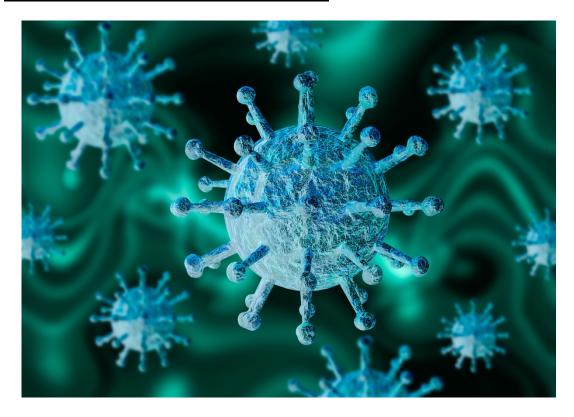
# Proyecto 4 – Arboles de decisión COVID-19

# **DESCRIPCIÓN DEL PROBLEMA**



Según informan los científicos, uno de los aspectos claves para controlar la pandemia del COVID-19 es controlar la congestión en los hospitales. Para evitar esta congestión, varias provincias están haciendo pruebas con sistemas que hacen recomendaciones de quedarse en casa o ir al hospital.

Para ello se tienen en cuenta una serie de factores:

- Fiebre
- Tos
- Dificultad para respirar
- Fatiga
- Flema
- Dolor muscular
- Dolor de cabeza
- Dolor de garganta
- Escalofríos
- Nauseas
- Congestión nasal
- Diarrea
- Expulsión de sangre a través de la tos
- Conjuntivitis

#### Nuestra tarea consistirá en:

- Crear el árbol de decisiones 10 veces.
- Determinar el resultado de las 10 ejecuciones.
- Seleccionar los atributos mas representativos.
- Ver el árbol que haya obtenido un resultado mas preciso.
- Testear con los parámetros de la función rpart.
- Dividir aleatoriamente los datos en entrenamiento (80%) y en test (20%).

# **ANALISIS DE LOS RESULTADOS**

#### • 1º Iteración

[1] "- IT: 1"
Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home go-to-hospital 314 87 stay-at-home 52 1146

Accuracy : 0.9131

95% CI: (0.8982, 0.9264)

No Information Rate : 0.7711 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16

Kappa : 0.7618

Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.003929

Sensitivity: 0.8579 Specificity: 0.9294 Pos Pred Value: 0.7830 Neg Pred Value: 0.9566 Prevalence: 0.2289

Detection Rate: 0.1964
Detection Prevalence: 0.2508
Balanced Accuracy: 0.8937

#### 2º Iteración

[1] "- IT: 2"

stay-at-home

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home 315 go-to-hospital 86 1136 62

Accuracy : 0.9074

95% CI: (0.8922, 0.9212)

No Information Rate : 0.7642 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2e-16

Kappa: 0.7487

Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.05868

Sensitivity: 0.8355 Specificity: 0.9296 Pos Pred Value: 0.7855 Neg Pred Value : 0.9482 Prevalence : 0.2358 Detection Rate : 0.1970

Detection Prevalence: 0.2508 Balanced Accuracy: 0.8826

'Positive' Class : go-to-hospital

#### 3º Iteración

[1] "- IT: 3"

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home

go-to-hospital 325 76 stay-at-home 1142

Accuracy : 0.9174

95% CI: (0.9029, 0.9305)

No Information Rate : 0.7617 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2e-16

Kappa: 0.7766

Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.09818

Sensitivity: 0.8530 Specificity: 0.9376 Pos Pred Value: 0.8105 Neg Pred Value : 0.9533 Prevalence: 0.2383 Detection Rate: 0.2033

Detection Prevalence: 0.2508 Balanced Accuracy: 0.8953

#### 4º Iteración

Γ17 "- IT: 4"

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home

 go-to-hospital
 315
 86

 stay-at-home
 66
 1132

Accuracy : 0.9049

95% CI: (0.8895, 0.9189)

No Information Rate : 0.7617 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16

Kappa : 0.7428

Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.1233

Sensitivity : 0.8268 Specificity : 0.9294 Pos Pred Value : 0.7855 Neg Pred Value : 0.9449 Prevalence : 0.2383 Detection Rate : 0.1970

Detection Prevalence : 0.2508 Balanced Accuracy : 0.8781

'Positive' Class : go-to-hospital

## 5º Iteración

[1] "- IT: 5"

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home

go-to-hospital 332 69 stay-at-home 58 1140

Accuracy : 0.9206

95% CI: (0.9062, 0.9334)

No Information Rate : 0.7561 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16

Kappa: 0.7867

Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.3749

Sensitivity: 0.8513 Specificity: 0.9429 Pos Pred Value: 0.8279 Neg Pred Value: 0.9516 Prevalence: 0.2439

Detection Rate : 0.2076
Detection Prevalence : 0.2508
Balanced Accuracy : 0.8971

#### • 6º Iteración

[1] "- IT: 6"
Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home

 go-to-hospital
 332
 69

 stay-at-home
 65
 1133

Accuracy : 0.9162

95% CI: (0.9015, 0.9293)

No Information Rate : 0.7517 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16

Kappa : 0.7762

Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.7955

Sensitivity: 0.8363 Specificity: 0.9426 Pos Pred Value: 0.8279 Neg Pred Value: 0.9457 Prevalence: 0.2483 Detection Rate: 0.2076

Detection Prevalence : 0.2508 Balanced Accuracy : 0.8894

'Positive' Class : go-to-hospital

## 7º Iteración

[1] "- IT: 7"

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home

 go-to-hospital
 320
 81

 stay-at-home
 46
 1152

Accuracy : 0.9206

95% CI : (0.9062, 0.9334)

No Information Rate : 0.7711 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16

Kappa : 0.7823

Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.002553

Sensitivity: 0.8743 Specificity: 0.9343 Pos Pred Value: 0.7980 Neg Pred Value: 0.9616 Prevalence: 0.2289 Detection Rate: 0.2001

Detection Rate : 0.2001 Detection Prevalence : 0.2508 Balanced Accuracy : 0.9043

#### 8º Iteración

[1] "- IT: 8"
Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home

 go-to-hospital
 323
 78

 stay-at-home
 54
 1144

Accuracy : 0.9174

95% CI: (0.9029, 0.9305)

No Information Rate : 0.7642 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16

Kappa: 0.7759

Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.0453

Sensitivity: 0.8568 Specificity: 0.9362 Pos Pred Value: 0.8055 Neg Pred Value: 0.9549 Prevalence: 0.2358 Detection Rate: 0.2020

Detection Prevalence: 0.2508 Balanced Accuracy: 0.8965

'Positive' Class : go-to-hospital

#### 9º Iteración (Resultado mas preciso)

[1] "- IT: 9"

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home

go-to-hospital 342 59 stay-at-home 62 1136

Accuracy : 0.9243

95% CI : (0.9103, 0.9368)

No Information Rate : 0.7473 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16

Kappa : 0.7991

Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.8557

Sensitivity: 0.8465 Specificity: 0.9506 Pos Pred Value: 0.8529 Neg Pred Value: 0.9482 Prevalence: 0.2527 Detection Rate: 0.2139

Detection Rate: 0.2139
Detection Prevalence: 0.2508
Balanced Accuracy: 0.8986

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## • 10º Iteración

[1] "- IT: 10"

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home

go-to-hospital 331 67 1131 stay-at-home

Accuracy: 0.9143

95% CI: (0.8995, 0.9276)

No Information Rate : 0.7511 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16

Kappa : 0.7714

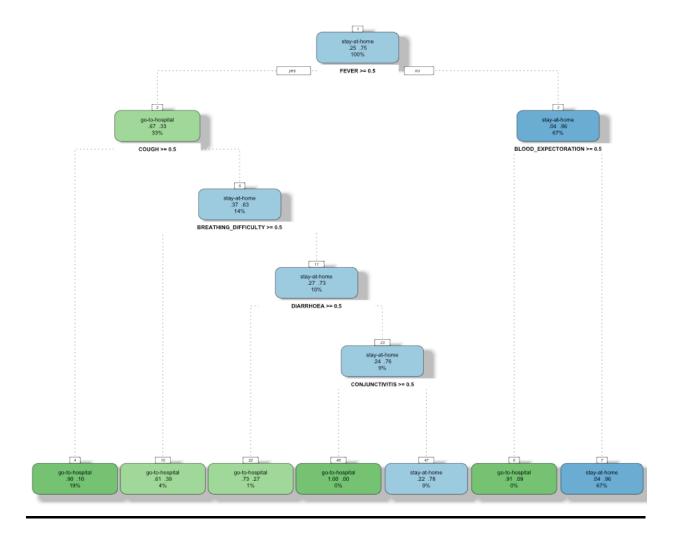
Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.8643

Sensitivity: 0.8317 Specificity: 0.9417 Pos Pred Value : 0.8254 Neg Pred Value : 0.9441 Prevalence: 0.2489

Detection Rate: 0.2070 Detection Prevalence: 0.2508

Balanced Accuracy: 0.8867

# **ARBOL DEL RESULTADO MAS PRECISO**



# **RANKING ATRIBUTOS MAS REPRESENTATIVOS**

- Fiebre
- Tos
- Expulsión de sangre a través de tos
- Dificultad para respirar
- Diarrea

# **TEST PARAMETROS FUNCIÓN RPART**

## TEST 1 (minsplit=1, minbucket=1, maxdepth = 5):

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home 328 go-to-hospital stay-at-home 57 1141

Accuracy : 0.9187

95% CI : (0.9042, 0.9316)

No Information Rate : 0.7592 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16

Kappa: 0.7807

Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.1883

Sensitivity: 0.8519 Specificity: 0.9399 Pos Pred Value: 0.8180 Neg Pred Value : 0.9524 Prevalence : 0.2408 Detection Rate : 0.2051 Detection Prevalence : 0.2508 Balanced Accuracy: 0.8959

'Positive' Class : go-to-hospital

## TEST 2 (minsplit=1, minbucket=1, maxdepth = 2):

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home go-to-hospital stay-at-home

Accuracy : 0.9081

95% CI : (0.8928, 0.9218)

No Information Rate : 0.8049

P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16

Kappa : 0.7359

Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 3.925e-13

Sensitivity: 0.9071 Specificity: 0.9083 Pos Pred Value : 0.7057 Neg Pred Value : 0.9758 Prevalence : 0.1951 Detection Rate : 0.1770 Detection Prevalence: 0.2508 Balanced Accuracy: 0.9077

## **TEST 3 (minsplit=30, minbucket=30, maxdepth = 2):**

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

prediction

go-to-hospital stay-at-home

go-to-hospital 357 44 stay-at-home 173 1025

Accuracy : 0.8643

95% CI : (0.8465, 0.8807)

No Information Rate : 0.6685 P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16

Kappa: 0.6738

Mcnemar's Test P-Value : < 2.2e-16

Sensitivity : 0.6736 Specificity : 0.9588 Pos Pred Value : 0.8903 Neg Pred Value : 0.8556 Prevalence : 0.3315 Detection Rate : 0.2233

Detection Prevalence : 0.2508 Balanced Accuracy : 0.8162

'Positive' Class : go-to-hospital

Como podemos ver en la comparación entre el test 1 y los otros, cuanto mas bajemos el parámetro **maxDepth** menor será la precisión del árbol de decisión debido a que se reduce la profundidad máxima del árbol y por tanto se analizan menos atributos. En el caso del parámetro **minbucket**, podemos ver que en el test3 tiene un valor de 30 mientras que en los otros es de solo 1, cuanto menos sea el numero de minbucket mas divisiones se realizaran en el árbol de decisión y por tanto aumenta la precisión de este. La función del parámetro **minSplit** es la de generar el menor numero de ejemplos que se contemplan en una rama, mientras que minBucket lo hace en las ramas finales.