Convolution 연산 ^{염지현}

Convolution 연산 수행

```
int padding_num = 4; //padding 크기
int PW = W + (padding_num * 2); //Weight 기준 좌우(총 8개)
                                                                                             패딩
int PH = H + (padding_num * 2); //Height 기준 상하(총 8개)
BYTE* Padding = (BYTE*)malloc((W + 8) * (H + 8) * 3);
padding_initialize(Padding, Image, PW, PH, padding_num);
char buffer[300];
rk = fopen("C:/Users/JIHYUN YEOM/Documents/카카오톡 받은 파일/conv1/kenel0_0.txt", "r");
double kernel0[81];
int index = 0;
if (rk != NULL) {
                                                                                     2) Kernel 불러오기
   while (!feof(rk)) {
       fgets(buffer, sizeof(buffer), rk);
      char* ptr = strtok(buffer, " ");
      kernelO[index] = atof(ptr);
       index++;
       while (ptr != NULL) {
          ptr = strtok(NULL, " ");
          if (ptr != NULL) {
              kernelO[index] = atof(ptr);
              index++;
else printf("kernel file 찿기 실패!");
fclose(rk);
                                                                                     3) Convolution 연산
ConvolutionB(PW, PH, Padding, B, kernelO, padding_num, 1);
ConvolutionG(PW, PH, Padding, G, kernelO, padding_num, 1);
ConvolutionR(PW, PH, Padding, R, kernelO, padding_num, 1);
                                                                                             Channel 별 feature map 저장
char Bchannel[15] = "B_channel.txt";
char Gchannel[15] = "G_channel.txt";
//SaveFeatureMap(W, H, G, Gchannel).
char Rchannel[15] = "R_channel.txt";
SaveFeatureMap(₩, H, R, Rchannel);
```

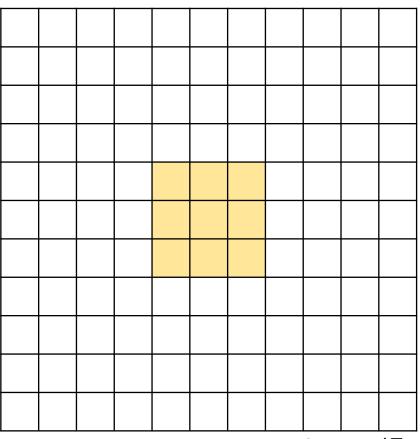
1) 패딩

```
// 1) 패딩주기(상하좌우 각각 4씩)
 int padding_num = 4; //padding 크기
 int PW = W + (padding_num * 2); //Weight 기준 좌우(총 8개)
int PH = H + (padding_num * 2); //Height 기준 상하(총 8개)
BYTE* Padding = (BYTE*)malloc((W + 8) * (H + 8) * 3);
padding_initialize(Padding, Image, PW, PH, padding_num);
gvoid padding_initialize(BYTE* Padding, BYTE* Image, int PW, int PH, int pad) {
     // PW: W + 24, PH: H + 24
     int W = PW - (pad * 2);
     int H = PH - (pad * 2);
     for (int i = 0; i < PH; i++) {
         for (int j = 0; j < PW; j++) {
             Padding[i * PW * 3 + j * 3] = 0;
             Padding[i * PW * 3 + j * 3 + 1] = 0;
             Padding[i * PW * 3 + j * 3 + 2] = 0;
         for (int j = 0; j < W; j++) {
             Padding[(i + pad) * PW * 3 + (j + pad) * 3] = Image[((H - 1) - i) * ₩ * 3 + j * 3]; // Blue
             Padding[(i + pad) * PW * 3 + (j + pad) * 3 + 1] = Image[((H - 1) - i) * \mathbb{W} * 3 + j * 3 + 1]; // Green
             Padding[(i + pad) * PW * 3 + (j + pad) * 3 + 2] = Image[((H - 1) - i) * \mathbb{W} * 3 + j * 3 + 2]; // Red
```

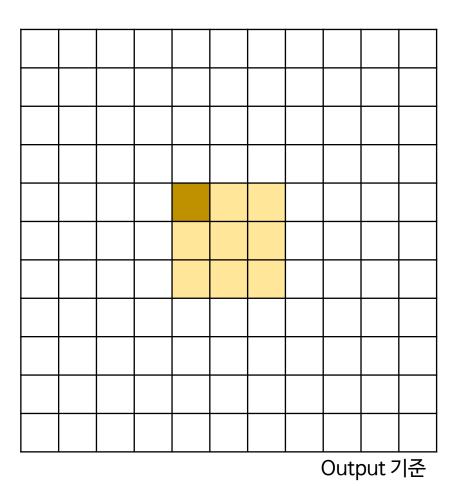
2) Kernel 입출력

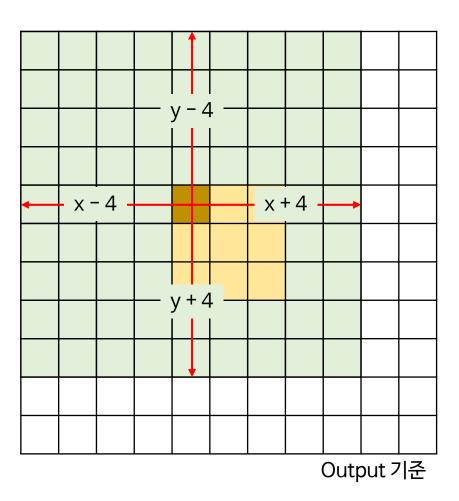
```
// 2) kernel 불러 오기
char buffer[300];
FILE* rk;
rk = fopen("C:/Users/JIHYUN YEOM/Documents/카카오톡 받은 파일/conv1/kenel0_0.txt", "r");
double kernel0[81];
int index = 0;
if (rk!= NULL) {
    while (!feof(rk)) {
        fgets(buffer, sizeof(buffer), rk);
       char* ptr = strtok(buffer, " ");
       kernelO[index] = atof(ptr);
       index++;
       while (ptr != NULL) {
           ptr = strtok(NULL, " ");
           if (ptr != NULL) {
               kernelO[index] = atof(ptr);
               index++;
else printf("kernel file 찿기 실패!");
fclose(rk);
```

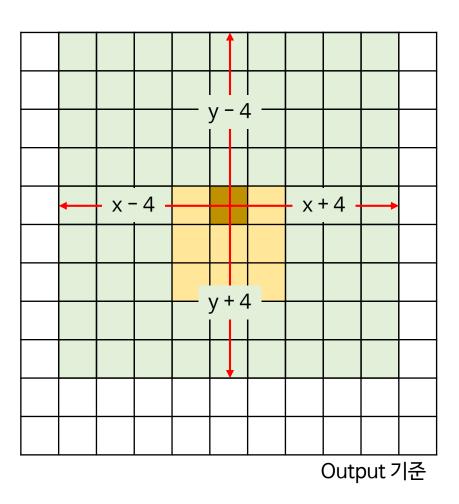
```
ConvolutionB(PW, PH, Padding, B, kernelO, padding_num, 1);
ConvolutionG(PW, PH, Padding, G, kernelO, padding_num, 1);
ConvolutionR(PW, PH, Padding, R, kernelO, padding_num, 1);
gvoid ConvolutionB(int PW, int PH, BYTE* Padding, double* C, double* kernel, int paddingnum, int stride) {
     int OW = PW - (paddingnum * 2);
     int OH = PH - (paddingnum * 2);
     int index = 0;
     for (int y = paddingnum; y < OH + paddingnum; y++) {
          for (int x = paddingnum; x < 0W + paddingnum; x++) {
              index = (y - paddingnum) * 0W + (x - paddingnum);
              for (int ky = -4; ky < 5; ky++) {
                  for (int kx = -4; kx < 5; kx++) {
                      C[index] += Padding[((x + kx) * 3) + ((y + ky) * PW * 3)] * kernel[(kx + 4) + (ky + 4) * 9]; //B
                      /* ... */
                  //printf("\n\n");
```

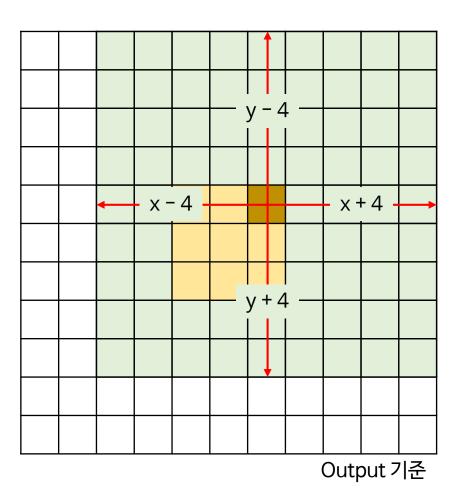


Output 기준









4) Channel 별 feature map 저장

```
char Bchannel[15] = "B_channel.txt";
//SaveFeatureMap(W, H, B, Bchannel);
char Gchannel[15] = "G_channel.txt";
//SaveFeatureMap(W, H, G, Gchannel);
char Rchannel[15] = "R_channel.txt";
SaveFeatureMap(♥, H, R, Rchannel);
    ]void SaveFeatureMap(int ₩, int H, double* B, char* FileName) {
          char result_dir[255] = "C:/Users/JIHYUN YEOM/source/repos/SRCNNTEST/SRCNNTEST/feature/";
          FILE* file;
          strcat(result_dir, FileName);
          file = fopen(result_dir, "w");
          char temp[20];
          int index = 0;
          for (int y = 0; y < H; y++) {
               for (int x = 0; x < \emptyset; x++) {
                   index = (x + y * \!);
                   sprintf(temp, "%f", B[index]);
                   fputs(strcat(temp, " "), file);
               fputs("\", file);
          free(file);
```

오차 및 소요 시간

* $(1928 \times 1088) -- (9 \times 9) -\rightarrow (1920 \times 1080)$

```
In [86]: ▶ b_result = bm_arr - b_arr
In [87]: ▶ g_result = gm_arr - g_arr
In [88]:
          r_result = rm_arr - r_arr
In [114]: ► cnt = 0
              for i in range(0, 1920):
                 for j in range(0, 1080):
                     if (b_result[j][i] != 0.0):
                         cnt +=1
             print("b_result: ",cnt)
              cnt = 0
              for i in range(0, 1920):
                 for j in range(0, 1080):
                     if (g_result[j][i] != 0.0):
                         cnt +=1
             print("g_result: ",cnt)
              cnt = 0
              for i in range(0, 1920):
                 for j in range(0, 1080):
                     if (r_result[j][i] != 0.0):
                         cnt +=1
             print("r_result: ",cnt)
             b_result: 0
             g_result: O
             r_result: 0
```

Input		
1928 * 1088		
Output		
1920 * 1080		
time		
0.636		

Sparse Matrix 크기

Bilinear & Bicubic

* $(1920 \times 1080) \rightarrow (3840 * 2160)$

Memory 계산: (int 크기) * 3(x, y, w) * (가중치 수) * W * H * scale * scale

	Bilinear	Bicubic
Weight	4	16
Memory	398,131,200 B = 398.1 MB	1,592,524,800 B = 1.6 GB
Sparse Matrix 생성 시간	0.35	5.626
결과 연산 시간	0.225	0.723