 3 & 7 & 6 & 1 & 4 & 2 & 9 & 5 \\ 1 & 4 & 3 & 8 & 6 & 5 & 7 & 2 & 9 \\ 9 & 5 & 8 & 2 & 4 & 7 & 3 & 6 & \boxed{3} \\ 7 & 6 & 2 & 3 & 9 & 1 & 4 & 5 & 8 \\ 3 & 7 & 1 & 9 & 5 & 6 & 8 & 4 & 2 \\ 4 & 9 & 6 & 1 & 8 & 2 & 5 & 7 & 3 \\ 2 & 8 & 5 & 4 & 7 & 3 & 9 & 1 & 6 \end{matrix}$$

3.4 Expected Results

specTest

```
1 row 1 is valid
2 row 2 is valid
3 row 3 is valid
4 row 4 is valid
5 row 5 is valid
6 row 6 is valid
7 row 7 is valid
8 row 8 is valid
9 row 9 is valid
10 9 out of 9 columns are valid
11 9 out of 9 sub-grids are valid
12
13 There are 27 valid sub-grids, and thus the solution is valid
```

testFail

```
1 row 1 is invalid
2 row 2 is valid
3 row 3 is valid
4 row 4 is valid
5 row 5 is valid
6 row 6 is valid
7 row 7 is valid
8 row 8 is valid
9 row 9 is valid
10 8 out of 9 columns are valid
11 8 out of 9 sub-grids are valid
12
13 There are 24 valid sub-grids, and thus the solution is invalid
```

multiFail

```
1 row 1 is invalid
2 row 2 is valid
3 row 3 is valid
4 row 4 is valid
5 row 5 is invalid
6 row 6 is valid
7 row 7 is valid
8 row 8 is valid
9 row 9 is valid
10 7 out of 9 columns are valid
11 7 out of 9 sub-grids are valid
12
13 There are 21 valid sub-grids, and thus the solution is invalid
```

3.5 Actual Results

Figure 1: Processes: specTest

```
[17727626@lab221-c01 partA]$ ./mssv ../testFiles/specTest.txt 10
Validation result from process ID-19029: row 1 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19030: row 2 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19031: row 3 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19032: row 4 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19033: row 5 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19034: row 6 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19035: row 7 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19036: row 8 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19037: row 9 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19038: 9 out of 9 columns are valid
Validation result from process ID-19039: 9 out of 9 sub-grids are valid
There are 27 valid sub-grids, and thus the solution is valid
```

Figure 2: Threads: specTest

```
[17727626@lab221-b01 partB]$ ./mssv ../testFiles/specTest.txt 10
Validation result from thread ID-2979485440: row 1 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2971092736: row 2 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2962700032: row 3 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2954307328: row 4 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2945914624: row 5 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2937521920: row 6 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2929129216: row 7 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2920736512: row 8 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2912343808: row 9 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2903951104: 9 out of 9 columns are valid
Validation result from thread ID-2895558400: 9 out of 9 sub-grids are valid
There are 27 valid sub-grids, and thus the solution is valid
```

Figure 3: Processes: testFail

```
[17727626@lab221-c01 partA]$ ./mssv ../testFiles/testFail.txt 10
Validation result from process ID-19053: row 1 is invalid
Validation result from process ID-19054: row 2 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19055: row 3 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19056: row 4 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19057: row 5 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19058: row 6 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19059: row 7 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19060: row 8 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19061: row 9 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19062: 8 out of 9 columns are valid
Validation result from process ID-19063: 8 out of 9 sub-grids are valid
There are 24 valid sub-grids, and thus the solution is invalid
```

Figure 4: Threads: testFail

```
[17727626@lab221-b01 partB]$ ./mssv ../testFiles/testFail.txt 10
Validation result from thread ID-2959283968: row 1 is invalid
Validation result from thread ID-2950891264: row 2 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2942498560: row 3 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2934105856: row 4 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2925713152: row 5 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2917320448: row 6 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2908927744: row 7 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2900535040: row 8 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2892142336: row 9 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-2883749632: 8 out of 9 columns are valid
Validation result from thread ID-2875356928: 8 out of 9 sub-grids are valid
There are 24 valid sub-grids, and thus the solution is invalid
```


Figure 5: Processes: multiFail

```
[17727626@lab221-c01 partA]$ ./mssv ../testFiles/multiFail.txt 10
Validation result from process ID-19070: row 1 is invalid
Validation result from process ID-19071: row 2 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19072: row 3 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19073: row 4 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19074: row 5 is invalid
Validation result from process ID-19075: row 6 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19076: row 7 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19077: row 8 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19078: row 9 is valid
Validation result from process ID-19079: 7 out of 9 columns are valid
Validation result from process ID-19080: 7 out of 9 sub-grids are valid
There are 21 valid sub-grids, and thus the solution is invalid
```

Figure 6: Threads: multiFail

```
[17727626@lab221-b01 partB]$ ./mssv ../testFiles/multiFail.txt 10
Validation result from thread ID-3998418688: row 1 is invalid
Validation result from thread ID-3990025984: row 2 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-3981633280: row 3 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-3973240576: row 4 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-3964847872: row 5 is invalid
Validation result from thread ID-3956455168: row 6 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-3990025984: row 7 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-3813844736: row 8 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-3948062464: row 9 is valid
Validation result from thread ID-3939669760: 7 out of 9 columns are valid
Validation result from thread ID-3931277056: 7 out of 9 sub-grids are valid
There are 21 valid sub-grids, and thus the solution is invalid
```

4 README

4.1 Purpose

The program validates an input file containing a sudoku solution. There are two versions. One utilising processes and the other utilising threads.

4.2 Running the Program

To compile the C files into an executable format.

```
1 make
```

To run the program there are two options.

Option 1:

```
1 make run
```

This will only let you run with the preset parameters and they will need to be altered in the Makefile to test other *input files* and *delays*

```
1 INPUT: ../testFiles/specTest.txt
2 DELAY: 10
```

Option 2:

```
1 ./mssv <inputFile> <delay>
```

Between each time the program is run, the following command should be entered and executed. This is to delete the logfile produced from an invalid test file.

```
1 make clean
```

4.3 Files

partA

- Makefile
- mssv.c
- mssv.h

partB

- Makefile
- mssv.c
- mssv.h

testFiles

- test files

References

- [1] *Interprocess communication using POSIX Shared Memory in Linux*. URL: <https://www.softprayog.in/programming/interprocess-communication-using-posix-shared-memory-in-linux>.
- [2] *POSIX Semaphores*. URL: <https://www.softprayog.in/programming/posix-semaphores>.
- [3] *POSIX Threads Programming in C*. URL: <https://www.softprayog.in/programming/posix-threads-programming-in-c>.
- [4] *POSIX Threads Synchronization in C*. URL: <https://www.softprayog.in/programming/posix-threads-synchronization-in-c>.

5 Appendices

5.1 Processes: mssv.c

```

1 #include "mssv.h"
2
3 int main (int argc, char* argv[])
4 {
5     // Validate command line parameters
6     validateUse(argc, argv);
7
8     // Rename command line parameters
9     char* inputFile = argv[1];
10    int maxDelay = atoi(argv[2]);
11
12    // Variables
13    int i, pid, processNum, numbers[] = {0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
14    Region* region;
15    sem_t semMutex, semParent, *semaphores;
16
17    // File Descriptors
18    int buff1FD, buff2FD, counterFD, semFD, regionFD, resFD;
19
20    // Shared memory pointers
21    int *buff2Ptr, *countPtr, *resourceCount, (*buff1Ptr)[NINE][NINE];
22
23    // Create shared memory
24    initMemory(&buff1FD, &buff2FD, &counterFD, &semFD, &regionFD, &resFD);
25
26    // Map shared memory to pointers
27    mapMemory(&buff1FD, &buff2FD, &counterFD, &semFD, &regionFD, &resFD,
28              &buff1Ptr, &buff2Ptr, &countPtr, &semaphores, &region,
29              &resourceCount);
30
31    // Initialise semaphores
32    if ((sem_init(&semMutex, 1, 1) == 1) || (sem_init(&semParent, 1, 1) == 1))
33    {
34        fprintf(stderr, "Could not initialise semaphores\n");
35        exit(1);
36    }
37
38    semaphores[0] = semMutex;
39    semaphores[1] = semParent;
40
41    // Initialise parameters
42    *countPtr = 0;
43    pid = -1;
44    processNum = 0;
45
46    // Read input file
47    readFile(inputFile, NINE, NINE, buff1Ptr);
48
49    // Parent acquires lock of resourceCount
50    sem_wait(&(semaphores[1])); // Lock child
51
52    *resourceCount = 0;
53
54    // Create child processes for
55    while( processNum < NUMPROCESSES && pid != 0 )
56    {
57        signal(SIGCHLD, SIG_IGN); // Kill zombie processNum-1
58        pid = fork();
59
60        // Allow the parent to increment shared variable count
61        if ( pid > 0 )
62        {
63            *resourceCount = *resourceCount + 1;

```

```

64     }
65     processNum++;
66 }
67
68 if( pid == 0) // Child process
69 {
70     childManager(region, semaphores, buff1Ptr, buff2Ptr, countPtr,
71                 resourceCount, processNum, numbers, maxDelay );
72 }
73 else if ( pid > 0) // Parent process
74 {
75     parentManager(region, semaphores, countPtr, resourceCount);
76
77     // Clean up shared memory
78     cleanMemory(&buff1Ptr, &buff2Ptr, &countPtr, &semaphores,
79                &region, &resourceCount, buff1FD, buff2FD, counterFD,
80                semFD, regionFD, resFD);
81 }
82 else // Unsuccessful child process creation attempt
83 {
84     fprintf(stderr, "Unable to create child processes. Please run \"killall mssv\"\n");
85 }
86 }
87
88 /*****
89
90 /**
91  * Read the contents of the input file passed as a command line argument
92  * @param inputFile File to be read
93  * @param rows      Number of rows in matrix
94  * @param cols      Number of columns in matrix
95  * @param buffer     Matrix to store contents of input file
96  */
97 void readFile(char* inputFile, int rows, int cols, int (*buffer)[rows][cols])
98 {
99     FILE* inStrm;
100     int i, j;
101
102     inStrm = fopen(inputFile, "r"); // Open file for reading
103
104     if (inStrm == NULL) // Check file opened correctly
105     {
106         perror("Error opening file for reading\n");
107         exit(1);
108     }
109
110     // Store contents of file in 2D array
111     for( i = 0; i < rows; i++ )
112     {
113         for ( j = 0; j < cols; j++ )
114         {
115             fscanf( inStrm, "%d", &((*buffer))[i][j] );
116         }
117     }
118
119     fclose(inStrm); // Close file
120 }
121
122 /**
123  * Write the invalid regions to log file
124  * @param region Sub region
125  * @param format String to be written
126  */
127 void writeFile(Region* region, char* format)
128 {
129     char* filename = "logfile";
130     FILE* outFile;
131     int val;

```

```

132
133     outFile = fopen(filename, "a"); // Open file for appending
134     if (outFile == NULL) // Check file opened correctly
135     {
136         perror("Error opening file for writing\n");
137         exit(1);
138     }
139
140     fprintf(outFile, "process ID-%d: %s", region->pid, format);
141
142     fclose(outFile); // Close file
143 }
144
145 /**
146  * Set each index to zero
147  * @param numbers Array to be reset
148  */
149 void resetArray(int numbers[])
150 {
151     for (int i = 0; i < NINE; i++)
152     {
153         numbers[i] = 0;
154     }
155 }
156
157 /**
158  * Check if the contents of the array has any value other than one
159  * @param numbers Array to be checked
160  * @return Status of array being valid or not
161  */
162 int checkValid(int numbers[])
163 {
164     for (int j = 0; j < NINE; j++)
165     {
166         if (numbers[j] != 1)
167         {
168             return FALSE;
169         }
170     }
171
172     return TRUE;
173 }
174
175 /**
176  * Handles the routine for the parent process. Outputs the result to the screen
177  * @param region Array containing each region struct
178  * @param semaphores Array of all semaphores
179  * @param countPtr Pointer to shared memory counter
180  * @param resourceCount Status of number of child processes executing
181  */
182 void parentManager(Region *region, sem_t *semaphores, int* countPtr,
183                   int* resourceCount)
184 {
185     char *type, *message;
186     sem_post(&(semaphores[1])); // Unlock child
187     int done = FALSE;
188     int position;
189
190     while( !done ) // Wait for all children to finish executing
191     {
192         //printf("Parent Waiting for Children\n");
193         sem_wait(&(semaphores[1])); // Lock child
194         if ( *resourceCount == 0 )
195         {
196             done = TRUE;
197         }
198         sem_post(&(semaphores[1])); // Unlock child
199     }

```

```

200     }
201
202     for(int ii = 0; ii < NUMPROCESSES; ii++)
203     {
204         sem_wait(&(semaphores[0])); //Lock mutex
205         if (region[ii].type == ROW)
206         {
207             position = region[ii].positionX;
208             type = "invalid";
209
210             if (region[ii].valid == TRUE)
211             {
212                 type = "valid";
213             }
214             printf("Validation result from process ID-%d: row %d is %s\n",
215                    region[ii].pid, position, type);
216         }
217         else if (region[ii].type == COL)
218         {
219             type = "column";
220             position = region[ii].positionX;
221             printf("Validation result from process ID-%d: %d out of 9 columns are valid\n",
222                    region[ii].pid, region[ii].positionX);
223         }
224         else
225         {
226             type = "sub-grid";
227             position = region[ii].positionX;
228
229             printf("Validation result from process ID-%d: %d out of 9 sub-grids are valid\n",
230                    region[ii].pid, region[ii].positionX);
231         }
232     }
233
234     sem_post(&(semaphores[0])); //Unlock mutex
235 }
236
237
238 if (*countPtr == 27)
239 {
240     message = "valid";
241 }
242 else
243 {
244     message = "invalid";
245 }
246
247 printf("There are %d valid sub-grids, and thus the solution is %s\n", *countPtr, message);
248 }
249
250
251 /**
252  * Routine for child processes. Check the validity of sub region.
253  * @param region      Sub-region struct for each process
254  * @param semaphores   Array of semaphores
255  * @param buff1Ptr     Pointer to buffer1 in shared memory
256  * @param buff2Ptr     Pointer to buffer2 in shared memory
257  * @param countPtr     Pointer to counter in shared memory
258  * @param resourceCount Pointer to resourceCount in shared memory
259  * @param processNum   Child process number
260  * @param numbers      Array of numbers to check validity of sub region
261  * @param maxDelay     Delay for each process
262  */
263 void childManager(Region *region, sem_t *semaphores, int (*buff1Ptr)[NINE][NINE],
264                  int *buff2Ptr, int* countPtr, int* resourceCount,
265                  int processNum, int *numbers, int maxDelay )
266 {
267     char format[500];

```

```

268     int numValid, comma = 0;
269
270     // Generate random maxDelay
271     srand((unsigned) getpid());
272
273     maxDelay = ( rand() % maxDelay ) + 1;
274
275     if( processNum <= 9) // Check a row in buffer1
276     {
277         for (int i = 0; i < NINE; i++)
278         {
279             // Update numbers array
280             numbers[( (* buff1Ptr) [processNum-1][i] ) -1]++;
281         }
282
283         sleep(maxDelay); // Sleep
284         sem_wait(&(semaphores[0])); //Lock mutex
285
286         // Update region struct
287         region[processNum-1].type = ROW;
288         region[processNum-1].positionX = processNum;
289         region[processNum-1].pid = getpid();
290         region[processNum-1].valid = checkValid(numbers);
291
292         numValid = 0;
293         if (region[processNum-1].valid == TRUE)
294         {
295             numValid = 1;
296         }
297         else // Write to log file
298         {
299             sprintf(format, "row %d is invalid\n", processNum);
300             writeFile(&(region[processNum-1]), format);
301         }
302
303         buff2Ptr[processNum-1] = numValid; // Update buffer2
304
305         *countPtr = *countPtr + numValid; // Update counter
306
307         sem_post(&(semaphores[0])); // Unlock child
308     }
309
310     else if(processNum == 10) // Check all columns
311     {
312         sprintf(format, "column ");
313
314         int validCol = 0;
315         for ( int nn = 0; nn < NINE; nn++) // Iterate through each column
316         {
317             for(int ii = 0; ii < NINE; ii++) // Iterate through each row
318             {
319                 numbers[( (* buff1Ptr) [ii] [nn] -1)++]++; // Update numbers array
320             }
321
322             if ( checkValid( numbers) == TRUE )
323             {
324                 validCol++;
325             }
326             else
327             {
328                 if (comma == 0)
329                 {
330                     comma = 1;
331                     sprintf(format + strlen(format), "%d", nn+1);
332                 }
333                 else
334                 {
335                     sprintf(format + strlen(format), ", %d ", nn+1);

```



```

336         }
337     }
338
339     resetArray(numbers);
340 }
341
342 sleep(maxDelay);
343 if (validCol == 8)
344 {
345     sprintf(format + strlen(format), " is invalid\n");
346 }
347 else
348 {
349     sprintf(format + strlen(format), "are invalid\n");
350 }
351 sem_wait(&(semaphores[0])); //Lock mutex
352
353 // Update region struct
354 region[processNum-1].type = COL;
355 region[processNum-1].positionX = validCol;
356 region[processNum-1].pid = getpid();
357 if(validCol != 9)
358 {
359     writeFile(&(region[processNum-1]), format);
360 }
361
362 numValid = region[processNum-1].positionX;
363
364 buff2Ptr[processNum-1] = validCol; // Update buffer2
365
366 *countPtr = *countPtr + validCol; // Update counter
367
368 sem_post(&(semaphores[0])); // Unlock mutex
369 }
370 else if( processNum == 11) // Check sub-grids
371 {
372     sprintf(format, "sub-grid ");
373
374     int validSub = 0;
375
376     // Iterate through each of the 9 3x3 sub-grid
377     for ( int jj = 0; jj < 3; jj++)
378     {
379         for (int kk = 0; kk < 3; kk++)
380         {
381             for (int ll = jj*3; ll < jj*3+3; ll++)
382             {
383                 for (int mm = kk*3; mm < kk*3+3; mm++)
384                 {
385                     // Update numbers array
386                     numbers[( * buff1Ptr ) [ ll ] [mm]-1]++;
387                 }
388             }
389
390             if ( checkValid(numbers) == TRUE )
391             {
392                 validSub++;
393             }
394             else // Update string for log file
395             {
396                 if (comma == 0)
397                 {
398                     comma = 1;
399                     sprintf(format+strlen(format), "[%d..%d, %d..%d]",
400                             jj*3+1, jj*3+3, kk*3+1, kk*3+3);
401                 }
402                 else
403                 {

```

```

404         sprintf(format+strlen(format), ", [%d..%d, %d..%d] ",
405                 jj*3+1, jj*3+3, kk*3+1, kk*3+3);
406     }
407 }
408 resetArray(numbers);
409 }
410
411 }
412
413 sleep(maxDelay);
414 if (validSub == 8)
415 {
416     sprintf(format+strlen(format), " is invalid\n");
417 }
418 else
419 {
420     sprintf(format+strlen(format), " are invalid\n");
421 }
422 sem_wait(&(semaphores[0])); //Lock mutex
423
424 // Update region struct
425 region[processNum-1].type = SUB_REGION;
426 region[processNum-1].positionX = validSub;
427 region[processNum-1].pid = getpid();
428
429 if(validSub != 9) // Write to log file
430 {
431     writeFile(&(region[processNum-1]), format);
432 }
433
434 buff2Ptr[processNum-1] = validSub; // Update buffer 2
435
436 *countPtr = *countPtr + validSub; // Update counter
437
438 sem_post(&(semaphores[0])); // Unlock mutex
439 }
440
441 // Child signals it is finished by incremented resourceCount
442 sem_wait(&(semaphores[1])); // Lock child
443 *resourceCount = *resourceCount - 1;
444 sem_post(&(semaphores[1])); // Unlock child
445 }
446 }
447
448 /**
449  * Initialise shared memory constructs
450  * @param buff1FD   File descriptor for buffer1
451  * @param buff2FD   File descriptor for buffer2
452  * @param counterFD File descriptor for counter
453  * @param semFD     File descriptor for semaphores
454  * @param regionFD  File descriptor for regions
455  * @param resFD     File descriptor for resourceCount
456  */
457 void initMemory( int* buff1FD, int* buff2FD, int* counterFD, int* semFD,
458                 int* regionFD, int* resFD)
459 {
460
461     // Create shared memory
462     *buff1FD = shm_open("buffer1", O_CREAT | ORDWR, 0666);
463     *buff2FD = shm_open("buffer2", O_CREAT | ORDWR, 0666);
464     *counterFD = shm_open("counter", O_CREAT | ORDWR, 0666);
465     *semFD = shm_open("semaphores", O_CREAT | ORDWR, 0666);
466     *regionFD = shm_open("region", O_CREAT | ORDWR, 0666);
467     *resFD = shm_open("resources", O_CREAT | ORDWR, 0666);
468
469     // Check shared memory was created correctly
470     if ( *buff1FD == -1 || *buff2FD == -1 || *counterFD == -1 || *semFD == -1 ||
471         *regionFD == -1 || *resFD == -1 )

```

```

472     {
473         fprintf( stderr , "Error creating shared memory blocks\n" );
474         exit(1);
475     }
476
477     // Set size of shared memory constructs
478     if ( ftruncate(*buff1FD, sizeof(int) * NINE * NINE) == -1 )
479     {
480         fprintf( stderr , "Error setting size of buffer1" );
481         exit(1);
482     }
483
484     if ( ftruncate(*buff2FD, sizeof(int) * NUMPROCESSES) == -1 )
485     {
486         fprintf( stderr , "Error setting size of buffer2" );
487         exit(1);
488     }
489
490     if ( ftruncate(*counterFD, sizeof(int)) == -1 )
491     {
492         fprintf( stderr , "Error setting size of counter" );
493         exit(1);
494     }
495
496     if ( ftruncate(*semFD, sizeof(sem_t) * 2 ) == -1 )
497     {
498         fprintf( stderr , "Error setting size of semaphores" );
499         exit(1);
500     }
501
502     if ( ftruncate(*regionFD, sizeof(Region)*NUMPROCESSES) == -1 )
503     {
504         fprintf( stderr , "Error setting size of regions" );
505         exit(1);
506     }
507
508     if ( ftruncate(*resFD, sizeof(int)) == -1 )
509     {
510         fprintf( stderr , "Error setting size of resourceCount" );
511         exit(1);
512     }
513 }
514
515 /**
516  * Map shared memory to addresses
517  * @param buff1FD      File descriptor for buffer1
518  * @param buff2FD      File descriptor for buffer2
519  * @param counterFD    File descriptor for counter
520  * @param semFD        File descriptor for semaphores
521  * @param regionFD     File descriptor for regions
522  * @param resFD        File descriptor for resourceCount
523  * @param buff1Ptr     Pointer to buffer1 in shared memory
524  * @param buff2Ptr     Pointer to buffer2 in shared memory
525  * @param countPtr     Pointer to counter in shared memory
526  * @param semaphores   Array of semaphores
527  * @param region       Array of region structs
528  * @param resourceCount Pointer to resourceCount in shared memory
529  */
530 void mapMemory(int* buff1FD, int* buff2FD, int* counterFD, int* semFD,
531               int* regionFD, int* resFD, int (**buff1Ptr)[NINE][NINE], int (**buff2Ptr),
532               int** countPtr, sem_t** semaphores, Region** region, int**
533               resourceCount)
534 {
535     // Memory mapping
536     *buff2Ptr = (int*) mmap(NULL, sizeof(int)*NINE*NINE,
537                             PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, *buff2FD, 0);
538     *buff1Ptr = mmap(NULL, sizeof(int)*NUMPROCESSES,
539                     PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, *buff1FD, 0);

```

```

539     *countPtr = (int*) mmap(NULL, sizeof(int),
540                             PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, *counterFD, 0);
541     *semaphores = mmap(NULL, sizeof(sem_t) * 2,
542                         PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, *semFD, 0);
543     *region = mmap(NULL, sizeof(Region)*NUMPROCESSES,
544                    PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, *regionFD, 0);
545     *resourceCount = mmap(NULL, sizeof(int),
546                           PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, *resFD, 0);
547 }
548
549 /**
550  * Validate command line parameters
551  * @param argc number of parameters
552  * @param argv command line parameters
553  */
554 void validateUse(int argc, char* argv[])
555 {
556     // Ensure correct number of command line parameters
557     if (argc != 3)
558     {
559         printf("Ensure there are the correct number of parameters\n");
560         exit(1);
561     }
562
563     // Ensure maxDelay is positive
564     if (atoi(argv[2]) < 0)
565     {
566         printf("The maxDelay must be non-negative\n");
567         exit(1);
568     }
569 }
570
571 /**
572  * Close and destroy, semaphores and shared memory constructs
573  * @param buff1Ptr    Pointer to buffer1 in shared memory
574  * @param buff2Ptr    Pointer to buffer2 in shared memory
575  * @param countPtr    Pointer to counter in shared memory
576  * @param semaphores  Array of semaphores
577  * @param region      Array of region structs
578  * @param resourceCount Pointer to resourceCount in shared memory
579  * @param buff1FD     File descriptor for buffer1
580  * @param buff2FD     File descriptor for buffer2
581  * @param counterFD   File descriptor for counter
582  * @param semFD       File descriptor for semaphores
583  * @param regionFD    File descriptor for regions
584  * @param resFD       File descriptor for resourceCount
585  */
586 void cleanMemory(int (**buff1Ptr)[NINE][NINE], int **buff2Ptr, int** countPtr,
587                  sem_t **semaphores, Region **region,
588                  int** resourceCount, int buff1FD, int buff2FD,
589                  int counterFD, int semFD, int regionFD,
590                  int resFD )
591 {
592     // Close semaphores
593     sem_close(&((*semaphores)[0]));
594     sem_close(&((*semaphores)[1]));
595
596     // Destroy semaphores
597     sem_destroy(&((*semaphores)[0]));
598     sem_destroy(&((*semaphores)[1]));
599
600     // Clean up shared memory
601     shm_unlink("buffer1");
602     shm_unlink("buffer2");
603     shm_unlink("counter");
604     shm_unlink("semaphores");
605     shm_unlink("region");
606     shm_unlink("resources");

```

```
607
608 // Close file descriptors
609 close(buff1FD);
610 close(buff2FD);
611 close(counterFD);
612 close(semFD);
613 close(regionFD);
614 close(resFD);
615
616 // Unmap memory
617 munmap(*buff1Ptr, sizeof(int)*NINE*NINE);
618 munmap(*buff2Ptr, sizeof(int)*NUMPROCESSES);
619 munmap(*countPtr, sizeof(int));
620 munmap(*semaphores, sizeof(sem_t)*2);
621 munmap(*region, sizeof(Region)*NUMPROCESSES);
622 munmap(*resourceCount, sizeof(int));
623
624 // Unlink shared memory constructs
625 shm_unlink("buffer1");
626 shm_unlink("buffer2");
627 shm_unlink("counter");
628 shm_unlink("semaphores");
629 shm_unlink("region");
630 shm_unlink("resources");
631
632 }
```

5.2 Processes: mssv.h

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <math.h>
4 #include <fcntl.h>
5 #include <semaphore.h>
6 #include <sys/mman.h>
7 #include <unistd.h>
8 #include <sys/stat.h>
9 #include <sys/types.h>
10 #include <unistd.h>
11 #include <signal.h>
12 #include <string.h>
13 #include <time.h>
14
15 #define NINE 9
16 #define SUB 3
17 #define NUMPROCESSES 11
18 #define FALSE 0
19 #define TRUE !FALSE
20
21 typedef enum {ROW, COL, SUB_REGION} Region_Type;
22
23 typedef struct
24 {
25     Region_Type type;
26     int positionX;
27     pid_t pid;
28     int valid;
29 } Region;
30
31
32 void readFile(char* inputFile, int rows, int cols, int (*buffer)[rows][cols]);
33 void writeFile(Region* region, char* format);
34 void resetArray(int numbers[]);
35 int checkValid(int numbers[]);
36 void parentManager(Region *region, sem_t *semaphores, int* countPtr,
37                   int* resourceCount);
38 void childManager(Region *region, sem_t *semaphores,
39                  int (*buff1Ptr)[NINE][NINE], int *buff2Ptr, int* countPtr,
40                  int* resourceCount, int processNum, int *numbers,
41                  int maxDelay);
42 void initMemory(int* buff1FD, int* buff2FD, int* counterFD, int* semFD,
43                int* regionFD, int* resFD);
44 void mapMemory(int* buff1FD, int* buff2FD, int* counterFD, int* semFD,
45               int* regionFD, int* resFD, int (**buff1Ptr)[NINE][NINE],
46               int (**buff2Ptr), int** countPtr, sem_t** semaphores,
47               Region** region, int** resourceCount);
48 void validateUse(int argc, char* argv[]);
49 void cleanMemory(int (**buff1Ptr)[NINE][NINE], int **buff2Ptr, int** countPtr,
50                 sem_t **semaphores, Region **region, int** resourceCount,
51                 int buff1FD, int buff2FD, int counterFD, int semFD,
52                 int regionFD, int resFD);

```

5.3 Processes: Makefile

```
1 # Makefile For Sudoku Solution Validator
2 # COMP2006 Assignment
3 # Last Modified: 12/04/17
4 # Jordan Yeo - 17727626
5
6 # MAKE VARIABLES
7 EXEC1 = mssv
8 OBJ1 = mssv.o
9 CFLAGS = -std=c99 -pthread -D _XOPEN_SOURCE=500 -lrt
10 CC = gcc
11 INPUT = ../testFiles/specTest.txt
12 DELAY = 1
13
14 # RULES + DEPENDENCIES
15 $(EXEC1) : $(OBJ1)
16     $(CC) $(OBJ1) -o $(EXEC1) $(CFLAGS)
17
18 mssv.o : mssv.c mssv.h #fileIO.h
19     $(CC) -c mssv.c $(CFLAGS)
20
21 clean :
22     rm -f $(EXEC1) $(OBJ1) logfile
23
24 run :
25     ./$(EXEC1) $(INPUT) $(DELAY)
```

5.4 Threads: mssv.c

```

1 #include "mssv.h"
2
3 pthread_mutex_t mutex; // Mutex
4 pthread_cond_t use; // condition for if the global variable is in use
5
6 int **buff1, *buff2, *counter, maxDelay, inUse;
7 Region *regions;
8
9 int main (int argc, char* argv[])
10 {
11     // Validate command line parameters
12     validateUse(argc, argv);
13
14     // Rename command line parameters
15     char* inputFile = argv[1];
16     maxDelay = atoi(argv[2]);
17
18     // Variables
19     pthread_t threads[11];
20
21     // Allocate memory
22     initMemory(&buff1, &buff2, &counter, &regions);
23
24     *counter = 0;
25     // Read input file
26     readFile(inputFile, NINE, NINE, &buff1);
27
28     // Initialise mutex and condition
29     pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);
30     pthread_cond_init(&use, NULL);
31     inUse = 0;
32
33     // Create threads
34     for(int i = 0; i < NUMTHREADS; i++)
35     {
36         if ( i < NINE) // Initialise region struct for row threads
37         {
38             regions[i].type = ROW;
39         }
40         else if( i == NINE) // Initialise region struct for columns thread
41         {
42             regions[i].type = COL;
43         }
44         else // Initialise region struct for sub-grids thread
45         {
46             regions[i].type = SUB_GRID;
47         }
48
49         regions[i].position = i;
50         resetArray(regions[i].numbers);
51         // Create thread
52         pthread_create(&(threads[i]), NULL, childManager, &(regions[i]));
53         inUse++;
54     }
55
56     parentManager(); // Parent logic
57
58     cleanMemory(); // Clean up malloc'd memory
59 }
60
61
62 /*****
63
64 /**
65  * Initialise memory constructs
66  * @param buff1    buffer1 2D array

```



```

67  * @param buff2    buffer2 1D array
68  * @param counter  counter variable
69  * @param regions  Region struct 1D array
70  */
71 void initMemory(int*** buff1, int** buff2, int** counter, Region** regions)
72 {
73     // Initialise
74     *buff1 = (int**) malloc(sizeof(int)* NINE);
75     for (int i = 0; i < NINE; i++)
76     {
77         (*buff1)[i] = (int*) malloc(sizeof(int)* NINE);
78     }
79     *buff2 = (int*) malloc(sizeof(int)* NUMTHREADS);
80     *counter = (int*) malloc(sizeof(int));
81     *regions = (Region*) malloc(sizeof(Region)* NUMTHREADS);
82 }
83
84
85 /**
86  * Free malloc'd memory and destroy mutex and conditions
87  */
88 void cleanMemory()
89 {
90     pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
91     pthread_cond_destroy(&use);
92     for (int i = 0; i < NINE; i++)
93     {
94         free(buff1[i]);
95     }
96     free(buff1);
97     free(buff2);
98     free(counter);
99     free(regions);
100 }
101
102
103 /**
104  * Read the contents of the input file passed as a command line argument
105  * @param inputFile File to be read
106  * @param rows      Number of rows in matrix
107  * @param cols      Number of columns in matrix
108  * @param buffer    Matrix to store contents of input file
109  */
110 void readFile(char* inputFile, int rows, int cols, int***buffer )
111 {
112     FILE* inStrm;
113     int i, j;
114
115     inStrm = fopen(inputFile, "r"); // Open file for reading
116
117     if (inStrm == NULL) // Check file opened correctly
118     {
119         perror("Error opening file for reading\n");
120         exit(1);
121     }
122
123     // Store contents of file in 2D array
124     for( i = 0; i < rows; i++ )
125     {
126         for ( j = 0; j < cols; j++ )
127         {
128             fscanf( inStrm, "%d", &((*buffer))[i][j] );
129         }
130     }
131     fclose(inStrm); // Close file
132 }
133
134 /**

```

```

135  * Write the invalid regions to log file
136  * @param region Sub region
137  * @param format String to be written
138  */
139 void writeFile(Region* region, char* format)
140 {
141     char* filename = "logfile";
142     FILE* outFile;
143     int val;
144
145     outFile = fopen(filename, "a"); // Open file for appending
146     if (outFile == NULL) // Check file opened correctly
147     {
148         perror("Error opening file for writing\n");
149         exit(1);
150     }
151
152     fprintf(outFile, "thread ID-%d: %s", region->tid, format);
153
154     fclose(outFile); // Close file
155 }
156
157 /**
158  * Set each index to zero
159  * @param numbers Array to be reset
160  */
161 void resetArray(int numbers[])
162 {
163     for (int i = 0; i < NINE; i++)
164     {
165         numbers[i] = 0;
166     }
167 }
168
169 /**
170  * Check if the contents of the array has any value other than one
171  * @param numbers Array to be checked
172  * @return Status of array being valid or not
173  */
174 int checkValid(int numbers[])
175 {
176     for (int j = 0; j < NINE; j++)
177     {
178         if ( numbers[j] != 1)
179         {
180             return FALSE;
181         }
182     }
183
184     return TRUE;
185 }
186
187 /**
188  * Handles the routine for the parent. Outputs the result to the screen
189  * @param threads ID of child threads
190  */
191 void parentManager()
192 {
193     char *type, *message;
194     int done = FALSE;
195     int position;
196
197     pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex); // Lock mutex
198     while ( inUse > 0 ) // Wait while children are executing
199     {
200         pthread_cond_wait(&use, &mutex);
201     }
202

```

```

203 pthread_cond_signal(&use);
204 pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex); // Unlock mutex
205
206 for(int ii = 0; ii < NUMTHREADS; ii++)
207 {
208     pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex); // Lock mutex
209
210     if (regions[ii].type == ROW)
211     {
212         type = "row";
213         position = regions[ii].position;
214         if (regions[ii].valid == TRUE)
215         {
216             printf("Validation result from thread ID-%u: %s %d is valid\n",
217                    regions[ii].tid, type, position+1);
218         }
219         else
220         {
221             printf("Validation result from thread ID-%u: %s %d is invalid\n",
222                    regions[ii].tid, type, position+1);
223         }
224     }
225     else if (regions[ii].type == COL)
226     {
227         type = "column";
228         printf("Validation result from thread ID-%u: %d out of 9 columns are valid\n",
229                regions[ii].tid, regions[ii].count);
230     }
231     else
232     {
233         type = "sub-grid";
234         printf("Validation result from thread ID-%u: %d out of 9 sub-grids are valid\n",
235                regions[ii].tid, regions[ii].count);
236     }
237     pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
238 }
239
240
241
242 if (*counter == 27)
243 {
244     message = "valid";
245 }
246 else
247 {
248     message = "invalid";
249 }
250
251 printf("There are %d valid sub-grids, and thus the solution is %s\n", *counter, message);
252
253 }
254
255 /**
256  * Routine for child threads. Check the validity of sub region.
257  * @param args Void pointer to Region struct for the child
258  */
259 void* childManager(void* args )
260 {
261     char format[500];
262     int numValid;
263     Region* region = ((Region*)(args));
264     int threadNum = region->position;
265     int comma = 0;
266     int delay;
267
268     // Generate random maxDelay
269     srand((unsigned) pthread_self() );
270     delay = ( rand() % delay ) + 1;

```

```

271
272 if( region->type == ROW ) // Check row in buffer1
273 {
274
275     // Check rows
276     for (int i = 0; i < NINE; i++)
277     {
278         // Update numbers array
279         region->numbers[(( buff1 ) [ threadNum ] [ i ] ) - 1]++;
280     }
281
282     sleep(delay); // Sleep
283     pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex); // Lock mutex
284
285     // Update region struct
286     region->tid = pthread_self();
287     region->valid = checkValid(region->numbers);
288
289     // Update buffer2
290     numValid = 0;
291     if (region->valid == TRUE)
292     {
293         numValid = 1;
294         region->count = numValid;
295     }
296     else // Write to log file
297     {
298         region->count = numValid;
299         sprintf(format, "row %d is invalid\n", threadNum+1);
300         writeFile((region), format);
301     }
302
303     buff2[threadNum] = numValid; // Update buffer2
304
305     *counter = *counter + numValid; // Update counter
306
307     pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex); // Unlock mutex
308
309 }
310 else if( region->type == COL ) // Check all columns
311 {
312     sprintf(format, "column ");
313     int validCol = 0;
314     for ( int nn = 0; nn < NINE; nn++) // Iterate through each column
315     {
316         for(int ii = 0; ii < NINE; ii++) // Iterate through each row
317         {
318             // Update numbers array
319             region->numbers[(( buff1 ) [ ii ] [ nn ] ) - 1]++;
320         }
321
322         // Check if the column is valid
323         if ( checkValid( region->numbers ) == TRUE )
324         {
325             validCol++;
326         }
327         else
328         {
329             if (comma == 0)
330             {
331                 comma = 1;
332                 sprintf(format + strlen(format), "%d", nn+1);
333             }
334             else
335             {
336                 sprintf(format + strlen(format), ", %d ", nn+1);
337             }
338         }

```

```

339     resetArray( region->numbers );
340 }
341
342     sleep( delay );
343     if ( validCol == 8 )
344     {
345         sprintf( format + strlen( format ), " is invalid\n" );
346     }
347     else
348     {
349         sprintf( format + strlen( format ), "are invalid\n" );
350     }
351     pthread_mutex_lock( &mutex ); // Lock mutex
352
353     // Update region struct
354     region->count = validCol;
355     region->tid = pthread_self();
356     if( validCol != 9 )
357     {
358         writeFile( ( region ), format );
359     }
360
361     numValid = region->count;
362
363     buff2[ threadNum ] = validCol; // Update buffer2
364
365     *counter = *counter + validCol; // Update counter
366
367     pthread_mutex_unlock( &mutex ); // Unlock mutex
368 }
369 else if( region->type == SUB_GRID ) // Check all sub-grids
370 {
371     sprintf( format, "sub-grid " );
372
373     int validSub = 0;
374
375     // Iterate through each of the 9 3x3 sub-grid
376     for ( int jj = 0; jj < 3; jj++ )
377     {
378         for ( int kk = 0; kk < 3; kk++ )
379         {
380             for ( int ll = jj*3; ll < jj*3+3; ll++ )
381             {
382                 for ( int mm = kk*3; mm < kk*3+3; mm++ )
383                 {
384                     // Update numbers array
385                     region->numbers[ ( ( buff1 ) [ ll ] [ mm ] ) - 1 ] ++;
386                 }
387             }
388
389             if ( checkValid( region->numbers ) == TRUE )
390             {
391                 validSub++;
392             }
393             else // Update string for log file
394             {
395                 if ( comma == 0 )
396                 {
397                     comma = 1;
398                     sprintf( format + strlen( format ), "[%d..%d, %d..%d]",
399                         jj*3+1, jj*3+3, kk*3+1, kk*3+3 );
400                 }
401                 else
402                 {
403                     sprintf( format + strlen( format ), ", [%d..%d, %d..%d]",
404                         jj*3+1, jj*3+3, kk*3+1, kk*3+3 );
405                 }
406             }

```

```

407         resetArray(region->numbers);
408     }
409
410 }
411
412 sleep(delay);
413 if( validSub == 8)
414 {
415     sprintf(format+strlen(format), " is invalid\n");
416 }
417 else
418 {
419     sprintf(format+strlen(format), " are invalid\n");
420 }
421 pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex); // Lock mutex
422
423 // Update region struct
424 region->count= validSub;
425 region->tid = pthread_self();
426
427 if(validSub != 9)
428 {
429     writeFile((region), format);
430 }
431
432 buff2[threadNum] = validSub; // Update buffer2
433
434 *counter = *counter + validSub; // Update counter
435
436 pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex); // Unlock mutex
437
438 }
439
440 // Child signals it is finished by incremented resourceCount
441 pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex); // Lock mutex
442
443 while( inUse == 0)
444 {
445     pthread_cond_wait(&use, &mutex);
446 }
447 inUse--; // Decrease count of child processes running
448 if (inUse == 0)
449 {
450     pthread_cond_signal(&use);
451 }
452 pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex); // Unlock mutex
453 pthread_detach(pthread_self()); // Release resources
454 }
455 }
456
457 /**
458  * Validate command line parameters
459  * @param argc number of parameters
460  * @param argv command line parameters
461  */
462 void validateUse(int argc, char* argv[])
463 {
464     // Ensure correct number of command line parameters
465     if (argc != 3)
466     {
467         printf("Ensure there are the correct number of parameters\n");
468         exit(1);
469     }
470
471     // Ensure maxDelay is positive
472     if (atoi(argv[2]) < 0)
473     {
474         printf("The maxDelay must be non-negative\n");

```

```
475     exit(1);  
476 }  
477 }
```

5.5 Threads: mssv.h

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <math.h>
4 #include <fcntl.h>
5 #include <semaphore.h>
6 #include <sys/mman.h>
7 #include <unistd.h>
8 #include <sys/stat.h>
9 #include <sys/types.h>
10 #include <unistd.h>
11 #include <signal.h>
12 #include <string.h>
13 #include <time.h>
14 #include <pthread.h>
15
16 #define NINE 9
17 #define SUB 3
18 #define NUMITHEADS 11
19 #define FALSE 0
20 #define TRUE !FALSE
21
22 typedef enum {ROW, COL, SUB_GRID} Region_Type;
23
24 typedef struct
25 {
26     Region_Type type;
27     int position;
28     pthread_t tid;
29     int count;
30     int valid;
31     int numbers[NINE];
32 } Region;
33
34
35
36 void readFile(char* inputFile, int rows, int cols, int***buffer);
37 void writeFile(Region* region, char* format);
38 void resetArray(int numbers[]);
39 int checkValid(int numbers[]);
40 void parentManager(void);
41 void* childManager(void* args);
42 void initMemory(int*** buff1, int** buff2, int** counter, Region** regions);
43 void mapMemory(int* buff1FD, int* buff2FD, int* counterFD, int* semFD,
44               int* regionFD, int* resFD, int (**buff1Ptr)[NINE][NINE],
45               int (**buff2Ptr), int** countPtr, sem_t** semaphores,
46               Region** region, int** resourceCount);
47 void validateUse(int argc, char* argv[]);
48 void cleanMemory(void);

```


5.6 Threads: Makefile

```
1 # Makefile For Sudoku Solution Validator
2 # COMP2006 Assignment
3 # Last Modified: 12/04/17
4 # Jordan Yeo - 17727626
5
6 # MAKE VARIABLES
7 EXEC1 = mssv
8 OBJ1 = mssv.o
9 CFLAGS = -std=c99 -g -pthread -D_XOPEN_SOURCE=500 -lrt
10 CC = gcc
11 INPUT = ../testFiles/specTest.txt
12 DELAY = 10
13
14
15 # RULES + DEPENDENCIES
16 $(EXEC1) : $(OBJ1)
17     $(CC) $(OBJ1) -o $(EXEC1) $(CFLAGS)
18
19 mssv.o : mssv.c mssv.h #fileIO.h
20     $(CC) -c mssv.c $(CFLAGS)
21
22 #fileIO.o : fileIO.c fileIO.h
23     $(CC) -c fileIO.c $(CFLAGS)
24
25 clean :
26     rm -f $(EXEC1) $(OBJ1) logfile
27
28 run :
29     ./$(EXEC1) $(INPUT) $(DELAY)
```