Lecture 2

September 2, 2025

Matrices

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 8 \\ 1 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- · mbyn
 - m is the number of row, n is the number of columns

Represent systems of equations

$$X_1 + 3X_2 = 8$$

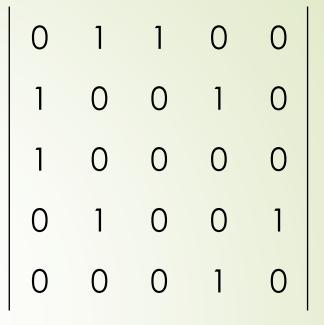
 $X_1 + 2X_2 = 6$
 $X_2 = 2$

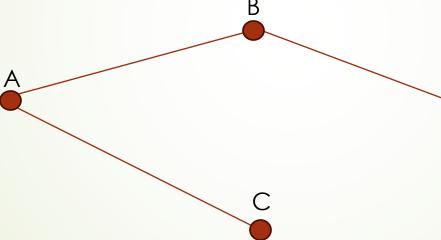
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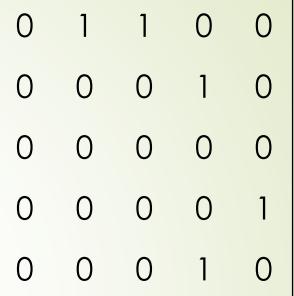
 $X_1 + 2X_2 = 6$
 $X_2 = 2$

Represent Graphs



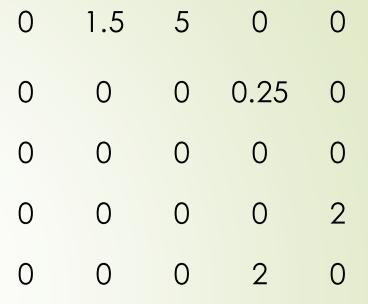


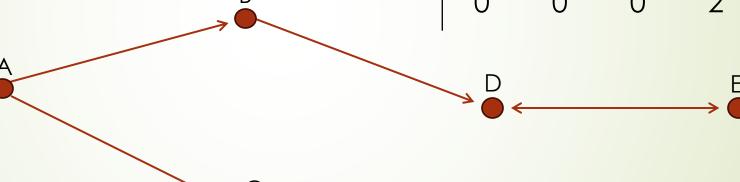
Represent Graphs





Represent Graphs





Use of matrices in biology

- Gene regulatory networks
- Metabolic networks
- Infectious disease models
- Survival Analysis

Genomics

- Numerous genomes being sequenced
- Genomes filled junk DNA?
 - Genes
 - Regulatory factors
 - Repetitive elements
- Genes
 - Regulatory elements
 - Exons & Introns
 - Untranscribed elements

Genomics

- Variations within the genome
 - Large deletions
 - Large duplications
 - Translocations
 - Single Nucleotide Variations
 - Insertions
 - Deletions
 - Polymorphisms

What can we do with this information?

- Population/Ancestry structure
- GWAS studies
- Variant effects
 - Synonymous vs Non-Synonymous
 - Regulatory disruption

Variant Call Format (VCF)

- File format containing sequence information
- Tab delimited file
- Header region
 - Version info
 - Chromosome/Scaffold/Contig info
 - Details on content

Variant Call Format (VCF)

- Can contain info on one or more samples
- General position info
 - Chromosome, position, Reference, Alternative(s)
 - Gene info
 - Total counts Individual allele and overall
- Sample specific info
 - Allele calls, site depth, number of counts per allele, quality
- Can contain all sites or those with just variants

Group Project

- 3 Groups
- Form a testable hypothesis
 - Population analysis
 - Disease
- Compile Genetic Information
- Determine software necessary
 - Is it available or are you creating it?
- Preliminary presentation and report
- Run analysis on Biolinux machines
- Final Write-up and Presentation